1. Compare dates and write Early/ Same / Late

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
                                                                                   INPUT:
                                                                                   2
#include<stdlib.h>
char compare(char time1[],char time2[]){
                                                                                  12/08/24 10/09/23
       int d1,m1,y1;
                                                                                   12/09/22 12/09/22
       int d2,m2,y2;
       sscanf(time1,"%d/%d/%d",&d1,&m1,&y1);
                                                                                   OUTPUT:
       sscanf(time2,"%d/%d/%d",&d2,&m2,&y2);
                                                                                   L
                                                                                   \mathbf{S}
       if(d1 < d2 || (d1 == d2 && (m1 < m2 || (m1 == m2 && y1 < y2))))
               return 'E';
       }
       else if(d1 == d2 \& m1 == m2 \& y1 == y2){
               return 'S';
       }
       else {
               return 'L';
}}
int main(){
       int n;
       printf("enter the length: ");
       scanf("%d",&n);
       char str[100];
       for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
               char t1[1000];
               char t2[1000];
               scanf("%s %s",t1,t2);
               str[i]=compare(t1,t2);
       }
       for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
               printf("%c\n",str[i]);
       }
       return 0;
}
```

2. String add (velocity)

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
int main()
{
  char str[1000];
  char sub_string[100];
  int position;
  fgets(str,1000,stdin);
  str[strlen(str)-1]='\0';
  fgets(sub_string,100,stdin);
  sub_string[strlen(sub_string)-1]='\0';
  scanf("%d",&position);
  char result[1000];
  strncpy(result,str,position);
  result[position]='\0';
  strcat(result,sub_string);
  strcat(result,str+position);
  printf("%s",result);
return 0;
}
INPUT:
         Abhsh
         ila
         3
```

OUTPUT:

Abhilash

3. Non-anagrams

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
bool isAnagrams(char str1[],char str2[]){
       if(strlen(str1)!=strlen(str2)){
         return false;
       int hash[256]=\{0\};
       for(int i=0;i<strlen(str1);i++){
         hash[str1[i]-'a']++;
         hash[str2[i]-'a']--;
       for(int i=0;i<256;i++){
         if(hash[i]!=0){
                   return false;
       return true;
void isUnique(char ans[][100], int m){
       for(int i=0;i< m;i++){}
         int flag=0;
         for(int j=0; j< m; j++){
                   if(i==j)
                             continue;
                   if(isAnagrams(ans[i],ans[i])){
                             flag=1;
                             break;
                    }
         if(flag==0){
                   printf("%s ",ans[i]);
          }
       }
}
int main(){
  char str[1000];
  fgets(str,1000,stdin);
  str[strlen(str)-1]='\0';
  int n=strlen(str);
  char ans[100][100];
  int count=0;
  char *token = strtok(str," ");
  while(token != NULL){
         strcpy(ans[count++],token);
         token = strtok(NULL," ");
  isUnique(ans,count);
  return 0;
}
```

INPUT:

one two three four two neo

OUTPUT:

three four

4. Input str1, st2 check in str3

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int main(){
       char str1[100],str2[100],str3[100];
       int hash[256]=\{0\};
       int n,m,l;
       int flag=1;
       fgets(str1,100,stdin);
       fgets(str2,100,stdin);
       fgets(str3,100,stdin);
       str1[strlen(str1)-1]='\0';
       str2[strlen(str2)-1]='\0';
       str3[strlen(str3)-1]='\0';
       n=strlen(str1);
       m=strlen(str2);
       l=strlen(str3);
       for(int i=0;i< n;i++)
          hash[str1[i]-'a']++;
       for(int i=0;i< m;i++)
          hash[str2[i]-'a']++;
       for(int i=0;i<1;i++){
          hash[str3[i]-'a']--;
       for(int i=0;i<26;i++){
          if(hash[i]!=0){
                    flag=0;
          }
       if(flag==1){
          printf("string3 has both string1 and string2\n");
        }
       else{
          printf("string1 and string2 are not equal to string3\n");
        }
  return 0;
}
INPUT:
          abcd
          efgh
OUTPUT:
```

abcdefgh

5. INPUT: aaabhic OUTPUT: bhic

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include<math.h>
#include<string.h>
int main(){
         char a[20];
         printf("enter the string: ");
         scanf("%s",a);
         char prev=a[0];
         int n=strlen(a);
         for(int i=1;i<n;i++){
                   if(a[i] == prev){
                             while(i<n && a[i]==prev)
                   {
                   i++;
         prev = a[i];
         else{
                   printf("%c",prev);
                   prev=a[i];
          }
if(a[n-1]!=a[n-2]){
     printf("%c",prev);
return 0;
```

6. Vowels

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
int main()
  char str[100];
   int m;
   int totalvowels=0,vowels=0,ans=0;
   printf("enter string\n");
   fgets(str,99,stdin);
   str[strlen(str)-1] = '\0';
   m=strlen(str);
   for(int i=0;i<m;i++)
     if(\ str[i] == \ 'a' \parallel str[i] == \ 'e' \parallel str[i] == \ 'i' \parallel str[i] == \ 'o' \parallel str[i] == \ 'u')
        totalvowels++;
   for(int i=0;i<m-1;i++)
      if(str[i] == 'a' || str[i] == 'e' || str[i] == 'i' || str[i] == 'o' || str[i] == 'u')
        vowels++;
      if(vowels>totalvowels-vowels)
        ans++;
  printf("%d",ans);
   return 0;
}
```

INPUT:

cprogram

OUTPUT:

1

7. Maximum Operations (Skeleton will be given)

```
int maximumOperations(char* s) {
  int n = strlen(s);
  int max_operations = 0;
  for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {
     // Check if characters are lexicographically consecutive
     if (s[i] + 1 == s[i + 1] || s[i] - 1 == s[i + 1]) {
       max_operations++;
       // Remove the consecutive characters from the string
       for (int j = i; j < n - 2; j++) {
          s[j] = s[j + 2];
       }
       n -= 2; // Update the length of the string after removal
       i = -1; // Reset i to check from the beginning
     }
  }
  return max_operations;
}
```

8. Decending order score(STRUCTURE)

```
#include <stdio.h>
typedef struct{
         int roll;
         int score;
record;
void bubbleSort(record records[],int n){
         int i,j;
         for(i=0;i< n-1;i++){
                   for(j=0;j< n-i-1;j++){
                             if(records[j].score<records[j+1].score){
                                      record temp=records[i];
                                       records[j]=records[j+1];
                                       records[j+1]=temp;
                             }
                   }
         }
int main(){
         int n=5,i,j;
         record records[n];
         printf("enter the records (roll-score):\n");
         for(i=0;i< n;i++){
                   scanf("%d-%d",&records[i].roll,&records[i].score);
         bubbleSort(records,n);
         for(i=0;i< n;i++){
                   int flag=0;
                   for(j=0;j< i;j++){
                             if(records[j].roll == records[i].roll){
                                       flag=1;
                                       break;
                             }
                   if(flag==0){
                             printf("%d-%d\n",records[i].roll,records[i].score);
                   }
          }
return 0;
INPUT:
         1001-89
         1002-35
         1003-56
         1003-45
         1002-29
OUTPUT:
         1001-89
         1003-56
         1002-35
```

9. Monitor Array

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
  int n,i;
  int sum=0;
  scanf("%d",&n);
  int a[n];
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
     scanf("%d",&a[i]);
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
     sum=sum+a[i];
  int total=(n*(n+1))/2;
  int ans=total-sum;
  printf("%d",ans);
  return 0;
}
```

INPUT:

02345

OUTPUT:

10. Sort comma separated strings Alphabetically

INPUT:

OUTPUT:

aaab, bcda, abcd

abcd, bcda, aaab

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 100
#define MAX WORD SIZE 20
int compareStrings(const char* a, const char* b) {
  return strcmp(a, b);
void bubbleSort(char words[][MAX_WORD_SIZE], int count) {
  for (int i = 0; i < count - 1; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < \text{count - } i - 1; j++) {
       if (compareStrings(words[j], words[j+1]) > 0) {
         // Swap words[j] and words[j + 1]
         char temp[MAX_WORD_SIZE];
         strcpy(temp, words[i]);
         strcpy(words[j], words[j + 1]);
         strcpy(words[i + 1], temp);
       }
     }
  }
}
int main() {
  char input[MAX_SIZE];
  char words[MAX SIZE][MAX WORD SIZE];
  int count = 0;
  // Get input from the user
  printf("Enter a comma-separated sequence of words: ");
  fgets(input, MAX_SIZE, stdin);
  // Remove newline character from input
  input[strcspn(input, "\n")] = 0;
  // Split the input into a list of words
  char* token = strtok(input, ",");
  while (token != NULL && count < MAX SIZE) {
    strncpy(words[count++], token, MAX_WORD_SIZE);
    token = strtok(NULL, ",");
  }
  // Sort the array of words alphabetically using bubble sort
  bubbleSort(words, count);
  // Print the sorted words as a comma-separated sequence
  for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {
    printf("%s", words[i]);
    if (i < count - 1) {
       printf(",");
  }
  return 0;
```

11. Find position of char and string in main string

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
int find(char *str,char c,char *sub)
{
  int a=strchr(str,c)?strchr(str,c)-str:-1;
  int b=strstr(str,sub)?strstr(str,sub)-str:-1;
  return a+b;
int main()
{
  char str[100];
  fgets(str,100,stdin);
  char c;
  scanf("%c",&c);
  char sub[20];
  scanf("%s",sub);
  int a=find(str,c,sub);
  printf("%d",a);
  return 0;
INPUT:
         this is a program
         program
```

OUTPUT:

11

12. Merge Sort List

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
  int n1, n2;
  scanf("%d", &n1);
  scanf("%d", &n2);
  int list1[n1], list2[n2];
  for(int i=0;i< n1;i++){}
     scanf("%d", &list1[i]);
  for(int i=0;i< n2;i++){
     scanf("%d", &list2[i]);
  int mergedSize=n1+n2;
  int mergedArr[mergedSize];
  for(int i=0;i< n1;i++)
     mergedArr[i]=list1[i];
  for(int i=0;i< n2;i++){
     mergedArr[n1+i]=list2[i];
  for(int i=0;i<mergedSize-1;i++){
     for(int j=i+1;j<mergedSize;j++){</pre>
       if(mergedArr[i]<mergedArr[j]){</pre>
         int temp=mergedArr[i];
         mergedArr[i]=mergedArr[j];
         mergedArr[i]=temp;
       }
     }
  for(int i=0; i<mergedSize;i++){</pre>
     printf("%d\t", mergedArr[i]);
  }
  return 0;
}
INPUT:
         3
         4
         139
         5278
OUTPUT:
```

9875321