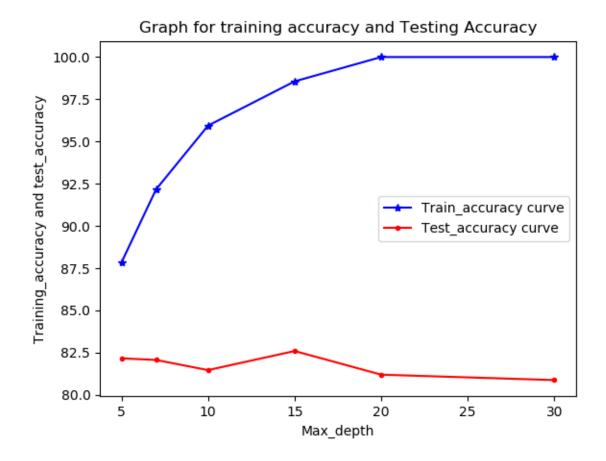
1. Graph Showing the testing and test accuracy as the maximum depth increases:



- 2. Yes, overfitting occur. From, the above graph we can see after 'max_depth=15' training accuracy increasing and test accuracy decreasing. So, we can conclude, for this data set after max depth 15 the overfitting occurs.
- 3. Word features:

In my decision tree algorithm for part 2, word feature 'writes' selected as root node.

```
InfoGain Of root node ======= -0.7784609850314237
And the selected root node:: writes
```

Then the depth=1 nodes at writes=0 side are:

God, that, bible, atheist, keith, murder, laughter, liar, for, name, hope no etc.

Depth=1 nodes at writes=1 side are:

Graphics, image, that, god, keith, who, have, am, time etc.

```
writes = 1
Current node of the tree::::::: graphics
    | graphics = 0
Current node of the tree:::::: image
    | image = 0
Current node of the tree::::: that
    | that = 0
Current node of the tree::::: god
    | god = 0
Current node of the tree::::: keith
    | keith = 0
Current node of the tree::::: who
    | who = 0
Current node of the tree::::: have
    | have = 0
Current node of the tree::::: am
    | am = 0
Current node of the tree::::: time
    | time = 0
Current node of the tree::::: time
    | time = 0
Current node of the tree:::::: with
```

All the words feature not required for decision tree building. Because after depth=15 the overfitting occurred. So, increasing word features lead to overfitting.

4. Test and Train accuracy on part-2 data using scikit learn model:

Test accuracy: 81.188%

Train Accuracy: 100%

Test accuracy Score using Sklearn=== 81.1881188118812 %
Train accuracy Score using Sklearn=== 100.0 %