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Setting up your
optimization problem

Gradient Checking

Gradient check for a neural network

Take $W^{[1]}, b^{[1]}, \dots, W^{[L]}, b^{[L]}$ and reshape into a big vector θ .

concatenate

$$J(w^{[1]}, b^{[1]}, \dots, w^{[L]}, b^{[L]}) = J(\theta)$$

Take $dW^{[1]}, db^{[1]}, \dots, dW^{[L]}, db^{[L]}$ and reshape into a big vector $d\theta$.

concatenate

Is $d\theta$ the gradient of $J(\theta)$?

Gradient checking (Grad check)

$$J(\theta) = J(\theta_1, \theta_2, \theta_3, \dots)$$

for each i :

$$\rightarrow \underline{d\theta_{\text{approx}}[i]} = \frac{J(\theta_1, \theta_2, \dots, \overset{\downarrow}{\theta_i + \epsilon}, \dots) - J(\theta_1, \theta_2, \dots, \overset{\downarrow}{\theta_i - \epsilon}, \dots)}{2\epsilon}$$

$$\approx \underline{d\theta[i]} = \frac{\partial J}{\partial \theta_i} \quad | \quad d\theta_{\text{approx}} \approx d\theta$$

Check

$$\rightarrow \frac{\|d\theta_{\text{approx}} - d\theta\|_2}{\|d\theta_{\text{approx}}\|_2 + \|d\theta\|_2}$$
$$\underline{\epsilon = 10^{-7}}$$

$$\approx \frac{10^{-7}}{10^{-5}} - \text{great!} \leftarrow$$
$$\rightarrow 10^{-3} - \text{worry.} \leftarrow$$



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implementation notes

Gradient checking implementation notes

- Don't use in training – only to debug

$$\frac{d\theta_{\text{approx}}[\cdot]}{\uparrow \uparrow} \longleftrightarrow \frac{d\theta[\cdot]}{\uparrow}$$

- If algorithm fails grad check, look at components to try to identify bug.

$$\underline{db^{[1]}} \quad \underline{dw^{[1]}}$$

- Remember regularization.

$$\underline{J(\theta)} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_i f(y^{(i)}, y^{(i)}) + \frac{\lambda}{2n} \sum_k \|w^{(k)}\|_F^2$$

$d\theta = \text{gradient of } J \text{ wrt. } \theta$

- Doesn't work with dropout.

$$\underline{J} \quad \underline{\text{keep_prob} = 1.0}$$

- Run at random initialization; perhaps again after some training.

$$\underline{w, b \approx 0}$$