

Newton's Method

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <math.h>
3
4 double f(double x)
5 {
6     return x * x - 2;
7 }
8
9 double df(double x)
10 {
11     return 2 * x;
12 }
13
14 double g(double x)
15 {
16     return x - f(x) / df(x);
17 }
18
19 double error(double x)
20 {
21     return x - sqrt(2);
22 }
23
24 double Mn(double en, double en_1)
25 {
26     return en_1 / (en * en);
27 }
28
29 int main()
30 {
31     double x = 1, err[9], M[5];
32     int i;
33
34     err[0] = error(x);
35     printf("%d\tx = %10.20e\terror = %10.20e\n", 0, x, err[0]);
36
37     for(i = 1; i < 9; i++)
38     {
39         x = g(x);
40
41         err[i] = error(x);
42
43         printf("%d\tx = %10.20e\terror = %10.20e\n", i, x, err[i]);
44     }
45
46     for(i = 1; i < 5; i++)
47     {
48         M[i - 1] = Mn(err[i], err[i + 1]);
```

```

49
50     printf("\tM%d = %10.20e\n", i, M[i - 1]);
51 }
52
53     return 0;
54 }

```

Output

```

0  x = 1.00000000000000000000e+00  error = -4.14213562373095145475e-01
1  x = 1.50000000000000000000e+00  error = 8.57864376269048545254e-02
2  x = 1.416666666666666674068e+00  error = 2.45310429357159520691e-03
3  x = 1.41421568627450988664e+00  error = 2.12390141474116944664e-06
4  x = 1.41421356237468986983e+00  error = 1.59472435257157485466e-12
5  x = 1.41421356237309514547e+00  error = 0.00000000000000000000e+00
6  x = 1.41421356237309492343e+00  error = -2.22044604925031308085e-16
7  x = 1.41421356237309514547e+00  error = 0.00000000000000000000e+00
8  x = 1.41421356237309492343e+00  error = -2.22044604925031308085e-16
   M1 = 3.333333333333331038872e-01
   M2 = 3.52941176468276551770e-01
   M3 = 3.53522384487245822093e-01
   M4 = 0.00000000000000000000e+00

```

Secant Method

```

1  #include <stdio.h>
2  #include <math.h>
3
4  double f(double x)
5  {
6      return (x * x) - 2;
7  }
8
9  double error(double x)
10 {
11     return x - sqrt(2);
12 }
13
14 double Mn(double err0, double err1)
15 {
16     return fabs(err1) / pow(fabs(err0), 1.618);
17 }
18
19 int main()
20 {
21     int i = 2;
22
23     double q0, q1, x0 = 0, x1 = 1, x, err[9], M[8];
24
25     q0 = f(x0);

```

```

26     q1 = f(x1);
27
28     err[0] = error(x0);
29     err[1] = error(x1);
30
31     printf("%d\tx = %10.20e\terror = %10.20e\n", 0, x0, err[0]);
32     printf("%d\tx = %10.20e\terror = %10.20e\n", 1, x1, err[1]);
33
34     for(i = 2; i < 9; i++)
35     {
36         // compute xi
37         x = x1 - q1 * (x1 - x0) / (q1 - q0);
38
39         // update values
40         x0 = x1;
41         q0 = q1;
42         x1 = x;
43         q1 = f(x);
44
45         // calculate error
46         err[i] = error(x);
47
48         printf("%d\tx = %10.20e\terror = %10.20e\n", i, x, err[i]);
49     }
50
51     for(i = 1; i < 8; i++)
52     {
53         M[i - 1] = Mn(err[i], err[i+1]);
54         printf("\tM%d = %10.20e\n", i, M[i - 1]);
55     }
56
57     return 0;
58 }

```

Output

```

0  x = 0.00000000000000000000e+00  error = -1.41421356237309514547e+00
1  x = 1.00000000000000000000e+00  error = -4.14213562373095145475e-01
2  x = 2.00000000000000000000e+00  error = 5.85786437626904854525e-01
3  x = 1.33333333333333333333e+00  error = -8.08802290397616641116e-02
4  x = 1.40000000000000000000e+00  error = -1.42135623730950122479e-02
5  x = 1.41463414634146333881e+00  error = 4.20583968368193339415e-04
6  x = 1.41421143847487007505e+00  error = -2.12389822507041969857e-06
7  x = 1.41421356205732040578e+00  error = -3.15774739689800298947e-10
8  x = 1.41421356237309536752e+00  error = 2.22044604925031308085e-16
M1 = 2.43820586365651825744e+00
M2 = 1.92149900902253506496e-01
M3 = 8.31407582617175511253e-01
M4 = 4.09995753025747533549e-01
M5 = 6.16225988349691222723e-01

```

M6 = 4.76513332062796890476e-01
M7 = 5.22934885792810222327e-01

Floating Point Method

```
1  #include <stdio.h>
2  #include <math.h>
3
4  double f(double x)
5  {
6      return x * x - 2;
7  }
8
9  double df(double x)
10 {
11     return 2 * x;
12 }
13
14 double d2f(double x)
15 {
16     return 2.0;
17 }
18
19 double h(double x)
20 {
21     return x - ((f(x) * df(x)) / ((df(x) * df(x)) - (f(x) * d2f(x))));
22 }
23
24 double error(double x)
25 {
26     return x - sqrt(2);
27 }
28
29 int main()
30 {
31     double x = 1, err[9];
32
33     int i;
34
35     err[0] = error(x);
36     printf("%d\tx = %10.20e\terror = %10.20e\n", 0, x, err[0]);
37
38     for(i = 1; i < 9; i++)
39     {
40         x = h(x);
41
42         err[i] = error(x);
43
44         printf("%d\tx = %10.20e\terror = %10.20e\n", i, x, err[i]);
45     }
```

```

46
47     return 0;
48 }

```

Output

```

0  x = 1.00000000000000000000e+00  error = -4.14213562373095145475e-01
1  x = 1.33333333333333325932e+00  error = -8.08802290397618861562e-02
2  x = 1.41176470588235281056e+00  error = -2.44885649074233491262e-03
3  x = 1.41421143847487007505e+00  error = -2.12389822507041969857e-06
4  x = 1.41421356237150019908e+00  error = -1.59494639717649988597e-12
5  x = 1.41421356237309492343e+00  error = -2.22044604925031308085e-16
6  x = 1.41421356237309514547e+00  error = 0.00000000000000000000e+00
7  x = 1.41421356237309492343e+00  error = -2.22044604925031308085e-16
8  x = 1.41421356237309514547e+00  error = 0.00000000000000000000e+00

```