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`%Code By Brian Trybus`

## Setup initial variables

```
w = 2001; % given constant (lb/ft)

L = 27.25; %Wing length (ft)

N = 30; %Number of points compared

Error = zeros(1,N);
```

## Loop for N times

```
for P = 1:N

    F = discretize_load(P,L,w);

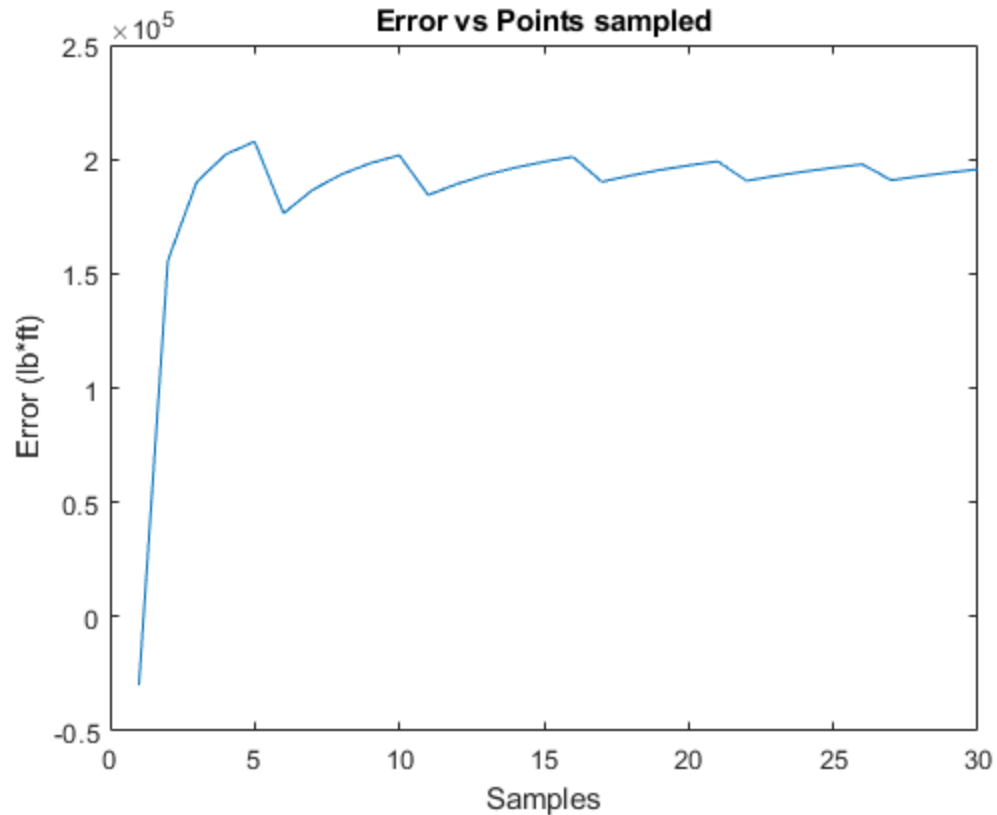
    Error(P) = moment_error(F,L,w);

end
```

## Results

```
[a,b] = wall_reactions(F);

plot(Error);
title('Error vs Points sampled');
xlabel('Samples');
ylabel('Error (lb*ft)');
```



## Functions

```
function [outputArg1] = discretize_load(points,length, W)
%Left Endpoint Approximation
% This finds the force per area for every point then multiplies that
% by
% the distance between points

x = linspace(0,length,(points+1));
dx = length/(points);
x = x(1:points);

%find foreces at left points
F=W*dx*(1-(x./length));

%adds forece and mistance to one matrix
dis = ones((points),2);
temp = linspace(0,points-1, points);
dis(:,2) = dis(:,2).*dx.*(temp');
dis(:,1) = F;

outputArg1 = dis;
end

function [outputArg1,outputArg2] = wall_reactions(input)
```

---

```

%WALL_REACTIONS finds reactions at joint

Fsum = sum(input(:,1));

outputArg1 = Fsum; % sum of forces

outputArg2 = sum((input(:,1).*input(:,2))); % sum of moments

end

function [outputArg1] = moment_error(F, L, W)
%MOMENT_ERROR compares the rainmensum to the analitical solution of
the
%moment to approximate error

X = 3*L/16;

%Find points past point of intrest and take the sum of the moments
Logic = F(:,2)>= X;
F1 = F(Logic,1);
X1 = F(Logic,2);

M1 = sum(F1.*X1);

%My manual intergration for M(x) is wrong so this output will be off
by a
%large constant
Ma = (W)*((L*X)-((X^2)/(2*L))-((1/6)*(L^2)));

outputArg1 = M1 - Ma;
end

```

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