Machine Learning Week 6

Logistic Regression

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1 Exercise 1

a) Give the formula of sigmoid function and calculate its derivative

$$\sigma(z)' = \left(\frac{1}{1+e^{-z}}\right)'$$

$$= -\frac{(1+e^{-z})'}{(1+e^{-z})^2}$$

$$= -\frac{(e^{-z})'}{(1+e^{-z})^2}$$

$$= -e^{-z} \cdot \frac{-1}{(1+e^{-z})^2}$$

$$= \frac{e^{-z}}{(1+e^{-z})^2}$$

$$= \frac{e^{-z}}{1+e^{-z}} \cdot \frac{1}{1+e^{-z}}$$

$$= \left(1 - \frac{1}{(1+e^{-z})^2}\right) \cdot \frac{1}{1+e^{-z}}$$

$$= \sigma(z) \cdot (1 - \sigma(z))$$

b) Give the formula for loss function in logistic regression. What type of loss function is it?

The loss function of logistic regression is

$$L = -\log p(t|w) = -\sum_{n=1}^{N} \left(t_n \log_{y_n} + (1 - t_n) \log(1 - y_n) \right)$$

This is a binary classification loss function

c) Calculate the gradient vector for loss function in logistic regression

$$L = -\sum_{n=1}^{N} \left(t_n \log_{y_n} + (1 - t_n) \log(1 - y_n) \right)$$

$$L = -\sum_{n=1}^{N} \left(t_n \log(\sigma(wx_n)) + (1 - t_n) \cdot \log(1 - \sigma(wx_n)) \right)$$

$$\frac{\delta(L)}{\delta(w)} = -\sum_{n=1}^{N} \left(t_n \frac{1}{\sigma(wx_n)} \sigma(wx_n) (1 - \sigma(wx_n)) \cdot (wx_n)' + (1 - t_n) \frac{-\sigma(wx_n) (1 - \sigma(x_n w))}{1 - \sigma(x_n w)} \cdot (wx_n)' \right)$$

$$= -\sum_{n=1}^{N} \left(t_n (1 - \sigma(wx_n)) x_n - (1 - t_n) \sigma(wx_n) x_n \right)$$

$$= -\sum_{n=1}^{N} \left(t_n x_n - \sigma(wx_n) t_n x_n - \sigma(wx_n) x_n + t_n \sigma(wx_n) x_n \right)$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{N} \left(-t_n x_n + \sigma(wx_n) t_n x_n + \sigma(wx_n) x_n - t_n \sigma(wx_n) x_n \right)$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{N} \left(x_n (\sigma(wx_n) - t_n) \right)$$

The equation can be written in the vector form as follow $\to \frac{\delta(L)}{\delta(W)} = X^T.(\sigma(XW) - T)$

2 Exercise 2

a) Implement logistic regression algorithm from scratch. You can use Gradient Descent or Newton Raphson as optimization method for loss function. Note that your implementation should follow an OOP form.