

ObjectDetectionParameters

Structure containing a set of parameters for the object detection module. [More...](#)

Functions

```
ObjectDetectionParameters(bool enable_tracking_=true, bool  
enable_segmentation_=false, OBJECT_DETECTION_MODEL  
detection_model=OBJECT_DETECTION_MODEL::MULTI_CLASS_BOX_FAST, float  
max_range_=-1.f, BatchParameters  
batch_trajectories_parameters=BatchParameters(), OBJECT_FILTERING_MODE  
filtering_mode_=OBJECT_FILTERING_MODE::NMS3D, float  
prediction_timeout_s=0.2f, bool  
allow_reduced_precision_inference=false, unsigned int instance_id=0,  
const std::string &fused_objects_group_name="", const std::string  
&custom_onnx_file="", const std::Resolution  
&custom_onnx_dynamic_input_shape=std::Resolution(512, 512))  
Default constructor. More...
```

```
bool save(String filename, SERIALIZATION_FORMAT  
format=SERIALIZATION_FORMAT::JSON) const  
Saves the current set of parameters into a file to be reloaded with the load()  
method. More...
```

```
bool load(String filename, SERIALIZATION_FORMAT  
format=SERIALIZATION_FORMAT::JSON)  
Loads a set of parameters from the values contained in a previously saved file.  
More...
```

```
bool encode(String &serialized_content, SERIALIZATION_FORMAT  
format=SERIALIZATION_FORMAT::JSON) const  
Generate a JSON Object (with the struct type as a key) containing the serialized  
struct, converted into a string. More...
```

```
bool decode(const String &serialized_content, SERIALIZATION_FORMAT  
format=SERIALIZATION_FORMAT::JSON)  
Fill the structure from the serialized json object contained in the input string.  
More...
```

```
bool operator==(const ObjectDetectionParameters &param1) const
```

```
bool operator!=(const ObjectDetectionParameters &param1) const
```

Attributes

```
unsigned int instance_module_id = 0  
Id of the module instance. More...
```

```
bool enable_tracking = true  
Whether the object detection system includes object  
tracking capabilities across a sequence of images.  
More...
```

```
bool enable_segmentation = false  
Whether the object masks will be computed. More...
```

```
OBJECT_DETECTION_MODEL detection_model =  
OBJECT_DETECTION_MODEL::MULTI_CLASS_BOX_FAST  
sl::OBJECT_DETECTION_MODEL to use. More...
```

```
sl::String fused_objects_group_name  
In a multi camera setup, specify which group this model  
belongs to. More...
```

```
sl::String custom_onnx_file  
Path to the YOLO-like onnx file for custom object  
detection ran in the ZED SDK. More...
```

```
sl::Resolution custom_onnx_dynamic_input_shape  
Resolution to the YOLO-like onnx file for custom object  
detection ran in the ZED SDK. This resolution defines the
```

input tensor size for dynamic shape ONNX model only.
The batch and channel dimensions are automatically
handled, it assumes it's color images like default YOLO
models. [More...](#)

float **max_range** = -1.f

Upper depth range for detections. [More...](#)

BatchParameters **batch_parameters**

Batching system parameters. [More...](#)

OBJECT_FILTERING_MODE **filtering_mode** = **OBJECT_FILTERING_MODE**::**NMS3D**

Filtering mode that should be applied to raw detections.
[More...](#)

float **prediction_timeout_s**

Prediction duration of the ZED SDK when an object is not
detected anymore before switching its state to
s1::OBJECT_TRACKING_STATE::**SEARCHING**. [More...](#)

bool **allow_reduced_precision_inference**

Whether to allow inference to run at a lower precision to
improve runtime and memory usage. [More...](#)

Detailed Description

Structure containing a set of parameters for the object detection module.

The default constructor sets all parameters to their default settings.

Note

Parameters can be adjusted by the user.

Constructor and Destructor

```
detectionParameters ( bool enable_tracking_ = true,
                      bool enable_segmentation_ = false,
                      OBJECT_DETECTION_MODEL detection_model = OBJECT_DET
                      float max_range_ = -1.f,
                      BatchParameters batch_trajectories_parameter
                      OBJECT_FILTERING_MODE filtering_mode_ = OBJECT FIL
                      float prediction_timeout_s = 0.2f,
                      bool allow_reduced_precision_infe
                      unsigned int instance_id = 0,
                      const sl::String & fused_objects_group_name =
                      const sl::String & custom_onnx_file =
                      const sl::Resolution & custom_onnx_dynamic_input_sh
)

```

Default constructor.

All the parameters are set to their default values.

Functions

```
bool save( String filename,  
           SERIALIZATION_FORMAT format = SERIALIZATION_FORMAT::JSON  
           ) const
```

Saves the current set of parameters into a file to be reloaded with the `load()` method.

Parameters

- **filename** : Name of the file which will be created to store the parameters (extension '.yml' will be added if not set).

Returns

- True if the file was successfully saved, otherwise false.

Warning

For security reasons, the file must not already exist.

In case a file already exists, the method will return false and existing file will not be updated.

```
bool load( String filename,  
           SERIALIZATION_FORMAT format = SERIALIZATION_FORMAT::JSON  
           )
```

Loads a set of parameters from the values contained in a previously **saved** file.

Parameters

- **filename** : Path to the file from which the parameters will be loaded (extension '.yml' will be added at the end of the filename if not detected).

Returns

- True if the file was successfully loaded, otherwise false.

```
bool
encode( String & serialized_content,
        SERIALIZATION_FORMAT format = SERIALIZATION_FORMAT::JSON
    )
    const
```

Generate a JSON Object (with the struct type as a key) containing the serialized struct, converted into a string.

Parameters

- **serialized_content** output string containing the JSON Object
- **format** serialization format, default is JSON

Returns

- True if file was successfully saved, otherwise false.

```
bool
decode( const String & serialized_content,
        SERIALIZATION_FORMAT format = SERIALIZATION_FORMAT::JSON
    )

```

Fill the structure from the serialized json object contained in the input string.

Parameters

- **serialized_content** input string containing the JSON Object
- **format** serialization format, default is JSON

Returns

- True if the decoding was successful, otherwise false.

```
bool operator==( const ObjectDetectionParameters & param1 ) const
```

Comparison operator ==

Parameters

- **ObjectDetectionParameters** to compare

Returns

- true if the two struct are identical

```
bool operator!=( const ObjectDetectionParameters & param1 ) const
```

Comparison operator !=

Parameters

- **ObjectDetectionParameters** to compare

Returns

- true if the two struct are different

Variables

```
unsigned int instance_module_id = 0
```

Id of the module instance.

This is used to identify which object detection module instance is used.

```
bool enable_tracking = true
```

Whether the object detection system includes object tracking capabilities across a sequence of images.

```
bool enable_segmentation = false
```

Whether the object masks will be computed.

```
OBJECT_DETECTION_MODEL detection_model =
OBJECT_DETECTION_MODEL::MULTI_CLASS_BOX_FAST
```

sl::OBJECT_DETECTION_MODEL to use.

```
sl::String fused_objects_group_name
```

In a multi camera setup, specify which group this model belongs to.

In a multi camera setup, multiple cameras can be used to detect objects and multiple detector having similar output layout can see the same object. Therefore, **Fusion** will fuse together the outputs received by multiple detectors only if they are part of the same **fused_objects_group_name**.

Note

This parameter is not used when not using a multi-camera setup and must be set in a multi camera setup.

`s1::String custom_onnx_file`

Path to the YOLO-like onnx file for custom object detection ran in the ZED SDK.

When `detection_model` is

`OBJECT_DETECTION_MODEL::CUSTOM_YOLOLIKE_BOX_OBJECTS`, a onnx model must be passed so that the ZED SDK can optimize it for your GPU and run inference on it.

The resulting optimized model will be saved for re-use in the future.

Attention

- The model must be a YOLO-like model.
- The caching uses the deserialized `custom_onnx_file` along with your GPU specs to decide whether to use the cached optmized model or to optimize the passed onnx model. If you change the weights of the onnx file and pass the same path, the ZED SDK will detect the difference and optimize the new model.

Note

This parameter is useless when `detection_model` is not
`OBJECT_DETECTION_MODEL::CUSTOM_YOLOLIKE_BOX_OBJECTS`.

`s1::Resolution custom_onnx_dynamic_input_shape`

Resolution to the YOLO-like onnx file for custom object detection ran in the ZED SDK.

This resolution defines the input tensor size for dynamic shape ONNX model only. The batch and channel dimensions are automatically handled, it assumes it's color images like default YOLO models.

Note

This parameter is only used when `detection_model` is
`OBJECT_DETECTION_MODEL::CUSTOM_YOLOLIKE_BOX_OBJECTS` and the provided ONNX file is using dynamic shapes.

Attention

- Multiple model only support squared images

\default Squared images 512x512 (input tensor will be 1x3x512x512)

```
float max_range = -1.f
```

Upper depth range for detections.

Default: -1.f (value set in `s1::InitParameters.depth_maximum_distance`)

Note

The value cannot be greater than

`s1::InitParameters.depth_maximum_distance` and its unit is defined in
`s1::InitParameters.coordinate_units`.

BatchParameters batch_parameters

Batching system parameters.

Batching system (introduced in 3.5) performs short-term re-identification with deep-learning and trajectories filtering.

`s1::BatchParameters.enable` must be true to use this feature (by default disabled).

OBJECT_FILTERING_MODE filtering_mode = OBJECT_FILTERING_MODE::NMS3D

Filtering mode that should be applied to raw detections.

Default: `s1::OBJECT_FILTERING_MODE::NMS_3D` (same behavior as previous ZED SDK version)

Note

This parameter is only used in detection model

`s1::OBJECT_DETECTION_MODEL::MULTI_CLASS_BOX_XXX` and
`s1::OBJECT_DETECTION_MODEL::CUSTOM_BOX_OBJECTS`.

For custom object, it is recommended to use

`s1::OBJECT_FILTERING_MODE::NMS_3D_PER_CLASS` or
`s1::OBJECT_FILTERING_MODE::NONE`.

In this case, you might need to add your own NMS filter before ingesting the boxes into the object detection module.

`float prediction_timeout_s`

Prediction duration of the ZED SDK when an object is not detected anymore before switching its state to `s1::OBJECT_TRACKING_STATE::SEARCHING`.

It prevents the jittering of the object state when there is a short misdetection.

The user can define their own prediction time duration.

Note

During this time, the object will have `s1::OBJECT_TRACKING_STATE::OK` state even if it is not detected.

The duration is expressed in seconds.

Warning

`prediction_timeout_s` will be clamped to 1 second as the prediction is getting worse with time.

Setting this parameter to 0 disables the ZED SDK predictions.

`bool allow_reduced_precision_inference`

Whether to allow inference to run at a lower precision to improve runtime and memory usage.

It might increase the initial optimization time and could include downloading calibration data or calibration cache and slightly reduce the accuracy.

Note

The fp16 is automatically enabled if the GPU is compatible and provides a speed up of almost x2 and reduce memory usage by almost half, no precision loss.

This setting allow int8 precision which can speed up by another x2 factor (compared to fp16, or x4 compared to fp32) and half the fp16 memory usage, however some accuracy could be lost.

The accuracy loss should not exceed 1-2% on the compatible models.

The current compatible models are all `sl::AI_MODELS::HUMAN_BODY_XXXX`.