LN10: Advanced todo App

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1. Requirement & dependencies

- a. Requirement
 - Latest todo app version of LN09
- b. Dependencies
 - react-hook-form to handle form in react.
 - react-router-dom to handle route in react app.
- c. Global library
 - json-server to run a server with json file

2. Create route

a. First, we import those below from react-router-dom in app.js

```
import {
    createBrowserRouter,
    Route,
    createRoutesFromElements,
    RouterProvider,
    from "react-router-dom";
```

b. Second, we create router from createBrowserRouter with routes make from createRoutesFromElements.

```
const router = createBrowserRouter(
13
14
        createRoutesFromElements(
          <Route path="/">
15
            <Route index element={<Login />} />
16
            <Route element={<PrivateRoute />}>
17
              <Route
18
                path="/todo"
19
                element={
20
                  <TaskProvider>
21
22
                    <TodoApp />
                  </TaskProvider>
23
24
25
              />
26
            </Route>
          </Route>
27
28
29
      );
```

Then, we insert Route element into createRoutesFromElements. The parent Route element contain the very first path of the route or the url. Next, we have a Login page component in the index route which

retains its route as '/' and the TodoApp page component as the path todo so its route or url is '/todo'. Moreover, it is wrapped by a route with PrivateRoute component, so that only logined user can access it; we will discuss this component later on.

c. Finally, we set the router into the RouterProvider and return the RouterProvider.

```
function App() {
return <RouterProvider router={router} />;
}

return <RouterProvider router={router} />;

export default App;
```

3. PrivateRoute component

We create an utils folder contain this Component.

The login logic maybe stores some jwt for checking authorization. In this demonstration, we only use an isLogin flag to check the authorization.

```
src > utils >  PrivateRoute.jsx >  default
   import { Navigate, Outlet } from "react-router-dom";

const PrivateRoute = () => {
   const check = JSON.parse(localStorage.getItem("isLogin"));
   return (check? <Outlet/>:<Navigate to='/' replace={true}/>);
}

export default PrivateRoute;
```

Outlet is used to render child route which is TodoApp in this case. So the return checks if the user login, it will render TodoApp; if not, it will navigate to index page which is login page.

4. Login page

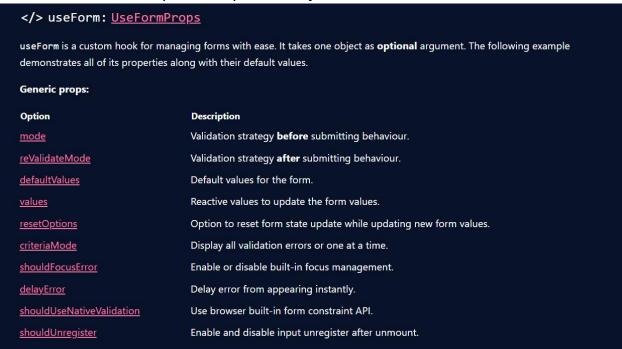
a. Import

```
import { useForm } from "react-hook-form";
import './Login.css';
import 'bootstrap/dist/css/bootstrap.min.css';
import { useState } from "react";
import { useNavigate } from "react-router-dom";
```

b. Use useForm

```
6
     const Login = () => {
 7
 8
        const {
          register,
 9
         handleSubmit,
10
         formState: { errors },
11
        } = useForm({
12
          defaultValues:{
13
              username: "",
14
              password: ""
15
16
        });
17
```

We use useForm and pass an optional object:



Then, we destructure the return value to get its props. In this case, we use register, handleSubmit and errors

c. Submit logic

```
const [invalidSubmit, setInvalidSubmit] = useState(false);
const navigate = useNavigate();
const onSubmit = (data) => {
   if(data.password === "Admin"){
        localStorage.isLogin = true;
        localStorage.username = data.username;
        navigate("/todo");
}
else setInvalidSubmit(true);
};
```

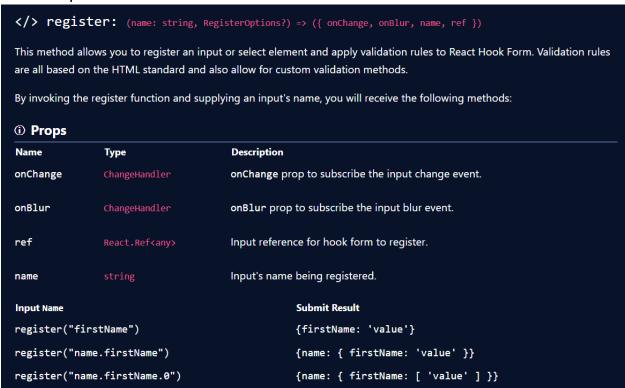
We create an onSubmit function, if password is Admin then the user login and navigate to todo page. The invalidSubmit is used to display some information about it.

d. Jsx form

```
return (
30
         <div className="login">
31
           <form onSubmit={handleSubmit(onSubmit)}>
32
33
               {...register("username", { required: "Username is required" })}
34
               placeholder="Username"
35
36
             />
37
             {errors.username?.message}
             <input</pre>
38
               {...register("password", {
39
                 required: "Password is required",
40
                 validate: {//custom validate
41
                   notLessThanFour: (v) =>
42
                     v.length >= 4 || "Password must has at least 4 characters",
43
                 },
44
               })}
45
46
               placeholder="Password"
               type="password"
47
48
             {p>{errors.password?.message}
49
             <input type="submit"/>
50
           </form>
51
52
           {invalidSubmit && <div>Invalid username & password</div>}
53
         </div>
54
       );
55
56
     export default Login;
57
```

First, we set the onSubmit attribute is handleSubmit(onSubmit); the handleSubmit takes responsibility to get the form data and pass it to onSubmit function.

Next, in the input tag, the register returns some props to become the input attribute



The require in the option object can be true or if you want to display a message, you can pass a string as a message.

After that, we use the errors in the useForm to display the error message.

Finally, the same thing happen in the next input tag, but this time, I but a custom validation.

5. Run json-server

We create a folder called backend with a db.json file

```
✓ VERSION-3

                                                   backend > {} db.json > [ ] tasks > {} 3
                                  1

∨ backend

                                                      2
                                                             "tasks": [
 {} db.json
                                                      3
  > node_modules
                                                                  "id": 1,
                                                      4
 > public
                                                                  "completed": false,
                                                      5
 ∨ src
                                                                  "title": "work1"
                                                      6

∨ components

                                                      7
                                                               },

∨ AddTaskForm

                                                      8
                                                                  "id": 2,
                                                      9
    AddTaskForm.jsx
                                                                  "completed": false,
                                                     10
    AddTaskForm.style.jsx
                                                                  "title": "work2"
                                                     11
    > FilterTaskForm
                                                     12
                                                               },

√ TaskItem

                                                     13
                                                               {
    Taskltem.jsx
                                                                  "id": 3,
                                                     14
    > TaskList
                                                    15
                                                                  "completed": false,
                                                                 "title": "work3"

✓ contexts

                                                     16
                                                     17
                                                               },
   TaskProvider.jsx
                                                    18

✓ pages

                                                     19
                                                                  "id": 4,
   # Login.css
                                                                  "completed": false,
                                                     20
   🛱 Login.jsx
                                                                  "title": "work4"
                                                     21
   TodoApp.jsx
                                                     22
   ∨ utils
                                                     23
                                                     24
   PrivateRoute.jsx
  # App.css
```

In the json file, each first level object represents a table as RDB or a document in NoSQL.

Then, we run the command to start the server: json-server --watch .\backend\db.json --port 3001

6. Todo page

a. Call api in TodoApp component

```
const { tasks, dispatch } = useContext(TaskContext);
12
13
       const [isPending, setIsPending] = useState(true)
14
       useEffect(() => {
15
         setTimeout(()=>
16
         fetch("http://localhost:3001/tasks")
17
         .then((rawData)=> rawData.json())
18
19
         .then((data)=>{
           dispatch({ type: 'INITIALIZE_TASKS', payload: data });
20
           setIsPending(false);
21
         }), 2000)
22
23
24
      }, [dispatch]);
```

We change from using localStorage to call api like this. We use setTimeout to present the loading. The isPending to display the pending status.

Also, we add a logout button

```
const navigate = useNavigate();

const logout = ()=>{
  localStorage.isLogin = false;
  navigate('/');
}
```

```
31
       return (
32
         <div className='container'>
33
           {isPending && <div>Loading...</div>}
34
           {!isPending && tasks && (
35
           <div>
36
             {localStorage.getItem("username")}
37
           <FilterTaskFrom />
38
39
           <AddTaskForm />
40
41
           <TaskList isCompleted={false}/>
42
43
           {tasks.some((item)=> item.completed) > 0 ? (
44
             <Accordion defaultActiveKey='0' className='mt-4'>
45
               <Accordion.Item eventKey='0'>
46
47
                 <Accordion.Header>Completed</Accordion.Header>
                 <Accordion.Body>
48
                   <TaskList isCompleted={true} />
49
50
                 </Accordion.Body>
               </Accordion.Item>
51
             </Accordion>
52
           ) : null}
53
           </div>)}
54
           <Button className="mt-3"onClick={logout}>
55
             Logout
56
57
            </Button>
58
         </div>
59
```

b. Call Api in add task

The same way to change from localStorage to call api in this

```
function AddTaskForm() {
9
       const [newTask, setNewTask] = useState('');
10
       const [isPending, setIsPending] = useState(false);
11
       const { dispatch } = useContext(TaskContext);
12
13
14
       const handleSubmit = (e) => {
         e.preventDefault();
15
16
         if (newTask.trim() !== '') {
17
           const task = {
18
19
             title: newTask,
              completed: false
20
21
22
           setIsPending(true);
23
24
           setTimeout(()=>
25
         fetch(`http://localhost:3001/tasks`,{
           method: 'POST',
26
           headers: {"Content-Type": "application/json"},
27
           body: JSON.stringify(task)
28
29
         })
          .then((response)=>{
30
           if(!response.ok)
31
             throw Error('Error');
32
           return response.json();
33
34
         })
          .then((data)=>{
35
           dispatch({
36
             type: 'ADD_TASK',
37
             payload: data,
38
39
           });
           setNewTask('');
40
           setIsPending(false);
41
         }), 2000);
42
43
44
```

And change the way the button display when pending

```
42
         }), 2000);
43
44
45
46
       return (
          <Form onSubmit={handleSubmit} className='d-flex flex-column gap-2'>
47
            <Form.Group controlId='addTask'>
48
              <Form.Control
49
                type='text'
50
51
                placeholder='Add a task'
                size='sm'
52
53
                value={newTask}
                onChange={(e) => setNewTask(e.target.value)}
54
55
            </Form.Group>
56
            <Button
57
              variant='primary'
58
59
              size='sm'
60
              type='submit'
61
              disabled={isPending}
62
63
64
              Add
              {isPending? <AiOutlineLoading3Quarters /> :<IoMdAddCircleOutline />}
65
66
            </Button>
67
          </Form>
68
       );
69
70
```

c. Call api in change task

The whole same thing happens in the toggle logic, you can change to call a function to make thing better.

```
function TaskItem({ task }) {
 8
        const { dispatch } = useContext(TaskContext);
 9
10
        const [isPending, setIsPending] = useState(false);
11
        const handleToggleComplete = () => {
12
          task.completed = !task.completed
13
          setIsPending(true);
14
15
          setTimeout(()=>
16
          fetch(`http://localhost:3001/tasks/${task.id}`,{
17
            method: 'PUT',
18
            headers: {"Content-Type": "application/json"},
19
            body: JSON.stringify(task)
20
21
          })
          .then((response)=>{
22
            if(!response.ok)
23
              throw Error('Error');
24
            return response.json();
25
26
          })
          .then((data)=>{
27
            dispatch({
28
              type: 'TOGGLE_TASK',
29
              payload: data,
30
            });
31
32
            setIsPending(false);
33
          }), 2000);
34
        };
35
36
       return (
         <ListGroup.Item variant={task.completed ? 'success' : 'primary'}>
37
           <Button
38
             variant={task.completed ? 'success' : 'outline-success'}
39
             onClick={handleToggleComplete}
40
             className="mr-2"
41
             disabled={isPending}
42
43
             {isPending && <AiOutlineLoading3Quarters/> }
44
45
             {!isPending && (task.completed ? <IoMdRemove /> : <IoMdAdd />)}
           </Button>
46
           <span>{task.completed ? <del>{task.title}</del> : task.title}</span>
47
         </ListGroup.Item>
48
49
       );
                                                                 Ϊ
50
```

d. Change the reducer logic from the previous version

```
const taskReducer = (state, action) => {
5
       console.log({ state, action });
6
       switch (action.type) {
7
8
         case 'ADD TASK': {
9
           const newTask = [
             ...state, action.payload
10
11
           ];
12
           return newTask;
13
14
         case 'TOGGLE TASK': {
15
           const newTasks = state.map((task) =>
16
             task.id === action.payload.id
17
                ? action.payload
18
                : task
19
20
           );
           return newTasks;
21
22
23
         case 'INITIALIZE_TASKS': {
24
           return [...action.payload];
25
26
27
28
         default:
29
           return state;
30
31
     };
```