# **Installing and Configuring DHCP**

In this hands-on project scenario, you are an IT administrator for a medium-sized company that uses a local area network (LAN). The company has recently expanded and added new computers to the network. Your task is to manage the IP addresses effectively. You have decided to use a Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP).

A DHCP server significantly simplifies IP management by dynamically assigning IP addresses to new computers on the network, ensuring no duplicates, and optimizing network usage. This automation will help save time, enhance network reliability and efficiency, and reduce the risk of human error in manual IP configuration.

### **Objectives**

After following this project guide, you will be able to:

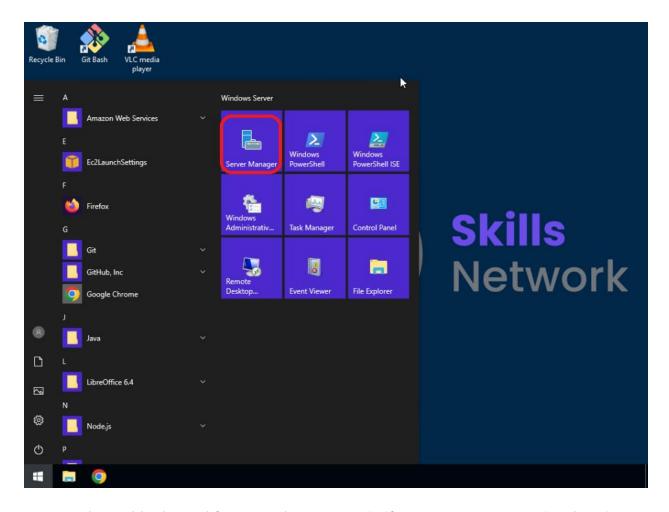
- Install the DHCP server role.
- Add a scope of IPv4 addresses between 192.168.1.2 and 192.168.1.254.
- Create an exclusion to ensure that the static IP addresses of your six printers are not distributed to other devices.

# **Phase 1: Installing and Configuring DHCP**

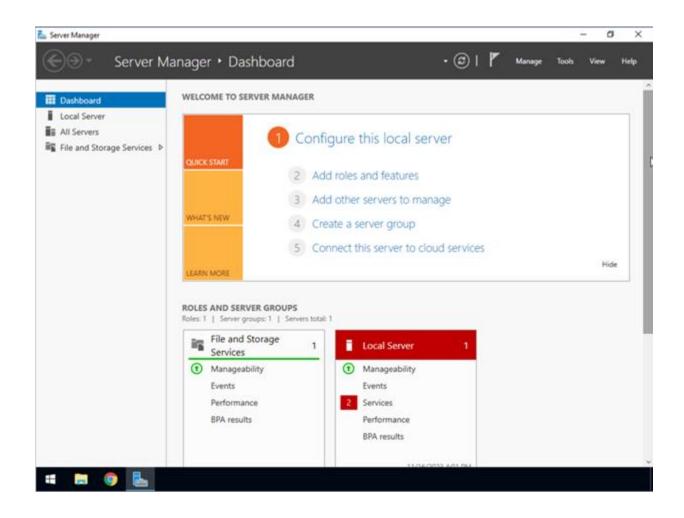
In this phase, you will install and configure the DHCP server.

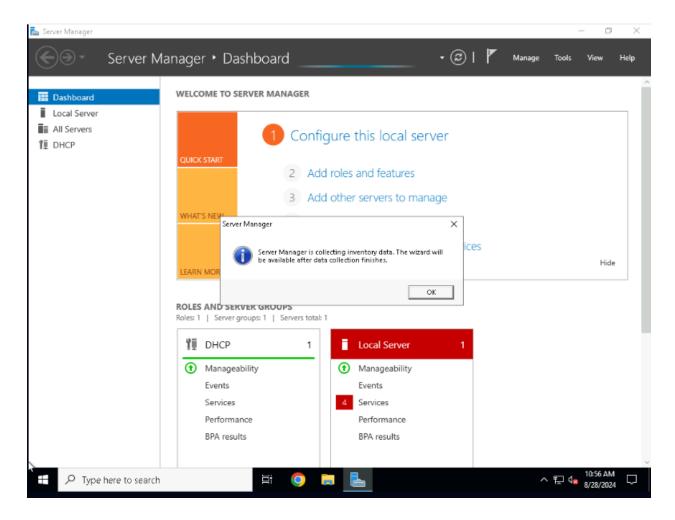
#### Task A: Install DHCP Server Role

1. Select the Windows key. Open Server Manager on your Windows Server.

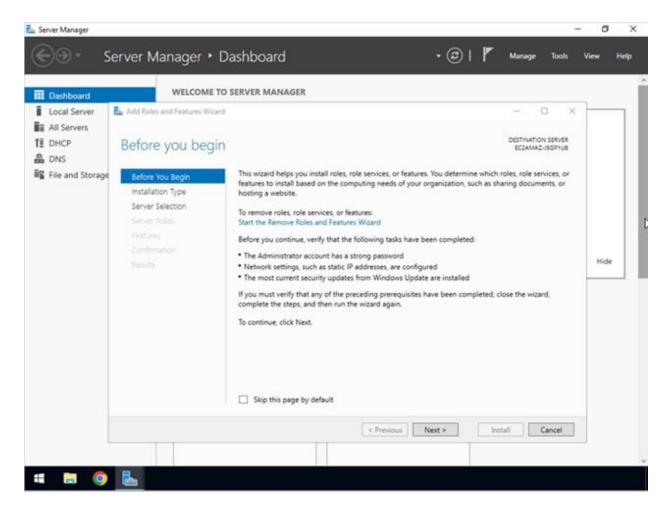


2. Select Add roles and features. Please try again if you get any pop up wizard stating as "The wizard will be available after data collection."

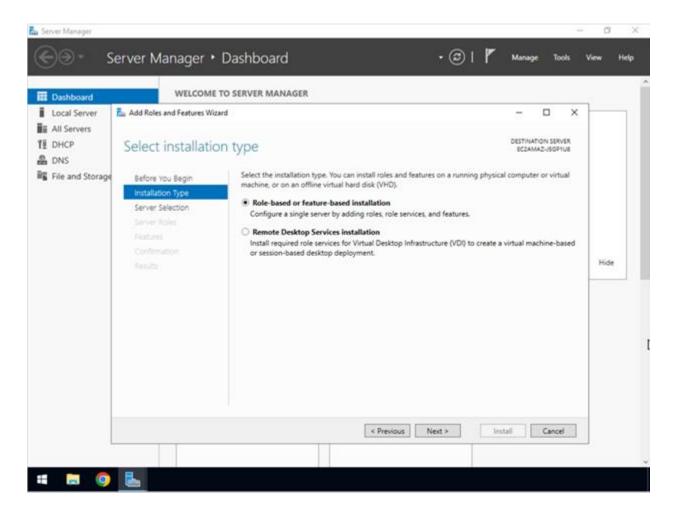




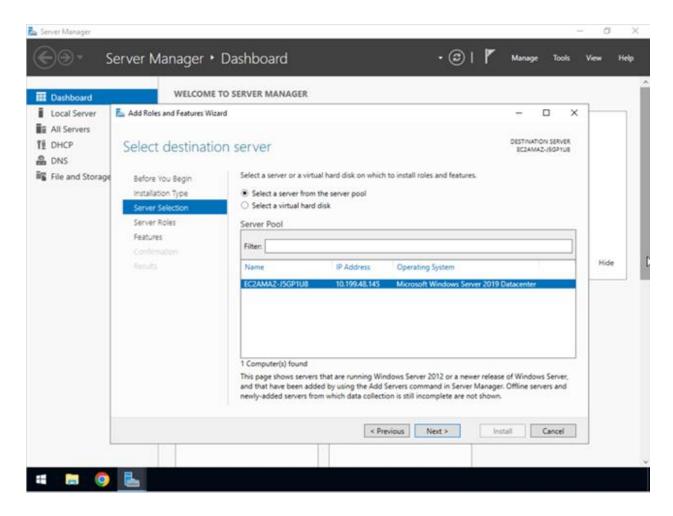
3. In the wizard that appears, click Next.



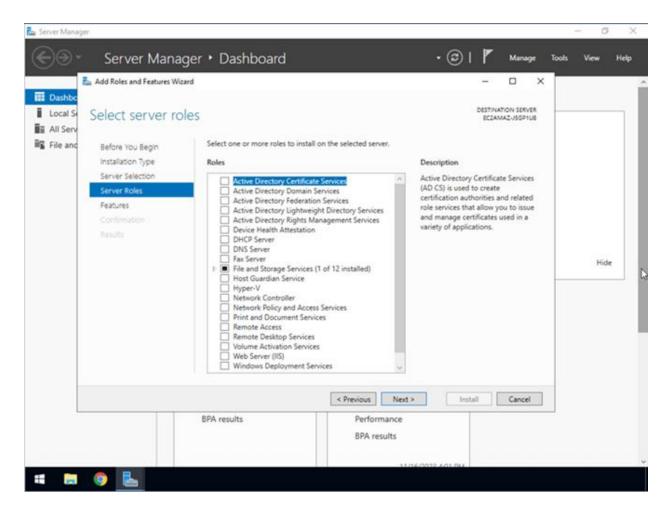
4. We will be configuring a single server by adding roles, role services, and features, so select Role-based or feature-based installation and click Next.



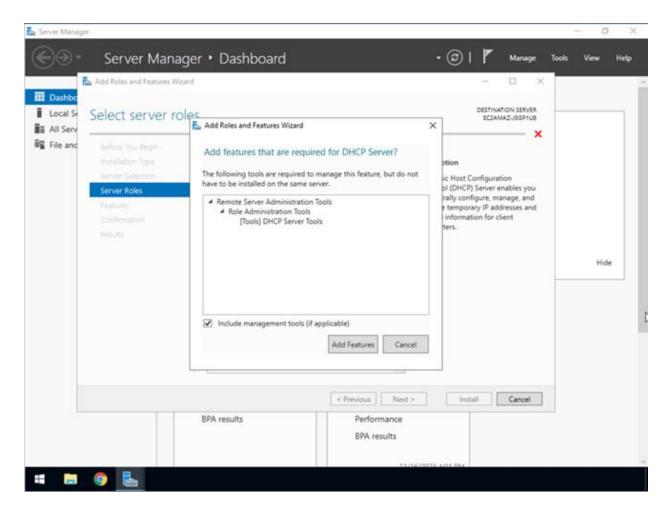
Select a server or a virtual hard disk where you want to install the roles and features.
In this instance, there is only one option. Ensure that the server is selected and click
Next.



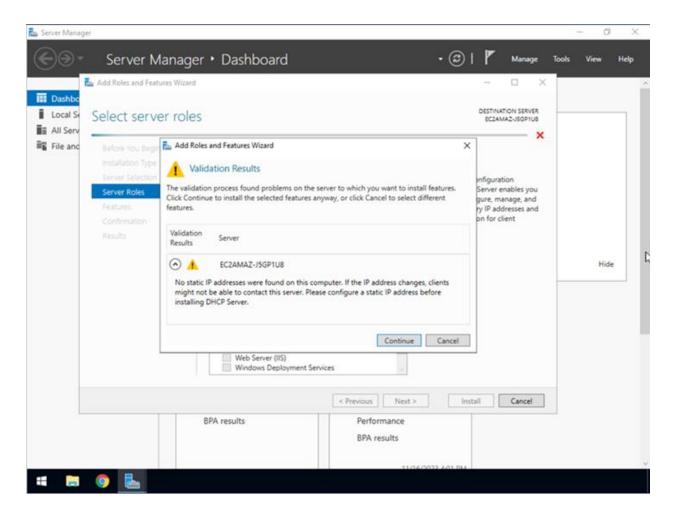
6. Check the box next to DHCP Server.



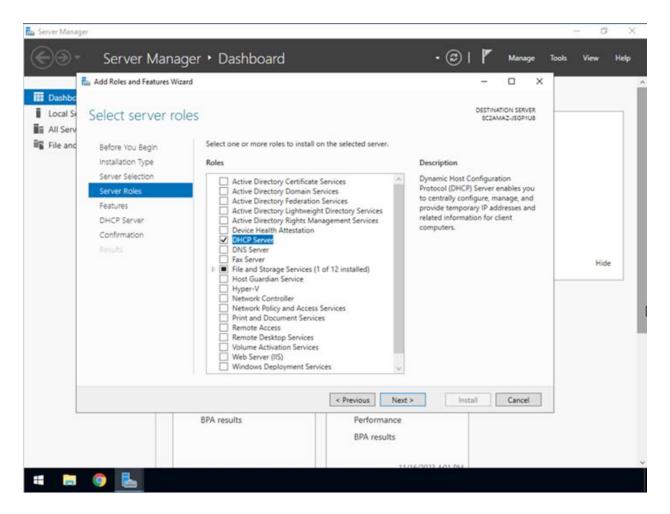
7. In the pop up wizard, Click Add Features.



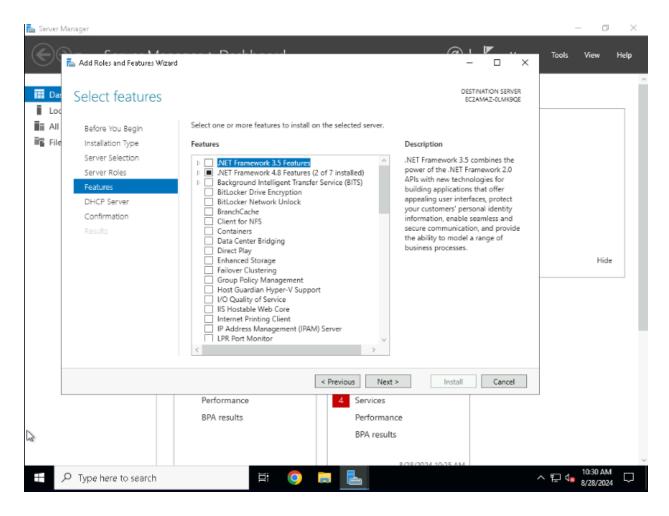
8. You may receive a **Validation Results** error because you are working in an educational environment. If you were working on a server with a dedicated, static IP address, this error would not appear. Select **Continue**.



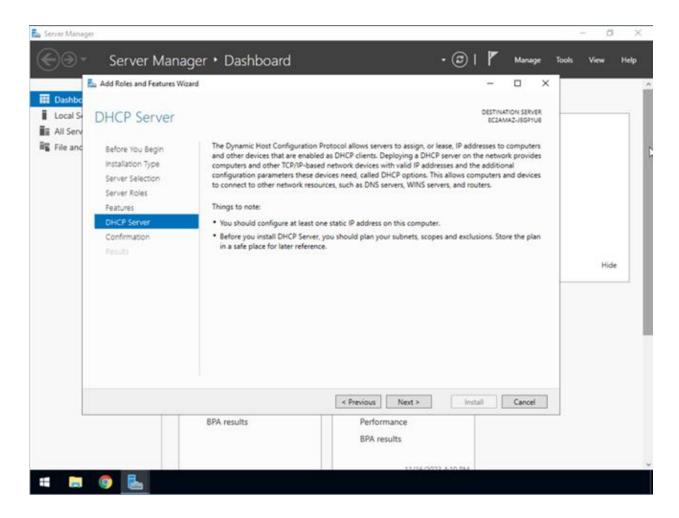
9. Select Next.



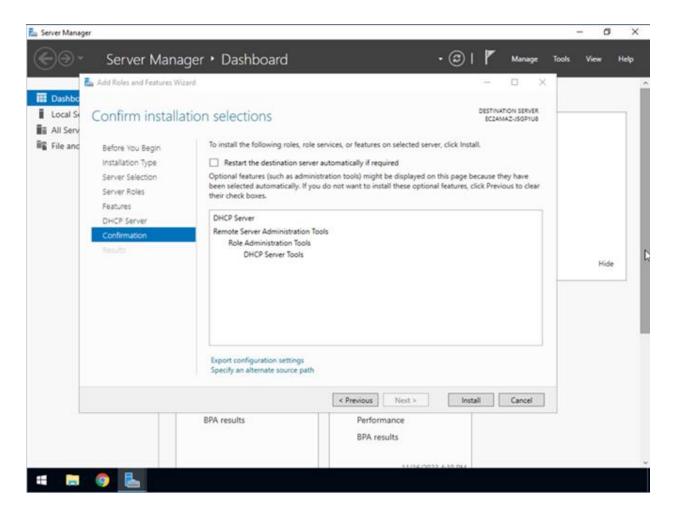
10. Next you will be asked to verify additional features that should be installed on the DHCP server. We will keep the default .NET Framework 4.8 Features because this provides important security features. Click Next.



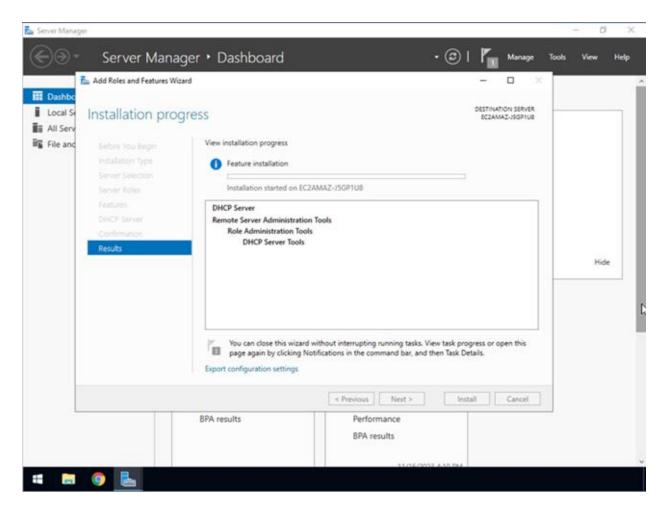
11. Select Next.



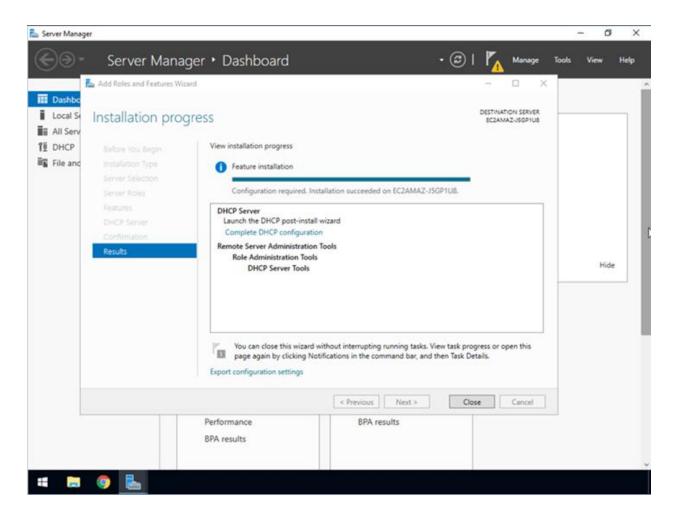
12. Confirm your installation selections and click **Install**.



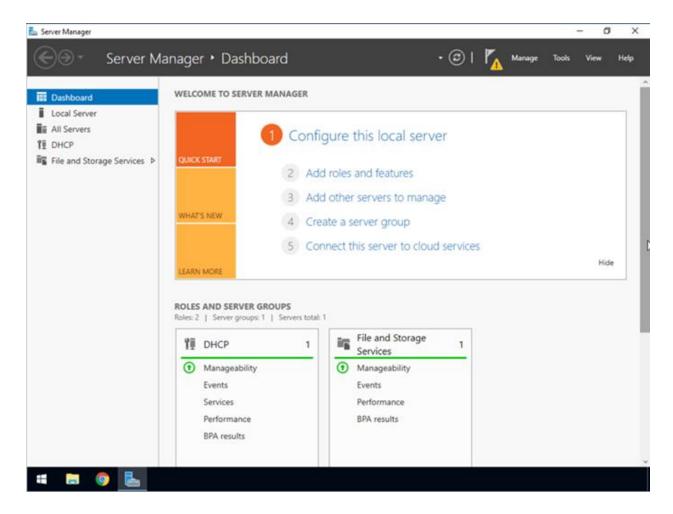
13. It could take a few minutes for the installation to complete.



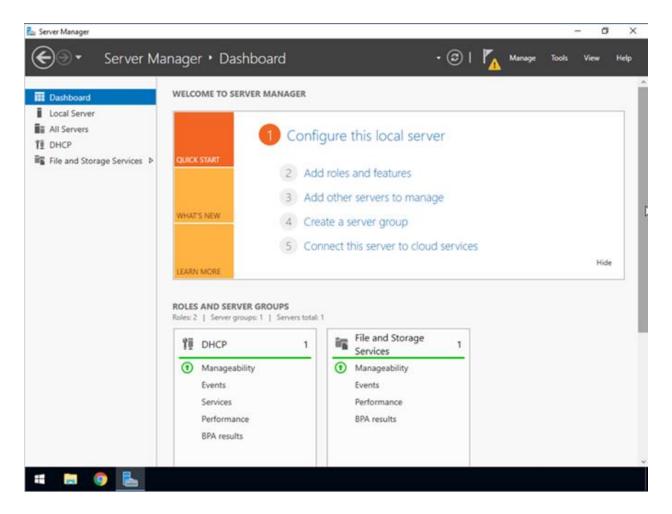
14. Upon completion, the status message will change to **Installation succeeded**. Click **Close**.



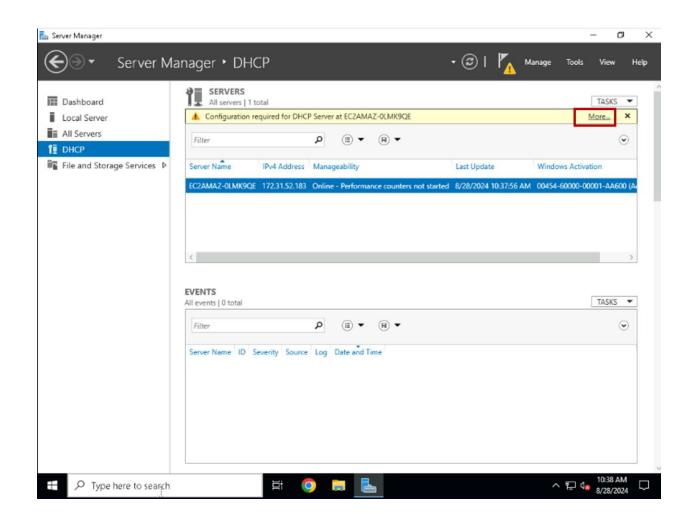
15. Now you can see the DHCP server listed under Roles and Server Groups in the Server Manager Dashboard.

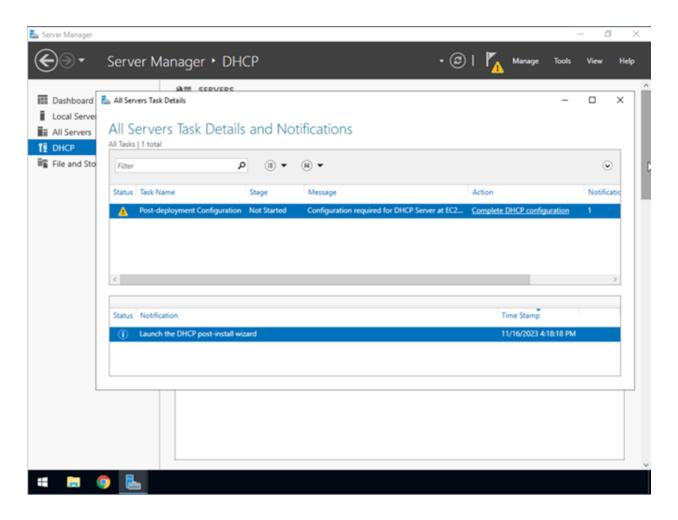


16. Click **DHCP** in your Server Manager.

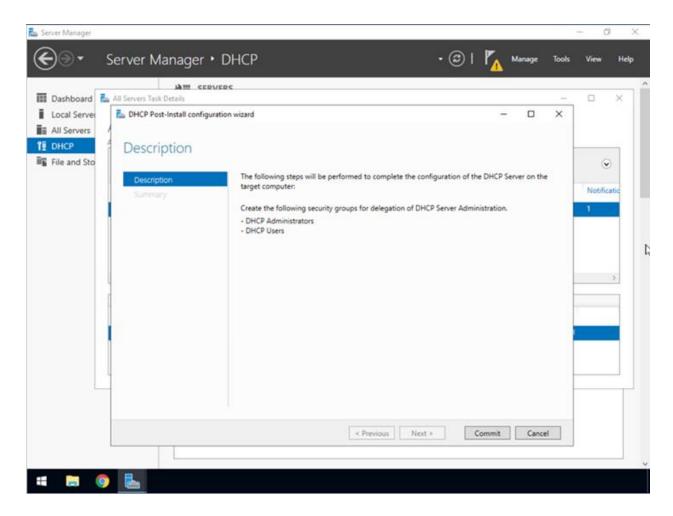


17. In the alert, click on **More**. In the pop up wizard you will see a status alert next to the DHCP server under Action section indicating that additional configuration is required. Click **Complete DHCP configuration**.

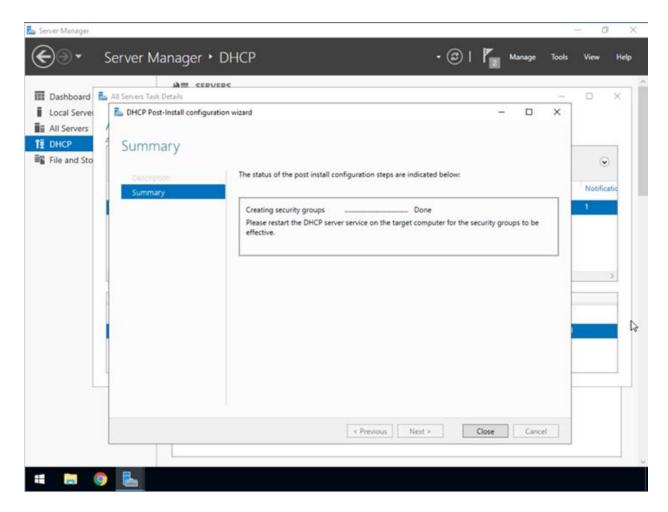




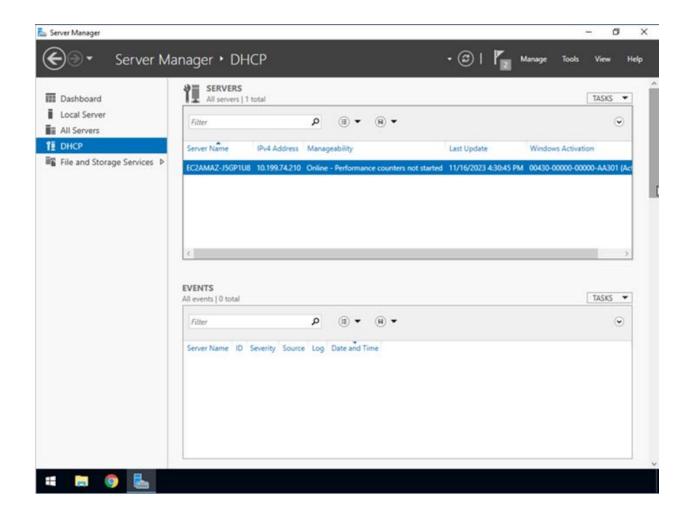
18. The configuration wizard shows that you need to create two security groups that are needed for administering a DHCP server. Select Commit to create the DHCP Administrators and DHCP Users groups.



19. When the post install configuration steps are completed, you can click **Close** and Click on **X** to close the pop up wizard.

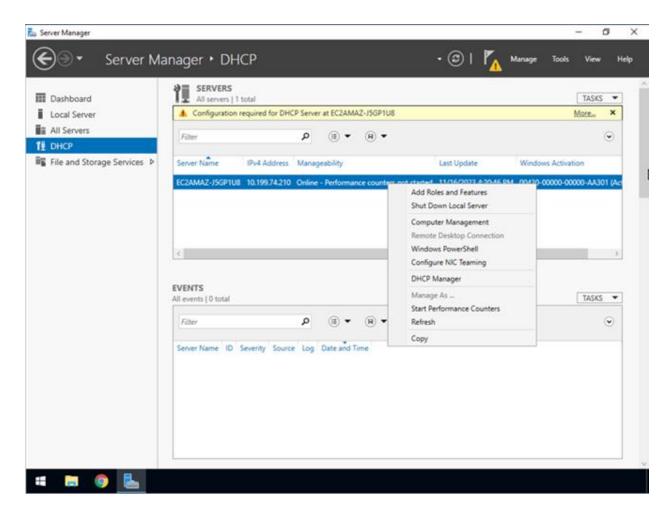


20. Here you will see that the alert has been removed.

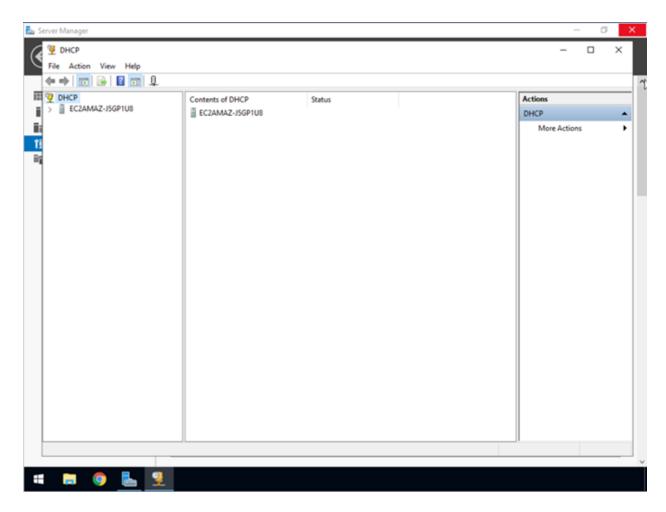


**Task B: Create a Scope** 

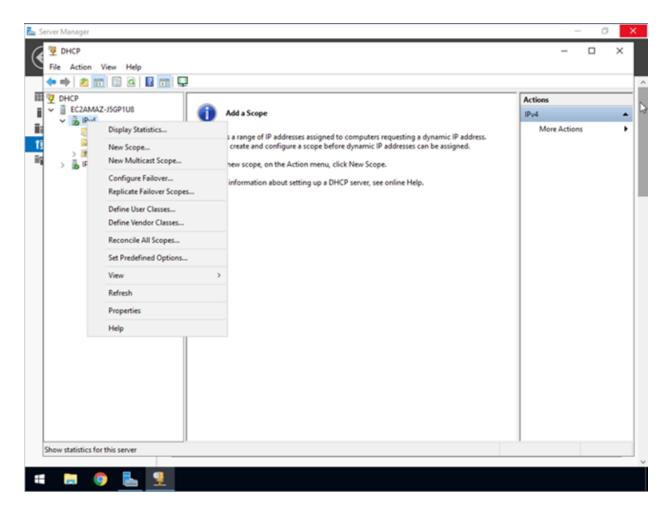
1. Right-click the DHCP server. Select **DHCP Manager**.



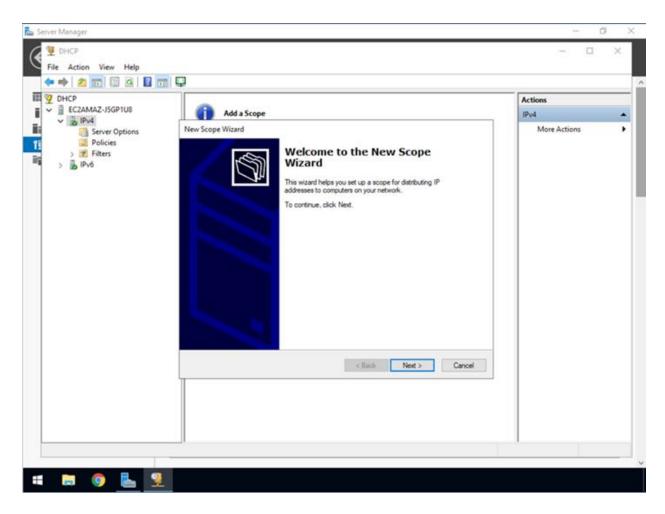
2. Click the server name.



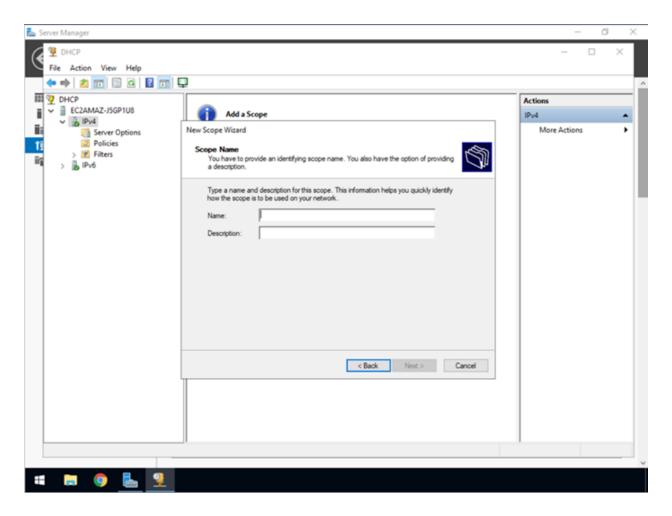
3. Right-click IPv4 and select New Scope.



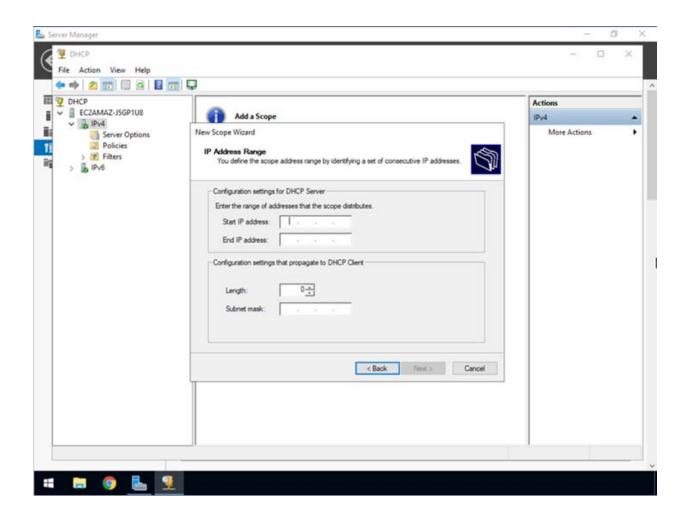
4. Click Next on the New Scope Wizard.

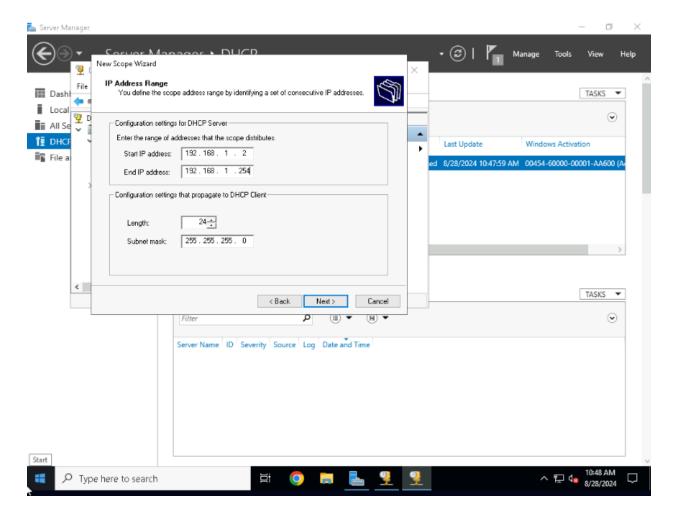


 In the New Scope Wizard, provide a name for the scope, and specify the range of IP addresses you want the DHCP server to assign to clients. Type the name as CompanyLAN and click Next.



6. Set the range of IP addresses to be distributed by the DHCP server from 192.168.1.2 to 192.168.1.254, ensuring these addresses are within the same subnet as your network. Click Next.

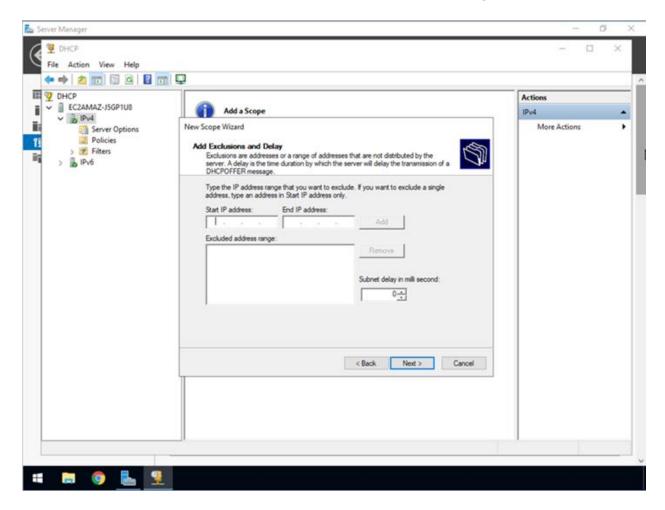




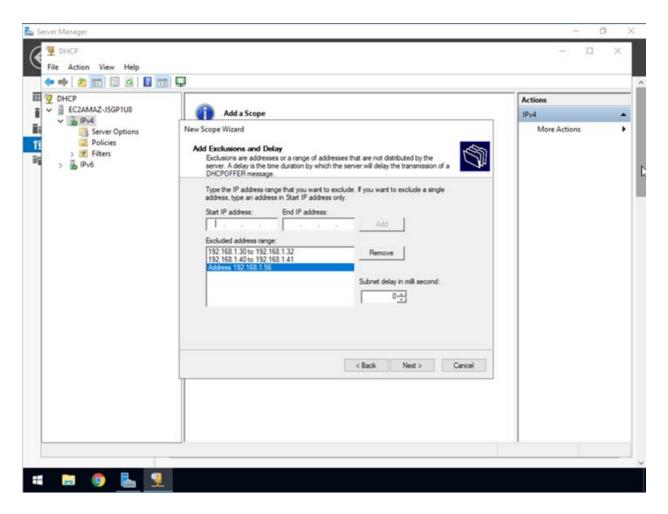
Because six of your printers have static IP addresses, you want to be sure to add these IP addresses as exclusions - preventing the DHCP server from assigning these addresses to other devices. The IP addresses are 192.168.1.30, 192.168.1.31, 192.168.1.32, 192.168.1.40, 192.168.1.41, and 192.168.1.56.

- 7. To exclude the IP addresses of the 3 printers, type in the static IP addresses of the printers.
  - a. Type 192.168.1.30 in the Start IP address box.
  - b. Type 192.168.1.32 in the End IP address box.
  - c. Select Add to include them in the Excluded address range.
  - d. Type 192.168.1.40 in the Start IP address box.
  - e. Type 192.168.1.41 in the End IP address box.
  - f. Select Add to include them in the Excluded address range.

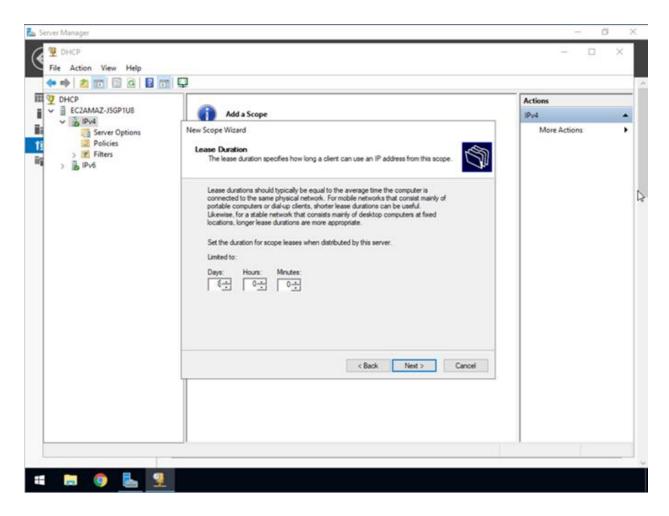
- g. Type 192.168.1.56 in the Start IP address box.
- h. Select Add to include this in the Excluded address range.



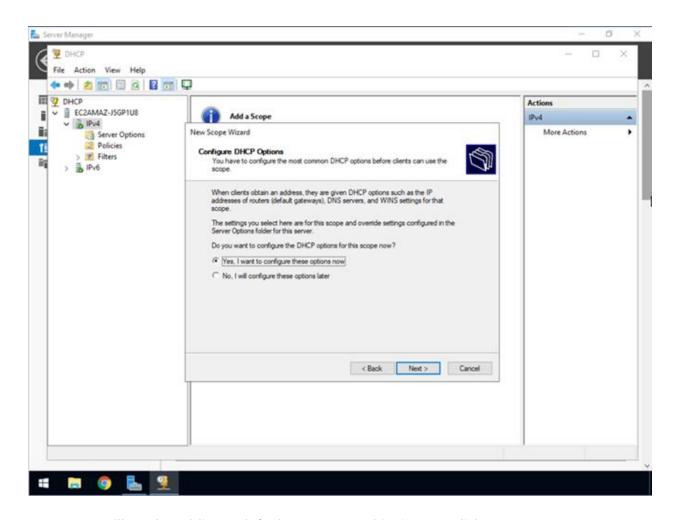
8. Click Next, to apply the exclusions – preventing the DHCP server from assigning these addresses to other devices.



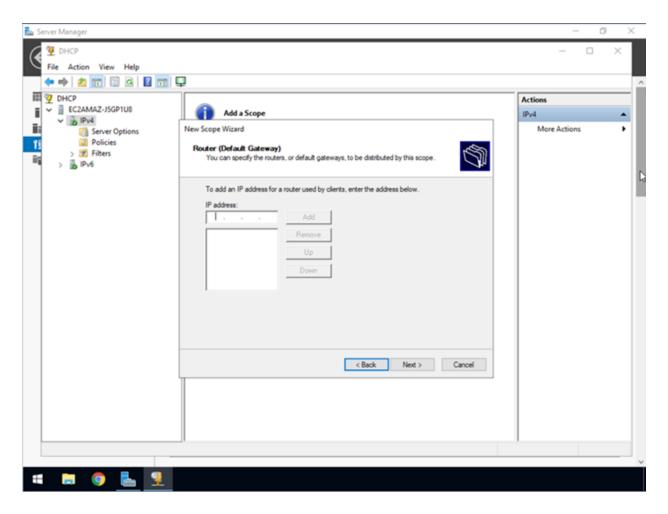
9. You will be asked to indicate how many days, hours, and minutes should pass before an IP address lease from this scope expires. We want a lease to expire every 24 hours. Set the limit to 1 days, 0 hours, and 0 minutes. Click Next to continue.



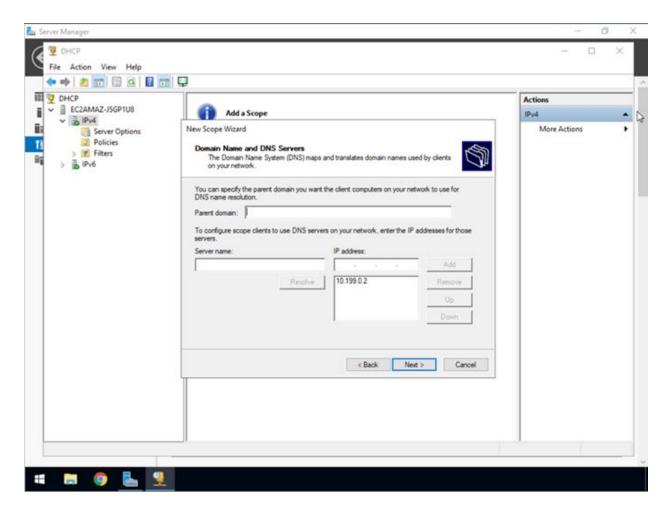
10. Click Yes, I want to configure these options now to maintain default settings for the most common DHCP options. Then, click Next.



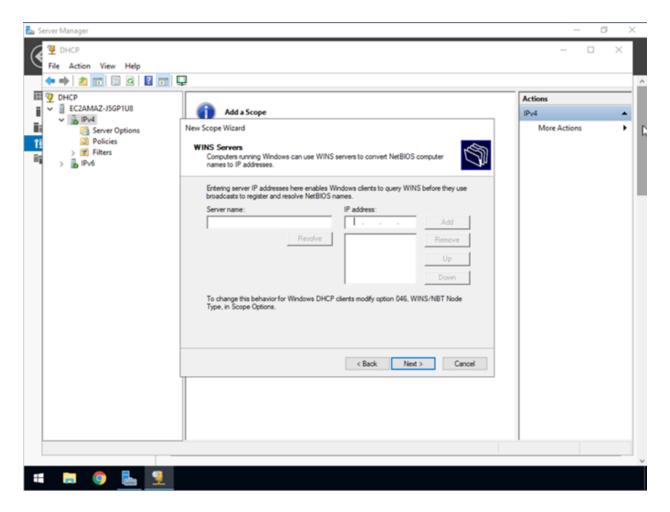
11. We will not be adding a default gateway at this time, so click Next.



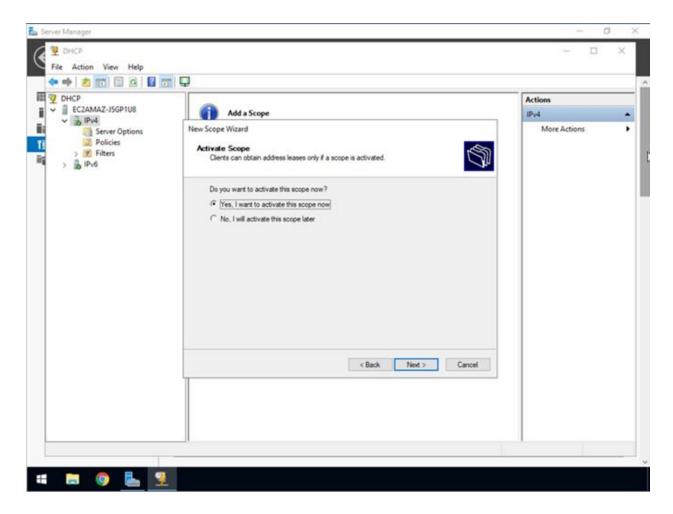
12. We will not be setting the Domain name and DNS servers at this time. Click **Next** to continue.



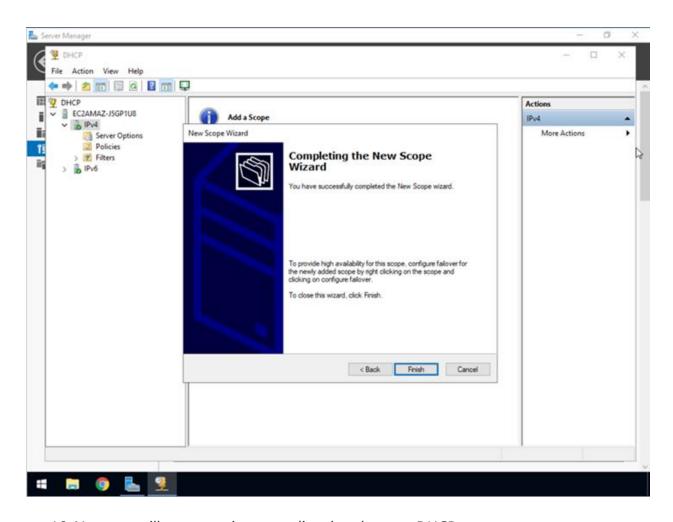
13. We will not be configuring WINS Servers at this time. Click Next to continue.



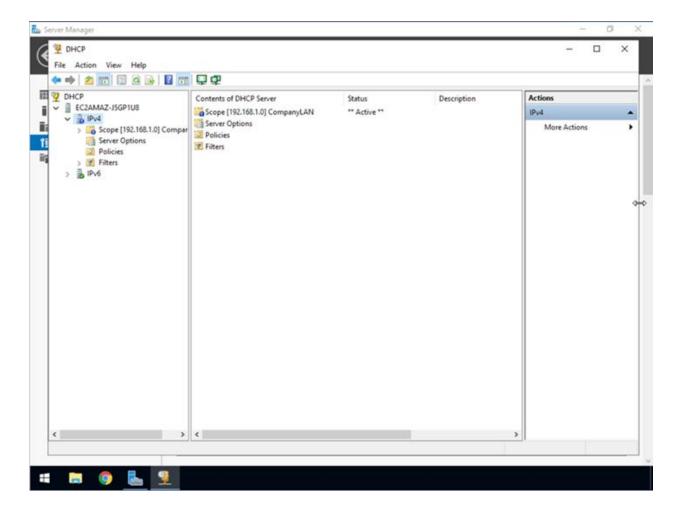
14. Click Yes, I want to activate this scope now. Once a scope has been activated, clients are allowed to obtain leases from the DHCP server. Click Next.



15. Click Finish to close the New Scope Wizard.



16. Now you will see an active scope listed under your DHCP server.



# **Summary:**

This hands-on project guided you through the installation and configuration of a DHCP server role on a Windows Server, enabling dynamic IP address allocation and effective IP address management in a LAN environment.

# **Key Objectives and Outcomes:**

#### 1. Installed the DHCP Server Role:

- a. Accessed the Server Manager to install the DHCP server role.
- b. Handled validation errors typical of educational environments (e.g., lacking a dedicated static IP).
- c. Completed post-installation configuration by creating necessary security groups:

- i. DHCP Administrators
- ii. DHCP Users

### 2. Configured the DHCP Server Scope:

- a. Scope Details:
  - i. Assigned the name CompanyLAN.
  - ii. Defined an IP address range: 192.168.1.2 to 192.168.1.254.
  - iii. Ensured the range aligns with the network's subnet.

#### b. Excluded IP Addresses for Static Devices:

- i. Excluded the following static IP addresses for six printers:
  - 1. 192.168.1.30-192.168.1.32
  - 2. 192.168.1.40-192.168.1.41
  - 3. 192.168.1.56

#### c. Set IP Lease Duration:

i. Configured leases to expire every 24 hours (1 day, 0 hours, 0 minutes).

#### 3. Activated the Scope:

- a. Configured the default settings for DHCP options (gateway, DNS, WINS not configured in this project).
- b. Activated the scope to allow DHCP clients to obtain IP address leases.

### **Takeaways:**

#### 1. Efficiency and Automation:

The DHCP server reduces manual IP address configuration, saving time and minimizing errors.

#### 2. Exclusions for Static Devices:

Excluding specific IPs ensures static devices (e.g., printers) retain their designated addresses, preventing conflicts.

#### 3. Dynamic Network Management:

DHCP enables scalability and flexibility, allowing seamless addition of devices to the network without manual adjustments.

By following this guide, you will gain practical experience in configuring DHCP, enabling you to manage IP addresses dynamically and improve network efficiency in a professional setting.