Beihang Univ.

-

1 Formula

- Eular Formular: |V| |E| + |F| = 2
- $|A \cup B \cup C| = |A| + |B| + |C| |A \cap B| |A \cap C| |B \cap C| + |A \cap B \cap C|$
- $|\bar{A} \cap \bar{B} \cap \bar{C}| = |\Omega| |A| |B| |C| + |A \cap B| + |A \cap C| + |B \cap C| |A \cap B \cap C|$
- Catalan Number: $C_n = (4n 2)/(n + 1)C_{n-1}$

TODO Burnside 引理

- 可以通过 dfs 序列化
- Floyd 算法别忘了设置 dist[i][i] = 0
- 想着比赛的时候可以打表
- 初始化一定不要忘记
- 提交时记得把所有的调试信息都删掉
- 想着可以用二分的方法,把问题转化为判定问题。
- 对于几何问题,没想法就先动手画画图,别上来就解析法。
- 数组一定要开的足够打大,能用 LL 就别用 int
- 数位 dp 一定要写暴力 check
- 最大 (极大) 独立集 + 最小 (极小)(点) 覆盖集 = V
- 最大(极大)团 = 补图的最大(极大)独立集
- 二分图的最大独立集 = V 二分图的最大匹配
- 二分图的最大 (点权) 独立集 = SUM 二分图的最佳匹配
- 二分图的最小(边权)覆盖 = 二分图的最佳匹配
- 二分图的最小 (点权) 覆盖 = 最小割 (X-Y 之间的边设为 inf)

- 二分图的最小覆盖 = 二分图的最大匹配
- 注意求递推式的时候可能要用到二项式定理, 如求 $\Sigma_{i-1}^n i^k k^i (k \le 50)$

2 Edit Esp

```
int main() {
    static const int stksz = 10000000;
    static int stk[stksz], espbak;
    __asm__ __volatile__ ( "movl_%%esp,_%0\n\tmovl_%1,_%%esp\n\t" : "=g"(espbak
                  ) : "g"(stk+stksz-1) );
    solve();
    exit(0);
}
```

3 Java Header

```
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
import java.math.*;
class Task {
    void solve( int ri, InputReader in, PrintWriter out ) {
        BigDecimal a = new BigDecimal("23213432.2142143");
        a = a.round( new MathContext(10, RoundingMode.HALF_UP) );
        out.println( a.toPlainString() );
   }
}
public class Main {
    public static void main(String []args) {
        InputStream insm = System.in;
        OutputStream outsm = System.out;
        InputReader in = new InputReader( insm );
        PrintWriter out = new PrintWriter( outsm );
        Task task = new Task();
        task.solve(1, in, out);
        out.close();
```

```
}
class InputReader {
    private BufferedReader reader;
    private StringTokenizer tokenizer;
    public InputReader( InputStream sm ) {
        reader = new BufferedReader( new InputStreamReader(sm) );
        tokenizer = null;
    }
    public String next() {
        while ( tokenizer == null || !tokenizer.hasMoreTokens() ) {
                tokenizer = new StringTokenizer( reader.readLine() );
            } catch( IOException e ) {
                throw new RuntimeException(e);
            }
        }
        return tokenizer.nextToken();
}
```

4 Dancing Links 精确覆盖 (矩阵处理)

```
const int maxN = 60 * 20, maxM = 60 * 10;
const int max_size = maxN * maxM;
const int inf = 0x3f3f3f3f;
int L[max_size], R[max_size], U[max_size], D[max_size], CH[max_size], RH[
    max_size];
int S[maxM], O[maxM];
int head, size;
int node(int up, int down, int left, int right) {
    U[size] = up, D[size] = down;
    L[size] = left, R[size] = right;
    D[up] = U[down] = R[left] = L[right] = size;
    return size++;
```

```
bool mat[maxN][maxM];
void init(int N, int M) {
    size = 0:
    head = node(0, 0, 0, 0);
    for (int j = 1; j \le M; ++j) {
        CH[j] = node(size, size, L[head], head), S[j] = 0;
    for (int i = 1; i <= N; ++i) {
        int row = -1, k;
        for (int j = 1; j \le M; ++j) {
            if (!mat[i][j]) continue;
            if (row == -1) {
                row = node(U[CH[j]], CH[j], size, size);
                RH[row] = i, CH[row] = CH[j], ++S[j];
                k = node(U[CH[j]], CH[j], L[row], row);
                RH[k] = i, CH[k] = CH[j], ++S[j];
            }
    }
}
void remove(const int &c) {
    L[R[c]] = L[c], R[L[c]] = R[c];
    for (int i = D[c]; i != c; i = D[i]) {
        for (int j = R[i]; j != i; j = R[j]) {
            U[D[i]] = U[i], D[U[i]] = D[i];
            --S[CH[i]];
        }
    }
void resume(const int &c) {
    for (int i = U[c]; i != c; i = U[i]) {
        for (int j = L[i]; j != i; j = L[j]) {
            ++S[CH[i]];
            U[D[i]] = D[U[i]] = i;
        }
    L[R[c]] = R[L[c]] = c;
```

maxn], row[maxd];

void makegragh(int &n, int &m) {

memset(mat, 0, sizeof(mat));

bool use[maxn];

```
int len;
                                                                                     //init
bool DLX(const int &k) {
    if (R[head] == head) {
                                                                                  void initial(int n, int m) {
                                                                                     memset(use, false, sizeof(use));
        len = k - 1;
        return true;
                                                                                     res = n + 1;
    }
                                                                                     int i, j, rowh;
    int s = inf, c;
                                                                                     memset(s, 0, sizeof(s));
    for (int t = R[head]; t != head; t = R[t]) {
                                                                                     for(i=head; i<=m; i++) {</pre>
        if (S[t] < s) s = S[t], c = t;
                                                                                         r[i]=(i+1)\%(m+1);
    }
                                                                                         l[i]=(i-1+m+1)%(m+1);
    remove(c);
                                                                                         u[i]=d[i]=i;
    for (int i = D[c]; i != c; i = D[i]) {
                                                                                     }
        O[k] = RH[i];
                                                                                     cnt=m+1;
        for (int j = R[i]; j != i; j = R[j]) {
                                                                                     for(i=1; i<=n; i++) {
            remove(CH[j]);
                                                                                         rowh=-1;
        }
                                                                                         for(j=1; j<=m; j++) {
        if (DLX(k + 1)) {
                                                                                             if(mat[i][j])
            return true;
                                                                                                  s[j]++; u[cnt]=u[j]; d[u[j]]=cnt;
        for (int j = L[i]; j != i; j = L[j]) {
                                                                                                 u[j]=cnt; d[cnt]=j; row[cnt]=i; c[cnt]=j;
            resume(CH[j]);
                                                                                                 if(rowh==-1) {
        }
                                                                                                     1[cnt]=r[cnt]=cnt; rowh=cnt;
    }
                                                                                                 }
    resume(c);
                                                                                                  else {
    return false;
                                                                                                     l[cnt] = l[rowh]; r[l[rowh]] = cnt;
}
                                                                                                     r[cnt] = rowh; l[rowh] = cnt;
                                                                                                 }
    Dancing Links 重复覆盖 (矩阵处理)
                                                                                                  cnt++;
                                                                                             }
                                                                                         }
const int head = 0;
                                                                                     }
const int INF=10000000;
const int maxn = 1700;
                                                                                  void remove(int c) {
const int maxd = 1000000:
                                                                                     for(int i=d[c]; i!=c; i=d[i]) {
int N, M, K, n, m, cnt, res;
```

int mat[maxn] [maxn], s[maxn], l[maxd], r[maxd], u[maxd], d[maxd], c[maxd], o[

r[l[i]]=r[i]; l[r[i]]=l[i];

for(int i=d[c]; i!=c; i=d[i])

}

void resume(int c) {

}

```
r[l[i]]=l[r[i]]=i;
}
int h() {
    bool has[maxn]:
    memset(has, false, sizeof(has));
    int ans=0;
    for(int i=r[head]; i!=head; i=r[i])
        if(!has[i]) {
            ans++;
            for(int j=d[i]; j!=i; j=d[j])
                for(int k=r[j]; k!=j; k=r[k])
                    has[c[k]]=true;
        }
    return ans;
bool dfs(int k) {
    if(k+h()>=res)return false;//A* cut
    if(r[head] == head) {
        if(k<res) res=k;
        return true;
    }
    int ms=INF, cur=0;
    for(int t=r[head]; t!=head; t=r[t])
        if(s[t]<ms) {
            ms=s[t]; cur=t;
        7
    for(int i=d[cur]; i!=cur; i=d[i]) {
        remove(i):
        for(int j=r[i]; j!=i; j=r[j]) {
            remove(j); s[c[j]]--;
        }
        dfs(k+1);
        for(int j=l[i]; j!=i; j=l[j]) {
            resume(j); s[c[j]]++;
        }
        resume(i);
    }
    return false:
}
```

6 dinic

```
#include <cstring>
#include <algorithm>
using namespace std;
typedef long long LL;
const int maxn = 5001:
const int maxe = 60200;
const int inf = 2000000000; // >= maxc * 2;
struct node {
    int b, c; node *next, *anti;
} *ge[maxn], pool[maxe], *pooltp;
void init( int n ) {
    pooltp = pool; for ( int i = 0; i \le n; ++i ) ge[i] = 0;
}
node *_ins( int a, int b, int c ) {
    node *p = pooltp++; p->b = b; p->c = c; p->next = ge[a]; return ge[a] = p;
}
void ins1( int a, int b, int c ) {
    node *p = _ins(a, b, c), *q = _ins(b, a, 0);
    p->anti = q; q->anti = p;
}
bool bfs( int n, int s, int t, int dist[] ) {
    static int q[maxn], *qt, *qb;
    qb = qt = q;
    memset( dist, -1, sizeof(dist[0]) * (n+1) );
    dist[s] = 0: *qt++ = s:
    for(; qt != qb; qb++) {
        for ( node *p = ge[*qb]; p; p = p->next ) {
            if (p->c \&\& dist[p->b] == -1) {
                dist[p->b] = dist[*qb] + 1;
                *qt++ = p->b;
                if ( p->b == t ) return true;
```

```
}
    }
    return false:
}
LL maxflow( int n, int s, int t ) {
    static int dist[maxn], pre[maxn];
    static node *cur[maxn], *path[maxn];
    LL tot = 0;
    while (bfs(n, s, t, dist)) {
        memcpy( cur, ge, sizeof(ge[0]) * (n+1) );
        for ( int i = s; dist[s] != -1; ) {
            if ( i == t ) {
                int flow = inf;
                for (; i != s; i = pre[i]) flow = min( flow, path[i]->c );
                tot += flow:
                for ( int i = t; i != s; i = pre[i] ) {
                    path[i]->c -= flow; path[i]->anti->c += flow;
                }
            }
            for ( node *&p = cur[i]; p; p = p->next ) {
                int v = p->b;
                if ( p->c && dist[v] == dist[i] + 1 ) {
                    pre[v] = i; path[v] = 0; i = v; break;
                }
            }
            if ( cur[i] == 0 ) {
                dist[i] = -1; i = pre[i];
            }
        }
    return tot;
}
int main() {
}
```

7 costflow

```
const int maxn = 5001 * 2, maxe = 60200 * 5;
const int inf = 20000000000: // >= maxc * 2
struct node {
    int b, c, w; node *next, *anti;
} *ge[maxn], pool[maxe], *pooltp;
void init(int n) {
    pooltp = pool; for ( int i = 0; i \le n; ++i ) ge[i] = 0;
}
inline node* ins(int a, int b, int c, int w) {
    node *p = pooltp++; p->b = b; p->c = c; p->w = w; p->next = ge[a]; ge[a] = b
        p; return p;
}
inline void ins1(int a, int b, int c, int w) {
    node *p = _ins(a, b, c, w), *q = _ins(b, a, 0, -w);
    p->anti = q; q->anti = p;
}
complex<LL> aug(int n, int s, int t, int lim) {
    static int q[maxn], *qt, *qb, inq[maxn], dis[maxn], pre[maxn];
    static node *path[maxn];
#define enq(x) { *qt++ = x; if (qt == q + maxn) qt = q; inq[x] = 1; }
#define deq(x) { x = *qb++; if (qb == q + maxn) qb = q; inq[x] = 0; }
    qb = qt = q; enq(s);
    rep(i, n+1) dist[i] = 0; dist[s] = 0;
    while (qb != qt) {
        int u; deq(u);
        for (node *p = ge[u]; p; p = p \rightarrow next) {
            if (p->c > 0 \&\& dist[p->b] > dist[u] + p->w) {
                dist[p->b] = dist[u] + p->w;
                pre[p->b] = u; path[p->b] = p;
                if (!inq[p->b]) enq(p->b);
            }
        }
```

```
}
    LL flow = lim, cost = 0;
    if ( dist[t] == inf ) return complex<LL>(0, 0);
    for(int i = t; i != s; i = pre[i])
        flow = min<LL>(flow, path[i]->c);
    for(int i = t; i != s; i = pre[i]) {
        cost += flow * path[i]->w;
        path[i]->c -= flow; path[i]->anti->c += flow;
    }
    return complex<LL>(flow, cost);
}
complex<LL> mincostmaxflow(int n, int s, int t, int lim = inf) {
    complex<LL> ret = 0, del;
    while ((del = aug(n, s, t, lim)).real() > 0) {
        ret += del; lim -= del.real();
    }
    return ret;
}
```

8 planarmincut

```
#include <vector>
#include <iostream>
#include <set>
#include <cmath>
using namespace std;

typedef long long LL;
#define mp make_pair
#define pb push_back
#define rep(i, n) for(int i = 0; i < (n); ++i)

template < class T > inline void chkmin(T& a, const T& b) { if (a > b) a = b; }

typedef pair < int, int > Point;
#define x first
#define y second
```

```
const int maxn = 100000 * 2 + 5;
const int maxe = maxn * 2 + 5:
struct Graph {
    vector< pair<int, int> > ge[maxn]; int n;
    void init(int nn) {
        n = nn; rep(i, n) ge[i].clear();
    void ins2(int a, int b, int c) {
        ge[a].pb( mp(b, c) ); ge[b].pb( mp(a, c) );
    LL sssp(int s, int t) {
        set < pair < LL, int > h;
        static LL dis[maxn];
        for ( int i = 0; i < n; ++i ) {
            dis[i] = i == s ? 0 : inf:
            h.insert( mp(dis[i], i) );
        }
        while ( !h.empty() ) {
            int u = h.begin()->second; h.erase(h.begin());
            for (int k = 0; k < ge[u].size(); ++k) {
                int v = ge[u][k].first, d = ge[u][k].second;
                if ( dis[v] > dis[u] + d ) {
                    h.erase( mp(dis[v], v) );
                    dis[v] = dis[u] + d;
                    h.insert( mp(dis[v], v) );
               }
            }
        return dis[t];
} graph;
struct MaxflowPlanar {
    Point p[maxn]:
    int n, ecnt, fcnt;
```

const int inf = 1000000000;

```
struct edge {
                                                                                            ptr[i]->find = fcnt; ptr[i]->vis = 1;
    int a, b, c, vis, find;
                                                                                            for (edge* p = ptr[i]->next(); p != ptr[i]; p = p->next() )
    edge *prev, *anti;
                                                                                                 p \rightarrow find = fcnt, p \rightarrow vis = 1;
    double ang;
                                                                                            ++fcnt:
    edge *next() {
        return anti->prev;
                                                                                        graph.init(fcnt);
    }
                                                                                        int s = -1, t = -1;
    void init(int aa, int bb, int cc, double aang, edge *aanti) {
                                                                                        for (int i = 0; i < ecnt; ++i) {
        a = aa; b = bb; c = cc; ang = aang, anti = aanti;
                                                                                            if (ptr[i]->c != inf) {
        vis = 0;
                                                                                                 graph.ins2(ptr[i]->find, ptr[i]->anti->find, ptr[i]->c);
    7
                                                                                            } else if (s == -1) {
} e[maxe], *ptr[maxe];
                                                                                                 s = ptr[i]->find, t = ptr[i]->anti->find;
                                                                                            }
struct Cmp {
    bool operator()(const edge *x, const edge* y) const {
                                                                                        return graph.sssp(s, t);
        if (x->a != y->a) return x->a < y->a;
                                                                                } flow;
        return x->ang < y->ang;
    }
};
                                                                                void solve() {
                                                                                    int n, m; cin >> n >> m;
void init(Point q[], int nn) {
                                                                                    static Point p[maxn];
    n = nn; ecnt = fcnt = 0; copy(q, q + n, p);
                                                                                    int maxY = -inf, minY = inf;
}
                                                                                    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
                                                                                        scanf("%d%d", &p[i].x, &p[i].y);
                                                                                        chkmin(minY, p[i].y); chkmax(maxY, p[i].y);
void ins2(int a, int b, int c) {
    int dy = p[b].y - p[a].y, dx = p[b].x - p[a].x;
                                                                                    7
    e[ecnt].init(a, b, c, atan21(dy, dx), &e[ecnt^1]); ++ecnt;
                                                                                    int s = \min \text{ element}(p, p + n) - p, t = \max \text{ element}(p, p + n) - p;
    e[ecnt].init(b, a, c, atan21(-dy, -dx), &e[ecnt^1]); ++ecnt;
                                                                                    p[n] = mp(p[s].x-1, maxY+1); p[n+1] = mp(p[t].x+1, maxY+1); //??
LL maxflow() {
                                                                                    flow.init(p, n + 2);
    for (int i = 0; i < ecnt; ++i) ptr[i] = e + i;
                                                                                    flow.ins2(s, n, inf); flow.ins2(n, n + 1, inf); flow.ins2(n+1, t, inf);
    sort( ptr, ptr + ecnt, Cmp() );
                                                                                    for (int i = 0; i < m; ++i) {
    for (int i = 0, j; i < ecnt; i = j) {
                                                                                        int a, b, c; scanf("%d%d%d", &a, &b, &c);
        for (j = i + 1; j < ecnt && ptr[i] -> a == ptr[j] -> a; ++j);
                                                                                        flow.ins2(a-1, b-1, c);
        for (int k = i; k < j; ++k) ptr[k]->prev = ptr[k-1];
                                                                                    }
        ptr[i]->prev = ptr[j-1];
                                                                                    cout << flow.maxflow() << endl;</pre>
    }
                                                                                }
    for (int i = 0: i < ecnt: ++i) {
        if (ptr[i]->vis) continue;
                                                                                int main() { int re; cin >> re; while (re--) solve(); }
```



9 kosaraju

```
const int maxn = 500000 + 5:
const int inf = 2000000000:
int vis[maxn], order[maxn], group[maxn], cnt;
struct node { int b; node *next;
} *ge[maxn], *gr[maxn], *gg[maxn], pool[maxn * 10], *pooltp = pool;
void dfs(int u) {
    vis[u] = 1:
    for (node *p = ge[u]; p; p = p->next) {
        int v = p \rightarrow b; if (!vis[v]) dfs(v):
    }
    order[cnt++] = u;
}
void rfs(int u) {
    vis[u] = 1; group[u] = cnt;
    for (node *p = gr[u]; p; p = p \rightarrow next) {
        int v = p \rightarrow b; if (!vis[v]) rfs(v);
    }
}
int scc(int n) {
    cnt = 0; clr(vis, 0, n+1);
    rep(i, n) if (!vis[i]) dfs(i); //may be changed to 1..n
    cnt = 0: clr(vis. 0. n+1):
    for (int i = n-1; i >= 0; --i) {
        int u = order[i]: if (!vis[u]) {
            rfs(u); ++cnt;
        }
    }
    return cnt;
}
#define ins(ge, a, b) {\
    node * p = pooltp++: p->b = b: p->next = ge[a]: ge[a] = p: }
```

```
int val[maxn], dest[maxn];
int group_val[maxn], group_dest[maxn];
int dp[maxn];
int main() {
    int n, m, a, b, s;
    while (cin >> n >> m) {
        clr(ge, 0, n); clr(gr, 0, n); clr(dest, 0, n);
       pooltp = pool;
       rep(i, m) {
            scanf("%d%d", &a, &b); --a; --b;
            ins(ge, a, b); ins(gr, b, a);
       }
        rep(i, n) {
            scanf("%d", &val[i]); dest[--b] = 1;
        scanf("%d%d", &s, &a); --s;
        rep(i, a) {
            scanf("%d", &b); dest[--b] = true;
       }
        scc(n);
        rep(i, cnt) {
            group_val[i] = group_dest[i] = 0;
            dp[i] = -inf; gg[i] = 0;
       }
        s = group[s];
        rep(i, n) {
            group_dest[ group[i] ] |= dest[i];
            group val[ group[i] ] += val[i];
            for (node *p = ge[i]; p; p = p->next) {
                if ( group[i] == group[p->b] ) continue;
               ins(gg, group[i], group[p->b]);
            }
       }
        static int q[maxn], *qt, *qb, inq[maxn];
#define eng(x) { *qt++ = x; if (qt == q + maxn) qt = q; ing[x] = 1; }
#define deq(x) { x = *qb++; if (qb == q + maxn) qb = q; inq[x] = 0; }
        clr(inq, 0, cnt); qb = qt = q;
        eng(s); dp[s] = group val[s];
```

```
while (qb != qt) {
    int u; deq(u);
    for (node *p = gg[u]; p; p = p->next) {
        if (dp[p->b] < dp[s] + group_val[p->adj]) {
            dp[p->b] = dp[s] + group_val[p->b];
            if (!inq[p->b]) enq(p->b);
        }
    }
    int maxval = 0;
    rep(i, cnt) if ( group_dest[i] && dp[i] > maxval )
        maxval = dp[i];
    cout << maxval << endl;
}
</pre>
```

10 kmp AND exkmp

```
void preMP(const char x[], int m, int next[]) {
    int i, j;
    i = next[0] = -1; j = 0;
    while (j < m) {
        while (i > -1 && x[i] != x[i]) i = next[i]:
        next[++i] = ++i;
    }
}
int kmp(const char x[], int m, const char y[], int n) {
    int i = 0, j = 0, ret;
    preMP(x, m, next);
    while(j < n) {
        while (i > -1 \&\& x[i] != y[j]) i = next[i];
        ++i; ++j;
        if (i >= m) {
            //OUTPUT(i - i)
            ret++; i = next[i];
        }
    }
    return ret:
```

```
void prez(const char x[], int m, int next[]) {
    int j, k = 1, r = 0; next[0] = m;
    for (int i = 1; i < m; ++i) {
        if ( i + next[i-k] < r ) {</pre>
            next[i] = next[i-k];
        } else {
            for (j = max(r-i, 0); i + j < m && x[i+j] == x[j]; ++j);
            next[i] = j; k = i; r = i + j;
       }
    }
}
//next[i]: lcp of x[i..m-1] and x[0..m-1]
//ext[i]: lcp of y[i..n-1] and x[0..m-1]
void z(const char x[], int m, const char y[], int n, int next[], int ext[]) {
    int k = 0, r = 0, j;
    prez(x, m, next); next[0] = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
        if ( i + next[i-k] < r ) {</pre>
            ext[i] = next[i-k];
        } else {
            for (j = max(r-i, 0); j < m && i + j < n && x[j] == y[i+j]; ++j);
            ext[i] = j; k = i; r = i + j;
    }
}
```

11 FFT

```
#include <algorithm>
#include <cassert>
using namespace std;
typedef long long LL;

#define rep(i, n) for (int i = 0; i < (n); ++i)
const int maxn = 10000;

struct Zp {
   const LL mod; const int pri;</pre>
```

```
Zp(LL mod, int pri) : mod(mod), pri(pri) {
Zp(LL mod) : mod(mod), pri( primitive() ) {
LL add(LL a, LL b) {
    a += b; return a >= mod ? a - mod : a;
}
LL sub(LL a, LL b) {
    a -= b; return a < 0 ? a + mod : a;
}
LL mul(LL a, LL b) {
    if ( mod <= 1000000000 ) return a * b % mod;
    LL t = (LL)( (double)a * b / mod + 0.5);
    LL r = (a * b - t * mod) \% mod;
    return r \ge 0 ? r : r + mod;
}
LL pow(LL a, LL b) {
    LL r = 1;
    for (;b;) {
        if ( b & 1 ) r = mul(r, a);
        if ( b >>= 1 ) a = mul(a, a);
    }
    return r;
LL inv(LL a) {
    return pow(a, mod - 2);
}
void fft(int n, LL root, LL a[]) {
    for (int m = n; m \ge 2; m \ge 1) {
        int mh = m \gg 1; LL w = 1;
        for (int i = 0; i < mh; ++i) {
            for (int j = i; j < n; j += m) {
                int k = j + mh;
                LL t = sub(a[j], a[k]);
                a[j] = add(a[j], a[k]);
                a[k] = mul(w, t);
            }
            w = mul(w, root);
        }
```

```
root = mul(root, root);
        }
        for (int j = 1, i = 0; j < n - 1; ++j) {
            for (int k = n >> 1: k > (i ^= k): k >>= 1):
            if (j < i) swap(a[i], a[j]);</pre>
        }
   }
    void dft(const LL a[], int an, LL b[], int n) {
        LL root = pow(pri, mod / n);
        copy(a, a + an, b); fill(b + an, b + n, 0);
        fft(n, root, b);
   }
    void nft(const LL a[], LL b[], int n) {
        LL root = pow(pri, mod / n); root = inv(root);
        copy(a, a + n, b);
        fft(n, root, b);
        LL invn = inv(n);
        rep(i, n) b[i] = mul(b[i], invn);
    int primitive() {
        int n = mod - 1;
        LL p[25], pcnt = 0;
        for (LL i = 2; i * i <= n; ++i) {
            if ( n % i == 0 ) {
                do n /= i; while (n \% i == 0);
                p[pcnt++] = i;
            }
        }
        if (n > 1) p[pcnt++] = n;
        for (int g = 2; ; ++g) {
            int ok = 1; //assert(pow(q, mod-1) == 1);
            rep(i, pcnt) if ( pow(g, (mod-1)/p[i]) == 1 ) {
                ok = 0: break:
            if (ok) return g;
        }
    }
} zp(0xb1a2bc2edc0001LL, 3);
```

```
struct poly {
    const static int maxn = ::maxn * 4 + 5;
    LL a[maxn]: int n:
    template < class T > void init(const T a[], int n) {
        this->n = n; copy(a, a + n, this->a);
    }
    LL eval(LL x) const {
        LL ans = 0:
        for (int i = n - 1; i \ge 0; --i)
            ans = zp.add( zp.mul(ans, x), a[i] );
        return ans;
    }
    friend void mul(poly& r, const poly& x, const poly& y) {
        static LL xb[maxn], yb[maxn];
        int n = 1; while ( n < x.n + y.n ) n *= 2;
        LL root = zp.pow( zp.pri, zp.mod / n );
        zp.dft( x.a, x.n, xb, n );
        rep(i, n) assert( x.eval(zp.pow(root, i)) == xb[i] );
        zp.dft( y.a, y.n, yb, n );
        rep(i, n) assert( y.eval(zp.pow(root, i)) == yb[i] );
        rep(i, n) xb[i] = zp.mul(xb[i], yb[i]);
        zp.nft(xb, r.a, n);
        r.n = n; while (r.n > 0 && r.a[r.n-1] == 0) --r.n;
};
struct mp { //BigUnsignedInteger
    static const int digit = 4;
    static const int base = 10000;
    static const int cap = 50000 * 2 + 5; // 10 ^ 500
    static const int maxn = cap / digit + 1;
    int dat[maxn], n;
    mp(const mp& o) : n(o.n) {
        copy(o.dat, o.dat + n, dat);
    }
    mp(LL v = 0) {
        for (n = 0; v; v \neq base) dat[n++] = v % base:
    }
```

```
void parse(const char *s) {
    n = 0:
    for (int i = strlen(s) - 1, v = 0, m = 1; i >= 0; --i) {
        v = v + (s[i] - '0') * m: m *= 10:
        if (m == base || i == 0) {
            dat[n++] = v; v = 0; m = 1;
       }
    }
char *toString(char *s) const {
    if (n == 0) {
        sprintf(s, "0");
   } else {
        char *p = s;
        p += sprintf(p, "%d", dat[n-1]);
        for (int i = n - 2; i \ge 0; --i)
            p += sprintf(p, "%0*d", digit, dat[i]);
    }
    return s;
char *toString() const {
    static char buf[cap + 5]; return toString(buf);
friend void add(mp& r, const mp& x, const mp& y) {
    int i = 0:
    for (int t = 0; i < x.n | | i < y.n | | t; ++i, t /= base) {
        if (i < x.n) t += x.dat[i];</pre>
        if (i < y.n) t += y.dat[i];</pre>
        r.dat[i] = t % base;
    }
    r.n = i;
friend void sub(mp& r, const mp& x, const mp& y) {
    r.n = x.n;
    for (int i = 0, t = 0; i < r.n; ++i) {
        r.dat[i] = x.dat[i] - t;
        if ( i < v.n ) r.dat[i] = v.dat[i]:
        if ( r.dat[i] < 0 ) {
            t = 1; r.dat[i] += base;
```

};

```
} else {
                t = 0;
            }
        }
        while (r.n \&\& r.dat[r.n - 1] == 0) --r.n;
    }
    friend void mul(mp& r, const mp& x, int y) {
        int i = 0:
        for (LL t = 0; i < x.n \mid | t; ++i, t /= base) {
            if (i < x.n) t += (LL)(x.dat[i]) * y;
            r.dat[i] = t % base;
        }
        r.n = i;
    friend void mulfft(mp& r, const mp& x, const mp& y) {
        static poly px, py, pr;
        px.init(x.dat, x.n);
        py.init(y.dat, y.n);
        mul(pr, px, py);
        int i = 0:
        for (LL t = 0; i < pr.n \mid \mid t; ++i, t /= base) {
            if (i < pr.n) t += pr.a[i];
            r.dat[i] = t % base;
        r.n = i;
    }
    friend void div(mp& q, int &r, const mp& x, int y) {
        q.n = x.n; r = 0;
        for (int i = x.n - 1; i \ge 0; --i, r \% = y) {
            r = r * base + x.dat[i];
            q.dat[i] = r / v;
        }
        while (q.n && q.dat[q.n-1] == 0) --q.n;
    }
int main() {
    static mp x, y, z;
```

```
static char buf[1000000];
    while ( gets(buf) ) {
        x.parse(buf);
        gets(buf); y.parse(buf);
        mulfft(z, x, y);
       puts( z.toString() );
   }
}
12 rho
LL rho(LL n) {
   LL x, y, d, c;
   for (int k, i;;) {
       c = rand() \% (n - 1) + 1;
       x = y = rand() \% n;
       k = 2: i = 1:
       do {
            d = gcd(ABS(x - y), n);
            if ( d > 1 && d < n ) return d;
            if ( ++i == k ) y = x, k *= 2;
            x = mul_mod(x, x, n); x = (x + c) % n;
       } while ( x != y );
   }
}
13 romberg
real f(real x) {
    return exp(-x * x);
//0(2 ^ maxitr) function evaluations
real Romberg(real a, real b, real(*f)(real), real eps, int maxitr = 20) {
    real T[maxitr][maxitr];
    for (int i = 0; i < maxitr; ++i) {</pre>
        real h = (b - a) / (1 << i), x = a + h, pow = 4;
       T[i][0] = (f(a) + f(b)) / 2;
```

for (int j = (1 << i) - 1; j >= 1; x += h, --j) T[i][0] += f(x); T[i]

][0] *= h;