1 Formula

- Eular Formular: |V| |E| + |F| = 2
- $|A \cup B \cup C| = |A| + |B| + |C| |A \cap B| |A \cap C| |B \cap C| + |A \cap B \cap C|$
- $|\bar{A} \cap \bar{B} \cap \bar{C}| = |\Omega| |A| |B| |C| + |A \cap B| + |A \cap C| + |B \cap C| |A \cap B \cap C|$
- Catalan Number: $C_n = (4n-2)/(n+1)C_{n-1}$
- 记得树可以通过 dfs 序列化
- Floyd 算法别忘了设置 dist[i][i] = 0
- 想着比赛的时候可以打表
- 初始化一定不要忘记
- 提交时记得把所有的调试信息都删掉
- 想着可以用二分的方法,把问题转化为判定问题。
- 对于几何问题,没想法就先动手画画图,别上来就解析法。
- 数组一定要开的足够打大,能用 LL 就别用 int
- treedp 尽量别一个人瞎想
- 数位 dp 一定要写暴力 check
- 最大 (极大) 独立集 + 最小 (极小)(点) 覆盖集 = V
- 最大 (极大) 团 = 补图的最大 (极大) 独立集
- 二分图的最大独立集 = V 二分图的最大匹配
- 二分图的最大 (点权) 独立集 = SUM 二分图的最佳匹配
- 二分图的最小(边权)覆盖 = 二分图的最佳匹配
- 二分图的最小 (点权) 覆盖 = 最小割 (X-Y 之间的边设为 inf)
- 二分图的最小覆盖 = 二分图的最大匹配
- 注意求递推式的时候可能要用到二项式定理, 如求 $\Sigma_{i=1}^n i^k k^i (k \le 50)$

2 Polya

Burnside 引理: 设 $G = \{p_1, p_2, ..., p_g\}$ 是目标集 [1, n] 上的置换群,G 将 [1, n] 分成 L 个等价类。设 $c_1(p_k)$ 是在置换 p_k 作用下不动点的个数 (也就是长度为 1 的循环的个数), 则等价类的个数

$$L = \frac{1}{|G|} \sum_{i=1}^{g} c_1(p_i)$$

Pòlya 定理: 设 $G = \{a_1, a_2, ..., a_{|G|}\}$ 是 $N = \{1, 2, ..., N\}$ 上的置换群, 现用 m 种颜色对这 N 个点染色, 则不同的染色方案数为:

$$S = \frac{(m^{c_1} + m^{c_2} + \dots + m^{c_{|G|}})}{|G|}$$

常见置换的循环数

- 旋转:n 个点顺时针 (逆时针) 旋转 i 个位置的置换, 循环数为 gcd(n,i)
- 翻转:
 - -n 为偶数时: 对称轴不过顶点, 循环数为 n/2 对称轴过顶点: 循环数为 n/2+1
 - -n 为奇数时: 循环数为 (n+1)/2

立方体面用 k 种颜色涂色

$$\frac{8k^2 + 12k^3 + 3k^4 + k^6}{24}$$

3 Edit Esp

4 Java Header

```
class Task {
    void solve( int ri, InputReader in, PrintWriter out ) {
        BigDecimal a = new BigDecimal("23213432.2142143");
        a = a.round( new MathContext(10, RoundingMode.HALF_UP) );
        out.println( a.toPlainString() );
    }
}
class InputReader {
    private BufferedReader reader;
    private StringTokenizer tokenizer;
    public InputReader( InputStream sm ) {
        reader = new BufferedReader( new InputStreamReader(sm) );
        tokenizer = null:
    }
    public String next() {
        while ( tokenizer == null || !tokenizer.hasMoreTokens() ) {
            trv {
                tokenizer = new StringTokenizer( reader.readLine() );
            } catch( IOException e ) {
                throw new RuntimeException(e);
            }
        }
        return tokenizer.nextToken();
    ufset
int find(int x) {
    int r = x. totdist = 0:
    for (; r != fa[r]; r = fa[r]) totdist += dist[r];
    for (int y, dx; x != r; totdist -= dx, x = y) {
        y = fa[x]; dx = dist[x]; fa[x] = r; dist[x] = totdist;
    }
    return r:
```

6 leftist

```
namespace LeftistTree {
    const int maxn = 10000:
    typedef struct LeftistHeapNode {
        int key, dist;
        LeftistHeapNode *left, *right, *father;
   } *LeftistHeap;
    LeftistHeap null = new LeftistHeapNode;
    void init() { null->dist = -1: }
   LeftistHeap newnode(int key, int dist = 0) {
        LeftistHeap p = new LeftistHeapNode;
        p->left = p->right = p->father = null;
        p->key = key; p->dist = dist; return p;
   LeftistHeap merge(LeftistHeap a, LeftstHeap b) {
        if (a == null) return b; else if (b == null) return a;
        if (a->key < b->key) swap(a, b); // 小根堆>:: 大根堆<:
        a->right = merge(a->right, b):
        a->right->father = a;
        if (a->left->dist < a->right->dist) swap(a->left, a->right);
        a \rightarrow dist = a \rightarrow right \rightarrow dist + 1;
        return a;
   }
    void deletemin(LeftistHeap &p) {
        p = merge(p->left, p->right);
    void deletenode(LeftistHeap p) {
        if (p == null) return:
        LeftistHeap f = p->father, q = merge(p->left, p->right);
        q->father = f;
        if (f\rightarrow left == p) f\rightarrow left = q; else f\rightarrow right = q;
        for (;f != null; f = f \rightarrow father) {
            if ( f->left->dist < f->right->dist ) swap(f->left, f->right);
            if ( f->right->dist + 1 == f->dist ) return;
```

3

bool operator()(const Node *x, const Node *y) const {

```
f->dist = f->right->dist + 1;
                                                                                         return x->key < y->key;
        }
                                                                                     }
    }
                                                                                 };
    LeftistHeap O[maxn * 2], *Qt, *Qb:
                                                                                 Node *build(Node node[], int n) {
    LeftistHeap build(LeftistHeap Q[], LeftistHeap *Qt) {
                                                                                     static Node *ptr[maxn];
        if ( Qb == Qt ) return null;
                                                                                     Node *r, *last, *cur;
        for (; Qb + 1 != Qt; Qb += 2) {
                                                                                     rep(i, n) ptr[i] = node + i;
            *Qt++ = merge(Qb[0], Qb[1]);
                                                                                     sort(ptr, ptr + n, lessKey());
        }
                                                                                     r = last = ptr[0];
        return *Qb;
                                                                                     r->father = r->left = r->right = null;
    }
                                                                                     for (int i = 1; i < n; ++i) {
} //end namespace
                                                                                         cur = ptr[i];
                                                                                         cur->father = cur->left = cur->right = null;
/** 表示一个集合, 可以快速实现以下功能
                                                                                         if (cur->value < r->value) {
  * 取得集合的中位数 (如果有两个,则去较小的那个)
                                                                                             cur->left = r; r->father = cur;
  * 合并两个集合
                                                                                             last = r = cur;
  */
                                                                                         } else {
strut MedianSet {
                                                                                             while (cur->value <= last->value) last = last->father;
    int n; LeftistTree::leftistHeap s; //大根堆
                                                                                             cur->left = last->right; last->right->father = cur;
                                                                                             last->right = cur; cur->father = last;
    MediaSet(int key) { s = LeftistTree::newnode(key); n = 1; }
                                                                                             last = cur;
                                                                                         }
    int getMedia() { return s->key;}
    MediaSet &merge(MediaSet b) {
        this->s = LeftistTree::merge(this->s, b.s);
                                                                                     return r;
        if (this->n % 2 && b.n % 2) LeftistTree::deletemin(this->s);
                                                                                 }
        this->n += b.n; return *this;
    }
                                                                                 void poj2201 {
};
                                                                                     null = new Node; null->ind = 0;
                                                                                     for (int n; cin >> n; ) {
    CartesianTree
                                                                                         rep(i, n) {
                                                                                             scanf("%d%d", &node[i].key, &node[i].value);
                                                                                             node[i].ind = i + 1;
struct Node {
    int /*TREE*/ key, /*HEAP*/ val, ind;
                                                                                         build(node, n); puts("YES");
    Node *father, *left, *right;
                                                                                         rep(i, n) {
} node[maxn], *null;
                                                                                             Node *p = node + i;
                                                                                             printf("%d<sub>\\\</sub>%d<sub>\\\</sub>%d\n", p->father->ind, p->left->ind, p->right->ind);
struct lessKev {
                                                                                         }
```

4

```
Beihang Univ.
```

```
8 kmp & z
```

}

```
//next[i]: x[i-next[i]...i-1] = x[0..next[i]-1]
void preMP(const char x[], int m, int next[]) {
    int i, j;
    i = next[0] = -1; j = 0;
    while (j < m) {
        while (i > -1 \&\& x[i] != x[j]) i = next[i];
        next[++i] = ++i;
    }
}
int kmp(const char x[], int m, const char y[], int n) {
    int i = 0, j = 0, ret = 0;
    preMP(x, m, next);
    while(j < n) {
        while (i > -1 \&\& x[i] != y[j]) i = next[i];
        ++i; ++j;
        if (i >= m) {
            //OUTPUT(i - i)
            ret++; i = next[i];
        }
    }
    return ret;
}
void prez(const char x[], int m, int next[]) {
    int j, k = 1, r = 0; next[0] = m;
    for (int i = 1; i < m; ++i) {
        if ( i + next[i-k] < r ) {</pre>
            next[i] = next[i-k];
        } else {
            for (j = max(r-i, 0); i + j < m && x[i+j] == x[j]; ++j);
            next[i] = j; k = i; r = i + j;
        }
    }
```

```
}
//next[i]: lcp of x[i..m-1] and x[0..m-1]
//ext[i]: lcp of y[i..n-1] and x[0..m-1]
void z(const char x[], int m, const char y[], int n, int next[], int ext[]) {
    int k = 0, r = 0, j;
   prez(x, m, next); next[0] = 0;
   for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
        if ( i + next[i-k] < r ) {</pre>
            ext[i] = next[i-k];
       } else {
            for (j = max(r-i, 0); j < m && i + j < n && x[j] == y[i+j]; ++j);
            ext[i] = j; k = i; r = i + j;
   }
}
int minCircularDenote(char *s, int n){ //@Return: the index of minimal denote
    strncpy(s + n, s, n); //Notice: s will be double
    int i = 0, j = 1;
   for (;;){
        int k = 0;
        while (k < n \&\& s[i+k] == s[j+k]) k++;
        if (k == n) return i;
        if (s[i+k] > s[j+k]) i = max(i+k+1, j+1); else j = max(j+k+1, i+1);
        if (i == j) j++; else if (i > j) swap(i, j);
        if (j >= n) return i;
   }
}
```

9 manacher

```
int n = 0;
    t[n++] = '^-'; // of importance
    for (char *is = s; *is; is++ )
        t[n] = '#', t[n+1] = *is, n += 2;
    t[n++] = '#'; t[n] = 0;
    int c = 0, r = 0; p[0] = 0;
    for (int i = 1: i < n: i++){
        int i = 2 * c - i;
        p[i] = r > i ? min(r-i, p[j]) : 0;
        while ( t[i+1+p[i]] == t[i-1-p[i]] )
            p[i]++;
        if (i+p[i] > r)
            c = i, r = i + p[i];
    }
}
10
     dfa
const int maxc = 200:
int hash[255]:
struct node {
    node *fail, *next[4];
    int flag, ind, is_terminal, length;
    void *operator new(size_t);
} *root, *null, pool[maxc], *pooltop;
typedef node *pnode;
pnode Q[maxc], *Qb, *Qt;
void *node::operator new(size_t) {
    memset(pooltop, 0, sizeof pooltop);
    pooltop->length = -1; return pooltop++;
}
void insert(char *s, int iter) {
    node *p = root;
    int L = strlen(s);
```

```
for (int j; *s; p = p->next) {
        i = hash[*s++];
        if (!p->next[j]) p->next[j] = new node;
    p->flag |= 1 << iter;
    p->is_terminal = 1;
    p->length = max(p->length, L);
}
void build() {
    pnode p, q; Qb = Qt = Q;
    *Qt = root; root \rightarrow ind = Qt - Q; Qt++;
    for (int j = 0; j < 4; ++j) //edit 4
        null->next[j] = root;
    root->fail = null;
    for(;Qt != Qb;) {
        p = *Qb++;
        for (int j = 0; j < 4; ++j) {
            if (p->next[i]) {
                 p->next[j]->fail = p->fail->next[j];
                 *Qt = p \rightarrow next[j]; p \rightarrow next[j] \rightarrow ind = Qt - Q; Qt++;
                 chkmax( p->next[j]->length, p->next[j]->fail->length );
                 p->next[j]->flag |= p->next[j]->fail->flag;
            } else {
                 p->next[j] = p->fail->next[j];
        }
}
int dp[2000][200][12];
const int p = 1000000009;
void add(int &a, int b) { ((a += b) >= p) ? a -= p : a; }
int main() {
    hash['A'] = 0; hash['T'] = 1; hash['G'] = 2; hash['C'] = 3;
    int n. m: char s[100]:
    while (cin >> n >> m) {
```

```
pooltop = pool; null = new node; root = new node;
        rep(i, m) {
            scanf("%s", s); insert(s, i);
        build();
        int cnt = Qt - Q;
        rep(i, n+1) rep(j, cnt) rep(k, 12) dp[i][j][k] = 0;
#define Next(j, k) (Q[j]->next[k]->ind)
#define Flag(j) (Q[j]->flag)
#define isTerminal(j) (Q[j]->is_terminl)
        dp[0][0][0] = 1;
        rep(i, n+1) rep(j, cnt) rep(L, 10) {
            if (dp[i][j][L]) rep(k, 4) {
                 int nj = Next(j, k);
                if (L+1 \le Q[nj] \rightarrow length) {
                     add(dp[i+1][nj][0], dp[i][j][L]);
                } else {
                     add(dp[i+1][nj][L+1], dp[i][j][L])
                }
            }
    int res = 0;
    rep(j, cnt) add(res, dp[n][j][0]);
    cout << res << endl;</pre>
}
```

11 sa

- height[2..n]:height[i] 保存的是 lcp(sa[i],sa[i-1])
- rank[0..n-1]:rank[i] 保存的是原串中 suffix[i] 的名次

```
int wa[maxn],wb[maxn],wv[maxn],ws[maxn];
int cmp(int *r,int a,int b,int l)
{return r[a]==r[b]&&r[a+1]==r[b+1];}
void da(int *r,int *sa,int n,int m){
   int i,j,p,*x=wa,*y=wb,*t;
```

```
for(i=0;i<m;i++) ws[i]=0;
    for(i=0;i<n;i++) ws[x[i]=r[i]]++;
    for(i=1;i<m;i++) ws[i]+=ws[i-1];
    for(i=n-1;i>=0;i--) sa[--ws[x[i]]]=i;
    for(j=1,p=1;p<n;j*=2,m=p)
        for(p=0,i=n-j;i<n;i++) y[p++]=i;
        for(i=0;i<n;i++) if(sa[i]>=j) y[p++]=sa[i]-j;
        for(i=0;i<n;i++) wv[i]=x[y[i]];
        for(i=0;i<m;i++) ws[i]=0;
        for(i=0;i<n;i++) ws[wv[i]]++;
        for(i=1;i<m;i++) ws[i]+=ws[i-1];
        for(i=n-1;i>=0;i--) sa[--ws[wv[i]]]=y[i];
        for(t=x,x=y,y=t,p=1,x[sa[0]]=0,i=1;i<n;i++)
            x[sa[i]] = cmp(y, sa[i-1], sa[i], j)?p-1:p++;
    }
    return;
}
int rank[maxn],height[maxn];
void calheight(int *r,int *sa,int n){
    int i, j, k=0;
    for(i=1;i<=n;i++)rank[sa[i]]=i;
    for (i=0; i<n; height [rank[i++]]=k)
        for (k?k--:0, j=sa[rank[i]-1];r[i+k]==r[j+k];k++);
}
```

12 sam

```
const int N = 250005;
const int Mod = 2012;

struct Node {
    Node *ch[11], *fa;
    int val, way, sum;
    Node(): val(0), fa(NULL), way(0), sum(0) {
        memset(ch, 0, sizeof(ch));
    }
}pool[N * 2 + 5], *last, *root;
```

7

```
vector <Node *> vec[N];
namespace SAM {
    int cnt:
    void init() {
         if (cnt) rep(i, cnt) pool[i] = Node();
         cnt = 1; root = &pool[0]; last = root;
    }
    void add(int c) {
         Node *p = last, *np = &pool[cnt++];
         last = np;
         np \rightarrow val = p \rightarrow val + 1;
         for (; p && !p->ch[c]; p = p->fa) p->ch[c] = np;
         if (!p) {
             np->fa = root;
         } else {
             Node *q = p \rightarrow ch[c];
             if (p->val + 1 == q->val) {
                   np->fa = q;
             } else {
                  Node *nq = &pool[cnt++];
                  *nq = *q; nq->val = p->val + 1;
                 q\rightarrow fa = nq; np\rightarrow fa = nq;
                  for (; p && p->ch[c] == q; p = p->fa)
                      p \rightarrow ch[c] = nq;
             }
         }
    }
}
bool cmp(int i, int j) {
    return pool[i].val < pool[j].val;</pre>
}
int n, m; char S[N], buf[N];
void calc() {
```

```
int ans = 0; vector <int> vec;
    for (int i = 0; i < SAM::cnt; i++) {
         vec.push_back(i); pool[i].way = pool[i].sum = 0;
    sort(vec.begin(), vec.end(), cmp);
    root \rightarrow way = 1; root \rightarrow sum = 0;
    foreach (it, vec) {
        int i = *it:
        Node *p = &pool[i];
        for (int c = i == 0 ? 1 : 0; c < 10; c++) {
             if (p->ch[c]) {
                  p \rightarrow ch[c] \rightarrow way += p \rightarrow way;
                  p->ch[c]->way %= Mod;
                 p - ch[c] - sum + p - sum * 10 + p - sum * c;
                  p->ch[c]->sum %= Mod;
             }
        }
         ans += p->sum; ans %= Mod;
    printf("%d\n", ans);
}
int main(){
    while (scanf("%d", &n) != EOF) {
         m = 0:
        SAM::init();
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
             scanf("%s", buf); int len = strlen(buf);
             for (int j = 0; j < len; j++) SAM::add(buf[j] - '0');</pre>
             SAM::add(10):
        }
         calc();
    }
```

13 treap

```
struct node{
   int key, weight;
```

```
node *1,*r;
                                                                                       int dist[maxn], n;
    node(){}
    node(int k,int w):key(k),weight(w){ l=r=NULL; }
                                                                                       void init(int n) {
};
                                                                                           pooltop = pool; this->n = n; rep(i, n + 1) ge[i] = 0;
node *merge(node *p,node *q){
                                                                                       }
     if (!p)return q; else if (!q)return p;
                                                                                       node * insert(int a, int b, int c) {
     if (p->weight<q->weight){
         p->r=merge(p->r,q); return p;
                                                                                           node *p = pooltop++; p->b = b; p->c = c; p->next = ge[a]; return ge[a]
     }else{
                                                                                                = p;
         q->l=merge(p,q->l); return q;
                                                                                       }
     }
}
                                                                                       void insert1(int a, int b, int c) {
void split(node *p,int k,node *&l,node *&r){
                                                                                           node *p = _insert(a, b, c), *q = _insert(b, a, 0);
    if (!p)l=r=NULL;
                                                                                           p->anti = q; q->anti = p;
    else if (p->key<k){
        l=p; split(p->r,k,p->r,r);
                                                                                       void insert2(int a, int b, int c) {
    }else{
                                                                                           node *p = _insert(a, b, c), *q = _insert(b, a, c);
        r=p; split(p->1,k,1,p->1);
    }
                                                                                           p->anti = q; q->anti = p;
}
                                                                                       }
node *insert(node *p,node *q){
    if (!p)return q;
                                                                                       bool bfs(int s, int t) {
    if (p->weight < q->weight) {
                                                                                           static int q[maxn], *qt, *qb;
        if (p->key<q->key)p->r=insert(p->r,q); else p->l=insert(p->l,q);
                                                                                           qt = qb = q; memset(dist, -1, sizeof(dist[0] * (n+1)));
        return p;
                                                                                           dist[s] = 0; *qt++ = s;
    }else{
                                                                                           for (; qt != qb; ++qb) {
                                                                                               for (node *p = ge[*qb]; p; p = p->next) {
        split(p,q->key,q->l,q->r); return q;
    }
                                                                                                    if (p-c \&\& dist[p-b] == -1) \{ //siqn(p-c) \text{ for real flow} \}
}
                                                                                                        dist[p->b] = dist[*qb] + 1; *qt++ = p->b;
                                                                                                        if (q->b == t) return true;
                                                                                                   }
14
      dinic
                                                                                               }
                                                                                           }
struct Dinic {
                                                                                           return false;
    const static int maxn = 5001, maxe = 60200;
    const static int inf = 2000000000; // <= maxc * 2</pre>
                                                                                       LL dinic(int s. int t) {
    struct node {
                                                                                           static int pre[maxn];
        int b, c; node *next, *anti;
                                                                                           static node *cur[maxn], *path[maxn];
    } *ge[maxn], pool[maxe], *pooltop;
```

void init(int n) {

```
pooltop = pool; rep(i, n + 1) ge[i] = 0;
                                                                                   }
        LL tot = 0;
        while (bfs(s, t)) {
            memcpy(cur, ge, sizeof(ge[0]) * (n+1));
                                                                                   inline node* insert(int a. int b. int c. int w) {
            for (int i = s; dist[s] != -1; ) {
                                                                                       node *p = pooltop++; p->b = b; p->c = c; p->w = w; p->next = ge[a]; ge[a] =
                if (i == t) {
                                                                                            p; return p;
                    int flow = inf;
                                                                                   }
                    for (; i != s; i = pre[i]) flow = min(flow, paht[i]->c);
                    tot += flow;
                                                                                   inline void insert1(int a, int b, int c, int w) {
                    for (int i = t; i != s; i = pre[i]) {
                                                                                       node *p = _insert(a, b, c, w), *q = _insert(b, a, 0, -w); //notice order of
                        path[i]->c -= flow; path[i]->anti->c += flow;
                                                                                            a and b
                    }
                                                                                       p->anti = q; q->anti = p;
                }
                                                                                   }
                for (node *&p = cur[i]; p; p = p->next) {
                    int v = p->b;
                                                                                   inline void insert2(int a, int b, int c, int w) {
                    if (p\rightarrow c \&\& dist[v] == dist[i] + 1) { //siqn(p\rightarrow c) for}
                                                                                       node *p = _insert(a, b, c, w), *q = _insert(b, a, c, w);
                        real flow
                                                                                       p->anti = q; q->anti = p;
                                                                                   }
                        pre[v] = i; path[v] = p; i = v; break;
                    }
                }
                                                                                   complex<LL> aug(int n, int s, int t, int lim) {
                if (0 == cur[i]) {
                                                                                       static int q[maxn], *qt, *qb, inq[maxn], dist[maxn], pre[maxn];
                    dist[i] = -1; i = pre[i];
                                                                                       static node *path[maxn];
                }
                                                                                   #define enq(x) { *qt++ = x; if (q + maxn == qt) qt = q; inq[x] = 1; }
            }
                                                                                   #define deq(x) { x = *qb++; if (q + maxn == qb) qb = q; inq[x] = 0; }
        }
                                                                                       qb = qt = q; enq(s);
                                                                                       rep(i, n+1) dist[i] = 0; dist[s] = 0;
        return tot;
    }
                                                                                       while (qb != qt) {
} flow:
                                                                                           int u; deq(u);
                                                                                           for (node *p = ge[u]; p; p = p->next) {
                                                                                               if (p\rightarrow c \&\& dist[p\rightarrow b] > dist[u] + p\rightarrow w) { // sign(p\rightarrow c) for real}
      costflow
                                                                                                   flow
                                                                                                   dist[p->b] = dist[u] + p->w;
const int maxn = 5001 * 2, maxe = 60200 * 5;
                                                                                                   pre[p->b] = u; path[p->b] = p;
if (!inq[p->b]) enq(p->b);
                                                                                               }
struct node {
    int b, c, w; node *next, *anti;
                                                                                       }
} *ge[maxn], pool[maxe], *pooltop;
                                                                                       LL flow = lim. cost = 0:
                                                                                       if ( dist[t] == inf ) return complex<LL>(0, 0);
```

```
for(int i = t; i != s; i = pre[i])
    flow = min<LL>(flow, path[i]->c);
for(int i = t; i != s; i = pre[i]) {
    cost += flow * path[i]->w;
    path[i]->c -= flow; path[i]->anti->c += flow;
}
return complex<LL>(flow, cost);
}

complex<LL> mincostmaxflow(int n, int s, int t, int lim = inf) {
    complex<LL> ret = 0, del;
    while ( (del = aug(n, s, t, lim)).real() > 0 ) {
        ret += del; lim -= del.real();
    }
    return ret;
}
```

16 planarmincut

```
typedef pair<int, int> Point;
#define x first
#define v second
const int inf = 1000000000;
const int maxn = 100000 * 2 + 5:
const int maxe = maxn * 2 + 5;
struct Graph {
    vector< pair<int, int> > ge[maxn]; int n;
    void init(int n) {
        this->n = n; rep(i, n) ge[i].clear();
    void ins2(int a, int b, int c) {
        ge[a].pb( mp(b, c) ); ge[b].pb( mp(a, c) );
    }
    LL sssp(int s, int t) {
        set < pair < LL, int > h;
        static LL dist[maxn]:
        for ( int i = 0; i < n; ++i ) {
```

```
dist[i] = i == s ? 0 : inf;
            h.insert( mp(dist[i], i) );
        }
        while ( !h.empty() ) {
            int u = h.begin()->second; h.erase(h.begin());
            for (int k = 0; k < ge[u].size(); ++k) {</pre>
                int v = ge[u][k].first, d = ge[u][k].second;
                if ( dist[v] > dist[u] + d ) {
                    h.erase( mp(dist[v], v) );
                    dist[v] = dis[u] + d;
                    h.insert( mp(dist[v], v) );
               }
            }
        return dist[t];
} graph;
struct MaxflowPlanar {
    Point p[maxn];
    int n, ecnt, fcnt;
    struct edge {
        int a, b, c, vis, find;
        edge *prev, *anti;
        double ang;
        edge *next() {
            return anti->prev;
        void init(int a, int b, int c, double ang, edge *anti) {
            this->a = a; this->b = b; this->c = c; this->ang = ang, this->anti
                = anti;
            vis = 0:
    } e[maxe], *ptr[maxe];
    struct Cmp {
        bool operator()(const edge *x, const edge* y) const {
            if (x->a != y->a) return x->a < y->a;
```

```
return x->ang < y->ang;
    }
};
void init(Point q[], int n) {
    this->n = n; ecnt = fcnt = 0; copy(q, q + n, p);
}
void insert2(int a, int b, int c) {
    int dy = p[b].y - p[a].y, dx = p[b].x - p[a].x;
    e[ecnt].init(a, b, c, atan21(dy, dx), &e[ecnt^1]); ++ecnt;
    e[ecnt].init(b, a, c, atan21(-dy, -dx), &e[ecnt^1]); ++ecnt;
}
LL maxflow() {
    rep(i, ent) ptr[i] = e + i;
    sort( ptr, ptr + ecnt, Cmp() );
    for (int i = 0, j; i < ecnt; i = j) {
        for (j = i + 1; j < ecnt && ptr[i] -> a == ptr[j] -> a; ++j);
        for (int k = i+1; k < j; ++k) ptr[k]->prev = ptr[k-1];
        ptr[i]->prev = ptr[j-1];
    }
    rep(i, ecnt) {
        if (ptr[i]->vis) continue;
        ptr[i]->find = fcnt; ptr[i]->vis = 1;
        for (edge* p = ptr[i]->next(); p != ptr[i]; p = p->next() )
            p \rightarrow find = fcnt, p \rightarrow vis = 1;
        ++fcnt;
    }
    graph.init(fcnt);
    int s = -1. t = -1:
    rep(i, ecnt) {
        if (ptr[i]->c != inf) {
            graph.insert2(ptr[i]->find, ptr[i]->anti->find, ptr[i]->c);
       } else if (s == -1) {
            s = ptr[i]->find, t = ptr[i]->anti->find;
        }
    }
    return graph.sssp(s, t);
}
```

```
} flow;
void solve() {
    int n. m: cin >> n >> m:
    static Point p[maxn];
    int maxY = -inf, minY = inf;
    rep(i, n) {
        scanf("%d%d", &p[i].x, &p[i].y);
        chkmin(minY, p[i].y); chkmax(maxY, p[i].y);
    int s = min_element(p, p + n) - p, t = max_element(p, p + n) - p;
    p[n] = mp(p[s].x-1, maxY+1); p[n+1] = mp(p[t].x+1, maxY+1);
    flow.init(p, n + 2);
    flow.insert2(s, n, inf); flow.insert2(n, n + 1, inf); flow.insert2(n+1, t,
        inf):
    rep(i, m) {
        int a, b, c; scanf("%d%d%d", &a, &b, &c);
        flow.insert2(a-1, b-1, c);
    cout << flow.maxflow() << endl;</pre>
}
```

17 kosaraju

```
const int maxn = 500000 + 5;
const int inf = 2000000000;
int visit[maxn], order[maxn], group[maxn], cnt;

struct node { int b; node *next;
} *ge[maxn], *gr[maxn], *gg[maxn], pool[maxn * 10], *pooltop = 0;

void dfs(int u) {
    visit[u] = 1;
    for (node *p = ge[u]; p; p = p->next) {
        int v = p->b; if (!visit[v]) dfs(v);
    }
    order[cnt++] = u;
}
```

```
void rfs(int u) {
    visit[u] = 1; group[u] = cnt;
    for (node *p = gr[u]; p; p = p \rightarrow next) {
        int v = p->b; if (!visit[v]) rfs(v);
    }
}
int scc(int n) {
    cnt = 0; clr(visit, 0, n+1);
    rep(i, n) if (!visit[i]) dfs(i); //may be changed to 1..n
    cnt = 0; clr(visit, 0, n+1);
    for (int i = n-1; i >= 0; --i) {
        int u = order[i]; if (!visit[u]) {
            rfs(u); ++cnt;
        }
    }
    return cnt;
}
#define ins(ge, a, b) {\
    node * p = pooltop++; p->b = b; p->next = ge[a]; ge[a] = p; }
int val[maxn], dest[maxn], group_val[maxn], group_dest[maxn];
int main() {
    for (int n, m, a, b, s; cin >> n >> m;) {
        clr(ge, 0, n); clr(gr, 0, n); clr(dest, 0, n);
        pooltop = pool;
        rep(i, m) {
            scanf("%d%d", &a, &b); --a; --b;
            ins(ge, a, b); ins(gr, b, a);
        rep(i, n) scanf("%d", &val[i]);
        scanf("%d%d", &s, &a); --s;
        rep(i, a) {
            scanf("%d", &b): dest[--b] = true:
        }
        scc(n);
```

```
rep(i, cnt) {
        group_val[i] = group_dest[i] = 0;
        dp[i] = -inf; gg[i] = 0;
}
s = group[s];
rep(i, n) {
        group_dest[ group[i] ] |= dest[i];
        group_val[ group[i] ] += val[i];
        for (node *p = ge[i]; p; p = p->next) {
            if ( group[i] == group[p->b] ) continue;
            ins(gg, group[i], group[p->b]);
        }
}
}
```

18 romberg

19 exgcd

```
T exgcd(T a, T b, T &x, T &y){
   if (b == 0){ x = 1; y = 0; return a; }
```

```
T d = exgcd(b, a \% b, y, x);
                                                                                             d = gcd(ABS(x - y), n);
    y -= a / b * x;
                                                                                             if ( d > 1 && d < n ) return d;
                                                                                             if ( ++i == k ) y = x, k *= 2;
    return d;
}
                                                                                             x = mul_mod(x, x, n); x = (x + c) % n;
                                                                                         } while ( x != y );
     isprime
                                                                                 }
bool witness(LL a, LL n) {
                                                                                 22 crt
    int k = 0:
    LL m = n - 1;
    do \{m /= 2: k++: \} while (m \% 2 == 0):
                                                                                 bool crt2(T &dd, T& rr, T d1, T r1, T d2, T r2) {
    LL x = pow_mod(a, m, n);
                                                                                     T q1, q2, g = exgcd(d1, d2, q1, q2);
                                                                                     T c = r1 - r2; if (c < 0) c += d1;
    if (1 == x) return true;
    for (int i = 0; i < k; x = mul_mod(x, x, n); ++i)
                                                                                     dd = d1 / g * d2;
                                                                                     if (c % g) { rr = -1; return false; }
        if (n - 1 == x) return true;
    return false:
                                                                                     T t = d1 / g:
}
                                                                                     q2 *= c / g; q2 %= t; if (q2 <= 0) q2 += t;
                                                                                     rr = q2 * d2 + r2; if (rr >= dd) rr -= dd;
bool miller_rabin(LL n, int time = 50) {
                                                                                     return true:
    if (2 == n || 3 == n || 5 == n || 7 == n) return true;
                                                                                 }
    if (1 == n || n % 2 == 0 || n % 3 == n || n % 5 == 0 || n % 7 == 0) return
        false;
                                                                                 bool crt(T& dd, T& rr, T d[], T r[], int n) {
    while (time--) {
                                                                                     dd = 1, rr = 0;
        LL r = rand() \% (n-2) + 2;
                                                                                     rep(i, n) if (!crt2(dd, rr, dd, rr, d[i], r[i])) return false;
        if ( gcd(r, n) != 1 || !witness(r % n, n) ) return false;
                                                                                     return true;
    }
                                                                                 }
    return true;
}
                                                                                 23
                                                                                      \log
21 rho
                                                                                  struct Zn {
                                                                                     const LL n;
LL rho(LL n) {
                                                                                     Zn(LL nn) : n(nn) {
    LL x, y, d, c;
    for (int k, i;;) {
                                                                                     LL eval(LL a) {
        c = rand() \% (n - 1) + 1;
                                                                                         a %= n; return a >= 0 ? a : a + n;
        x = y = rand() \% n;
                                                                                     }
        k = 2: i = 1:
                                                                                     LL inv(LL a) {
        do {
                                                                                         LL x, y, d = exgcd(a, n, x, y); assert(d == 1);
```

```
return eval(x);
    }
    LL log(LL a, LL b);
};
struct Zp : Zn {
    Zp(LL n) : Zn(n) {
    }
    const static int maxsqrtn = 100000 + 5;
    static int id[]; static LL mexp[];
    struct logcmp {
        bool operator()(int a, int b) { return mexp[a] < mexp[b]; }</pre>
    };
    LL log(LL a, LL b) { //a \hat{x} = b
        int m = (int)( ceil( sqrt(n) ) );
        LL v = inv(pow(a, m));
        id[0] = 0; mexp[0] = 1;
        for (int i = 1; i <= m; ++i) {
            id[i] = i; mexp[i] = mul(mexp[i-1], a);
        }
        stable sort(id + 1, id + m + 1, logcmp());
        sort(mexp + 1, mexp + m + 1);
        for (int i = 0; i < m; ++i) {
            int j = lower_bound(mexp, mexp + m + 1, b) - mexp;
            if (j <= m && mexp[j] == b) return i * m + id[j];</pre>
            b = mul(b, v);
        }
        return -1;
    }
}
LL Zn::log(LL a, LL b) { //a ^ } x = b
    for (int i = 0; i \le 50; ++i) if (pow(a, i) == b) return i;
    LL g, d = 1, n = this \rightarrow n, x = 0;
    while ((g = gcd(a, n)) > 1) {
        if (b % g ) return -1:
        b /= g; n /= g; d = mul(d, a/g); ++x;
    }
```

```
Zp zp(n); LL ans = zp.log( a, zp.mul(b, zp.inv(d)) );
   return ans == -1 ? -1 : ans + x;
int Zp::id[Zp::maxsqrtn]; LL Zp::maxp[ Zp::maxsqrtn ];
24 FFT
struct Zp {
    const LL mod; const int pri;
   Zp(LL mod, int pri) : mod(mod), pri(pri) {
   Zp(LL mod) : mod(mod), pri( primitive() ) {
   void fft(int n, LL root, LL a[]) {
        for (int m = n: m \ge 2: m \ge 1) {
            int mh = m >> 1; LL w = 1;
            for (int i = 0: i < mh: ++i) {
                for (int j = i; j < n; j += m) {
                    int k = i + mh:
                   LL t = sub(a[j], a[k]);
                   a[i] = add(a[i], a[k]);
                    a[k] = mul(w, t):
               }
                w = mul(w. root):
            }
            root = mul(root, root);
       }
        for (int j = 1, i = 0; j < n - 1; ++j) {
            for (int k = n >> 1; k > (i ^= k); k >>= 1);
            if (j < i) swap(a[i], a[j]);</pre>
       }
   }
   void dft(const LL a[], int an, LL b[], int n) {
        LL root = pow(pri, mod / n);
        copy(a, a + an, b); fill(b + an, b + n, 0);
        fft(n, root, b);
   }
```

void nft(const LL a[], LL b[], int n) {

```
LL root = pow(pri, mod / n); root = inv(root);
        copv(a, a + n, b);
        fft(n, root, b);
        LL invn = inv(n);
        rep(i, n) b[i] = mul(b[i], invn);
    }
    int primitive() {
        int n = mod - 1:
        LL p[25], pcnt = 0;
        for (LL i = 2; i * i <= n; ++i) {
            if ( n % i == 0 ) {
                do n /= i; while (n \% i == 0);
                p[pcnt++] = i;
            }
        if (n > 1) p[pcnt++] = n;
        for (int g = 2;;++g) {
            int ok = 1; //assert( pow(q, mod-1) == 1 );
            rep(i, pcnt) if (pow(g, (mod-1)/p[i]) == 1) {
                ok = 0: break:
            }
            if (ok) return g;
        }
} zp(0xb1a2bc2edc0001LL, 3);
struct poly {
    const static int maxn = :: maxn * 4 + 5:
    LL a[maxn]; int n;
    template < class T> void init(const T a[], int n) {
        this->n = n; copy(a, a + n, this->a);
    }
    LL eval(LL x) const {
        LL ans = 0;
        for (int i = n - 1; i \ge 0; --i)
            ans = zp.add( zp.mul(ans, x), a[i] );
        return ans:
    }
    friend void mul(poly& r, const poly& x, const poly& y) {
```

```
static LL xb[maxn], yb[maxn];
        int n = 1; while (n < x.n + y.n) n *= 2;
        LL root = zp.pow( zp.pri, zp.mod / n );
        zp.dft( x.a, x.n, xb, n );
        rep(i, n) assert( x.eval(zp.pow(root, i)) == xb[i] );
        zp.dft( y.a, y.n, yb, n );
        rep(i, n) assert( y.eval(zp.pow(root, i)) == yb[i] );
        rep(i, n) xb[i] = zp.mul(xb[i], yb[i]);
        zp.nft(xb, r.a, n);
        r.n = n; while (r.n > 0 \&\& r.a[r.n-1] == 0) --r.n;
   }
};
struct mp { //BigUnsignedInteger
    static const int digit = 4;
    static const int base = 10000;
    static const int cap = 50000 * 2 + 5; // 10 ^ 500
    static const int maxn = cap / digit + 1;
    int dat[maxn], n;
    mp(const mp& o) : n(o.n) {
        copy(o.dat, o.dat + n, dat);
    mp(LL v = 0) {
        for (n = 0: v: v /= base) dat[n++] = v % base:
    void parse(const char *s) {
        n = 0:
        for (int i = strlen(s) - 1, v = 0, m = 1; i >= 0; --i) {
            v = v + (s[i] - '0') * m: m *= 10:
            if (m == base || i == 0) {
                dat[n++] = v; v = 0; m = 1;
            }
        }
    }
    char *toString(char *s) const {
        if (n == 0) {
            sprintf(s, "0");
       } else {
```

```
char *p = s;
            p += sprintf(p, "%d", dat[n-1]);
            for (int i = n - 2; i \ge 0; --i)
                p += sprintf(p, "%0*d", digit, dat[i]);
        return s;
    }
    friend void mulfft(mp& r, const mp& x, const mp& y) {
        static poly px, py, pr;
        px.init(x.dat, x.n);
        py.init(y.dat, y.n);
        mul(pr, px, py);
        int i = 0:
        for (LL t = 0; i < pr.n \mid | t; ++i, t /= base) {
            if (i < pr.n) t += pr.a[i];</pre>
            r.dat[i] = t % base;
        }
        r.n = i;
    }
};
int main() {
    static mp x, y, z;
    static char buf[1000000];
    while ( gets(buf) ) {
        x.parse(buf);
        gets(buf); y.parse(buf);
        mulfft(z, x, y);
        puts( z.toString() );
    }
}
      segcross
int segcross(Point a, Point b, Point c, Point d, Point &p) {
    double s1, s2, s3,s4; int d1, d2, d3, d4;
    d1=dblcmp(s1=xmult(a,b,c)); d2=dblcmp(s2=xmult(a,b,d));
    d3=dblcmp(s3=xmult(c.d.a)): d4=dblcmp(s4=xmult(c.d.b)):
```

```
if ((d1^d2)==-2 && (d3^d4)==-2) {
    p.x=(c.x*s2-d.x*s1)/(s2-s1);
    p.y=(c.y*s2-d.y*s1)/(s2-s1);
    return 1;
}
if (d1==0 && dblcmp(dmult(c,a,b))<=0 ||
    d2==0 && dblcmp(dmult(d,a,b))<=0 ||
    d3==0 && dblcmp(dmult(a,c,d))<=0 ||
    d4==0 && dblcmp(dmult(b,c,d))<=0) {
    return 2;
}
return 0;
}</pre>
```

26 halfPlane

```
struct Point {
   double x. v:
   void read() { scanf("%lf%lf", &x, &y); }
   Point() {}
   Point(double x, double y) : x(x), y(y) {}
   bool operator == (const Point& o) const { return !sign(x - o.x) && !sign(y
   int quad() const { return sign(x) \ge 0 ? sign(y) \ge 0 ? 1 : 4 : sign(y) \ge
       0 ? 2 : 3: }
   double length() const { return sqrt(x * x + y * y); }
   Point setLength(double d) const { return *this * (d / length()); }
   Point unit() const { return *this / length(); }
   double project(const Point& n) const { //length: project to n
       return *this * n.unit():
   friend int intersect(Point& p, const Point& a, const Point& v, const Point&
         b. const Point& u) {
       // a + v[t] = b + u[s] \Rightarrow v[t] - u[s] = b - a = c
       Point c = b - a; double d = u ^ v;
       if (sign(d) == 0) \{ /*assume v != 0 & u != 0*/
           if ( sign(c ^ u) == 0 ) return -1; /*coincide*/
           return 0: /*parallel*/
       }
```

```
double t = (u \hat{c}) / d; p = a + v * t; return 1;
                                                                                          return sign(x - t) \le 0 \&\& sign(t - y) \le 0;
    }
                                                                                      }
};
                                                                                  } geom;
struct LineAV {
                                                                                   struct HalfPlane {
                                                                                       bool out(const LineAV& x, const LineAV& y, const LineAV& z) {
    Point a, v;
    LineAV() {}
                                                                                          Point p; intersect(p, x, y);
    LineAV(const Point& a, const Point& v) : a(a), v(v) {}
                                                                                          int d = sign(z.v \hat{p} - z.a); if (d!= 0) return d < 0;
#define LineST(a, b) LineAV( (a), (b) - (a) )
                                                                                          int t = sign(x.v^z.v) * sign(x.v^y.v); return t > 0;
    void read() { Point a, b; a.read(); b.read(); *this = LineST(a, b); }
    LineAV offset(double d) const {
                                                                                      void solve(LineAV ls[], int &n, int &s, int &t) {
        return LineAV( a + Point(-v.v, v.x).setLength(d), v );
                                                                                          sort(ls, ls + n); n = unique(ls, ls + n) - ls;
    }
                                                                                          int i, j;
    bool operator < (const LineAV& o) const {</pre>
                                                                                          for (s = 0, t = 1, i = 2; i < n; ++i) {
        int dq = v.quad() - o.v.quad(); if (dq != 0) return dq < 0;</pre>
                                                                                               while (s < t \&\& out(ls[t-1], ls[t], ls[i])) --t;
        int x = sign(v \circ o.v); if (x != 0) return x > 0;
                                                                                              while (s < t \&\& out(ls[s+1], ls[s], ls[i])) ++s;
        return ( (o.a - a) ^ v ) > 0;
                                                                                              ls[++t] = ls[i];
    }
                                                                                          }
    bool operator == (const LineAV& o) const {
                                                                                          do {
        int dq = v.quad() - o.v.quad(); if (dq != 0) return false;
                                                                                              n = t - s + 1:
        int x = sign( v ^ o.v ); if (x != 0) return false;
                                                                                              while (s < t \&\& out(ls[t-1], ls[t], ls[s])) --t;
        return true;
                                                                                               while (s < t \&\& out(ls[s+1], ls[s], ls[t])) ++s;
    }
                                                                                          \} while (n != t - s + 1):
    friend int intersect(Point& p, const LineAV& x, const LineAV& y) {
                                                                                          ls[t+1] = ls[s];
        return intersect(p, x.a, x.v, y.a, y.v);
    }
                                                                                  } halfPlane:
};
                                                                                  Point vertex[] = { //千万要逆时针给出
struct Geom {
                                                                                       Point(-inf, -inf), Point(inf, -inf), Point(inf, inf), Point(-inf, inf),};
    double cross(const Point& a. const Point& b. const Point& c) {
                                                                                  LineAV edges[] = {
        // cross(a, b, c) > 0 iff. c left of ray a->b
                                                                                      LineST(vertex[0], vertex[1]), LineST(vertex[1], vertex[2]),
        return (b - a) ^ (c - a);
                                                                                      LineST(vertex[2], vertex[3]), LineST(vertex[3], vertex[0]),};
    bool onSegment(const Point& p, const Point& a, const Point& b) {
                                                                                  struct Poly {
        if ( cross(a, b, p) != 0 ) return 0;
                                                                                      Point p[maxn]; int n;
        return between(p.x, a.x, b.x) && between(p.y, a.y, b.y);
                                                                                      bool read() {
                                                                                          if (!(cin >> n) || 0 == n) return false:
    bool between(double t. double x. double v) {
                                                                                          rep(i, n) p[i].read(); p[n] = p[0];
        if (x > y) swap(x, y);
                                                                                          if (area() < 0) reverse(p + 1, p + n); return true;
```

```
}
                                                                                               high = mid;
                                                                                           }
double area() const {
    double a = 0; rep(i, n) a += p[i] ^ p[i+1]; return a / 2;
                                                                                       }
}
                                                                                       calcCore(polv, r): o = polv.centroid():
Point centroid() const {
    Point ans = p[0]; for (int i = 1; i < n; ++i) ans = ans + p[i]; return
                                                                                   pair < Point , Point > mostDistance() const { //最远点对
                                                                                       double r = -1, t;
}
                                                                                       Point x, y;
int in(const Point& o) const {
                                                                                       for (int i = 0, j = 1; i < n; ++i) {
    /* 1 -> strict in, 0 -> strict out, -1 -> onEdge, -2 -> onVertex*/
                                                                                           while (cross(p[i],p[i+1],p[j+1]) > cross(p[i],p[i+1],p[j])+eps)
    rep(i, n) if (p[i] == o) return -2;
                                                                                               if (++j == n) j = 0;
    rep(i, n) if (geom.onSegment(p[i], p[i+1])) return -1;
                                                                                           if ((t = (p[i] - p[j]).length()) > r) {
    int wn = 0:
                                                                                               r = t; x = p[i]; y = p[j];
    rep(i, n) {
        int k = sign(geom.cross(p[i], p[i+1], o));
                                                                                           if ((t = (p[i+1] - p[j]).length()) > r){
        int d1 = sign(p[i].y - o.y), d2 = sign(p[i+1].y - o.y);
                                                                                               r = t; x = p[i+1]; y = p[j];
        if (k > 0 \&\& d1 \le 0 \&\& d2 > 0) ++wn;
                                                                                           }
        if (k < 0 && d2 <= 0 && d1 > 0) --wn:
                                                                                       }
    }
                                                                                       return make_pair(x, y);
    return wn != 0;
}
                                                                               } poly;
bool calcCore(Poly& ans = this, double d = 0 /*offset*/) const {
    static LineAV ls[maxn]:
                                                                               struct Convex : Poly {
    assert( area() >= 0 );
                                                                                   int in(const Point& o, int i) const {
    rep(i, n) ls[i] = LineST(p[i], p[i+1]).offset(d);
                                                                                       if ( o == p[i] || o == p[i+1] ) return -2;
    rep(i, 4) ls[i+n] = edges[i]; ans.n = n + 4;
                                                                                       if ( geom.onSegment(o, p[i], p[i+1]) ) return -1;
    int s, t; halfPlane.solve(ls, ans.n, s, t);
                                                                                       return sign( geom.cross(p[i], p[i+1], o) ) > 0;
    if (ans.n < 3) return false:
    for (int i = s; i \le t; ++i) intersect(ans.p[i-s], ls[i], ls[i+1]);
                                                                                   int in(const Point& o) const {
    ans.p[ ans.n ] = ans.p[0]; return true;
                                                                                       /*1 \rightarrow strict in, 0 \rightarrow strict out, -1 \rightarrow onEdge, -2 \rightarrow onVertex*/
}
                                                                                       if (in(0, 0) != 1) return in(0, 0);
void largestCircle(Point& o, double &r) const { //最大内切圆
                                                                                       if (in(o, n-1) != 1) return in(o, n-1);
    double low = 0, high = inf, mid;
                                                                                       int low = 1, high = n - 2, k;
    static Poly poly;
                                                                                       while ( low <= high ) {</pre>
                                                                                           int mid = (low + high) / 2;
    while (low < high - eps) {
        mid = (low + high) / 2;
                                                                                           if (sign(geom.cross(p[0], p[mid], o)) >= 0) {
        if ( calcCore(polv. mid) ) {
                                                                                               k = mid: low = mid + 1:
            r = low = mid:
                                                                                           } else {
        } else {
                                                                                               high = mid - 1;
```

```
}
                                                                                         return (b-a) ^ (c-a);
        if ( o == p[k] || o == p[k+1] ) return -2;
                                                                                     friend double mix(const Point3D& a. const Point3D& b. const Point3D& c) {
        int s = sign( geom.cross(p[k], p[k+1], o) );
                                                                                         return (a^b) * c:
        return s == 0 ? -1 : s > 0;
    }
                                                                                     friend bool isColinear(const Point3D& a, const Point3D& b, const Point3D& c
} convex;;
                                                                                         return cross(a, b, c) == ZERO:
      convex
                                                                                     friend bool isCoplanar(const Point3D&a,const Point3D&b,const Point3D&c,
                                                                                         const Point3D&d) {
double cross(const Point& a, const Point& b, const Point& c) { //ab x ac
                                                                                         return sign( mix(b - a, c - a, d - a) ) == 0;
    return (b.x - a.x) * (c.y - a.y) * (c.x - a.x);
}
                                                                                     friend bool pointInTri(const Point3D& o, const Point3D& a, const Point3D& b
int graham(Point q[], Point p[], int n) {
                                                                                          , const Point3D& c) {
    int i, kk, k;
                                                                                         Point3D x = cross(a, o, b), y = cross(b, o, c), z = cross(c, o, a);
    sort(p, p + n, lessx()); //unique
                                                                                         if (sign(x * y) > 0 \&\& sign(y * z) > 0) return true;
    if ( 1 == n ) { q[0] = q[1] = p[0]; return 1; }
                                                                                         if (onSegment(o, a, b) || onSegment(o, b, c) || onSegment(o, c, a))
    for (k = 0, i = 0; i < n; q[k++] = p[i++])
                                                                                             return -1;
        while (k \ge 2 \&\& cross(q[k-2], q[k-1], p[i]) \le eps)
                                                                                         return false;
            --k; //要包含共线点则 < -eps
                                                                                     }
    for (kk = k; i = n - 2; i >= 0; q[k++] = p[i--])
                                                                                     friend int onSegment(const Point3D& v, const Point3D& a, const Point3D& b)
        while (k > kk \&\& cross(q[k-2], q[k-1], p[i]) \le eps)
            --k; //要包含共线点则 < -eps
                                                                                         if (!isColinear(v, a, b)) return false;
   return k - 1:
                                                                                         int flag = sign((v-a) * (v-b));
}
                                                                                         return flag == 0 ? -1 : flag < 0;
      convex3d
                                                                                     double length() const {
                                                                                         return sqrt( x * x + y * y + z * z);
struct Point3D {
    double x, y, z;
                                                                                     Point3D unit() const {
    void read() { cin >> x >> y >> z; }
                                                                                         return *this / length();
    Point3D() {}
    Point3D(double x. double v. double z): x(x), y(y), z(z) { }
                                                                                     double project(const Point3D& o) const {
    Point3D operator ^ (const Point3D& o) const {
                                                                                         return *this * o.unit():
        return Point3D(y * o.z - z * o.y, z * o.x - x * o.z, x * o.y - y * o.x)
                                                                                 } Point3D::ZERO(0, 0, 0):
    }
    friend Point3D cross(const Point3D& a. const Point3D& b. const Point3D& c)
                                                                                  struct Poly3D {
        {
```

```
static const int maxn = 100 + 5;
                                                                                                   = mark[c][b] = cnt;
static const int maxf = maxn * maxn + 5;
                                                                                               delface(i);
Point3D p[maxn]; int n;
                                                                                           } else {
int f[maxf][3]: int fc:
                                                                                               ++i:
                                                                                           }
void read(int n) {
                                                                                      }
    rep(i, n) p[i].read();
                                                                                       if (!flag) return;
    sort(p, p + n); n = unique(p, p + n) - p;
                                                                                       for (int i = 0, _fc = fc; i < _fc; ++i) {
    this->n = n; fc = 0;
                                                                                           int a = f[i][0], b = f[i][1], c = f[i][2];
}
                                                                                           if ( mark[a][b] == cnt ) addface(b, a, v);
bool convex() {
                                                                                           if ( mark[b][c] == cnt ) addface(c, b, v);
    random shuffle(p, p + n);
                                                                                           if ( mark[c][a] == cnt ) addface(a, c, v);
    if (!findTet()) return false;
                                                                                      }
    for (int i = 3; i < n; ++i) addpoint(i);</pre>
                                                                                  void addface(int a, int b, int c) {
    return true;
}
                                                                                       f[fc][0] = a; f[fc][1] = b; f[fc][2] = c; ++fc;
bool findTet() {
                                                                                  }
    for (int i = 2; i < n; ++i) {
                                                                                   void delface(int i) {
        if (!isColinear(p[0], p[1], p[i]) ) {
                                                                                       memmove(f[i], f[--fc], sizeof(f[i]));
            swap(p[2], p[i]);
            for (int j = i + 1; j < n; ++j) {
                                                                                  int in(const Point3D& o) const { /*-1 on face*/
                                                                                       for (int i = 0; i < fc; ++i) {
                swap(p[3], p[j]);
                addface(0, 1, 2); addface(0, 2, 1);
                                                                                           const Point3D& a = p[f[i][0]], &b = p[f[i][1]], &c = p[f[i][2]];
                                                                                           int flag = sign( mix(a-o, b-o, c-o) );
                return true;
            }
                                                                                           if ( flag == 0 && pointInTri(o, a, b, c) ) return -1;
            return false;
                                                                                           if ( flag < 0 ) return false;</pre>
        }
                                                                                      }
    }
                                                                                       return true:
    return false;
}
                                                                                   double dist(const Point3D& o) const {
void addpoint(int v) {
                                                                                       double ans = inf;
    static int mark[maxn][maxn], cnt = 0;
                                                                                       for (int i = 0; i < fc; ++i) {
                                                                                           const Point3D& a = p[f[i][0]], &b = p[f[i][1]], &c = p[f[i][2]];
    ++cnt:
                                                                                           Point3D normal = (b - a) ^ (c - a);
    bool flag = false;
    for (int i = 0; i < fc; ) {
                                                                                           double d = (a - o).project( normal );
        int a = f[i][0], b = f[i][1], c = f[i][2];
                                                                                           checkmin(ans, d);
        if (sign(mix(p[a] - p[v], p[b] - p[v], p[c] - p[v])) < 0)
                                                                                      }
                                                                                       return ans:
            mark[a][b] = mark[b][a] = mark[a][c] = mark[c][a] = mark[b][c]
```

```
double facecnt() const {
        static Point3D normal[maxf];
        for (int i = 0: i < fc: ++i) {
            const Point3D& a = p[f[i][0]], &b = p[f[i][1]], &c = p[f[i][2]];
            normal[i] = cross(a, b, c).unit();
        }
        sort(normal, normal + fc);
        return unique(normal, normal + fc) - normal;
    }
    double surface() const {
        double ans = 0:
        for (int i = 0; i < fc; ++i) {
            const Point3D& a = p[f[i][0]], &b = p[f[i][1]], &c = p[f[i][2]];
            ans += cross(a, b, c).length();
        return ans / 2;
    }
    double volume() const {
        double ans = 0;
        Point3D o = p[0];
        for (int i = 0; i < fc; ++i) {
            const Point3D& a = p[f[i][0]], &b = p[f[i][1]], &c = p[f[i][2]];
            ans += mix(a - o, b - o, c - o);
        return ans / 6:
    }
    Point3D massCenter() const {
        Point3D ans = Point3D::ZERO:
        double vol = 0;
        const Point3D o = p[0];
        for (int i = 0; i < fc; ++i) {
            const Point3D& a = p[f[i][0]], &b = p[f[i][1]], &c = p[f[i][2]];
            double v = mix(a-o, b-o, c-o):
            ans = ans + (o+a+b+c) * (v/4);
            vol += v:
        }
        return ans / vol:
    }
} poly;
```

29 geom3d

```
struct LineAV3D {
    Point3D a. v:
#define LineST3D( s, t ) LineAV3D( (s), (t)-(s) )
    LineAV3D() {}
    LineAV3D{const Point3D& a, const Point3D& v} : a(a), v(v) {}
}:
struct Plane3D {
    Point3D a, b, c;
    Point3D normal() const { return cross(a, b, c);}
};
struct Geom3D {
    double dist(const Point3D& a, const Pont3D& b) {
        return (b-a).length();
    }
    double dist(const Point3D& p, const LineAV3D& ln) {
        double area2 = ( (p-ln.a) ^ ln.v ).length();
        reutrn aera2 / ln.v.length();
    double dist(const Point3D& p, const Plane3D& s) {
        return (p - s.a).project( s.normal() );
    double dist(const LineAV3D& x, const LineAV3D& y) {
        Point3D n = x.v ^ v.v:
        return n.isZero() ? dist(x.a, y) : (x.a - y.a).project(n);
    Point3D foot(const Point3D& p. const LineAV3D &ln) {
        return ln.a + ln.v.unit() * (p - ln.a).project(ln.v);
    Point3D foot(const Point3D& p, const Plane3D& s) {
        Point3D n = s.normal();
        return p + n.unit() * (s.a - p).project(n):
    int intersect(Point3D& p, const LineAV3D& ln, const Point3D& s) {
        Point3D n = s.normal();
        double x = ln.v.project(n);
        if (sign(x) == 0) {
            if ( sign( dist(ln.a, s) ) == 0 ) return -1; /*infinity*/
```

```
else return 0; /*parallel*/
                                                                                int dcmp(double x, double y) { return deval(x - y); }
        }
        double t = ( foot(ln.a, s) - ln.a ).length() / x;
                                                                                const int maxn = 1000:
                                                                                Point a[maxn], b[maxn], p[maxn * 2]:
        p = ln.a + ln.v * t:
        return 1;
                                                                                struct Elem {
    int intersect(LineAV3D& ln, const Plane3D& x, const Plane3D& y) {
                                                                                    double arg; //Point p
        Point3D nx = x.normal(), ny = y.normal();
                                                                                    int flag; // 1 for in, -1 for out
        Point3D v = nx ^n v;
                                                                                };
                                                                                Elem make_elem(Point p, int flag) {
        if ( v.isZero() ) return 0;
        Point3D a; intersect( a, LineST3D(x.a, x.b), y );
                                                                                    Elem ret:
        ln = LineAV3D(a, v); return 1;
                                                                                    ret.arg = atan2(p.y, p.x); // may use atan2l
                                                                                    while (dcmp(ret.arg, 0) < 0) ret.arg += M_PI; //若是射线, 改为M 2PI, 下同
    double angle(const Point3D& x, const Point3D& y) { //vector
                                                                                    while ( dcmp( ret.arg, M PI ) >= 0 ) ret.arg -= M PI; //注意不要
        double cos = x * y / ( x.length() * y.length() );
                                                                                        用 deval( ret.arg ) >= M_PI
        return acos( fabs(cos) );
                                                                                    ret.flag = flag; return ret;
    }
    double angle(const LineAV3D& x, const LineAV3D& y) {
                                                                                bool operator < (Elem x, Elem y) {</pre>
        reutrn angle(x.v, y.v);
                                                                                    if ( dcmp(x.arg, y.arg) != 0 ) return x.arg < y.arg;</pre>
                                                                                    //\# define quad(p { p.x >= 0 ? p.y >= 0 ? 1 : 4 : p.y >= 0 ? 2 : 3 }
    }
    double angle(const Plane3D& x, const Plane3D& y) {
                                                                                    //int qx = quad(x.p), qy = quad(y.p); if (qx != qy) return qx < qy;
        return angle( x.normal(), y.normal() );
                                                                                    //int x = cross(x.p, y.p); if (x != 0) return x > 0;
    7
                                                                                    return x.flag > v.flag:
};
                                                                                void solve() {
                                                                                    int n; cin >> n;
     给你一些线段,找到一条直线,要求穿过尽量多的线段
                                                                                    int pcnt = 0, res = 0;
      -O(n^2 log n)
                                                                                    for (int i = 0: i < n: ++i) {
                                                                                        scanf("%lf%lf", &a[i].x, &a[i].y); p[pcnt++] = a[i];
                                                                                        scanf("%lf%lf", &b[i].x, &b[i].y); p[pcnt++] = b[i];
```

sort(p, p + pcnt); pcnt = unique(p, p + pcnt) - p;

int element = 0, countAt = 0, current = 0;

Point oa = a[i] - o, ob = b[i] - o:

int crossVal = deval(oa ^ ob), dotVal = deval(oa * ob);

for (int k = 0; k < pcnt; ++k) {

for (int i = 0: i < n: ++i) {

Point o = p[k];

```
//注意需要慎重atan2
#define x first
#define y second
const double eps = 1e-8;

typedef pair<double, double> Point;
Point operator - (Point a, Point b) { return make_pair(a.x - b.x, a.y - b.y); }
double operator ^ (Point a, Point b) { return a.x * b.y - b.x * a.y; }
double operator * (Point a, Point b) { return a.x * b.x + a.y * b.y; }
int deval(double d) { return x < -eps ? -1 : x > eps; }
```

void init(int N. int M) {

size = 0:

```
if ( crossVal == 0 && dotVal <= 0 ) {</pre>
                                                                                       head = node(0, 0, 0, 0);
                countAt++; continue;
                                                                                       for (int j = 1; j \le M; ++j) {
                                                                                           CH[j] = node(size, size, L[head], head), S[j] = 0;
            if ( crossVal < 0 ) swap(oa, ob);</pre>
            elem[elemcnt++] = make_elem(oa, 1);
                                                                                       for (int i = 1; i <= N; ++i) {
            elem[elemcnt++] = make_elem(ob, -1);
                                                                                           int row = -1, k;
            if (\text{deval}(oa.y) * \text{deval}(ob.y) < 0 \mid | \text{deval}(ob.y) == 0 && \text{deval}(oa.
                                                                                           for (int j = 1; j \le M; ++j) {
                v) != 0)
                                                                                               if (!mat[i][j]) continue;
                ++current; //如果是射线, 则改
                                                                                               if (row == -1) {
                     为os.y < 0 & ob.y > 0 // oa.y < 0 & ob.y == 0
                                                                                                    row = node(U[CH[j]], CH[j], size, size);
                                                                                                    RH[row] = i, CH[row] = CH[i], ++S[i];
        sort( elem, elem + element );
                                                                                               } else {
        int mval = current:
                                                                                                    k = node(U[CH[j]], CH[j], L[row], row);
        for (int i = 0; i < element; ++i) {
                                                                                                    RH[k] = i, CH[k] = CH[j], ++S[j];
            current += elem[i].flag;
            mval = max(mval, current);
                                                                                           }
        }
                                                                                       }
        res = max(res, mval + countAt);
                                                                                   void remove(const int &c) {
                                                                                       L[R[c]] = L[c], R[L[c]] = R[c];
    cout << res << endl;</pre>
}
                                                                                       for (int i = D[c]; i != c; i = D[i])
                                                                                           for (int j = R[i]; j != i; j = R[i])
      Dancing Links 精确覆盖 (矩阵处理)
                                                                                               U[D[i]] = U[i], D[U[i]] = D[i], --S[CH[i]];
                                                                                   void resume(const int &c) {
const int maxN = 60 * 20, maxM = 60 * 10;
                                                                                       for (int i = U[c]; i != c; i = U[i])
const int max_size = maxN * maxM;
                                                                                           for (int j = L[i]; j != i; j = L[j])
const int inf = 0x3f3f3f3f;
                                                                                               ++S[CH[i]]; U[D[i]] = D[U[i]] = i;
int L[max size], R[max size], U[max size], D[max size], CH[max size], RH[
                                                                                       L[R[c]] = R[L[c]] = c;
    max size];
                                                                                   }
int S[maxM]. O[maxM]:
                                                                                   int len;
int head, size;
                                                                                   bool DLX(const int &k) {
int node(int up, int down, int left, int right) {
                                                                                       if (R[head] == head) {
    U[size] = up, D[size] = down; L[size] = left, R[size] = right;
                                                                                           len = k - 1; return true;
    D[up] = U[down] = R[left] = L[right] = size;
    return size++;
                                                                                       int s = inf, c;
                                                                                       for (int t = R[head]: t != head: t = R[t])
bool mat[maxN][maxM];
                                                                                           if (S[t] < s) s = S[t], c = t:
```

remove(c);

const int head = 0:

```
for (int i = D[c]; i != c; i = D[i]) {
    O[k] = RH[i];
    for (int j = R[i]; j != i; j = R[j]) remove(CH[j]);
    if (DLX(k + 1)) return true;
    for (int j = L[i]; j != i; j = L[j]) resume(CH[j]);
}
resume(c);
return false;
}
```

32 Dancing Links 重复覆盖 (矩阵处理)

```
const int INF=10000000;
const int maxn = 1700;
const int maxd = 1000000;
int N, M, K, n, m, cnt, res;
int mat[maxn] [maxn], s[maxn], l[maxd], r[maxd], u[maxd], d[maxd], c[maxd], o[
    maxn], row[maxd];
bool use[maxn]:
void makegragh(int &n, int &m) {
    memset(mat, 0, sizeof(mat));
    //init
}
void initial(int n. int m) {
    memset(use, false, sizeof(use));
    res = n + 1;
    int i, j, rowh;
    memset(s, 0, sizeof(s));
    for(i=head: i<=m: i++) {</pre>
        r[i]=(i+1)\%(m+1); l[i]=(i-1+m+1)\%(m+1); u[i]=d[i]=i;
    }
    cnt=m+1:
    for(i=1; i<=n; i++) {
        rowh=-1:
        for(j=1; j<=m; j++) {
            if(mat[i][j]){
                s[j]++; u[cnt]=u[j]; d[u[j]]=cnt;
                u[j]=cnt; d[cnt]=j; row[cnt]=i; c[cnt]=j;
```

```
if(rowh==-1) {
                    1[cnt]=r[cnt]=cnt; rowh=cnt;
                }
                 else {
                    1[cnt] = 1[rowh]; r[1[rowh]] = cnt;
                    r[cnt] = rowh; l[rowh] = cnt;
                }
                 cnt++;
            }
    }
}
void remove(int c) {
    for(int i=d[c]; i!=c; i=d[i]) r[l[i]]=r[i], l[r[i]]=l[i];
void resume(int c) {
    for(int i=d[c]; i!=c; i=d[i]) r[l[i]]=l[r[i]]=i;
int h() {
    static bool has[maxn];
    memset(has, false, sizeof(has));
    int ans=0;
    for(int i=r[head]: i!=head: i=r[i]) if(!has[i]) {
            for(int j=d[i]; j!=i; j=d[j])
                for(int k=r[j]; k!=j; k=r[k])
                    has[c[k]]=true;
    }
    return ans;
bool dfs(int k) {
    if(k+h()>=res)return false;//A* cut
    if(r[head] == head) {
        if(k<res) res=k; return true;</pre>
    int ms=INF, cur=0;
    for(int t=r[head]: t!=head: t=r[t])
        if(s[t] < ms) ms = s[t]. cur = t:</pre>
    for(int i=d[cur]; i!=cur; i=d[i]) {
```

----- */

```
remove(i);
                                                                                  int dfn[N], low[N], dindex, stack[N], top, bcnt, belong[N], ecnt, col[N];
        for(int j=r[i]; j!=i; j=r[j]) remove(j), s[c[j]]--;
                                                                                  struct data{
        dfs(k+1):
                                                                                      int x, y;
        for(int j=1[i]; j!=i; j=1[j]) resume(j), s[c[j]]++;
                                                                                  }ecut[N]:
        resume(i);
                                                                                  void tarjan(int v, int last){
    }
                                                                                      col[v] = 1; stack[top++] = v; dfn[v] = low[v] = ++dindex;
    return false;
                                                                                      bool flag = false;
}
                                                                                      for (int i = p[v]; i != -1; i = e[i].next) {
                                                                                          int u = e[i].v;
                                                                                          if ((u == last) && (!flag)) {
      Barty
                                                                                              flag = true; continue;
                                                                                          }
int rootcnt, root, n;
                                                                                          if (col[u] == 0) {
int dfn[N], low[N], dcnt;
                                                                                              tarjan(u, v);
bool cut[N];
                                                                                              low[v] = min(low[v], low[u]);
void dfs(int v, int last){
                                                                                              if (low[u] > dfn[v]) {
    dfn[v] = low[v] = ++dcnt:
                                                                                                  ecut[++ecnt].x = v; ecut[ecnt].y = u;
    for (int i = p[v]; i != -1; i = e[i].next) {
                                                                                              }
        int u = e[i].v:
        if (!dfn[u]){
                                                                                          else if (col[u] == 1) low[v] = min(low[v], dfn[u]);
            if (v == root)
                                                                                      }
                if (++rootcnt > 1) cut[v] = true;
                                                                                      col[v] = 2;
            dfs(u, v);
                                                                                      if (dfn[v] == low[v]) {
            low[v] = min(low[v], low[u]):
                                                                                          int x; bcnt++;
            if ((v != root) && (dfn[v] <= low[u])) cut[v] = true;
                                                                                          do√
        }
                                                                                              x = stack[--top]; belong[x] = bcnt; s[bcnt] += dat[x];
        else if (u != last) low[v] = min(low[v], dfn[u]);
                                                                                          while (x != v);
    }
                                                                                      }
}
                                                                                  }
int cutcnt(){
                                                                                  bool solve(){
    MEMSET(cut, dfn, low); rootcnt = dcnt = 0;
                                                                                      MEMSET (belong, dfn, low, col, ecut);
    for (int i = 1; i \le n; ++i)
                                                                                      ecnt = dindex = bcnt = top = 0;
        if (!dfn[i]){
                                                                                      int times = 0:
            rootcnt = 0: root = i: dfs(root, -1):
                                                                                      for (int i = 1; i \le n; ++i)
        }
                                                                                          if (!dfn[i]) {
    int sum = 0;
                                                                                              tarjan(i, -1); ++times;
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i) sum += cut[i];
                                                                                          }
    return sum:
                                                                                      if ((times > 1) || (ecnt == 0)) return false: else return true:
                                                                                  }
```