

Software Application Engineering

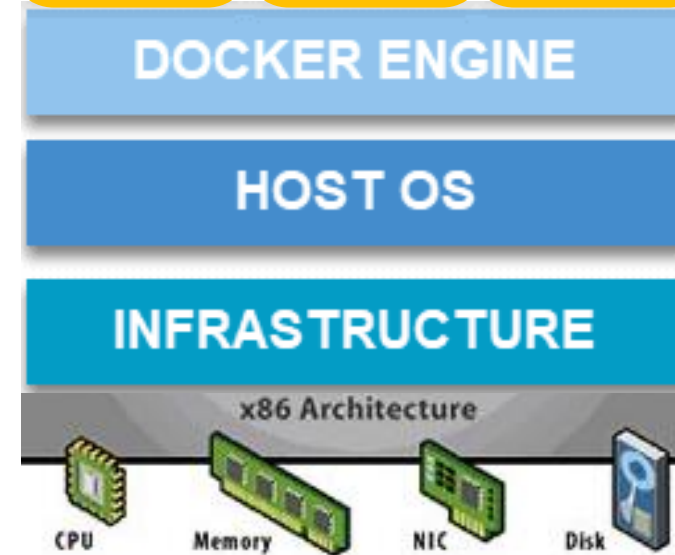
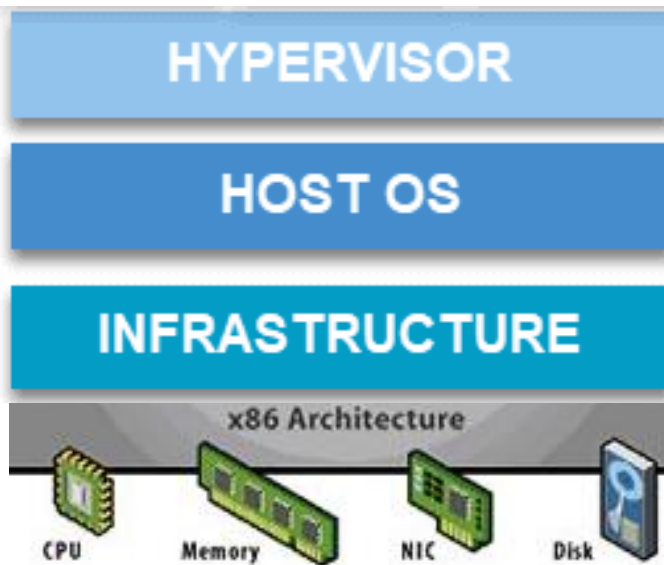
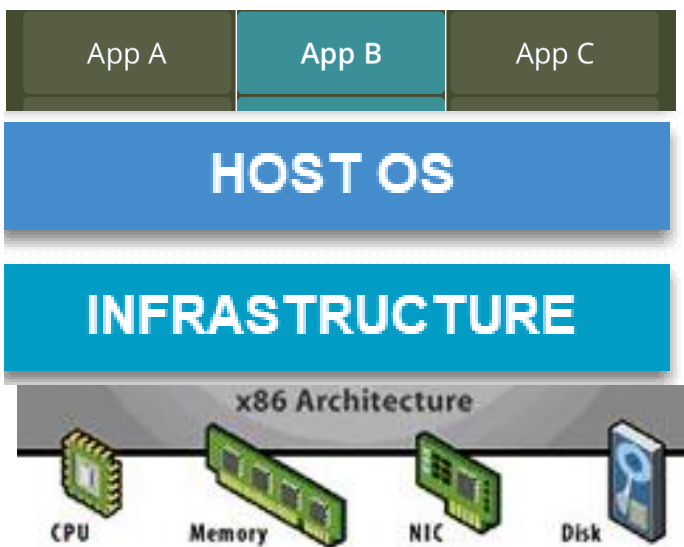
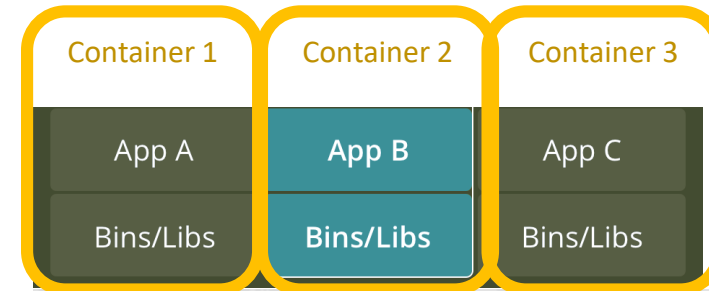
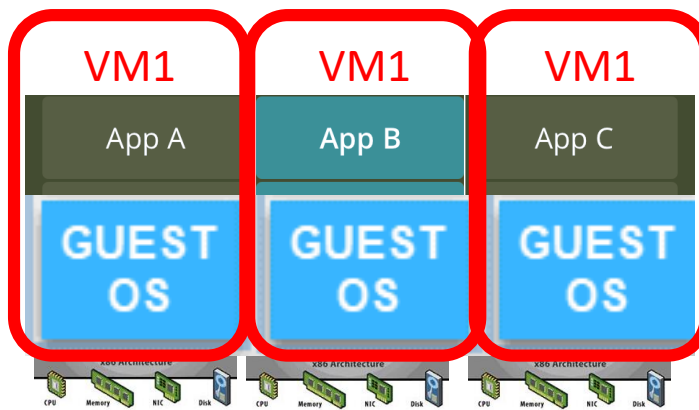
Docker Tutorial

VM and Containers

bare-metal server

VM abstracts the entire hardware server

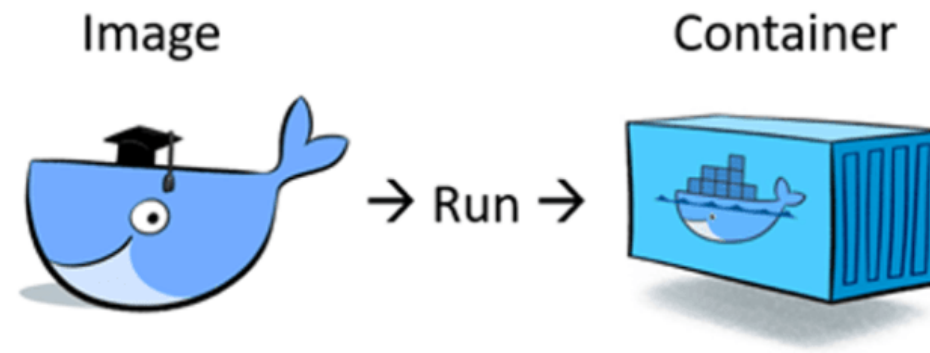
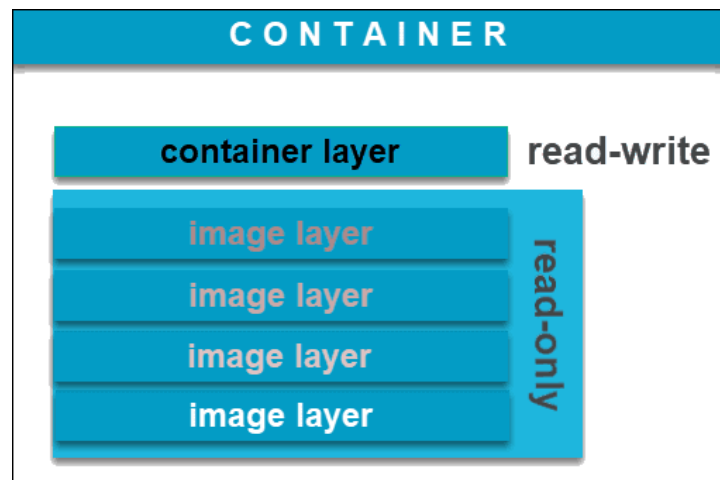
Container abstracts the OS kernel



Images and containers

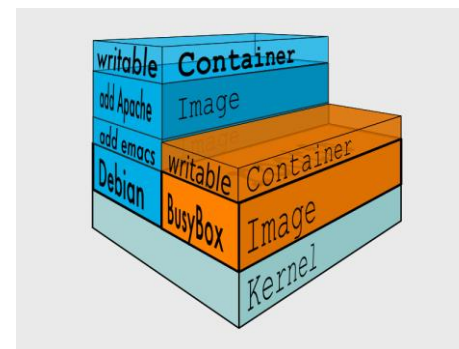
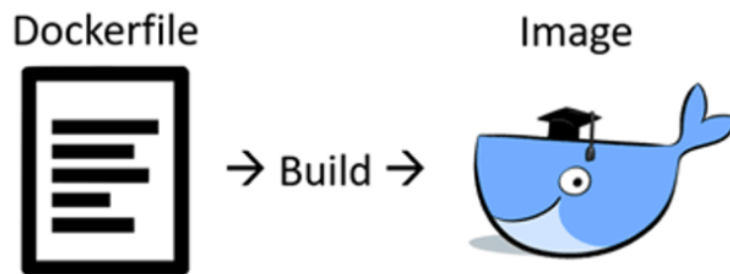
- Image:
 - immutable/unchangeable/read-only file that contains the source code, libraries, dependencies, tools, and other files needed for an application to run
 - static template
- Container:
 - running instance
 - add a writable layer on top of an immutable base image

docker create command:
create a container layer from an image

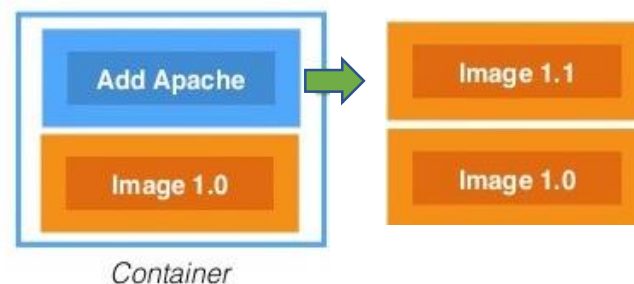


How to create images?

- often based on another image: ex: Ubuntu base + install a JDK
- Dockerfile: script of instructions defining how to build an image, each instruction creates a new layer in the image

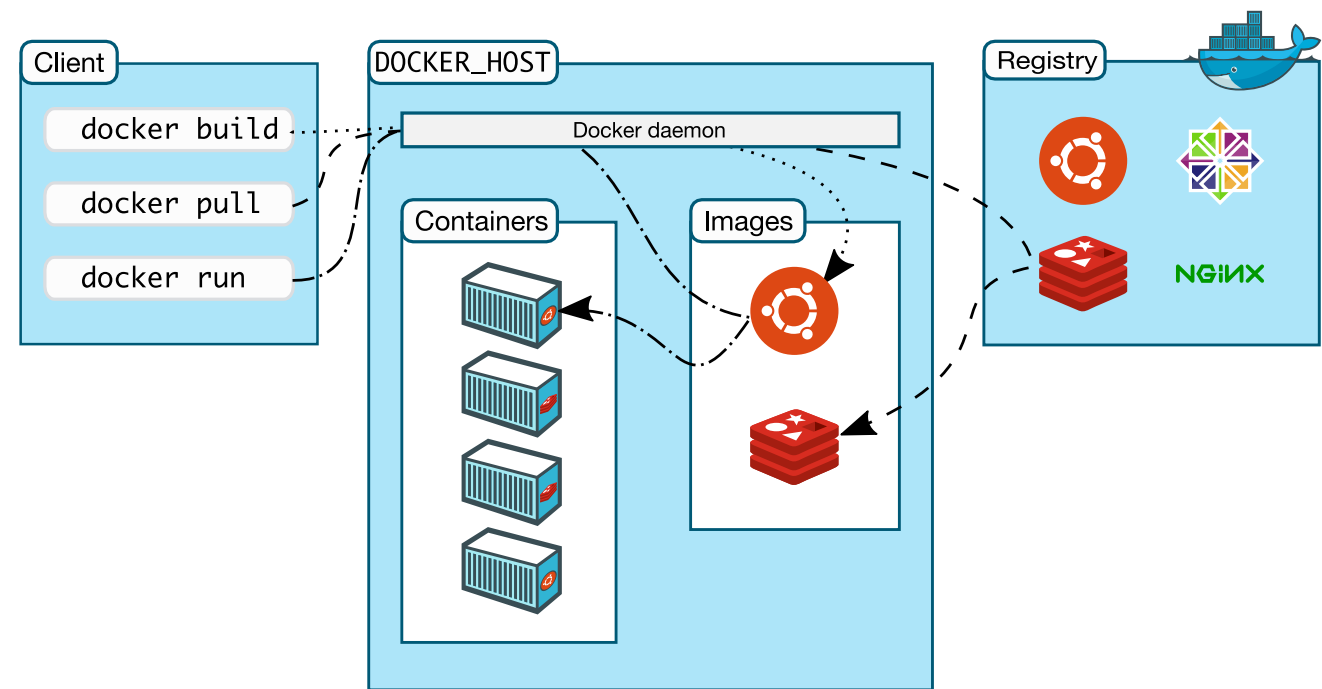


- Take a snapshot of a container (the container layer becomes a new image layer)

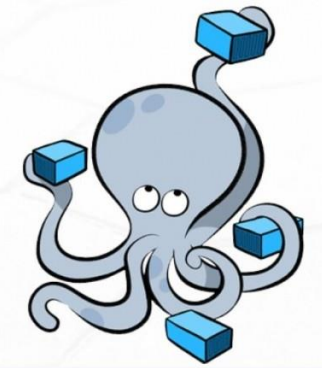


Docker architecture

- Docker daemon:
 - persistent background server process that manages network, container, image and data volumes
 - runs on a docker host
- Docker host:
 - provides the environment to execute the application
 - hosts containers, images and data volumes
 - connects containers to external networks
- Docker client:
 - used to interact with a docker daemon (local or remote)
 - direct CLI (Command-Line Interface) commands or scripts using the REST API
- Docker registry:
 - stores many images
 - On-premises, or public cloud (Docker Hub) or vendor-specific clouds (AWS Container Registry, Google Container registry...)



Docker-compose



- define multi-container app in YAML file
- use a single command to deploy the entire app

```
version: '3'

services:
  web:
    build: .
    image: web-client
    depends_on:
      - server
    ports:
      - "8080:8080"
  server:
    image: akshitgrover/helloworld
    volumes:
      - "/app" # Anonymous volume
      - "data:/data" # Named volume
      - "mydata:/data" # External volume

volumes:
  data:
  mydata:
    external: true
```

Tutorial #1: run containers

- get help on CLI commands
- workflow behind a “docker run”
- manage containers and images on your machine
- browse DockerHub
- execute a command within the container as it starts
- open an interactive terminal in the container
- persist data in the writable layer

Tutorial #2: create your own images

- Step 1:
 - Start a container in interactive mode
 - Install software in the container and copy necessary files
 - `docker commit`
- Step 2:
 - Script actions taken in step 1 in a dockerfile
 - `docker build`
- Step 3:
 - Publish to DockerHub repository

Tutorial #3: transfer files between host and container

- At image-creation time : COPY
- While a container is running : `docker cp`
- Share a repository
 - Direct mount
 - “Volume” handled by docker

Tutorial #4: networking

- Complex topic!
- A few examples:
 - Isolated container
 - Default bridge
 - User-defined bridge
 - Host network
 - Publish services outside of Docker