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2017 MCM/ICM Summary Sheet

Managing The Zambezi River

Summary

Here is the abstract to be written!

Keywords: keyword1; keyword2

Managing The Zambezi River

Kai Feng, Song Lu, Yutao Zeng January 21, 2017

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1 Introduction

The Kariba Dam is one of the biggest dam in the world, which is constructed on the Zambezi River. It supplies 1626 megawatts of electricity to parts of both Zambia and Zimbabwe and

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

- minimizes the discomfort to the hands, or
- maximizes the outgoing velocity of the ball.

We focus exclusively on the second definition.

- the initial velocity and rotation of the ball,
- the initial velocity and rotation of the bat,
- the relative position and orientation of the bat and ball, and
- the force over time that the hitter hands applies on the handle.

Nulla malesuada portitor diam. Donec felis erat, congue non, volutpat at, tincidunt tristique, libero. Vivamus viverra fermentum felis. Donec nonummy pellentesque ante. Phasellus adipiscing semper elit. Proin fermentum massa ac quam. Sed diam turpis, molestie vitae, placerat a, molestie nec, leo. Maecenas lacinia. Nam ipsum ligula, eleifend at, accumsan nec, suscipit a, ipsum. Morbi blandit ligula feugiat magna. Nunc eleifend consequat lorem. Sed lacinia nulla vitae enim. Pellentesque tincidunt purus vel magna. Integer non enim. Praesent euismod nunc eu purus. Donec bibendum quam in tellus. Nullam cursus pulvinar lectus. Donec et mi. Nam vulputate metus eu enim. Vestibulum pellentesque felis eu massa.

- the angular velocity of the bat,
- the velocity of the ball, and
- the position of impact along the bat.

Quisque ullamcorper placerat ipsum. Cras nibh. Morbi vel justo vitae lacus tincidunt ultrices. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Integer tempus convallis augue. Etiam facilisis. Nunc elementum fermentum

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wisi. Aenean placerat. Ut imperdiet, enim sed gravida sollicitudin, felis odio placerat quam, ac pulvinar elit purus eget enim. Nunc vitae tortor. Proin tempus nibh sit amet nisl. Vivamus quis tortor vitae risus porta vehicula.

center of percussion [Brody 1986], Fusce mauris. Vestibulum luctus nibh at lectus. Sed bibendum, nulla a faucibus semper, leo velit ultricies tellus, ac venenatis arcu wisi vel nisl. Vestibulum diam. Aliquam pellentesque, augue quis sagittis posuere, turpis lacus congue quam, in hendrerit risus eros eget felis. Maecenas eget erat in sapien mattis porttitor. Vestibulum porttitor. Nulla facilisi. Sed a turpis eu lacus commodo facilisis. Morbi fringilla, wisi in dignissim interdum, justo lectus sagittis dui, et vehicula libero dui cursus dui. Mauris tempor ligula sed lacus. Duis cursus enim ut augue. Cras ac magna. Cras nulla. Nulla egestas. Curabitur a leo. Quisque egestas wisi eget nunc. Nam feugiat lacus vel est. Curabitur consectetuer.

Theorem 1.1. ETEX

Lemma 1.2. *T_EX*.

Proof. The proof of theorem.

1.1 Other Assumptions

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Sed commodo posuere pede. Mauris ut est. Ut quis purus. Sed ac odio. Sed vehicula hendrerit sem. Duis non odio. Morbi ut dui. Sed accumsan risus eget odio. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Pellentesque non elit. Fusce sed justo eu urna porta tincidunt. Mauris felis odio, sollicitudin sed, volutpat a, ornare ac, erat. Morbi quis dolor. Donec pellentesque, erat ac sagittis semper, nunc dui lobortis purus, quis congue purus metus ultricies tellus. Proin et quam. Class aptent taciti sociosqu ad litora torquent per conubia nostra, per inceptos hymenaeos. Praesent sapien turpis, fermentum vel, eleifend faucibus, vehicula eu, lacus.

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2 Analysis of the Problem

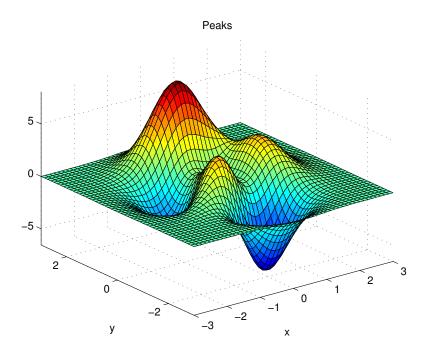


Figure 1: aa

Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Donec odio elit, dictum in, hendrerit sit amet, egestas sed, leo. Praesent feugiat sapien aliquet odio. Integer vitae justo. Aliquam vestibulum fringilla lorem. Sed neque lectus, consectetuer at, consectetuer sed, eleifend ac, lectus. Nulla facilisi. Pellentesque eget lectus. Proin eu metus. Sed porttitor. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Suspendisse eu lectus. Ut mi mi, lacinia sit amet, placerat et, mollis vitae, dui. Sed ante tellus, tristique ut, iaculis eu, malesuada ac, dui. Mauris nibh leo, facilisis non, adipiscing quis, ultrices a, dui.

$$a^2 (1)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} *20ca_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{pmatrix} = \frac{Opposite}{Hypotenuse} \cos^{-1}\theta \arcsin\theta$$

Morbi luctus, wisi viverra faucibus pretium, nibh est placerat odio, nec commodo wisi enim eget quam. Quisque libero justo, consectetuer a, feugiat vitae, porttitor eu, libero. Suspendisse sed mauris vitae elit sollicitudin malesuada. Maecenas ultricies eros sit amet ante. Ut venenatis velit. Maecenas sed mi eget dui varius euismod. Phasellus aliquet volutpat odio. Vestibulum ante ipsum primis in faucibus orci luctus et ultrices posuere cubilia Curae; Pellentesque sit amet pede ac sem eleifend consectetuer. Nullam elementum, urna vel imperdiet sodales, elit ipsum pharetra ligula, ac pretium ante justo a nulla. Curabitur tristique arcu eu metus. Vestibulum lectus. Proin mauris. Proin eu nunc eu urna

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hendrerit faucibus. Aliquam auctor, pede consequat laoreet varius, eros tellus scelerisque quam, pellentesque hendrerit ipsum dolor sed augue. Nulla nec lacus.

$$p_j = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } j \text{ is odd} \\ r! (-1)^{j/2}, & \text{if } j \text{ is even} \end{cases}$$

Suspendisse vitae elit. Aliquam arcu neque, ornare in, ullamcorper quis, commodo eu, libero. Fusce sagittis erat at erat tristique mollis. Maecenas sapien libero, molestie et, lobortis in, sodales eget, dui. Morbi ultrices rutrum lorem. Nam elementum ullamcorper leo. Morbi dui. Aliquam sagittis. Nunc placerat. Pellentesque tristique sodales est. Maecenas imperdiet lacinia velit. Cras non urna. Morbi eros pede, suscipit ac, varius vel, egestas non, eros. Praesent malesuada, diam id pretium elementum, eros sem dictum tortor, vel consectetuer odio sem sed wisi.

$$\arcsin \theta = \iiint_{\varphi} \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{n!}{r! (n-r)!}$$
 (1)

3 Calculating and Simplifying the Model

Sed feugiat. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Ut pellentesque augue sed urna. Vestibulum diam eros, fringilla et, consectetuer eu, nonummy id, sapien. Nullam at lectus. In sagittis ultrices mauris. Curabitur malesuada erat sit amet massa. Fusce blandit. Aliquam erat volutpat. Aliquam euismod. Aenean vel lectus. Nunc imperdiet justo nec dolor.

4 The Model Results

Suspendisse vel felis. Ut lorem lorem, interdum eu, tincidunt sit amet, laoreet vitae, arcu. Aenean faucibus pede eu ante. Praesent enim elit, rutrum at, molestie non, nonummy vel, nisl. Ut lectus eros, malesuada sit amet, fermentum eu, sodales cursus, magna. Donec eu purus. Quisque vehicula, urna sed ultricies auctor, pede lorem egestas dui, et convallis elit erat sed nulla. Donec luctus. Curabitur et nunc. Aliquam dolor odio, commodo pretium, ultricies non, pharetra in, velit. Integer arcu est, nonummy in, fermentum faucibus, egestas vel, odio.

5 Validating the Model

Morbi luctus, wisi viverra faucibus pretium, nibh est placerat odio, nec commodo wisi enim eget quam. Quisque libero justo, consectetuer a, feugiat vitae, porttitor eu, libero. Suspendisse sed mauris vitae elit sollicitudin malesuada. Maecenas ultricies eros sit amet

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ante. Ut venenatis velit. Maecenas sed mi eget dui varius euismod. Phasellus aliquet volutpat odio. Vestibulum ante ipsum primis in faucibus orci luctus et ultrices posuere cubilia Curae; Pellentesque sit amet pede ac sem eleifend consectetuer. Nullam elementum, urna vel imperdiet sodales, elit ipsum pharetra ligula, ac pretium ante justo a nulla. Curabitur tristique arcu eu metus. Vestibulum lectus. Proin mauris. Proin eu nunc eu urna hendrerit faucibus. Aliquam auctor, pede consequat laoreet varius, eros tellus scelerisque quam, pellentesque hendrerit ipsum dolor sed augue. Nulla nec lacus.

6 Conclusions

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7 A Summary

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8 Evaluate of the Mode

9 Strengths and weaknesses

Etiam euismod. Fusce facilisis lacinia dui. Suspendisse potenti. In mi erat, cursus id, nonummy sed, ullamcorper eget, sapien. Praesent pretium, magna in eleifend egestas, pede pede pretium lorem, quis consectetuer tortor sapien facilisis magna. Mauris quis magna varius nulla scelerisque imperdiet. Aliquam non quam. Aliquam porttitor quam a lacus. Praesent vel arcu ut tortor cursus volutpat. In vitae pede quis diam bibendum placerat. Fusce elementum convallis neque. Sed dolor orci, scelerisque ac, dapibus nec, ultricies ut, mi. Duis nec dui quis leo sagittis commodo.

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9.1 Strengths

• Applies widely

This system can be used for many types of airplanes, and it also solves the interference during the procedure of the boarding airplane, as described above we can get to the optimization boarding time. We also know that all the service is automate.

• Improve the quality of the airport service

Balancing the cost of the cost and the benefit, it will bring in more convenient for airport and passengers. It also saves many human resources for the airline.

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References

- [1] D. E. KNUTH The T_EXbook the American Mathematical Society and Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, 1984-1986.
- [2] Lamport, Leslie, LATeX: "A Document Preparation System", Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, 1986.
- [3] http://www.latexstudio.net/
- [4] http://www.chinatex.org/

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10 Brief Assessment of the options

The solution to the Kariba Dam problem can simply be divided into three options: repairing it, rebuilding it or removing it then replacing it with other dams. To the third method, ZRA suggests to build $10 \sim 20$ small dams to replace the huge Kariba Dam.

Evaluating the options from the perspective of cost and benefit is a complex task, since it can be influence by a number of factors. Only considering the cost of building dams, although it can be estimated accurately by using the cost formula below

$$C_p = K \left(\frac{V}{\left(\frac{H}{0.3}\right)^{0.3}} \right)^{0.82}$$

where C_p is the cost of building the hydropower station, V is the installed capacity, H is the design head, K is the proportional coefficient. However, the ecological costs of dam construction need to be considered more cautiously because damage to the ecological environment may be irreversible.

Option 1. Repairing the existing Kariba Dam. This is the option with the lowest cost of construction. Meanwhile, it won't change the submerged area, so there is no extra ecological cost. From the aspect of revenue, the reconstruction and expansion of Kariba Dam hydropower station can be carried out at the same time, which can effectively increase the total installed capacity of hydropower station, and thus improve the income of hydropower station. In fact, the expansion of the Kariba Dam hydropower station is underway. Since the reconstruction will not affect the Kariba Lake, the benefits from the use of water from the lake won't be reduced. The analysis above is based on the assumption that the climate will not change drastically in the future and no rare disasters which is outside the historical statistics will occur.

Option 2. Rebuilding the existing Kariba Dam. Because rebuilding the Kariba Dam need to remove the existing the dam and rebuild it at the origin site, it is an option with high risk and cost. What's more, the reconstruction of the dam will inevitably lead to the result that the hydropower station can't generate electricity in quite a long period, so this part of loss should also be included in the cost of reconstruction. However, rebuilding dams do have benefits. It helps to expand the installed capacity of hydropower station (benefit from re-designing the internal structure and using more advanced equipment). The new designed Dam would have better flood protection capacity, which allows river management to handle emergency with more flexibility. Stronger water storage capacity means we can raise the water level of Kariba Lake. It will increase the energy generation as well as bring the risk of ecologic damage which needs to be treated with caution.

Option 3. Removing the Kariba Dam and replacing it with a series of $10 \sim 20$ smaller dams along the Zambezi River. This is quite an ambitious plan. Even if the sum of installed capacity of all these small dams is the same as that of Kariba Dam, the total construction cost is still expected to be higher than rebuilding Kariba Dam according to the cost formula above. With the same problem as option 2, removing Kariba Dam will definitely lead to the loss of energy generation, furthermore even the construction of a smaller dam in the original position of Kariba Dam may result in loss of water storage capacity, as the water level in Kariba Lake will decrease. Fortunately, these losses can be minimized through rational planning. Specifically, we can give priority to the con-

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struction of small dams, and then gradually replace the Kariba Dam with their power generation capacity. New dams built in the down stream would store the water from Kariba Dam when it is removed, which can reduce the loss of water resources. Different from the previous two options, economic compensation of the new reservoirs' reserved area also needs to be include in the cost. (Here we can make an estimate by calculating the unit area GDP of the catchment)From the ecological point of view, the third option is also accompanied by greater risk. It will not only flood new areas, but also affect the ecology of Lake Kariba (the water level drops and the lake is divided into several parts). In terms of revenue, the scheduling of water resources between dams will reduce the loss of water resources caused by flooding discharge, which will actually help to increase the power generation capacity of hydropower stations. Moreover, the rational allocation of flood storage between dams will increase the safety of the dam system, the reduced reservoir area will reduce the evaporation loss of water and, in the face of emergencies, river management can also adopt a more flexible approach. Because of the high cost of the third option, a long-term analysis is of great significance. In the future, the flow of Zambezi River may reduce by $40\% \sim 50\%$ due to the climate change. Although the climate predictions nowadays are with a large degree of uncertainty, but we should never be blindly optimistic about the benefits of the new dam system.

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Appendices

Appendix A First appendix

Aliquam lectus. Vivamus leo. Quisque ornare tellus ullamcorper nulla. Mauris porttitor pharetra tortor. Sed fringilla justo sed mauris. Mauris tellus. Sed non leo. Nullam elementum, magna in cursus sodales, augue est scelerisque sapien, venenatis congue nulla arcu et pede. Ut suscipit enim vel sapien. Donec congue. Maecenas urna mi, suscipit in, placerat ut, vestibulum ut, massa. Fusce ultrices nulla et nisl.

Here are simulation programmes we used in our model as follow.

Input matlab source:

```
function [t, seat, aisle] = OI6Sim(n, target, seated)
pab=rand(1, n);
for i=1:n
    if pab(i) < 0.4
        aisleTime(i) = 0;
else
        aisleTime(i) = trirnd(3.2, 7.1, 38.7);
end
end</pre>
```

Appendix B Second appendix

some more text **Input C++ source:**

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```
srand((unsigned int)time(NULL));
shuffle((int *)&table[0], 9);
while(!put_line(1))
{
    shuffle((int *)&table[0], 9);
}

for(int x = 0; x < 9; x++){
    for(int y = 0; y < 9; y++){
        cout << table[x][y] << " ";
    }

    cout << endl;
}

return 0;</pre>
```