ENGR3420 Fall 2023

Homework 1

Name:					
Collaborators:					

Reading

All readings are from the course textbook unless otherwise stated.

This week: Skim Ch2.1 to 2.3 for future reference, and read Ch3 for understanding.

Next week: Skim rest of Ch2, read Ch5 (as much as you can).

1. Fourier and Laplace Transforms

(15 points)

(a) (10 points) For each of the following functions look up what their Fourier and Laplace transforms are. Note that neither transform is guaranteed to exist!

f(t)	$\mid F(j\omega)$	F(s)
1		
e^{at}		
$cos(\omega_0 t)$		
$sin(\omega_0 t - \frac{\pi}{2})$		
$e^{at}cos(\omega_0 t)$		
$step(t) = \begin{cases} 0, t < 0 \\ 1, t \ge 0 \end{cases}$		
$pulse(t) = \begin{cases} 1, t \le W \\ 0, t > W \end{cases}$		
$square(t) = \begin{cases} 1, \cos(2\pi f_0 t) \ge 0\\ 0, \cos(2\pi f_0 t) < 0 \end{cases}$		
$\delta(t)$		
e^{t^2}		

Rev A 1 of 6

Li	ist any sources you used.
of sp ci	5 points) Use a random number generator to pick one of the above functions, and prove one of the Laplace or Fourier transforms (or both if you are so inclined). You are encouraged to pend a little bit of time trying to do it independently, but if it's not obvious look it up (just ite your source!). Repeat this for more functions if you want the calculus practice, or are aving trouble sleeping.

Rev A 2 of 6

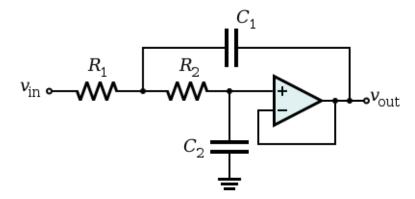
1 1	(3 points) Sko	$+ch V_{\epsilon}(f)$	nd $Y_{\alpha}(f)$ Hei	ng the represent	ativo Fraguanc	v blobs in Fi	auro 2 47
(a)	(5 points) 5ke	$X_{1}(J)$ a	$M_2(f)$ Osi	ing the represent	ative i requenc	y blobs iii i i	guie 2.47
(h)	(3 points) Find		nshin hetwen	f_1 f_2 and f_3	, such that the	signals fron	n the tw
(b)	(3 points) Find	d the relatio	nship betwen	$f_1,\;f_2,\;{\sf and}\;f_M$ ner. Assume tha	such that the at $f_2 > f_1$.	e signals fron	n the tw
(b)	(3 points) Find transmitters do	d the relatio	nship betwen with each ot	$f_1,\;f_2,\;$ and f_M ner. Assume that	such that the $f_2>f_1.$	e signals fron	n the tw
(b)	(3 points) Find transmitters do	d the relatio on't interfere	nship betwen with each ot	$f_1,\ f_2,\ {\sf and}\ f_M$ ner. Assume tha	f such that the at $f_2>f_1.$	e signals fron	n the tw
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(b)	(3 points) Fine transmitters do	d the relatio on't interfere	nship betwen with each ot	f_1 , f_2 , and f_M ner. Assume tha	g such that the at $f_2>f_1.$	e signals fron	n the tw
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Rev A 3 of 6

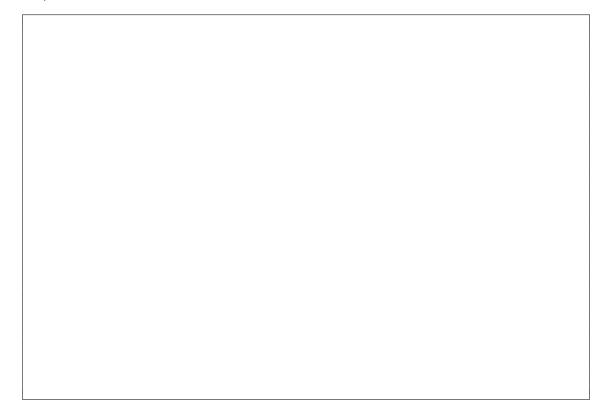
(c)	(3 points) Assuming that linearity holds, please sketch $Y_1(f)$ and $Y_2(f)$ and describe why $\tilde{s_1}(t)=\frac{1}{2}s_1(t)$ and $\tilde{s_2}(t)=\frac{1}{2}s_2(t)$.
(d)	(2 points) In the North American 2.4 GHz, 802.11 WiFi standard the range of frequencies used is 2.401GHz - 2.473GHz. The bandwidth of the WiFi signal is 22MHz (i.e $f_M=11MHz$) How many independent WiFi systems can operate in the same physical location without overlapping? For further related information, you can read about 802.11 frequency bands at 2.4 GHz Wi-Fi Bands.

Rev A 4 of 6

- **3.** Analog Circuit Op-Amp Practice with the Sallen-Key Topology (10 points) If you don't do this question, please cut these pages from the PDF. Images sourced from Wikipedia.
 - (a) (10 points) Find the transfer function $H(s)=\frac{V_O}{V_N}$ for this circuit, and describe what you think it does (sketching |H(s)| might help).

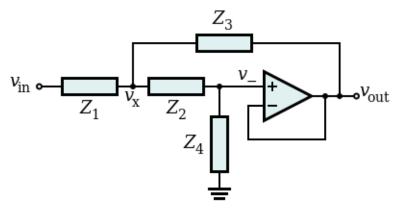


(b) (0 points) (+5j) Optional: Examine the poles of your transfer function. What constraints (if any) should you impose on the component values to ensure the circuit is stable?



Rev A 5 of 6

(c) (0 points) (+10j) Extra Optional: Find the transfer function $H(s)=\frac{V_O}{V_N}$ for the more generic Sallen-Key Circuit:



Rev A 6 of 6