CS 301 Test 2 Practice

Total points 32/52



This is a practice test for the second exam. There are practice questions for material covered in Chapters 2-6 of Sara Baase's "A Gift of Fire." They will be similar to those found on your second exam. Some of these questions are ones reworded from the various textbook presentations.

This practice test should be used as a supplement for your own studies, as some material for the test may not be covered in these questions. Reviewing the presentations provided by your peers for their textbook presentations are also a good source of studying for this exam, as well as listening to their presentation recordings. The Laws and Cases study guide we created is also another good study source.

Chapter 2: Privacy

Section score 9/12

2.1: Privacy Risks and Principles



✓ What is NOT a key aspect of privacy? *

1/1



Freedom from intrusion- Being left alone

	Freedom from the law	✓
\bigcirc	Freedom of controlling information about yourself	
0	Freedom from surveillance	
	t is the primary application of companies collecting large unts of search query data? *	1/1
	Manipulating user search results and creating targeted advertisements	✓
	Alerting the authorities to suspicious searches	
	t is a technology used to track users that is commonly foun nart phones? *	d 1/1
	General Postal Service	
	General Positioning Service	
	Global Positioning System	~
\bigcirc	Global Postal Service	
	The Fourth Amendment, Expectation of Privacy, and eillance Technologies	
✓ Wha	t does the fourth amendment protect? *	1/1
	A right to privacy	✓

	\bigcirc	A right to free speech	
	\bigcirc	A right to bear arms	
	0	A right to fair trial	
✓	orde	at U.S. Supreme Court case allowed a wiretap without a courter, arguing that the 4th Amendment only applied to physical usion? *	1/1
	\bigcirc	Smith v. Maryland, 1979	
	•	Olmstead v. United States, 1928	✓
	\bigcirc	Katz v. United States, 1967	
	\bigcirc	Miller v. United States, 1976	
	2.3:	The Business and Social Sectors	
✓	Wha	at is the right to be forgotten? *	1/1
	\bigcirc	The right to have access to your own data	
	\bigcirc	The right to controlling the availability of your own data	
	\bigcirc	The right to anonymity on the internet	
	•	The right to have your data removed from the internet	✓
		The right to have your data removed from the internet	✓

× What is willingly given up by users when using social networking 0/1 sites? *

\cup	Orealt Cara/ Illiancial Illiornation		
0	Personal information		
•	Their freedom of speech	×	
0	Their right to privacy		
Co	Personal information		
✓ What is NOT a means by which users can protect their personal 1/7 information online? *			
0	Encrypt your information		
\circ	Use fake/altered information when real information is not absolutely necessary		
\circ	Understand the risks associated with online services and make smart decisions accordingly		
	Give your information to trusted individuals who can help you protect yourself online	✓	
2.4:	Government Systems		

✓ What is a government agency seeks to fix problems with how the 1/1 government handles and leaks information? *

Covernment Associatehility Office (CAO)

	GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY OFFICE (GAO)	~
\bigcirc	Department of Defense (DoD)	
\bigcirc	Government Anonymity Office (GAO)	
0	United States Information Protection Agency (IPA)	
✓ Wha	at is the Privacy Act of 1974? *	1/1
•	Governs the collection, use, maintenance, and release of personal information kept in government records	✓
0	Declares that all United States citizens have a right to a certain degree of privacy	
0	Declares that citizens must release some private information in the event of national crisis requiring this information	of a
0	Governs the right of companies to collect personal information and use it f commercial purposes	or
2.5:	Protecting Privacy: Technology, Markets, Rights, and Laws	•

× Which of the following is false about encryption? *

0/1

Utilizes a cryptographic algorithm to convert information from being readable into an incomprehensible mess to those who lack the code

	\circ	It is impossible to break an encrypted code without a key	
	•	Money laundering is a common criminal activity ties to encryption	×
	\bigcirc	Encrypted messages are possible to break without need of its specific key	
	\bigcirc	Other:	
	Co	orrect answer It is impossible to break an encrypted code without a key	
	2.6:	Communications	
×	Wha	at is the Electronic Communications Privacy Act of 1986? *	0/1
	•	Allows the government to monitor electronic sources for information, such as computers, wiretapping, etc.	×
	\bigcirc	Prevents the transfer of user private information via electronic means.	
	0	Prevents the government from monitoring electronic sources of informatio such as computers, wiretapping, etc.	n,
	\bigcirc	Allows the transfer of user private information via electronic means.	
	Co	Prevents the government from monitoring electronic sources of information, such as computers, wiretapping, etc.	

Chapter 3: Freedom of Speech

Section score 5/10

3.1: Communications Paradigms



- × Which of the following best describes the Telecommunications 0/1 Act of 1996? *
 - Internet service providers can be sued for the content used through them
 - Deregulation of service areas to prevent company monopolies
 - Internet service providers are not responsible for content used through them
 - A person agrees to be monitored as soon as they sign a contract with an Internet service provider
 - Phone-tapping is not a violation of freedom of speech in certain situations

Correct answer

Internet service providers are not responsible for content used through them

✓ Which of the following best describes the Children's Internet Protection Act? *

1/1

	\cup	it is megal to distribute obscene material to minors	
	0	It is illegal for commercial websites to give harmful information to minors	
	0	Internet service providers must ban violent online games	
	•	Schools and libraries must install content-filtering software to block obscene material from children	/
	0	Parents are required by law to monitor their children's use of the Internet	
	3.2:	Controlling Speech	
		cording to the decision of Miller v. California, what makes a ce of material obscene? *	1/1
	0	It depicts sexual acts that are illegal by state law	
	0	It depicts acts in an offensive manner judged by a reasonable person within the community	
	0	It has no serious literary, artistic, social, political, or scientific value	
	•	All of the above	/
	0	None of the above	
	✓ Whi	ch of the following is NOT true about spam? *	1/1
Ŀ	0	Spam is unsolicited bulk emails, tweets, messages, and/or phone calls	

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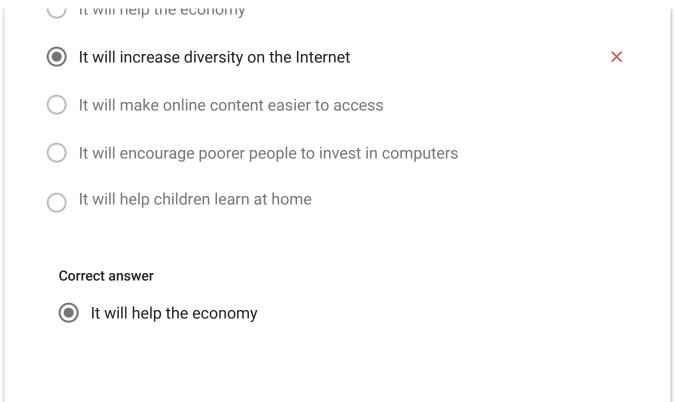
It is legal to use deceptive practices in spam emails	✓
Spam can cause issues with fraud	
Spam can be used to spread viruses	
A way to reduce spam is to charge for sending emails	
3.3: Posting, Selling, and Leaking Sensitive Material	
X Which of the following is NOT a responsibility of operators of websites for leaks? *	0/1
Get permission from the government to run such a site	
Avoid abuse of the website	
Have sufficient security to protect whistleblowers	
Have policies for handling law enforcement	×
O Verify authenticity of leaks	
Correct answer	
Get permission from the government to run such a site	
3.4: Anonymity	
× What is the purpose of a pseudonym? *	0/1
To give credit someone for creating content they did not actually create	

\circ	To protect oneself when publishing controversial material	
\bigcirc	To legally change one's name	
0	To help someone apply for a new job	
	None of the above	×
Co	orrect answer To protect oneself when publishing controversial material	
× Whi	ich of the following is NOT a use of anonymity? *	0/1
0	Preventing embarrassment	
0	Protecting criminals	
	Helping companies keep secrets	×
0	Framing someone	
\bigcirc	Spreading rumors	
	Framing someone The Global Net Censorship and Political Freedom	

 \checkmark What is the government of a free country allowed to do in the 1/1 case of a violent threat? *

\cup	COMISCATE MODILE DEVICES	
\bigcirc	Cause an intentional blackout	
\bigcirc	Tap into phone and online conversations	
	Block any form of communication	✓
\bigcirc	All of the above	
3.6:	Net Neutrality Regulations or the Market?	
✓ Whi	ch of the following is an argument in favor of net neutrality?	* 1/1
✓ Whi	ch of the following is an argument in favor of net neutrality? It will make the Internet faster	* 1/1
✓ Whi		* 1/1
✓ Whi	It will make the Internet faster	* 1/1 •⁄
✓ Whi	It will make the Internet faster It will allow everyone to use the Internet equally	* 1/1
✓ Whi	It will make the Internet faster It will allow everyone to use the Internet equally It will help fund Internet service providers	* 1/1

× Which of the following is an argument in favor of the free market 0/1 approach? *



Chapter 4: Intellectual Property

Section score 8/14

4.1: Principles, Laws, and Cases



× Which of the following would NOT be protected under copyright 0/1 law? *

→ A IIIOVIE	
A piece of artwork	
A piece of software	×
The method/process of creating a product	
Correct answer The method/process of creating a product	
The answer to the previous question would instead be protected by a patent. *	1/1
True	~
False	
× Which of the following is NOT an online copyright act? *	0/1
U.S. Digital Millennium Copyright Act (DMCA)	
Online Copyright Act of 2011	
No Electronic Theft Act of 1997	
Copyright Act of 1909	×
Correct answer Online Copyright Act of 2011	
✓ Which of the following was a significant legal case regarding copyright? *	1/1

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13	\cup	DIOWII V. DOGIU OI EUUCALIOII	
	\bigcirc	United States v. Bhagat Singh Thind	
	\bigcirc	Virginia v. Loving	
	•	MGM v. Grokster	✓
×	Whi	ch of the following is NOT true about Fair Use? *	0/1
	0	Large amounts of original copyrighted work are allowed to be used in derivative works	
	•	Allows the use of copyrighted material for educational purposes or for parodies	×
	0	Derivative works should preferably be non-profit and promote the original work	
	Co	Large amounts of original copyrighted work are allowed to be used in derivative works	
	4.2:	Responses to Copyright Infringement	

✓ What does DRM stand for? *

1/1

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Digital Rights Movement

	\bigcirc	Digital Restrictive Monetization	
	\bigcirc	Digital Rights Monetization	
	•	Digital Rights Management	~
×	Wha	at is a cyberlocker? *	0/1
	\bigcirc	A program that allows users to store private information online for safe but easy access	
	•	A Trojan program that restricts internet access if downloaded accidentally	×
	\bigcirc	A security program that protects computers from online viruses	
	\bigcirc	An online storage platform of easy accessible information and files to all users	
	Co	An online storage platform of easy accessible information and files to all users	
	4.3:	Search Engines and Online Libraries	

✓ Which of the following was decided in Field v. Google? *

1/1

Search engines cannot show copyrighted material in results

	•	Caching web pages is fair use	✓
	0	Using images for thumbnails in search results is not infringement	
	\bigcirc	Search engines cannot give suggestions without addressing copyrights first	st
	0	Users of search engines are allowed to bypass copyright laws	
< \	Nhi	ch of the following was decided in Kelly v. Arriba Soft? *	1/1
	\bigcirc	Search engines cannot show copyrighted material in results	
	\bigcirc	Caching web pages is fair use	
	•	Using images for thumbnails in search results is not infringement	✓
	0	Search engines cannot give suggestions without addressing copyrights first	st
	0	Users of search engines are allowed to bypass copyright laws	
4	1.4:	Free Software	
< \	Nha	at is free software? *	1/1
	0	Software that has no cost	
	0	Software that is considered "open source"	
	\bigcirc	Software that can be copied and modified by anyone	
	0	Software that follows copyleft	
	•	All of the above	✓
		ch of the following is NOT a problem associated with free ware? *	1/1

!

	\cup	ividity versions	
	\bigcirc	Not as user friendly	
	•	Must be modified before use	/
	0	No tech support	
	\bigcirc	All of the above	
	4.5:	Patents for Inventions in Software	
	× Whi	ich of the following can be patented? *	0/1
	0	Laws of nature	
	\bigcirc	Assembly line processes	
	\bigcirc	Mathematical formulas	
		Obvious inventions	×
	\bigcirc	Novels	
	Co	orrect answer Assembly line processes	
	× Whi	ich of the following was decided in Bilski v. Kappos? *	0/1
!	\bigcirc	Broadened what "obvious" means for rejecting patents	

Patents last for twenty years			
Patents cannot be given for abstract ideas			
Computer code can be patented			
A person cannot hold more than two patents			
Correct answer Patents cannot be given for abstract ideas			
✓ What is a patent troll? * 1/1			
O Someone who sells fake patents			
A company or person who purchases many patents to make money from patent lawsuits			
A company that illegally creates patents			
Someone who creates patents just different enough from existing ones to get away with it			
None of the above			

Chapter 5: Crime

Section score 6/8

B

✓ The term "hacker" had a different meaning when it was originally 1/1 coined. Which of the following would reflect this meaning? *

Someone who devises clever pieces of code and finds new ways to innovate old software.			
Someone who sends emails containing malware to infect others computers and destroy systems.			
Someone who manipulates computer programs in order to access information they do not have access to.			
Employees of a foreign government attacking systems in other countries to gain intel.			
✓ Which of the following is NOT a modern form of hacking today's 1/1 information systems? *			
Denial of service attacks			
Spreading Internet worms and viruses			
Stealing credit card information			
Phone phreaking ✓			

✓ What is the difference between a white hat hacker and a black
hat hacker? *

✓ Which of the following is a method that a bank would use to improve security of their website and prevent identity theft of their customers? *

1/1

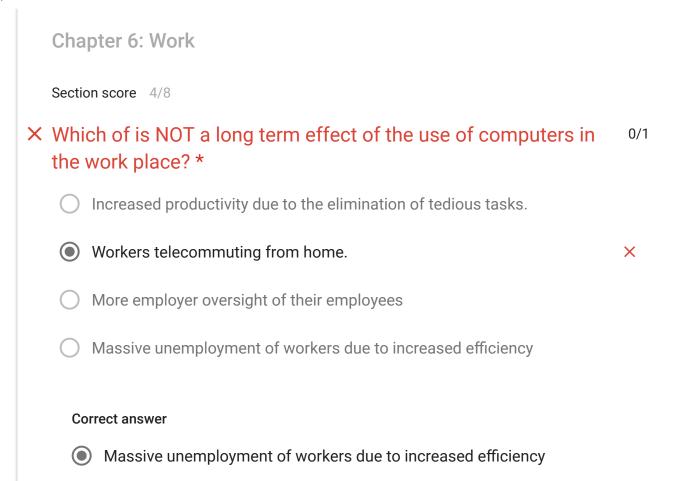
Asking for extra login information	
Geographic location tools	
Risk detection based on customer logins	
Authenticating customers through the devices they use	
All of the above	~
✓ True or False: Biometrics are used to improve security of an individual's personal data and cannot be fooled. *	1/1
○ True	
False	~

× Which of the following is not an issue when it comes to international jurisdiction on the Internet? *

0/1

Ourstant advancement of technology makes it dimout for law makers to

	keep up with legislation.		
0	Companies in other countries can infringe on material copyrighted in another country without punishment.		
•	Different freedom of speech laws make it hard to determine what can and x cannot be displayed online in other countries.		
0	Governments have organized to develope policies dealing with international cyber crimes and prosecuting perpetrators.		
Co	Governments have organized to develope policies dealing with international cyber crimes and prosecuting perpetrators.		
Which of the following is used by law enforcement in order to catch and punish hackers in the United States? *			
\bigcirc	The Computer Fraud and Abuse Act		
•	The United States Patriot Act X		
\circ	Undercover hackers that work for law enforcement		
0	Honeypots		
0	All of the above		
Co	orrect answer All of the above		



X The fear that computers would eliminate jobs and result in massive unemployment can be compared to which of the following: *

0/1

\circ	Implementation of the assembly line by Henry Ford.	
\bigcirc	Luddites burning looms in the 1800s.	
•	Creation of sewing machines to lower cost of dresses.	×
\bigcirc	Massive unemployment after the 1929 stock market crash.	
Co	Luddites burning looms in the 1800s.	
✓ Whi	ich of the following is NOT a benefit of telecommuting? *	1/1
0	Reduces overhead cost for employee	
0	Easier to work with a global economy	
•	Division between employees who work from home and employees who work in the office	✓
\bigcirc	Gives workers more time to spend with their family and their community	
0	More satisfied and loyal employees	

✓ Which of the following is a reason companies choose to offshore 1/1 workers? *

H

13		wages are cheaper in other countries so companies can maximize profits.	~	
	\bigcirc	Workers are more productive in other countries.		
	\bigcirc	There is a shortage of workers in the United States.		
	\bigcirc	Customer satisfaction and quality increases with offshoring.		
	\bigcirc			
✓ Which of the following is NOT an ethical problem that results from offshoring? *				
	\bigcirc	Foreign workers are often treated worse than American workers.		
	•	Offshoring could help keep a company in business keeping people employed in America and other countries.	✓	
	\bigcirc	Workers in the United States have to work at night to manage employees abroad.		
	0	Companies manipulate offshore workers because they do not have the righthey would in the United States.	nts	

× Which of the following would be considered employee prohibited 0/1 speech on personal social media? *

Dau mouning other employees or customers	^
O Disclosing information about clients	
Trash talking competitors	
O Discussion of new products or business plans	
All of the above	
Correct answer All of the above	
✓ Which of the following Acts makes an exception for emails intercepted by business systems? *	1/1
Electronic Communication Privacy Act	✓
O Patriot Act	
O Internet Privacy Act of 1970	
O Computer Fraud and Abuse Act	

× Why do companies choose to monitor their employees use of 0/1 company systems *

To protect security of company information and data.	^
To prevent criminal activity of employees	
To check for violation of company policy	
To prevent use of personal devices for company business	
All of the above	
Correct answer	
All of the above	

Feedback

Section score 0/0

Please give us feedback on how helpful you found this practice exam. Was it too easy? Too hard? How did it compare to the first practice exam? What changes would you like to see in the final practice exam?

Please rate how helpful this practice exam was:

Very helpful

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