1. Prove the following using a direct proof: Show If x + 2 is an even Z, then x is even.

Proof: Since x+2 is an even Z is true. $\times +2 = 2 \times For some k in the integers$ x= 2 16-2 x=2(K-1) $x = 2(\kappa - 1), (\kappa - 1) \in Z, P = K - 1, 3 P \in Z$ K = P x = 2K-> x is even

. By the T.T. It x+2 is an even Z, then x is even is true.

2. Prove the following using a direct proof: Show If n is an even integer then n² is even

Proof: Since n is an even integer is true. n = a c For some k in the integers $n^2 = n \cdot n$ U3 = 3K.3K $n^2 = 4 R^2$ $n^2 = \sqrt{1 R^2}$ $n^2 = 2(2k^2)$, $2k^2$ is in Z, let $p = 2k^2$ for some p in Z. $n^2 = 2p$ $n^2 = \sqrt{1 R^2}$ $n^2 = n^2$ $n^2 = n^2$

.. By the T.T. It nis an even integer, then n2 is even is true.

3. Prove the following using a direct proof: Show If $x^2 = 49$, then $x = \pm 7$

Proof: Since $x^2 = 49$ is true. $\sqrt{x^2} = \pm \sqrt{49}$ $x = \pm 7$ $\therefore By T.T. If <math>x^2 = 49$, then $x = \pm 7$ is true.