Friday 10/12 example

Math 661 Optimization (Fall 2018, Bueler)

 $\min c^{\top}x$ subject to $Ax = b, x \ge 0$ where

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, b = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, c = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ -4 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\underline{B^{\top}y = c_B} \implies y = \begin{bmatrix} \bigcirc \\ \bigcirc \\ \bigcirc \end{bmatrix} \implies \underline{\hat{c}_N = c_N - N^{\top}y} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathcal{B} = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 3 \\ 2 \end{array} \right\}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad c_B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -4 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \underline{Bx_B = b} \implies x_B = \hat{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathcal{N} = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \end{array} \right\}, \quad N = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad c_N = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\underline{B^{\top}y = c_B} \implies y = \begin{bmatrix} O \\ + \end{bmatrix} \implies \qquad \underline{\hat{c}_N = c_N - N^{\top}y} = \begin{bmatrix} -6 \\ + \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \\ -1 \\ \end{array} \right\}, \quad B = \left[\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ -1 \\ \end{array} \right], \quad c_B = \left[\begin{array}{c} -2 \\ -4 \\ \end{array} \right], \quad \underline{Bx_B = b} \implies x_B = \hat{b} = \left[\begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{3} \\ \frac{3}{2} \\ \end{array} \right]$$

$$N = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 3 \\ 3 \\ \end{array} \right\}, \quad N = \left[\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 0 \\ \end{array} \right], \quad c_N = \left[\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 0 \\ \end{array} \right]$$

$$N = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{3} \\ \frac{3}{2} \\ \frac{3}{3} \\ \end{array} \right\}$$

$$N = \left[\begin{array}{c} -2 \\ 2 \\ \end{array} \right] \implies \begin{array}{c} \hat{c}_N = c_N - N^{\top}y = \left[\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 2 \\ \end{array} \right]$$

$$N = \left[\begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{3} \\ \frac{3}{2} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[\begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{3} \\ \frac{3}{2} \\ \end{array} \right]$$

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 $\hat{A}_t \leq 0$?: stop, unbounded $\left\{ \frac{\hat{b}_i}{\hat{a}_{i,t}} \right\} = \left\{$