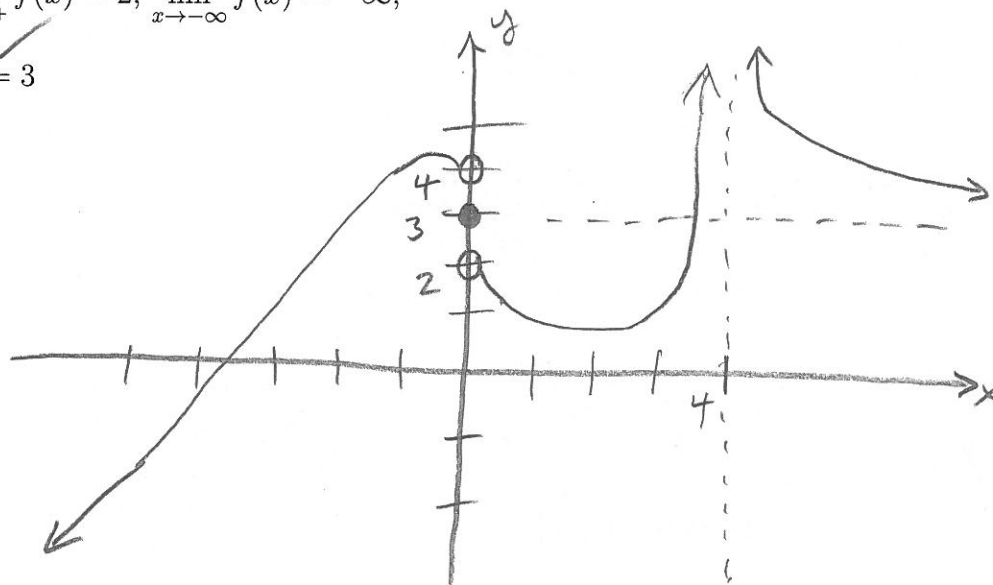


1. (§2.6 #9) Sketch the graph of a function that satisfies all these conditions:

$$f(0) = 3, \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} f(x) = 4, \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f(x) = 2, \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = -\infty,$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 4^+} f(x) = \infty, \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = 3$$



2. Find  $f'(x)$  using the definition if  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ .

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{x+h} - \sqrt{x}}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cancel{(x+h)} - \cancel{x}}{\cancel{h}(\sqrt{x+h} + \sqrt{x})} \\ &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+h} + \sqrt{x}} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} \end{aligned}$$

3. (§2.7 #7) Using the result of the last problem, find an equation of the tangent line to  $y = \sqrt{x}$  at the point  $(1, 1)$ .

$$m = f'(1) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{1}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\therefore y - 1 = \frac{1}{2}(x - 1)$$

4. (§2.6 #50) Find the horizontal and vertical asymptotes of the curve, and state the limits which justify these asymptotes:

$$y = \frac{1+x^4}{x^2-x^4} = \frac{1+x^4}{x^2(1-x^2)} = \frac{1+x^4}{x^2(1-x)(1+x)} = f(x)$$

vertical asymptotes:  $x=0$  ( $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) = +\infty$ )

$x=-1$  ( $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^+} f(x) = +\infty$ )

$x=+1$  ( $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} f(x) = +\infty$ )

hor. asymptote:  $y=-1$  ( $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{x^4} + 1}{\frac{1}{x^2} - 1} = -1$ )

5. (§2.3 #49) Let  $g(x) = \frac{x^2+x-6}{|x-2|}$ .

(a) Find  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} g(x)$  and  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} g(x)$ .

(b) Does  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} g(x)$  exist?

$$(a) \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} g(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} \frac{x^2+x-6}{-(x-2)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} \frac{(x-2)(x+3)}{-(x-2)} = -5$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} g(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \frac{x^2+x-6}{x-2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \frac{(x-2)(x+3)}{x-2} = 5$$

(b) no, because one-sided limits are not equal

6. (like §2.7 #53) The cost of producing  $x$  ounces of gold from a new mine is  $C = f(x)$  dollars.

(a) What is the meaning of the derivative  $f'(x)$ ? What are its units?

(b) What does the statement  $f'(80,000) = 17$  mean?

(a) it is the rate of change of the production cost as the ounces produced is increased, with units of dollars/ounce

(b) it means that at 80,000 ounces produced, each additional ounce costs \$17