Math F251: Sections 2.3 Worksheet

(SOLUTIONS)

1. Sketch the graph y = f(x) of a function which has all of the following properties; do not worry about any *formula* for f(x):

(a)
$$f(0) = 3$$

(b)
$$\lim_{x\to 0} f(x) = 0$$

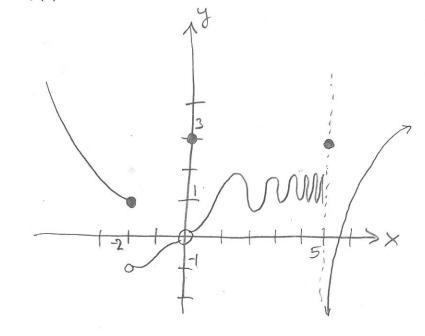
(c)
$$\lim_{x\to -2^-} f(x) = 1$$

(d)
$$\lim_{x\to -2^+} f(x) = -1$$

(e)
$$\lim_{x\to 5^-} f(x)$$
 d.n.e.

(f)
$$\lim_{x\to 5^+} f(x) = -\infty$$

(g) the domain of
$$f$$
 is $(-\infty, \infty)$



2. Evaluate the limit, if it exists:

$$\lim_{h \to 0} \frac{(2+h)^3 - 8}{h} = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{8 + 12h + 12h^2 + h^3 - 8}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{k(12 + 12h + h^2)}{k} = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{12 + 12h + h^2}{k} = 12 + 0 + 0$$

$$= (12)$$

3. Evaluate the limit, if it exists:

$$\lim_{u \to 2} \frac{\sqrt{4u+1}-3}{u-2} = \lim_{u \to 2} \frac{\sqrt{4u+1}-3}{u-2} \frac{\sqrt{4u+1}+3}{\sqrt{4u+1}+3}$$

$$= \lim_{u \to 2} \frac{(4u+1)-9}{(u-2)(\sqrt{4u+1}+3)} = \lim_{u \to 2} \frac{4(u-2)}{(u-2)(\sqrt{4u+1}+3)}$$

$$= \lim_{u \to 2} \frac{4}{\sqrt{4u+1}+3} = \frac{4}{\sqrt{9}+3} = \frac{4}{\sqrt{3}}$$

4. Evaluate the limit, if it exists:

$$\lim_{t \to 0} \left(\frac{1}{t\sqrt{1+t}} - \frac{1}{t} \right) = \lim_{t \to 0} \frac{1 - \sqrt{1+t}}{t} = \lim$$

5. Evaluate the limit, if it exists:

$$\lim_{x \to 3} \frac{\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{3}}{x - 3} = \lim_{x \to 3} \frac{3 - x}{x \cdot 3 \cdot (x - 3)} = \lim_{x \to 3} \frac{-1}{3 \times 3} = \frac{1}{3 \times 3}$$

6. Evaluate the limits, if they exist, and otherwise explain why they do not:

(a)
$$\lim_{x\to 0^{-}} \left(\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{|x|}\right) = -\infty$$

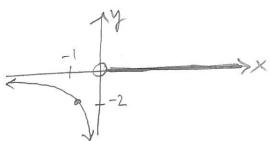
$$\lim_{x\to 0^{+}} \left(\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{|x|}\right) = 0 \quad \text{(\times > 0$)}$$

$$\lim_{x\to 0^{+}} \left(\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{|x|}\right) = 0 \quad \text{(\times < 0$)}$$

Ketch via simplifications

$$\frac{1}{X} - \frac{1}{|X|} = 0 \quad (X > 0)$$

$$\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{|x|} = \frac{2}{x} (x < 0)$$



7. Challenge problem. Consider the following function:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } x \text{ is rational} \\ 0, & \text{if } x \text{ is irrational} \end{cases}$$

 $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } x \text{ is rational} \\ 0, & \text{if } x \text{ is irrational} \end{cases} \qquad \begin{cases} \text{because there is no number} \\ \text{L so that } f(x) \text{ is close to L} \\ \text{For all } \times \text{ close to 2evo} \end{cases}$ Evaluate the limit $\lim_{x \to 0} f(x)$ if it exists. If it does not exist, explain why.

lim f(x) d.n.e.