## **Assignment #1**

## Due Wednesday, 7 September 2016, at the start of class

Please read Chapters 1, 2, 3 in the textbook. Do the following exercises.

## Chapter 2, pages 7–8, Exercises:

- 2.1 (*Both* show a Venn diagram *and* write a proof that does not refer to the diagram.)
- 2.2 (*Ditto.*)

2.4

## Chapter 3, pages 15, Exercises:

- 3.2
- 3.3
- 3.4
- 3.5

**Problem P1.** In this problem, "(a,b)" denotes an open interval of the real line, not an ordered pair. You may use the fact that an interval I of the real line is open if and only if for every  $x \in I$  there is some  $\epsilon > 0$  so that  $(x - \epsilon, x + \epsilon) \subseteq I$ .

(a) Give an example of an index set J, and a collection of open intervals  $(a_j, b_j) \subseteq \mathbb{R}$  for  $j \in J$ , so that

$$\bigcap_{j\in J}(a_j,b_j)$$

is a closed interval [c, d] which is not empty. Prove your example works.

**(b)** Prove that for any index set J and collection of open intervals  $(a_j, b_j) \subseteq \mathbb{R}$  for  $j \in J$ , if

$$\bigcup_{j\in J}(a_j,b_j)$$

is an interval then it is an open interval.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>W. Sutherland, *Introduction to Metric and Topological Spaces*, 2nd ed., Oxford Univ. Press 2009