

SOLUTIONS

Math F251: Section 4.5 Worksheet

Friday 1 November 2018

Recall the guidelines:

- A. domain
- B. intercepts
- C. symmetry
- D. asymptotes
- E. increase/decrease (and critical numbers)
- F. local maxima/minima
- G. concavity (and inflection points)
- H. sketch the graph

1. Sketch the graph by applying the guidelines:

$$y = \frac{\sin x}{2 + \cos x}, \quad 0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$$

$$y' = \frac{\cos x(2 + \cos x) - \sin x(-\sin x)}{(2 + \cos x)^2}$$

$$= \frac{2\cos x + 1}{(2 + \cos x)^2}$$

Domain: all real numbers

x-intercepts: $\sin x = 0 \Leftrightarrow x = 0, \pi, 2\pi$

y-intercept: $y = 0$

Symmetry: periodic w. period 2π

asymptotes: none

Crit #s: $2\cos x + 1 = 0 \Leftrightarrow \cos x = -\frac{1}{2}$
 $x = \frac{2\pi}{3}, \frac{4\pi}{3}$

infl. pts: $\sin x = 0$ or $\cos x = 1 = 0$
 $x = 0, \pi, 2\pi$

$$y'' = \frac{-2\sin x(2 + \cos x)^2 - (2\cos x + 1)2(2 + \cos x)}{(2 + \cos x)^4}$$

$$= \frac{-2\sin x(2 + \cos x) + 2(2\cos x + 1)\sin x}{(2 + \cos x)^3}$$

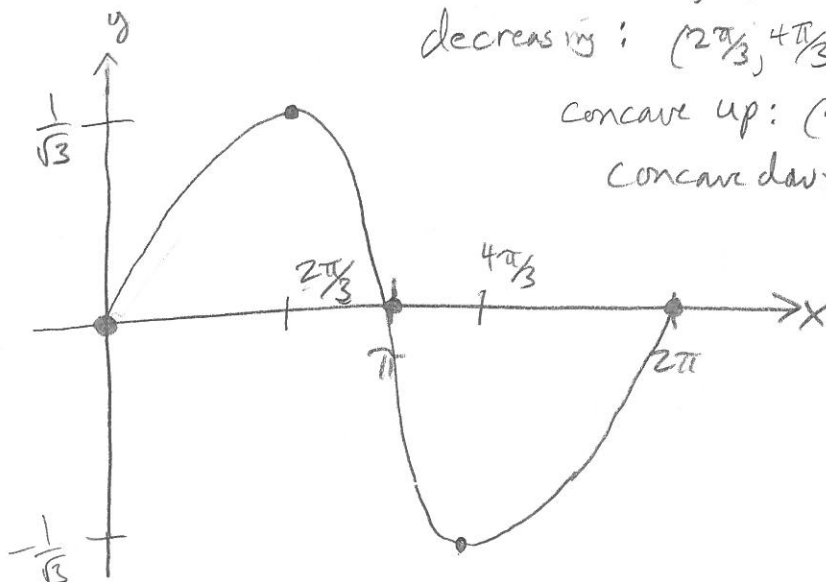
$$= \frac{2\sin x(\cos x - 1)}{(2 + \cos x)^3}$$

increasing: $(0, \frac{2\pi}{3}) \cup (\frac{4\pi}{3}, 2\pi)$

decreasing: $(\frac{2\pi}{3}, \frac{4\pi}{3})$

concave up: $(\pi, 2\pi)$

concave down: $(0, \pi)$



x	y	y'	y''
0	0	+	0
$\frac{2\pi}{3}$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$	0	-
π	0	-	0
$\frac{4\pi}{3}$	$-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$	0	+
2π	0	+	0

2. Sketch the graph by applying the guidelines:

$$y = \frac{1}{x^2 - 4} \rightarrow y' = -(x^2 - 4)^{-2} (2x) = \frac{-2x}{(x^2 - 4)^2}, \quad y'' = \frac{2(3x^2 + 4)}{(x^2 - 4)^3}$$

domain: $(-\infty, -2) \cup (-2, 2) \cup (2, \infty)$

intercepts: $(0, -1/4)$

symmetry: even

asymptotes: $x = -2, x = 2, y = 0$

crit #s: $x = 0$

infl. pts: none

increasing: $(-\infty, -2) \cup (-2, 0)$

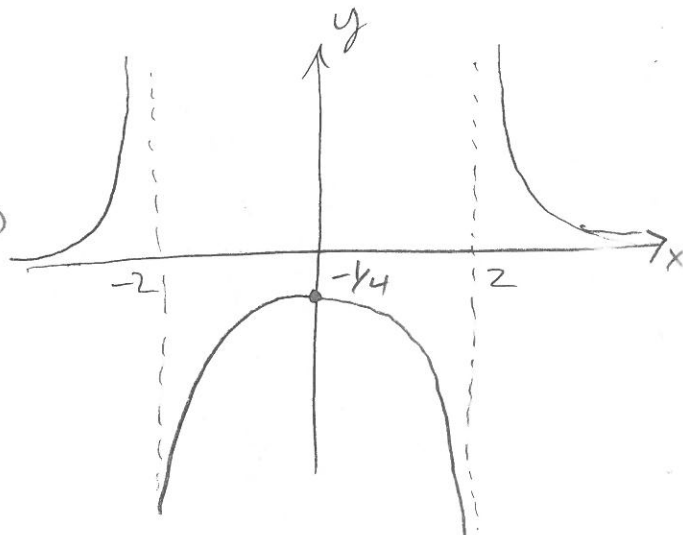
decreasing: $(0, 2) \cup (2, \infty)$

concave up: $(-\infty, -2) \cup (2, \infty)$

concave down: $(-2, 2)$

x	y	y'	y''
$-\infty$	0	+	+
-2	$\pm\infty$	+	
0	$-1/4$	0	-
2	$\pm\infty$	-	
$+\infty$	0	-	+

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \pm\infty} \frac{1}{x^2 - 4} = 0$$



3. Sketch the graph by applying the guidelines:

$$y = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} \rightarrow y' = \frac{1}{(x^2 + 1)^{3/2}}, \quad y'' = \frac{-3x}{(x^2 + 1)^{5/2}}$$

domain: $(-\infty, \infty)$

intercepts: $(0, 0)$

symmetry: odd

asymptotes: $y = -1, y = +1$

crit #s: none

infl. pts: $x = 0$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} = -1, \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} = +1$$

increasing: $(-\infty, \infty)$

decreasing nowhere

concave up: $(-\infty, 0)$

concave down: $(0, \infty)$

x	y	y'	y''
$-\infty$	-1		
		+	+
0	0	+	0
		+	-
$+\infty$	+1		

