

Solutions to Quiz # 3

1. (I was wrong to ask for the answer in Newtons. It should be in Joules = Newton-meters.) The linear weight density of the rope is $\frac{4 \text{ kg}}{60 \text{ m}} = \frac{1}{15} \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}}$. The weight of a small piece of rope of length dy is $dF = \left(\frac{1}{15} \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}}\right) (10 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}) (dy \text{ m}) = \frac{2}{3} dy$ Newtons. A piece of rope at position y must be lifted $60 - y$ meters (if the bottom of the rope is at $y = 0$). The total work to coil it into your hand is

$$W = \int_0^{60} \frac{2}{3} dy (60 - y) = \frac{2}{3} \int_0^{60} (60 - y) dy = \frac{2}{3} \left[60y - \frac{y^2}{2} \right]_0^{60} = \frac{2}{3} \left[60^2 - \frac{60^2}{2} \right] = 1200 \text{ J}$$

2.

$$f_{\text{ave}} = \frac{1}{7-3} \int_3^7 \frac{1}{x} dx = \frac{1}{4} [\ln x]_3^7 = \frac{1}{4} (\ln 7 - \ln 3)$$

3. Do integration-by-parts with $u = x$ and $dv = e^x dx$:

$$\int_{-1}^1 x e^x dx = [x e^x]_{-1}^1 - \int_{-1}^1 e^x dx = [e^1 + e^{-1}] - [e^x]_{-1}^1 = e + \frac{1}{e} - \left(e - \frac{1}{e} \right) = \frac{2}{e}$$

4. Do integration-by-parts with $u = \arctan x$ and $dv = dx$. Then use substitution $u = 1 + x^2$:

$$\begin{aligned} \int \arctan x dx &= x \arctan x - \int \frac{x}{1+x^2} dx = x \arctan x - \int \frac{du/2}{u} \\ &= x \arctan x - \frac{1}{2} \ln |u| + C = x \arctan x - \frac{1}{2} \ln(1+x^2) + C \end{aligned}$$