2.3 Linear Equations a lecture for MATH F302 Differential Equations

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for textbook: D. Zill, A First Course in Differential Equations with Modeling Applications, 11th ed.

linear first-order differential equations

a *linear* ordinary differential equation has only a first power on both dy/dx and y, and it can be put in the form

$$a_1(x)\frac{dy}{dx} + a_0(x)y = g(x)$$

or

$$\frac{dy}{dx} + P(x)y = g(x)$$

we can write solutions to such equations in terms of integrals!

linear equation standard form:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} + P(x)y = g(x)$$

Examples:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} + y = x + 3$$

Here P(x) = 1 and g(x) = x + 3.

$$tz' = z + \cos t$$

which is the same as

$$\frac{dz}{dt} + \frac{-1}{t}z = \frac{\cos t}{t}$$

with P(t) = -1/t and $g(t) = \cos t/t$.

not an example

linear equation standard form: $\frac{dy}{dx} + P(x)y = g(x)$

Not an example:

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$$y\frac{dy}{dx} = x + e^x$$

this cannot be put in the standard form ... but it is *separable* (section 2.2)

example 1

before giving general formulas, here's how the method works on an example

• Example.

$$\frac{dy}{dx} + y = x + 3$$

solution principle

to solve a first-order, linear ordinary differential equation y'+P(x)y=g(x) we multiply by a factor which allows us to *undo* the product rule

for y' + P(x)y = g(x):

- 1) find $\mu(x)$ so that $\mu'(x) = P(x)\mu(x)$
- 2 multiply both sides by μ :

$$\mu y' + \mu P y = \mu g$$

3 recognize product rule:

$$(\mu y)' = \mu g$$

4 integrate:

$$\mu(x)y(x) = \int \mu(x)g(x) dx$$

5 solve for *y*:

$$y(x) = \mu(x)^{-1} \int \mu(x)g(x) dx$$

integrating factor

formula: the integrating factor $\mu(x)$ is found by

$$\mu(x) = e^{\int P(x) \, dx}$$

example 2

example: (has an initial condition)

$$\frac{dy}{dx} + y = x + 3, \qquad y(0) = 3$$

visualization of

$$\frac{dy}{dx} + y = x + 3, \qquad y(0) = 3$$

FIXME FIXME • Example. Newton's law of cooling

$$\frac{dT}{dt} = k(T_m - T), \qquad T(0) = T_0$$

where k, T_m, T_0 are constants

FIXME

• Example.

$$x^2y' + x(x+2)y = e^x$$

standard expectations

to learn this material, just listening to a lecture is not enough

- please read section 2.2 in the textbook
- please do the Homework for section 2.2
- search "separable ODEs" at YouTube to see more examples