# 7.2 *inverse* Laplace Transforms, and application to DEs

a lesson for MATH F302 Differential Equations

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for textbook: D. Zill, A First Course in Differential Equations with Modeling Applications, 11th ed.

## recall the definition

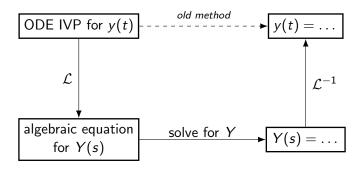
• the Laplace transform of a function f(t) defined on  $(0,\infty)$  is

$$\mathcal{L}\left\{f(t)\right\} = \int_0^\infty e^{-st} f(t) dt$$

- this is well defined for s > c if f(t) has exponential order c:  $|f(t)| \le Me^{ct}$
- the result of applying the Laplace transform is a function of s:

$$\mathcal{L}\left\{f(t)\right\} = \mathcal{L}\left\{f\right\}(s) = F(s)$$
 — all mean the same

## the Laplace transform strategy



•  $\S7.2$ : practice with  $\mathcal{L}^{-1}$  then practice the whole strategy

# bring a table to the party

### Theorem 7.1.1 Transforms of Some Basic Functions

(a) 
$$\mathscr{L}{1} = \frac{1}{s}$$

(b) 
$$\mathscr{L}\{t^n\} = \frac{n!}{s^{n+1}}$$
,  $n = 1, 2, 3, ...$ 

(c) 
$$\mathscr{L}\lbrace e^{at}\rbrace = \frac{1}{s-a}$$

(d) 
$$\mathscr{L}\{\sin kt\} = \frac{k}{s^2 + k^2}$$

(e) 
$$\mathscr{L}\{\cos kt\} = \frac{s}{s^2 + k^2}$$

(f) 
$$\mathscr{L}\{\sinh kt\} = \frac{k}{s^2 - k^2}$$

(g) 
$$\mathscr{L}\{\cosh kt\} = \frac{s}{s^2 - k^2}$$

- on page 282 of book
- this table is pathetic! better one soon ...

# first $\mathcal{L}^{-1}$ example (like §7.2 #5)

• exercise 1. use algebra and a table of Laplace transforms:

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{(s-1)^3}{s^4}\right\} =$$

• exercise 2. use algebra and a table of Laplace transforms:

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{5}{s^2+36}\right\} =$$

• exercise 3. use algebra and a table of Laplace transforms:

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{s+1}{s^2-7s}\right\} =$$

## not actually a better table

- compare Theorems 7.1.1 and 7.2.1
- they say the same thing!

#### Theorem 7.1.1 Transforms of Some Basic Functions

(a) 
$$\mathcal{L}\{1\} = \frac{1}{2}$$

(b) 
$$\mathscr{L}\{t^n\} = \frac{n!}{s^{n+1}}$$
,  $n = 1, 2, 3, ...$ 

(c) 
$$\mathcal{L}\{e^{at}\} = \frac{1}{s-a}$$

(d) 
$$\mathcal{L}\{\sin kt\} = \frac{k}{s^2 + k^2}$$

(e) 
$$\mathcal{L}\{\cos kt\} = \frac{s}{s^2 + k^2}$$

(f) 
$$\mathcal{L}\{\sinh kt\} = \frac{k}{s^2 - k^2}$$

(g) 
$$\mathcal{L}\{\cosh kt\} = \frac{s}{s^2 - k^2}$$

#### Theorem 7.2.1 Some Inverse Transforms

(a) 
$$1 = \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1}{s} \right\}$$

(b) 
$$t^n=\mathscr{L}^{-1}\Big\{rac{n!}{s^{n+1}}\Big\}$$
,  $n=1,2,3,\ldots$ 

(c) 
$$e^{at} = \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1}{s-a} \right\}$$

(d) 
$$\sin kt = \mathscr{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{k}{s^2 + k^2}\right\}$$

(e) 
$$\cos kt = \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{s}{s^2 + k^2} \right\}$$

(f) 
$$\sinh kt = \mathscr{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{k}{s^2 - k^2}\right\}$$

(g) 
$$\cosh kt = \mathscr{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{s}{s^2 - k^2} \right\}$$

## actually a better table

• this substantial table will be printed on your quiz/exam

$$\mathcal{L}\left\{1\right\} = \frac{1}{s} \qquad \qquad \mathcal{L}\left\{e^{at}\right\} = \frac{1}{s-a} \qquad \qquad \mathcal{L}\left\{te^{at}\right\} = \frac{1}{(s-a)^2}$$

$$\mathcal{L}\left\{t\right\} = \frac{1}{s^2} \qquad \qquad \mathcal{L}\left\{\sin(kt)\right\} = \frac{k}{s^2+k^2} \qquad \qquad \mathcal{L}\left\{t^n e^{at}\right\} = \frac{n!}{(s-a)^{n+1}}$$

$$\mathcal{L}\left\{t^n\right\} = \frac{n!}{s^{n+1}} \qquad \qquad \mathcal{L}\left\{\cos(kt)\right\} = \frac{s}{s^2+k^2} \qquad \qquad \mathcal{L}\left\{e^{at}\sin(kt)\right\} = \frac{k}{(s-a)^2+k^2}$$

$$\mathcal{L}\left\{t^{-1/2}\right\} = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{s^{1/2}} \qquad \qquad \mathcal{L}\left\{\sinh(kt)\right\} = \frac{k}{s^2-k^2} \qquad \qquad \mathcal{L}\left\{e^{at}\cos(kt)\right\} = \frac{s-a}{(s-a)^2+k^2}$$

$$\mathcal{L}\left\{t^{1/2}\right\} = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2s^{3/2}} \qquad \qquad \mathcal{L}\left\{\cosh(kt)\right\} = \frac{s}{s^2-k^2} \qquad \qquad \mathcal{L}\left\{t\sin(kt)\right\} = \frac{2ks}{(s^2+k^2)^2}$$

$$\mathcal{L}\left\{t^{\alpha}\right\} = \frac{\Gamma(\alpha+1)}{s^{\alpha+1}} \qquad \qquad \mathcal{L}\left\{t\cos(kt)\right\} = \frac{s^2-k^2}{(s^2+k^2)^2}$$

$$\mathcal{L}\left\{t\cos(kt)\right\} = \frac{s^2-k^2}{(s^2+k^2)^2}$$

$$\mathcal{L}\left\{t\cos(kt)\right\} = \frac{s^2-k^2}{(s^2+k^2)^2}$$

$$\mathcal{L}\left\{t^n f(t)\right\} = (-1)^s \frac{d^n}{ds^n} F(s)$$

$$\mathcal{L}\left\{f(t-a)\mathcal{U}(t-a)\right\} = e^{-as} F(s) \qquad \qquad \mathcal{L}\left\{\delta(t)\right\} = 1$$

$$\mathcal{L}\left\{\delta(t)\right\} = 1$$

$$\mathcal{L}\left\{\delta(t-t_0)\right\} = e^{-st_0}$$

• exercise 4. use algebra and a table of Laplace transforms:

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{s}{(s-3)(s-4)(s-6)}\right\} =$$

$$\frac{s}{(s-3)(s-4)(s-6)} = \frac{1}{s-3} - \frac{2}{s-4} + \frac{1}{s-6}$$

• exercise 5. use algebra and a table of Laplace transforms:

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s^3+7s}\right\} =$$

## transform of first derivatives

• exercise 6. suppose  $F(s) = \mathcal{L}\{f(t)\}$ . use the definition of the Laplace transform to show:  $\mathcal{L}\{f'(t)\} = s F(s) - f(0)$ 

- actually we showed this on §7.1 slides
- what assumptions did we make about f(t)?

## transform of second derivatives

• exercise 7. suppose  $F(s) = \mathcal{L}\{f(t)\}$ . show:

$$\mathcal{L}\left\{f''(t)\right\} = s^2 F(s) - s f(0) - f'(0)$$

• in the table you'll have in hand during quizzes/exams:

$$\mathcal{L}\left\{f^{(n)}(t)\right\} = s^n F(s) - s^{n-1} f(0) - \cdots - f^{(n-1)}(0)$$

## like §7.2 #39

• exercise 8. use Laplace transform to solve the ODE IVP:

$$y'' - 5y' + 4y = 0,$$
  $y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 0$ 

## the old way

• exercise 9. solve without Laplace transform:

$$y'' - 5y' + 4y = 0,$$
  $y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 0$ 

## like §7.2 #41

• exercise 10. use Laplace transform to solve the ODE IVP:

$$y'' + y = \sqrt{2}\cos(\sqrt{2}t),$$
  $y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 3$ 

like §7.2 #41, cont.

$$y(t) = 3\sin(t) + \sqrt{2}\cos(t) - \sqrt{2}\cos(\sqrt{2}t)$$

## expectations

- just watching this video is not enough!
  - see "found online" videos and stuff at bueler.github.io/math302/week11.html
  - o read section 7.2 (and 7.1 and 7.3) in the textbook
  - o do the WebAssign exercises for section 7.2