



## OFFICIAL REPORT

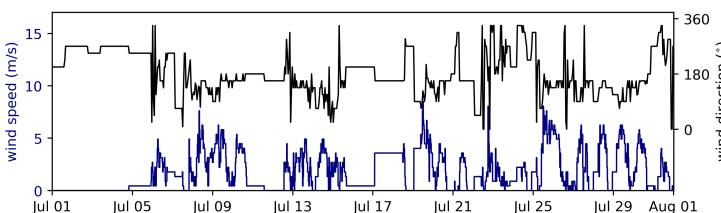
Analyzed Period: 1 / 7 / 2015 at 0h to 1 / 8 / 2015 at 0h

Basin Length (wind direction:  $142.00 \pm 20.00$ )

min: 2850.0 m; max: 3150.0 m; ave: 3000.0 m

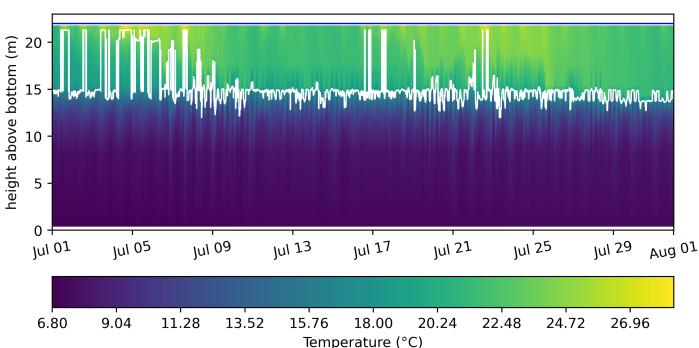
Layers Thickness (Total depth: 22.0 m):

Two-layer	Epilimnion	6.82 m
	Hypolimnion	15.18 m
Three-layer	Epilimnion	4.55 m
	Metalimnion	5.84 m
	Hypolimnion	11.61 m



Layers Density and stratification:

Two-layer	Epilimnion	997.65 kg/m³
	Hypolimnion	999.59 kg/m³
Three-layer	Epilimnion	997.56 kg/m³
	Metalimnion	998.79 kg/m³
	Hypolimnion	999.81 kg/m³



Wind parameters:

Duration of the strongest wind event: 36.08 h

Just considering homogeneous direction:

35.08 h blowing 160.00 (c. nautica)

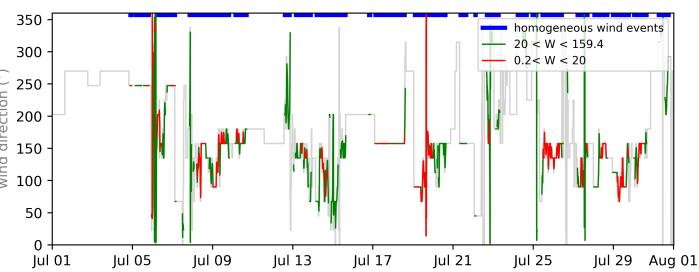
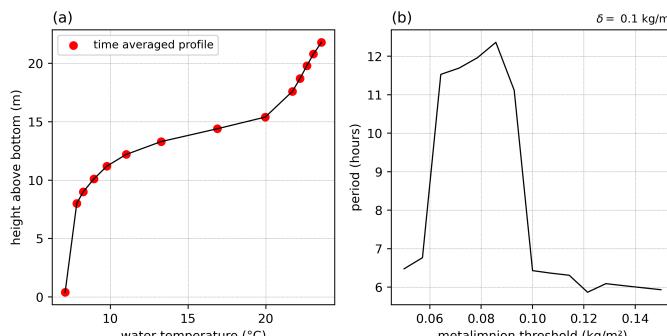
Reduction factor: Duration factor: 1  
 Direction factor: 0.907

Mean friction velocity of the wind:  $2.04e-03$  m/sMin friction velocity of the wind:  $1.00e-05$  m/sMax friction velocity of the wind:  $1.15e-02$  m/s

Time of wind events favoring BSIW (%)

Accoding to W 46.87%

Taking direction: 36.17%



Paramters of Stability:

Reduced Gravity:  $1.91e-02 \pm 0.00e+00$  m/s²Brunt-Vaisalla:  $9.60e-03 \pm 7.00e-04$  HzAveraged Richardson number:  $2.43e+08$ 

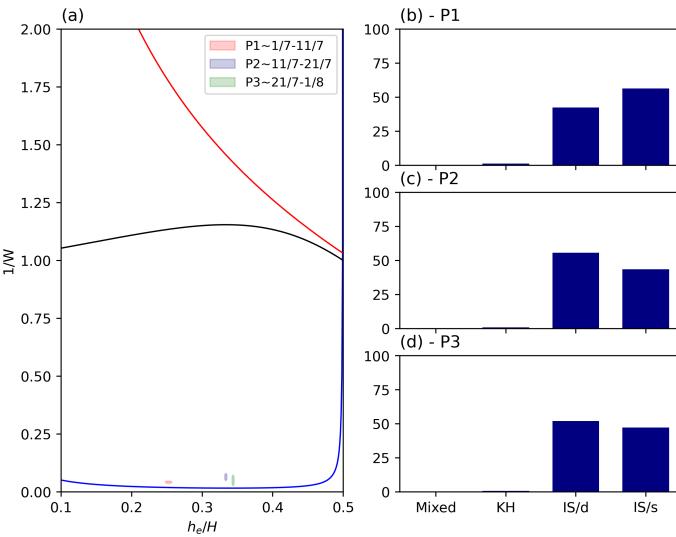
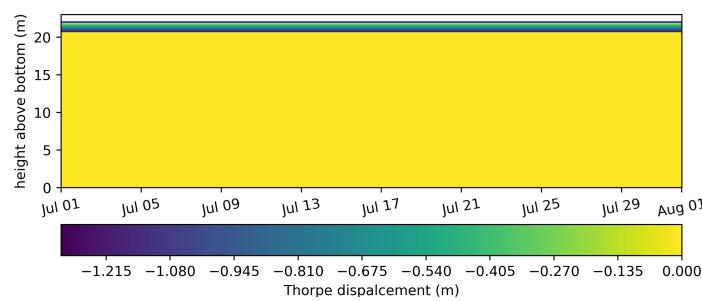
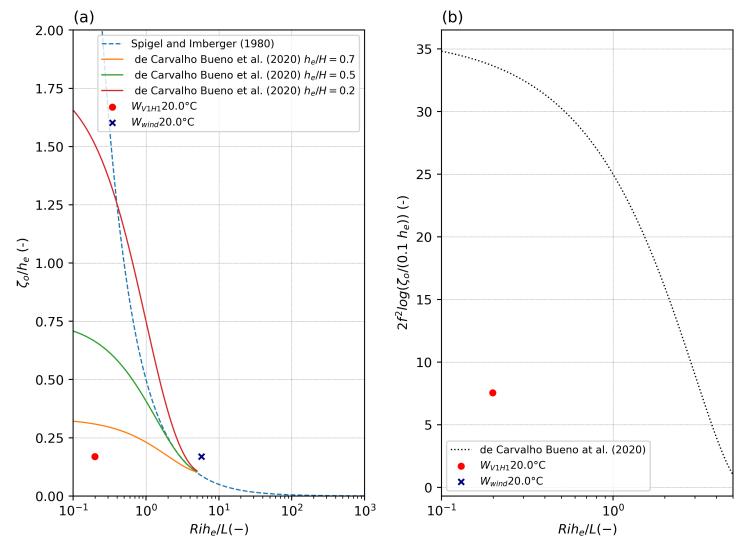
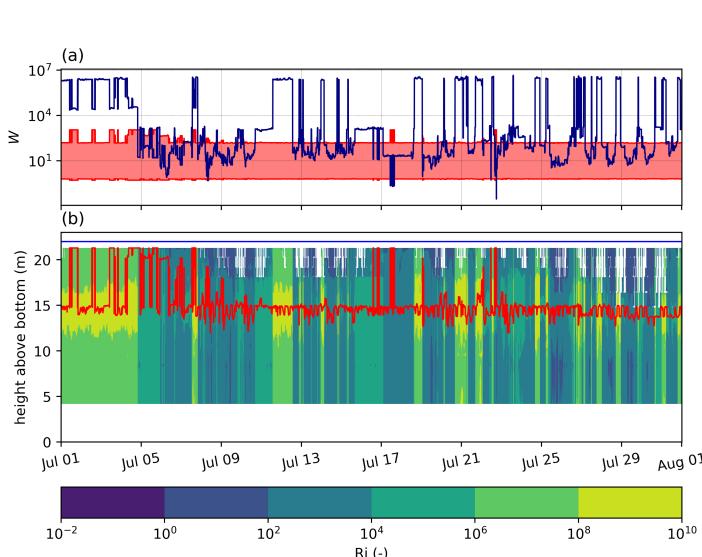
Time averaged (thermocline assuming V1 mode) :

Richardson number:  $2.43e+08 \pm 1.86e+07$ Wedderburn number:  $585444.467 \pm 4.63e+04$ 

Filtered time averaged Wedderburn number:

Filtered by lake mixing criteria: 0.199

Filtered by wind homogeneity: 0.199



Stability associated to strongest wind event:

Richardson number: 2376.267

Wedderburn number: 5.773

BSIW amplitude according theories:

Spigel and Imberger (1980): 17.14 m

Bueno et al. (2020): 7.23 m

Surface seiche amplitude: 33.31 mm

Generation & Degeneration Theory1:

Periods  $1/W$   $h_e/H$ :

Periods	$1/W$	$h_e/H$
P1	2.12998	0.25236
P2	5.13335	0.33346
P3	34.75271	0.34378

Maximum amplitude of BSIW:

P1 7.26 m

P2 17.498 m

P3 118.461 m

1 Strongest BSIW that should be detected

Probable amplitude of BSIW according to Wedderburn number:

Wedderburn  $< 100$

Periods	Amplitude	Duration Ratio <sup>2</sup>
P1	0.721 m	0.387
P2	0.839 m	0.5156
P3	0.704 m	0.4723

Wedderburn  $< 20$

Periods	Amplitude	Duration Ratio <sup>2</sup>
P1	1.229 m	0.2012
P2	2.23 m	0.1562
P3	1.346 m	0.219

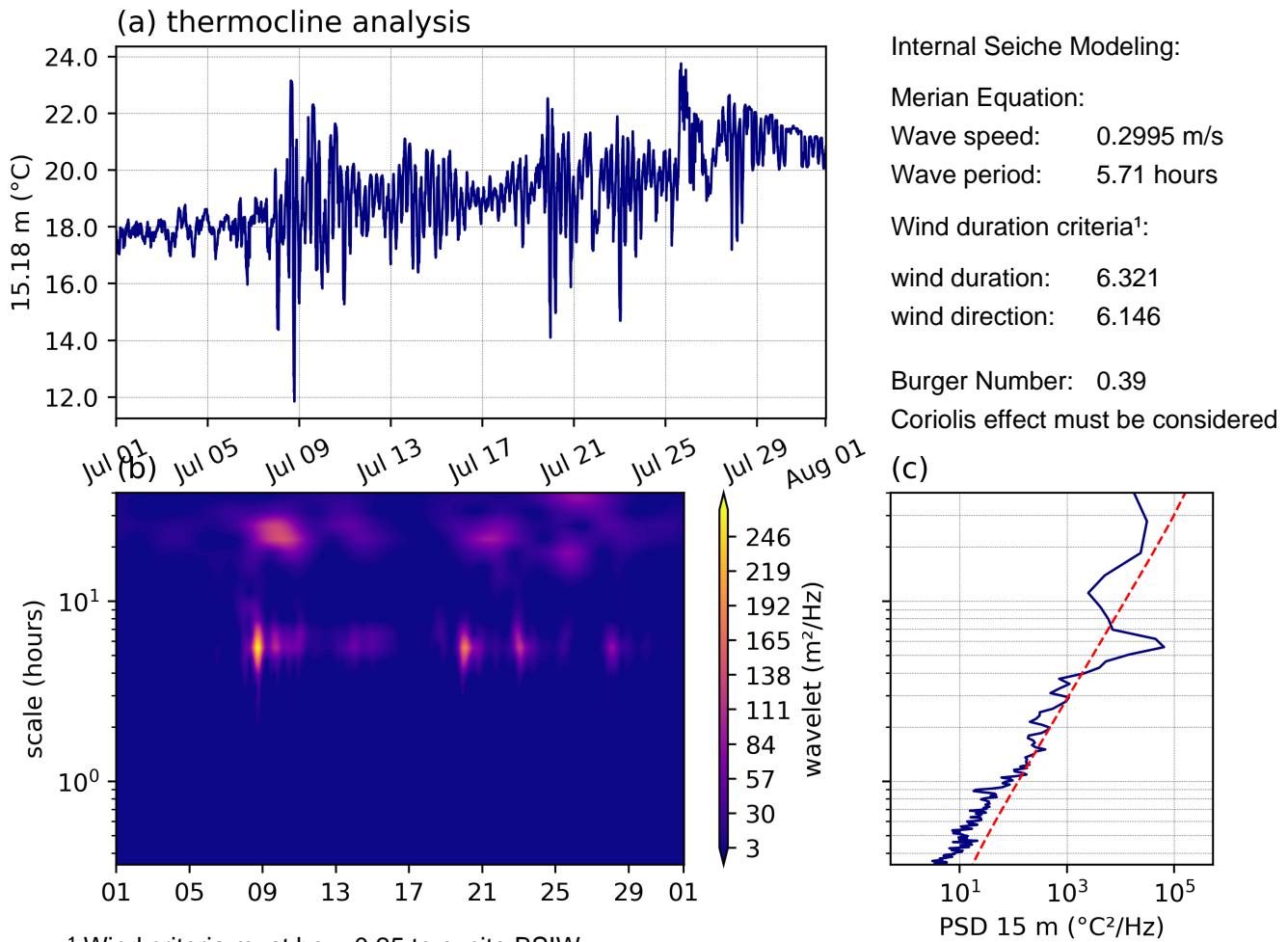
Wedderburn  $< 50$

Periods	Amplitude	Duration Ratio <sup>2</sup>
P1	0.9 m	0.301
P2	0.924 m	0.4619
P3	1.004 m	0.3171

Wedderburn  $< 3$

Periods	Amplitude	Duration Ratio <sup>2</sup>
P1	6.566 m	0.0161
P2	24.528 m	0.0111
P3	11.816 m	0.0104

2 Ratio between duration period of Wedderburn  $<$  than the criteria and the total period

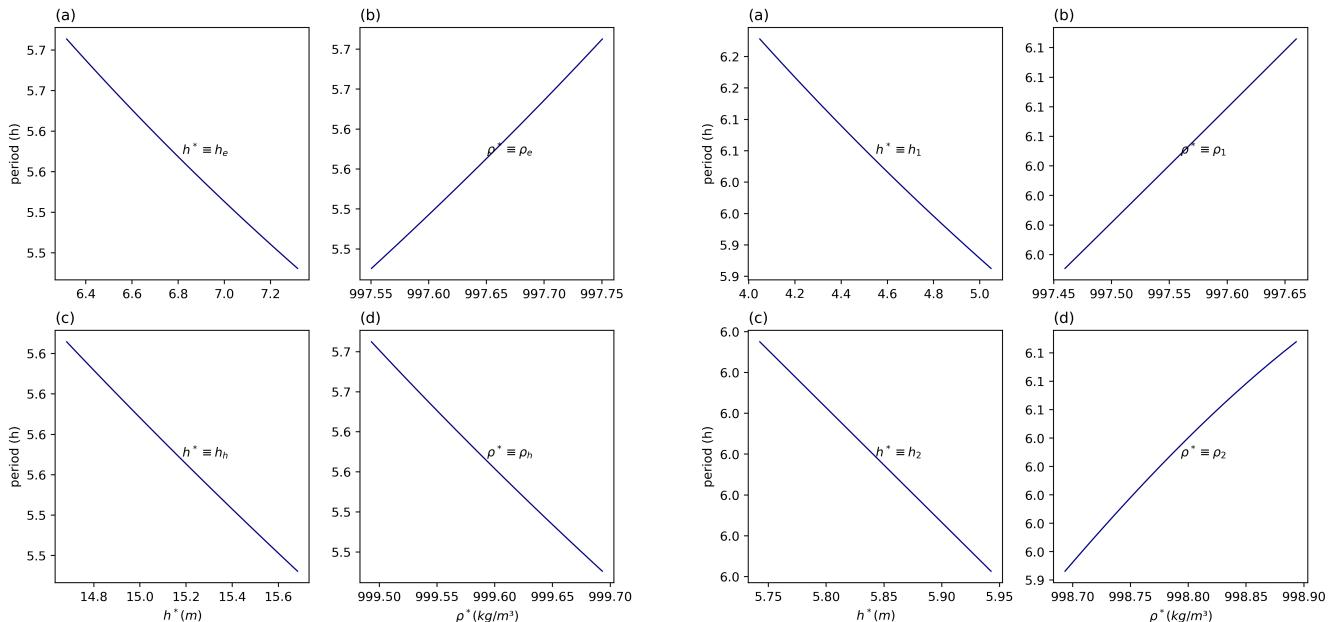


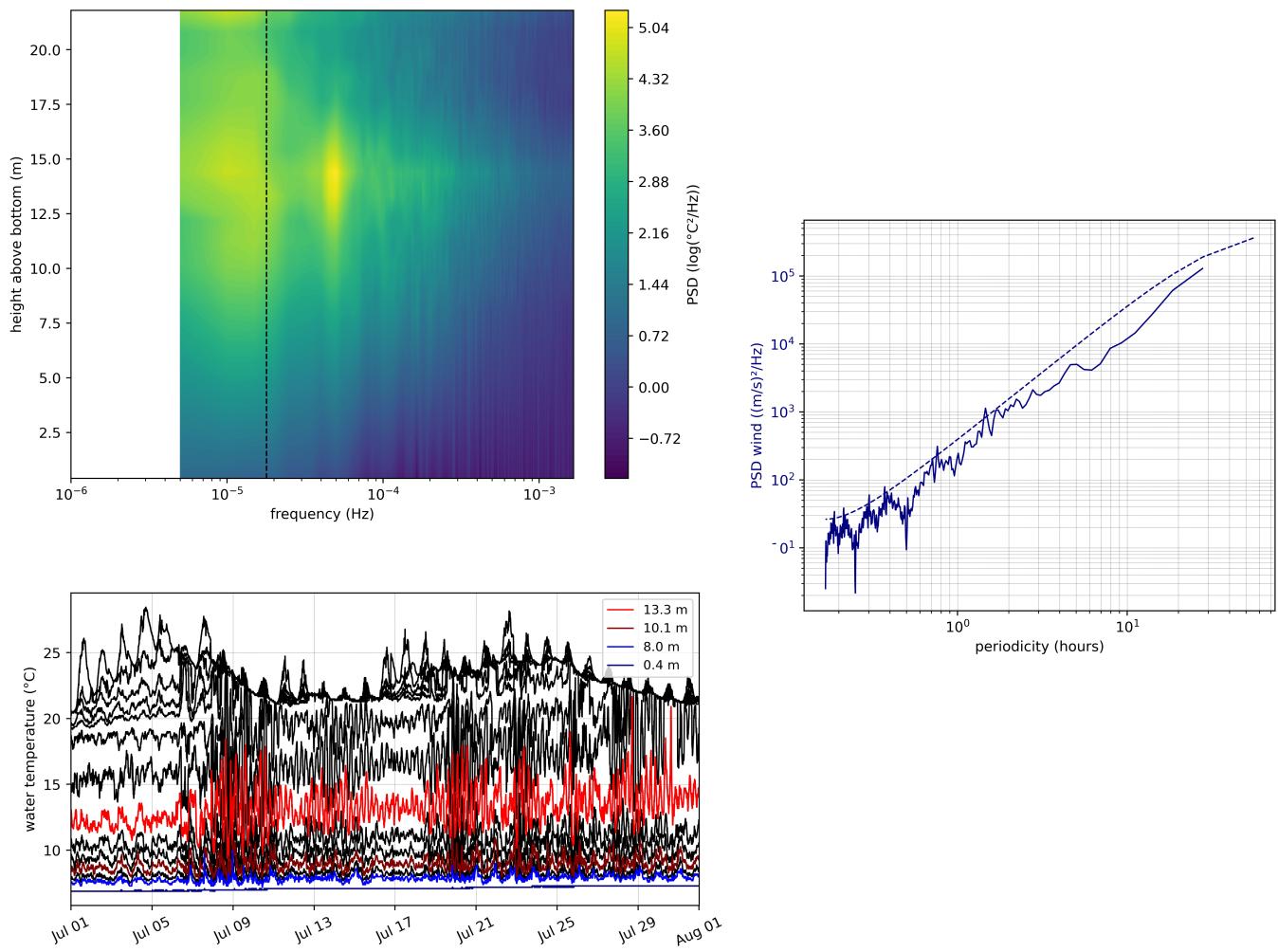
<sup>1</sup> Wind criteria must be > 0.25 to excite BSIW

Hydrostatic Model for the first three vertical and horizontal modes:

V1H1	5.56 h	± 0.28 h	V1H2	2.78 h	± 0.14 h	V1H3	1.85 h	± 0.09 h
V2H1	6.03 h	± 0.3 h	V2H2	3.02 h	± 0.15 h	V2H3	2.01 h	± 0.1 h
V3H1	17.58 h	± 0.88 h	V3H2	8.79 h	± 0.44 h	V3H3	5.86 h	± 0.29 h

Sensibility Analysis for the Two-layers Internal Wave Model:





### Isotherm analysis:

