CronosPro Support for LATEX

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vo.2b - 2017/04/11

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1 Overview

The CronosPro package provides support for the CronosPro font family from Adobe. You can use these fonts in a LaTEX document by adding the command

```
\usepackage{CronosPro}
```

to the preamble. This will change the sans serif text font only. If you want to use CronosPro as your main font, add

\renewcommand{\familydefault}{\sfdefault}

to your preamble.

Acknowledgements

CronosPro is heavily based on the MinionPro package by Achim Blumensath, Andreas Bühmann and Michael Zedler.

2 Interference with other packages

The CronosPro package automatically loads the following packages: textcomp and fontaxes. If you want to pass options to these packages you can either put the corresponding \usepackage command before the \usepackage{CronosPro} or you can include the options in the \documentclass command.

The CronosPro package includes support files for the microtype package (version 1.8 or higher), consult the package's documentation for further details.

3 Options

Font selection

The following options specify which version of the fonts you want to use. The default settings are marked with an asterisk*.

smallfamily* use only regular and bold face

medfamily use semibold face in addition to smallfamily

noopticals* use only the optical size Text

opticals use the optical sizes Caption, Text, Subhead, and Display slides use only the optical size Caption (useful for slides)

normalsize* adapt optical sizes to the normal font size (10 pt, 11 pt, 12 pt)

nonormalsize use static settings for the optical sizes

Since CronosPro comes in only four different optical sizes we use a variable mapping from font size to the optical size. This means that, both for 10 pt and 11 pt documents, text set in \small size will use the Caption size. Sometimes it might be desirable to turn off this automatism – for instance, if you want to load the CronosPro package before the \documentclass command. In these cases you can use the nonormalsize option to do so.

Miscellaneous options

scale=<factor> scale the font size by <factor>

footnotefigures use special figures for footnote marks, i.e.,

example^{6,9} instead of example^{6,9}.

This option can only be used if the footnote marks consist *solely* of figures. Note that if you use one of the KOMA-Script classes, customization of the footnotes via \deffootnote before loading

this package will be overwritten.

4 Figure selection

CronosPro offers four different figure versions. One can choose between *text figures* (lower-case figures) and *lining figures* (uppercase figures) and one can choose between *proportional* figures (figures with different widths) and *tabular* figures (all figures have the same width, useful mainly for tables).

	text figures	lining figures
proportional	0123456789	0123456789
tabular	0123456789	0123456789

The \figureversion command can be used to switch between different figure versions. Possible parameters are:

text, osf text figures lining, If lining figures tabular, tab tabular figures proportional, prop proportional figures

Usually it is desirable to set most text with proportional figures and to use tabular figures only in tables and lists. Unfortunately most Lagarantees do not support fonts with several figure versions. Use the package tabfigures that patches some common document classes and packages (the standard Lagarantees, KOMA-Script, memoir, and amsmath) to use tabular figures at some places.

5 Additional font shapes and symbols

In addition to the normal small caps shape sc there is a letterspaced version called ssc. It is accessible via the commands \sscshape and \textssc. In order to use the ssc shape throughout your document specify \renewcommand{\scdefault}{ssc} in the preamble of your document.

Swash capitals like 'Canadian Mountain Holidays' are accessed via the sw fontshape and the commands \swshape and \textsw.

SC THIS IS A SAMPLE TEXT
SSC THIS IS A SAMPLE TEXT

รพ This is a Sample Text

Ornaments can be accessed via the pifont package with the command

```
\verb|\Pisymbol{CronosPro-Extra}| \{\langle number \rangle\}|
```

The available glyphs with their numbers are listed in the table below.

```
100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112
各份务务务会
```

6 Language support

The following encodings are supported:

Latin OT1, T1, TS1, LY1

7 Searching for figures or for words containing ligatures in PDF documents

Searching for figures or for words containing ligatures in PDF documents may not be possible depending on the way the PDF file was created. The following table gives an overview of which glyphs may cause problems.

font version	program	problems
1.000	Ghostscript, pre-1.40 pdfT _E X	LF/TOsF, non-standard ligatures, swashes
1.001, 2.000	Ghostscript, pre-1.40 pdfT _E X	LF/OsF/TOsF, ligatures, swashes, small caps
1.00X	Distiller, dvipdfmx	LF/TOsF
1.00X	pdfTEX 1.40	ok
2.000	Distiller, dvipdfmx, pdfTEX 1.40	ok

To make figures and ligatures searchable when using pdfTeX 1.40, you need to enable glyph-to-unicode translation and load the default mapping table:

\input glyphtounicode
\pdfgentounicode=1

See the pdfTEX manual for details.

8 NFSS classification

Parenthesised combinations are provided via substitutions.

encoding	family	series	shape
OT1, T1, TS1, LY1	CronosPro-OsF, CronosPro-LF, CronosPro-TOsF, CronosPro-TLF	m, b (sb, bx), eb	n, it (sl), sw¹, sc, scit (scsl, scsw), ssc, sscit (sscsl, sscsw)
U	CronosPro-Extra	m, b (sb, bx), eb	n, it (sl)

9 Version history

Version o.1: First version

Version 0.2: Fix² footnotefigures option with KOMA classes Version 0.2a: Remove³ microtype warning concerning \j

Version o.2b: Remove some unused math options and references

10 The main style file

10.1 Options

```
1 (*style)
2 \RequirePackage{kvoptions}
3 \SetupKeyvalOptions{
4   family = Cr,
5   prefix = Cr@
6}
```

Font sets

The package CronosPro-FontDef adapts the font definitions to the requested font set (see section 12). So we simply pass on the relevant options including the font scale factor; only CronosPro integrals are handled here in CronosPro.

```
7 \DeclareStringOption[1.]{scale}
```

- ${\tt 8 \ low command \ Cr@minionint@opticals \{-NoOpticals\}}$
- 9 \newcommand\Cr@minionint@bold{-Bold}
- 10 \DeclareVoidOption{slides}{%
- 11 \def\Cr@minionint@opticals{-NoOpticals}%
- \PassOptionsToPackage{slides}{CronosPro-FontDef}}
- 13 \DeclareVoidOption{noopticals}{%
- 14 \def\Cr@minionint@opticals{-NoOpticals}%
- \PassOptionsToPackage{noopticals}{CronosPro-FontDef}}

¹via substitution in TS1 encoding

²based on http://tex.stackexchange.com/a/54954/11605

 $^{^3}$ based on http://tex.stackexchange.com/a/222471/11605

```
16 \DeclareVoidOption{opticals}{%
17 \def\Cr@minionint@opticals{}%
18 \PassOptionsToPackage{opticals}{CronosPro-FontDef}}
19 \DeclareVoidOption{smallfamily}{%
20 \def\Cr@minionint@bold{-Bold}%
21 \PassOptionsToPackage{smallfamily}{CronosPro-FontDef}}
22 \DeclareVoidOption{medfamily}{%
23 \def\Cr@minionint@bold{-Semibold}%
24 \PassOptionsToPackage{medfamily}{CronosPro-FontDef}}
25 %\DeclareVoidOption{fullfamily}{%
26% \def\Cr@minionint@bold{-Semibold}%
28 \DeclareVoidOption{normalsize}{%
29 \PassOptionsToPackage{normalsize}{CronosPro-FontDef}}
30 \DeclareVoidOption{nonormalsize}{%
31 \PassOptionsToPackage{nonormalsize}{CronosPro-FontDef}}
32 \newcommand\Cr@Text@Fig{OsF}
```

Figure style

```
33 %\newcommand\Cr@Math@Fig{OsF}
34 \newcommand\Cr@Text@Family{CronosPro-\Cr@Text@Fig}
35 %\newcommand\Cr@Math@Family{CronosPro-\Cr@Math@Fig}
36 %\newcommand\Cr@Math@TFamily{CronosPro-T\Cr@Math@Fig}
37 %\newcommand\Cr@Math@LetterShape{it}
38 \DeclareVoidOption{textosf}{\def\Cr@Text@Fig{OsF}}
39 \DeclareVoidOption{textlf}{\def\Cr@Text@Fig{LF}}
40 %\DeclareVoidOption{mathosf}{\def\Cr@Math@Fig{OsF}}
41 %\DeclareVoidOption{mathlf}{\def\Cr@Math@Fig{LF}}
42 \DeclareVoidOption{osf}{\setkeys{Cr}{textosf}}
43 \DeclareVoidOption{lf}{\setkeys{Cr}{textlf}}
44 %\DeclareVoidOption{osf}{\setkeys{Cr}{textosf,mathosf}}
45 %\DeclareVoidOption{lf}{\setkeys{Cr}{textlf,mathlf}}
46 %\DeclareVoidOption{mathtabular}{\let\Cr@Math@Family\Cr@Math@TFamily}
```

Miscellaneous options

Footnote figures, extra spacing for the apostrophe.

```
47 \DeclareVoidOption{footnotefigures}{%
48 \def\@makefnmark{%
      \begingroup
49
      \normalfont
50
      \fontfamily{CronosPro-Extra}\fontencoding{U}\selectfont
51
      \@thefnmark
52
      \endgroup}%
53
   \Cifundefined{KOMAClassName}{}{\deffootnote[1em]{1.5em}{1em}{%
54
        \fontfamily{CronosPro-Extra}\fontencoding{U}\selectfont\thefootnotemark}}}
55
56 %
57 \newcommand\Cr@Quote@Spacing{}
58 \DeclareVoidOption{loosequotes}{%
```

59 \def\Cr@Quote@Spacing{\Cr@Quote@Spacing@Loose}}

Defaults

60 \ProcessKeyvalOptions{Cr}\relax

10.2 Font declarations

```
61 \RequirePackage{CronosPro-FontDef}
62 \@ifpackageloaded{textcomp}{}{\RequirePackage{textcomp}}}
```

By default, we use b for the bold series. If CronosPro-Semibold is not available this might internally be mapped to CronosPro-Bold (see CronosPro-FontDef).

```
63 \edef\sfdefault{\Cr@Text@Family}
```

If a recent verion of microtype is loaded then we implement an option to increase the side bearings of all quote glyphs.

```
64 \def\Cr@Quote@Spacing@Loose{%
   \@ifpackageloaded{microtype}{}{\RequirePackage[kerning=true]{microtype}}
   \@ifundefined{SetExtraKerning}{}{
     \let\Cr@Set@Quote@Spacing\SetExtraKerning}
67
         \SetExtraKerning
68 %
69 %
           [ unit = 1em ]
           { encoding = {OT1,T1,U,LY1},
70 %
71 %
             family = {CronosPro-OsF,CronosPro-LF,CronosPro-TOsF,CronosPro-TLF},
                      = n }
72 %
           { \textquotedblleft = {30,30}, \textquotedblright = {30,30},
73 %
                                                            = {30,30} }}
                              = {30,30}, \textquoteright
74 %
             \textquoteleft
75 }
76 \newcommand*\Cr@Set@Quote@Spacing[3][]{}
77 \Cr@Quote@Spacing
78 \Cr@Set@Quote@Spacing
79 [ unit = 1em ]
80 { encoding = {OT1,T1,U,LY1},
family = {CronosPro-Usf,CronosPro-Lf,CronosPro-TUsf,CronosPro-TLF},
            = \{n, it\} \}
83 { \textquotedblleft = {30,30}, \textquotedblright = {30,30},
   \textquoteleft
                    = {30,30}, \textquoteright
                                                   = \{30,30\}
```

10.3 Font selection

The font selection commands such as \figureversion, \textsw, and \textssc are provided by the package fontaxes.

```
85 \RequirePackage{fontaxes}[2005/05/04]
```

We define an additional short hand for compatibility's sake.

```
86 \let\oldstylenums\textfigures
```

10.4 pdfTEX to-unicode support

Old versions of CronosPro have non-standard glyph names.

```
87 \@ifundefined{pdfglyphtounicode}{}{
    \pdfglyphtounicode{uniEFD5}{03DD}% uni03DD
    \pdfglyphtounicode{uniEFED}{02D9}% dotaccent.cap
    \pdfglyphtounicode{uniEFEE}{02D8}% breve.cap
    \pdfglyphtounicode{uniEFF1}{02DB}% ogonek.cap
    \pdfglyphtounicode{uniEFF2}{00B8}% cedilla.cap
92
    \pdfglyphtounicode{uniEFF3}{02DA}% ring.cap
93
    \pdfglyphtounicode{uniEFF5}{02DC}% tilde.cap
94
    \pdfglyphtounicode{uniEFF7}{02C6}% circumflex.cap
95
    \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF628}{2030}% perthousand.oldstyle
96
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF62C}{0028}% parenleft.denominator
97
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF62D}{0029}% parenright.denominator
98
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF631}{0028}% parenleft.numerator
99
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF632}{0029}% parenright.numerator
100
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF638}{0030}% zero.slash
101
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF639}{0030}% zero.fitted
102
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF63A}{0032}% two.fitted
103
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF63B}{0033}% three.fitted
104
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF63C}{0034}% four.fitted
105
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF63D}{0035}% five.fitted
106
    \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF63E}{0036}% six.fitted
107
    \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF63F}{0037}% seven.fitted
108
    \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF640}{0038}% eight.fitted
109
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF641}{0039}% nine.fitted
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF642}{0025}% percent.oldstyle
111
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF643}{0030}% zero.taboldstyle
112
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF644}{0031}% one.taboldstyle
113
    \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF645}{0032}% two.taboldstyle
114
    \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF646}{0033}% three.taboldstyle
115
    \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF647}{0034}% four.taboldstyle
116
    \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF648}{0035}% five.taboldstyle
    \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF649}{0036}% six.taboldstyle
118
    \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF64A}{0037}% seven.taboldstyle
119
    \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF64B}{0038}% eight.taboldstyle
120
    \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF64C}{0039}% nine.taboldstyle
121
    \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF64D}{20A1}% colonmonetary.taboldstyle
122
    \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF64E}{20AC}% Euro.taboldstyle
123
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF64F}{0192}% florin.taboldstyle
124
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF650}{0023}% numbersign.taboldstyle
125
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF651}{00A3}% sterling.taboldstyle
126
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF652}{00A5}% yen.taboldstyle
127
    \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF653}{0024}% dollar.taboldstyle
128
    \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF654}{00A2}% cent.taboldstyle
129
    \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF655}{0030}% zero.denominator
130
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF656}{0031}% one.denominator
131
    \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF657}{0032}% two.denominator
132
    \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF658}{0033}% three.denominator
133
    \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF659}{0034}% four.denominator
134
    \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF65A}{0035}% five.denominator
135
    \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF65B}{0036}% six.denominator
136
```

```
\pdfglyphtounicode{uniF65C}{0037}% seven.denominator
137
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF65D}{0038}% eight.denominator
138
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF65E}{0039}% nine.denominator
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF65F}{002C}% comma.denominator
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF660}{002E}% period.denominator
141
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF661}{0030}% zero.numerator
142
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF662}{0031}% one.numerator
143
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF663}{0032}% two.numerator
144
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF664}{0033}% three.numerator
145
146
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF665}{0034}% four.numerator
147
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF666}{0035}% five.numerator
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF667}{0036}% six.numerator
148
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF668}{0037}% seven.numerator
149
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF669}{0038}% eight.numerator
150
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF66A}{0039}% nine.numerator
151
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF66B}{002C}% comma.numerator
152
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF66C}{002E}% period.numerator
153
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF66D}{0103}% abreve.sc
154
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF66F}{0105}% aogonek.sc
155
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF671}{0107}% cacute.sc
156
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF672}{010D}% ccaron.sc
157
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF675}{010F}% dcaron.sc
158
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF676}{0111}% dcroat.sc
159
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF678}{011B}% ecaron.sc
160
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF67B}{014B}% eng.sc
161
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF67C}{0119}% eogonek.sc
162
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF67D}{011F}% gbreve.sc
163
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF684}{0133}% ij.sc
164
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF687}{0129}% itilde.sc
165
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF68A}{013A}% lacute.sc
166
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF68B}{013E}% lcaron.sc
167
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF68E}{0144}% nacute.sc
168
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF68F}{0148}% ncaron.sc
169
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF692}{0151}% ohungarumlaut.sc
170
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF695}{0155}% racute.sc
171
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF696}{0159}% rcaron.sc
172
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF698}{015B}% sacute.sc
173
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF699}{015F}% scedilla.sc
174
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF69D}{0165}% tcaron.sc
175
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF69E}{0163}% tcommaaccent.sc
176
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF6A0}{0171}% uhungarumlaut.sc
177
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF6A3}{016F}% uring.sc
178
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF6A4}{0169}% utilde.sc
179
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF6AA}{1EF3}% ygrave.sc
180
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF6AB}{017A}% zacute.sc
181
182
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF6AC}{017C}% zdotaccent.sc
     \pdfglyphtounicode{uniF6DC}{0031}% one.fitted
183
184 }
```

10.5 Superior and inferior figures

We define commands to convert numbers to numerator figures and denominator figures.

```
185 \def\@for@tok#1:=#2\do#3{%
    \expandafter\def\expandafter\@fortmp\expandafter{#2}%
    \ifx\@fortmp\@empty \else
      \end{are} $$ \operatorname{cop}(tok#2\end{are})^0.
188
189
190 \def\@forloop@tok#1#2#3\@@#4#5{%
    \def#4{#1}%
191
    \ifx #4\@nnil \else
192
      #5%
      \def#4{#2}%
194
      \ifx #4\@nnil \else
195
        #5\@iforloop@tok #3\@@#4{#5}%
196
    \fi\fi}
197
198 \def\@iforloop@tok#1#2\@@#3#4{%
    \def#3{#1}%
    \expandafter\@fornoop
202
      #4\relax\expandafter\@iforloop@tok
203
    \fi
204
    #2\@@#3{#4}}
205
206 %
207 \newcommand*\Cr@extra@font{%
  \fontencoding{U}\fontfamily{CronosPro-Extra}\selectfont}
{\tt 209} \verb| newcommand* \\ Cr@numerator@fig[1]{{\Cr@extra@font\\Cr@enumerator@fig\{#1\}}}
210 \newcommand*\Cr@denominator@fig[1]{{\Cr@extra@font\Cr@denominator@fig{#1}}}
213 \newcommand*\Cr@@numerator@fig[1]{%
    \@for@tok\@nf@fig:=#1\do{%
      \ifcase\@nf@fig
215
         \char'00%
216
      \or\char'01%
217
      \or\char'02%
218
      \or\char'03%
      \or\char'04%
      \or\char'05%
      \or\char'06%
222
      \or\char'07%
223
      \or\char'10%
224
      \or\char'11%
225
226
        \@latex@error{invalid argument to \string\Cr@@numerator@fig}%
228
      \fi
229
230 \newcommand*\Cr@@denominator@fig[1]{%
    \ensuremath{\tt Qfor@tok\@nf@fig:=\#1\do{\%}}
```

```
\ifcase\@nf@fig
232
        \char'20%
233
     \or\char'21%
234
     237
     \or\char'25%
238
     \or\char'26%
239
     240
     241
     \else
243
       \@latex@error{invalid argument to \string\Cr@@denominator@fig}%
244
     \fi
245
     }}
246
_{247}\newcommand*\Cr@@superior@fig[1]{%}
    \ifcase\@nf@fig
249
        \char'60%
250
     \or\char'61%
251
     \or\char'62%
252
     253
     254
     255
     256
     257
     258
     259
     \else
260
       \ClatexOerror{invalid argument to \string\CrOOsuperiorOfig}%
261
     \fi
262
     }}
264 \newcommand*\Cr@@inferior@fig[1]{%
    \ensuremath{\tt Qfor@tok\@nf@fig:=\#1\do{\%}}
265
     \ifcase\@nf@fig
266
        \char'100%
267
     \or\char'101%
268
     \or\char'102%
     \or\char'103%
270
     \or\char'104%
271
     \or\char'105%
272
     \or\char'106%
273
     \or\char'107%
274
     \or\char'110%
276
     \or\char'111%
277
     \else
278
       \ClatexCerror{invalid argument to \string\CrCCinferiorCfig}%
     \fi
279
     }}
280
```

```
\Cr@ensure@text switches to text mode, if necessary.
     281 \newcommand*\Cr@ensure@text[1]{%
                           \ifmmode
     282
                                        \Mn@Text@With@MathVersion{#1}%
                             \else
     285
                                       #1%
                             \fi}
     286
\smallfrac and \slantfrac assemble numerical fractions.
     287 \newcommand*\@Cr@smallfrac[2]{%
                            \leavevmode
     288
                             \setbox\@tempboxa
     289
                                       \vbox{%
      290
                                                  \baselineskip\z@skip%
      291
                                                  \lineskip.25ex%
     292
                                                  \lineskiplimit-\maxdimen
     293
                                                  \ialign{\hfil##\hfil\crcr
     294
                                                                                           \vbox to 2.13ex{\vss\hbox{\Cr@numerator@fig{#1}}\vskip.68ex}\crcr
      295
                                                                                           \leavevmode\leaders\hrule height 1.1ex depth -1.01ex\hfill\crcr
      296
                                                                                           \vtop to 1ex{\vbox{}\hbox{\Cr@denominator@fig{#2}}\vss}\crcr
                                                                                           \noalign{\vskip-1.47ex}}}%
      298
                              \dp\@tempboxa=0.49ex%
     299
                             \box\@tempboxa}
     300
     301 \newcommand*\@Cr@slantfrac[2]{%
                            \label{lem:condition} $$ {\crossing}_{\#1}\ker -0.05em/\ker -0.06em\crossing}_{\#2}}$
      \label{localize} $$ 303 \end{substitute} $$ 303 \end{substitute} $$ 305 \end
      \label{localize} $$ 304 \end{constraints} $$
```

10.6 Additional symbols

```
305 % fix \r A
306 \DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\r}{OT1}{A}
307 {\leavevmode\setbox\z@\hbox{!}\dimen@\ht\z@\advance\dimen@-1ex%
    \ooalign{\hss\raise.67\dimen@\hbox{\char23}\hss\crcr A}}
310 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{CronosPro-LF} {1}%
311 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{CronosPro-TLF} {1}%
312 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{CronosPro-OsF} {1}%
313 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{CronosPro-TOsF}{1}%
314 \AtBeginDocument{
    \UndeclareTextCommand{\textvisiblespace}{T1}%
    \UndeclareTextCommand{\textcompwordmark}{T1}%
    \UndeclareTextCommand{\textsterling}{T1}%
    \UndeclareTextCommand{\j}{T1}%
318
    \UndeclareTextCommand{\j}{LY1}%
319
320 }
```

10.7 Logos

Correct logos.

```
_{321} \det TeX{T\ker -.1667em\setminus ex\cdot E}\ker -.125emX\setminus 0}
 322 \DeclareRobustCommand{\LaTeX}{L\kern-.32em%
     {\sbox\z@ T%
        \fontsize\sf@size\z@
 325
            \math@fontsfalse\selectfont
 326
            A}%
 327
          \vss}%
 328
     }%
 329
     \kern-.15em%
 330
     \TeX}
Make the changes take effect. This concludes the main style file.
 332 %\normalfont
 333 (/style)
```

11 Support for character protrusion

The microtype configuration. All four CronosPro families use the same file (cf. section 12). The inheritance tables are taken from microtype.cfg except \ j.

```
334 (*mtcfg)
335 \DeclareCharacterInheritance
      { encoding = T1,
        family = {CronosPro-OsF,CronosPro-LF,CronosPro-TOsF,CronosPro-TLF} }
337
      \{ A = \{ \'A, \'A, \^A, \'A, \ A, \ A, \ A, \ A \}, \}
338
        a = {\'a,\'a,\'a,\'a,\ a,\ a,\ a,\ a},
339
        341
        D = \{ \forall D, \forall B \},
        d = \{ \forall d, \forall j \},
343
        E = {\ 'E, \ 'E, \ 'E, \ E, \ E},
344
        e = {\ 'e,\ 'e,\ 'e,\ ke,\ ve},
345
        f = \{027\}, \% ff
346
        G = \{ \setminus u G \},
347
        g = \{ \langle u \rangle \},
348
        I = {\'I,\'I,\"I,\"I,\.I},
        i = {\'i,\'i,\\^i,\"i,\i},
350
351 %
        j = {\setminus j},
        L = \{\L,\',\L,\v L\},
352
        1 = \{ (1, (1, v)), (v) \}
        N = \{ \'N, \'N, \'N \},
        n = {\langle n, -n, v n \rangle},
        o = \{ \o, \o, \o, \o, \o, \B o \},
357
        R = \{ \ 'R, \ R \},
358
        r = {\langle r, r \rangle},
359
        S = {\'S,\ S,\ S,\ S,\ S},
360
        361
        T = \{ \ T, \ T \},
362
```

```
t = {\langle c t, \forall t \rangle},
363
        U = \{ \'U, \'U, \'U, \'U, \ U, \ U \},
364
        u = {\'u,\'u,\'u,\ H u,\ u,\ u},
        Y = \{ \ ', Y, \ ''Y \},
        y = {\langle y, y', y \rangle},
        Z = {\'Z,\.Z,\v Z},
368
        z = \{\'z,\.z,\v z\}
369
370
_{371}\setminus SetProtrusion
                = CronosPro-OT1-Roman ]
372
     [ name
     { encoding = OT1,
       family = {CronosPro-OsF,CronosPro-LF,CronosPro-TOsF,CronosPro-TLF},
374
375
376
          A = \{40, 40\},\
377
          F = { ,60},
378
          J = \{90, \},
          K = \{ ,50 \},
          L = \{ ,60 \},
381
          T = \{50, 50\},\
382
          V = \{40, 40\},\
383
          W = \{30,30\},\
384
          X = \{50, 50\},\
385
          Y = \{50, 50\},\
          k = { ,60},
387
          r = { ,80},
388
          t = { ,100},
389
          v = \{70,70\},\
390
          w = \{40, 40\},\
391
          x = \{60,60\},\
          y = \{70,70\},\
393
          ! = \{70,180\},\
394
          ( = \{60,30\},
                             = \{30,60\},
395
          [ = \{100, 160\},
                            ] = \{160, 100\},\
396
       \{,\} = \{440,700\},
397
          = \{660,700\},
398
          : = \{400,480\},
          ; = {350,440},
400
          - = \{700,700\},
401
       \textendash
                             = {390,480}, \textemdash
                                                                    = \{220, 270\},
402
       \textquotedblleft = {380,250},
                                             \textquotedblright = {250,380},
403
       \textquoteleft
                             = {670,450}, \textquoteright
                                                                    = \{450,670\},
404
     }
405
406 \SetProtrusion
     [ name
                  = CronosPro-T1-Roman,
                  = CronosPro-OT1-Roman ]
408
     { encoding = T1,
409
                  = {CronosPro-OsF, CronosPro-LF, CronosPro-TOsF, CronosPro-TLF},
       family
410
       shape
411
```

```
412
       023 = { ,40}, % fft ligature
413
       032 = { ,50}, % ft ligature
414
       191 = {30,30}, % Th ligature
       127 = \{620,700\}, \% \text{ hyphen}
       AE = \{40, \}, \% AE
417
       \quotesinglbase = \{670,670\},\
                                           \quotedblbase
                                                              = \{370,370\},
418
       \guilsinglleft = \{500,360\},
                                           \guilsinglright = {360,500},
419
       \guillemotleft = \{320,230\},
                                           \guillemotright = \{230,320\},\
420
421
_{422} \SetProtrusion
                  = CronosPro-OT1-Italic]
     [ name
424
     { encoding = OT1,
                = {CronosPro-OsF,CronosPro-LF,CronosPro-TOsF,CronosPro-TLF},
425
                  = {it,sl,sw} }
       shape
426
     {
427
          A = \{120, 50\},\
428
          B = \{90, -50\},\
          C = \{50, -60\},\
430
          D = \{70, -30\},\
431
          E = \{90, -50\},\
432
          F = \{100, -40\},\
433
          G = \{50, -60\},\
434
          H = \{70, -40\},\
435
          I = \{150, -90\}
436
          J = \{250, -130\},\
437
          K = \{80, -50\},\
438
          L = \{90,60\},\
439
          M = \{60, -40\},\
440
          N = \{70, -40\},\
441
          0 = \{70, -30\},\
          P = \{70, -110\},\
443
          Q = \{40, -40\},\
444
          R = \{80, -50\},\
445
          S = \{70, -70\},\
446
          T = \{130, \},
447
          U = \{70, -40\},\
448
          V = \{120,30\},\
449
450
          W = \{90, 20\},\
          X = \{50, \},
451
          Y = \{160, \},
452
          Z = \{50, -50\},\
453
          d = \{60, -60\},\
454
          f = { ,-190},
       027 = { ,-70}, % ff ligature
456
          g = \{-70, -70\},\
457
          i = \{ ,-110 \},
458
       025 = {,-60}, % dotlessi
459
       028 = \{ ,-60 \}, % fi ligature
460
```

```
030 = { ,-30}, % ffi ligature
461
                          j = \{-90, -150\},\
462
                         p = \{-40, \},
463
                         r = { ,80},
                         t = { ,100},
                         v = \{90, \},
466
                         w = \{60, 10\},\
467
                         x = \{90, \},
468
                          ! = \{190, 40\},\
469
                                                                         ) = {90, },
                          ( = \{90, \},
470
                                                                         ] = \{120,60\},
                          [ = {90,90},
                    \{,\} = \{210,680\},
472
                          . = \{640,680\},
473
                          : = {380,430},
474
                          ; = { ,430},
475
                          - = \{750,750\},
476
                                                                          = {690,140}, \textquoteright
                                                                                                                                                                              = \{470,230\},
                    \textquoteleft
477
                                                                          = \{400,500\},
                                                                                                                   \textemdash
                                                                                                                                                                              = \{220,280\},
                    \textendash
                    \textquotedblleft = {520,130}, \textquotedblright = {520,130},
479
480
481 \SetProtrusion
              [ name
                                              = CronosPro-T1-Italic,
482
                   load
                                              = CronosPro-OT1-Italic ]
483
             { encoding = T1,
484
                   family = {CronosPro-OsF, CronosPro-LF, CronosPro-TOsF, CronosPro-TLF},
485
486
                    shape
                                               = {it,sl,sw} }
487
                   023 = { ,40}, % fft ligature
488
                   032 = \{ ,50\}, % ft ligature
489
                   191 = \{80,30\}, \% Th ligature
490
                   127 = \{660,750\}, \% \text{ hyphen}
491
                    AE = {90,-40}, % AE
492
                    131 = \{80, -30\}, \% Dcaron
493
                    132 = \{70, -40\}, \% Ecaron
494
                    156 = \{80, -60\}, \% IJ
495
                    \DE = \{50, -30\}, \% DE
496
                    188 = { ,-80}, \% ij
497
498
                    184 = \{70,70\}, % ydieresis
499
                    253 = \{70,70\}, \% yacute
500
                    \quad \text{ \quad quotesing lbase = } \{220,700\},
                                                                                                              \quad = \{130,400\},\
                    \label{eq:continuous} $$  \guilsinglieft = \{500,180\}, \guilsinglieft = \{350,350\}, \guillemotleft = \{310,110\}, \guillemotright = \{230,230\}, \guillemotright = \{2
501
502
503
```

We have no protruding values for small caps yet. The following stubs are unnecessary at the moment, but they are here as a reminder.

```
504 \SetProtrusion
505 [ name = CronosPro-OT1-Smallcaps ]
506 { encoding = OT1,
```

```
= {CronosPro-OsF, CronosPro-LF, CronosPro-TOsF, CronosPro-TLF},
507
      shape
                = {sc,ssc} }
508
509
510 \SetProtrusion
    [ name
                = CronosPro-T1-Smallcaps,
      load
                = CronosPro-OT1-Smallcaps ]
    { encoding = T1,
      family = {CronosPro-OsF, CronosPro-LF, CronosPro-TOsF, CronosPro-TLF},
515
       shape
                = {sc,ssc} }
516
    {}
517 \SetProtrusion
                = CronosPro-OT1-SmallcapsItalic ]
   [ name
    { encoding = OT1,
      family = {CronosPro-OsF, CronosPro-LF, CronosPro-TOsF, CronosPro-TLF},
520
                = {scit,sscit} }
      shape
521
    {}
522
523 \SetProtrusion
                = CronosPro-T1-SmallcapsItalic,
    [ name
524
      load
                = CronosPro-OT1-SmallcapsItalic ]
525
    { encoding = T1,
526
      family = {CronosPro-OsF, CronosPro-LF, CronosPro-TOsF, CronosPro-TLF},
       shape
                = {scit,sscit} }
    {}
529
530 \SetProtrusion
    [ name
                = CronosPro-other-Roman ]
    { encoding = {U},
      family = {CronosPro-OsF,CronosPro-LF,CronosPro-TOsF,CronosPro-TLF},
      shape
                = n }
534
535
         ! = \{70,180\},\
536
         ( = \{60,30\},
                         ) = {30,60},
537
         [ = \{100, 160\}, ] = \{160, 100\},
538
      \{,\} = \{440,700\},
539
         . = \{660,700\},
540
         : = \{400, 480\},
541
         ; = {350,440},
542
         - = \{700,700\},
543
                          = {390,480}, \textemdash
      \textendash
                                                            = \{220, 270\},
      \textquotedblleft = {380,250}, \textquotedblright = {250,380},
545
                         = {670,450}, \textquoteright
       \textquoteleft
                                                           = \{450,670\},
546
   }
547
548 \SetProtrusion
    [ name
                = CronosPro-other-Italic ]
549
    { encoding = {U},
      family = {CronosPro-OsF, CronosPro-LF, CronosPro-TOsF, CronosPro-TLF},
551
      shape
                = {it,sl,sw} }
552
553
         ! = \{190,40\},
554
         ( = \{90, \},
                         ) = \{90, \},
555
```

```
[ = {90,90},
                           ] = \{120,60\},
556
       \{,\} = \{210,680\},
557
         . = \{640,680\},
558
         : = {380,430},
         ; = {
                  ,430},
         - = \{750,750\},
561
       \textquoteleft
                           = {690,140}, \textquoteright
                                                               = \{470,230\},
562
       \textendash
                           = \{400,500\},
                                          \textemdash
                                                               = \{220,280\},
563
       \textquotedblleft = {520,130}, \textquotedblright = {520,130},
564
    }
565
566 (/mtcfg)
```

12 Font definition files

As all the font definitions look the same we introduce macros to ease the configuration. These macros are stored in the file CronosPro-FontDef.sty which is included by every FD file. Note that CronosPro-FontDef.sty will be included several times and that we do not know in which context the code is executed. Therefore, we have to define all non-private commands as globals.

Since this package should be loadable in an FD file we have to avoid all \preambleonly commands. Therefore, we use \ProvidesFile instead of \ProvidesPackage.

We add a guard so that this file is executed only once even if it is included multiple times.

```
567 (*fontdef)
568 \ifx\Cr@DeclareFontShape\@undefined\else\endinput\fi
```

We distinguish between being loaded directly or via \usepackage in the preamble by checking \Onodocument.

```
569 \ifx\@nodocument\relax
570 \input{otfontdef.sty}
571 \else
572 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
573 \RequirePackage{otfontdef}
574 \fi
```

Reset \escapechar (which is set to -1 in FD files) to make \newcommand work. The additional group does not harm; we have to make the important commands global anyway.

```
575 \ifx\@nodocument\relax
576 \begingroup\escapechar'\\
577 \fi
```

These are the default values if it is impossible to process options.

```
578 \newcommand\Cr@option@opticals{noopticals}
579 \newcommand\Cr@option@fontset{smallfamily}
580 \newdimen\Cr@option@normalsize
581 \global\Cr@option@normalsize10pt
```

Whether we should adapt the configuration to the \normalsize of the document. This switch is only needed locally.

```
582 \newif\ifCr@option@normalsize
583 \Cr@option@normalsizetrue
```

```
584 \ifx\@nodocument\relax\else
     \DeclareOption{slides}
                                  {\let\Cr@option@opticals\CurrentOption}
     \DeclareOption{opticals}
                                  {\let\Cr@option@opticals\CurrentOption}
 586
     \DeclareOption{noopticals} {\let\Cr@option@opticals\CurrentOption}
     \DeclareOption{smallfamily}{\let\Cr@option@fontset\CurrentOption}
     \DeclareOption{medfamily} {\let\Cr@option@fontset\CurrentOption}
 590 % \DeclareOption{fullfamily} {\let\Cr@option@fontset\CurrentOption}
     \DeclareOption{normalsize} {\Cr@option@normalsizetrue}
 591
     \DeclareOption{nonormalsize}{\Cr@option@normalsizefalse}
 592
     \ExecuteOptions{smallfamily,noopticals,normalsize}
     \ProcessOptions\relax
 595 \fi
The method to determine the main font size is inspired by microtype's implementation.
```

```
596 \ifCr@option@normalsize
    \begingroup
    \def\set@fontsize#1#2#3#4\@nil{%
598
      \@defaultunits\global\Cr@option@normalsize#2pt\relax\@nnil}%
    \normalsize\@nil
     \endgroup
601
602 \fi
```

We use \otf@makeglobal from otfontdef to "export" the definitions that are needed glob-

```
603 \otf@makeglobal{Cr@option@opticals}
604 \otf@makeglobal{Cr@option@fontset}
605 \ifx\Cnodocument\relax\else
    \PackageInfo{CronosPro-FontDef}{%
       Configuration:\space\Cr@option@fontset,\space\Cr@option@opticals,\space
608
       normalsize=\the\Cr@option@normalsize}%
609 \fi
```

Configuration database

```
610 \newcount\Cr@config@cnt
611 \Cr@config@cnt=0
612 \newcommand\Cr@curr@config{Cr@config@\romannumeral\Cr@config@cnt}
```

These commands help in setting up the configuration database. They do not need to be global. But the config database itself has to be.

#3 is added to all instances listed in #2 of configuration class #1. #3 is read with NFSS catcodes.

```
613 \newcommand\Cr@AddToConfig{%
614 \begingroup
    \nfss@catcodes
615
    \expandafter\endgroup
616
    \Cr@AddToConfig@
617
618 }
619 \newcommand\Cr@AddToConfig@[3] {%
    \advance\Cr@config@cnt\@ne
     \Onamedef{\CrOcurrOconfig}{#3}%
```

```
\otf@makeglobal{\Cr@curr@config}
623 \langle debug \& show \rangle \cdot (csname \cdot Cr@curr@config \cdot endcsname)
     \@ifundefined{Cr@config@#1@\Cr@tempa}{%
625
         \@temptokena{}%
626
       }{%
627
         \@temptokena\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
628
            {\csname Cr@config@#1@\Cr@tempa\endcsname}%
629
       }%
630
       \@expandtwoargs\@namedef{Cr@config@#1@\Cr@tempa}{%
631
         \the\@temptokena
         \expandafter\noexpand\csname\Cr@curr@config\endcsname
633
634
       \otf@makeglobal{Cr@config@#1@\Cr@tempa}% perhaps defer to only execute once
_{636} \langle debug \& show\rangle \rangle expandafter \rangle show \rangle csname Cr@config@#1@\rangle Cr@tempa\rangle endcsname
637
638 }
```

Let us look at an example of how the configuration database looks internally for (shape, sw), which is specified below in three steps. The following lines show different depths of expansion of the macro \Cr@config@shape@sw, which finally yields the complete configuration:

```
\Cr@config@shape@sw
\Cr@config@xi \Cr@config@xiv \Cr@config@xv
<-8>otf*[spacing=l1]<->otf*[variant=swash]<->otf*CronosPro-It
```

The following commands are used in the Declare...Family commands to access the previously built configuration database. They must be expandable. #3 is used as a default if no entry is found in the database.

```
639 \newcommand*\Cr@UseConfig[2]{%
    \Cr@UseConfigOrDefault{#1}{#2}{}%
641 }
642 \newcommand*\Cr@UseConfigOrDefault[3] {%
    \@ifundefined{Cr@config@#1@#2}{#3}%
       {\@nameuse{Cr@config@#1@#2}}%
644
645 }
646 \newcommand*\Cr@TheConfig[2]{%
     \@ifundefined{Cr@config@#1@#2}{}{%
       \expandafter\noexpand\csname Cr@config@#1@#2\endcsname
648
    }%
649
650 }
651 \otf@makeglobal{Cr@UseConfig}
652 \otf@makeglobal{Cr@UseConfigOrDefault}
653 \otf@makeglobal{Cr@TheConfig}
```

The size range in the configuration has to be divided by the scaling factor to take the changed size into account because the scaling takes place after choosing the right combination. Provide calculation routine here.

```
654 \RequirePackage{fltpoint}
655 \fpDecimalSign{.}
656 \newcommand*{\Cr@calc@bsize}[2]{\fpDiv{#1}{#2}{\Cr@scale}}
```

Here comes the configuration.

```
657 \Cr@calc@bsize{\Cr@s@capt}{8.5}
658 \Cr@calc@bsize{\Cr@s@text}{13.1}
659 \Cr@calc@bsize{\Cr@s@subh}{20}
660 \Cr@AddToConfig{opticals}{opticals}{
               <-\Cr@s@capt> otf* [optical=Capt]
    <\Cr@s@capt-\Cr@s@text> otf* [optical=Text]
662
    <\Cr@s@text-\Cr@s@subh> otf* [optical=Subh]
663
    <\Cr@s@subh->
                               otf* [optical=Disp]
664
665 }
666 \Cr@AddToConfig{opticals}{noopticals}{
                 otf* [optical=Text]
667
668 }
669 \Cr@AddToConfig{opticals}{slides}{
                 otf* [optical=Capt]
670
671 }
672 \ifdim\Cr@option@normalsize<10.1pt
673 \Cr@calc@bsize{\Cr@s@semif}{6}
    \Cr@calc@bsize{\Cr@s@medif}{8.5}
675 \else
676 \Cr@calc@bsize{\Cr@s@semif}{6}
677 \Cr@calc@bsize{\Cr@s@medif}{10.1}
678\fi
679 \Cr@AddToConfig{fontset/weight}{fullfamily/m}{
               < -\Cr@s@semif> otf* [weight=Semibold]
     <\Cr@s@semif-\Cr@s@medif> otf* [weight=Medium]
     <\Cr@s@medif->
                                 otf* [weight=Regular]
682
683 }
684 \Cr@calc@bsize{\Cr@s@semim}{6}
685 \Cr@AddToConfig{fontset/weight}{medfamily/m}{
                <-\Cr@s@semim> otf* [weight=Semibold]
686
     <\Cr@s@semim->
                                otf* [weight=Regular]
688 }
689 \Cr@AddToConfig{fontset/weight}{smallfamily/m}{
                 otf* [weight=Regular]
690
691 }
692 %
693 \Cr@calc@bsize{\Cr@s@bold}{6}
694 \Cr@AddToConfig{fontset/weight}{fullfamily/b,medfamily/b}{
               <-\Cr@s@bold> otf* [weight=Bold]
695
     <\Cr@s@bold->
                               otf* [weight=Semibold]
696
697 }
698 \Cr@AddToConfig{fontset/weight}{smallfamily/b}{
                 otf* [weight=Bold]
699
         <->
700 }
702 \Cr@AddToConfig{weight}{eb}{
                 otf* [weight=Bold]
703
704 }
```

```
705 \Cr@AddToConfig{shape}{ssc,sscit}{
                  otf* [spacing=12]
 706
 707 }
 708 \Cr@calc@bsize{\Cr@s@spac}{8}
 709 \Cr@AddToConfig{shape}{n,it,sw,sc,scit}{
          <-\Cr@s@spac>
                           otf* [spacing=11]
 711 }
 712 \Cr@AddToConfig{encoding/shape}{U/n,U/it}{
          <->
                  otf* [spacing=]
 713
 714 }
 715 %
 716 \Cr@AddToConfig{shape}{sc,ssc,scit,sscit}{
          <->
                  otf* [variant=sc]
 717
 718}
 719 \Cr@AddToConfig{shape}{sw}{
                  otf* [variant=swash]
          <->
 720
 721 }
 722 \Cr@AddToConfig{shape}{it,scit,sscit,sw}{
                  otf* CronosPro-It
          <->
 723
 724 }
 725 \Cr@AddToConfig{shape}{n,sc,ssc}{
                  otf* CronosPro
 726
 727 }
 728 \Cr@AddToConfig{encoding/shape}{OML/it}{
 729
          <->
                  otf* [figures=] CronosPro-Mixed
 730 }
 731 \Cr@AddToConfig{encoding/shape}{OML/n}{
                  otf* [figures=] CronosPro-French
 732
 733 }
 734 \Cr@AddToConfig{scale}{scale}{
                  otf* [scale=\Cr@scale]
          <->
 735
 736 }
Substitutions
 737 \Cr@AddToConfig{sub:series} {sb}
                                          {b}
 738 \Cr@AddToConfig{sub:series} {bx}
                                          {b}
 739 \Cr@AddToConfig{sub:shape} {sl}
                                          {it}
 740 \Cr@AddToConfig{sub:shape} {scsl} {scit}
 741 \Cr@AddToConfig{sub:shape} {sscsl} {sscit}
 742 \Cr@AddToConfig{sub:shape} {scsw} {scit}
 743 \Cr@AddToConfig{sub:shape} {sscsw} {sscit}
 744 \Cr@AddToConfig{sub:encoding/shape}{TS1/sw}{it}
Code for the last argument of \DeclareFontShape
 745 \Cr@AddToConfig{code:shape}{sw}{
 746 \skewchar\font='337
 747 }
```

Declaration of font families and shapes

```
748 \newcommand*\Cr@DeclareFontShape[6][]{%
```

Check if any substitutions are specified.

```
749 \edef\@tempa{%
750 \Cr@UseConfig{sub:series}{#4}%
751 \Cr@UseConfigOrDefault{sub:encoding/shape}{#2/#5}{%
752 \Cr@UseConfig{sub:shape}{#5}}%
753 }%
754 \ifx\@tempa\@empty
```

Collect the configuration and declare the font shape. \DeclareFontShape fully expands its fifth argument (with our macros \Cr@UseConfig in it), but we have to retrieve the code for the sixth argument ourselves.

```
\@temptokena={%
  755
                          756
                               \Cr@UseConfig{opticals}
                                                                                                           {\Cr@option@opticals}%
  757
                               \Cr@UseConfig{fontset/weight}{\Cr@option@fontset/#4}%
  758
                               \Cr@UseConfig{weight}
                                                                                                           {#4}%
  759
                               \Cr@UseConfig{encoding/shape}{#2/#5}%
  760
                               \Cr@UseConfig{shape}
                                                                                                           {#5}%
  761
                               \Cr@UseConfig{scale}
                                                                                                            {scale}%
  762
   763
                    \label{lem:code:shape} $$\ed{\code:shape} { \cde:shape} 
                    \@tempa
  765
  766
               \else
Generate the substitution. (All substitutions are silent at the moment.)
                    \ensuremath{\texttt{NordareFontShape}}{\#3-\#6}{\#4}{\#5}{\%}
                          <->ssub*#3-#6%
  768
                          /\Cr@UseConfigOrDefault{sub:series}{#4}{#4}%
  769
                          /\Cr@UseConfigOrDefault{sub:encoding/shape}{#2/#5}{%
  770
                               \Cr@UseConfigOrDefault{sub:shape}{#5}{#5}}%
  771
                    }{}%
  772
              \fi
  773
  774}
  775 \otf@makeglobal{Cr@DeclareFontShape}
  776 \otf@makeglobal{\string\Cr@DeclareFontShape}
#2 contains the encoding, #3 the family, and #1 a list of figure versions (or Extra).
  777 \newcommand*\Cr@DeclareLargeFontFamily[3][LF,OsF,TLF,TOsF]{%
               \Cr@DeclareFontFamily{#1}{#2}{#3}
  778
                    {m,sb,b,bx,eb} {n,it,sc,ssc,scit,sscit,sw,scsl,scsw,sscsl,sscsw,sl}%
  779
  780 }
  781 \newcommand*\Cr@DeclareSmallFontFamily[3][LF,OsF,TLF,TOsF]{%
              \Cr@DeclareFontFamily{#1}{#2}{#3}
   782
                    \{m,sb,b,bx,eb\} \{n,it,sl\}%
  783
  784 }
  785 \newcommand*\Cr@DeclareMathFontFamily[3][TOsF]{%
               \Cr@DeclareFontFamily[\skewchar\font=255]{#1}{#2}{#3}
                    {m,sb,b,bx,eb} {n,it}%
  787
   788 }
```

An additional macro $\c sname \string \f oo\end \c sname is generated by \newcommand for processing an optional argument of <math>\f oo$.

```
789 \otf@makeglobal{Cr@DeclareLargeFontFamily}
790 \otf@makeglobal{\string\Cr@DeclareLargeFontFamily}
791 \otf@makeglobal{Cr@DeclareSmallFontFamily}
792 \otf@makeglobal{\string\Cr@DeclareSmallFontFamily}
793 \otf@makeglobal{Cr@DeclareMathFontFamily}
794 \otf@makeglobal{\string\Cr@DeclareMathFontFamily}
795 \newcommand*\Cr@DeclareFontFamily[6][]{%
                          \@for\Cr@variant:=#2\do{%
                                        \DeclareFontFamily {#3}{#4-\Cr@variant}{#1}%
797
798
                           \Cr@DeclareFontShapes{#3}{#4}
799
                                        {#5} {#6} {#2}%
800
801 }
802 \otf@makeglobal{Cr@DeclareFontFamily}
803 \otf@makeglobal{\string\Cr@DeclareFontFamily}
804 \newcommand*\Cr@DeclareFontShapes[5]{%
                          \@for\Cr@series:=#3\do{%
805
                                        \colon 
806
                                                    \@for\Cr@variant:=#5\do{%
807
                                                                \label{lem:cropectare} $$ \Croseries {\Croseries} {\Croseries} {\Croseries} $$ \Croseries $$ \Croe
808
                                                  }%
809
810
                                      }%
811
                          }%
812 }
813 \otf@makeglobal{Cr@DeclareFontShapes}
```

Adjust font dimension #1 of the current font. The function in #2 should replace the old value in dimen \Cr@fontdimen with a new one (which may depend on other parameters like \f@size).

```
814 \newdimen\Cr@fontdimen
815 \newcommand*\Cr@adjust@fontdimen[2] {%
                      \Cr@fontdimen=\fontdimen#1\font
817
                       #2%
818
                       \fontdimen#1\font=\Cr@fontdimen
819 }
820 \otf@makeglobal{Cr@adjust@fontdimen}
821 \ifx\@nodocument\relax
                   \endgroup
823\fi
824 (*debug)
825 \newcommand\old@DeclareFontFamily{}
826 \let\old@DeclareFontFamily\DeclareFontFamily
827 \renewcommand\DeclareFontFamily[3]{
                       \begingroup\escapechar'\\%
828
                        \end{\colorer} $$ \end{\colorer} $$\end{\colorer} $$ \end{\colorer} $$\end{\colorer} $$\end{
                        \@temptokena\expandafter{\@tempa{#3}}%
                        \message{\the\@temptokena}%
```

```
\endgroup
832
    \old@DeclareFontFamily{#1}{#2}{#3}%
833
834 }
835 \newcommand\old@DeclareFontShape{}
836 \let\old@DeclareFontShape\DeclareFontShape
837 \renewcommand \DeclareFontShape [6] {
838
    \begingroup\escapechar'\\%
    839
    \ensuremath{\texttt{Qtemptokena}}\
840
    \message{\the\@temptokena}%
841
    \endgroup
    \old@DeclareFontShape{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}{#6}%
843
844 }
845 (/debug)
```

We define font family aliases so that we can place all configurations for the CronosPro family variants into one microtype file: mt-CronosPro.cfg. We use microtype's hook if microtype has not been loaded yet (which should be the case); otherwise we can execute the alias definitions directly.

```
846 \gdef\Cr@MicroType@Aliases{%
    \DeclareMicrotypeAlias{CronosPro-LF}{CronosPro}%
847
    \DeclareMicrotypeAlias{CronosPro-OsF}{CronosPro}%
    \DeclareMicrotypeAlias{CronosPro-TLF}{CronosPro}%
     \DeclareMicrotypeAlias{CronosPro-TOsF}{CronosPro}%
850
851 }
852 \@ifundefined{Microtype@Hook}{%
    \global\let\Microtype@Hook\Cr@MicroType@Aliases
853
854 }{%
    \g@addto@macro\Microtype@Hook{\Cr@MicroType@Aliases}%
855
856 }%
857 \@ifundefined{DeclareMicroTypeAlias}{}{\Cr@MicroType@Aliases}%
858 (/fontdef)
 Using these macros the various FD files become simple one-liners.
860 \input{CronosPro-FontDef.sty}%
              \Cr@DeclareSmallFontFamily[Extra]{U} {CronosPro}
861 (Uextra)
862 (OT1)
               \Cr@DeclareLargeFontFamily
                                                  {OT1}{CronosPro}
863 (T1)
               \Cr@DeclareLargeFontFamily
                                                  {T1} {CronosPro}
864 \langle LY1 \rangle
               \Cr@DeclareLargeFontFamily
                                                  {LY1}{CronosPro}
                                                  {TS1}{CronosPro}
865 (TS1)
               \Cr@DeclareLargeFontFamily
866 (/fd)
```