

# **Recent advancements and attacks on Zero-Knowledge Proofs**

---

## **Kriptografik İspat Sistemlerinin ve Saldırılarının Gelişim Serüveni**



**Abdullah Talayhan**



**@talayhan\_a**

**abdullah.talayhan@epfl.ch**

R1CS

P<sub>LONK</sub>

Aurora

STARK

*HyperPlonk*

Pinocchio

cq

Nova

TurboP<sub>LONK</sub>

Sangria

Groth16

Caulk

FRI

Breakdown

AIR

Bulletproofs

CCS

Baloo

HyperNova

Halo2

KZG

Caulk+

SuperNova

ProtoStar

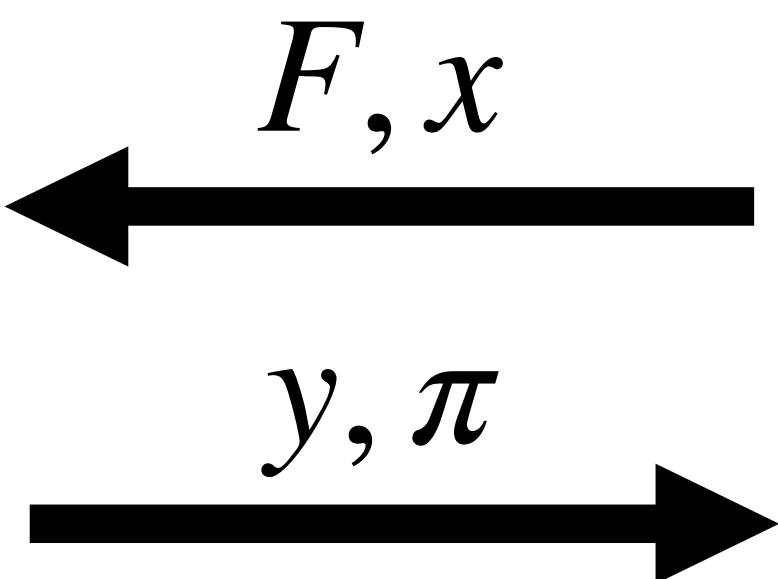
# General Purpose Verifiable Computation

Task: Compute  $F(x)$



$$F(x) \rightarrow y$$

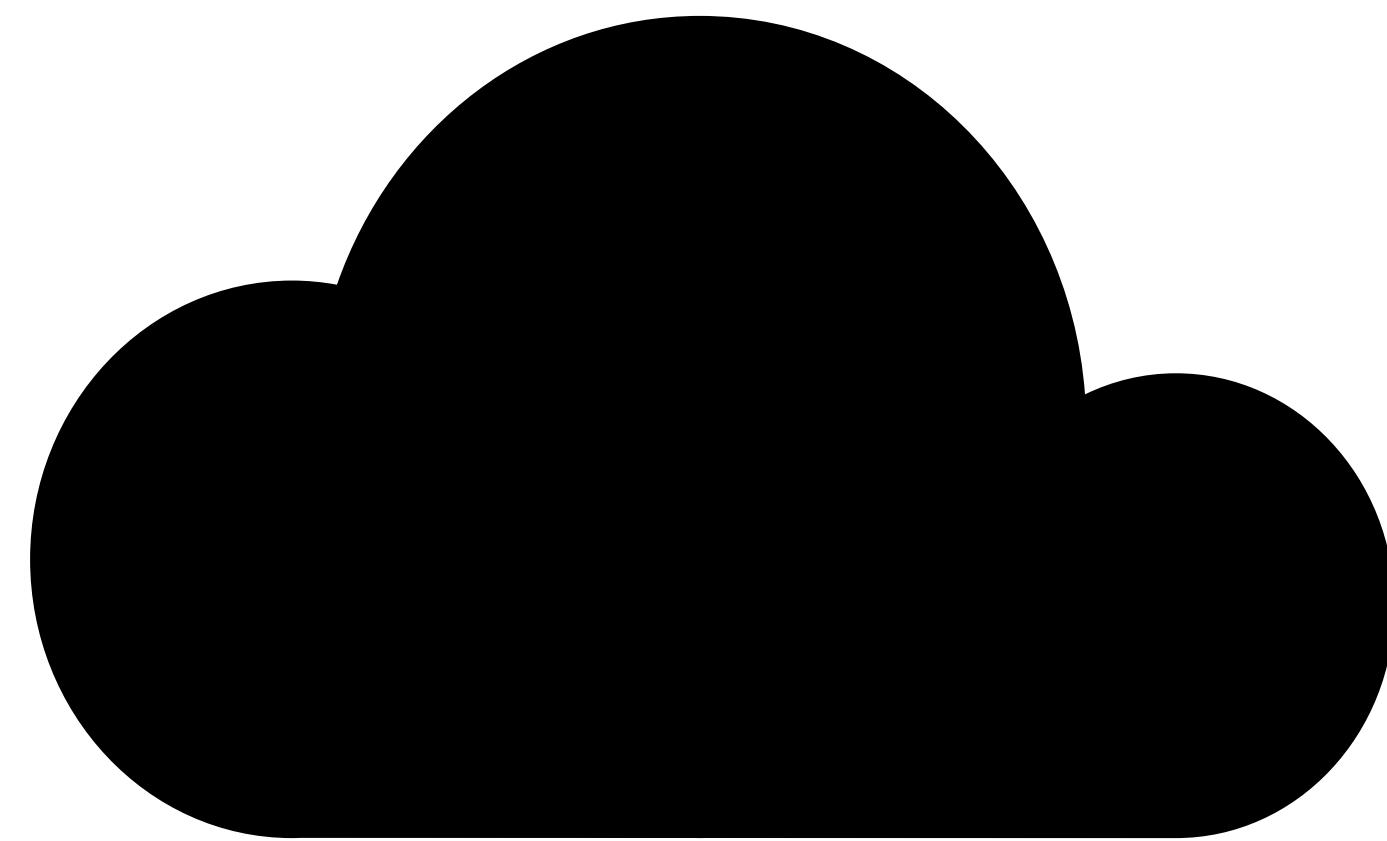
$$Prove(F, x, y) \rightarrow \pi$$



$$Verify(F, x, y, \pi) \rightarrow 0/1$$

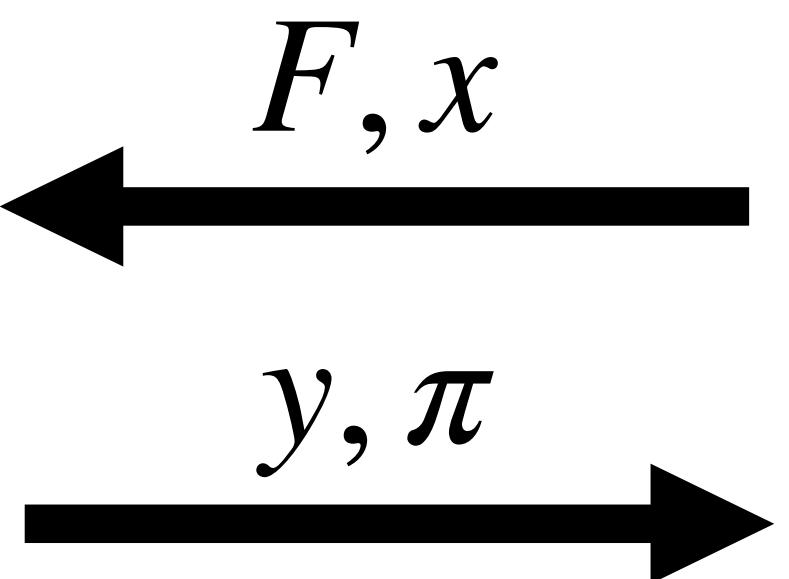
# General Purpose Verifiable Computation

**Task:** Compute  $F(x, w)$



$$F(x, w) \rightarrow y$$

$$Prove(F, x, y) \rightarrow \pi$$



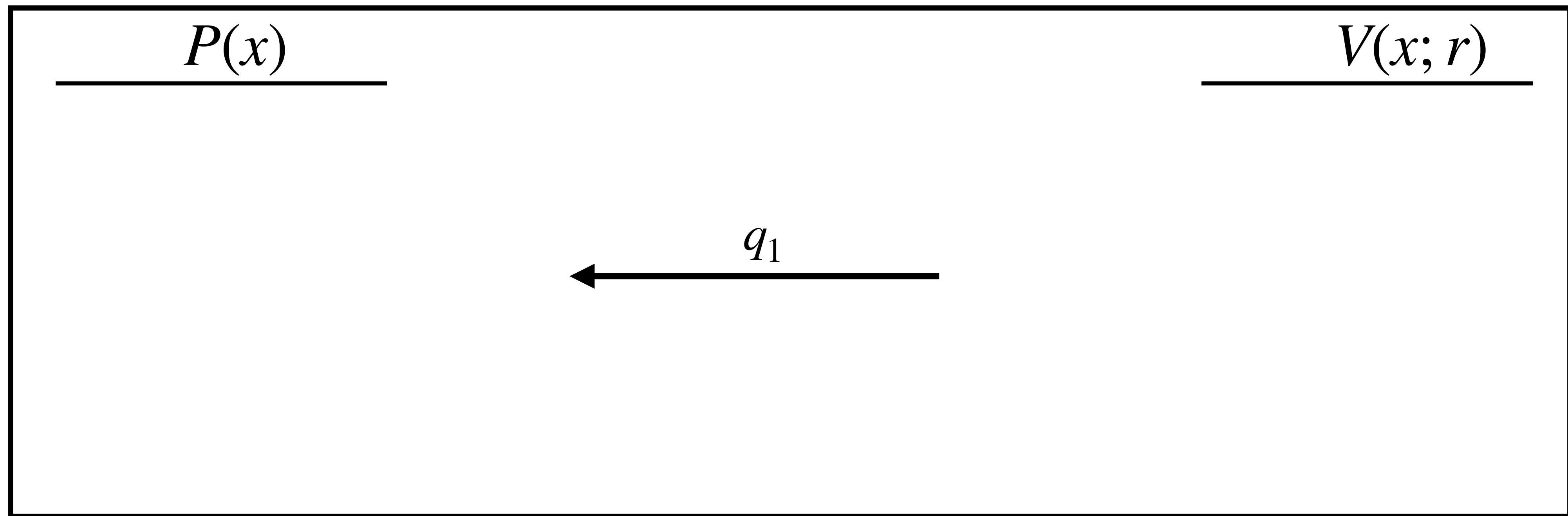
$$Verify(F, x, y, \pi) \rightarrow 0/1$$

# Interactive Proof



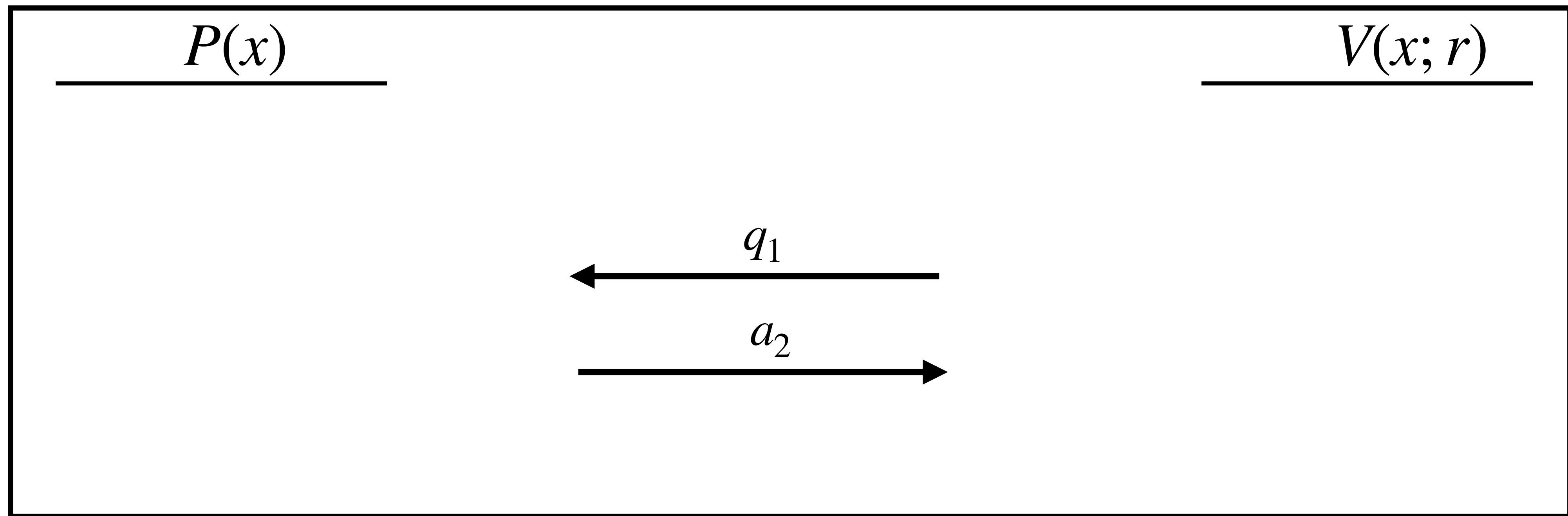
- **Completeness:**  $\forall x \in L \quad \Pr_r[\langle P(x), V(x; r) \rangle = 1] = 1$
- **Soundness:**  $\forall x \notin L \quad \forall P^* \quad \Pr_r[\langle P^*(x), V(x; r) \rangle = 1] \leq 1/2$

# Interactive Proof



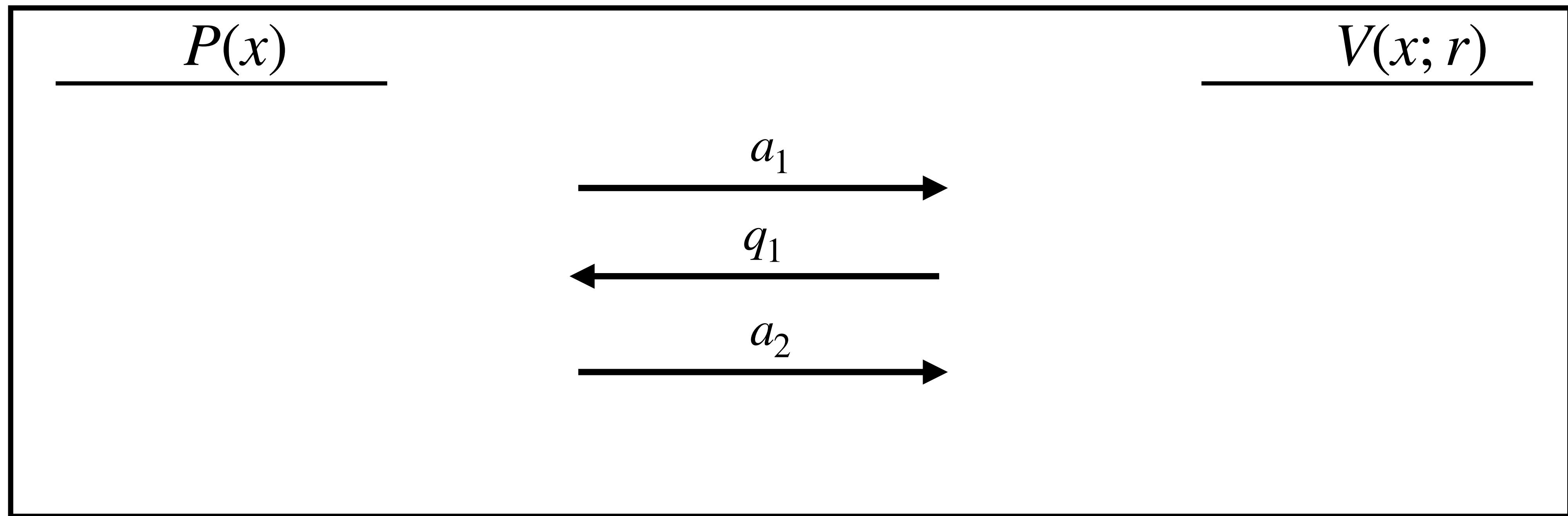
- **Completeness:**  $\forall x \in L \quad \Pr_r[\langle P(x), V(x; r) \rangle = 1] = 1$
- **Soundness:**  $\forall x \notin L \quad \forall P^* \quad \Pr_r[\langle P^*(x), V(x; r) \rangle = 1] \leq 1/2$

# Interactive Proof



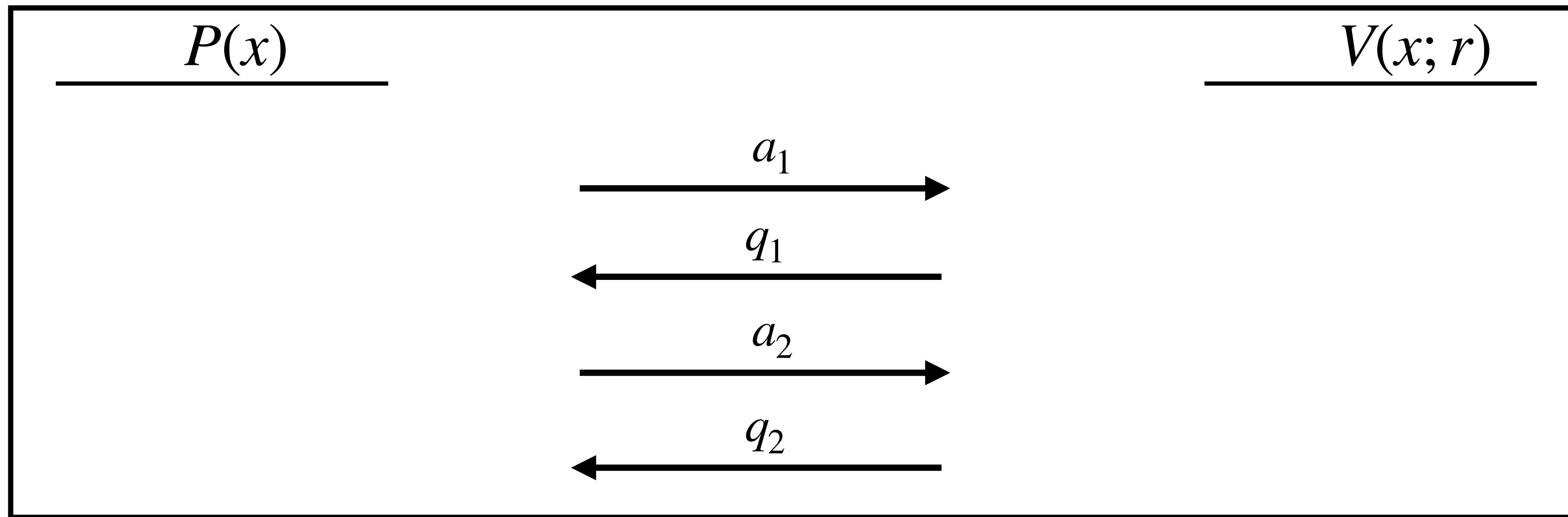
- **Completeness:**  $\forall x \in L \quad \Pr_r[\langle P(x), V(x; r) \rangle = 1] = 1$
- **Soundness:**  $\forall x \notin L \quad \forall P^* \quad \Pr_r[\langle P^*(x), V(x; r) \rangle = 1] \leq 1/2$

# Interactive Proof



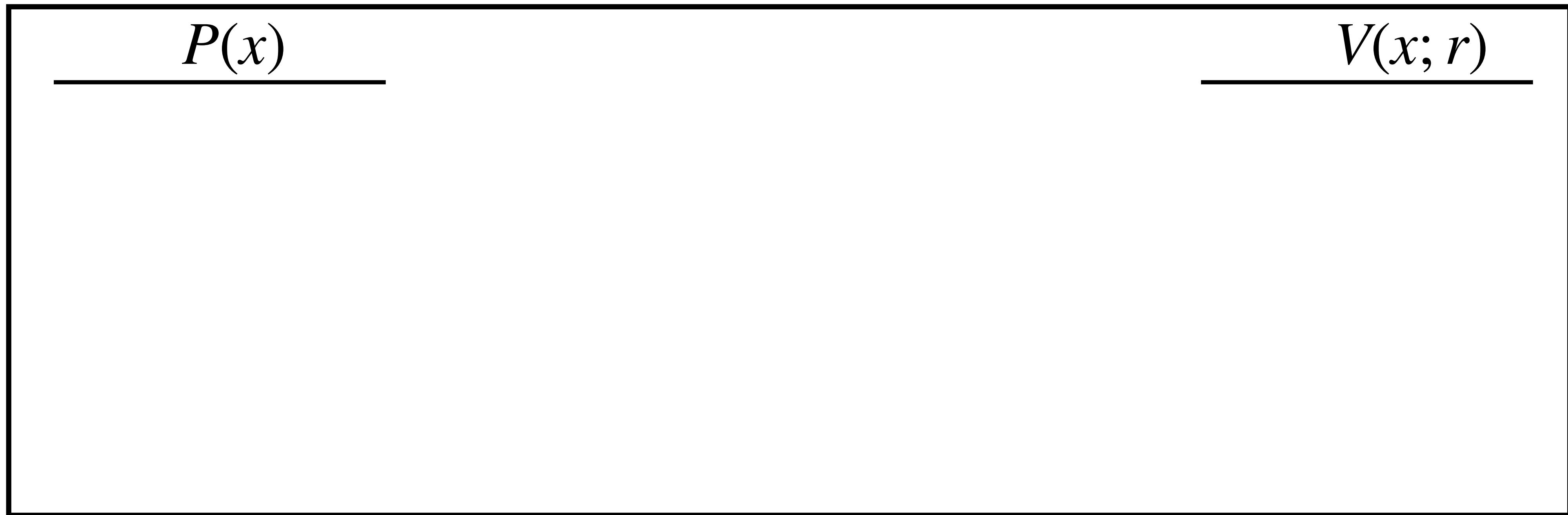
- **Completeness:**  $\forall x \in L \quad \Pr_r[\langle P(x), V(x; r) \rangle = 1] = 1$
- **Soundness:**  $\forall x \notin L \quad \forall P^* \quad \Pr_r[\langle P^*(x), V(x; r) \rangle = 1] \leq 1/2$

# Interactive Proof



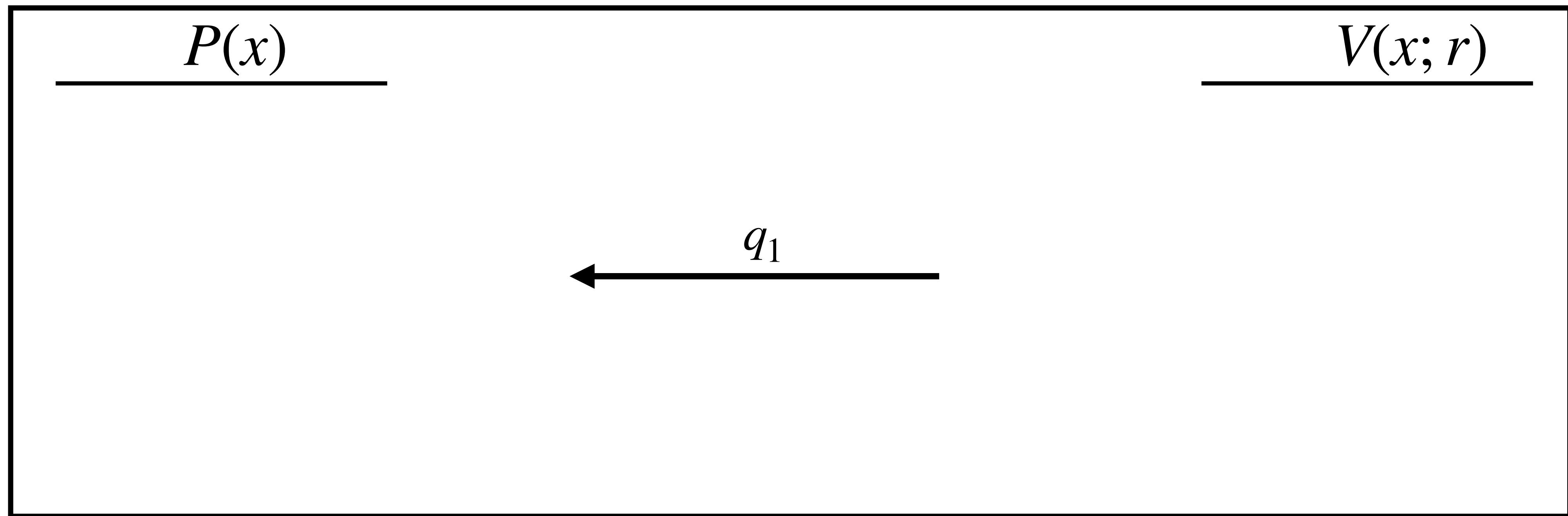
- **Completeness:**  $\forall x \in L \quad \Pr_r[\langle P(x), V(x; r) \rangle = 1] = 1$
- **Soundness:**  $\forall x \notin L \quad \forall P^* \quad \Pr_r[\langle P^*(x), V(x; r) \rangle = 1] \leq 1/2$

# Interactive Argument



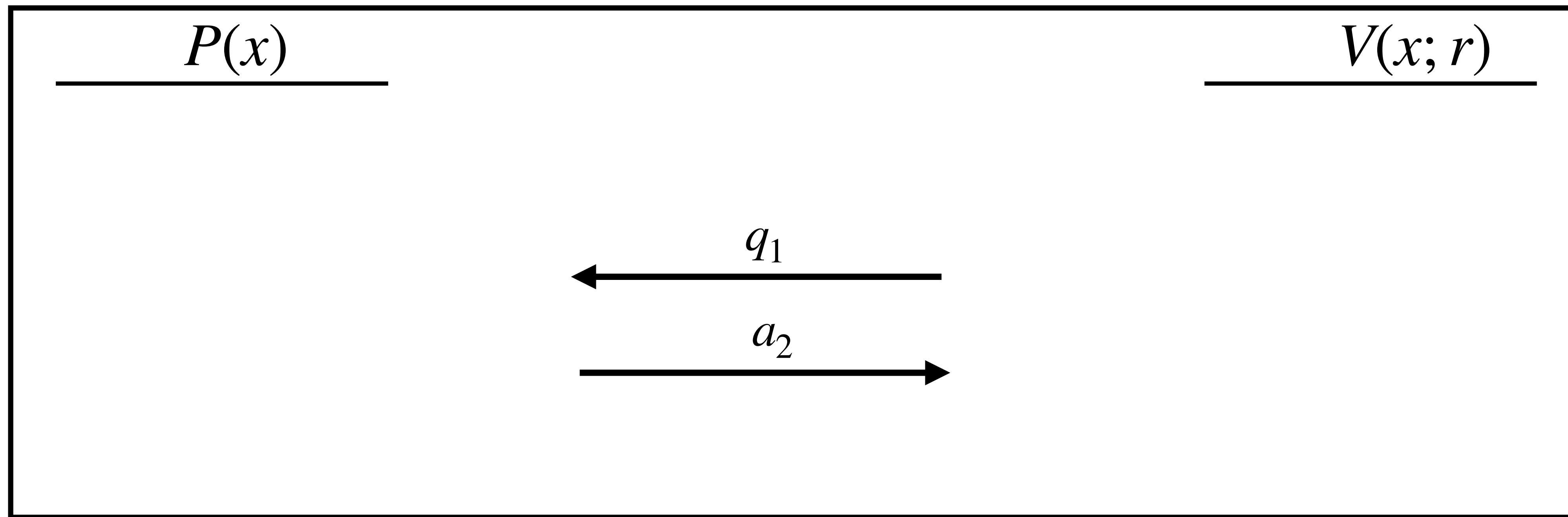
- **Completeness:**  $\forall x \in L \quad \Pr_r[\langle P(x), V(x; r) \rangle = 1] = 1$
- **Soundness:**  $\forall x \notin L \quad \forall \text{PPT } P^* \quad \Pr_r[\langle P^*(x), V(x; r) \rangle = 1] \leq 1/2$

# Interactive Argument



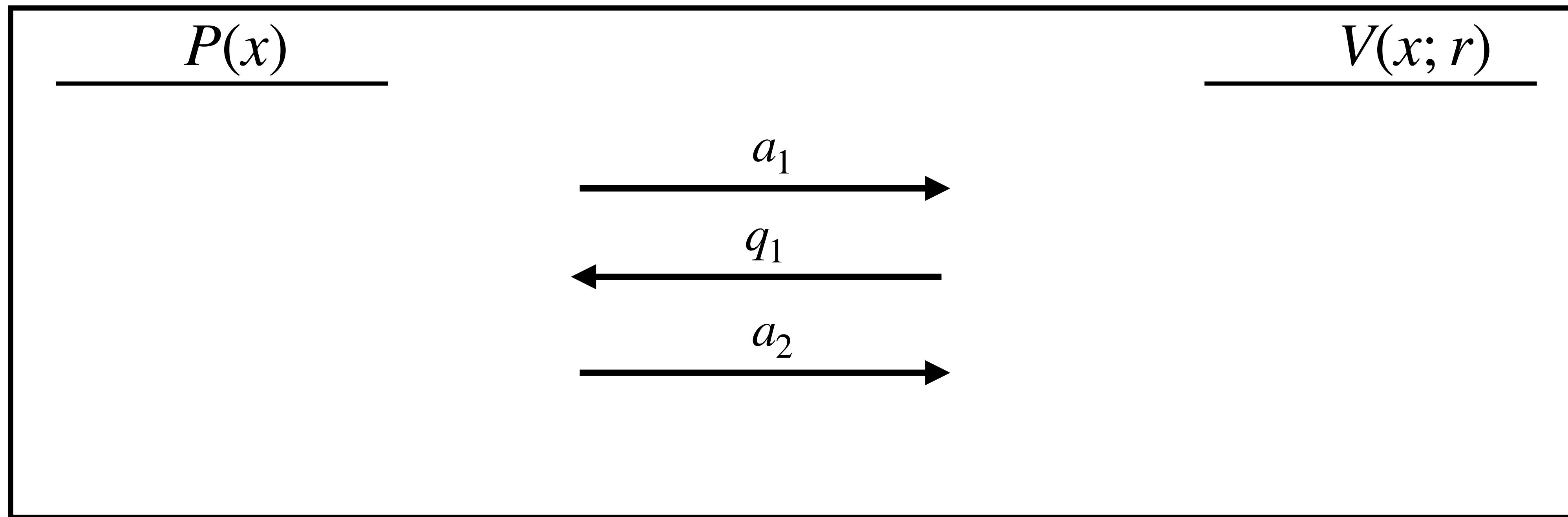
- **Completeness:**  $\forall x \in L \quad \Pr_r[\langle P(x), V(x; r) \rangle = 1] = 1$
- **Soundness:**  $\forall x \notin L \quad \forall \text{PPT } P^* \quad \Pr_r[\langle P^*(x), V(x; r) \rangle = 1] \leq 1/2$

# Interactive Argument



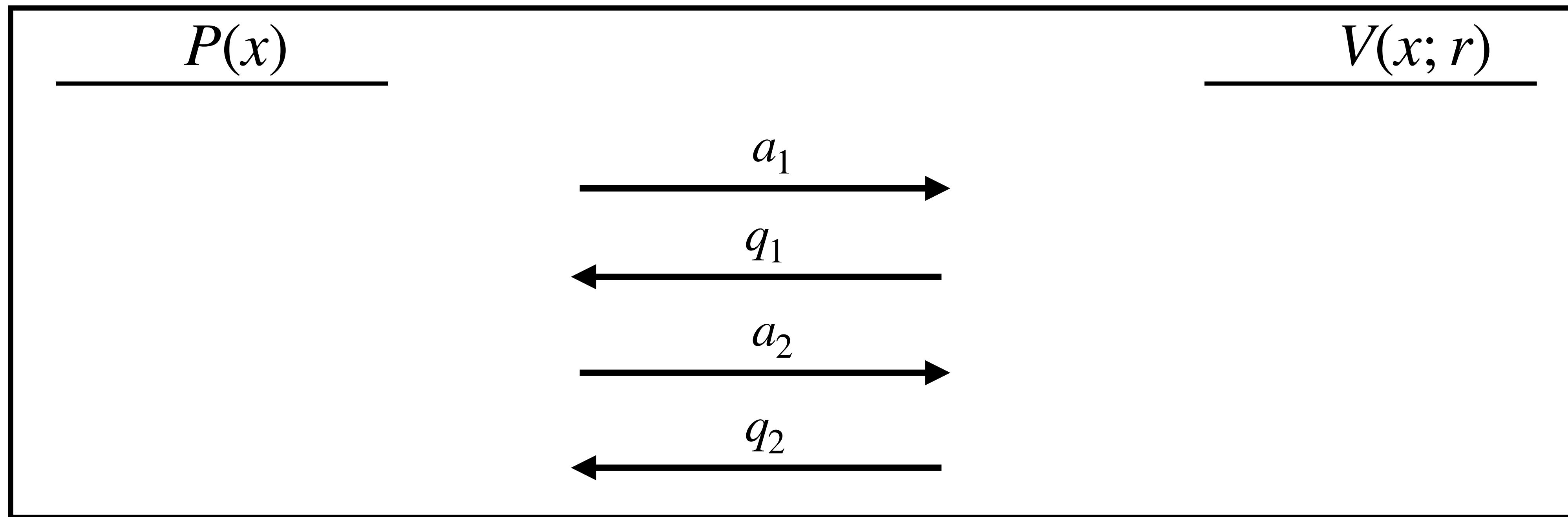
- **Completeness:**  $\forall x \in L \quad \Pr_r[\langle P(x), V(x; r) \rangle = 1] = 1$
- **Soundness:**  $\forall x \notin L \quad \forall \text{PPT } P^* \quad \Pr_r[\langle P^*(x), V(x; r) \rangle = 1] \leq 1/2$

# Interactive Argument



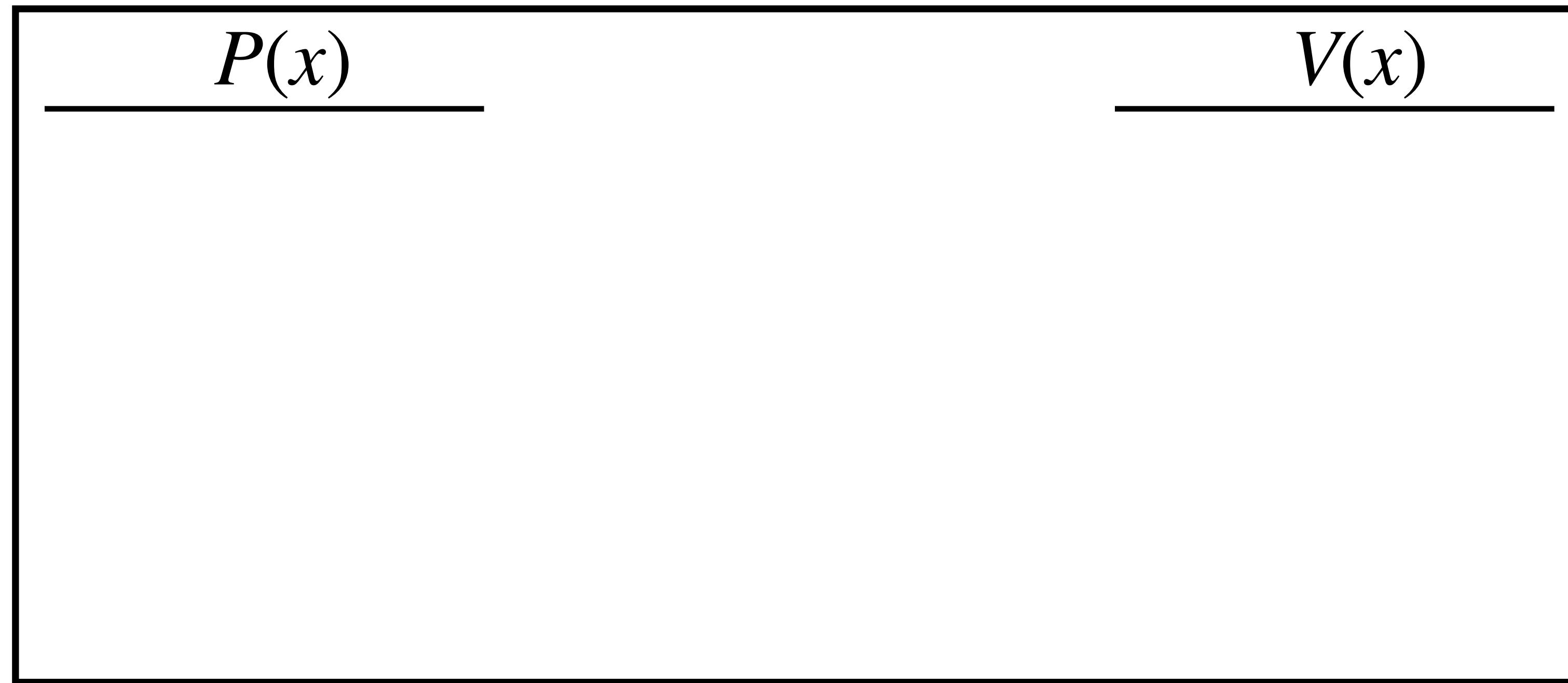
- **Completeness:**  $\forall x \in L \quad \Pr_r[\langle P(x), V(x; r) \rangle = 1] = 1$
- **Soundness:**  $\forall x \notin L \quad \forall \text{PPT } P^* \quad \Pr_r[\langle P^*(x), V(x; r) \rangle = 1] \leq 1/2$

# Interactive Argument

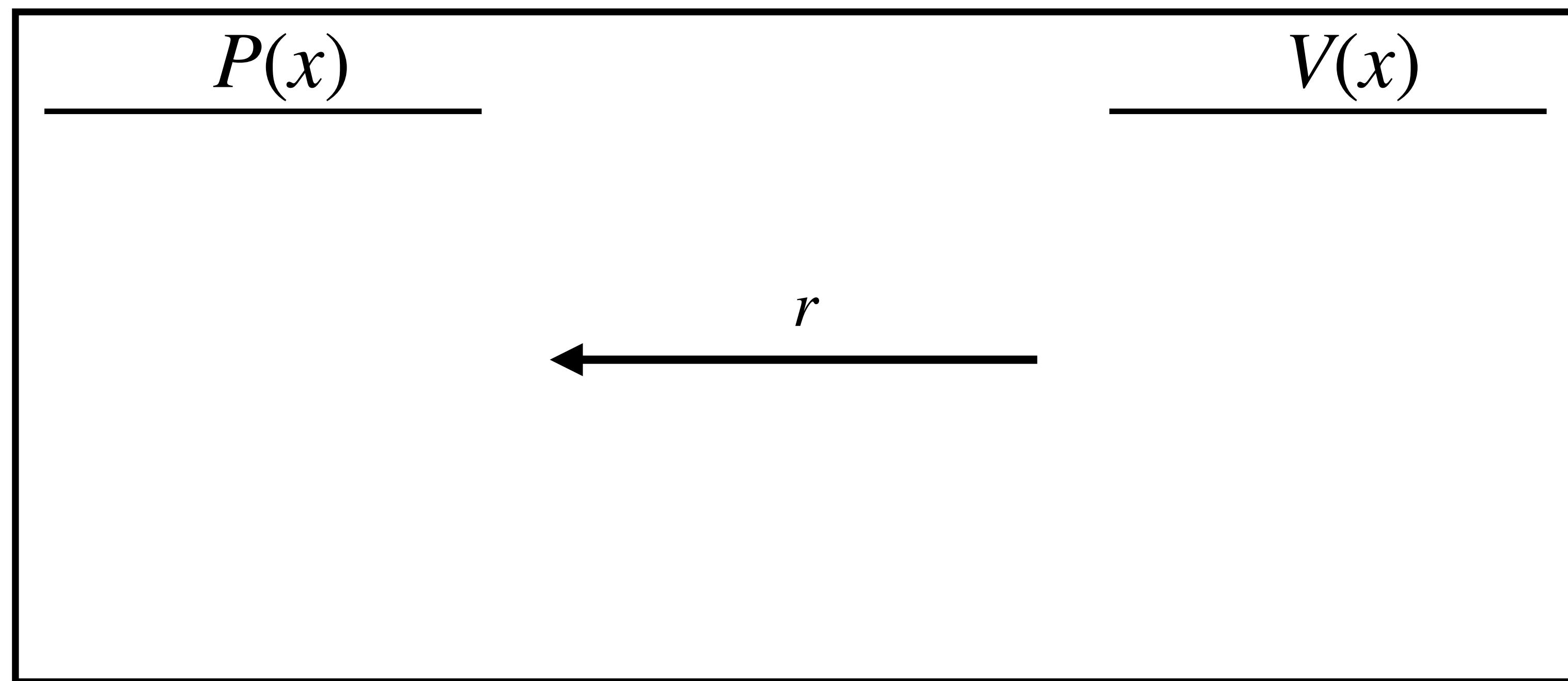


- **Completeness:**  $\forall x \in L \quad \Pr_r[\langle P(x), V(x; r) \rangle = 1] = 1$
- **Soundness:**  $\forall x \notin L \quad \forall \text{PPT } P^* \quad \Pr_r[\langle P^*(x), V(x; r) \rangle = 1] \leq 1/2$

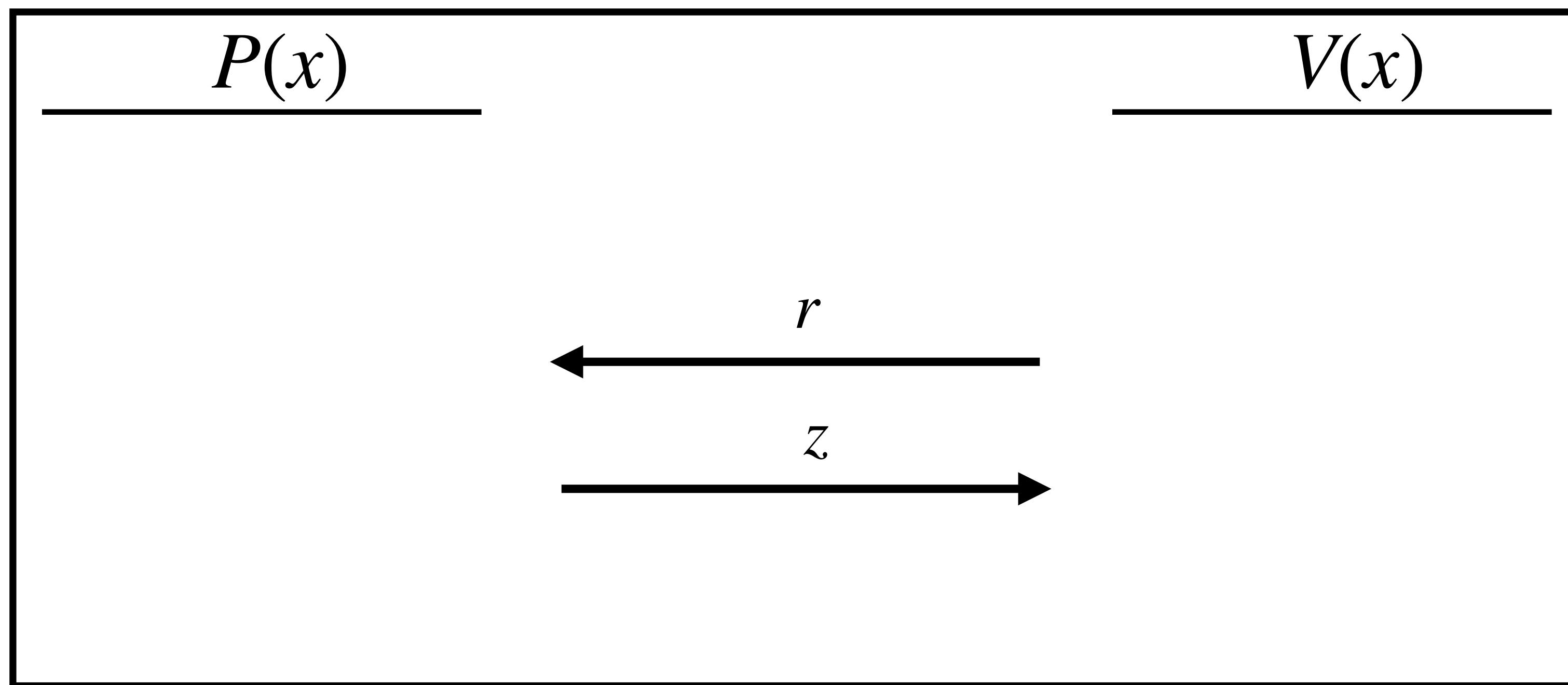
# Sigma Protocol



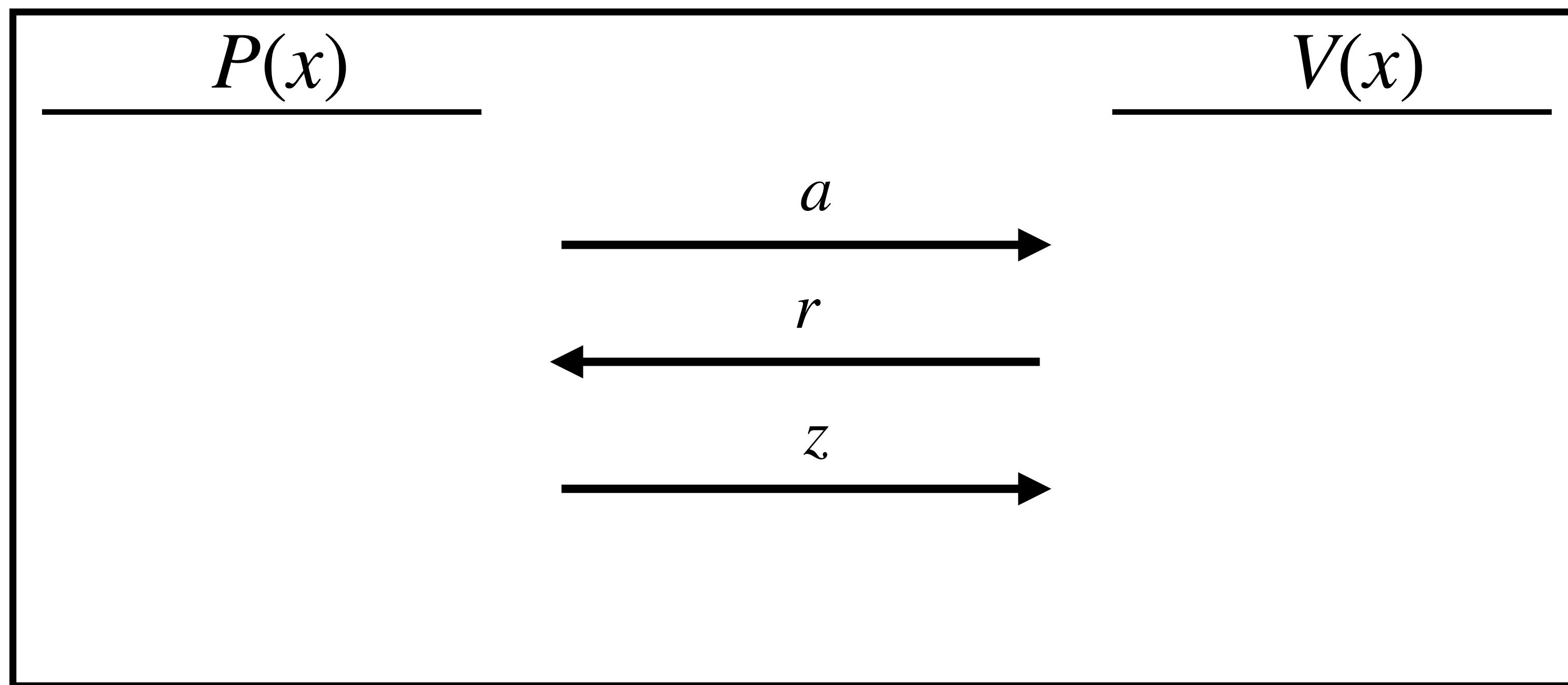
# Sigma Protocol



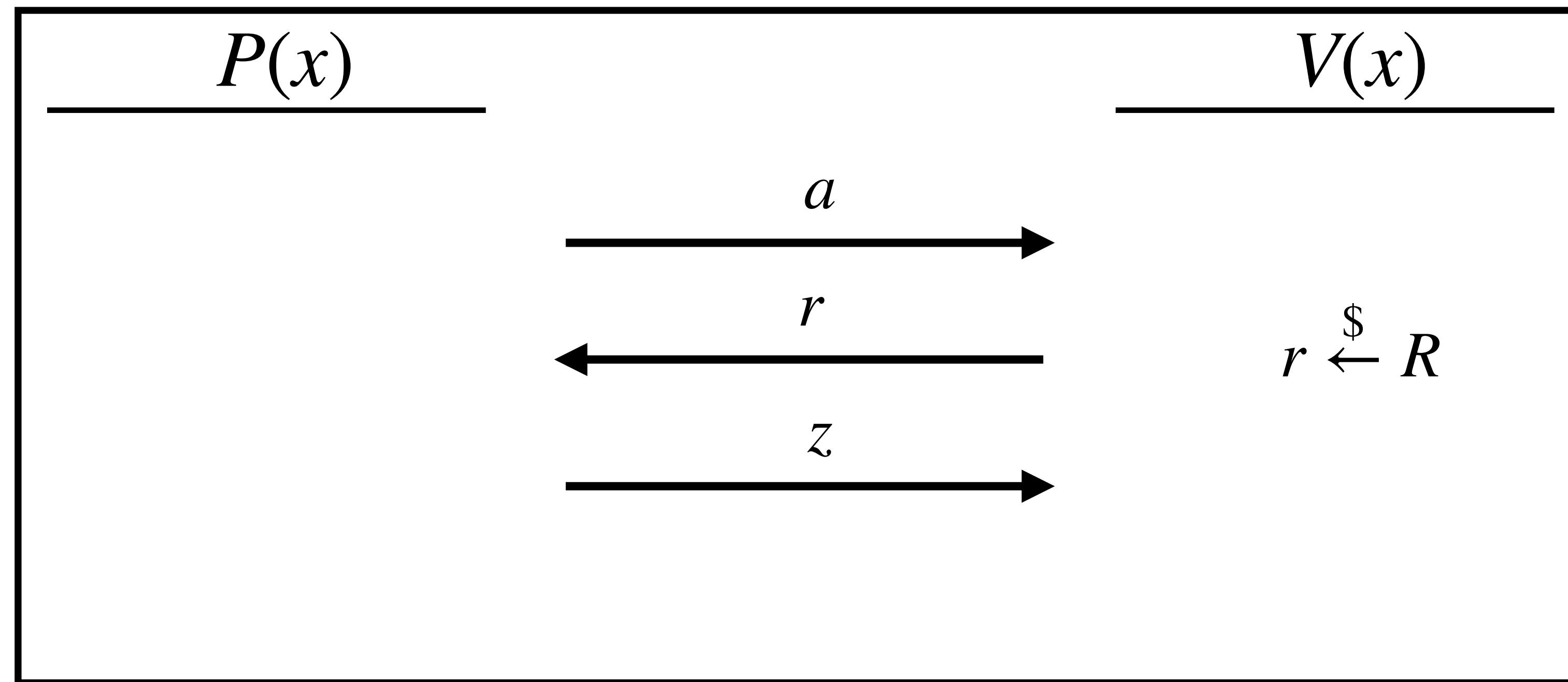
# Sigma Protocol



# Sigma Protocol



# Sigma Protocol



# Sigma Protocol

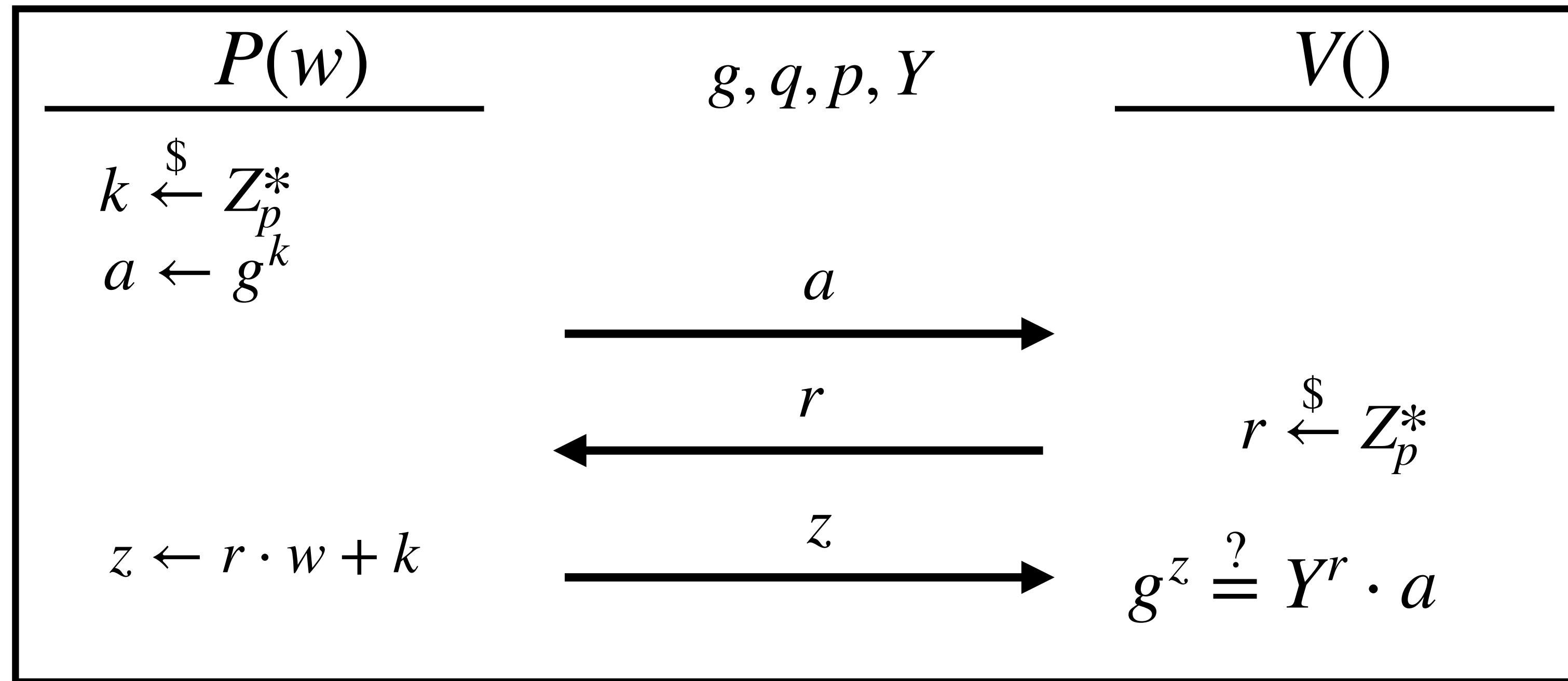
## DLOG

Let  $g$  be the generator of a subgroup of large prime order  $q$  modulo  $p$ .

**Prover:** I know  $w$  such that  $Y = g^w \pmod{p}$

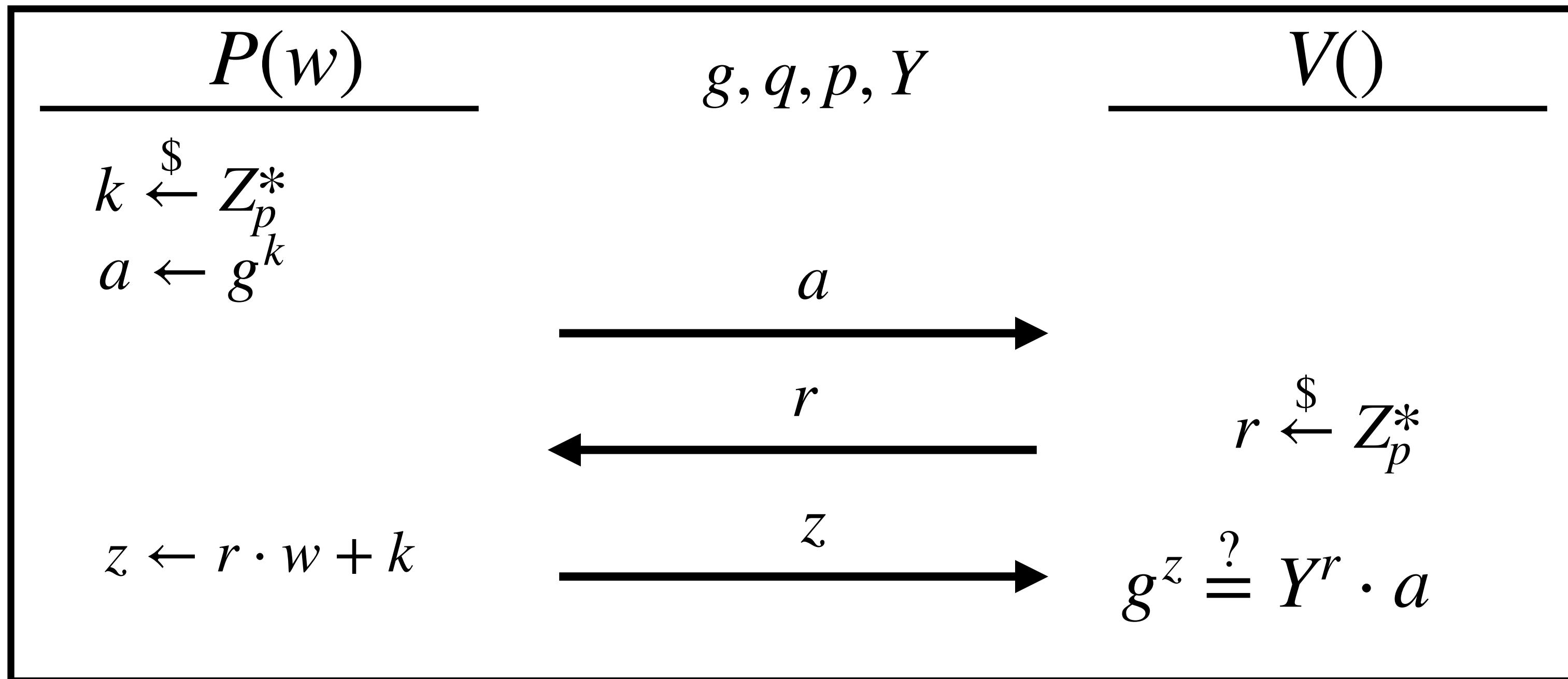
# Sigma Protocol

## Schnorr DLOG



# Sigma Protocol

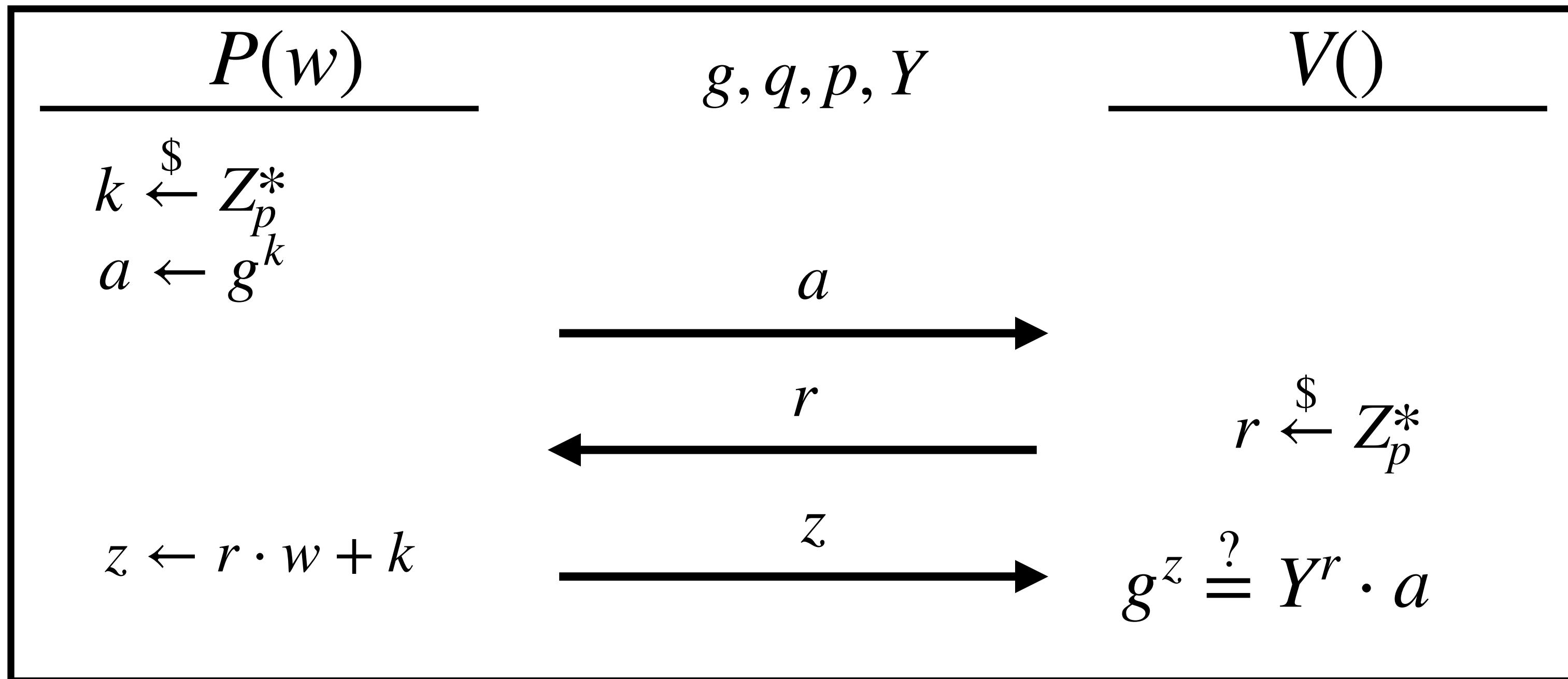
## Schnorr DLOG



- **Completeness**
- **Knowledge Soundness**
- **HV Zero-Knowledge**

# Sigma Protocol

## DLOG



- **Completeness:**

$$g^z \stackrel{?}{=} Y^r \cdot a$$

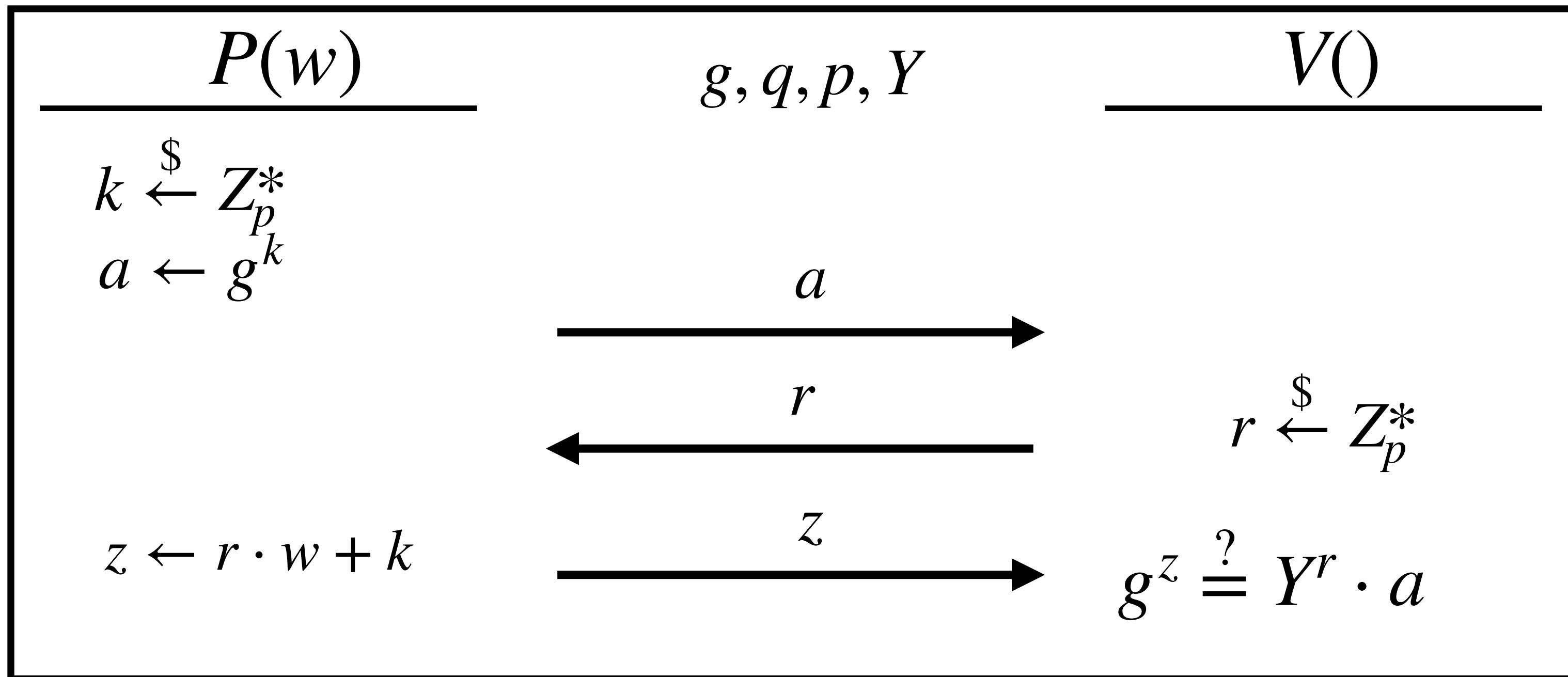
$$g^{(r \cdot w + k)} \stackrel{?}{=} (g^w)^r \cdot g^k$$

$$g^{r \cdot w + k} = g^{w \cdot r + k}$$



# Sigma Protocol

## DLOG



$$g^z = Y^r \cdot a$$

$$g^{z'} = Y^{r'} \cdot a$$

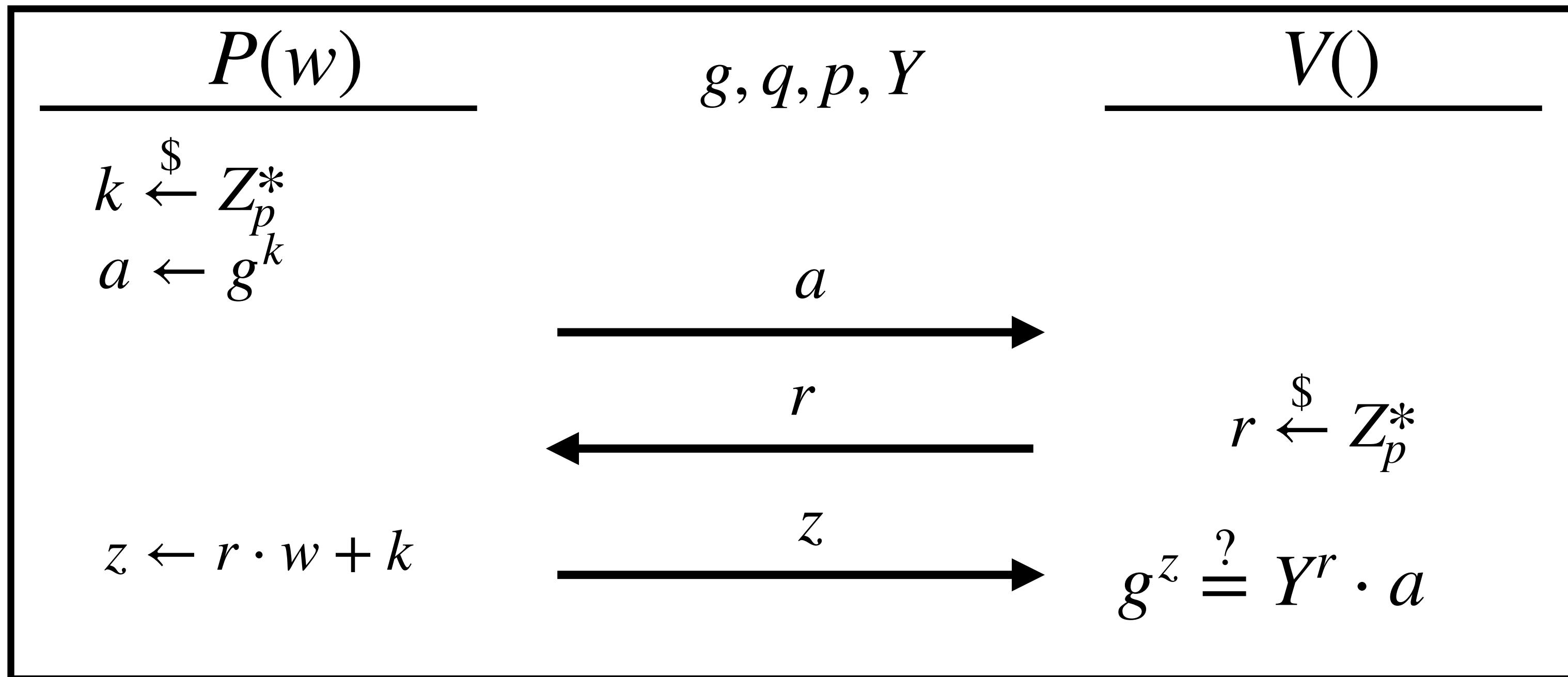
- **Knowledge Soundness**

Given  $(a, r, z)$  and  $(a, r', z')$  as valid transcripts.

Extract  $w$  in poly time.

# Sigma Protocol

## DLOG



$$\begin{aligned} g^z &= Y^r \cdot a \\ g^{z'} &= Y^{r'} \cdot a \end{aligned} \implies g^{(z-z')} = Y^{(r-r')}$$

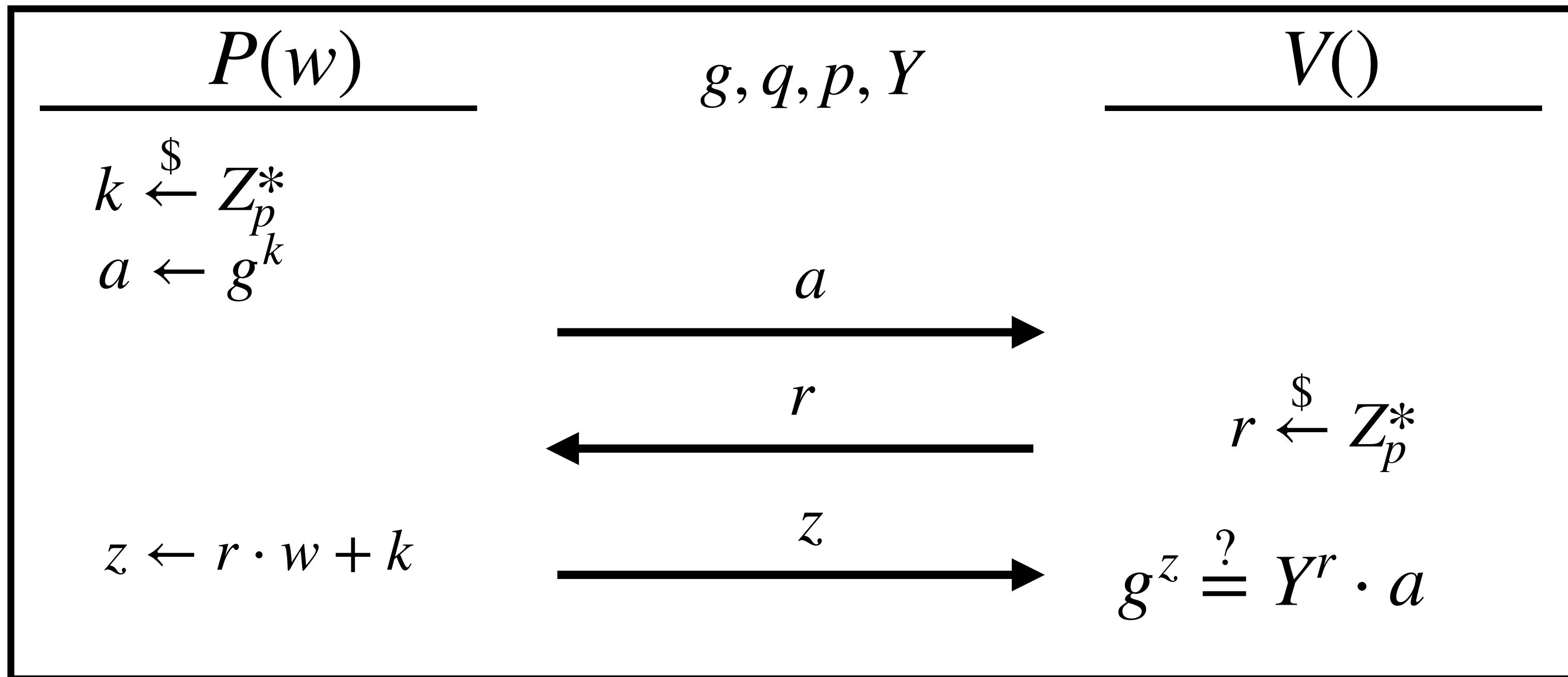
- **Knowledge Soundness**

Given  $(a, r, z)$  and  $(a, r', z')$  as valid transcripts.

Extract  $w$  in poly time.

# Sigma Protocol

## DLOG



- **Knowledge Soundness**

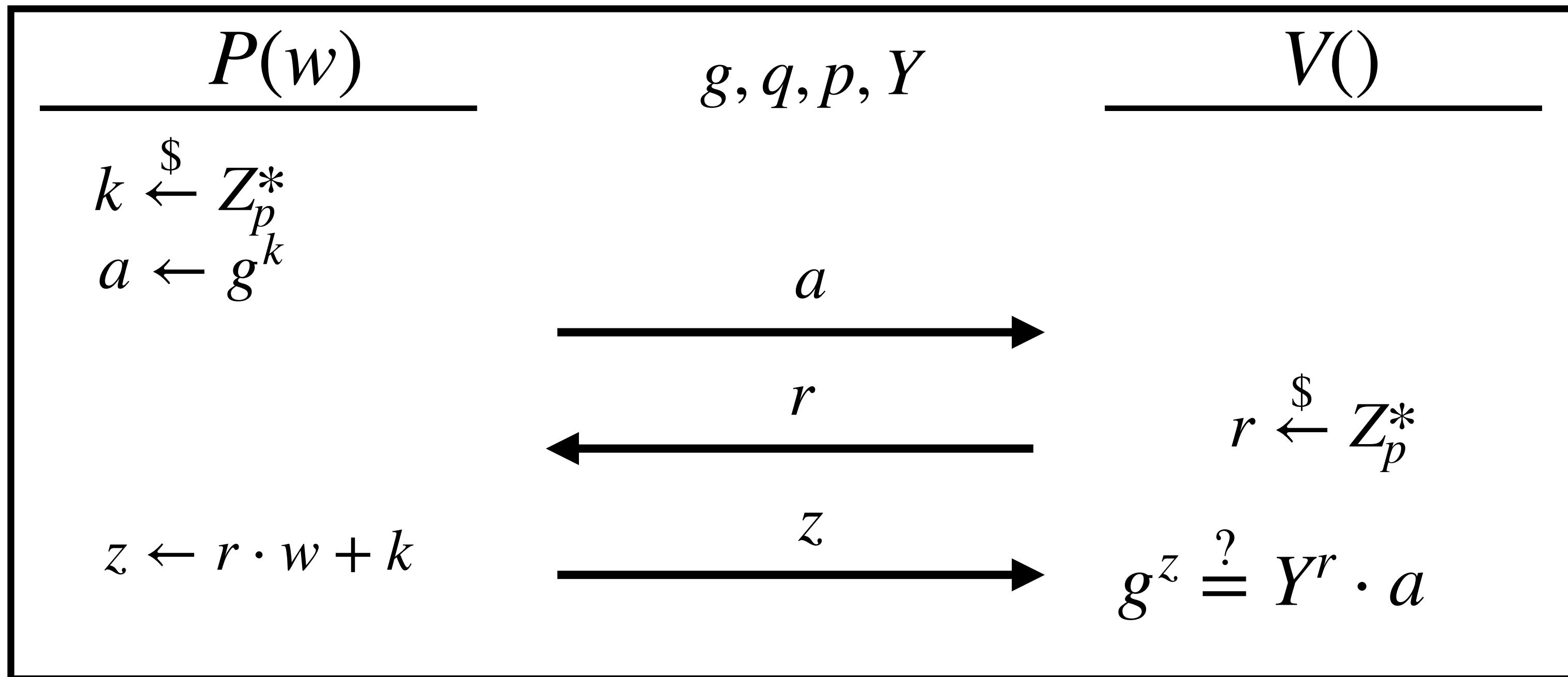
Given  $(a, r, z)$  and  $(a, r', z')$  as valid transcripts.

Extract  $w$  in poly time.

$$\begin{aligned}
 g^z &= Y^r \cdot a \\
 g^{z'} &= Y^{r'} \cdot a
 \end{aligned}
 \implies g^{(z-z')} &= Y^{(r-r')} \implies g^{(z-z')/(r-r')} = Y \\
 \implies w &= (z - z')/(r - r')$$

# Sigma Protocol

## DLOG

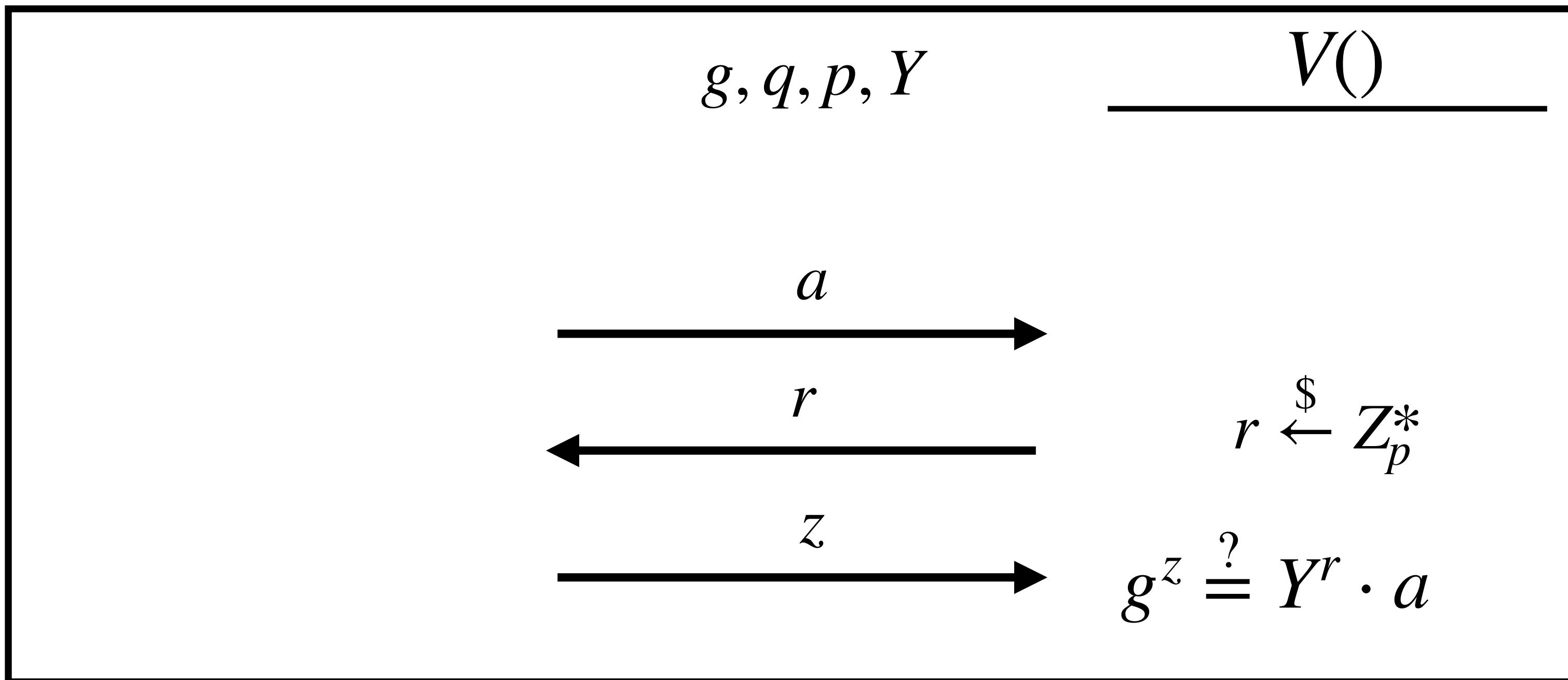


- **HV Zero-Knowledge**

A valid transcript can be efficiently simulated.

# Sigma Protocol

## DLOG



- **HV Zero-Knowledge**

A valid transcript can be efficiently simulated.

# Sigma Protocol

## DLOG

$S()$	$g, q, p, Y$	$V()$
$z, r \xleftarrow{\$} Z_p^*$ $a \leftarrow g^z \cdot Y^{-r}$	$(a, r, z)$	$g^z \stackrel{?}{=} Y^r \cdot a$

- **HV Zero-Knowledge**

A valid transcript can be  
efficiently simulated.

# Sigma Protocol

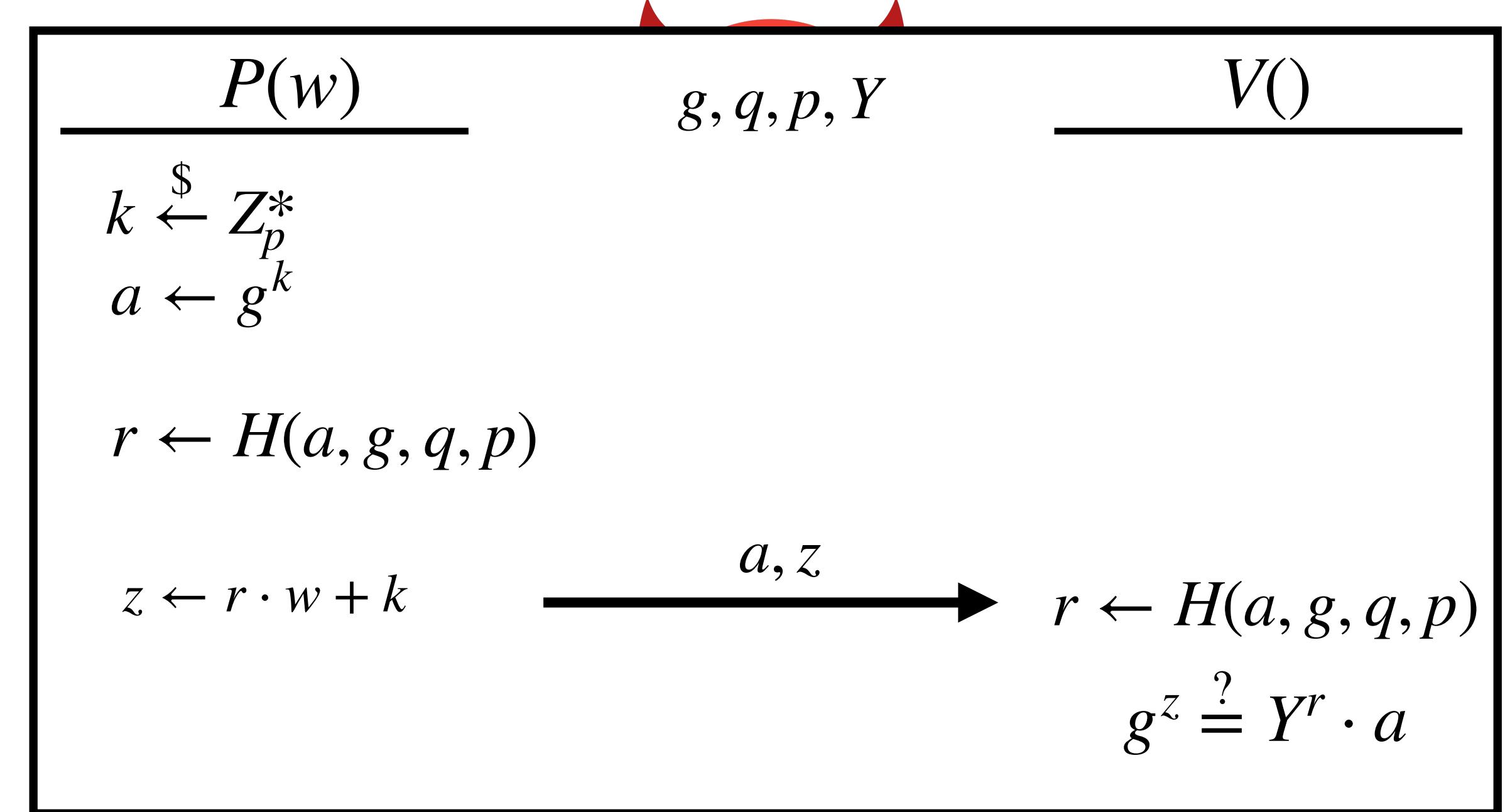
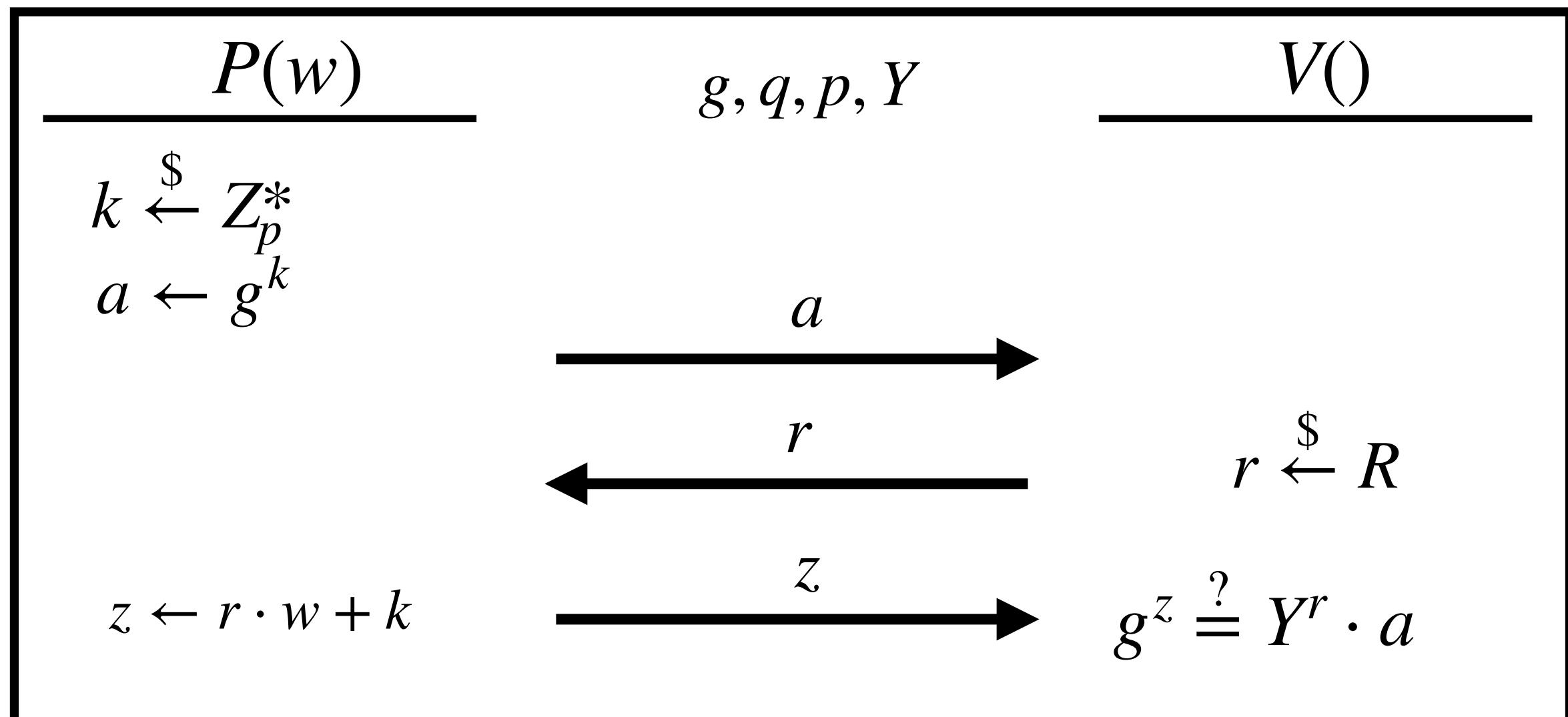
## ROM

Blackbox oracle  $H(\cdot)$  that returns consistent but uniformly random values.

Realized using a hash function e.g. SHA256

# Sigma Protocol

## Non-interactivity via Fiat Shamir Heuristic



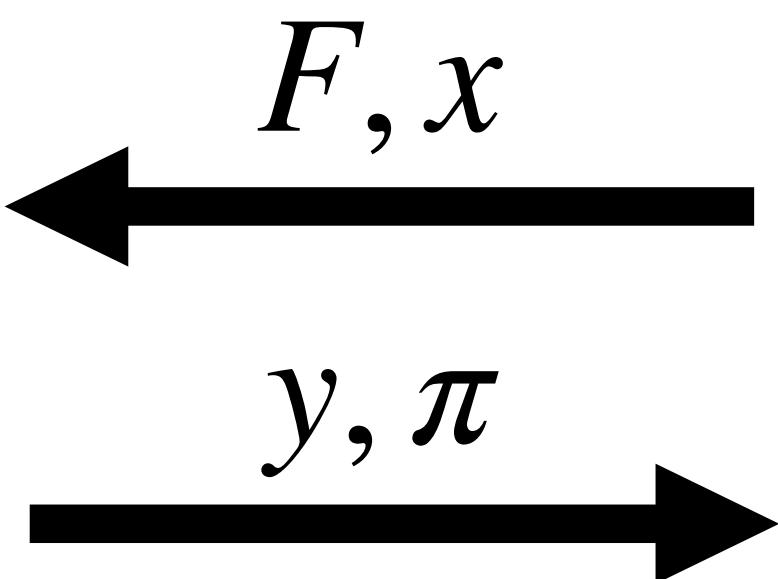
# General Purpose Verifiable Computation

Task: Compute  $F(x)$



$$F(x) \rightarrow y$$

$$Prove(F, x, y) \rightarrow \pi$$



$$Verify(F, x, y, \pi) \rightarrow 0/1$$

# General Purpose Verifiable Computation

## Succinct Non-interactive ARGument

**Soundness:** There exists  $w$  such that  $F(x, w) = y$

# General Purpose Verifiable Computation

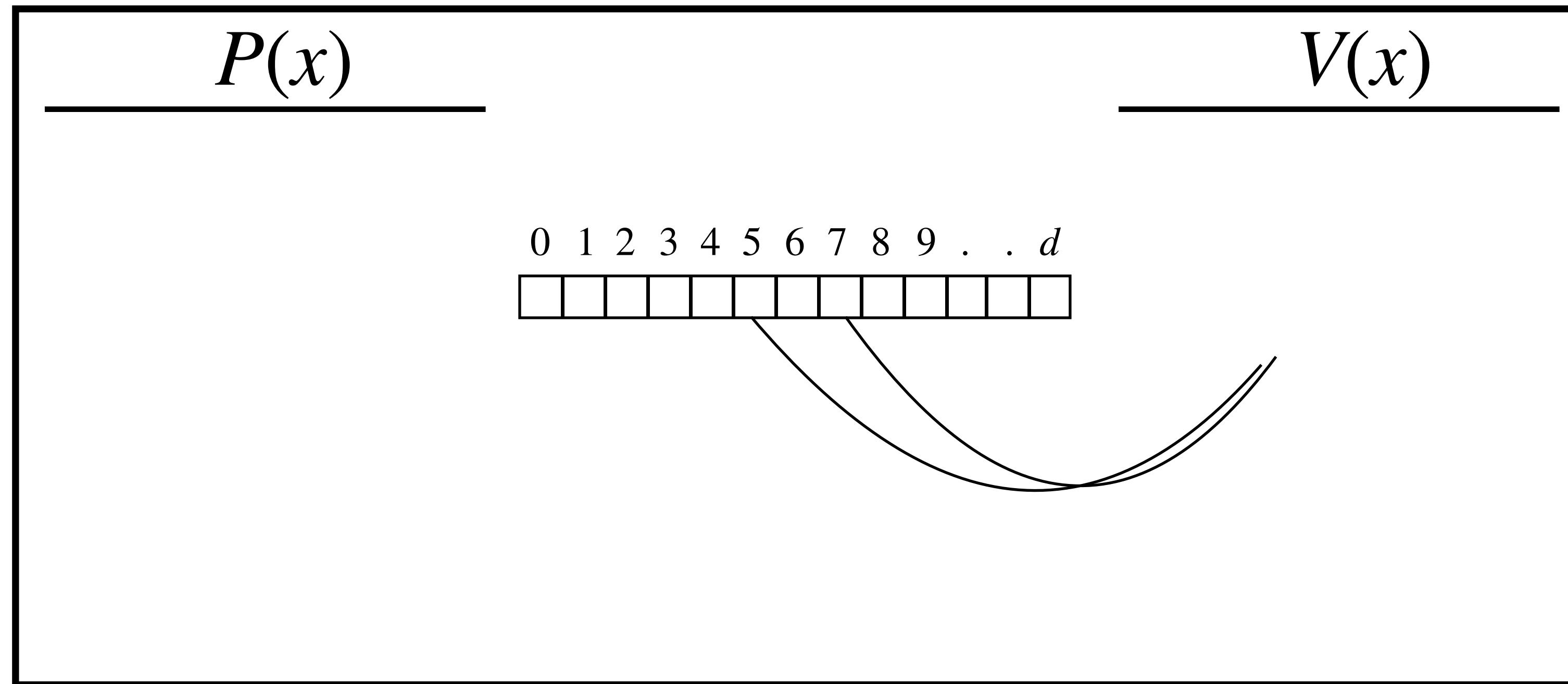
**Succinct Non-interactive ARgument of Knowledge**

**Knowledge Soundness:**

There exists  $w$  **known by the prover** such that  $F(x, w) = y$

# PCP

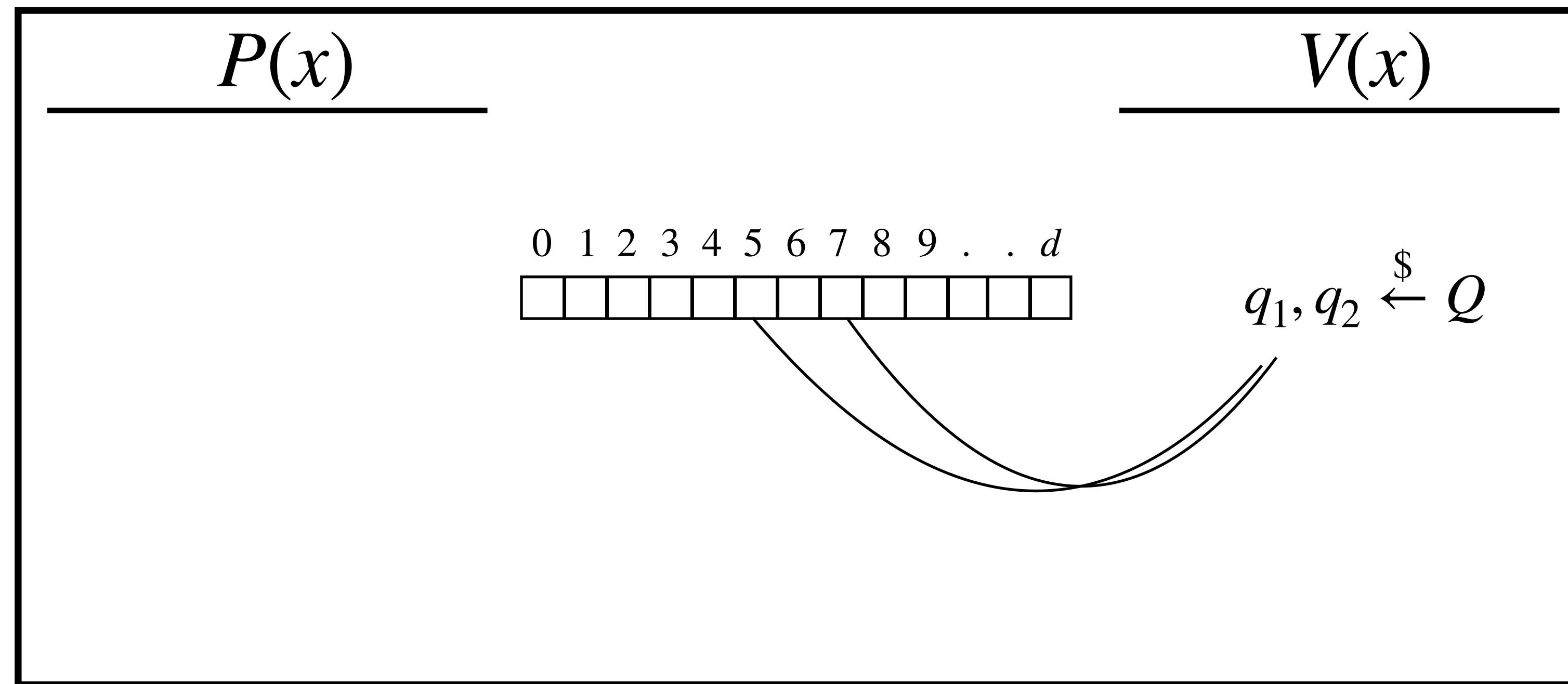
[BFLS'91]



“In this setup, a single reliable PC can monitor the operation of a herd of supercomputers working with possibly extremely powerful but unreliable software and untested hardware.”

# PCP

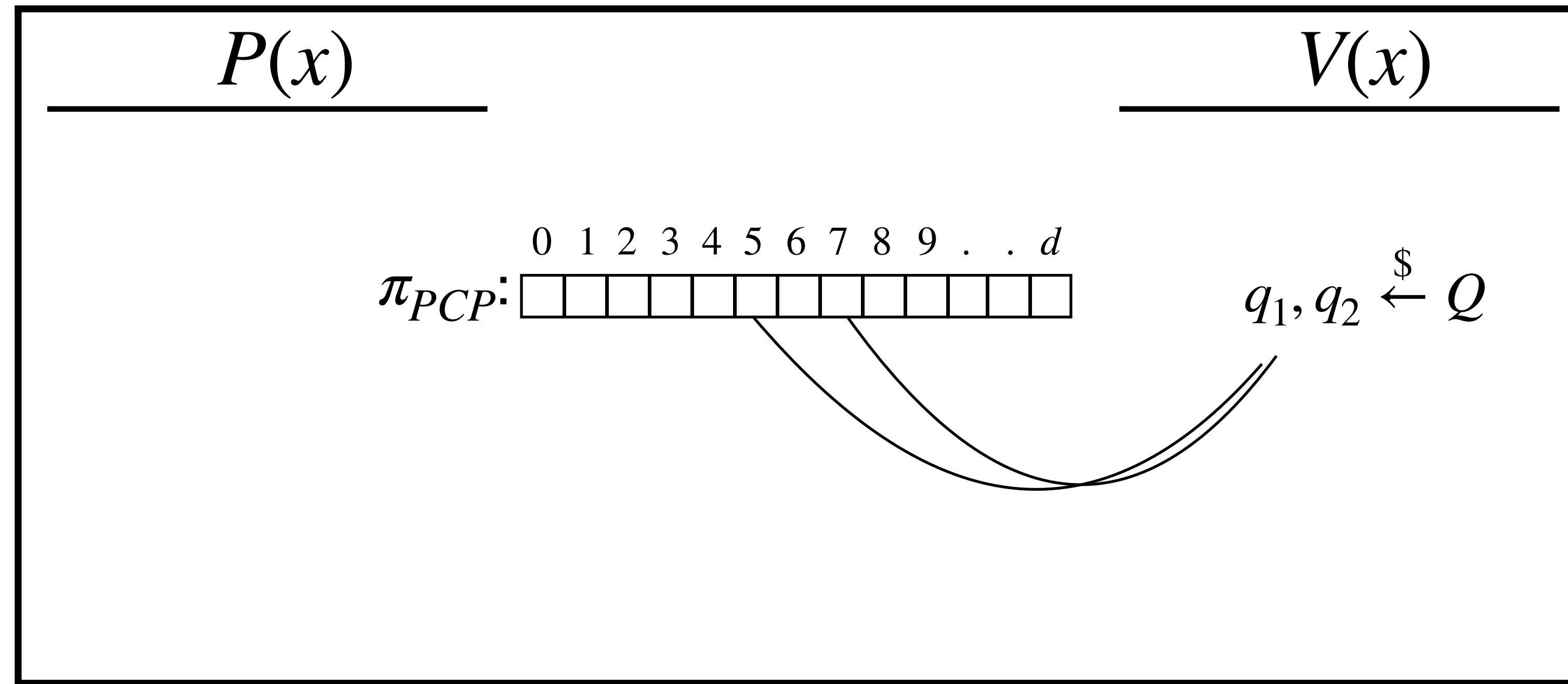
[BFLS'91]



“In this setup, a single reliable PC can monitor the operation of a herd of supercomputers working with possibly extremely powerful but unreliable software and untested hardware.”

# PCP

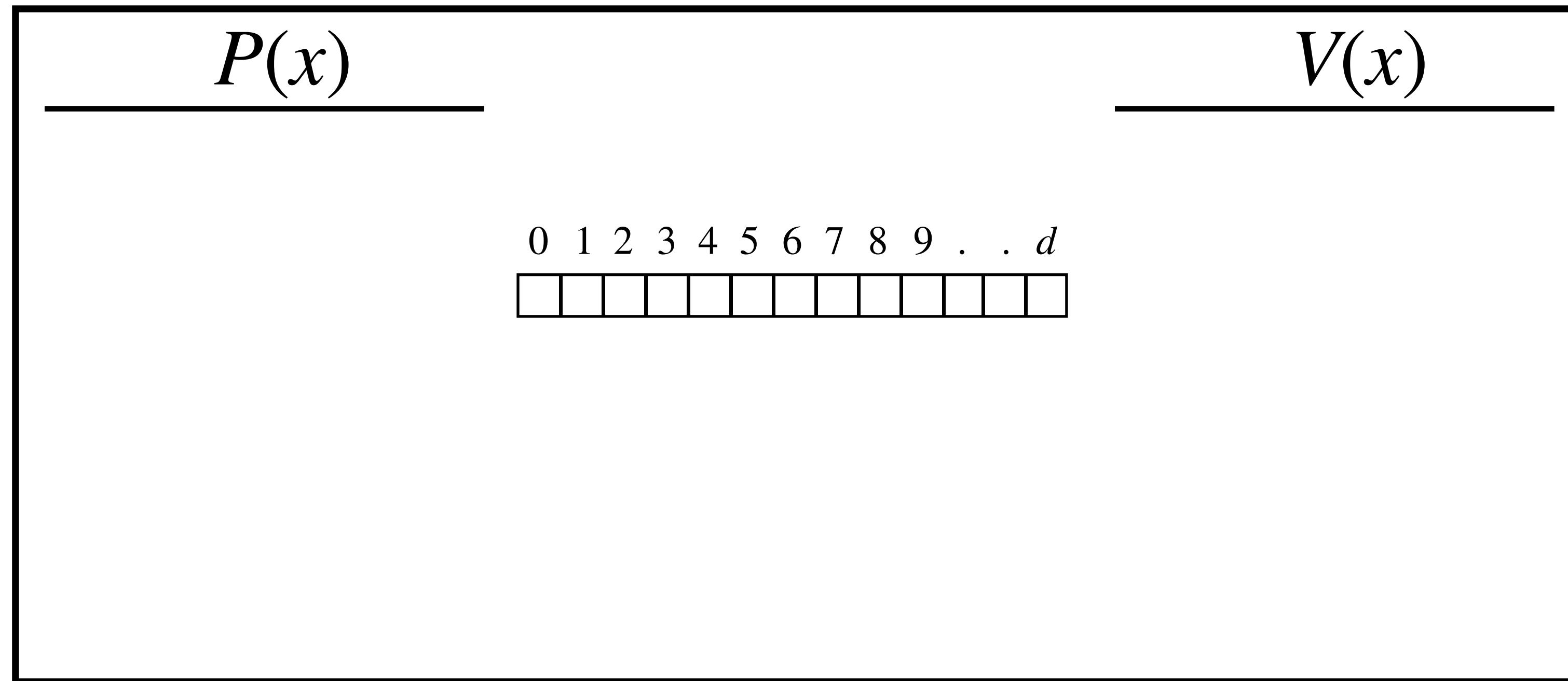
[BFLS'91]



“In this setup, a single reliable PC can monitor the operation of a herd of supercomputers working with possibly extremely powerful but unreliable software and untested hardware.”

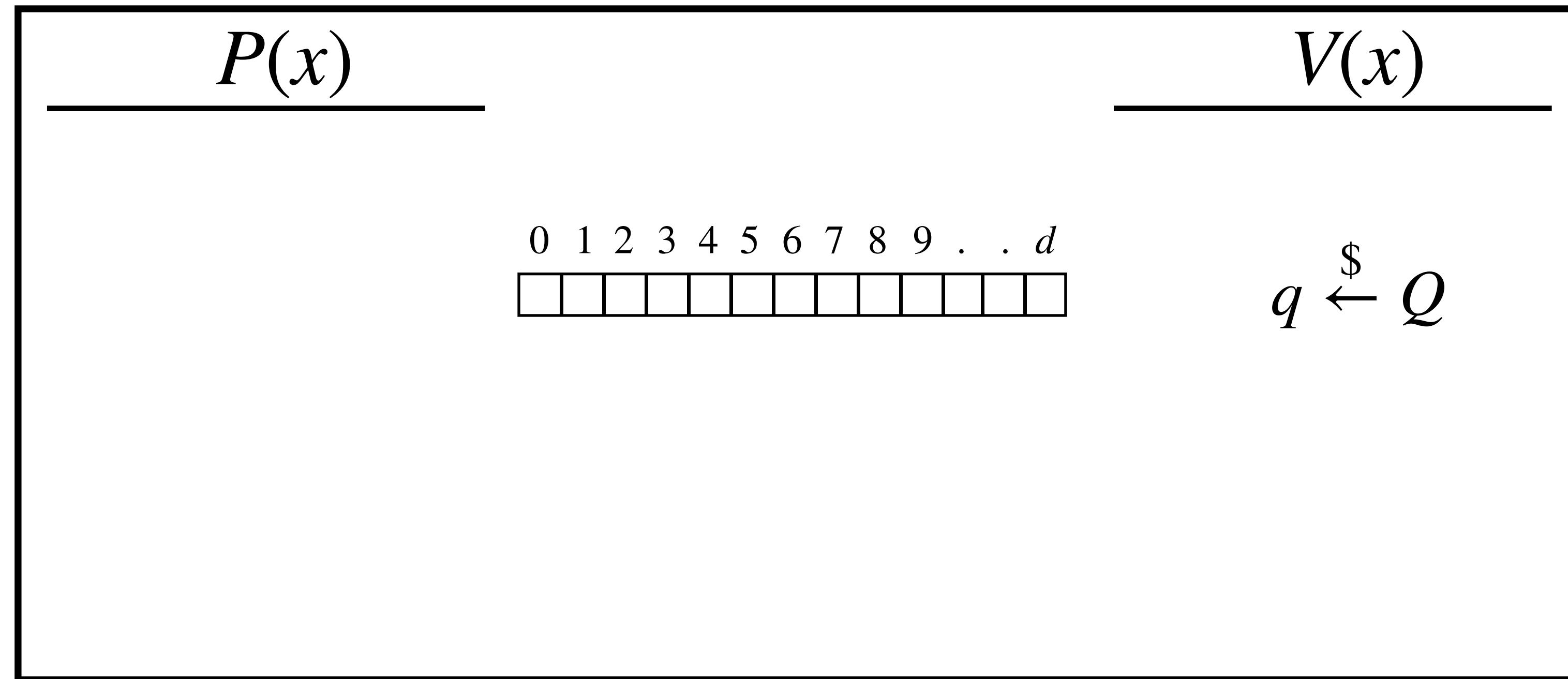
# PCP

[Kilian'92]



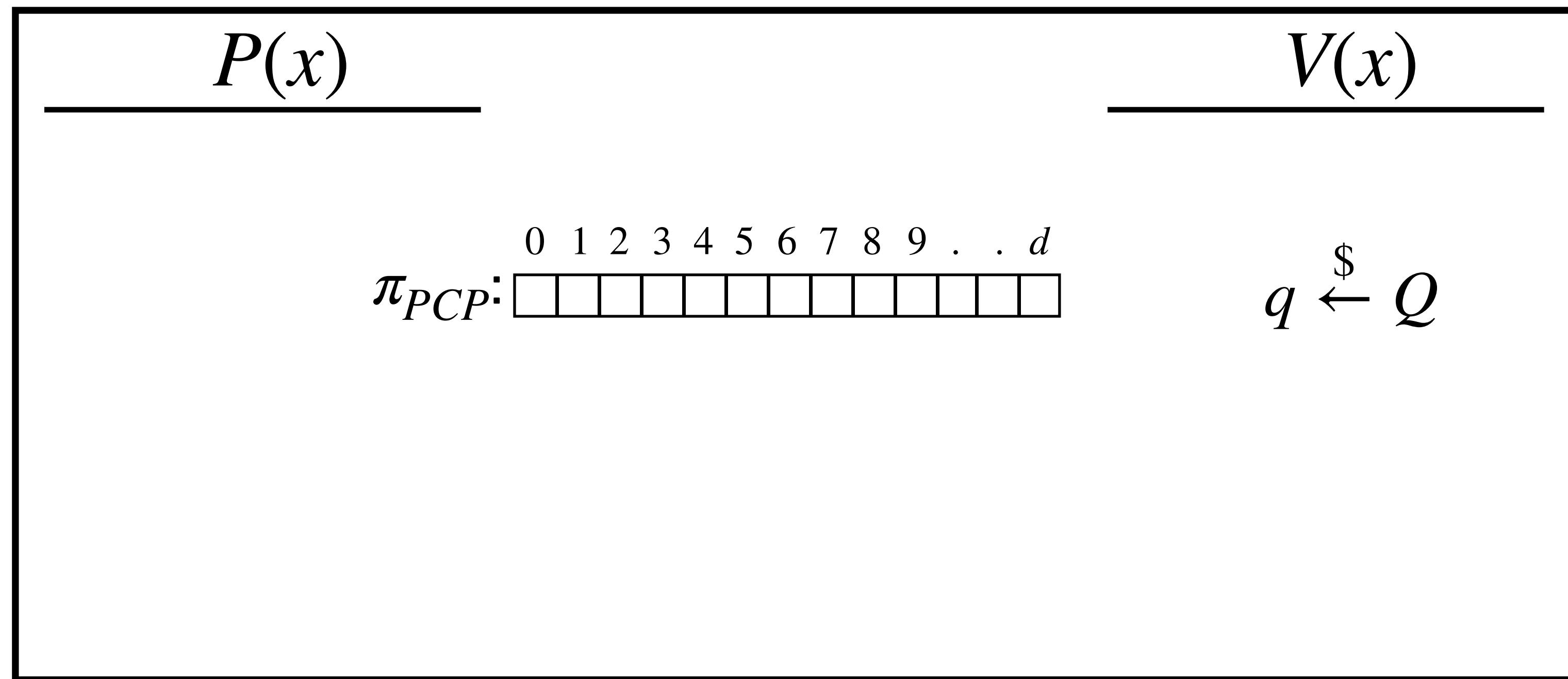
# PCP

[Kilian'92]



# PCP

[Kilian'92]



# PCP

[Kilian'92]

$P(x)$

---

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 . . d  


$V(x)$

---

# PCP

[Kilian'92]

$P(x)$

---

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 . . d  


$V(x)$

---

$q \xleftarrow{\$} Q$

# PCP

[Kilian'92]

$$\frac{P(x)}{\rule{1cm}{0pt}}$$

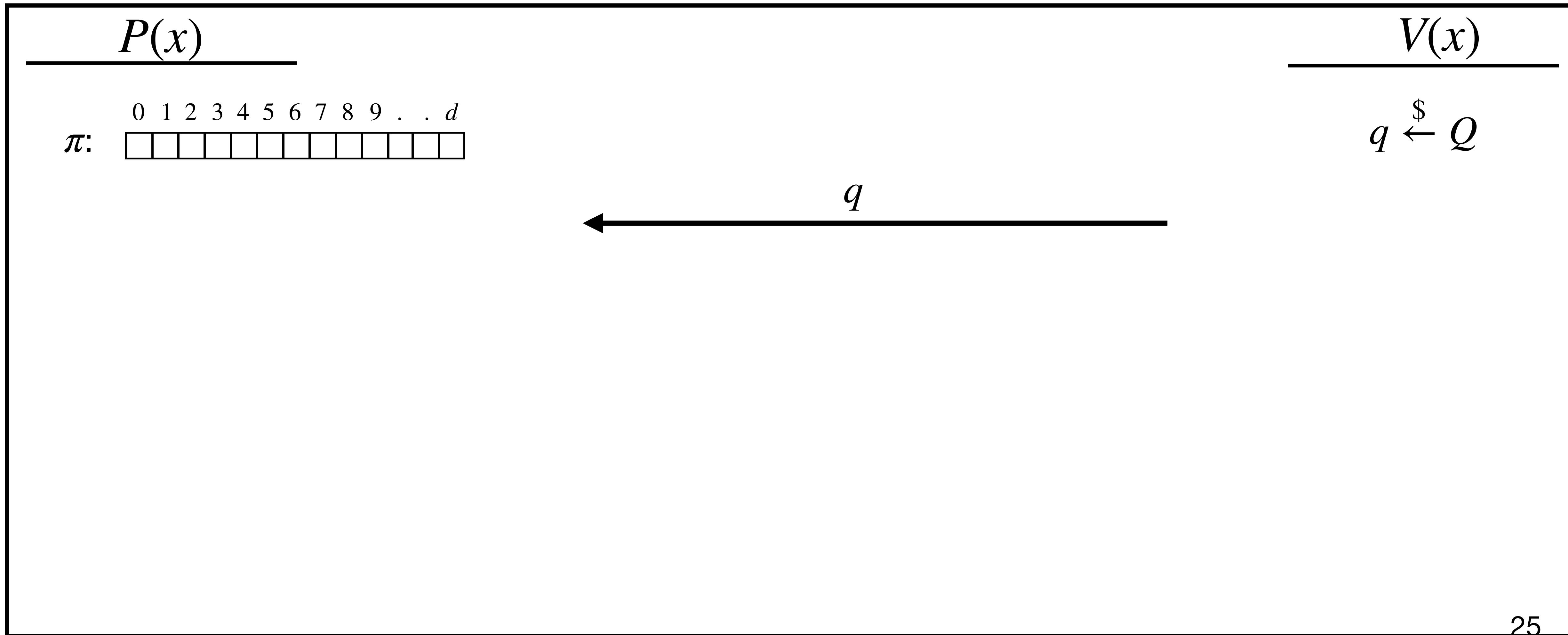
$$\pi: \begin{array}{ccccccccccccc} 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & . & . & d \\ \boxed{\phantom{0}} & \end{array}$$

$$\frac{V(x)}{\rule{1cm}{0pt}}$$

$$q \xleftarrow{\$} Q$$

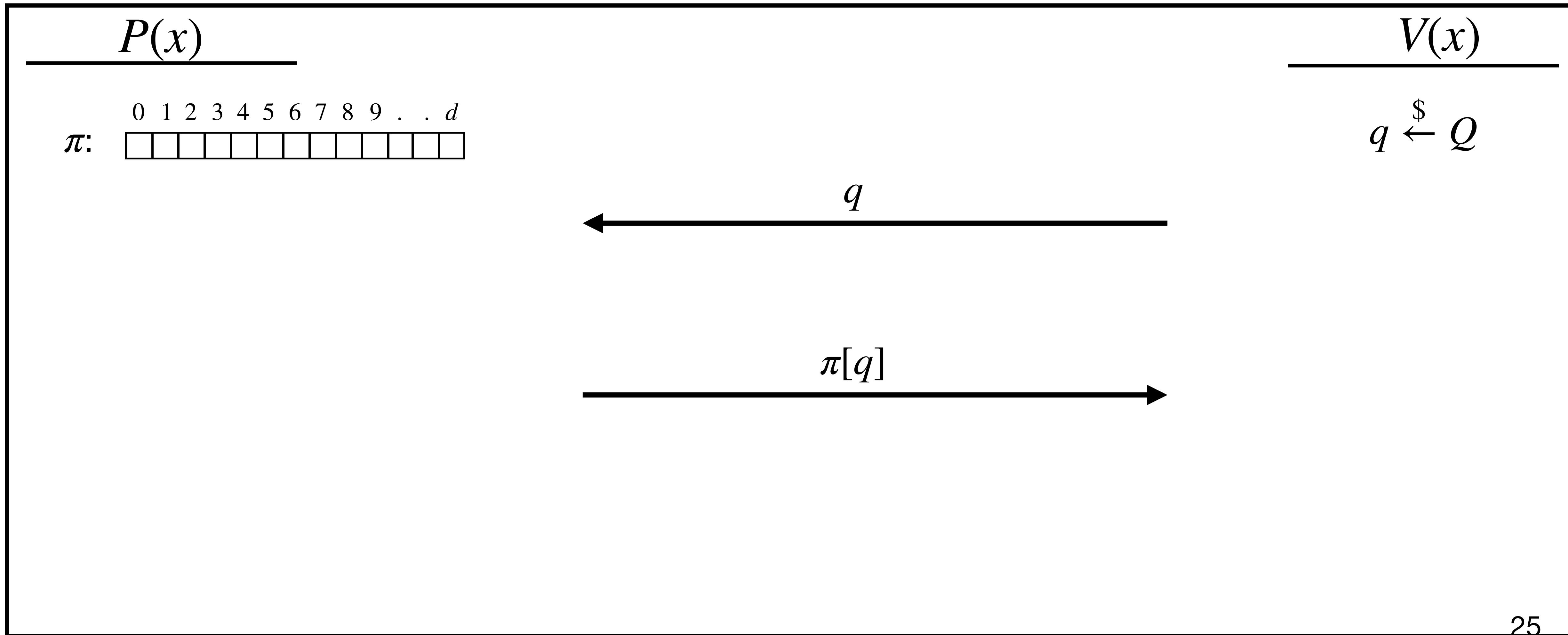
# PCP

[Kilian'92]



# PCP

[Kilian'92]



# PCP

[Kilian'92]

$P(x)$

---

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 . . d  


$V(x)$

---

# PCP

[Kilian'92]

$P(x)$

---

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 . . d  


$V(x)$

---

$q \xleftarrow{\$} Q$

# PCP

[Kilian'92]

$P(x)$

---

$\pi$ : 

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	.	.	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

$V(x)$

---

$q \xleftarrow{\$} Q$

# PCP

[Kilian'92]

$P(x)$

$\pi$ : 

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	.	.	d

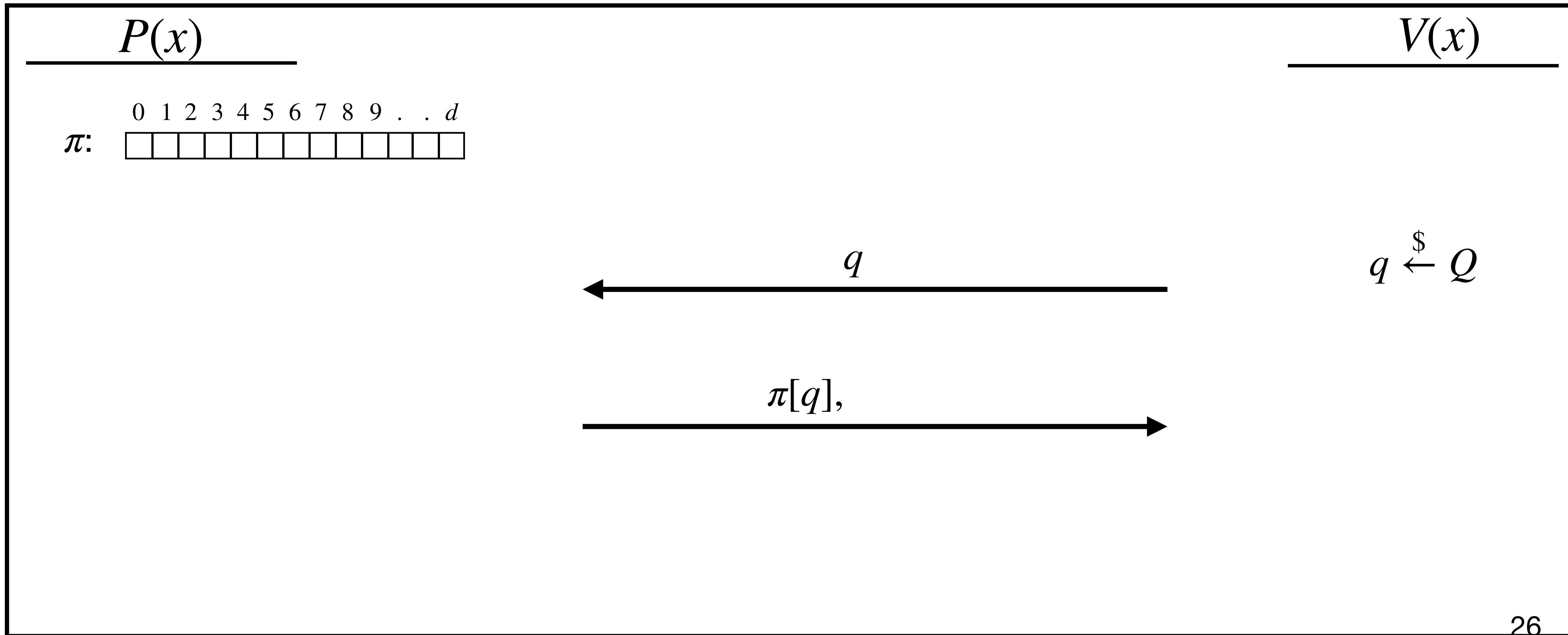
$V(x)$

$q$

$q \xleftarrow{\$} Q$

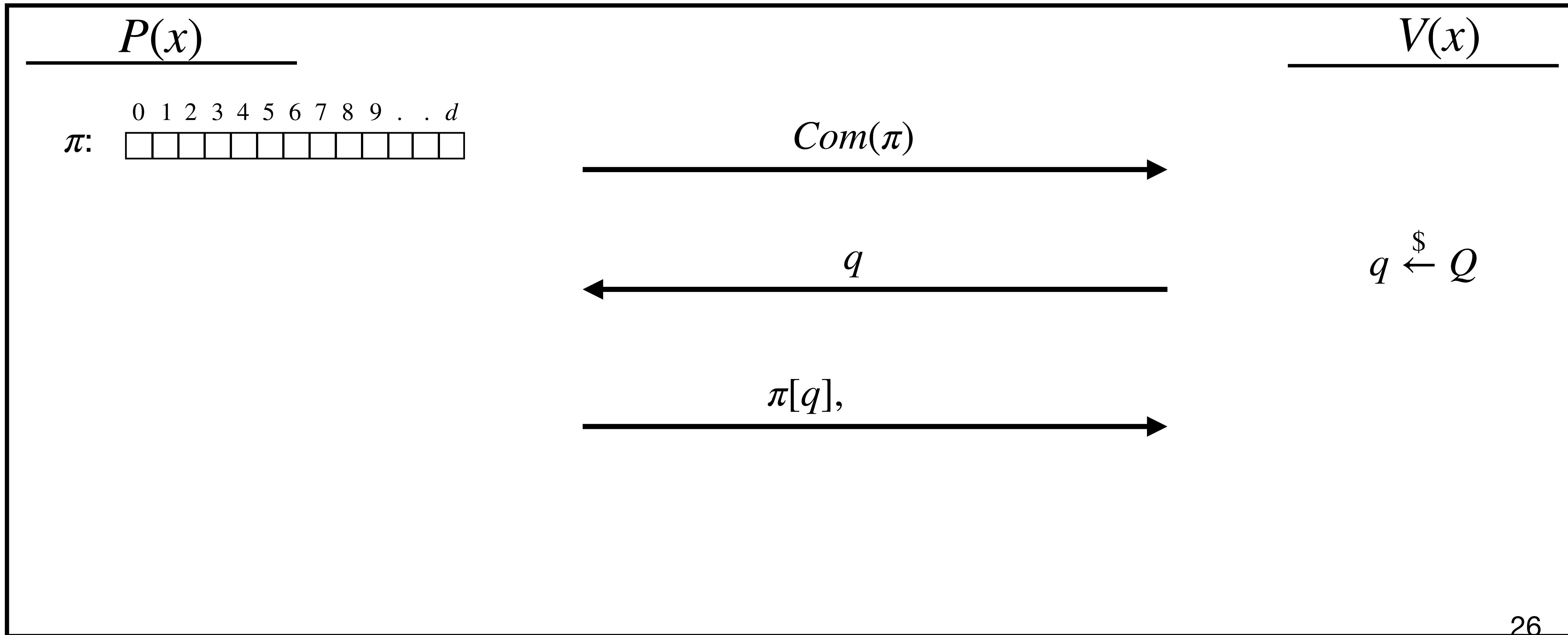
# PCP

[Kilian'92]



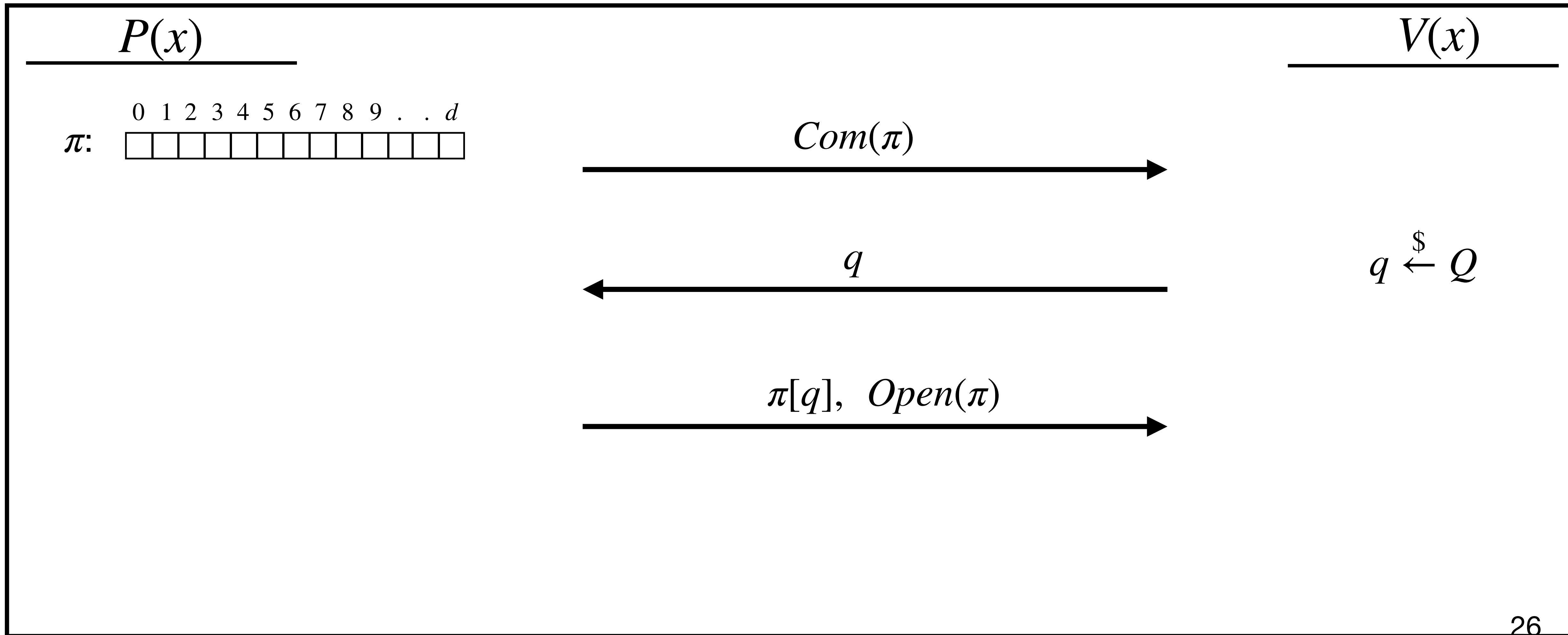
# PCP

[Kilian'92]



# PCP

[Kilian'92]



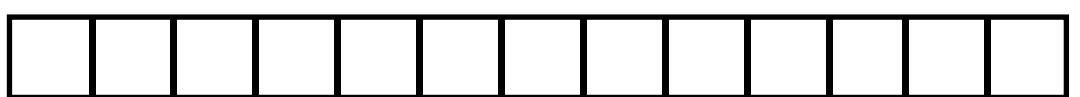
# PCP

[Kilian'92] Use a Vector Commitment to  $\pi$

$P(x)$

---

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 . . . d



$V(x)$

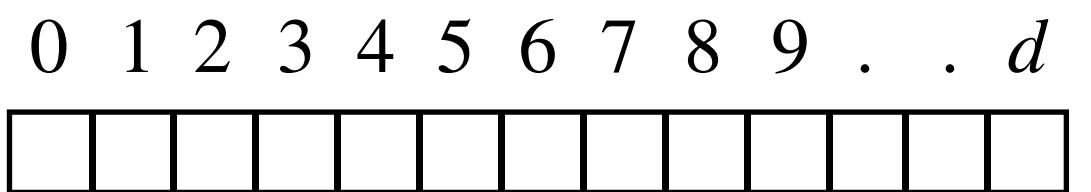
---

# PCP

[Kilian'92] Use a Vector Commitment to  $\pi$

$P(x)$

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 . . . d



$V(x)$

$q \xleftarrow{\$} Q$

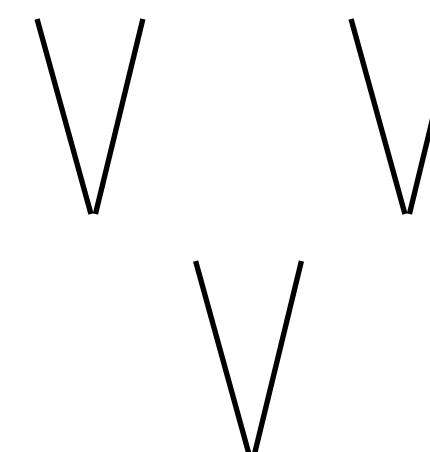
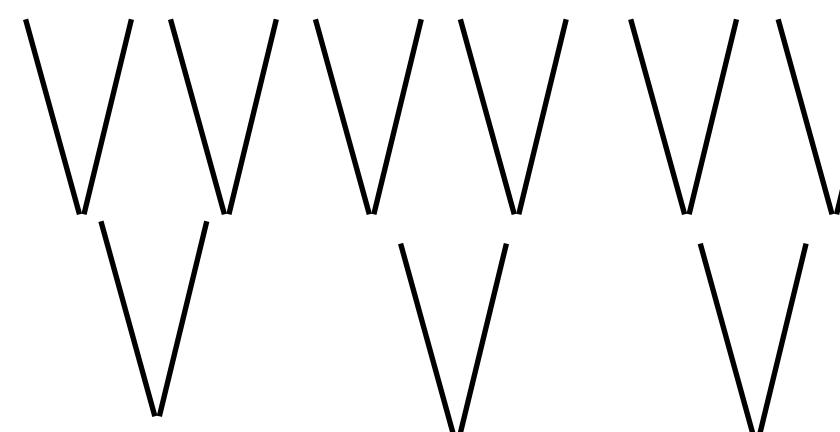
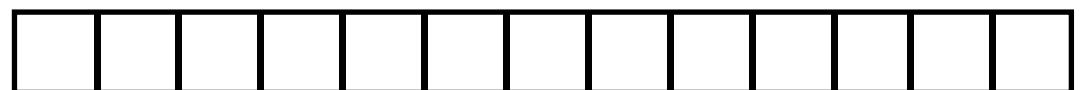
# PCP

[Kilian'92] Use a Vector Commitment to  $\pi$

$P(x)$

$V(x)$

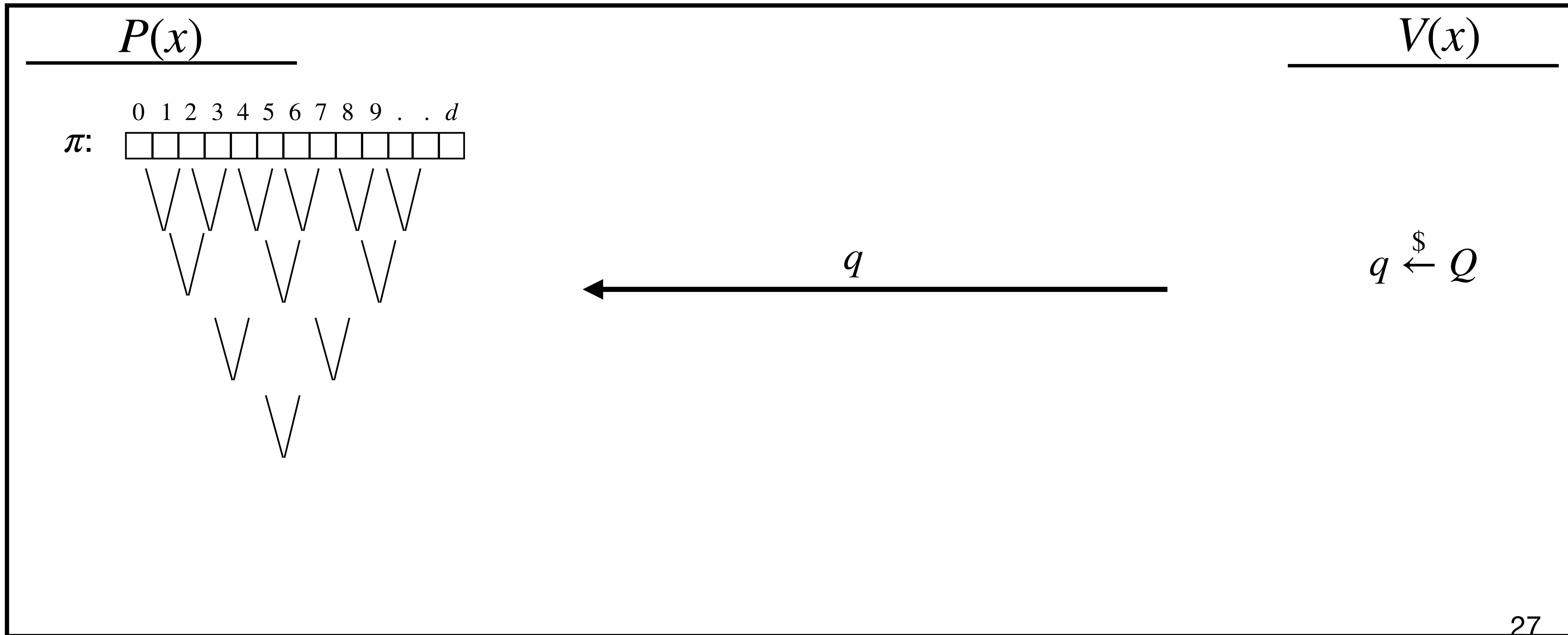
$\pi:$  0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 . . d



$q \xleftarrow{\$} Q$

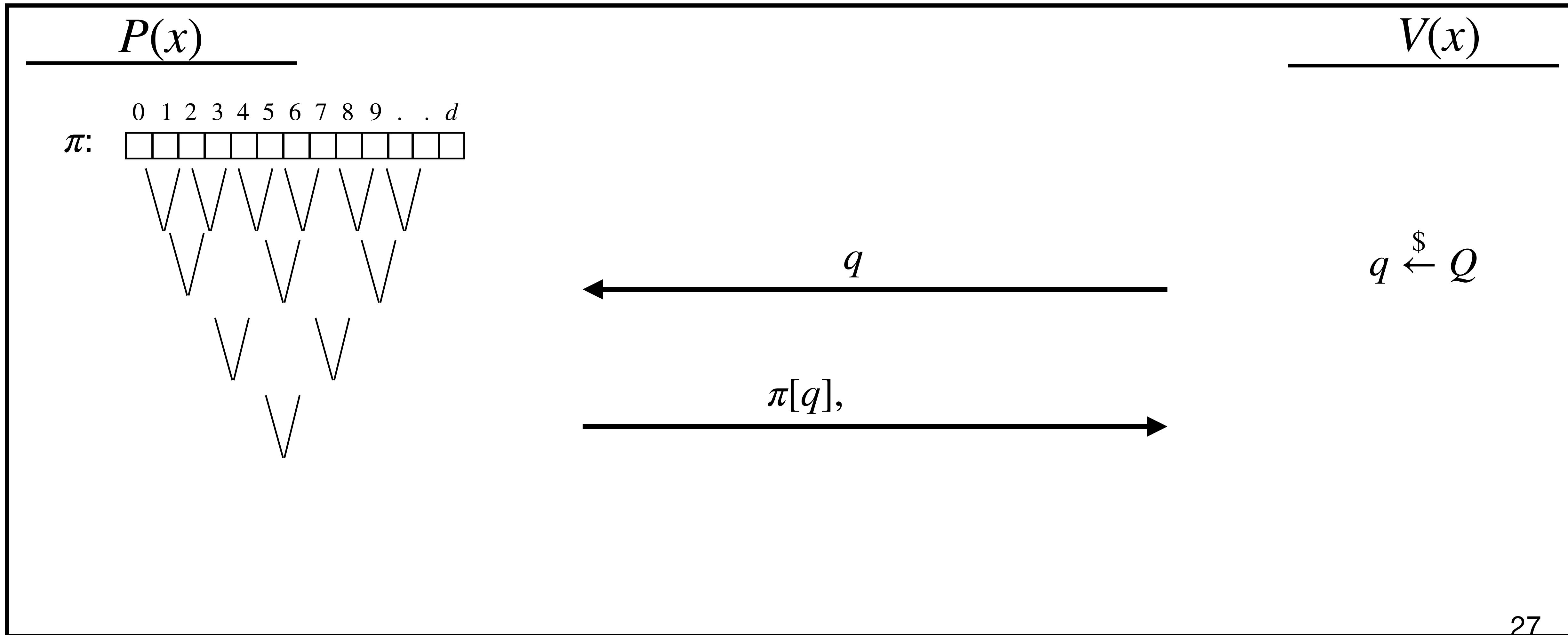
# PCP

[Kilian'92] Use a Vector Commitment to  $\pi$



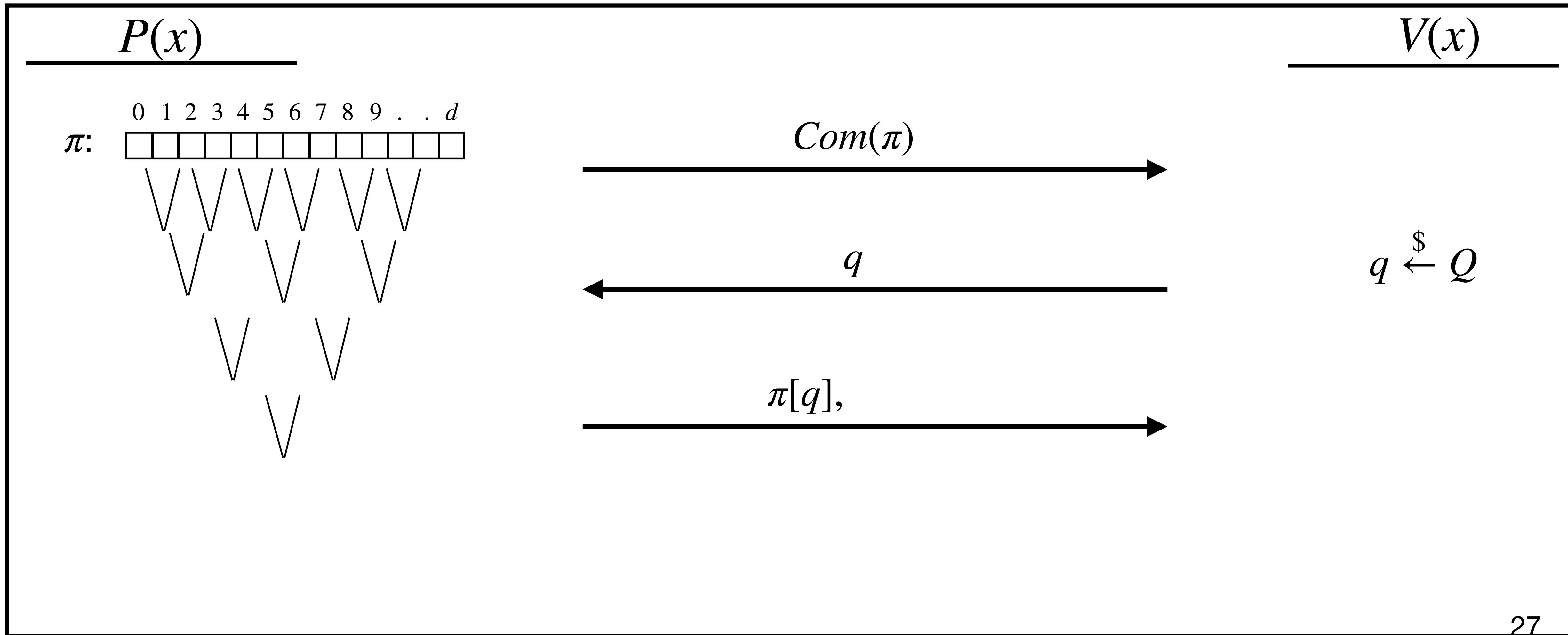
# PCP

[Kilian'92] Use a Vector Commitment to  $\pi$



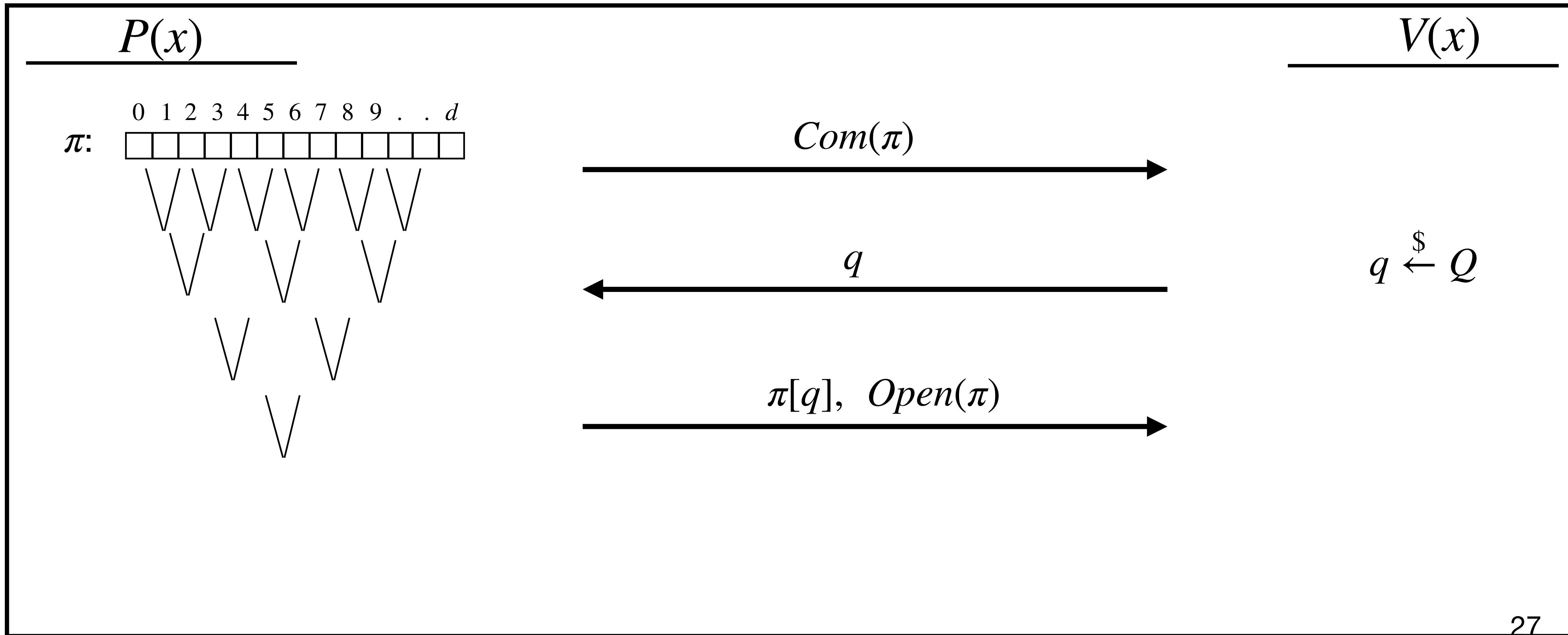
# PCP

[Kilian'92] Use a Vector Commitment to  $\pi$



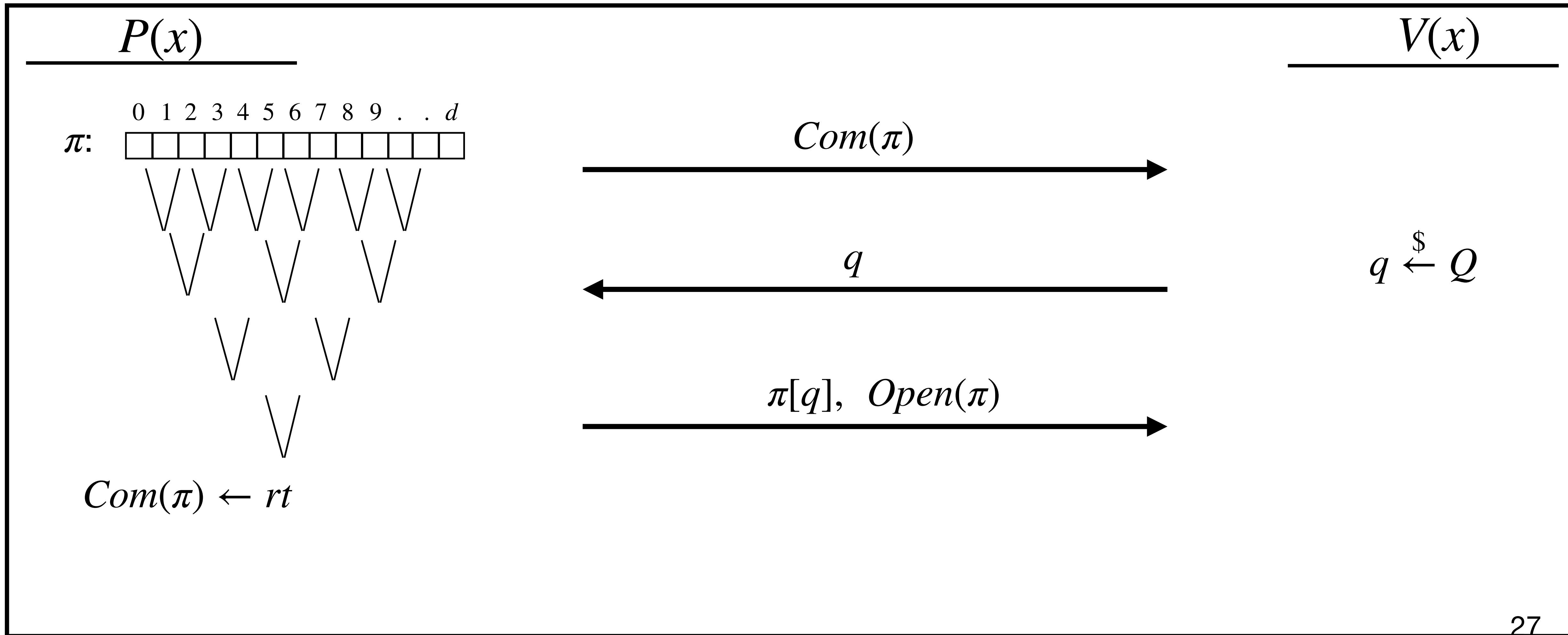
# PCP

[Kilian'92] Use a Vector Commitment to  $\pi$



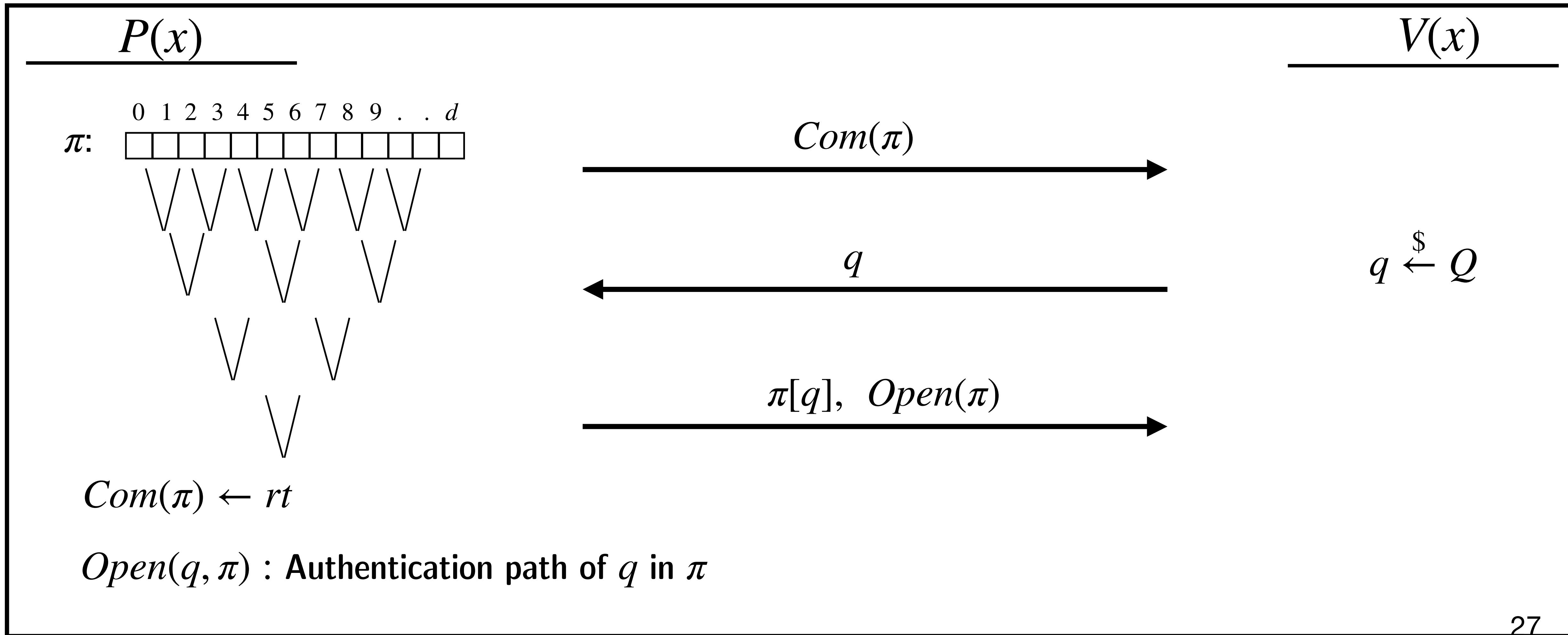
# PCP

[Kilian'92] Use a Vector Commitment to  $\pi$



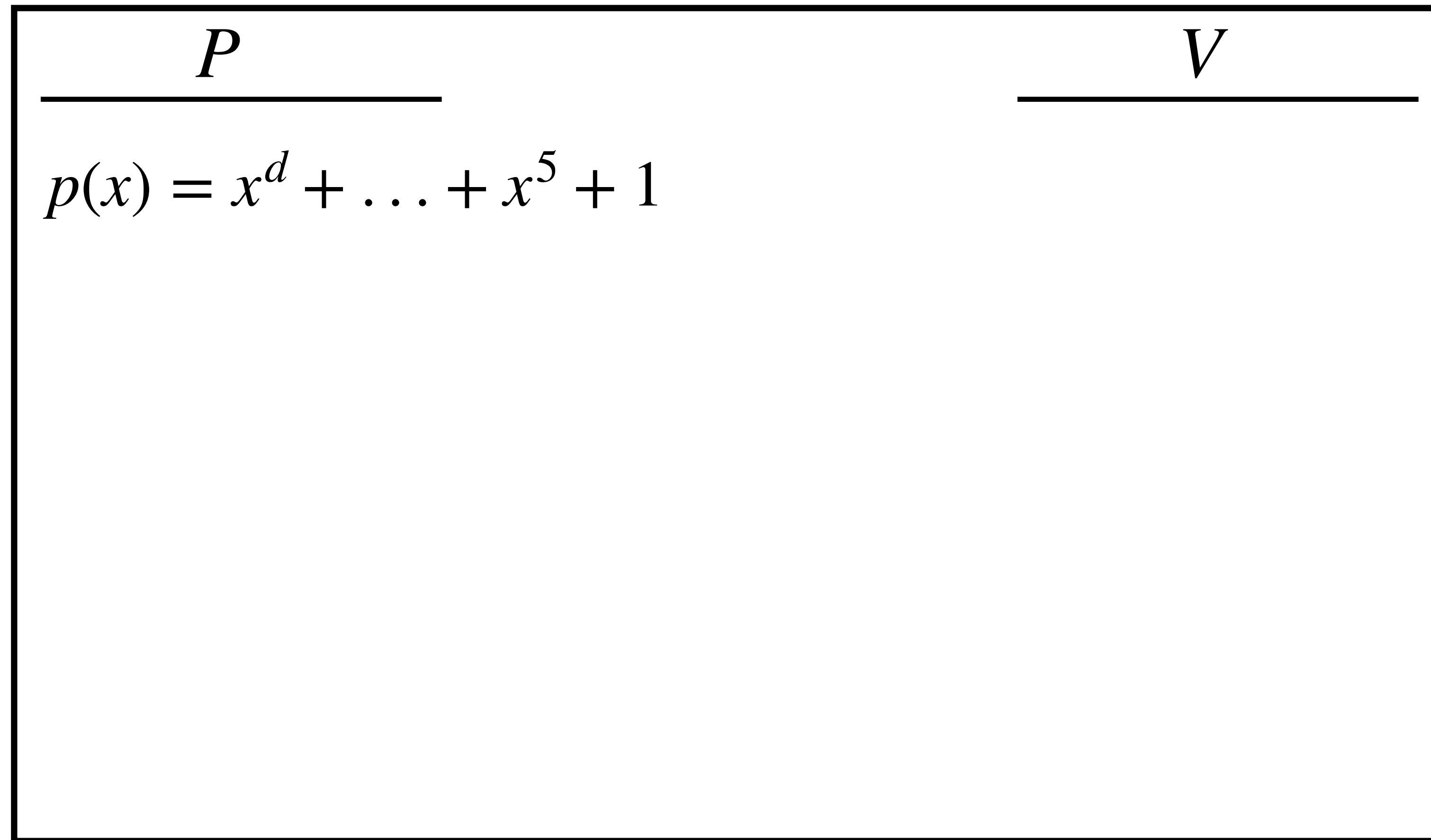
# PCP

[Kilian'92] Use a Vector Commitment to  $\pi$



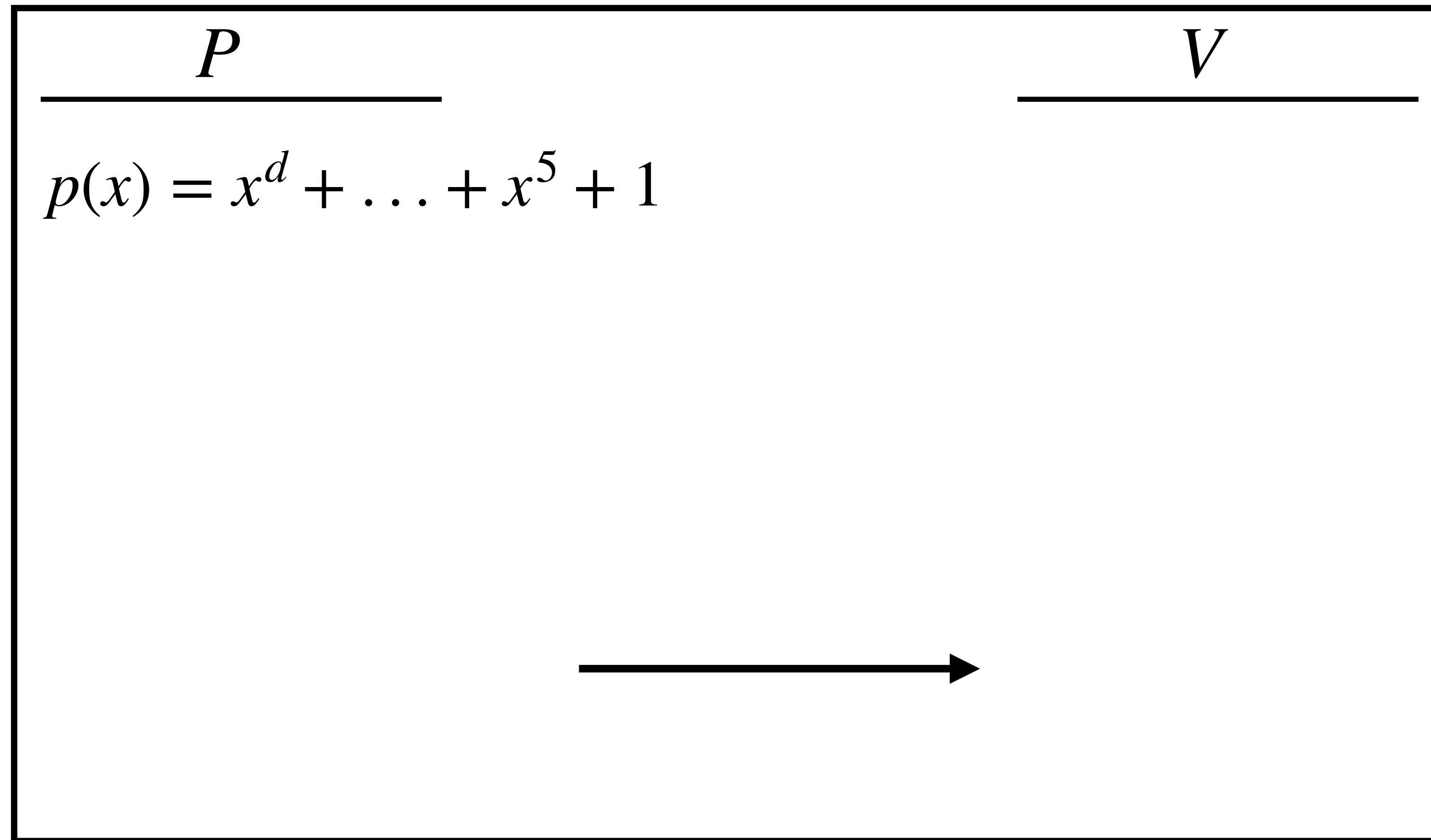
# PCP

## Polynomial Commitment



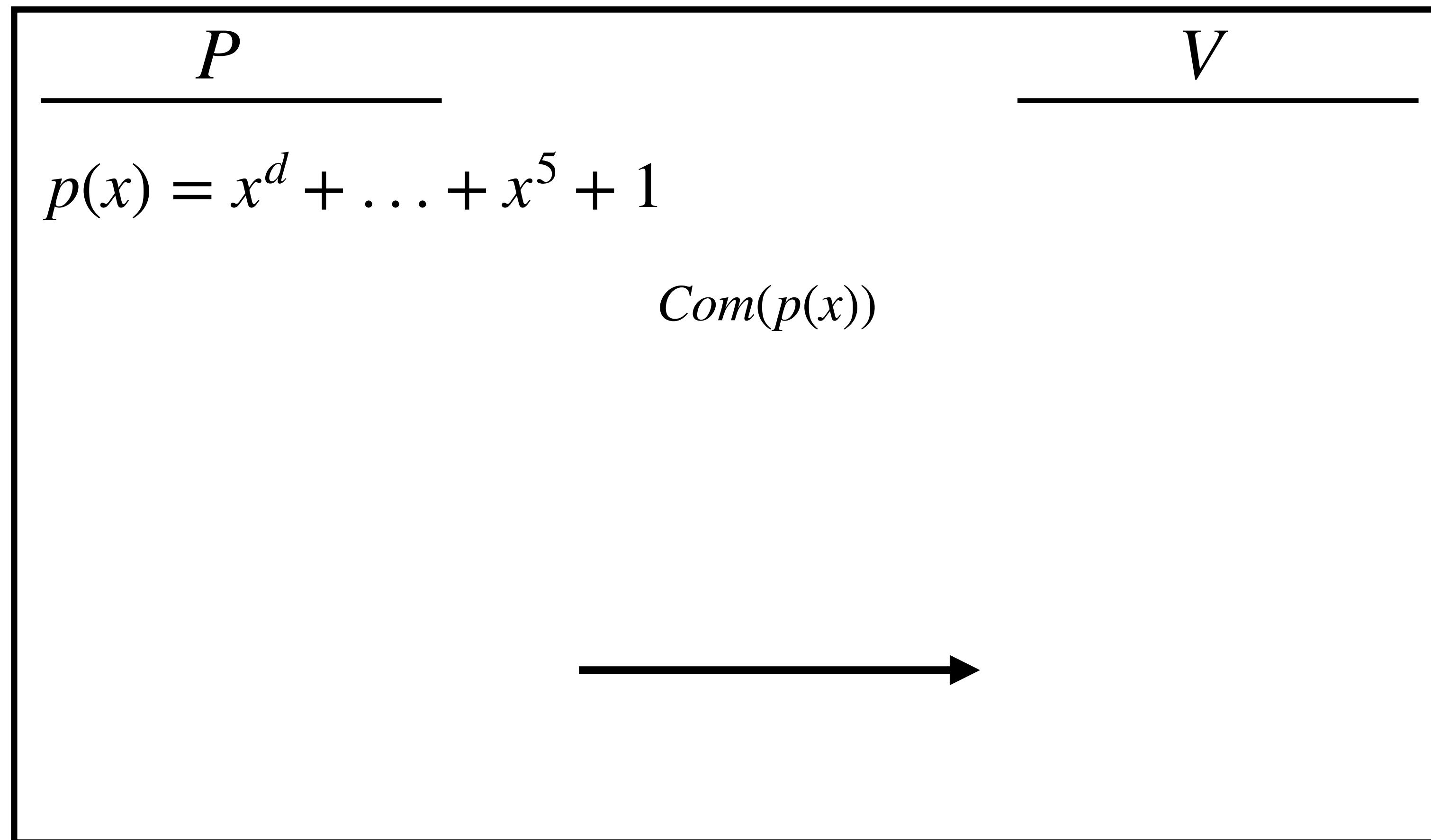
# PCP

## Polynomial Commitment



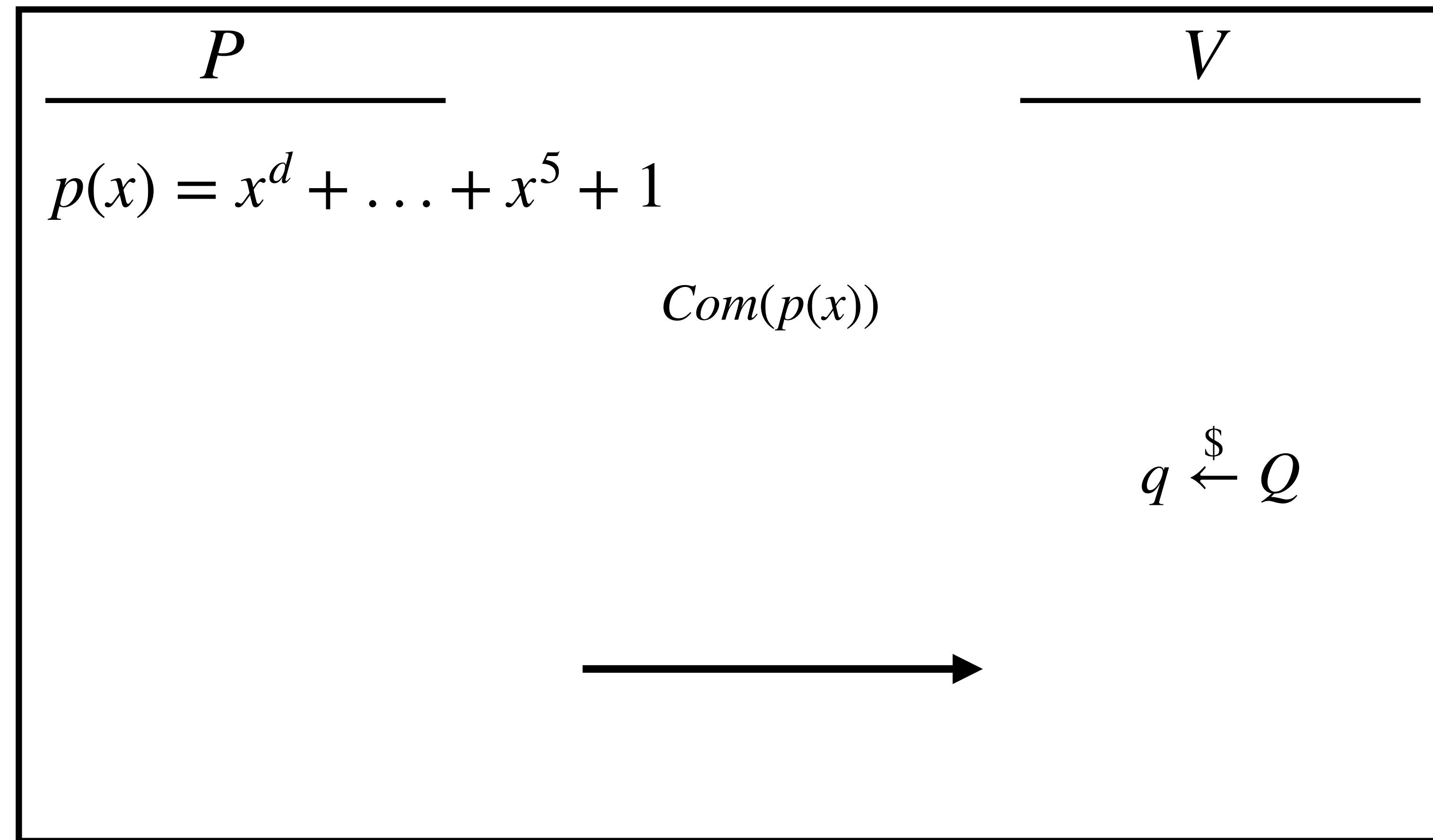
# PCP

## Polynomial Commitment



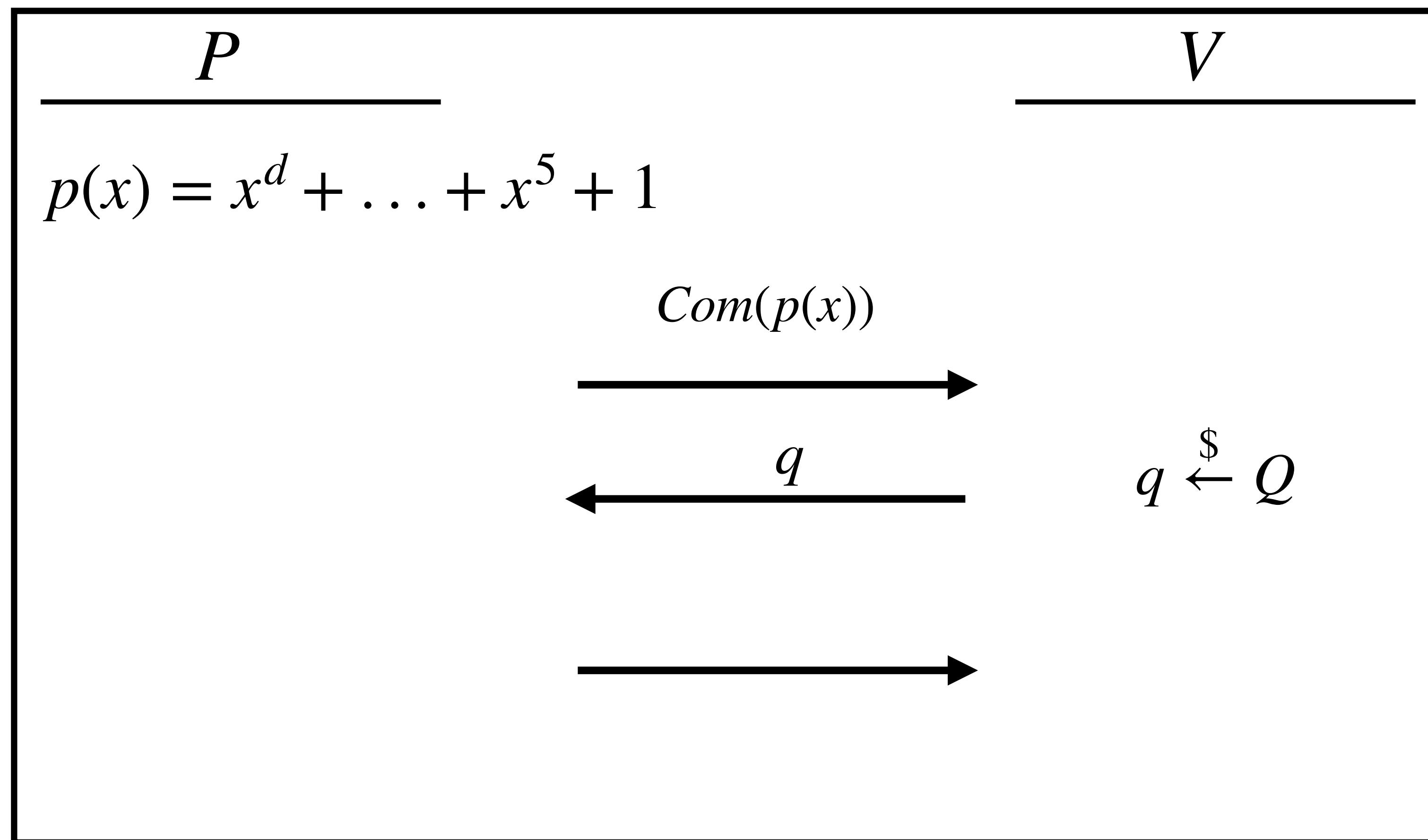
# PCP

## Polynomial Commitment



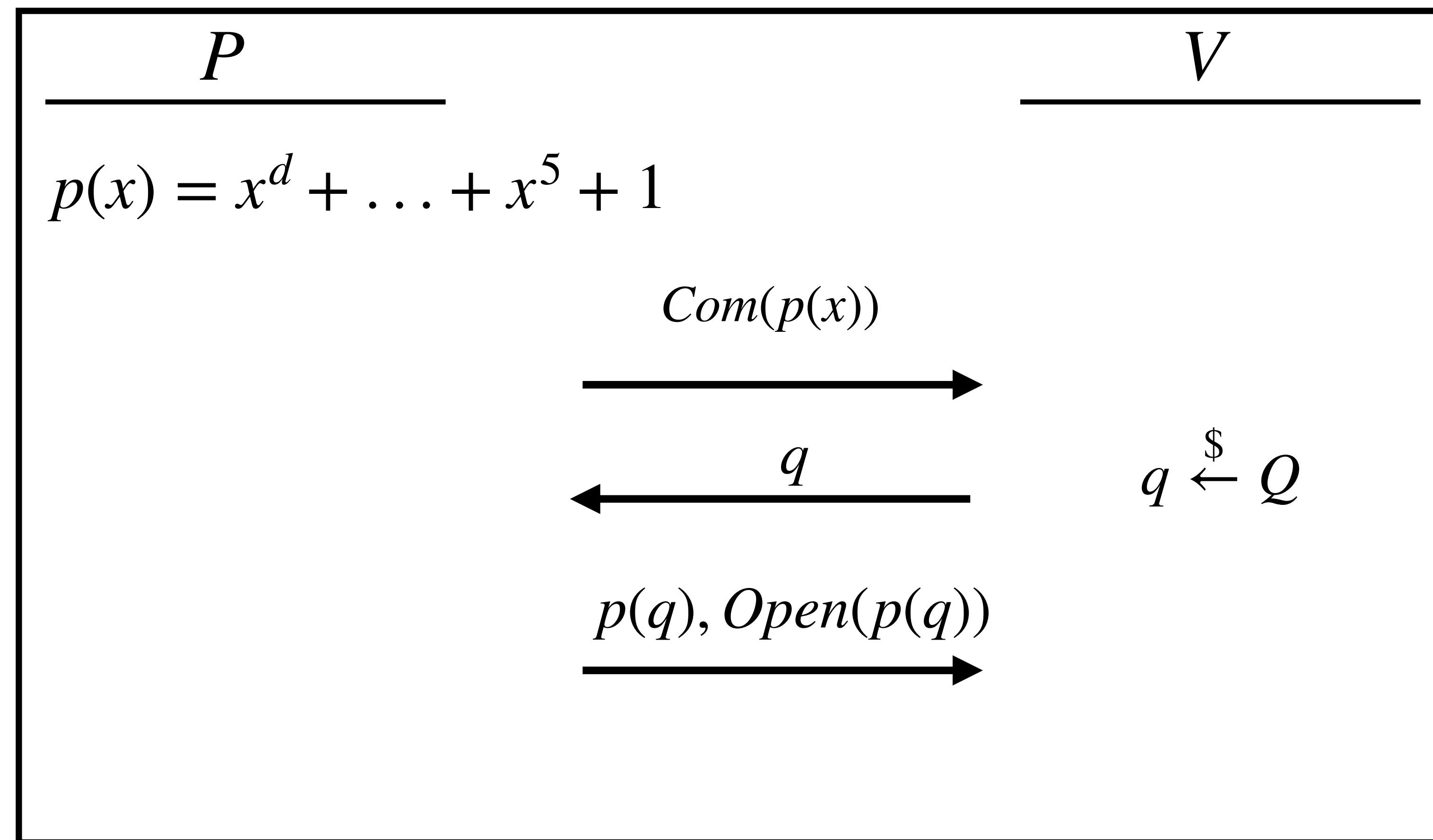
# PCP

## Polynomial Commitment

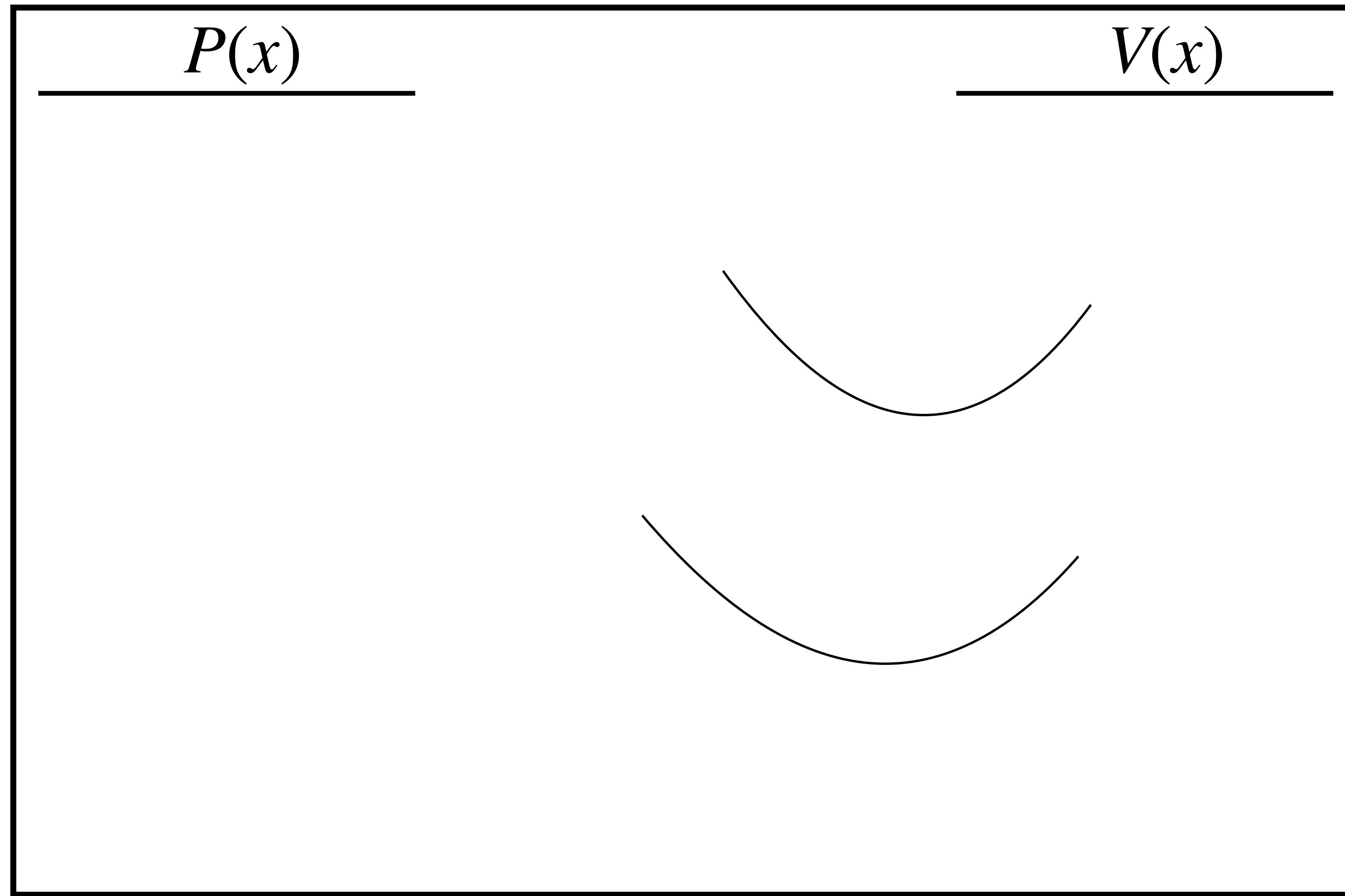


# PCP

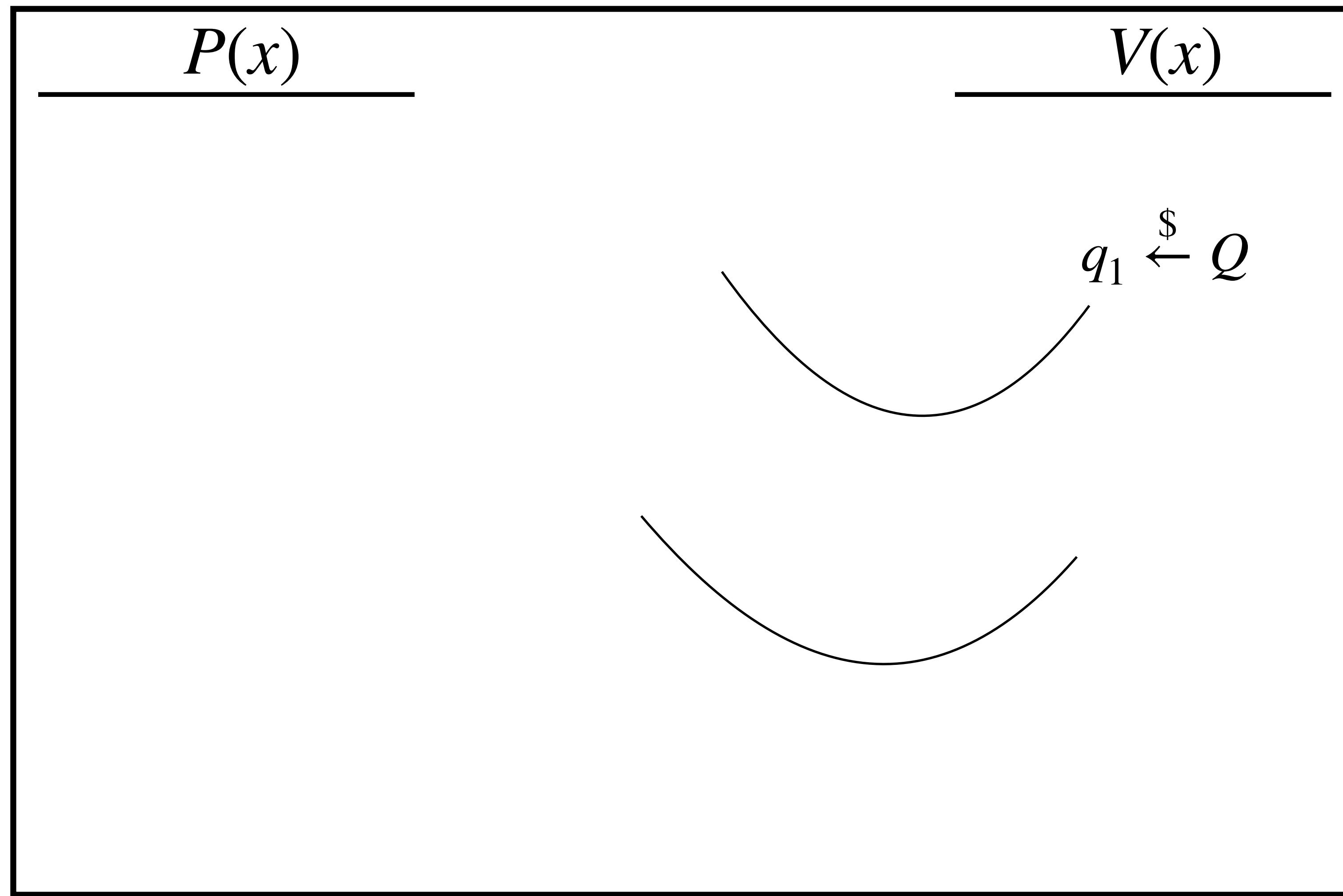
## Polynomial Commitment



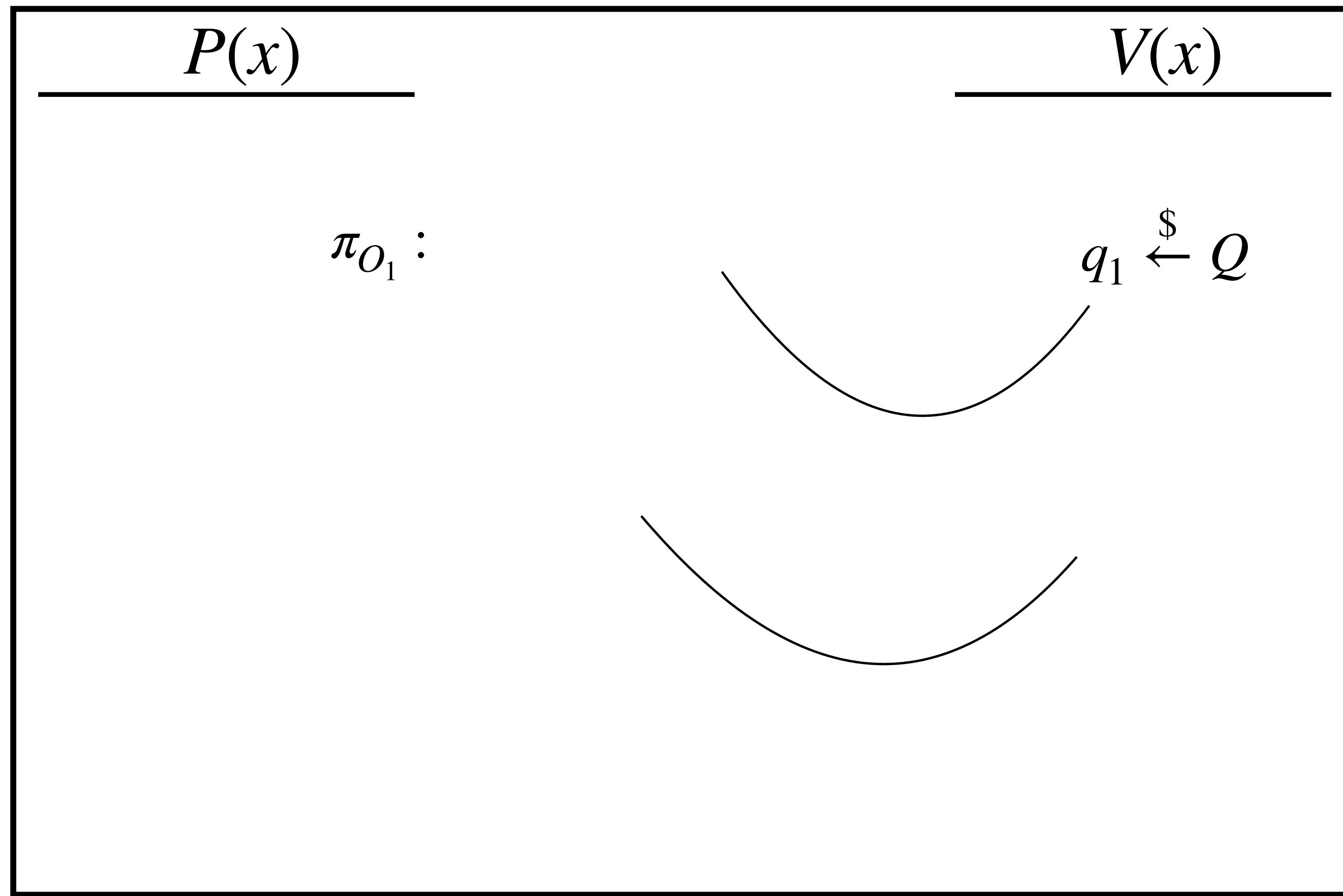
**IOP**  
**[BCS'16]**



**IOP**  
**[BCS'16]**

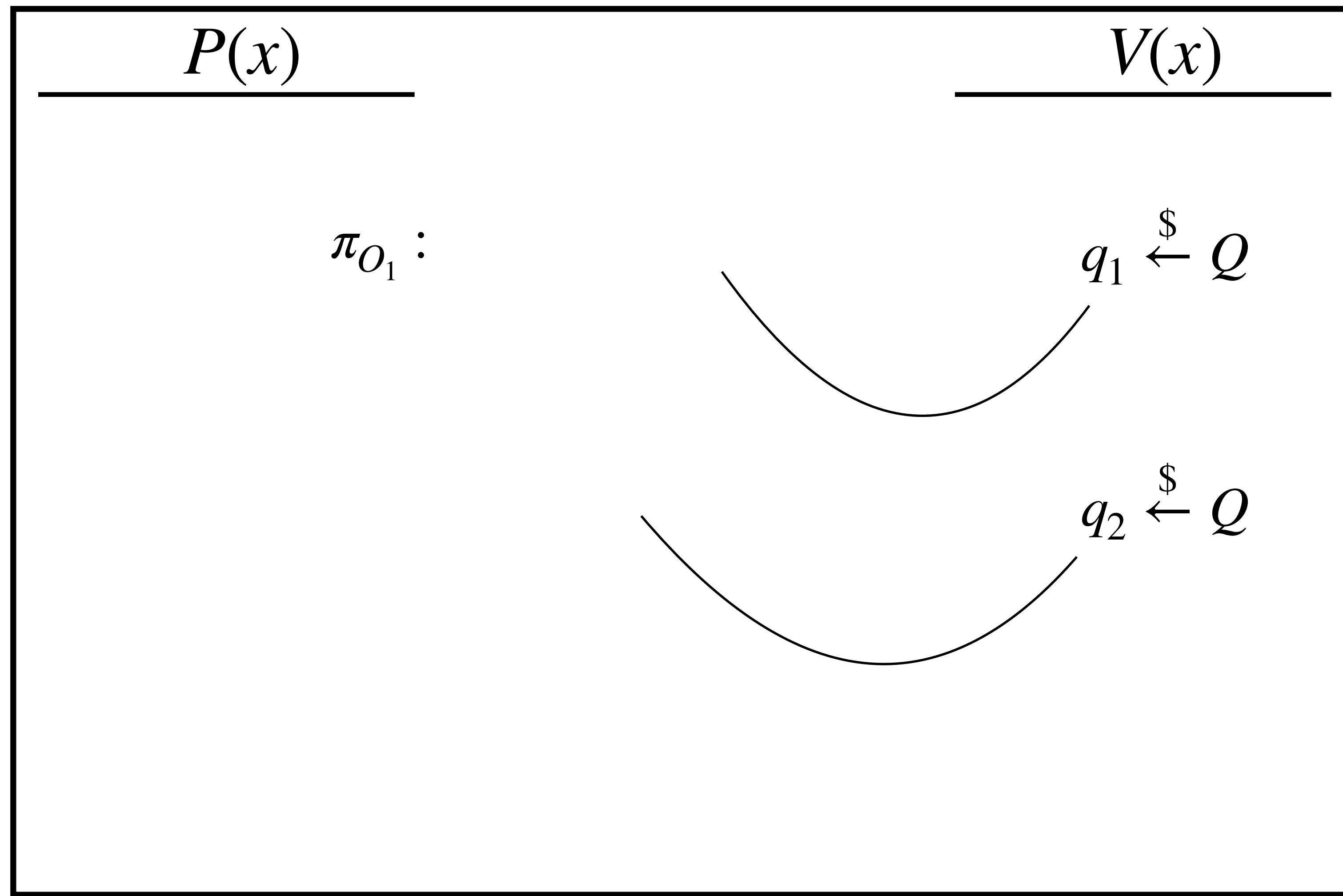


IOP  
[BCS'16]



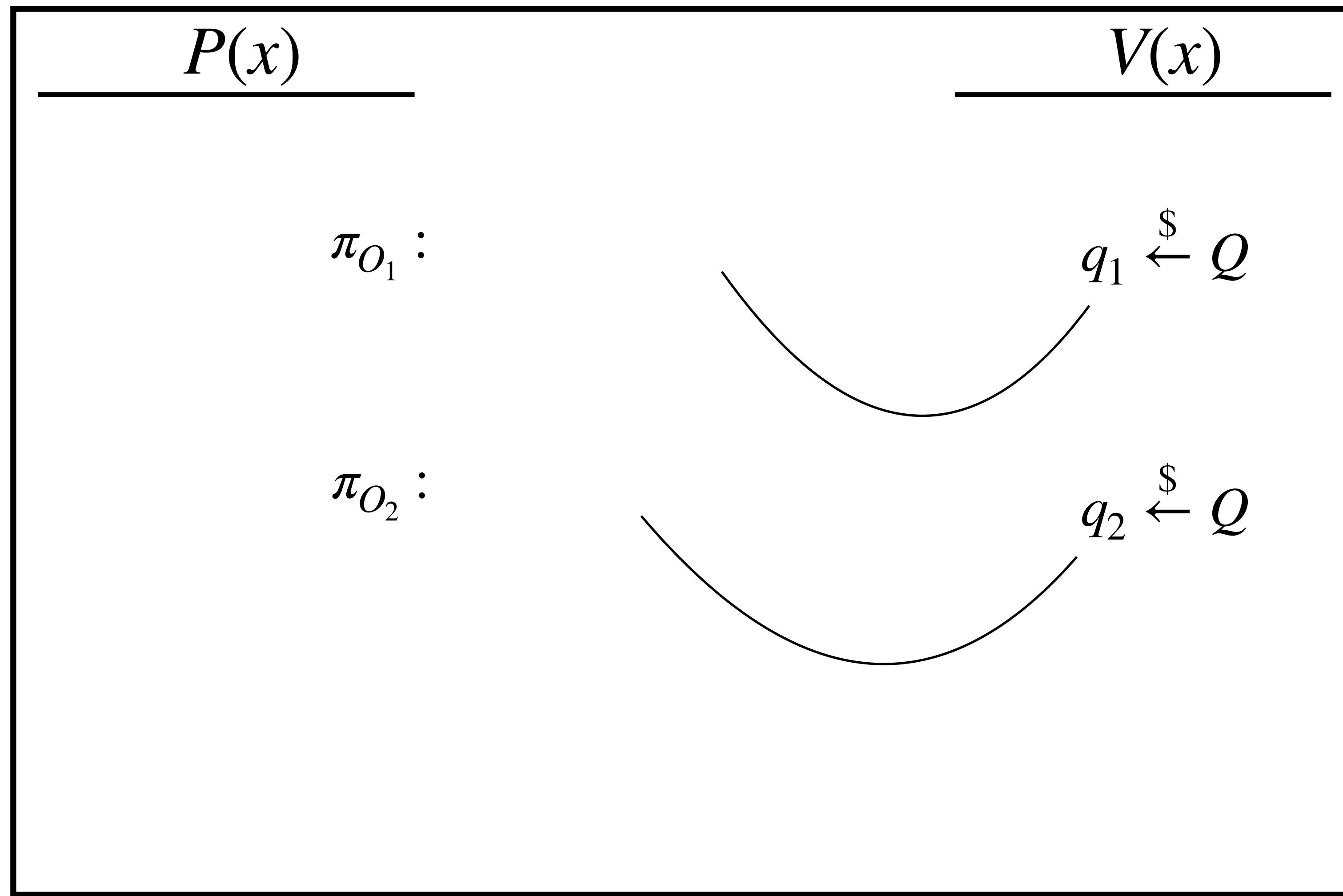
# IOP

## [BCS'16]



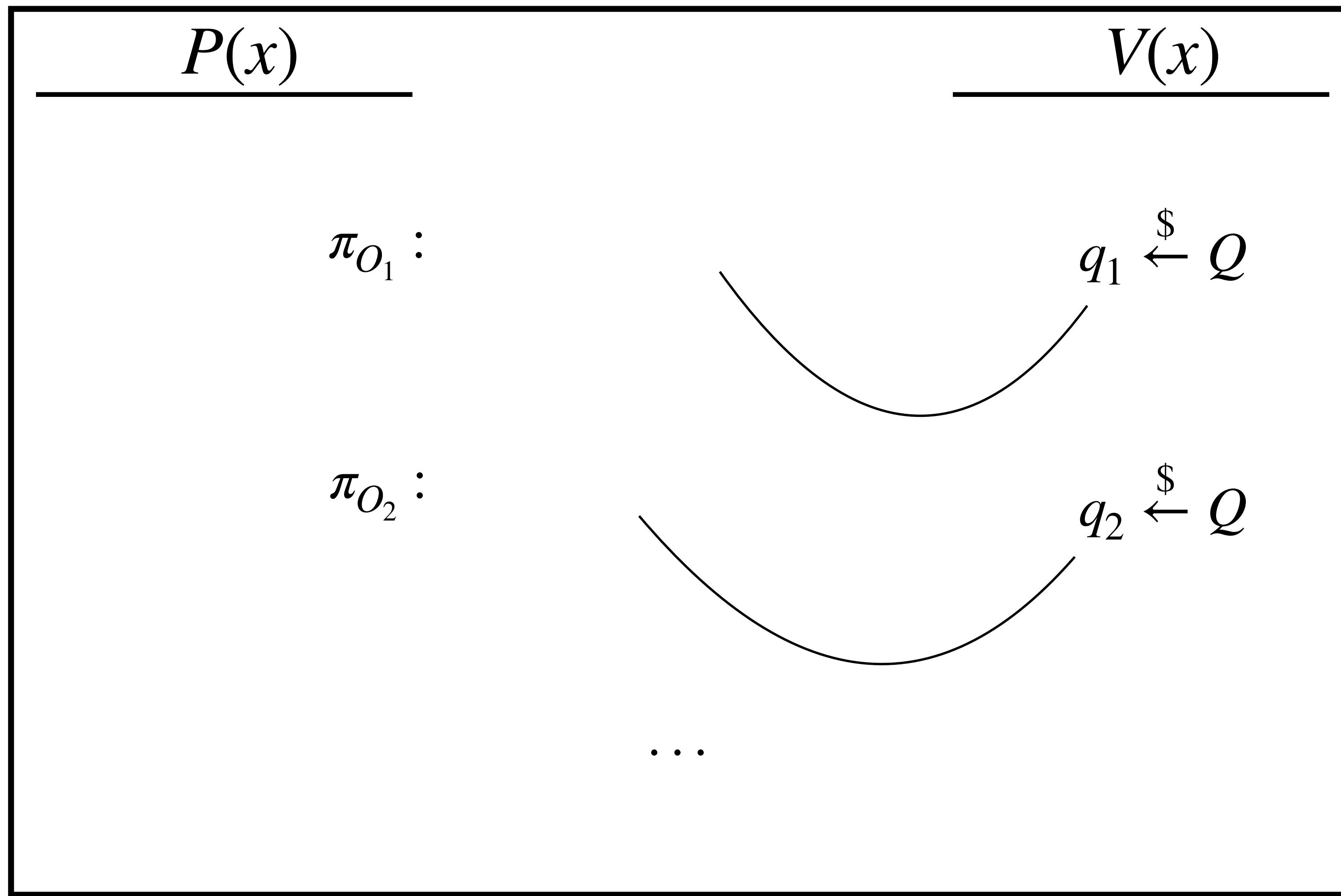
# IOP

## [BCS'16]



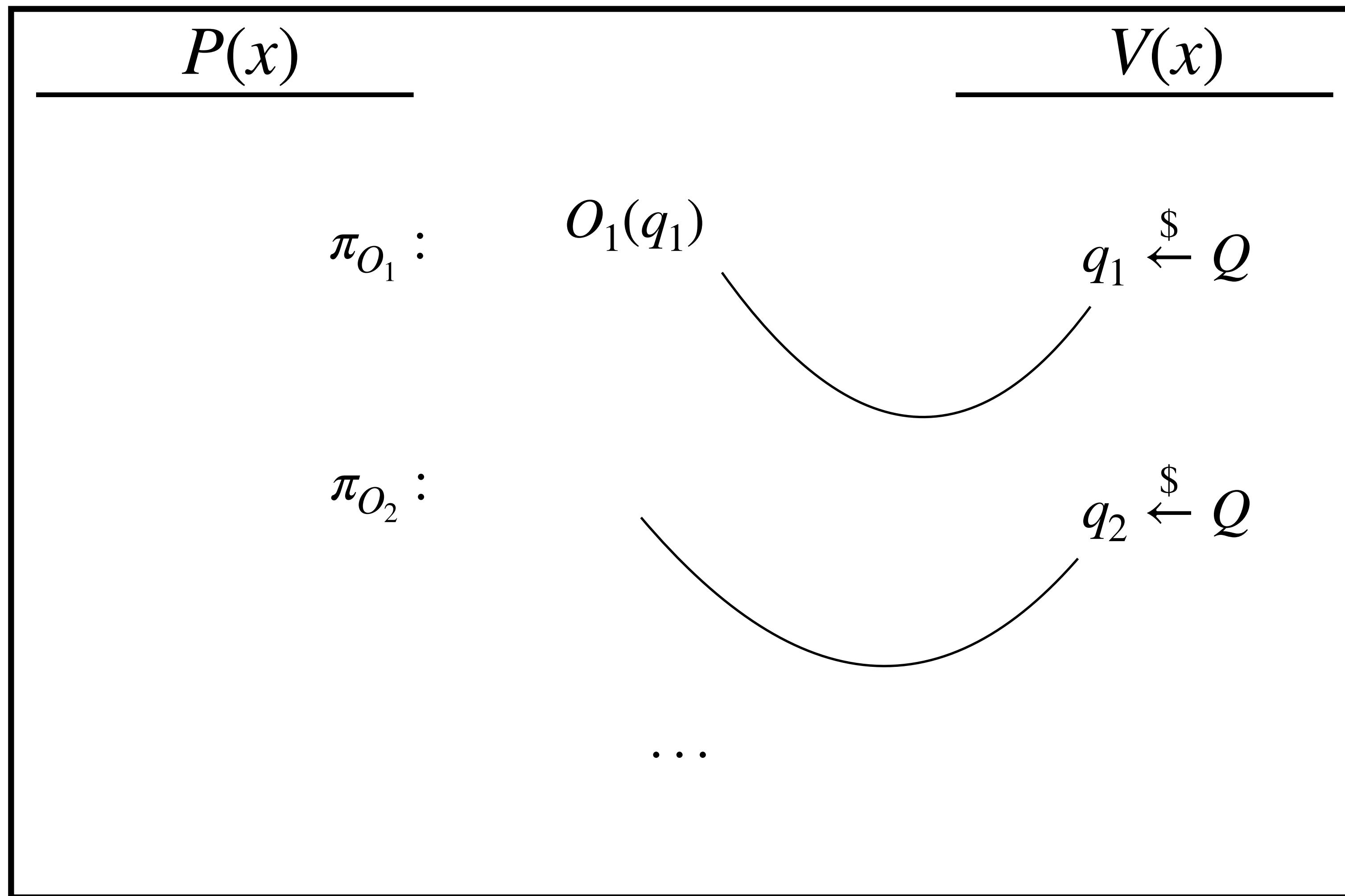
# IOP

## [BCS'16]



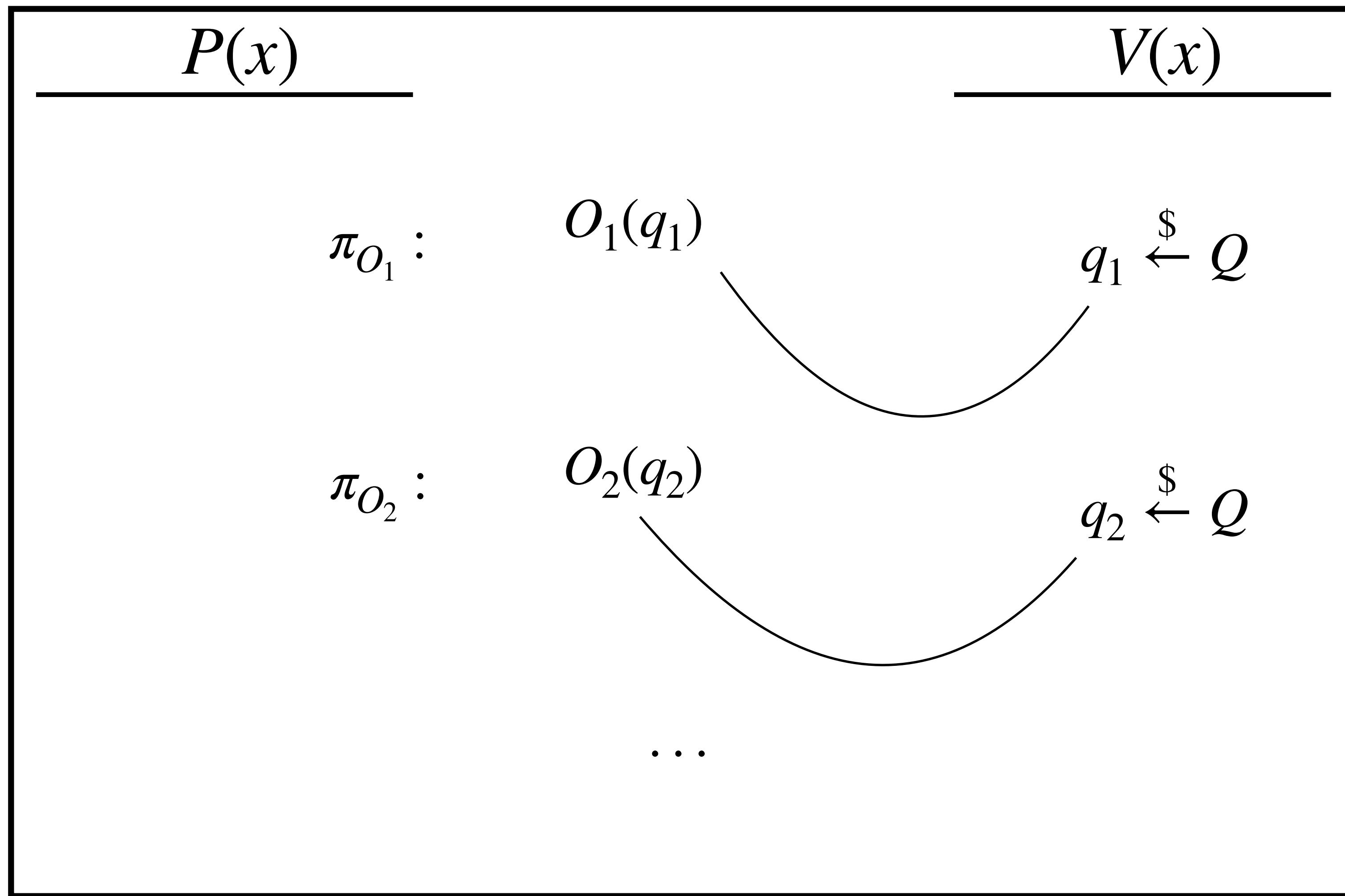
# IOP

## [BCS'16]



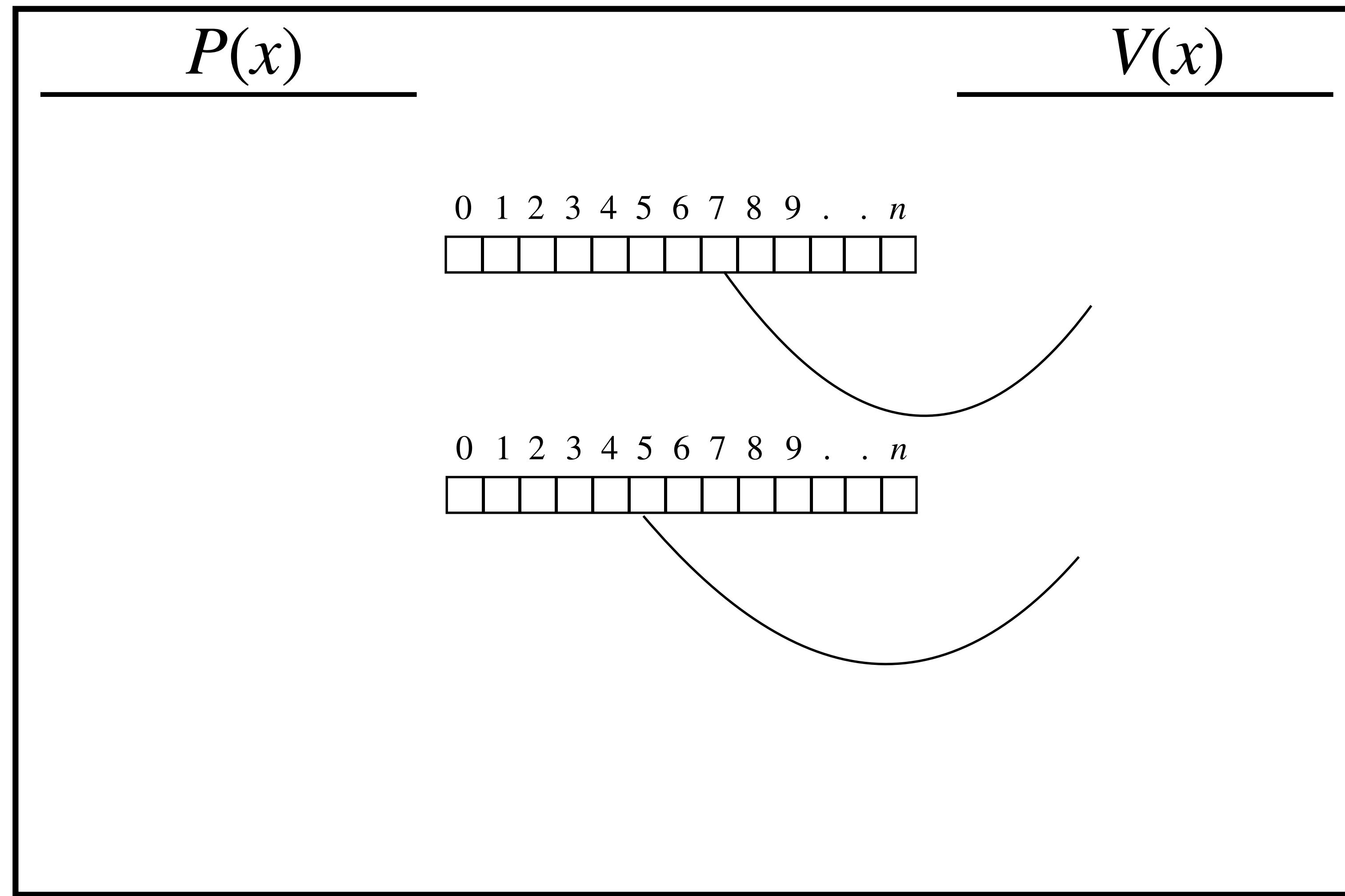
# IOP

## [BCS'16]



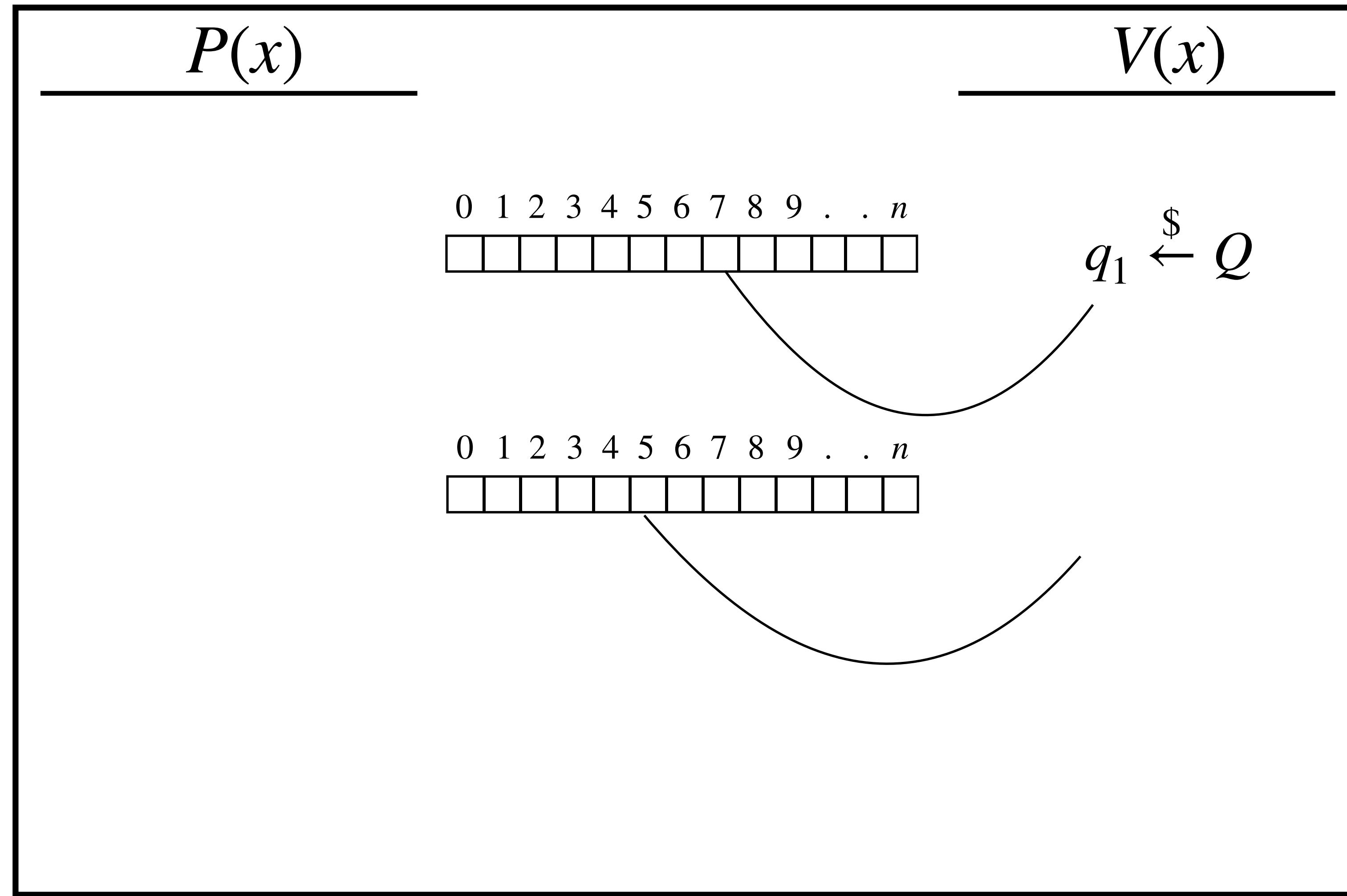
IOP

[BCS'16]



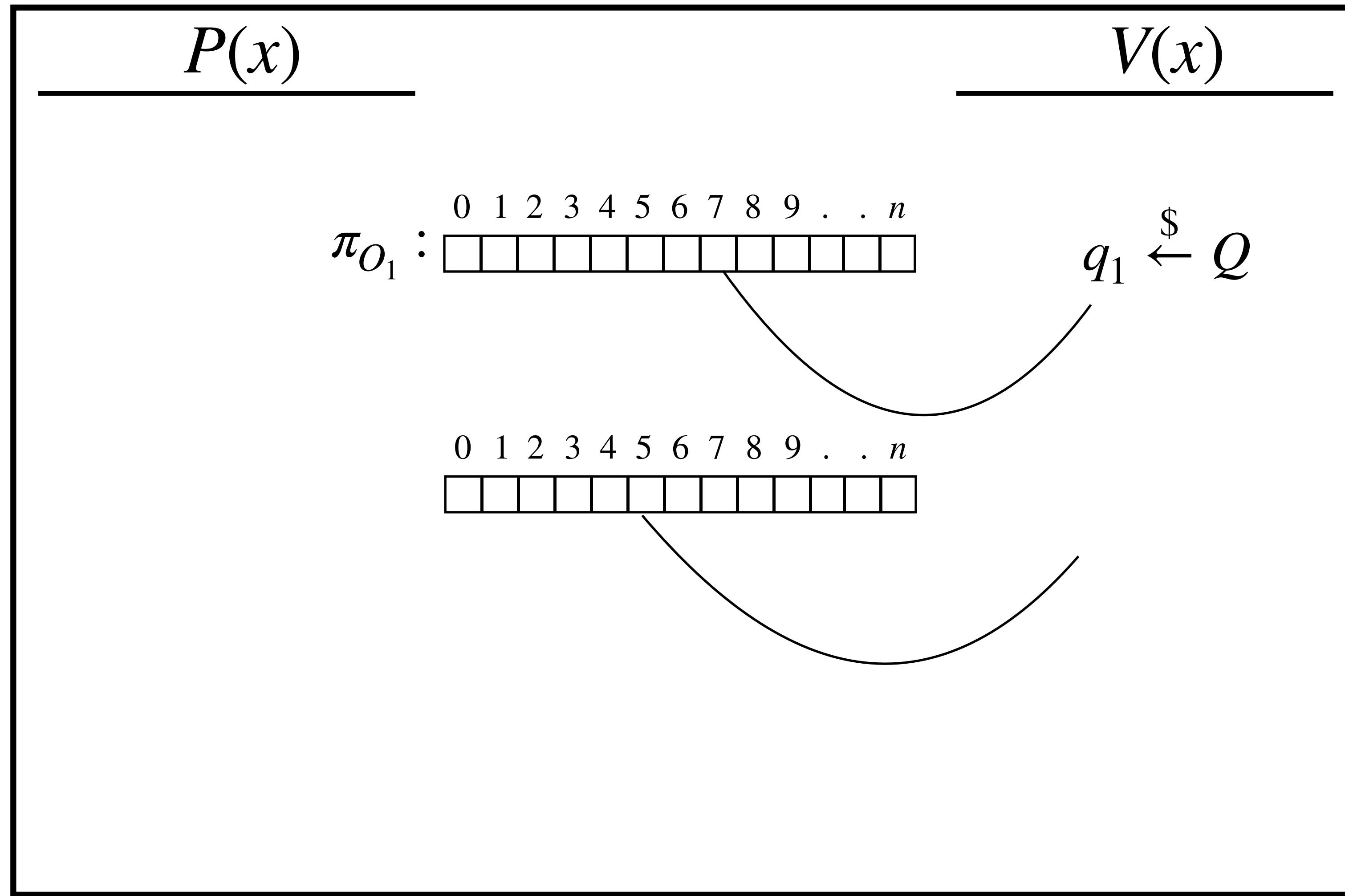
IOP

[BCS'16]



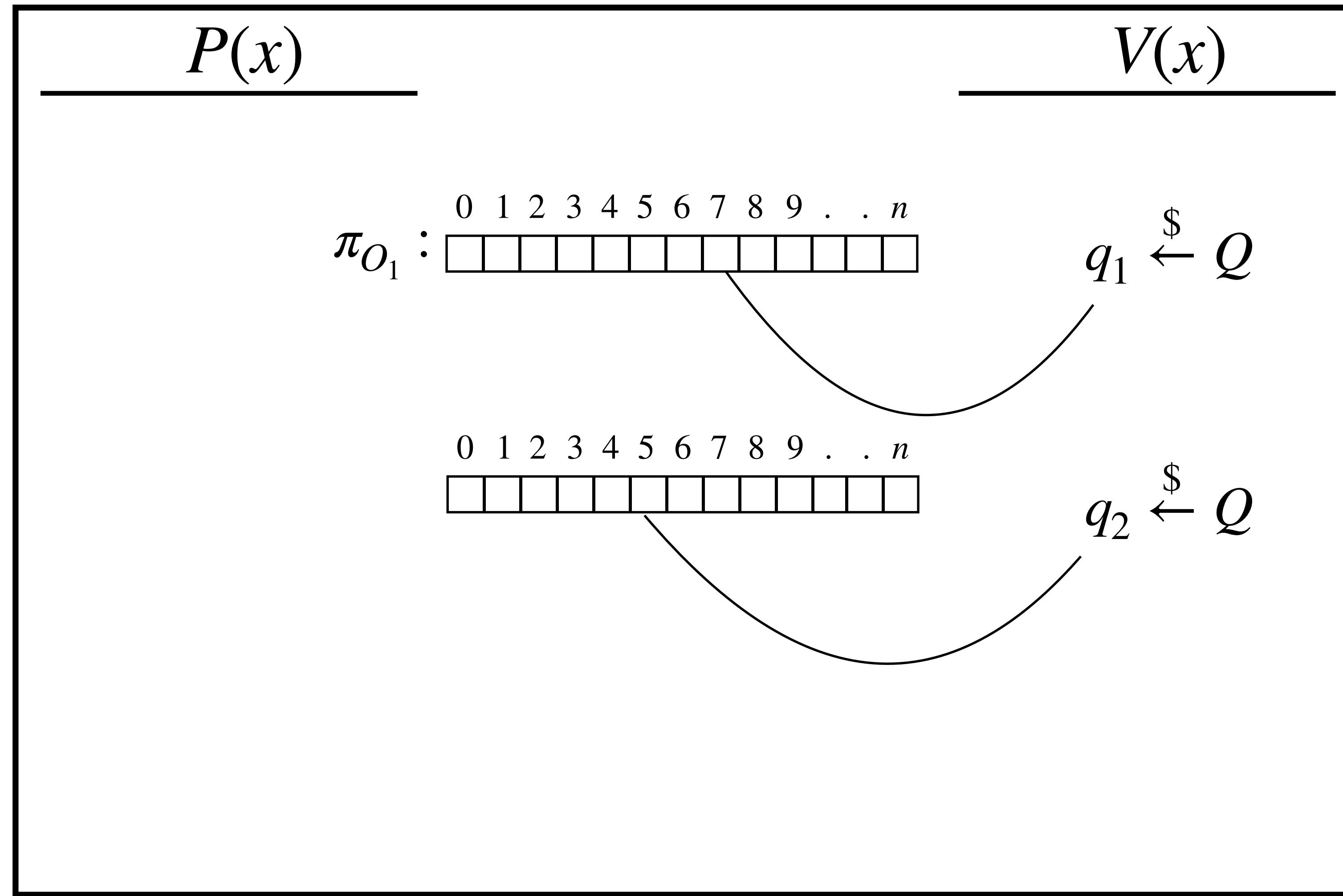
IOP

[BCS'16]



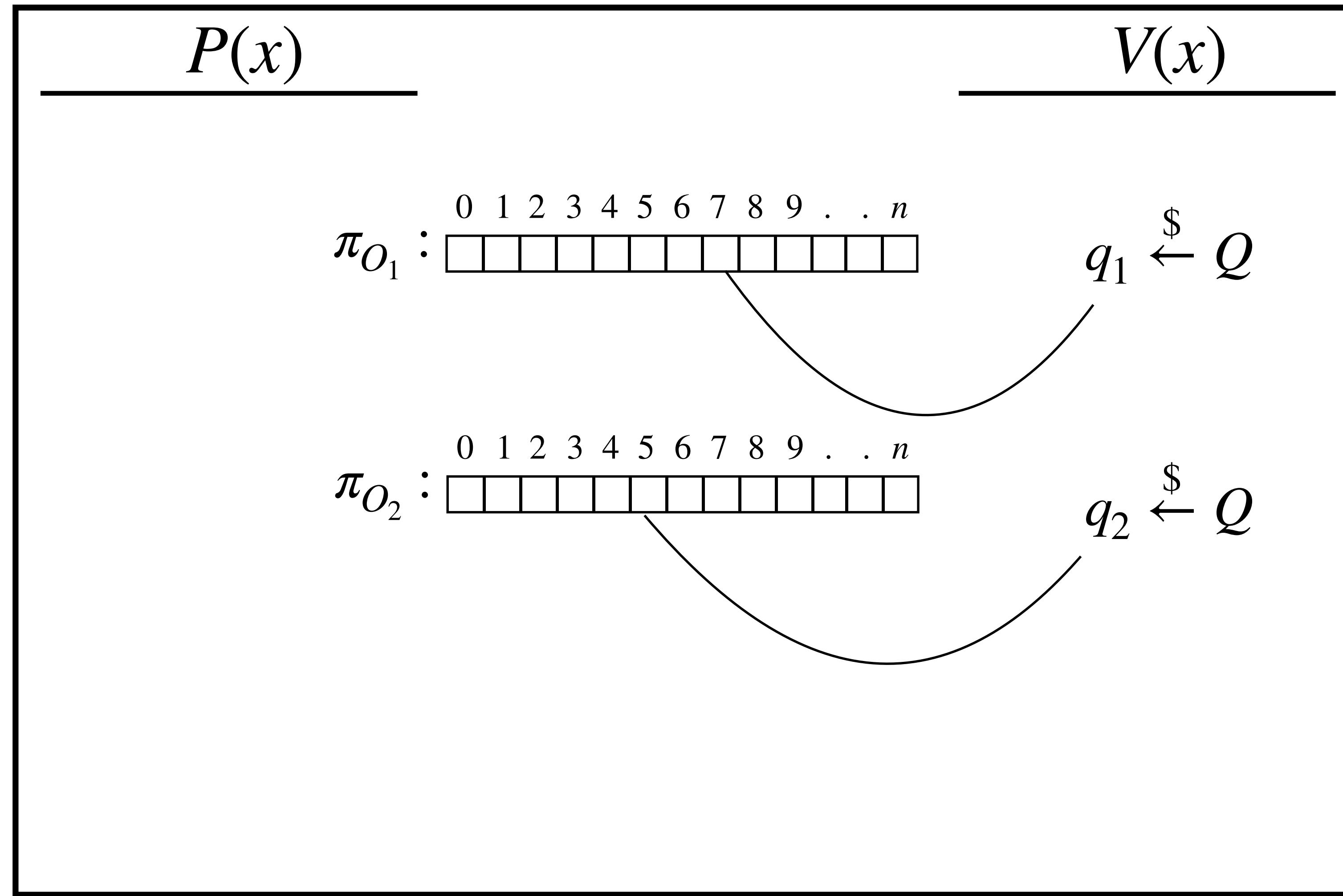
IOP

[BCS'16]



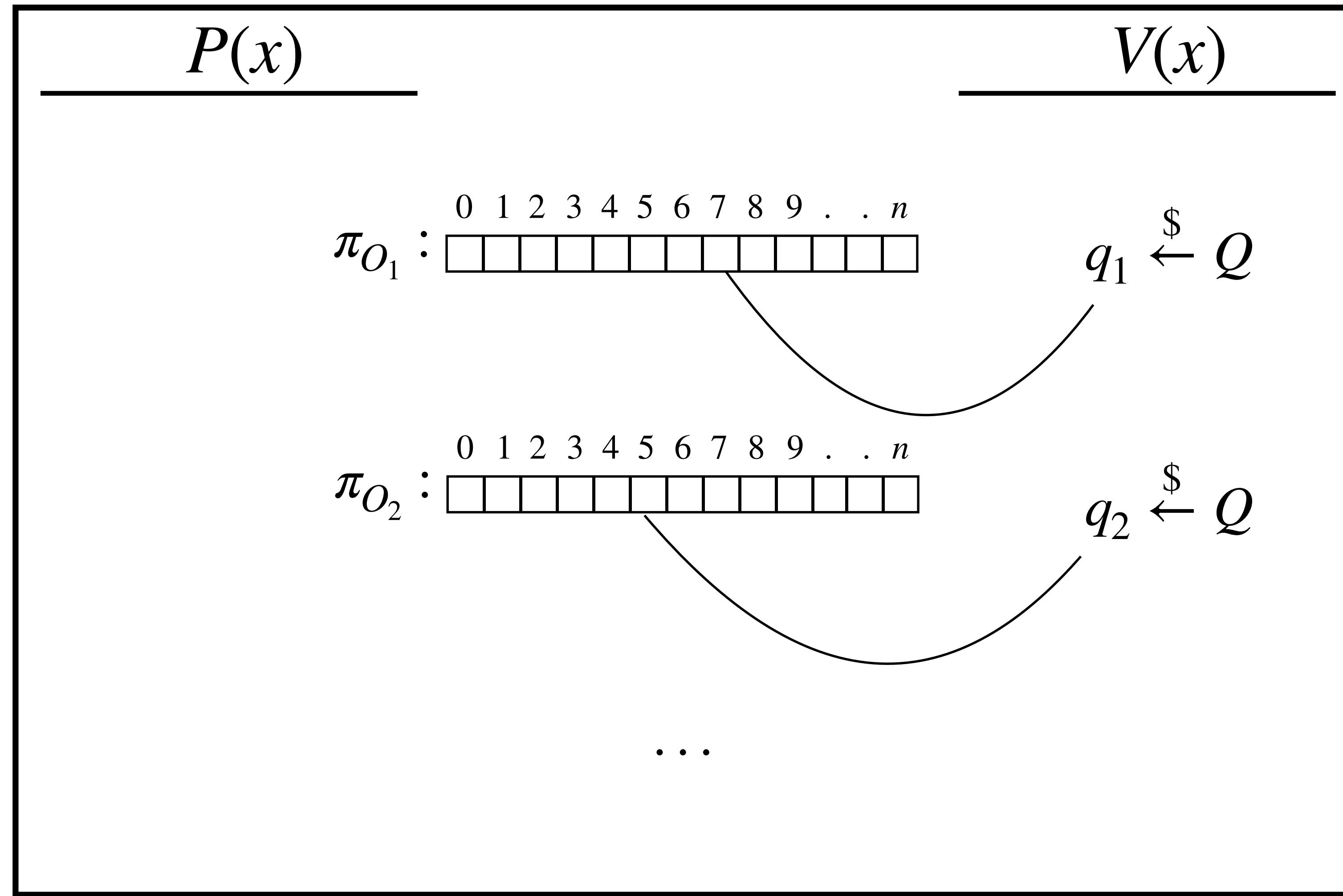
IOP

[BCS'16]

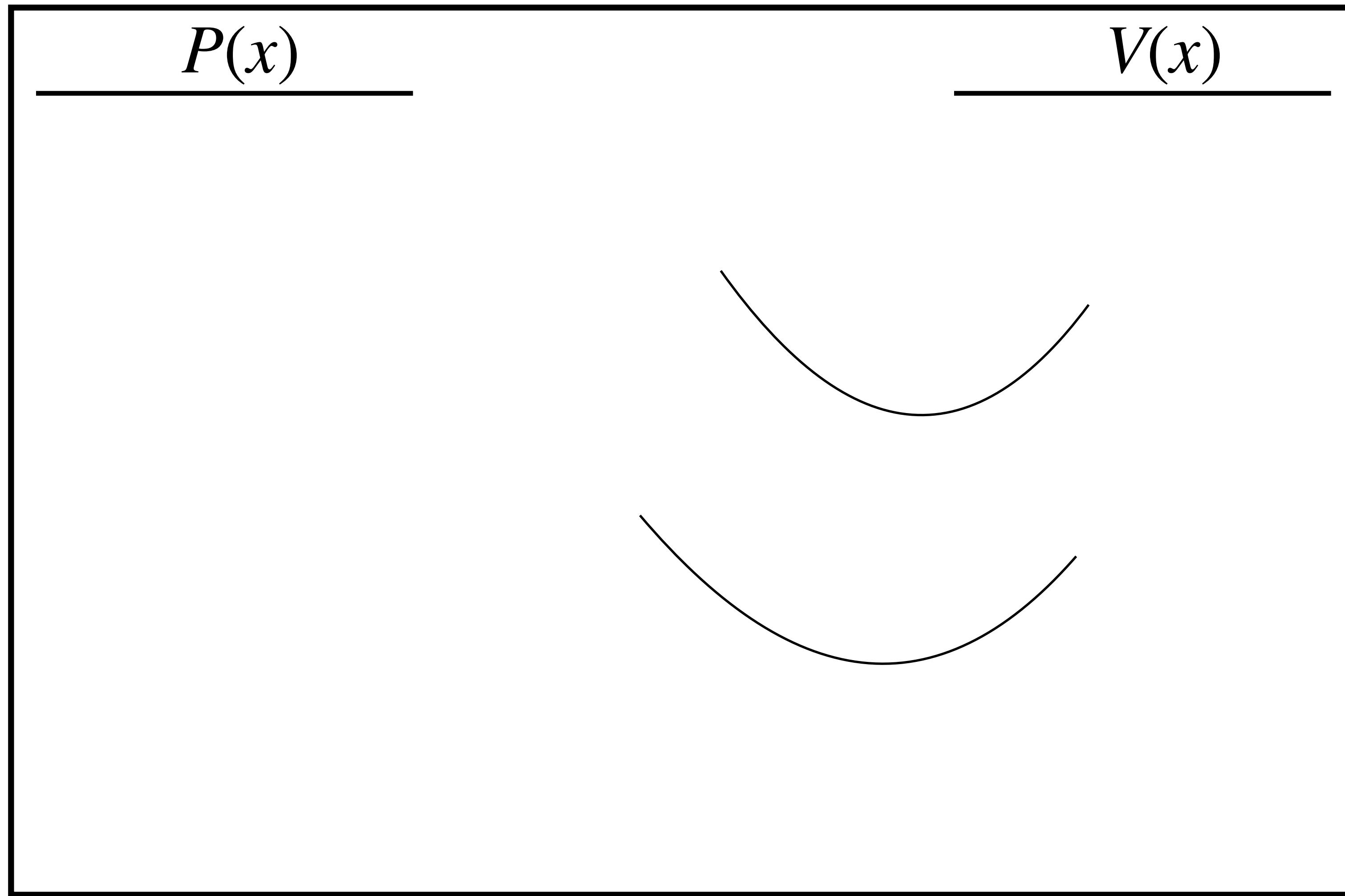


IOP

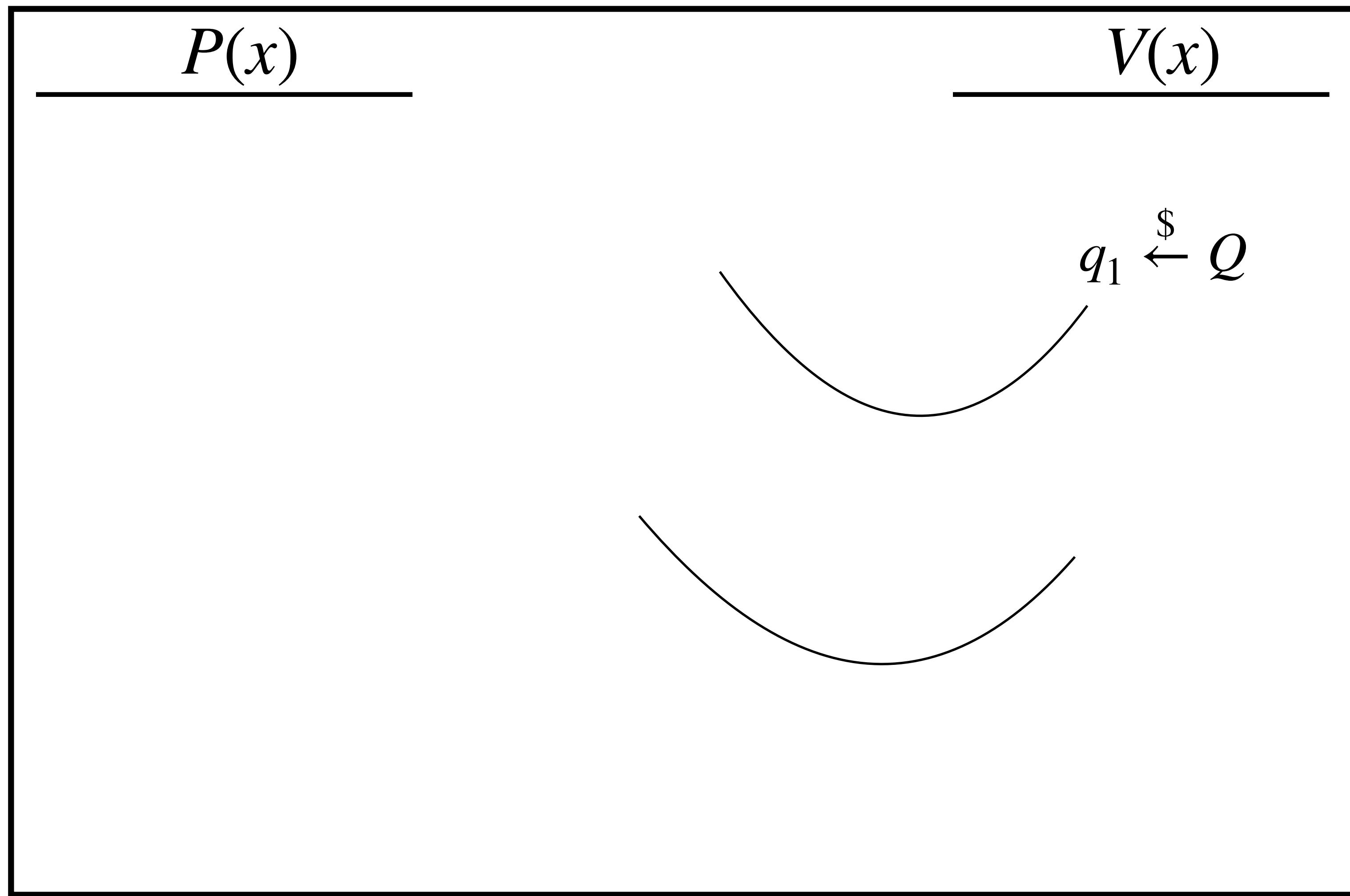
[BCS'16]



**IOP**  
**[BCS'16]**

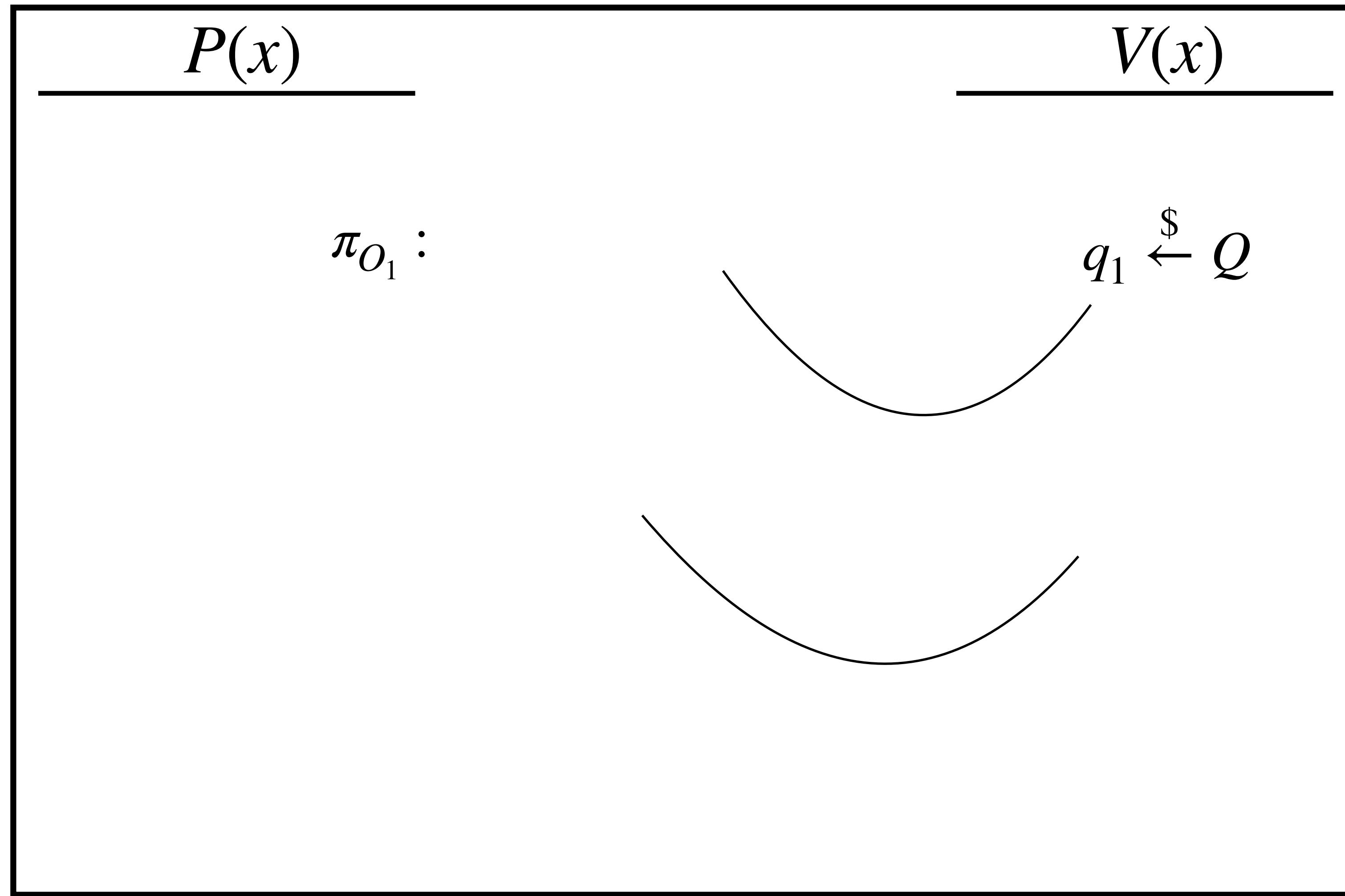


**IOP**  
**[BCS'16]**



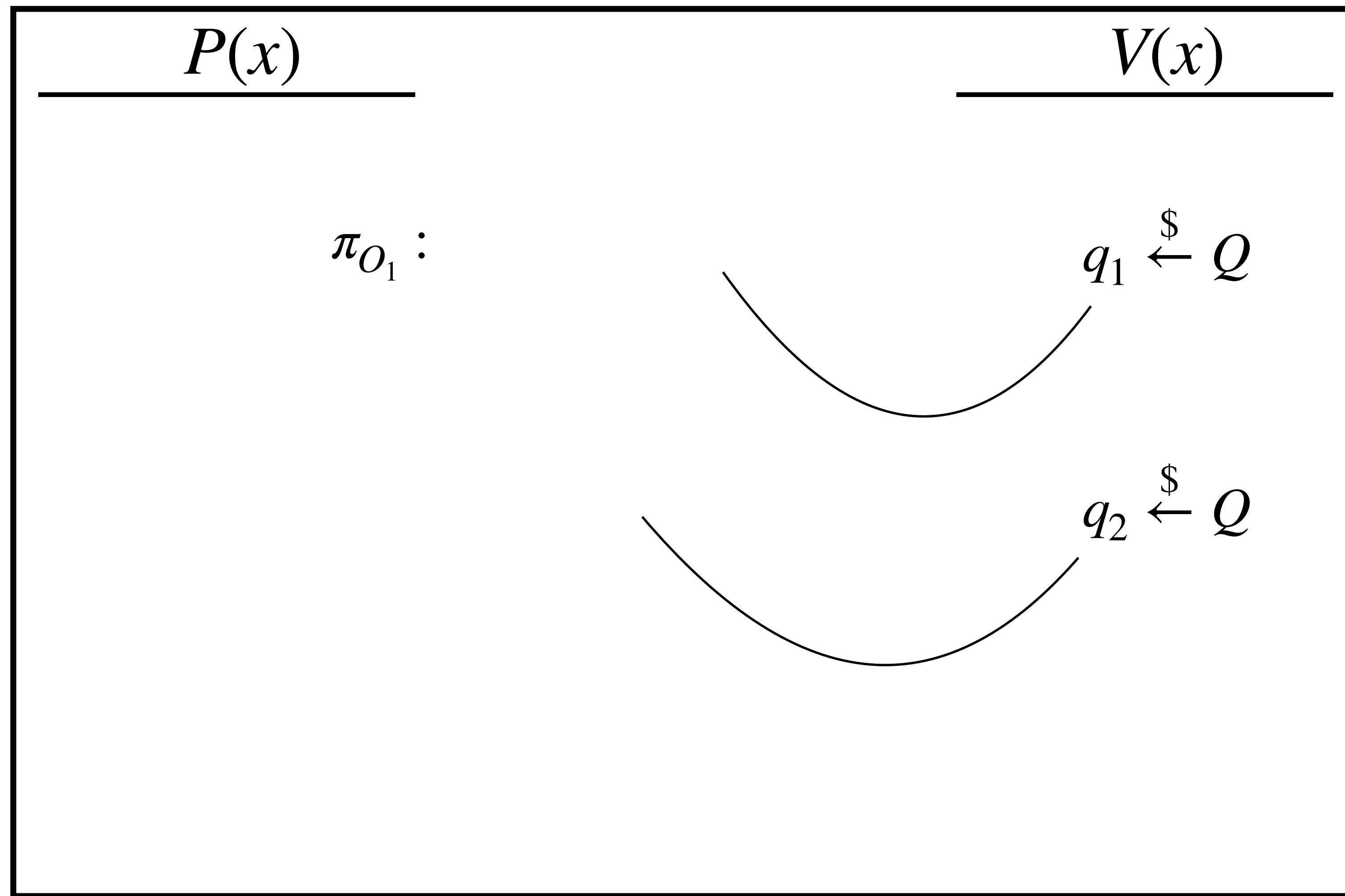
# IOP

## [BCS'16]



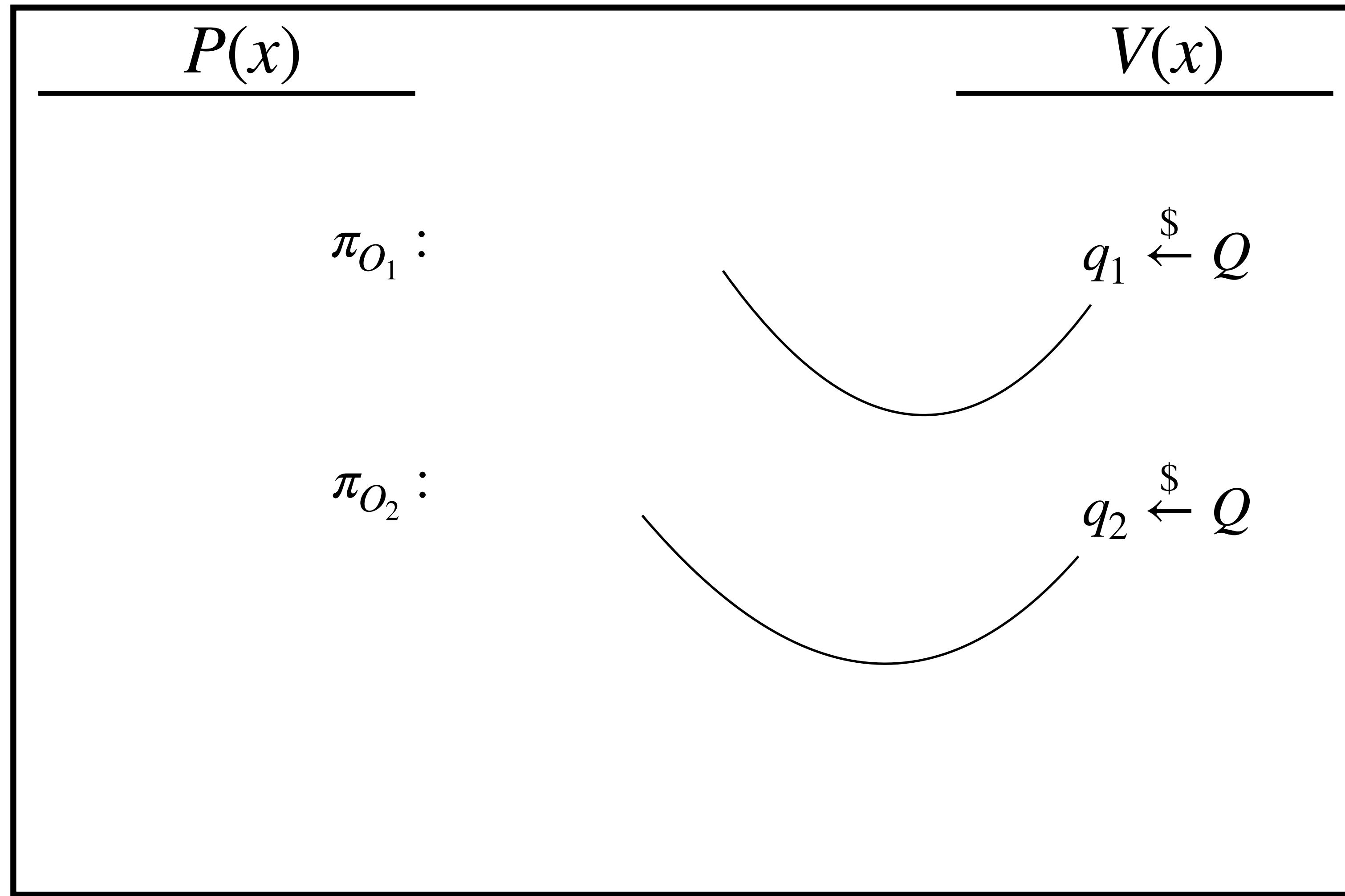
# IOP

## [BCS'16]



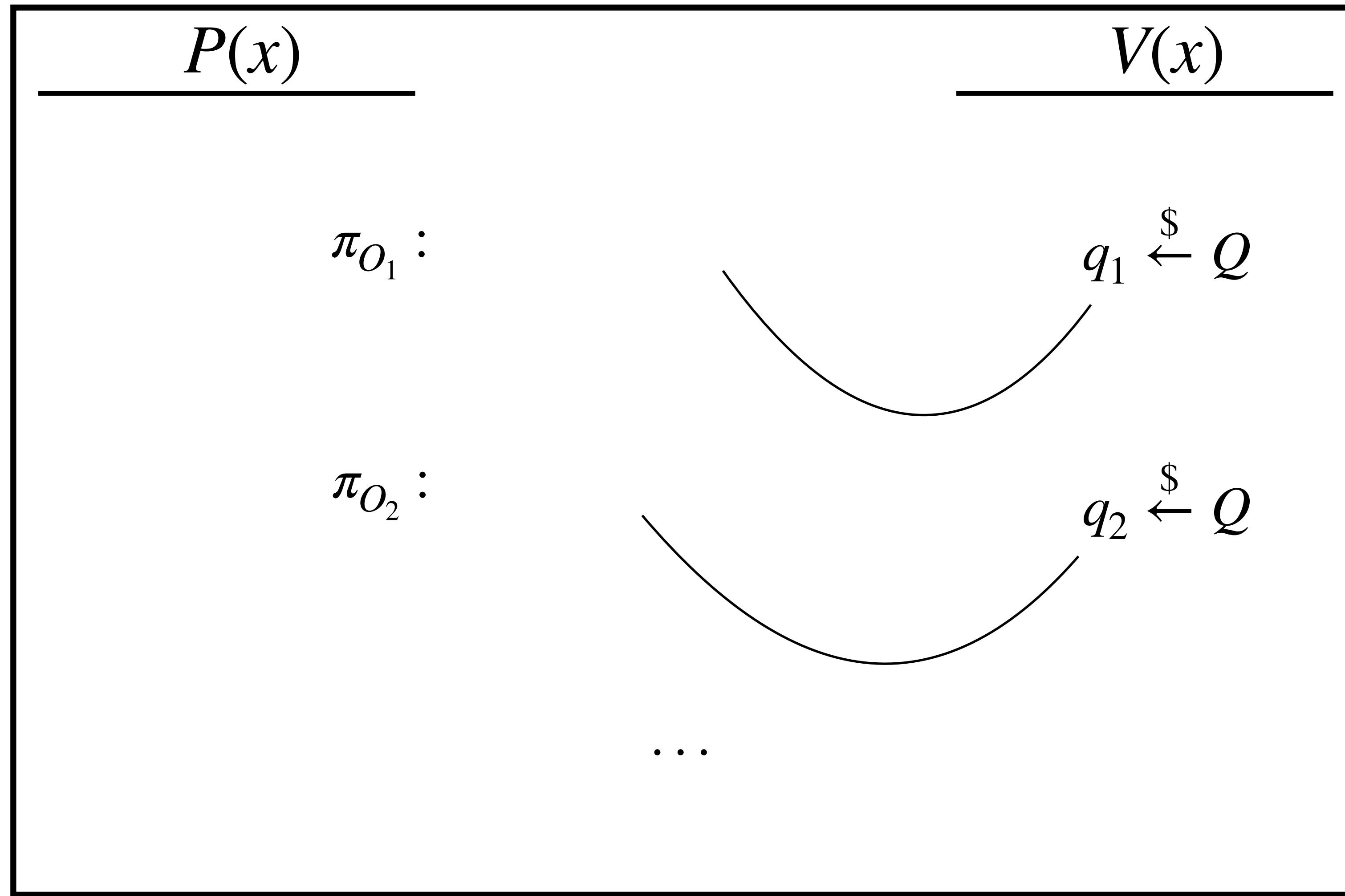
# IOP

## [BCS'16]



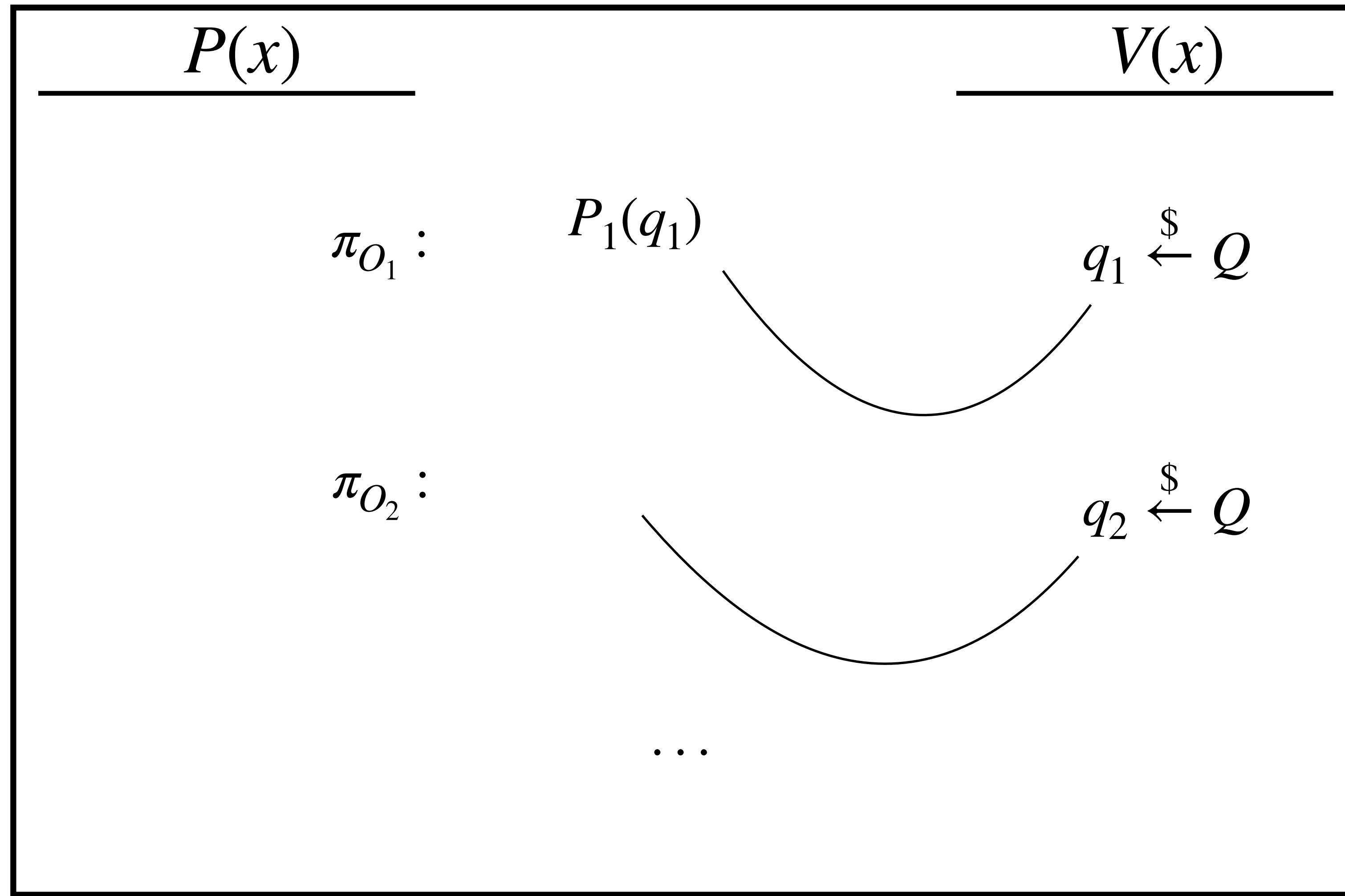
# IOP

## [BCS'16]



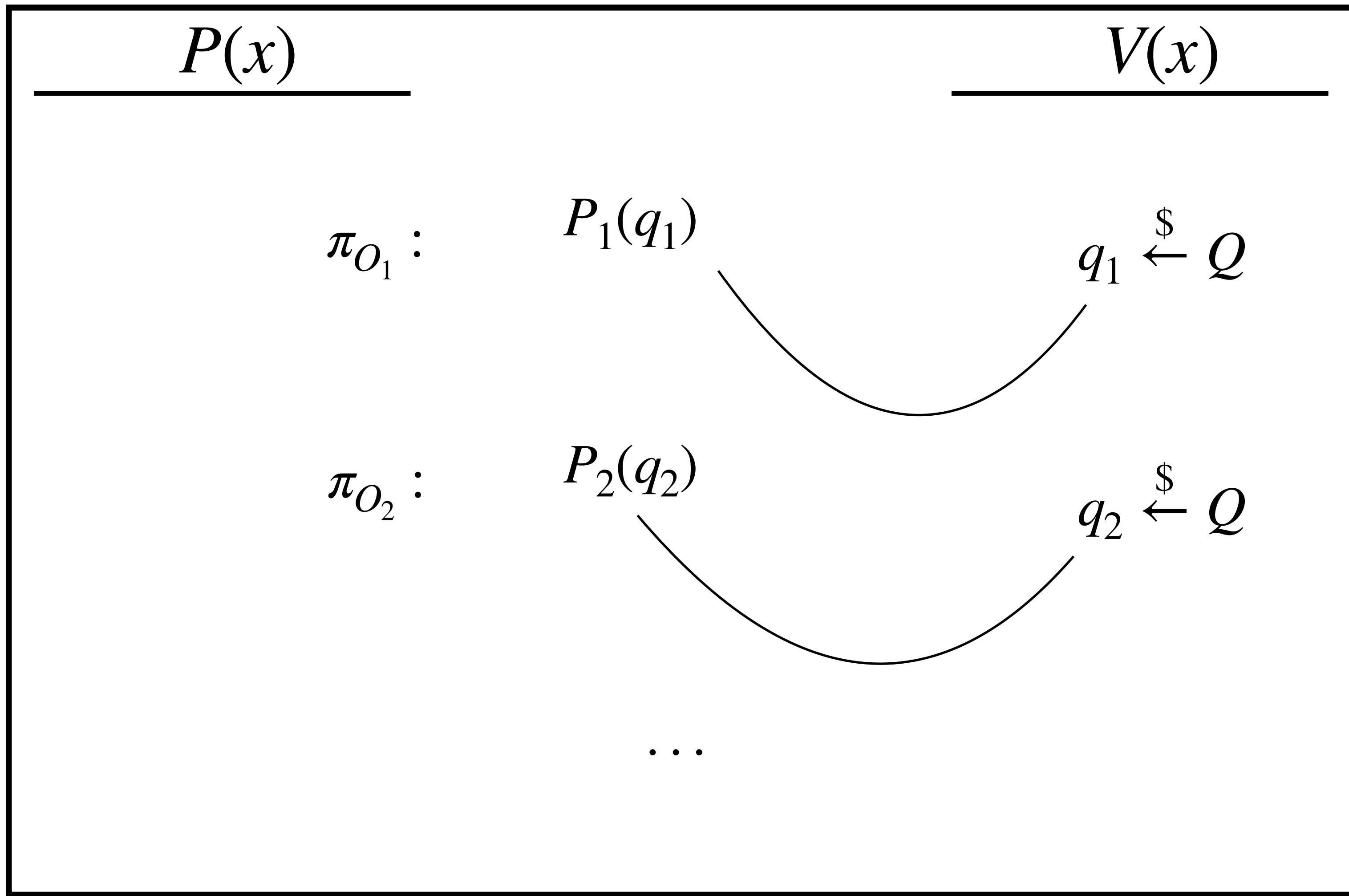
# IOP

## [BCS'16]



# IOP

## [BCS'16]



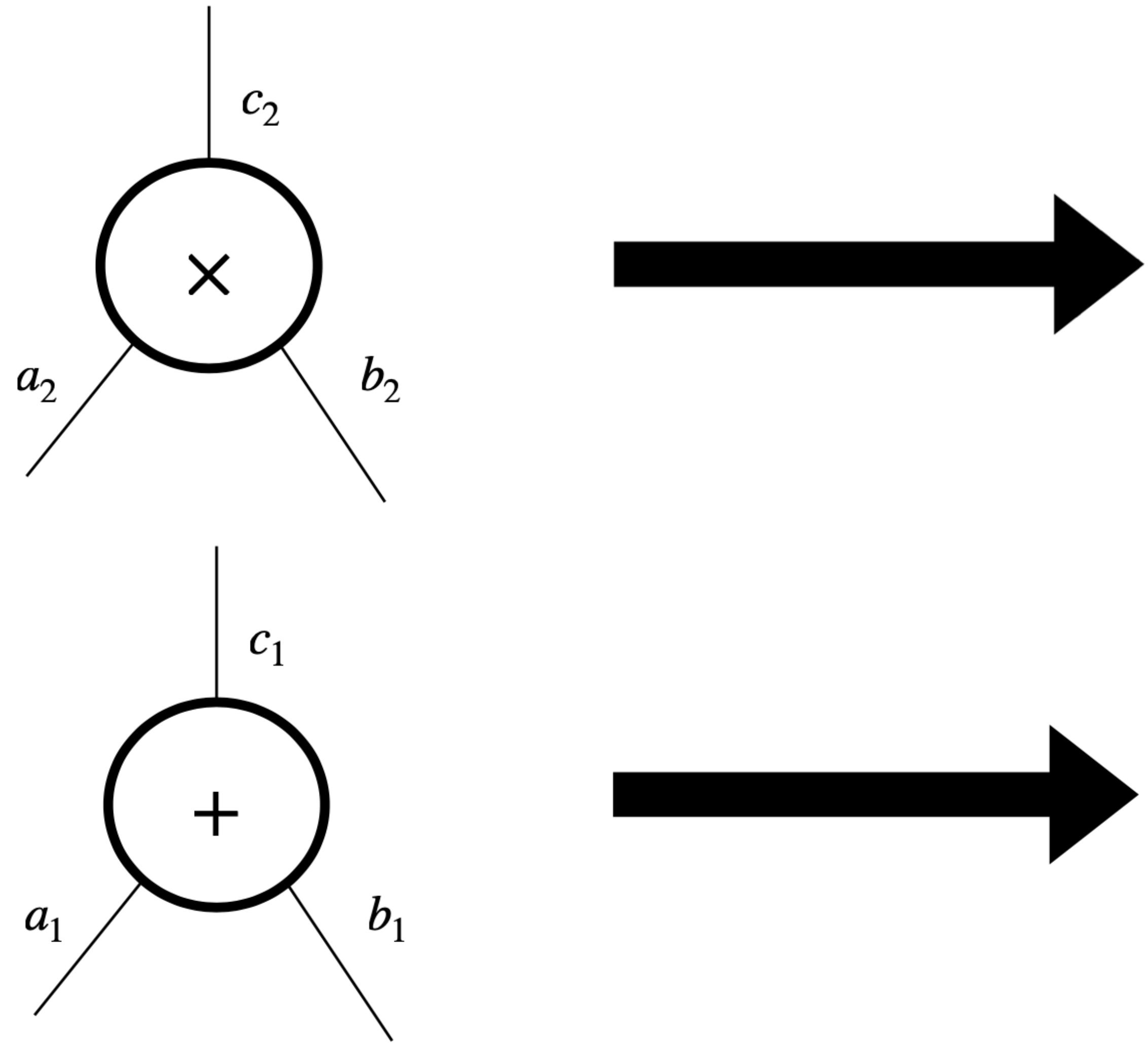
# IOP Realization

- IOP + Commitment
- Most cryptographic properties inherited by the commitment scheme.
  - Trusted setup
  - Post-quantum security

# Arithmetization

# Arithmetization

## PLONKish

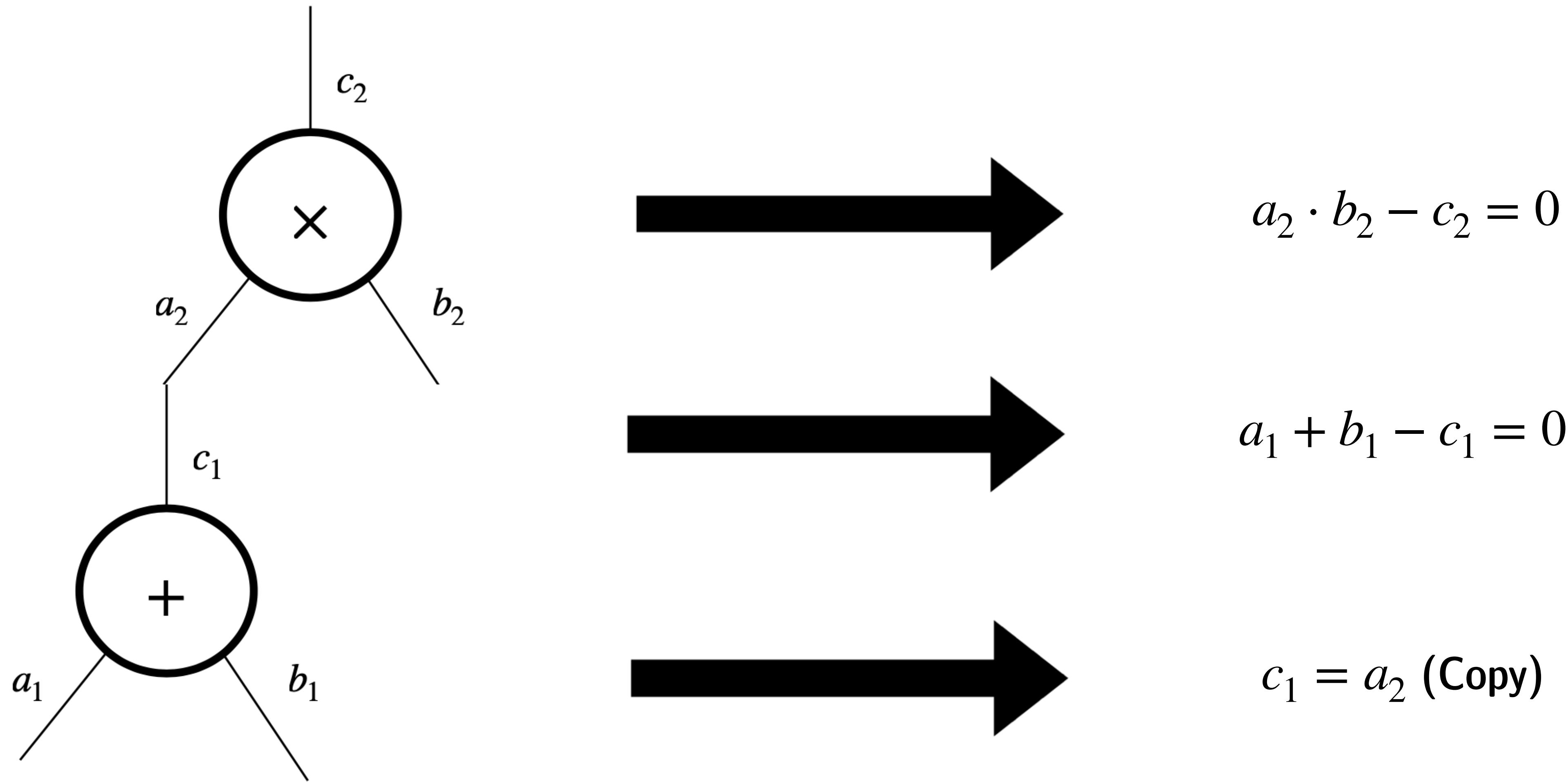


$$a_2 \cdot b_2 - c_2 = 0$$

$$a_1 + b_1 - c_1 = 0$$

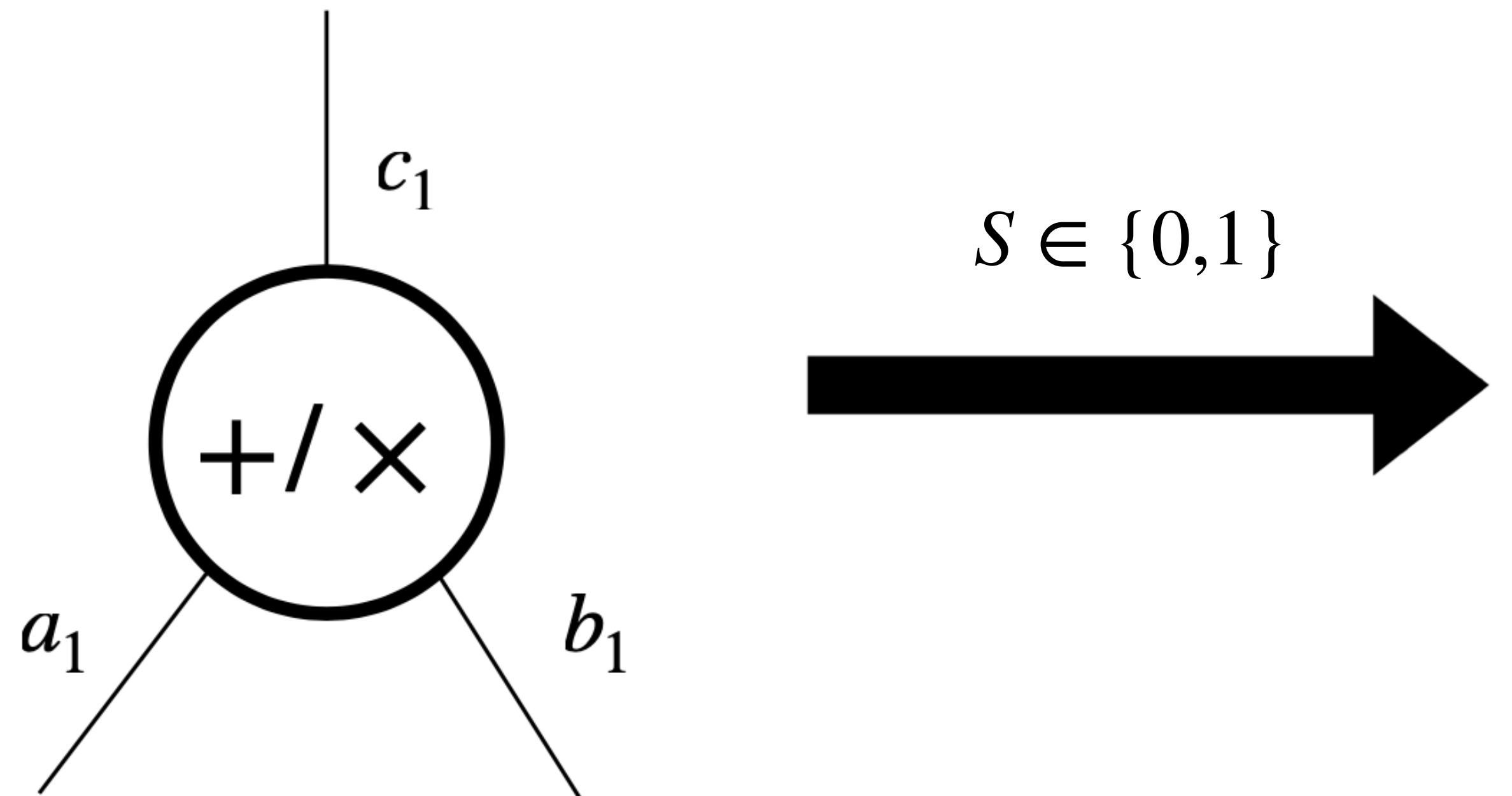
# Arithmetization

## PLONKish



# Arithmetization

## PLONKish



$$S(a_1 + b_1) + (1 - S)(a_1 \cdot b_1) - c_1 = 0$$

# Arithmetization

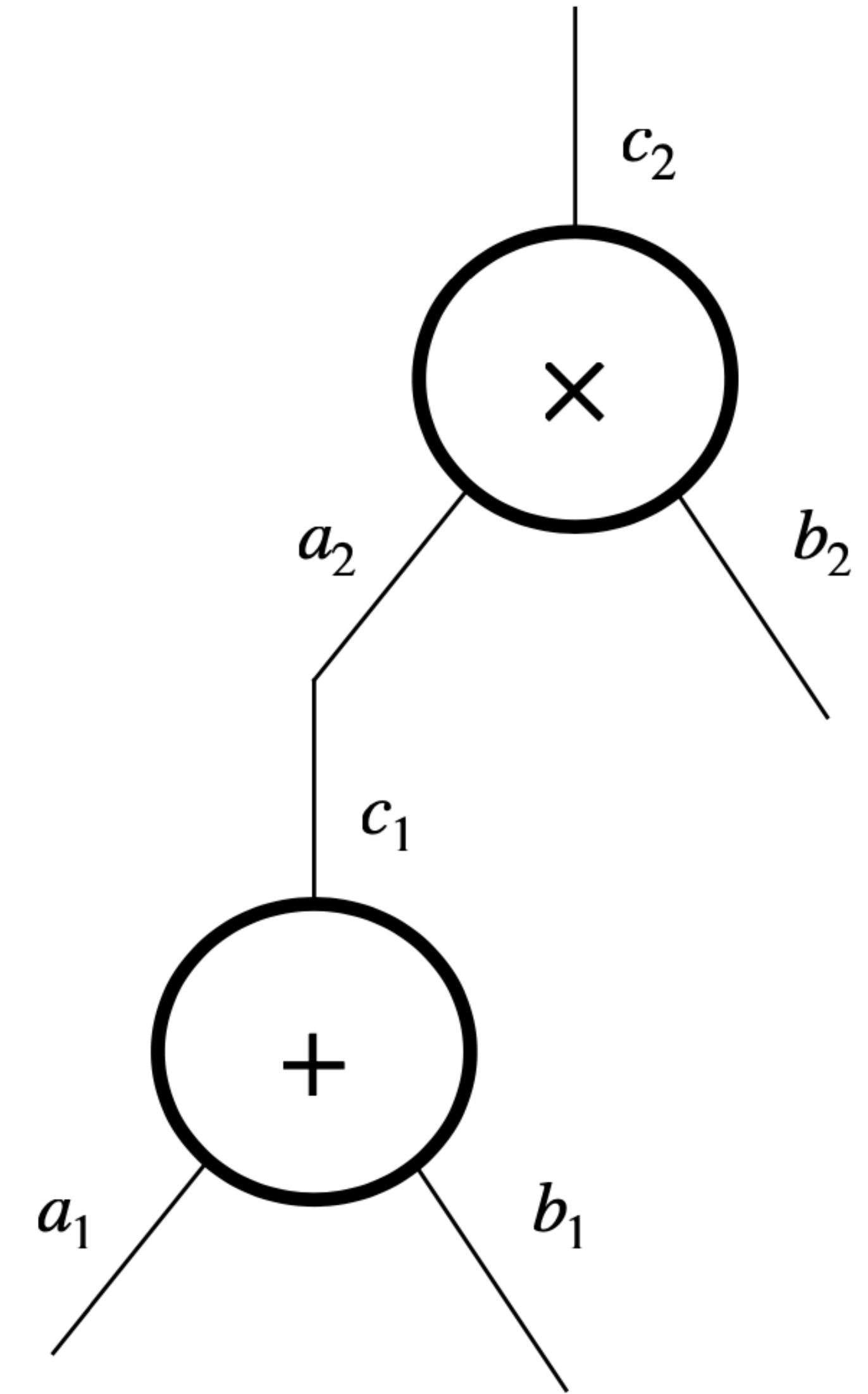
## PLONKish

**Computation:**  $(a_1 + b_1) \cdot b_2 = c_2 \pmod{11}$

**Gate Constraints :**  $S_i(a_i + b_i) + (1 - S_i)(a_i \cdot b_i) - c_i = 0$

$i$	$a_i$	$b_i$	$c_i$	$S_i$
1	$a_1$	$b_1$	$c_1$	$S_1$
2	$a_2$	$b_2$	$c_2$	$S_2$

+ Copy



# Arithmetization

## PLONKish

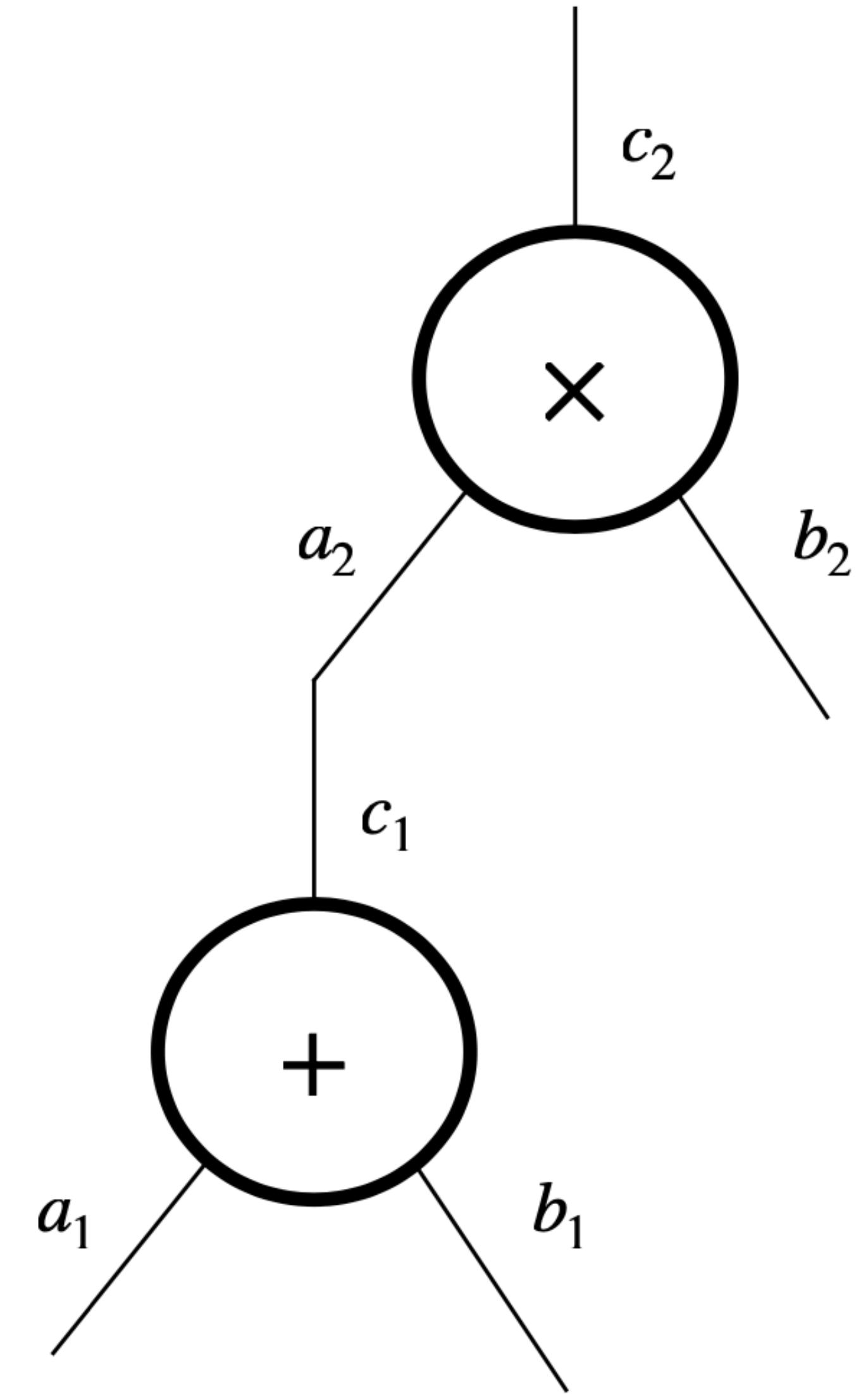
**Computation:**  $(a_1 + b_1) \cdot b_2 = c_2 \pmod{11}$

**Solution:**  $a_1 = 4, b_1 = 5, b_2 = 10, c_1 = 9, a_2 = 9, c_2 = 2$

**Gate Constraints :**  $S_i(a_i + b_i) + (1 - S_i)(a_i \cdot b_i) - c_i = 0$

$i$	$a_i$	$b_i$	$c_i$	$S_i$
1	4	5	9	1
2	9	10	2	0

+ Copy



# Arithmetization

## PLONKish

**Computation:**  $(a_1 + b_1) \cdot b_2 = c_2 \pmod{11}$

**Solution:**  $a_1 = 4, b_1 = 5, b_2 = 10, c_1 = 9, a_2 = 9, c_2 = 2$

**Gate Constraints :**  $S_i(a_i + b_i) + (1 - S_i)(a_i \cdot b_i) - c_i = 0$

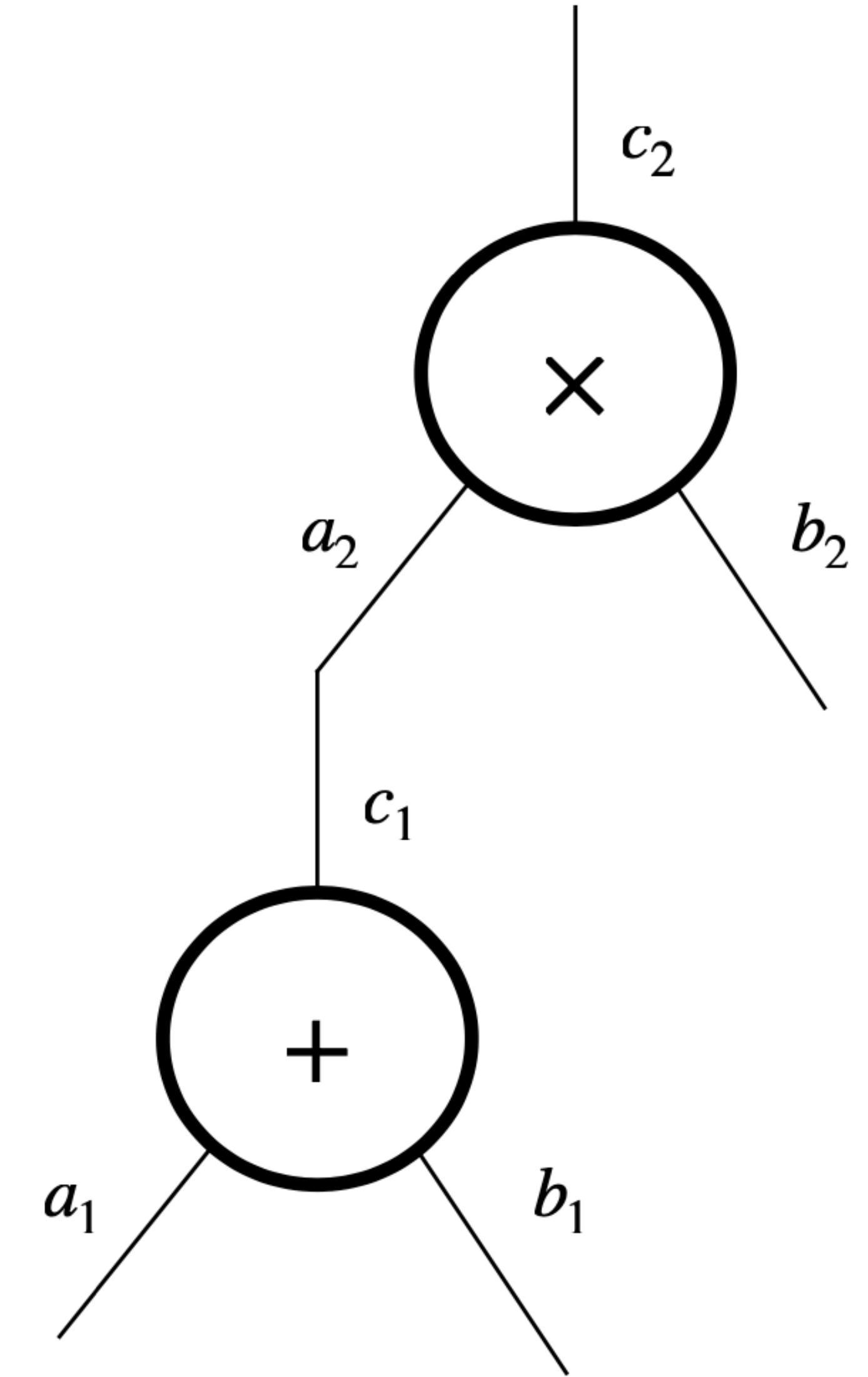
$i$	$a_i$	$b_i$	$c_i$	$S_i$
1	4	5	9	1
2	9	10	2	0

$A(x)$

$$A(1) = 4$$

$$A(2) = 9$$

+ Copy



# Arithmetization

## PLONKish

**Computation:**  $(a_1 + b_1) \cdot b_2 = c_2 \pmod{11}$

**Solution:**  $a_1 = 4, b_1 = 5, b_2 = 10, c_1 = 9, a_2 = 9, c_2 = 2$

**Gate Constraints :**  $S_i(a_i + b_i) + (1 - S_i)(a_i \cdot b_i) - c_i = 0$

$i$	$a_i$	$b_i$	$c_i$	$S_i$
1	4	5	9	1
2	9	10	2	0

$A(x)$        $B(x)$

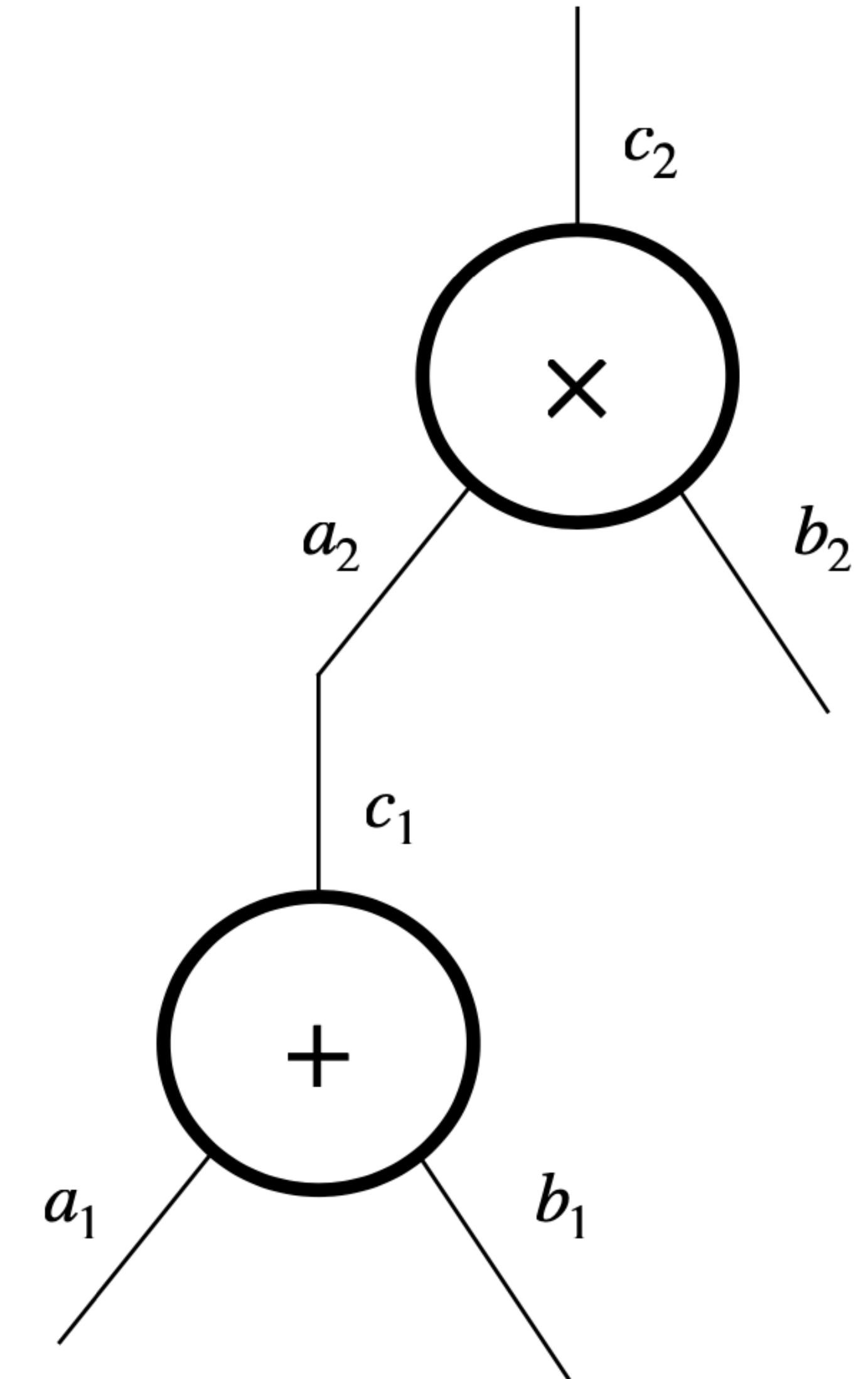
$$A(1) = 4$$

$$A(2) = 9$$

$$B(1) = 5$$

$$B(2) = 10$$

+ Copy



# Arithmetization

## PLONKish

**Computation:**  $(a_1 + b_1) \cdot b_2 = c_2 \pmod{11}$

**Solution:**  $a_1 = 4, b_1 = 5, b_2 = 10, c_1 = 9, a_2 = 9, c_2 = 2$

**Gate Constraints :**  $S_i(a_i + b_i) + (1 - S_i)(a_i \cdot b_i) - c_i = 0$

$i$	$a_i$	$b_i$	$c_i$	$S_i$
1	4	5	9	1
2	9	10	2	0

$A(x)$        $B(x)$

$$A(1) = 4$$

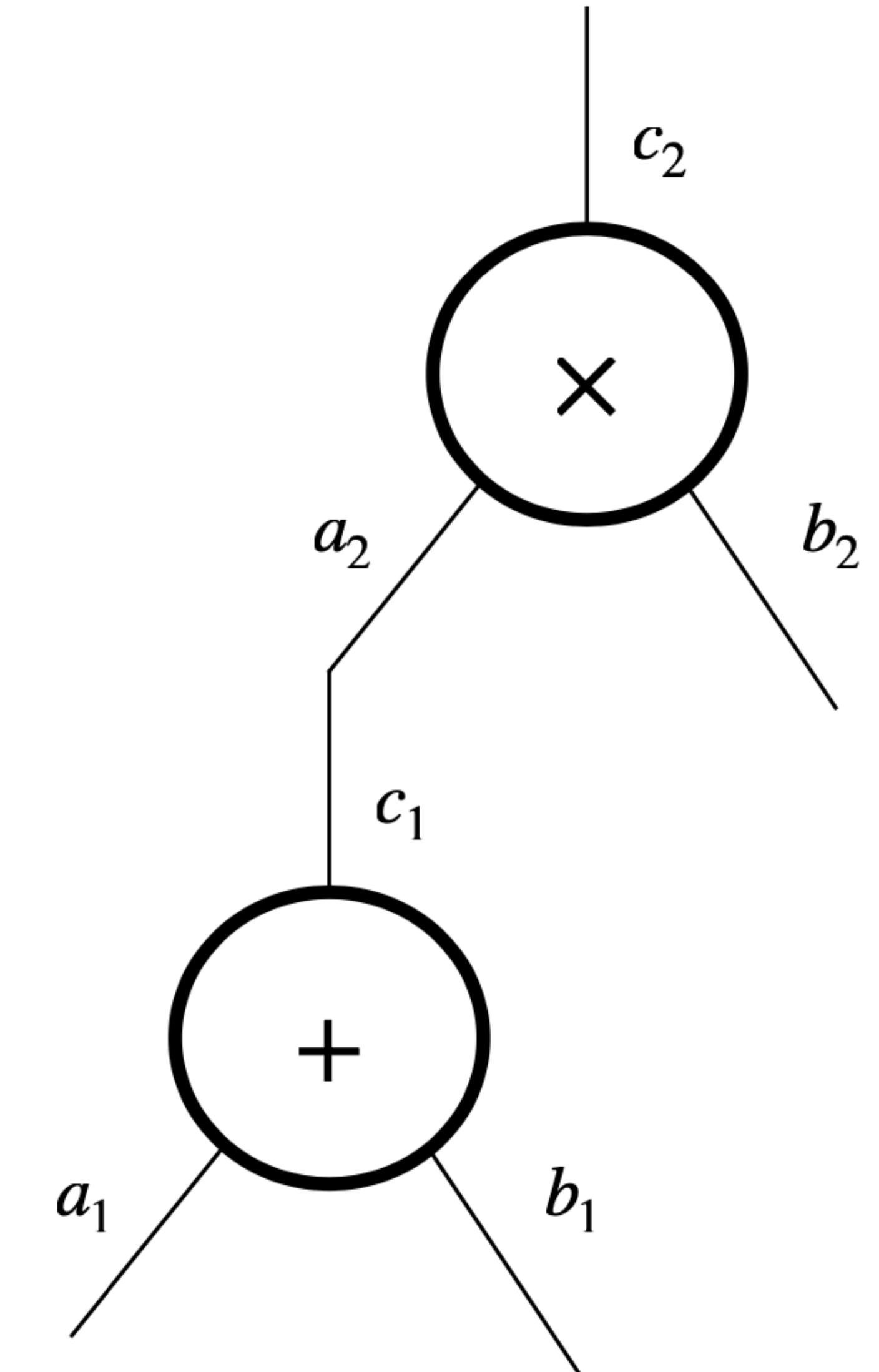
$$A(2) = 9$$

$$B(1) = 5$$

$$B(2) = 10$$

$$P(x) = S(x)(A(x) + B(x)) + (1 - S(x))(A(x)B(x)) - C(x)_{41}$$

+ Copy



# Arithmetization

## PLONKish

**Computation:**  $(a_1 + b_1) \cdot b_2 = c_2 \pmod{11}$

**Solution:**  $a_1 = 4, b_1 = 5, b_2 = 10, c_1 = 9, a_2 = 9, c_2 = 2$

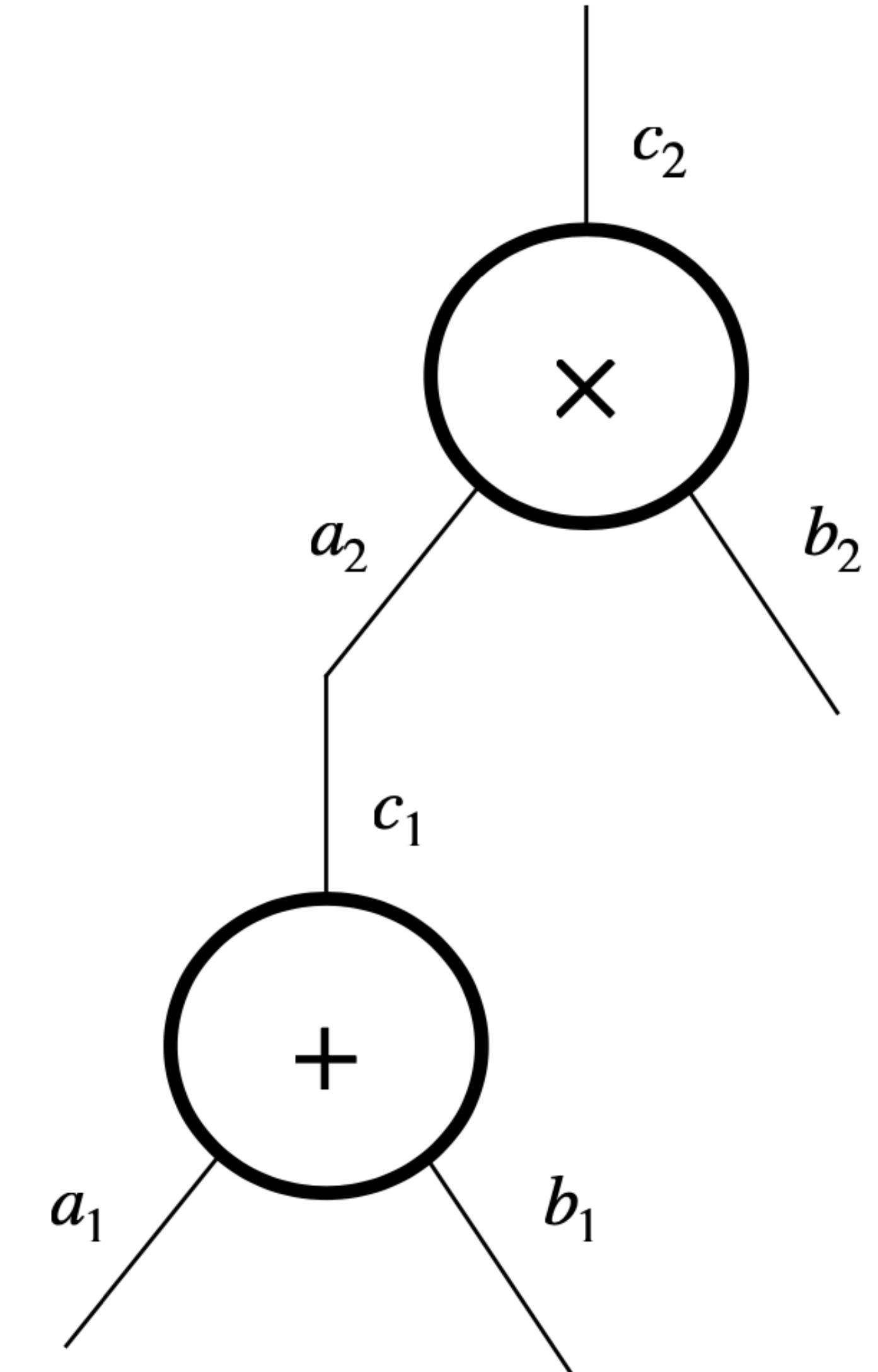
**Gate Constraints :**  $S_i(a_i + b_i) + (1 - S_i)(a_i \cdot b_i) - c_i = 0$

$i$	$a_i$	$b_i$	$c_i$	$S_i$
1	4	5	9	1
2	9	10	2	0

+ Copy

$$P(x) = S(x)(A(x) + B(x)) + (1 - S(x))(A(x)B(x)) - C(x)$$

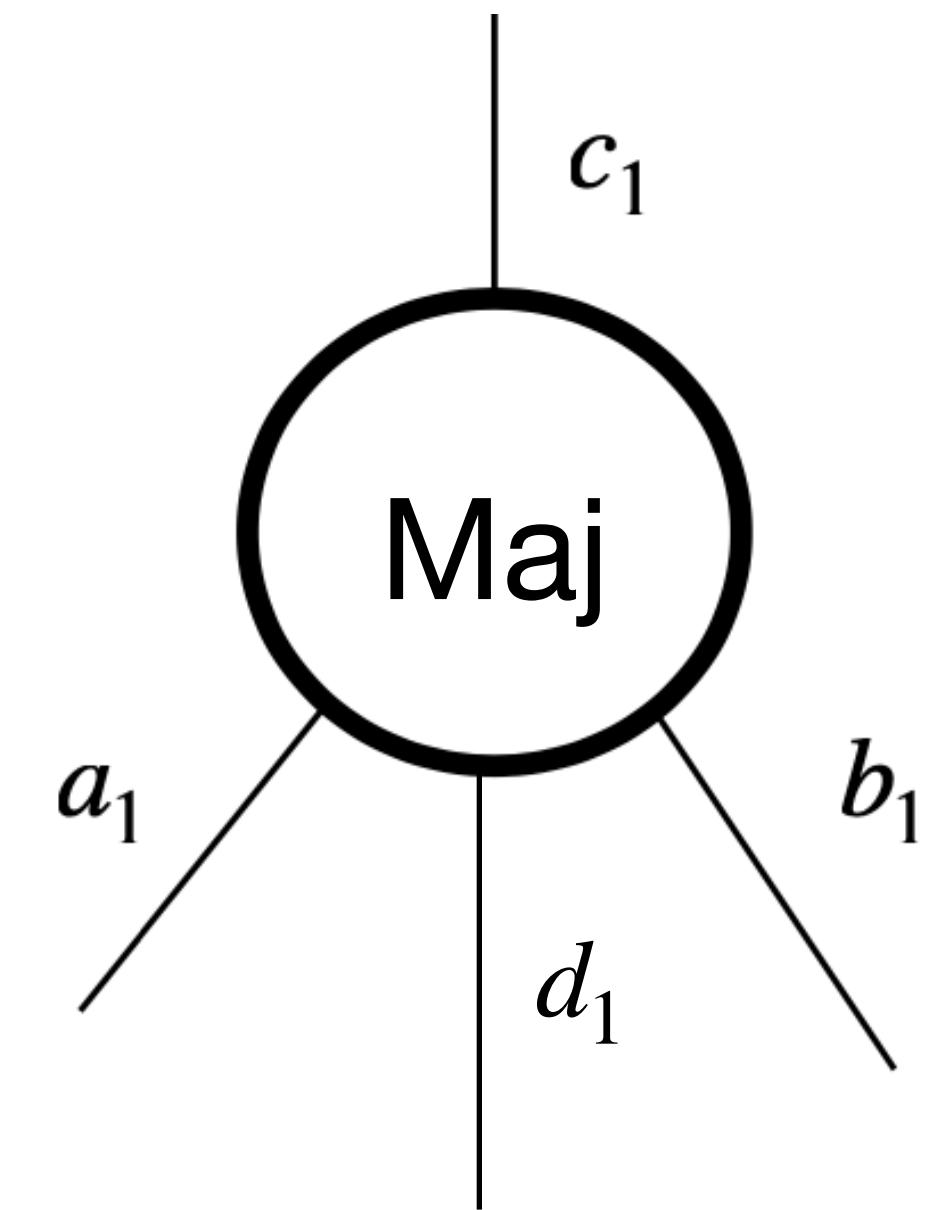
$$P(1) = 0, \quad P(2) = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad (x - 1) \cdot (x - 2) \text{ divides } P(x)$$



# Arithmetization

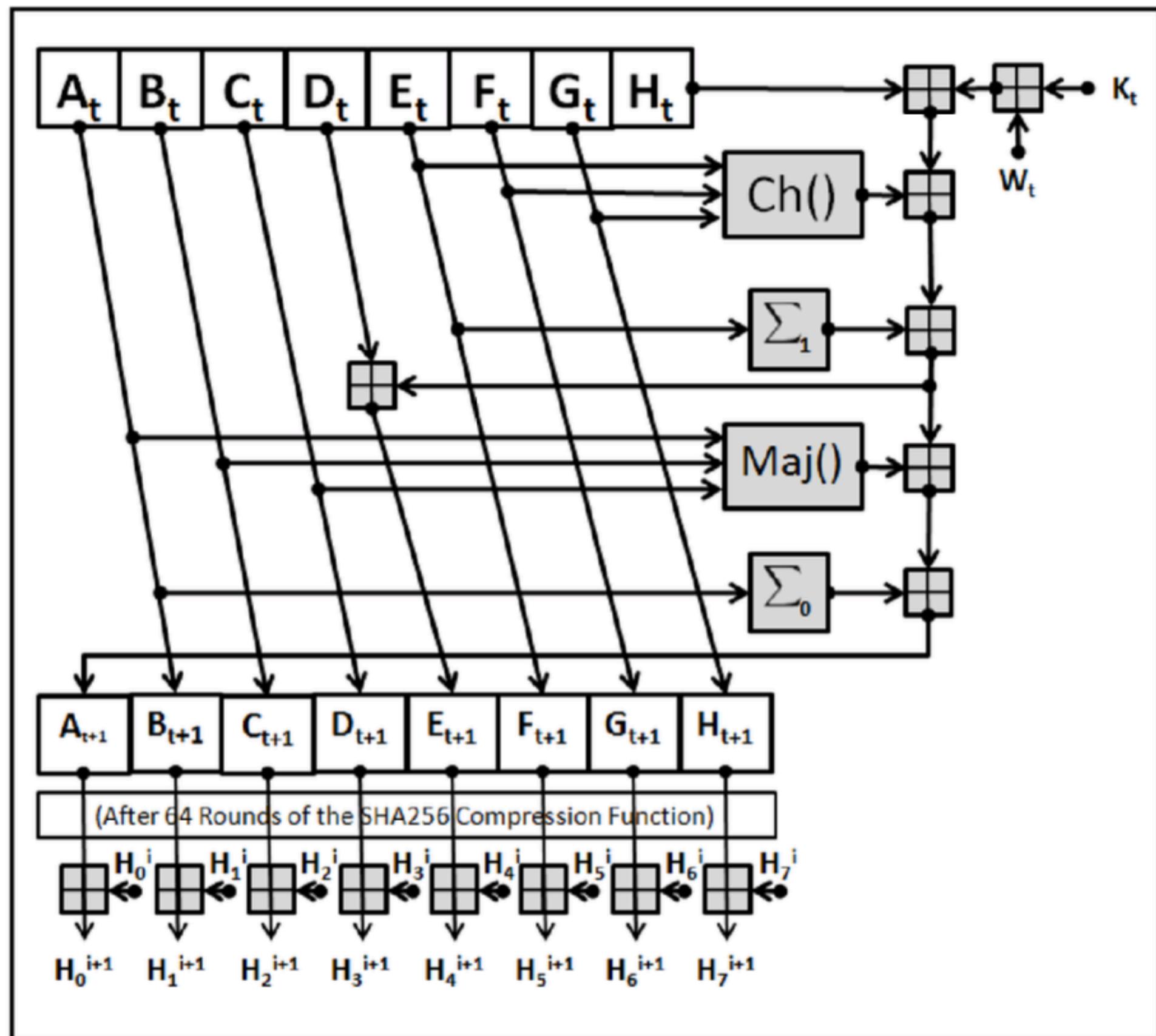
## PLONKish - Custom Gates

$$S_1 \cdot (a_1 + b_1) + S_2 \cdot (a_1 \cdot b_1) + S_3 \cdot (\text{Maj}(a_1, d_1, b_1)) - c_1 = 0$$



# Arithmetization

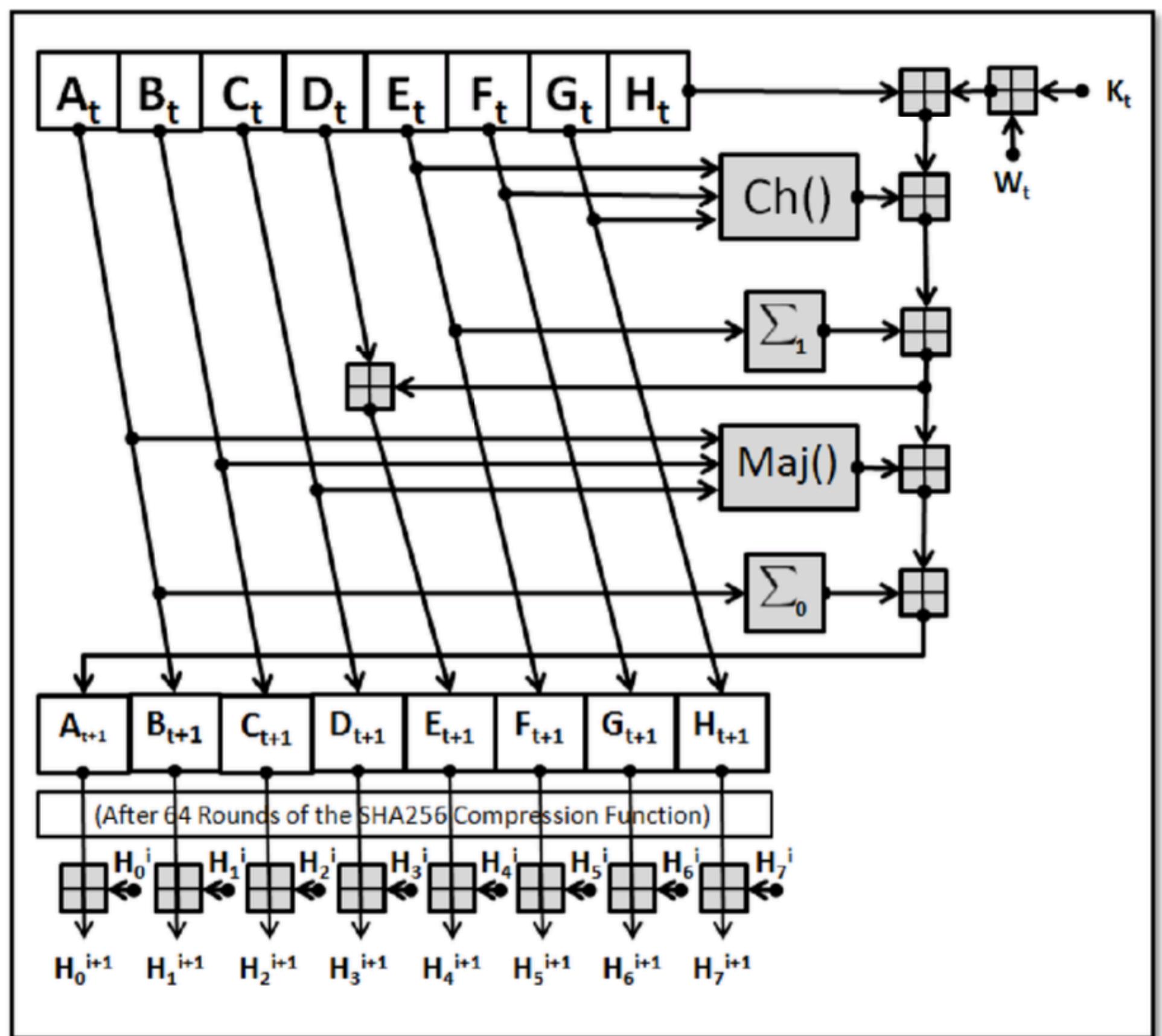
## PLONKish



**Alternative:** Algebraic Hash Functions

# Arithmetization

## PLONKish - Lookup Arguments



# Arithmetization

## PLONKish - Lookup Arguments

a	b	c	Maj(a,b,c)
1	0	1	1

# Arithmetization

## PLONKish - Lookup Arguments

a	b	c	Maj(a,b,c)
1	0	1	1

a	b	c	Maj(a,b,c)
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	1

# Arithmetization

## PLONKish - Lookup Arguments

a	b	c	Maj(a,b,c)
1	0	1	1

a	b	c	Maj(a,b,c)
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	1

# Arithmetization

## POLONKish - Lookup Arguments

a	b	c	Maj(a,b,c)

a	b	c	Maj(a,b,c)
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	1

# Arithmetization

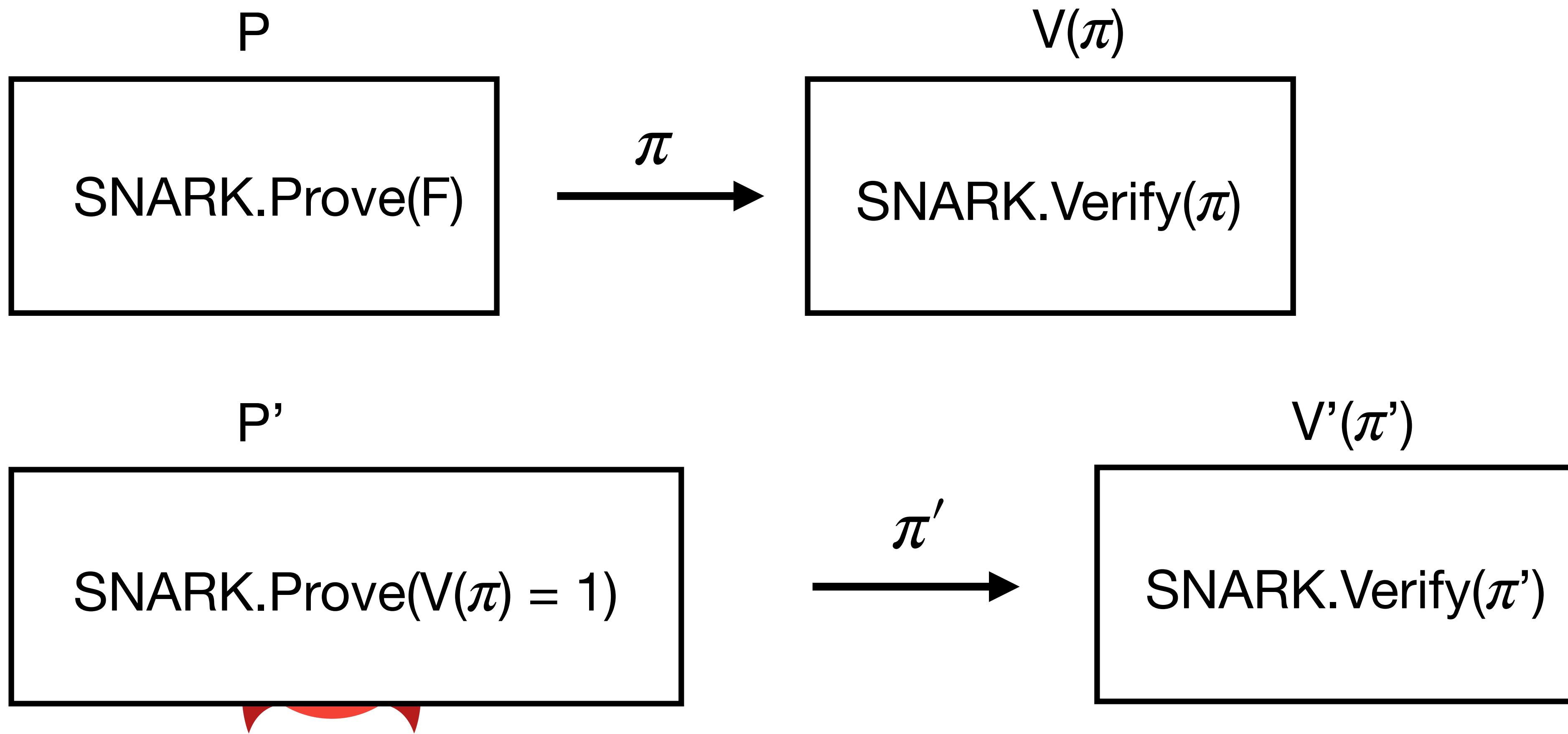
## AIR - FRI

Step	R1	R2	R3
1	4	3	2
2	2	2	6
3	3	6	4
4	65	4	2

# DSL

- HDL: Circom
- Zokrates, Noir, Cairo, Leo

# Proof Composition



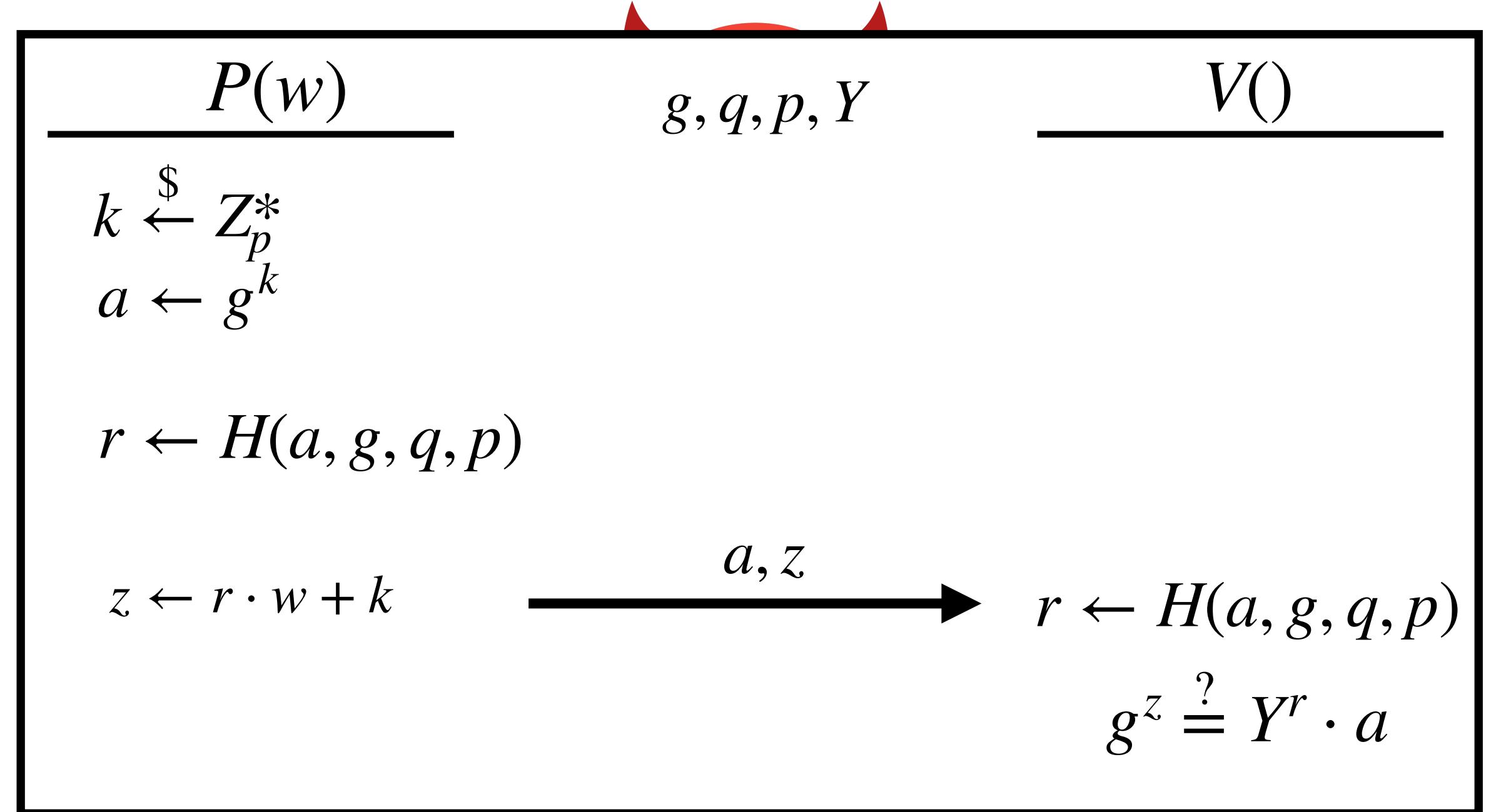
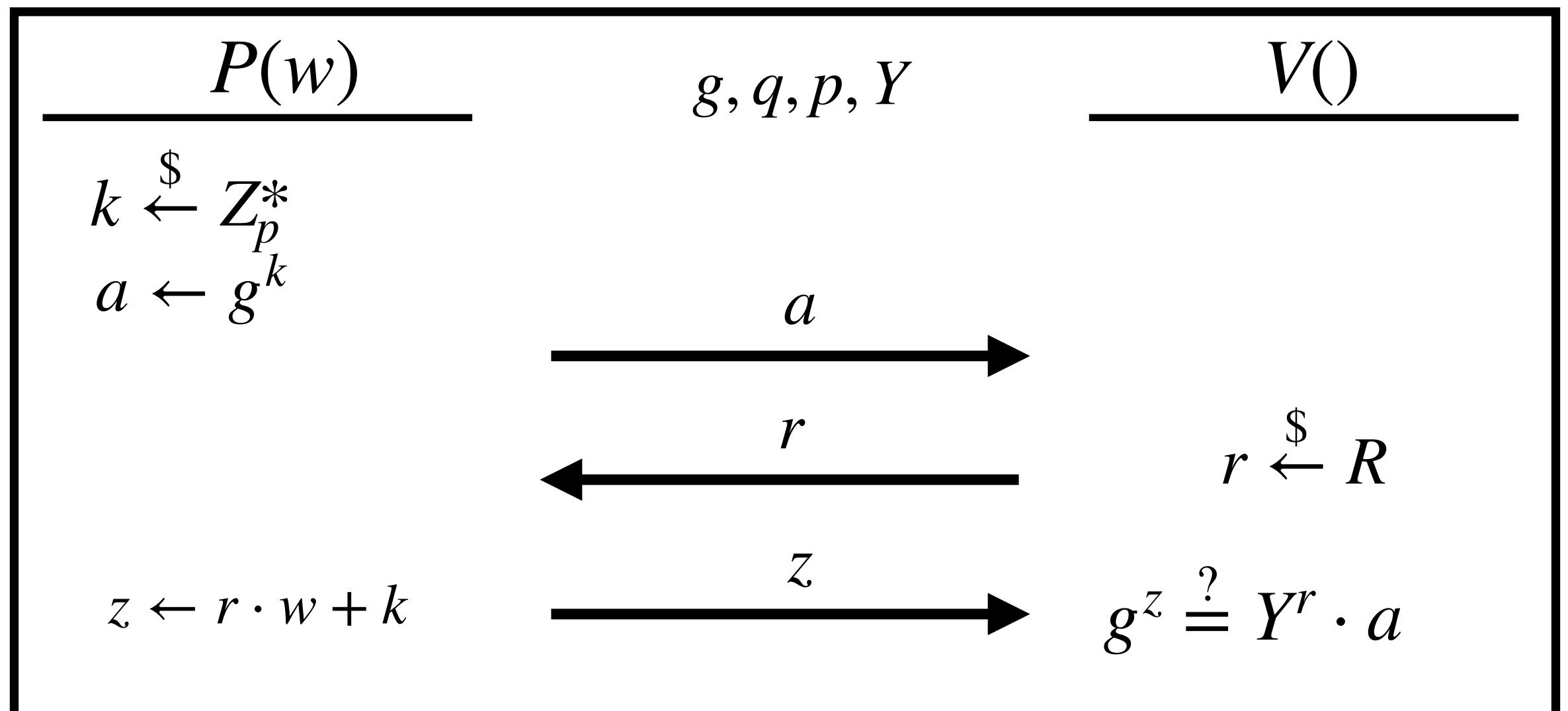
**Doğru giden birçok şey var.**



**Ne ters gidebilir?**

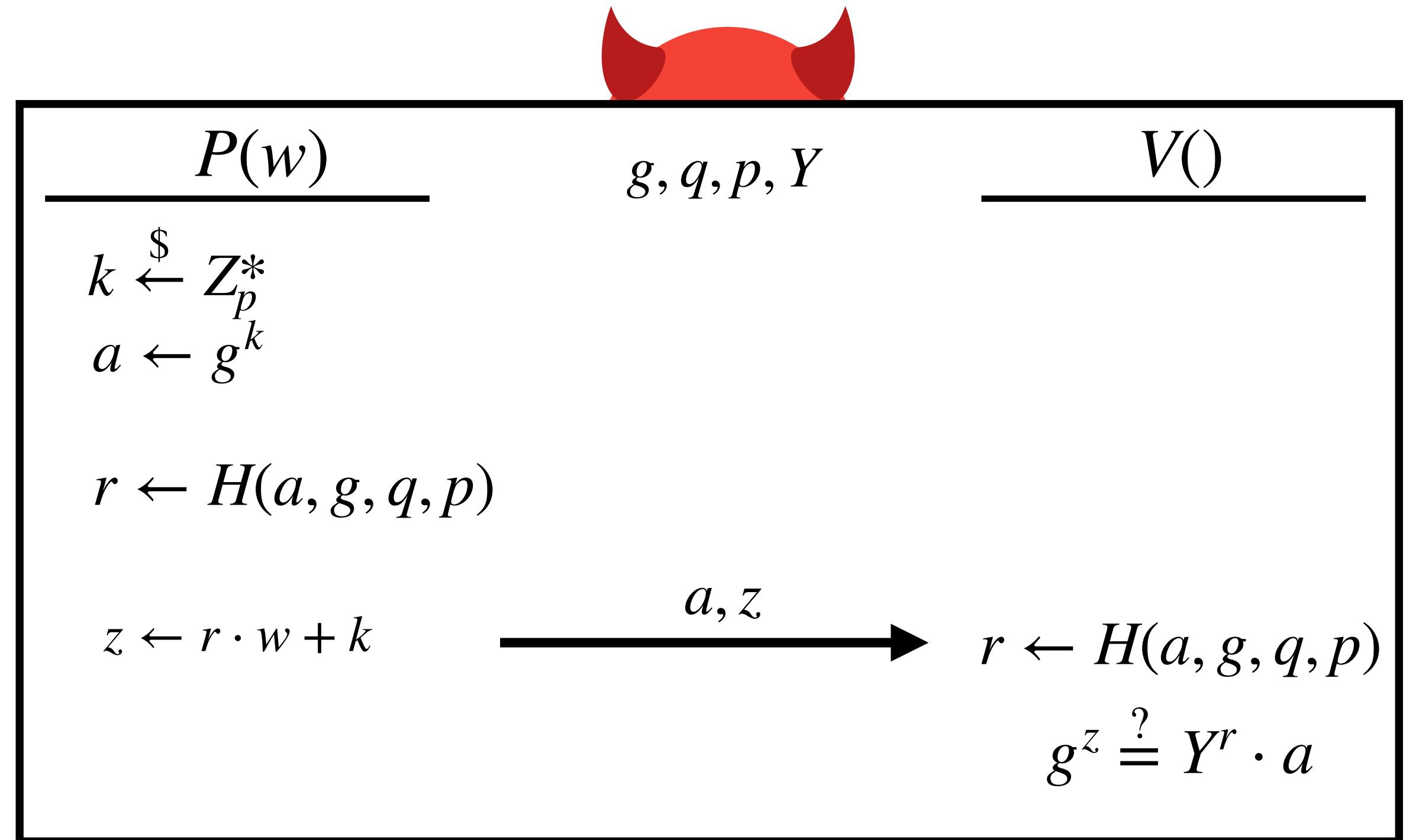
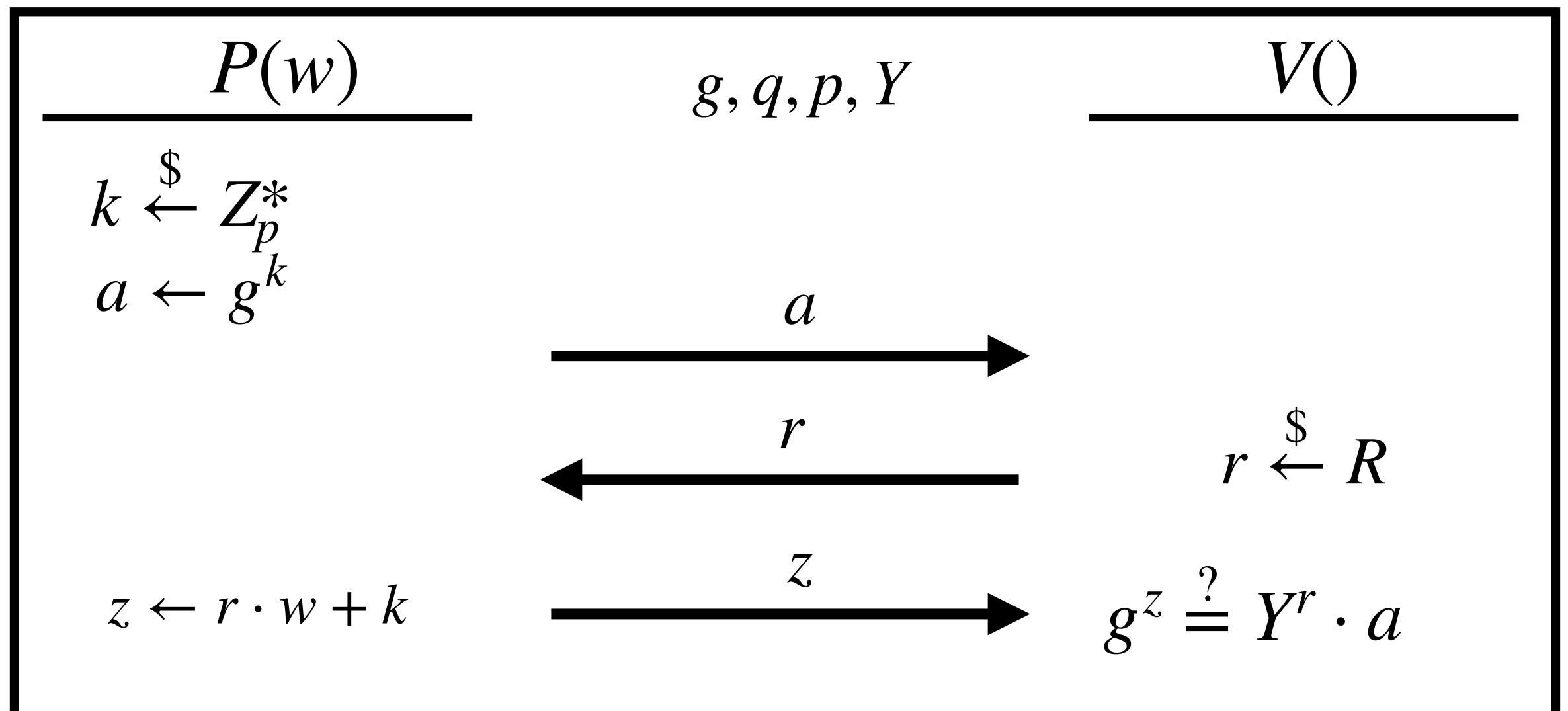
# Sigma Protocol

## Non-interactivity via Fiat Shamir



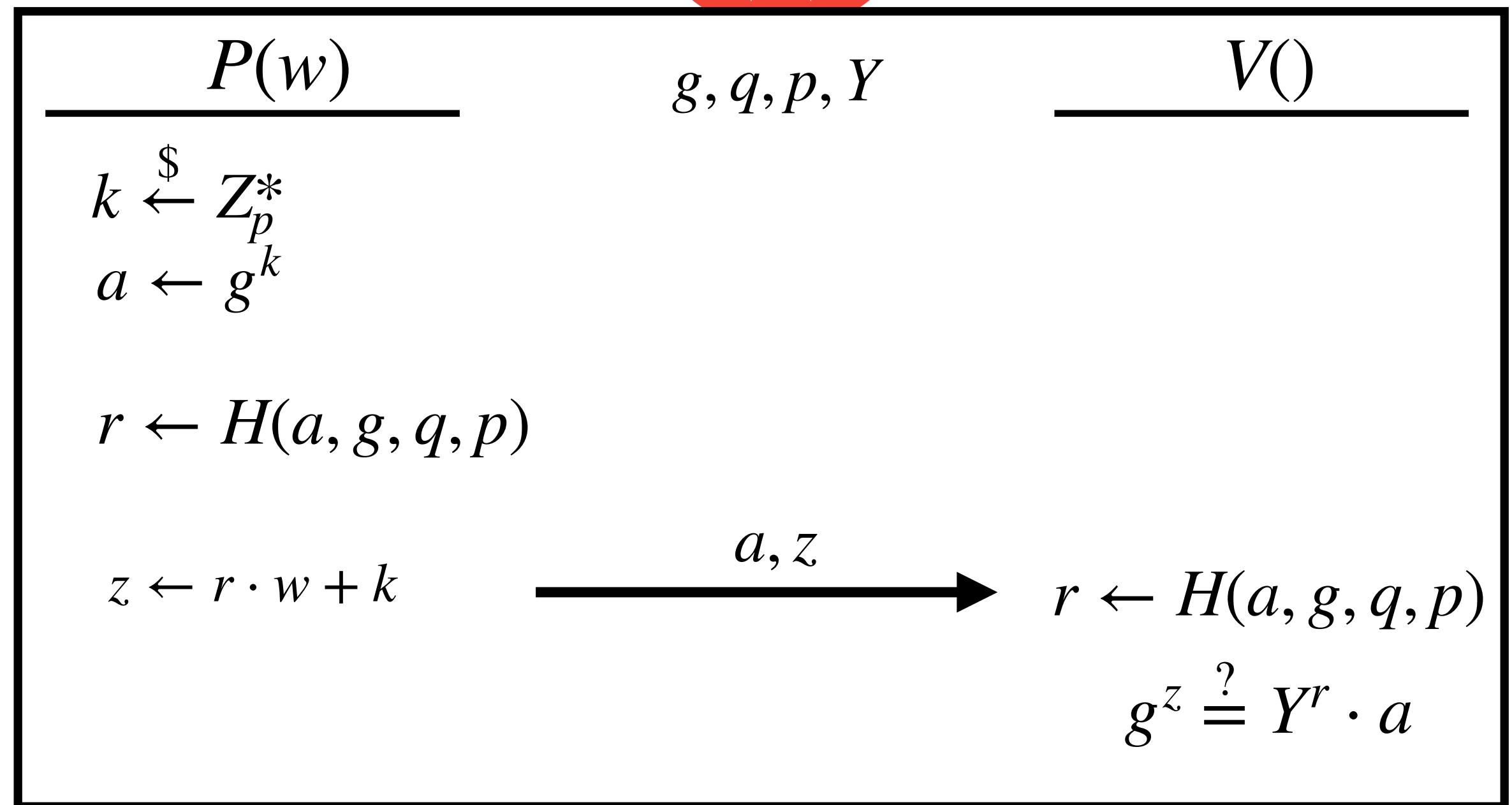
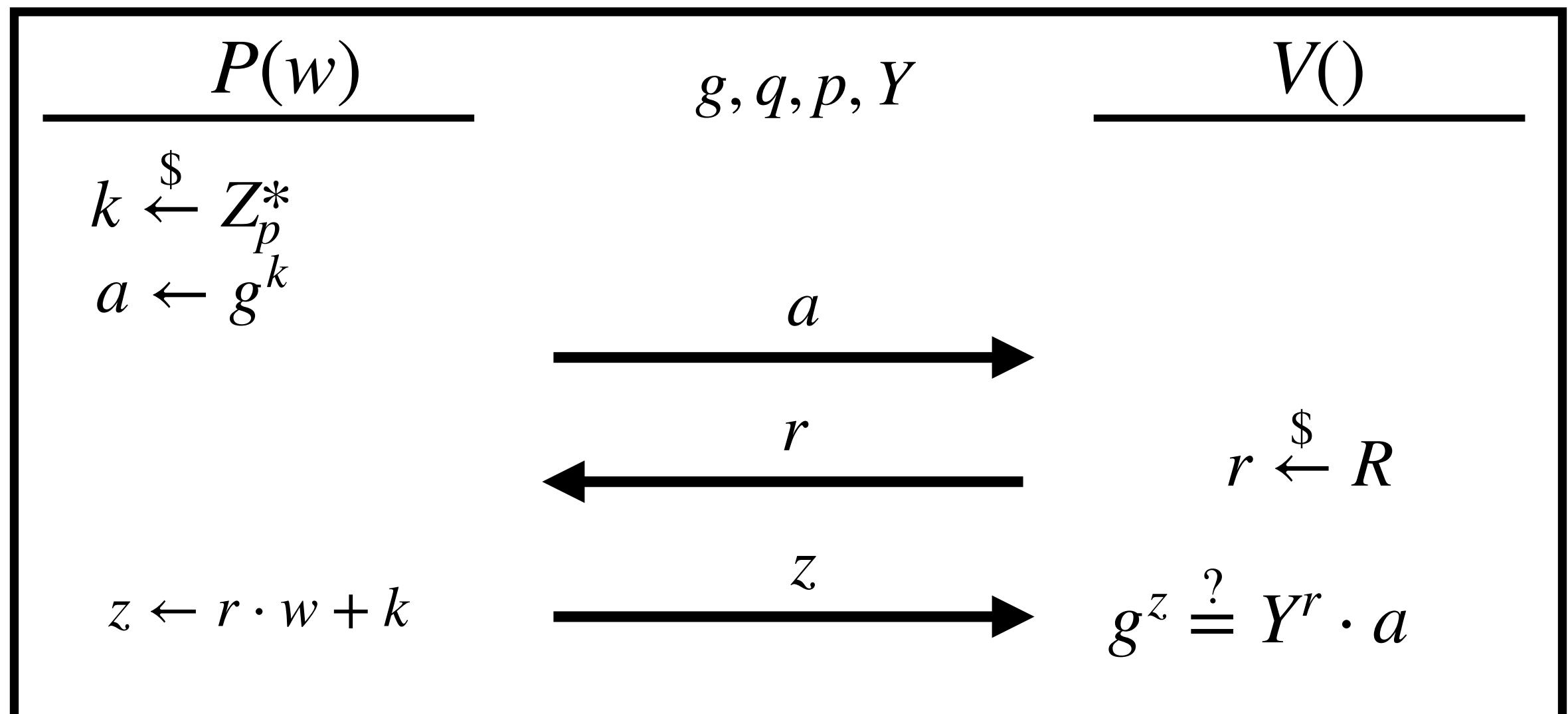
# Sigma Protocol

## Non-interactivity via Fiat Shamir



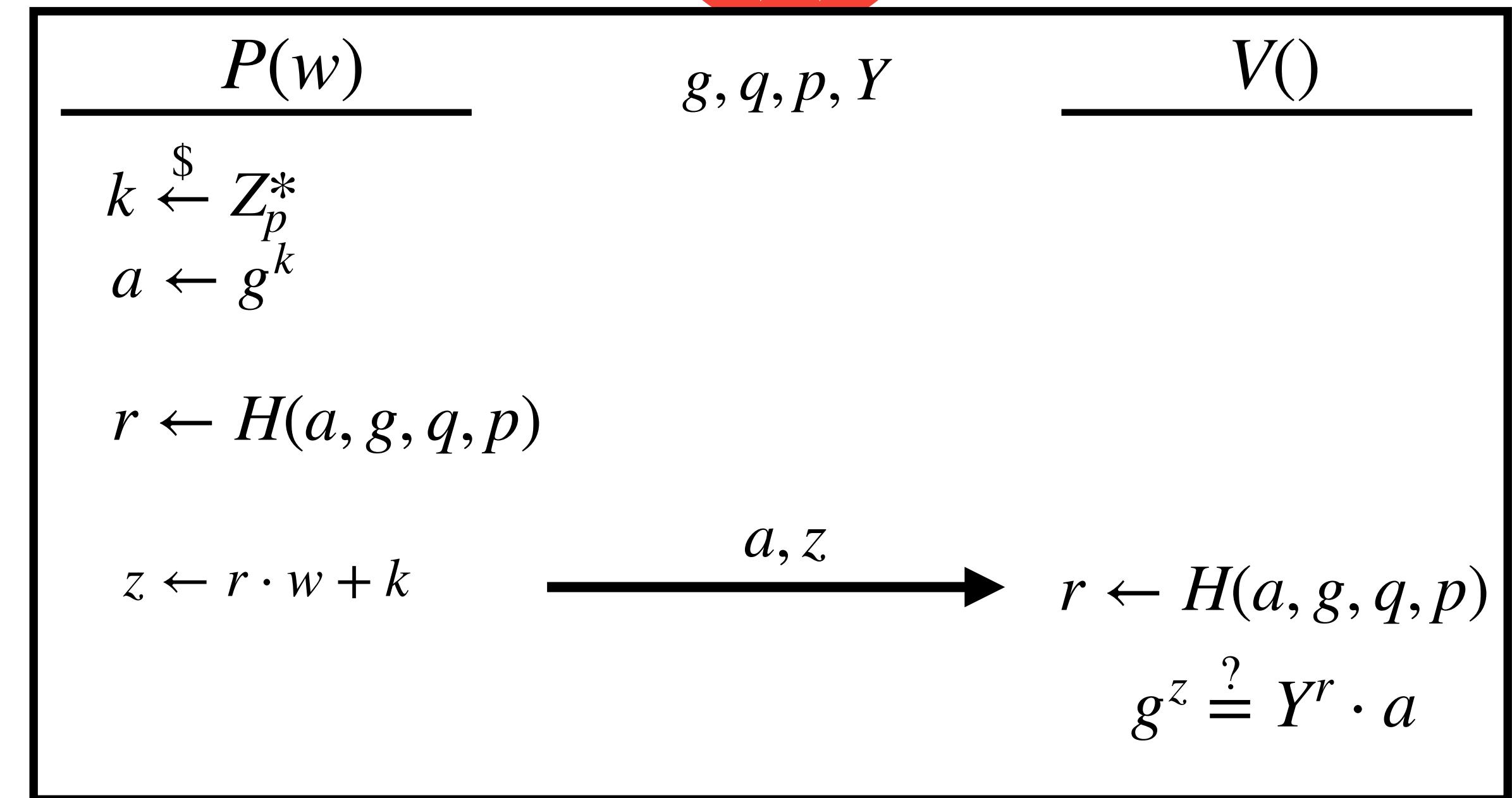
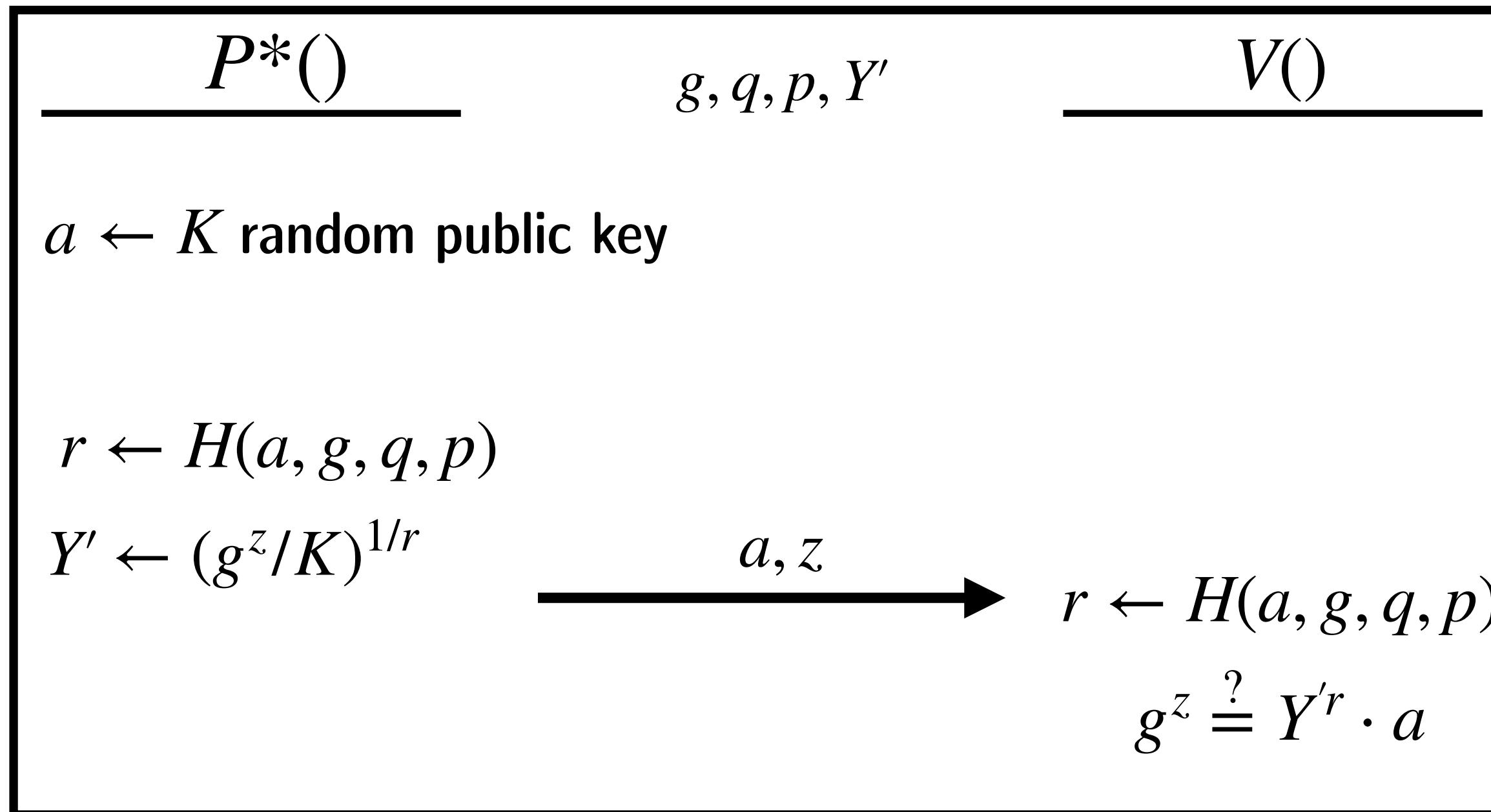
# Sigma Protocol

## Non-interactivity via Fiat Shamir



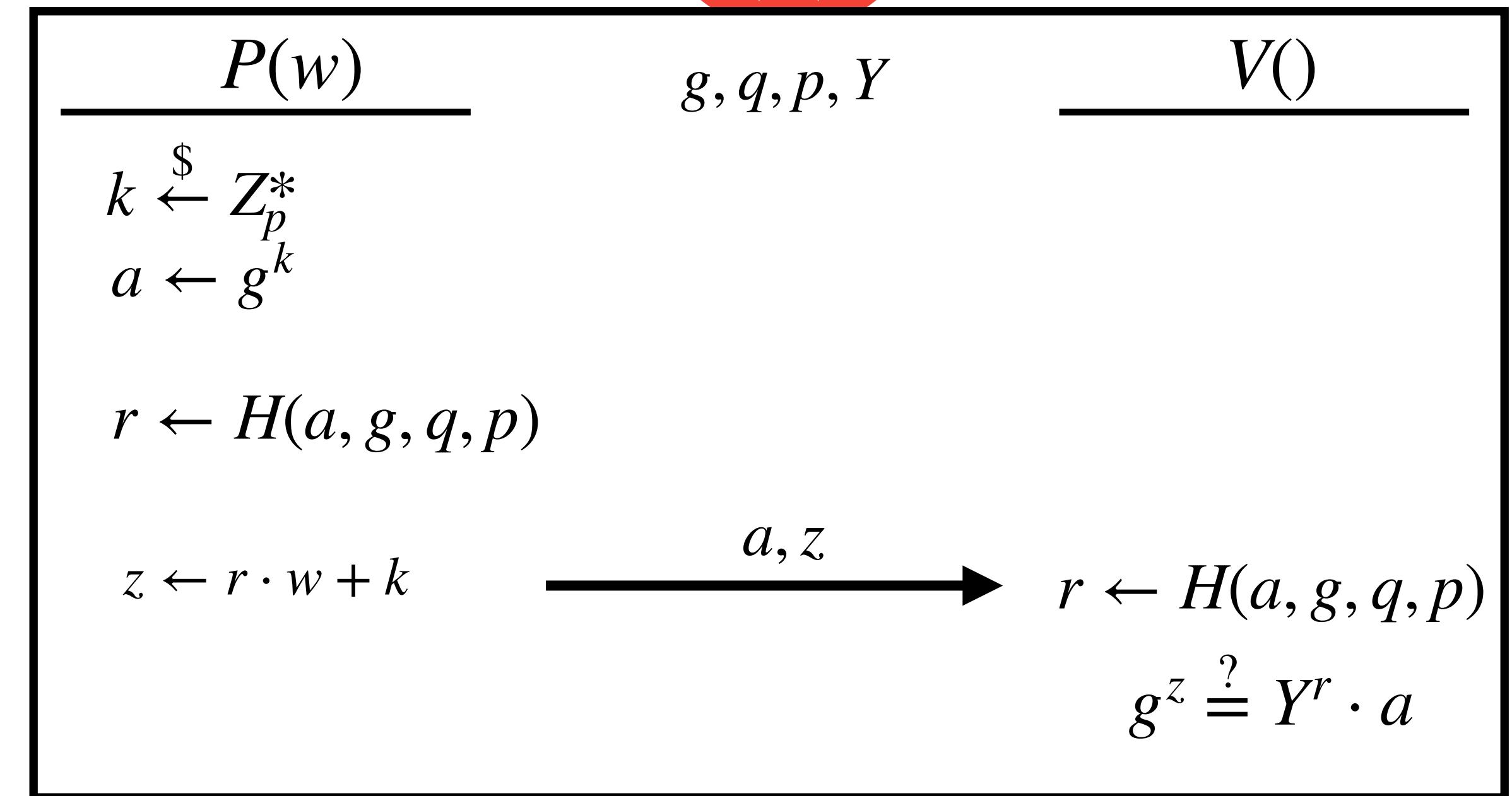
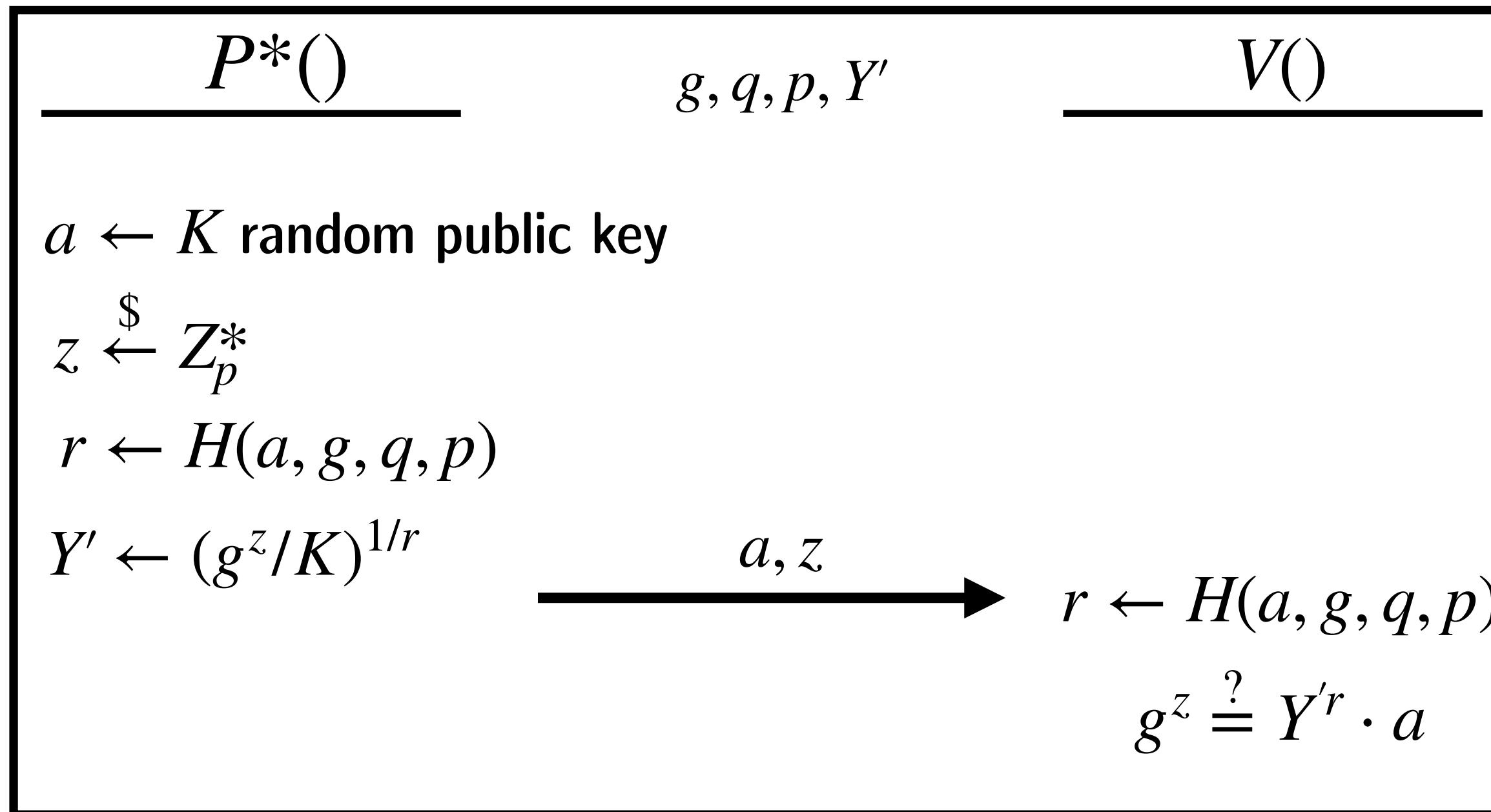
# Sigma Protocol

Non-interactivity via Fiat Shamir [BPW'16]



# Sigma Protocol

Non-interactivity via Fiat Shamir [BPW'16]



# IOP Realization

- IOP + Commitment
- Most cryptographic properties inherited by the commitment scheme.
  - Trusted setup
  - Post-quantum security

# IOP Realization

- IOP + Commitment
- Most cryptographic properties inherited by the commitment scheme.
  - Trusted setup
  - Post-quantum security

# **Infinite Inflation Bug**

## **Zcash Trusted Setup (2017)**

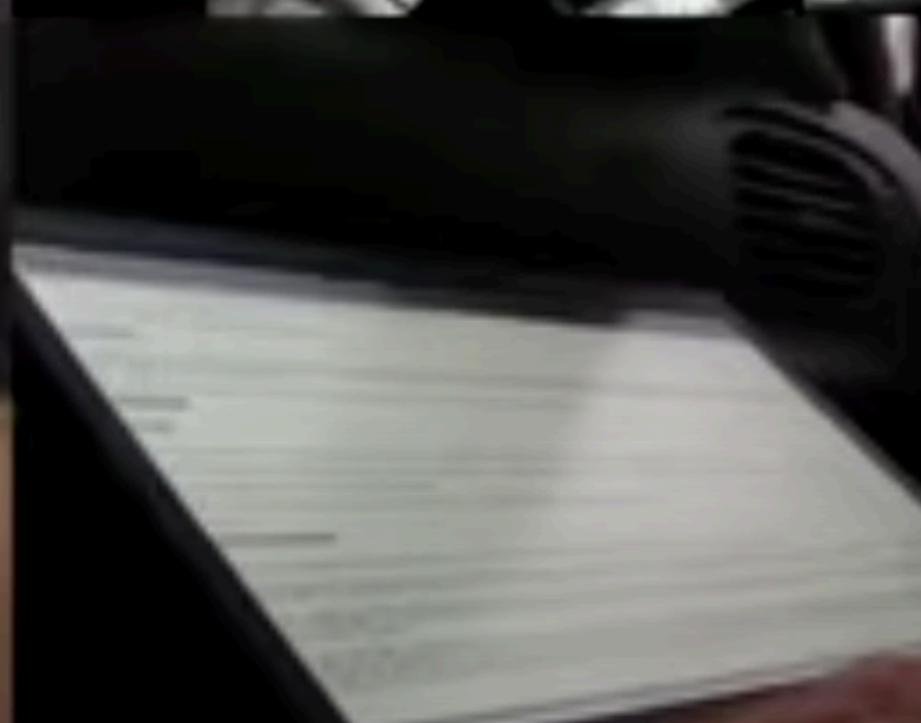
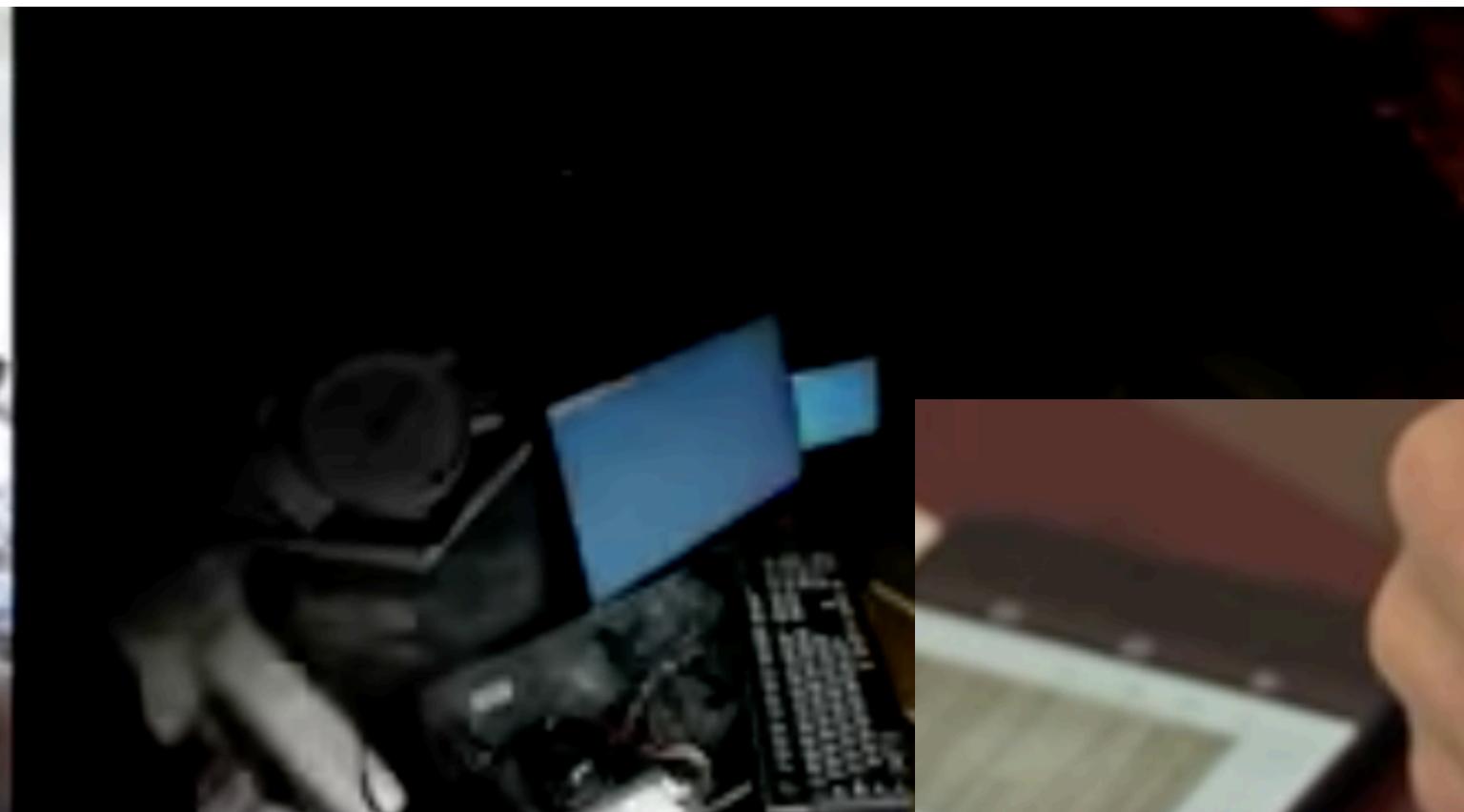
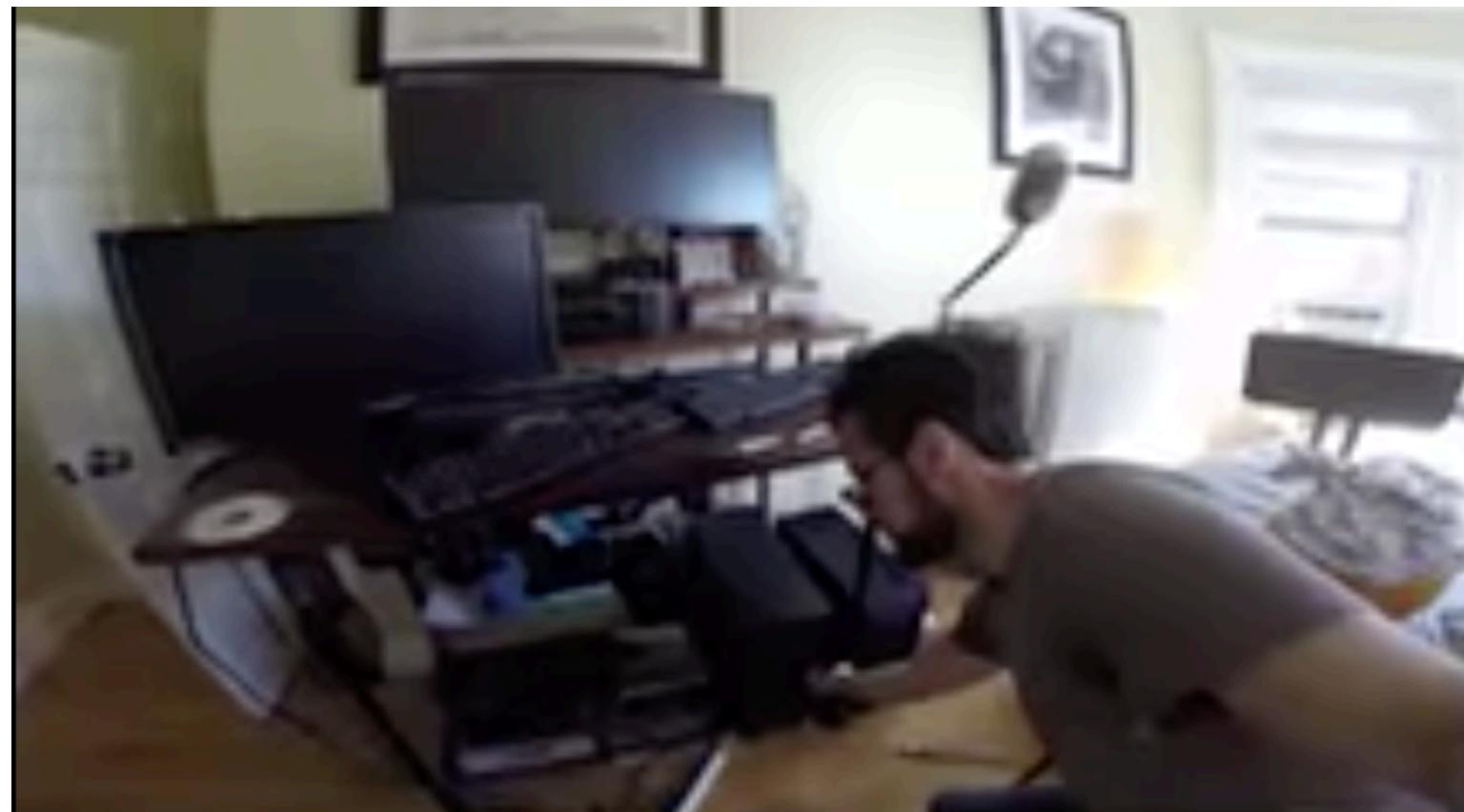
# Infinite Inflation Bug

## Zcash Trusted Setup (2017)



# Infinite Inflation Bug

## Zcash Trusted Setup (2017)



# Infinite Inflation Bug

## Zcash Trusted Setup (2017)

Zcash Counterfeiting Vulnerability Successfully Remediated

Josh Swihart, Benjamin Winston and Sean Bowe | February 5, 2019

# Infinite Inflation Bug

## Zcash Trusted Setup

3. Set  $\mathbf{pk} := (C, \mathbf{pk}_A, \mathbf{pk}'_A, \mathbf{pk}_B, \mathbf{pk}'_B, \mathbf{pk}_C, \mathbf{pk}'_C, \mathbf{pk}_K, \mathbf{pk}_H)$  where  
for  $i = 0, 1, \dots, m + 3$ :

BCTV'13

$$\mathbf{pk}_{A,i} := A_i(\tau) \rho_A \mathcal{P}_1, \quad \mathbf{pk}'_{A,i} := A_i(\tau) \alpha_A \rho_A \mathcal{P}_1,$$

$$\mathbf{pk}_{B,i} := B_i(\tau) \rho_B \mathcal{P}_2, \quad \mathbf{pk}'_{B,i} := B_i(\tau) \alpha_B \rho_B \mathcal{P}_1,$$

$$\mathbf{pk}_{C,i} := C_i(\tau) \rho_A \rho_B \mathcal{P}_1, \quad \mathbf{pk}'_{C,i} := C_i(\tau) \alpha_C \rho_A \rho_B \mathcal{P}_1,$$

$$\mathbf{pk}_{K,i} := \beta (A_i(\tau) \rho_A + B_i(\tau) \rho_B + C_i(\tau) \rho_A \rho_B) \mathcal{P}_1,$$

# Infinite Inflation Bug

## Zcash Trusted Setup

3. Set  $\text{pk} := (C, \text{pk}_A, \text{pk}'_A, \text{pk}_B, \text{pk}'_B, \text{pk}_C, \text{pk}'_C, \text{pk}_K, \text{pk}_H)$  where  
for  $i = 0, 1, \dots, m + 3$ :

BCTV'13

$$\text{pk}_{A,i} := A_i(\tau) \rho_A \mathcal{P}_1, \quad \text{pk}'_{A,i} := A_i(\tau) \alpha_A \rho_A \mathcal{P}_1,$$

$$\text{pk}_{B,i} := B_i(\tau) \rho_B \mathcal{P}_2, \quad \text{pk}'_{B,i} := B_i(\tau) \alpha_B \rho_B \mathcal{P}_1,$$

$$\text{pk}_{C,i} := C_i(\tau) \rho_A \rho_B \mathcal{P}_1, \quad \text{pk}'_{C,i} := C_i(\tau) \alpha_C \rho_A \rho_B \mathcal{P}_1,$$

$$\text{pk}_{K,i} := \beta(A_i(\tau) \rho_A + B_i(\tau) \rho_B + C_i(\tau) \rho_A \rho_B) \mathcal{P}_1,$$

3. Set  $\text{pk} := (C, \text{pk}_A, \text{pk}'_A, \text{pk}_B, \text{pk}'_B, \text{pk}_C, \text{pk}'_C, \text{pk}_K, \text{pk}_H)$  where:

BCTV'19

$$\text{pk}_A := \{A_i(\tau) \rho_A \mathcal{P}_1\}_{i=0}^{m+3}, \quad \text{pk}'_A := \{A_i(\tau) \alpha_A \rho_A \mathcal{P}_1\}_{i=n+1}^{m+3}$$

$$\text{pk}_B := \{B_i(\tau) \rho_B \mathcal{P}_2\}_{i=0}^{m+3}, \quad \text{pk}'_B := \{B_i(\tau) \alpha_B \rho_B \mathcal{P}_1\}_{i=0}^{m+3},$$

$$\text{pk}_C := \{C_i(\tau) \rho_A \rho_B \mathcal{P}_1\}_{i=0}^{m+3}, \quad \text{pk}'_C := \{C_i(\tau) \alpha_C \rho_A \rho_B \mathcal{P}_1\}_{i=0}^{m+3},$$

$$\text{pk}_K := \{\beta(A_i(\tau) \rho_A + B_i(\tau) \rho_B + C_i(\tau) \rho_A \rho_B) \mathcal{P}_1\}_{i=0}^{m+3},$$

# IOP Realization

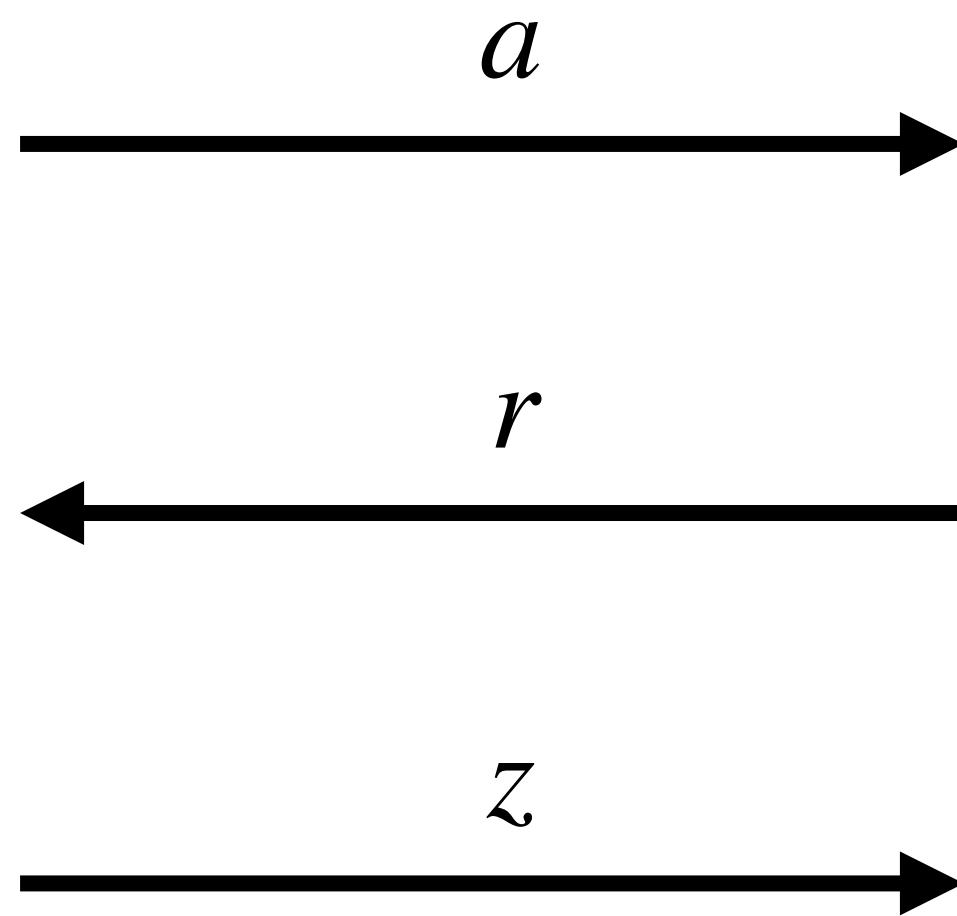
- IOP + Commitment
- Most cryptographic properties inherited by the commitment scheme.
  - Trusted setup
  - Post-quantum security

# Quantum Soundness

Quantum Rewinding [LWS'22]



$P$



$V$

$r \xleftarrow{\$} R$

# Quantum Soundness

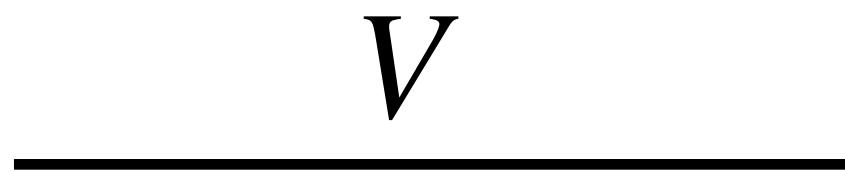
Quantum Rewinding [LWS'22]

$P$



$a$

$V$

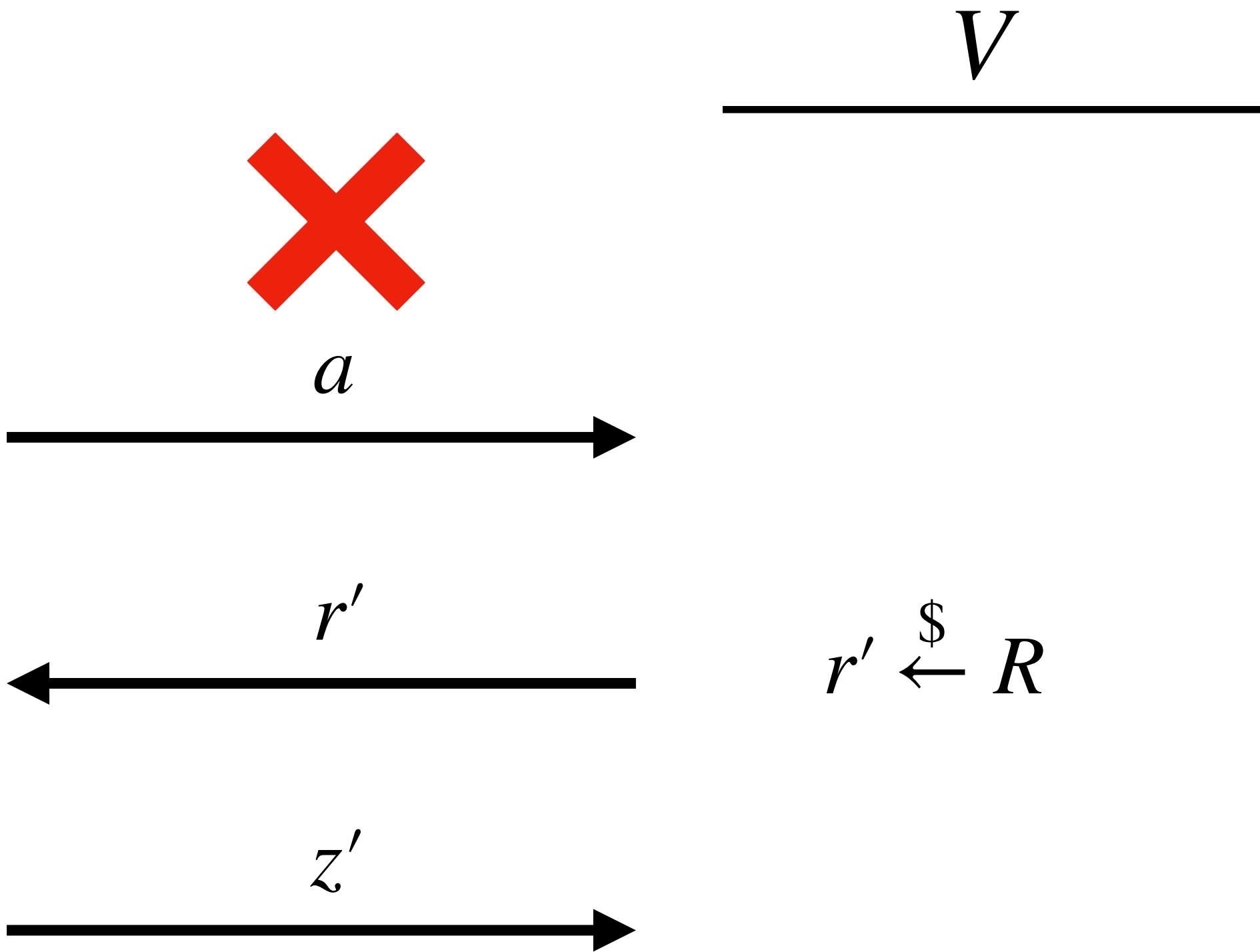


# Quantum Soundness

## Quantum Rewinding [LWS'22]



$P$



$V$

# Quantum Soundness

## Quantum Rewinding [LWS'22]



$P$

Prover State:  $|a\rangle$

measured  $|a\rangle$

$r$

$z$

$V$

$r \xleftarrow{\$} R$

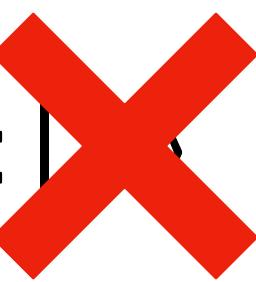
# Quantum Soundness

Quantum Rewinding [LWS'22]



$P$

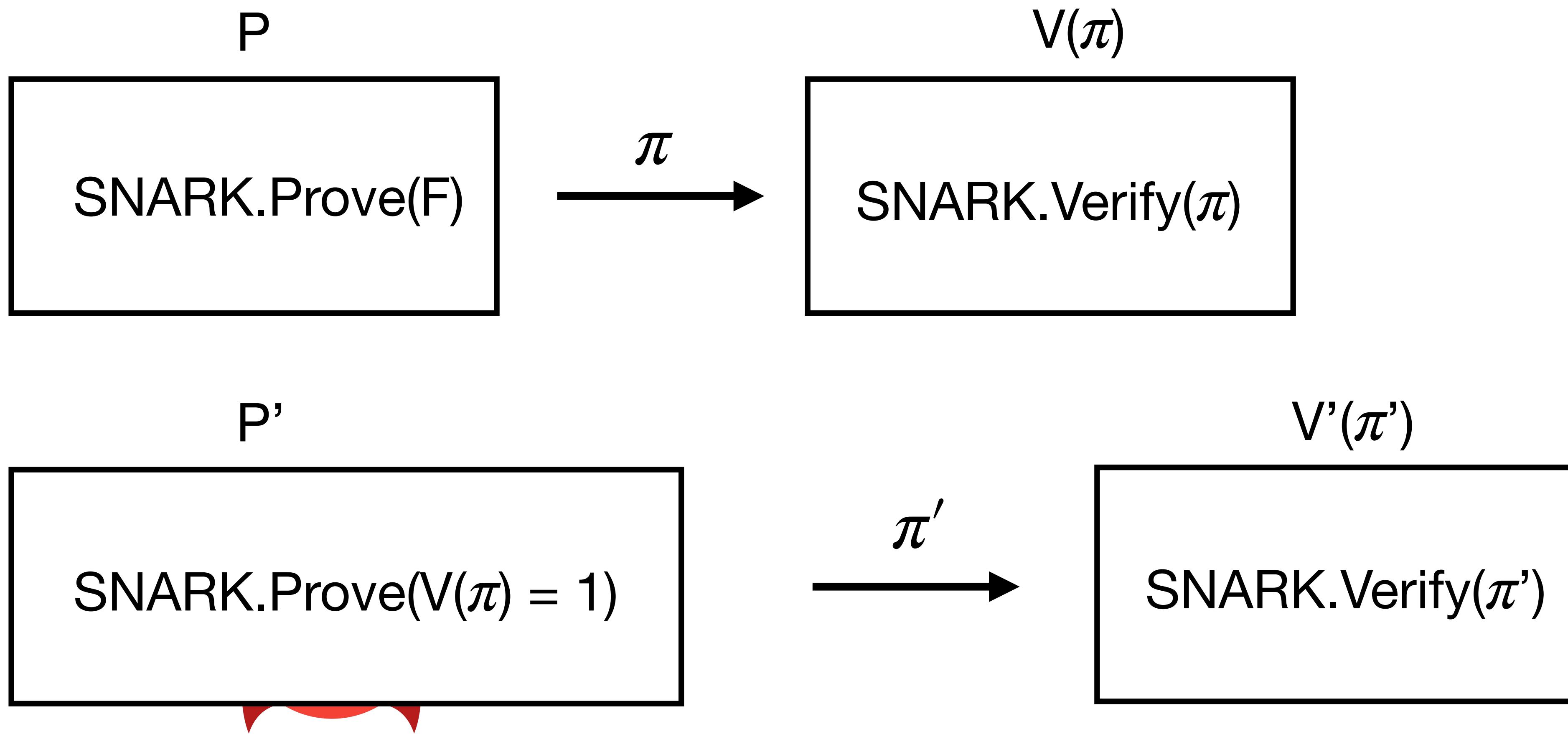
Prover State: | $\psi$  $\rangle$



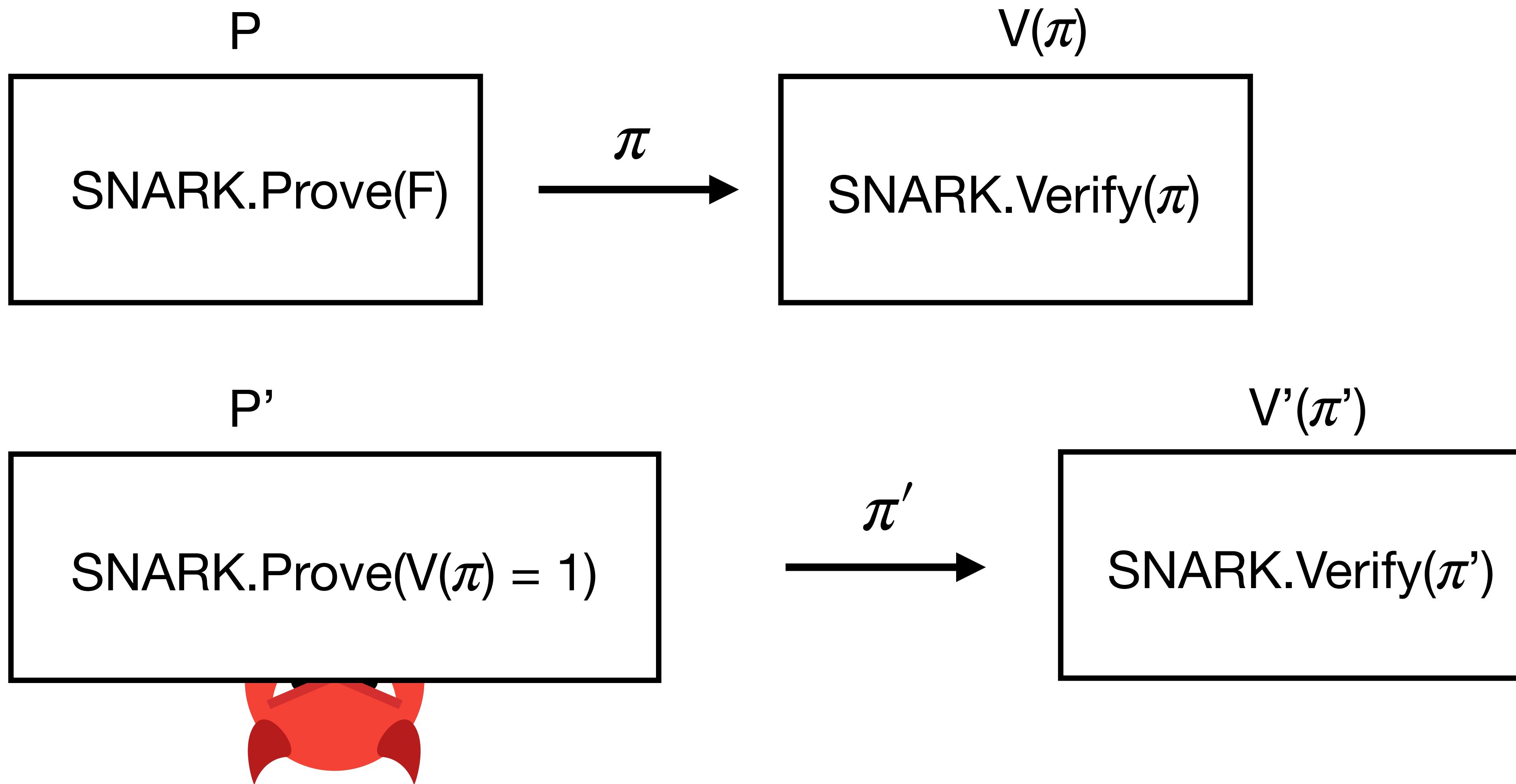
measured | $a$  $\rangle$

$V$

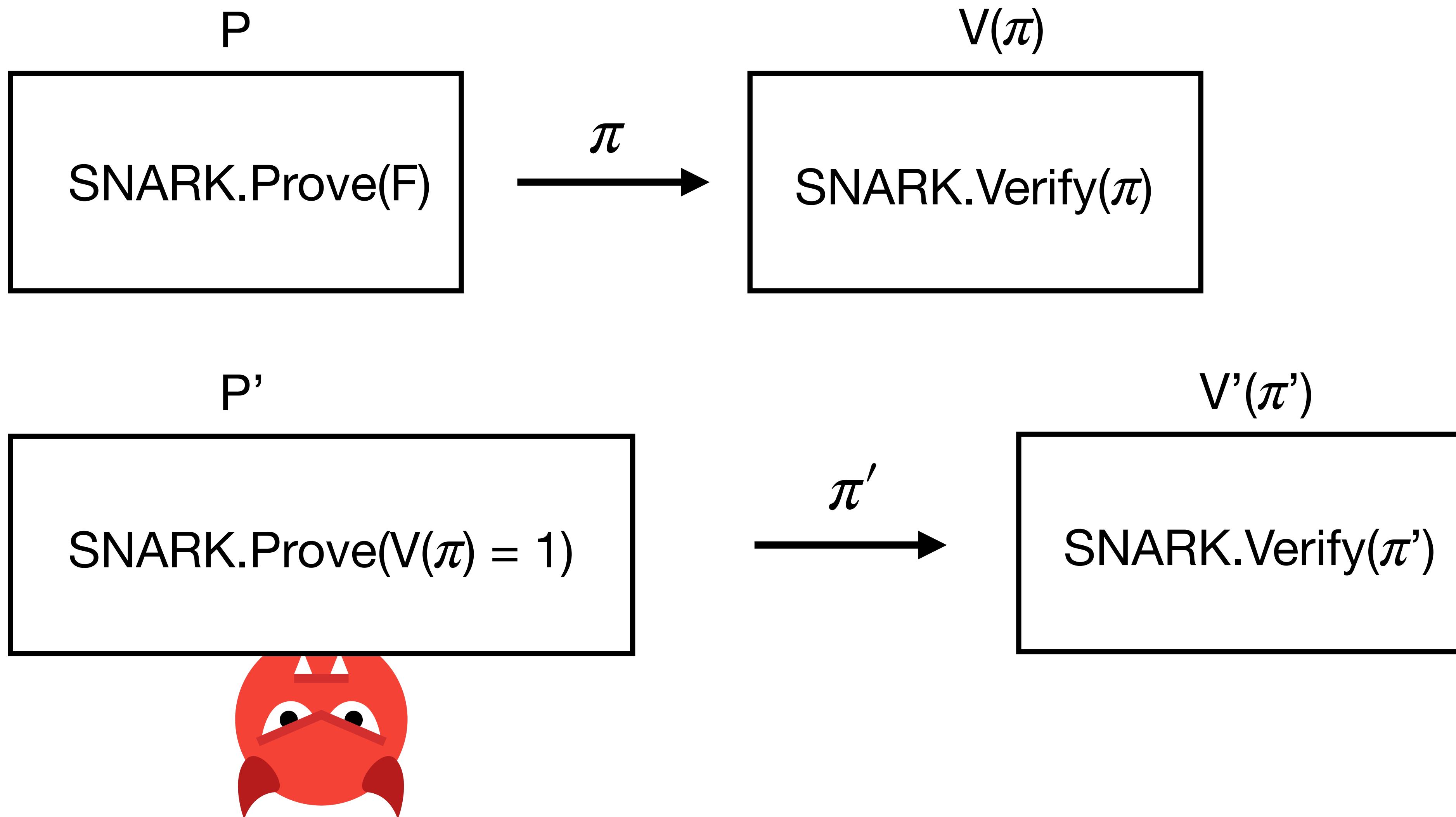
# Proof Composition



# Proof Composition



# Proof Composition



**Doğru giden birçok şey var**

^

**Ters gidebilecek birçok şey var**

⇒

**Birçok şey ters gidecek**

# Teşekkürler!

Abdullah Talayhan

 @talayhan\_a

[abdullahtalayhan.com](http://abdullahtalayhan.com)

[abdullah.talayhan@epfl.ch](mailto:abdullah.talayhan@epfl.ch)