Course: Principals of Software Development – ENSF 409

Lab 6

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Exercise B

BlockingPlayer.java

```
import java.io.BufferedReader;
import java.io.PrintWriter;
* Provides a tic tac toe robot Player that attempts to block every move it's opponent makes.
* @version 1.0
* @author Mitchell Sawatzky and Connor Newman
* @since Mar 2016
public class BlockingPlayer extends RandomPlayer {
   /**
     ^{st} Constructs a BlockingPlayer object with the specified name, mark, and board.
     * @param name the Player's name
     * @param mark the Player's mark
     * @param board the Player's board
     * @param in the incoming socket
     * @param out the outgoing socket
    public BlockingPlayer(String name, char mark, Board board, BufferedReader in, PrintWriter out) {
        super (name, mark, board, in, out);
    }
     * Detects whether or not the opponent is about to win, and blocks it if necesarry, otherwise it makes
a random move.
    protected void makeMove() {
        for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
            for (int j = 0; j < 3; j++) {
                if ((board.getMark(i, j) == SPACE_CHAR) && testForBlocking(i, j)) {
                    board.addMark(i, j, mark);
                    return;
                }
            }
       }
        super.makeMove();
    }
```

```
* Tests wether or not the specified board space would win the game for the opponent if they played
there on the next turn.
     * @param row the row of the board to test
     st @param col the column of the board to test
     ^{st} @return true if the space needs to be blocked, false otherwise
    protected boolean testForBlocking(int row, int col) {
        char oM = opponent.mark();
       boolean res = true;
       // row
        for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
            if ((i != col) && (board.getMark(row, i) != oM)) {
                res = false;
                break;
            }
        }
        if (res)
            return true;
       // col
       res = true;
        for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
            if ((i != row) && (board.getMark(i, col) != oM)) {
                res = false;
                break;
            }
        }
        if (res)
            return true;
       // can't be diagonal
        if ((row + col) % 2 != 0)
            return false;
        // diagonal
        switch (row) {
            case 0:
                if (col != 0 && board.getMark(2, 0) == oM && board.getMark(1, 1) == oM)
                    return true;
                else if (board.getMark(2, 2) == oM && board.getMark(1, 1) == oM)
```

```
return true;
            break;
        case 1:
            if ((board.getMark(0, 0) == oM && board.getMark(2, 2) == oM) ||
                (board.getMark(0, 2) == oM && board.getMark(2, 0) == oM))
                return true;
            break;
        case 2:
            if (col != 0 \&\& board.getMark(0, 0) == oM \&\& board.getMark(1, 1) == oM)
                return true;
            else if (board.getMark(0, 2) == oM && board.getMark(1, 1) == oM)
                return true;
            break;
   }
    return false;
}
```

Board.java

```
import java.io.PrintWriter;
// Board.java
// ENSF 409 - LAB 3 - Ex. C
// This file was originally written for ENGG 335 in fall 2001, and was
// adapted for ENSF 409 in 2014
//
 * Provides a tic-tac-toe board and logic to fill, empty, and test if a player has won.
 * @author Originally written by Mahmood Moussavi, modified by Mitchell Sawatzky and Connor Newman
 * @version 1.0
 * @since Originally written in fall 2001, adapted in 2014, modified in 2016
 */
public class Board implements Constants {
     * Two-Dimensional char array to hold the values of each slot on the board
        private char theBoard[][];
     * The total number of slots filled in on the board.
     */
```

```
private int markCount;
/**
* Constructs a Board object without any spaces filled in.
   public Board() {
            markCount = 0;
            theBoard = new char[3][];
            for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
                    theBoard[i] = new char[3];
                    for (int j = 0; j < 3; j++)
                            theBoard[i][j] = SPACE_CHAR;
            }
   }
* Returns the value of a board slot at a given row and column.
* @param row the row to retrieve the board slot from
^{st} @param col the column to retrieve the board slot from
* @return the Character value of the board slot
   public char getMark(int row, int col) {
            return theBoard[row][col];
   }
/**
* Returns whether or not the board has values in all 9 slots.
* @return True if all 9 slots are full, False otherwise
*/
   public boolean isFull() {
            return markCount == 9;
   }
* Checks whether or not the letter X has won on the current board.
* @return 0 if X has not won, 1 otherwise
   public int xWins() {
            return checkWinner(LETTER_X);
   }
```

```
* Checks whether or not the letter O has won on the current board.
* @return 0 if 0 has not won, 1 otherwise
   public int oWins() {
           return checkWinner(LETTER_0);
   }
* Prints the board to stdout.
* @param out the stream to output the board to
   public void display(PrintWriter out) {
           displayColumnHeaders(out);
           addHyphens(out);
           for (int row = 0; row < 3; row++) {</pre>
                   addSpaces(out);
                   out.print("P
                                    row " + row + ' ');
                   for (int col = 0; col < 3; col++)
                            out.print("| " + getMark(row, col) + " ");
                   out.println("|");
                   addSpaces(out);
                   addHyphens(out);
           }
   }
* Sets the value of the board slot at a given row and column.
* @param row the row to set the slot value
* @param col the column to set the slot value
* @param mark the Character to set the slot to
   public void addMark(int row, int col, char mark) {
           theBoard[row][col] = mark;
           markCount++;
   }
* Resets every value on the board to SPACE_CHAR.
   public void clear() {
           for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
                   for (int j = 0; j < 3; j++)
```

```
theBoard[i][j] = SPACE_CHAR;
           markCount = 0;
   }
* Uses tic-tac-toe logic to determine if a specific player has won.
* @param mark the player to check, either LETTER_X or LETTER_O
st @return 0 if the player has lost, 1 otherwise
   int checkWinner(char mark) {
           int row, col;
           int result = 0;
           for (row = 0; result == 0 && row < 3; row++) {
                    int row_result = 1;
                    for (col = 0; row_result == 1 && col < 3; col++)</pre>
                            if (theBoard[row][col] != mark)
                                    row_result = 0;
                   if (row_result != 0)
                            result = 1;
           }
           for (col = 0; result == 0 && col < 3; col++) {
                    int col_result = 1;
                    for (row = 0; col_result != 0 && row < 3; row++)</pre>
                            if (theBoard[row][col] != mark)
                                    col_result = 0;
                    if (col_result != 0)
                            result = 1;
           }
           if (result == 0) {
                   int diag1Result = 1;
                    for (row = 0; diag1Result != 0 && row < 3; row++)</pre>
                            if (theBoard[row][row] != mark)
                                    diag1Result = 0;
                    if (diag1Result != 0)
                            result = 1;
           }
           if (result == 0) {
                    int diag2Result = 1;
```

```
for (row = 0; diag2Result != 0 && row < 3; row++)</pre>
                            if (theBoard[row][3 - 1 - row] != mark)
                                    diag2Result = 0;
                    if (diag2Result != 0)
                            result = 1;
            }
            return result;
   }
/**
* Print the board's column headers to stdout.
* @param out the stream to output the board to
   void displayColumnHeaders(PrintWriter out) {
            out.print("P
            for (int j = 0; j < 3; j++)
                    out.print("|col " + j);
            out.println();
   }
/**
* Adds a line to separate the board's rows.
st @param out the stream to output the board to
   void addHyphens(PrintWriter out) {
            out.print("P
            for (int j = 0; j < 3; j++)
                    out.print("+----");
            out.println("+");
   }
/**
* Adds spacing inside the board to correctly place the values of the slots.
st @param out the stream to output the board to
   void addSpaces(PrintWriter out) {
            out.print("P
                                   ");
            for (int j = 0; j < 3; j++)
                    out.print("| ");
            out.println("|");
   }
```

}

Constants.java

```
//*
 * Provides constants to the rest of the Package.
 * @version 1.0
 * @author Originally written by Mahmood Moussavi, modified by Mitchell Sawatzky and Connor Newman
 * @since Originally written in fall 2001, adapted in 2014, modified in 2016
 */
public interface Constants {
    /**
    * The character to use when the board slot is empty.
    */
        static final char SPACE_CHAR = ' ';

/**
    * The character to use when Player O has entered into the board.
    */
        static final char LETTER_O = 'O';

/**
    * The character to use when Player X has entered into the board.
    */
        static final char LETTER_X = 'X';
}
```

Game.java

```
//Game.java
import java.io.*;

/**

* @author Started by: M. Moussavi

* Completed by: Mitchell Sawatzky and Connor Newman

* Asks the user to select a player type, creates the player, creates the board,

* assigns a referee to the game, then initiates the game.

*/
public class Game implements Constants {
```

```
* The board
     */
    private Board theBoard;
    /**
     * The referee
     */
    private Referee theRef;
    /**
     ^{st} creates a board for the game
     */
public Game( ) {
   theBoard = new Board();
    }
/**
* calls the referee method runTheGame
 * @param r refers to the appointed referee for the game
 * @throws IOException
 */
public void appointReferee(Referee r) throws IOException {
   theRef = r;
    theRef.runTheGame();
}
    /**
     * Creates the specified type of player indicated by the user.
     * @param name player's name
     * @param mark player's mark (X or O)
     * @param board refers to the game board
     * @param sin refers to an input stream
     ^{st} @param sout refers to an output stream
     * @return a newly created player
     * @throws IOException
     */
    static public Player create_player(String name, char mark, Board board,
                    BufferedReader sin, PrintWriter sout) throws IOException {
            // Get the player type.
            final int NUMBER_OF_TYPES = 4;
```

```
sout.println("P \nP What type of player is " + name + "?\nP ");
sout.println("P 1: human\nP " + " 2: Random Player\nP "
+ " 3: Blocking Player\nP " + " 4: Smart Player\nP ");
sout.println("I Please enter a number in the range 1-" + NUMBER_OF_TYPES + ": ");
int player_type = 0;
String input;
input = sin.readLine();
if (input == null || input.length() == 0) {
        player_type = -1;
} else {
        player_type = Integer.parseInt(input);
}
while (player_type < 1 || player_type > NUMBER_OF_TYPES) {
        sout.println("P Please try again.\nP ");
        sout.println("I Enter a number in the range 1-" +NUMBER_OF_TYPES + ": ");
        input = sin.readLine();
        if (input == null || input.length() == 0) {
                player_type = -1;
        } else {
                player_type = Integer.parseInt(input);
        }
}
// Create a specific type of Player
Player result = null;
switch(player_type) {
        case 1:
                result = new HumanPlayer(name, mark, board, sin, sout);
                break;
        case 2:
                result = new RandomPlayer(name, mark, board, sin, sout);
                break;
        case 3:
                result = new BlockingPlayer(name, mark, board, sin, sout);
                break;
        case 4:
                result = new SmartPlayer(name, mark, board, sin, sout);
                break;
        default:
                System.out.print ( "\nDefault case in switch should not be reached.\n"
                + " Program terminated.\n");
```

```
System.exit(0);
                }
                return result;
        }
         * Starts a new game
         * @param p1sin the input stream for player 1
         * @param p1sout the output stream for player 1
         * @param p2sin the input stream for player 2
         * @param p2sout the output stream for player 2
         * @throws IOException
        public void start (BufferedReader p1sin, PrintWriter p1sout, BufferedReader p2sin, PrintWriter
p2sout) throws IOException {
                Player xPlayer, oPlayer;
                p1sout.println("I Please enter the name of the \'X\' player.");
                String name = p1sin.readLine();
                while (name == null && name.length() != 0) {
                        p1sout.println("I Please try again: ");
                        name = p1sin.readLine();
                }
                xPlayer = Game.create_player(name, LETTER_X, theBoard, p1sin, p1sout);
                p2sout.println("I Please enter the name of the \'0\' player.");
                name = p2sin.readLine();
                while (name == null && name.length() != 0) {
                        p2sout.println("I Please try again: ");
                        name = p2sin.readLine();
                }
                oPlayer = Game.create_player(name, LETTER_0, theBoard, p2sin, p2sout);
                appointReferee(new Referee(theBoard, xPlayer, oPlayer));
        }
}
```

HumanPlayer.java

```
import java.io.BufferedReader;
import java.io.PrintWriter;

/**
 * Provides methods to gather input from stdin in order to play a game of tic tac toe.
 * @author Mitchell Sawatzky and Connor Newman
```

```
* @version 1.0
 * @since Mar 2016
*/
public class HumanPlayer extends Player {
    /**
     * Constructs a HumanPlayer object with the specified name, mark, and board.
     * @param name the Player's name
     * @param mark the Player's mark
     * @param board the Board to play the game on
     st @param in the input stream
     * @param out the output stream
    public HumanPlayer(String name, char mark, Board board, BufferedReader in, PrintWriter out) {
        super(name, mark, board, in, out);
    }
     * Starts a game of tic tac toe with this player as player X.
     * @throws IOException
    public void play() throws java.io.IOException {
        String winner;
       Player p = this;
       while (true) {
            if (board.isFull()) {
                winner = "Nobody";
                break;
            } else if (board.xWins() == 1) {
                winner = name;
                break;
            } else if (board.oWins() == 1) {
                winner = opponent.name();
                break;
            board.display(p.sout);
            p.makeMove();
            p = p.opponent;
        }
        sout.printf("P \nP THE GAME IS OVER: %s is the winner!\n", winner);
        opponent.sout.printf("P \nP THE GAME IS OVER: %s is the winner!\n", winner);
        sout.println("Q");
```

```
opponent.sout.println("Q");
    sout.close();
   sin.close();
   opponent.sout.close();
   opponent.sin.close();
   System.exit(0);
}
/**
 * Prompts the user via stdout to make a move on the tic tac toe Baord.
 * @throws IOException
public void makeMove() throws java.io.IOException {
   int row, col;
   Player p = this;
   while (true) {
       while (true) {
            String input = "";
            boolean success = true;
            do {
                sout.printf("I %s, what row should your next %c be placed in?\n", p.name, p.mark);
                input = sin.readLine();
                try {
                    Integer.parseInt(input);
                    success = false;
                } catch (NumberFormatException e) {
            } while (success);
            row = Integer.parseInt(input);
            if (row < 0 || row > 2)
                sout.printf("P \nP Invalid row: %d, please try again.\n", row);
            else
                break;
       }
       while (true) {
            String input = "";
            boolean success = true;
            do {
                sout.printf("I %s, what column should your next %c be placed in?\n", p.name, p.mark);
                input = sin.readLine();
```

```
try {
                        Integer.parseInt(input);
                        success = false;
                    } catch (NumberFormatException e) {
                } while (success);
                col = Integer.parseInt(input);
                if (col < 0 \mid \mid col > 2)
                    sout.printf("P \nP Invalid row: %d, please try again.\n", col);
                else
                    break;
            }
            if (board.getMark(row, col) == SPACE_CHAR) {
                board.addMark(row, col, mark);
                break;
            } else {
                sout.printf("P \nP The coordinate (%d, %d) has already been used.\n", row, col);
            }
        }
    }
}
```

Player.java

```
//Player.java
import java.io.BufferedReader;
import java.io.PrintWriter;

/**
 * Provides a container to hold a Player's name and preferred mark (X or 0), as well as logic prototypes.
 * @author Mitchell Sawatzky and Connor Newman
 * @version 1.0
 * @since Mar 5, 2016
 */
abstract class Player implements Constants {
    /**
    * The name of the player.
    */
    protected String name;
```

```
* The player's mark, either 'X' or 'O'.
protected char mark;
/**
 st The player's opponent.
protected Player opponent;
/**
 \ensuremath{^{*}} The Board to play the game on.
protected Board board;
/**
 * The input stream
 */
protected BufferedReader sin;
/**
 * The output stream
protected PrintWriter sout;
/**
 * Constructs a Player Object with a given name, mark, and Board.
 * @param name the Player's name
 * @param mark the Player's mark, either 'X' or '0'
 * @param b the Board to play the game on
 * @param in the input stream
 * @param out the output stream
 */
public Player(String name, char mark, Board b, BufferedReader in, PrintWriter out) {
    this.name = name;
    this.mark = mark;
    this.board = b;
    sin = in;
    sout = out;
}
/**
```

```
* Getter function for the Player's name.
 * @return the String name of the Player
*/
protected String name() {
   return name;
}
* Getter function for the Player's mark
* @return the char mark of the Player
*/
protected char mark() {
   return mark;
}
* Sets the opponent of a given Player to another Player.
* @param opp the Player opponent
*/
protected void setOpponent(Player other) {
   this.opponent = other;
}
* Initiate a game of tic-tac-toe with the opponent player.
 * @throws IOException
*/
abstract protected void play() throws java.io.IOException;
/**
* Prompt the user to place their mark on a given board slot retrieved through stdin.
 * @Throws IOException
abstract protected void makeMove() throws java.io.IOException;
```

RandomGenerator.java

```
// RandomGenerator.java
import java.util.Random;
/**
 * Provides a method to spawn a random integer.
```

```
* @author M. Moussavi
class RandomGenerator {
/**
 * creates a random number ranging between lo and hi,
 * @param lo the lower bound of the random integer
 ^{st} @param hi the upper bound of the random integer
 * @return the random integer
        int discrete(int lo, int hi)
                if(lo >= hi){}
                         System.out.println("Error discrete, lo >= hi");
                         System.exit(0);
                }
                Random r = new Random();
                int d = r.nextInt(hi - lo + 1) + lo;
                return d;
        }
```

RandomPlayer.java

```
import java.io.BufferedReader;
import java.io.PrintWriter;
/**

* Provides a tic tac toe robot that randomly chooses a space on every move.

* @author Mitchell Sawatzky and Connor Newman

* @version 1.0

* @since Mar 2016

*/
public class RandomPlayer extends Player {

    /**

    * Constructs a RandomPlayer object with the specified name, mark, and board.

    * @param name the name of the player

    * @param mark the mark of the player

    * @param board the game board

    * @param in the input stream

    * @param out the output stream

    * @param out the output stream

    * @param out the output stream

* @param out the output stream
```

```
*/
public RandomPlayer(String name, char mark, Board board, BufferedReader in, PrintWriter out) {
    super(name, mark, board, in, out);
}
 \ensuremath{^{*}} Starts a game of tic tac toe with this player as player X.
 * @throws IOException
protected void play() throws java.io.IOException {
   String winner;
   Player p = this;
   while (true) {
        if (board.isFull()) {
            winner = "Nobody";
            break;
        } else if (board.xWins() == 1) {
            winner = p.name;
            break;
        } else if (board.oWins() == 1) {
            winner = p.opponent.name();
            break;
        board.display(p.sout);
        p.makeMove();
        p = p.opponent;
    sout.printf("P \nP THE GAME IS OVER: %s is the winner!\n", winner);
    opponent.sout.printf("P \nP THE GAME IS OVER: %s is the winner!\n", winner);
    sout.println("Q");
    opponent.sout.println("Q");
    sout.close();
    sin.close();
    opponent.sout.close();
   opponent.sin.close();
   System.exit(0);
}
* Picks a random board slot and makes a move there.
 */
protected void makeMove() {
```

```
RandomGenerator rand = new RandomGenerator();
int row, col;

do {
    row = rand.discrete(0, 2);
    col = rand.discrete(0, 2);
} while (board.getMark(row, col) != SPACE_CHAR);

board.addMark(row, col, mark);
}
```

Referee.java

```
//Referee.java
* Mediates and controls a game of Tic Tac Toe.
\ensuremath{^{*}} Begins the game by printing the board, and then asks Player X to choose
* @author Mitchell Sawatzky and Connor Newman
* @version 1.0
* @since Mar 5, 2016
*/
public class Referee {
    /**
     * Player X of the game.
    private Player x;
    /**
     * Player O of the game.
    private Player o;
     * The board to play on.
    private Board b;
     * Construct a Referee object from Players and a Board.
     * @param board the Board for the referee to control
     st @param xPlayer the player with the mark 'X'
```

```
* @param oPlayer the player with the mark 'O'
 */
public Referee(Board board, Player xPlayer, Player oPlayer) {
   this.b = board;
   this.x = xPlayer;
   this.o = oPlayer;
}
/**
 * Initiate a game with Player X as the starting player.
 * @throws IOException
public void runTheGame() throws java.io.IOException {
   x.setOpponent(o);
   o.setOpponent(x);
   x.play();
   x.sout.println("\033[1mGame ended ...\033[0m");
   o.sout.println("\033[1mGame ended ...\033[0m");
}
```

SmartPlayer.java

```
import java.io.BufferedReader;
import java.io.PrintWriter;
/**
 * Provides a tic tac toe robot that first checks it it can win, and then checks whether or not it can
block the opponent from winning.
* @author Mitchell Sawatzky and Connor Newman
* @version 1.0
* @since Mar 2016
*/
public class SmartPlayer extends BlockingPlayer {
    /**
     * Constructs a SmartPlayer object with the specified name, mark, and board.
     * @param name the Player's name
     * @param mark the Player's mark
     * @param board the board to play the game on
     * @param in the input stream
     * @param out the output stream
```

```
public SmartPlayer(String name, char mark, Board board, BufferedReader in, PrintWriter out) {
        super(name, mark, board, in, out);
    }
     * First checks whether it can win the game, and then falls back to BlockingPlayer's logic to block
the opponent.
    protected void makeMove() {
        for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
            for (int j = 0; j < 3; j++) {
                if ((board.getMark(i, j) == SPACE_CHAR) && testForWinning(i, j)) {
                    board.addMark(i, j, mark);
                    return;
                }
            }
       }
       super.makeMove();
    }
    /**
    st Decides whether placing a mark in the specified row and column will win the getName
     * @param row the row to place the mark in
     * @param col the column to place the mark in
     * @return true if placing the mark wins the game, false otherwise
    public boolean testForWinning(int row, int col) {
        boolean res = true;
        // row
        for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
            if ((i != col) && (board.getMark(row, i) != mark)) {
                res = false;
                break;
            }
       }
        if (res)
            return true;
       // col
        res = true;
        for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
```

```
if ((i != row) && (board.getMark(i, col) != mark)) {
           res = false;
            break;
       }
   }
   if (res)
        return true;
   // can't be diagonal
    if ((row + col) % 2 != 0)
        return false;
   // diagonal
    switch (row) {
        case 0:
            if (col != 0 && board.getMark(2, 0) == mark && board.getMark(1, 1) == mark)
                return true;
            else if (board.getMark(2, 2) == mark && board.getMark(1, 1) == mark)
                return true;
           break;
        case 1:
            if ((board.getMark(0, 0) == mark && board.getMark(2, 2) == mark) ||
                (board.getMark(0, 2) == mark && board.getMark(2, 0) == mark))
                return true;
            break;
        case 2:
            if (col != 0 && board.getMark(0, 0) == mark && board.getMark(1, 1) == mark)
                return true;
            else if (board.getMark(0, 2) == mark && board.getMark(1, 1) == mark)
                return true;
           break;
   }
   return false;
}
```

TTTClient.java

```
import java.io.BufferedReader;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.InputStreamReader;
import java.io.PrintWriter;
import java.net.Socket;
```

```
import java.net.UnknownHostException;
/**
 * Acts an an isolated client designed to interact with the TTTServer
 * @author Mitchell Sawatzky
 * @version 1.0
 * @since Mar 2016
public class TTTClient {
    /**
     * The outgoing stream
    private PrintWriter sOut;
     * The client socket
    private Socket sock;
    /**
     * The incoming stream
    private BufferedReader sIn;
    /**
     * A BufferedReader of stdin
    private BufferedReader stdIn;
     * Constructs a TTTClient opject
     * @constructor
     */
    public TTTClient () {
        try {
            sock = new Socket("localhost", 8080);
            sIn = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(sock.getInputStream()));
            sOut = new PrintWriter(sock.getOutputStream(), true);
            stdIn = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
            sOut.println("R");
        } catch (IOException e) {
            System.err.println("Unable to connect to localhost:8080");
```

```
System.err.println(e.getStackTrace());
   }
}
/**
* Logic for parsing server responses and instructions
 */
public void parseServer () {
   String line = "";
   try {
       do {
           line = sIn.readLine();
           // System.out.println("server>> " + line);
            if (line != null) {
                switch (line.substring(0, 1)) {
                    case "R": // READY
                        System.out.println("Connected to the server...");
                       break;
                    case "I": // INPUT
                        System.out.println(line.substring(2, line.length()));
                        sOut.println(stdIn.readLine());
                       break;
                    case "P": // PRINT
                        System.out.println(line.substring(2, line.length()));
                       break;
                    case "S": // Server full
                       System.out.println(line);
                       line = "QUIT";
                       break;
                    case "Q":
                        line = "QUIT";
                        break;
                }
           } else {
                System.out.println("The server disconnected you.");
                line = "QUIT";
            }
        } while (line != "QUIT");
        sIn.close();
        sOut.close();
        stdIn.close();
   } catch (IOException e) {
```

```
System.err.println(e.getStackTrace());
}

/**
  * Program entry point
  * @param argv the command line arguments
  */
public static void main (String[] argv) {
    TTTClient cli = new TTTClient();
    cli.parseServer();
}
```

TTTServer.java

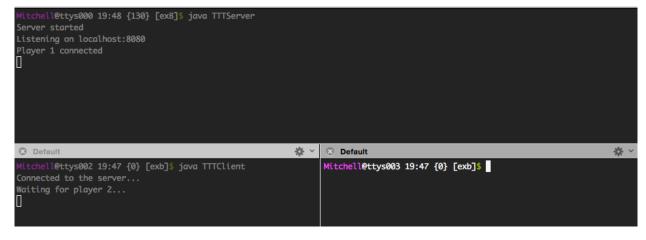
```
import java.io.BufferedReader;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.InputStreamReader;
import java.io.PrintWriter;
import java.net.ServerSocket;
import java.net.Socket;
 * Server for a game of Tic Tac Toe
 * @author Mitchell Sawatzky
 * @version 1.0
 * @since Mar, 2016
public class TTTServer implements Constants {
    /**
     * The server socket
    private ServerSocket sSock;
    /**
     * A ServerConnection for player 1
     */
    protected ServerConnection p1 = null;
    /**
     * A ServerConnection for player 2
     */
```

```
protected ServerConnection p2 = null;
/**
* Thread wrapper for each connection
* @author Mitchell Sawatzky
 * @since Mar, 2016
 * @version 1.0
private class ServerConnection implements Runnable {
   /**
    * The output stream
   private PrintWriter sOut;
    * The input stream
   private BufferedReader sIn;
    /**
    * The client socket
    */
   private Socket sock;
    /**
    * Whether or not this is player 1
   private boolean playerOne;
    * Constructs a ServerConnection ovject with a socket
    * @constructor
     * @param s the client socket
    * @param pOne if this connection is player 1
    * @throws IOException
    */
   private ServerConnection (Socket s, boolean pOne) throws IOException {
        sIn = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(s.getInputStream()));
        sOut = new PrintWriter(s.getOutputStream(), true);
       playerOne = pOne;
   }
```

```
/**
 * Thread entry point
public void run () {
   try {
        String line = "";
        do {
           try {
                line = sIn.readLine();
                if (line == null) {
                    throw new Exception();
                }
            } catch (Exception e) {
                System.out.println((playerOne ? "p1" : "p2") + " disconnected...");
                sIn.close();
                sOut.close();
                if (playerOne) {
                    p1 = null;
                } else {
                    p2 = null;
                }
            }
            // System.out.println((playerOne ? "p1" : "p2" ) + ">> " + line);
            sOut.println("R");
            if (playerOne) {
                    sOut.println("P Waiting for player 2...");
            } else {
                Game theGame = new Game();
                try {
                    theGame.start(p1.sIn, p1.sOut, sIn, sOut);
                } catch (IOException e) {
                    sIn.close();
                    sOut.close();
                    p1.sIn.close();
                    p1.sOut.close();
                    p1 = null;
                    p2 = null;
                break;
            }
        } while (line == "R");
```

```
} catch (IOException e) {
            System.err.println("Error closing connection");
            System.err.println(e.getStackTrace());
       }
   }
}
 * Constructs a TTTServer object
 * @constructor
 */
public TTTServer () {
   try {
       sSock = new ServerSocket(8080);
       System.out.println("Server started");
   } catch (IOException e) {
       System.err.println("Could not start server on localhost:8080");
       System.err.println(e.getStackTrace());
   }
}
 * Program entry point
 * @param argv the command line arguments
public static void main (String[] argv) {
   TTTServer server = new TTTServer();
    server.listen();
}
 * Listen for new connections to the server
*/
public void listen () {
   System.out.println("Listening on localhost:8080");
   while (true) {
       try {
            Socket s = sSock.accept();
            if (p1 == null) {
                p1 = new ServerConnection(s, true);
                System.out.println("Player 1 connected");
                Thread t = new Thread(p1);
```

```
t.start();
                } else if (p2 == null) {
                    p2 = new ServerConnection(s, false);
                    System.out.println("Player 2 connected");
                    Thread t = new Thread(p2);
                    t.start();
                } else {
                    try {
                        PrintWriter reject = new PrintWriter(s.getOutputStream(), true);
                        reject.println("Sorry, this server is full.");
                        s.close();
                        reject.close();
                        System.out.println("Rejected a player");
                    } catch (IOException e) {
                        System.err.println("Error rejecting connection");
                        System.err.println(e.getStackTrace());
                    }
                }
            } catch (IOException e) {
                System.err.println("Error establishing new client");
                System.err.println(e.getStackTrace());
            }
        }
    }
}
```



```
Server started
Listening on localhost:8080
Player 1 connected
Player 2 connected
⊗ Default

☆ ∨ ② Default

                                                                                                                                             ☆ ∨
  1: human
                                                                        Connected to the server...
Please enter the name of the '0' player.
  2: Random Player
  3: Blocking Player
  4: Smart Player
Please enter a number in the range 1-4:
                                                                         What type of player is Cheryl?
           |col 0|col 1|col 2
                                                                           3: Blocking Player
4: Smart Player
    row 0
                                                                         Please enter a number in the range 1-4:
     row 1
                                                                             row 0 |
     row 2 |
John, what row should your next X be placed in?
John, what column should your next \boldsymbol{X} be placed in?
            |col 0|col 1|col 2
                                                                        0
     row 0
    row 1
     row 2
                            X
John, what row should your next X be placed in?
```

l@ttys000 19:48 {130} [exB]\$ java TTTServer

