

FINAL REPORT 8

HANDLING JAVA EXCEPTIONS

Explanations

Flow control in try catch finally in Java

Control flow in try-catch OR try-catch-finally

1. **Exception occurs in try block and handled in catch block:** If a statement in try block raised an exception, then the rest of the try block doesn't execute and control passes to the **corresponding** catch block. After executing the catch block, the control will be transferred to finally block(if present) and then the rest program will be executed.

▪ Control flow in try-catch:

```
// Java program to demonstrate
// control flow of try-catch clause
// when exception occur in try block
// and handled in catch block
class GFG
{
    public static void main (String[] args)
    {

        // array of size 4.
        int[] arr = new int[4];
        try
        {
            int i = arr[4];

            // this statement will never execute
            // as exception is raised by above statement
            System.out.println("Inside try block");
        }
        catch (ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException ex)
        {
            System.out.println("Exception caught in Catch block");
        }

        // rest program will be executed
        System.out.println("Outside try-catch clause");
    }
}
```

Output:

```
Exception caught in Catch block
Outside try-catch clause
```

• Control flow in try-catch-finally clause :

```
// Java program to demonstrate
// control flow of try-catch-finally clause
// when exception occur in try block
// and handled in catch block
```

```

class GFG
{
    public static void main (String[] args)
    {

        // array of size 4.
        int[] arr = new int[4];

        try
        {
            int i = arr[4];

            // this statement will never execute
            // as exception is raised by above statement
            System.out.println("Inside try block");
        }

        catch (ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException ex)
        {
            System.out.println("Exception caught in catch block");
        }

        finally
        {
            System.out.println("finally block executed");
        }

        // rest program will be executed
        System.out.println("Outside try-catch-finally clause");
    }
}

```

Output:

```

Exception caught in catch block
finally block executed
Outside try-catch-finally clause

```

2. **Exception occurred in try-block is not handled in catch block:** In this case, default handling mechanism is followed. If finally block is present, it will be executed followed by default handling mechanism.

try-catch clause :

```

// Java program to demonstrate
// control flow of try-catch clause
// when exception occurs in try block
// but not handled in catch block
class GFG
{
    public static void main (String[] args)
    {

        // array of size 4.
        int[] arr = new int[4];
        try
        {

```

```

        int i = arr[4];

        // this statement will never execute
        // as exception is raised by above statement
        System.out.println("Inside try block");
    }

    // not a appropriate handler
    catch (NullPointerException ex)
    {
        System.out.println("Exception has been caught");
    }

    // rest program will not execute
    System.out.println("Outside try-catch clause");
}
}

```

Run Time Error:

Exception in thread "main" java.lang.ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException: 4
 at GFG.main(GFG.java:12)

3. **Exception doesn't occur in try-block:** In this case catch block never runs as they are only meant to be run when an exception occurs. finally block(if present) will be executed followed by rest of the program.

try-catch clause :

```

// Java program to demonstrate try-catch
// when an exception doesn't occurred in try block
class GFG
{
    public static void main (String[] args)
    {

        try
        {

            String str = "123";

            int num = Integer.parseInt(str);

            // this statement will execute
            // as no any exception is raised by above statement
            System.out.println("Inside try block");

        }

        catch (NumberFormatException ex)
        {

            System.out.println("catch block executed...");

        }

    }
}

```

```
        System.out.println("Outside try-catch clause");
    }
}
```

Output :

```
Inside try block
Outside try-catch clause
```

try-catch-finally clause

```
// Java program to demonstrate try-catch-finally
// when exception doesn't occurred in try block
class GFG
{
    public static void main (String[] args)
    {

        try
        {

            String str = "123";

            int num = Integer.parseInt(str);

            // this statement will execute
            // as no any exception is raised by above statement
            System.out.println("try block fully executed");

        }

        catch (NumberFormatException ex)
        {

            System.out.println("catch block executed...");

        }

        finally
        {
            System.out.println("finally block executed");
        }

        System.out.println("Outside try-catch-finally clause");
    }
}
```

Output :

```
try block fully executed
finally block executed
Outside try-catch clause
```

Control flow in try-finally

In this case, no matter whether an exception occur in try-block or not, **finally will always be executed.** But control flow will depend on whether exception has occurred in try block or not.

1. **Exception raised:** If an exception has occurred in try block then control flow will be finally block followed by default exception handling mechanism.

```
// Java program to demonstrate
// control flow of try-finally clause
// when exception occur in try block
class GFG
{
    public static void main (String[] args)
    {

        // array of size 4.
        int[] arr = new int[4];
        try
        {
            int i = arr[4];

            // this statement will never execute
            // as exception is raised by above statement
            System.out.println("Inside try block");
        }

        finally
        {
            System.out.println("finally block executed");
        }

        // rest program will not execute
        System.out.println("Outside try-finally clause");
    }
}
```

Output :

```
finally block executed
Exception in thread "main" java.lang.ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException:4
    at GFG.main(GFG.java:11)
```

2. **Exception not raised:** If an exception does not occur in try block then control flow will be finally block followed by rest of the program

```
// Java program to demonstrate
// control flow of try-finally clause
// when exception doesn't occur in try block
class GFG
{
    public static void main (String[] args)
    {

        try
        {
            String str = "123";
```

```
        int num = Integer.parseInt(str);

        // this statement will execute
        // as no any exception is raised by above statement
        System.out.println("Inside try block");
    }

    finally
    {
        System.out.println("finally block executed");
    }

    // rest program will be executed
    System.out.println("Outside try-finally clause");
}
}
Output :

Inside try block
finally block executed
Outside try-finally clause
```