

EE110B Lab 2

- 1) Use MATLAB to generate a random sequence $x[n]$ for $n = 0, 1, \dots, 99$. Also set $x[n] = 0$ for $n < 0$ and $n > 99$.

- a) Consider a discrete-time LTI system with the impulse response

$$h[n] = 0.9^{n-1} \{u[n-1] - u[n-99]\}.$$

Compute and plot the output $y[n] = x[n] * h[n]$ for $n = 0, 1, \dots, 100$.

- b) Consider another discrete-time LTI system governed by the recursive difference equation

$$y[n+1] = 0.9y[n] + x[n]$$

where $y[-1] = 0$. Use this recursive equation to compute and then plot $y[n]$ for $n = 0, 1, \dots, 100$.

- c) Compare the above results. Are they close to each other? Why?

- 2) Use MATLAB to generate another random sequence $x[n]$ for $n = 0, 1, \dots, 99$. Also set $x[n] = 0$ for $n < 0$ and $n > 99$.

- a) Consider a discrete-time LTI system with the impulse response

$$h[n] = 0.9^{n-1} \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{5}(n-1)\right) \{u[n-1] - u[n-100]\}.$$

Compute and plot the output $y[n] = x[n] * h[n]$ for $n = 0, 1, \dots, 100$.

- b) Consider another discrete-time LTI system governed by the recursive difference equation

$$y[n+1] = 1.8 \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{5}\right) y[n] - 0.81 y[n-1] + x[n+1] - 0.9 \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{5}\right) x[n]$$

and the initial condition $y[-1] = y[-2] = 0$. Compute and plot the output $y[n]$ for $n = 0, 1, \dots, 100$ using the recursive equation.

- c) Compare the above two results. Are they close to each other? (We will learn the technique which allows to explain why these two systems are equivalent.)