

Database Design & Implementation

COMP1302 Coursework

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Introduction

Designing database is an important stage in software development. This document is a report after designing database for Web Online Diary. All stages of this designing are follow with the common designing stages of designing database: Conceptual Model, Logical Model with Normalization and Physical Model.

D1 Assumption & Business rules

There are some assumptions to make some business rules clearly.

- 1. Each Blogger can have more than one blog. Each blog must belong to one blogger.
- 2. Each Blogger can post entry on his/her blog and other's blog.
- 3. One blogger can have many bankcards, or credit cards. However, there is only one bankcard or credit card is used for payment.
- 4. Each Bank Card or Credit Card must belong to a blogger.
- 5. Each entry has to pay for a payment. Each payment has to belong to an Entry.
- 6. Each Payment has a price, the price can change at any time, at this time, the price is two \$ per one payment for entry.
- 7. An Entry has many comments; every comment can also have comments on it. All comments have to be categorised.
- 8. One question can be answered by concerned blogger and other bloggers.
- 9. Each Answer must belong to a Blogger
- 10. One blog has unique blog title in entire database.

D2 Conceptual model

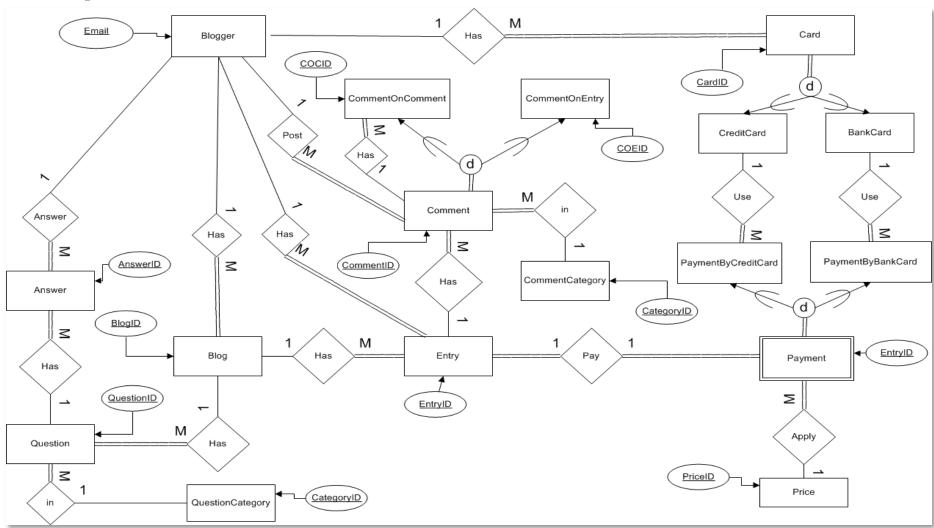


Figure 01: Conceptual model diagram (Chen's Notation)

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This EER diagram shows data model of Web Online Diary. It contains Entities, relationships and primary key for each Entity. Attributes of Entities are show in Logical stage.

D3 Logical relation schema

This following Logical Relation is the result of mapping process from EERD above to relational schema.

It shows attributes of each entity in EERD above and links between relations (tables).

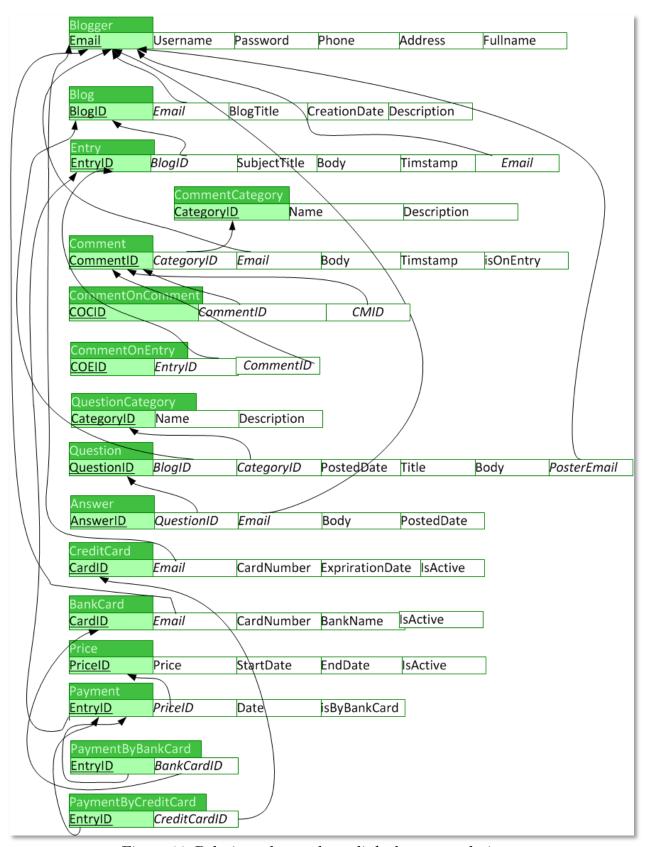


Figure 02: Relation schema shows links between relations

Database description

This is description for database.

Blogger			
Column	Data Type	Constraint	Description
<u>Email</u>	Text	Primary key	Identify blogger
Username	Text	Unique, Not null	Alias name
Password	Text	Not null	Password
Phone	Text	Not null	Phone
Address	Text	Not null	Address
Fullname	Text	Not null	Full name

Blog			
Column	Data type	Constraint	Description
BlogID	Number	Primary key	Indentify blogger
Email	Text	Foreign Key	References to
			Blogger table
CreationDate	Date/time	Not null	Creation date of blog
Description	Text	Not null	Description of blog
BlogTitlte	Text	Not null, unique	Title of blog

Entry			
Column	Data Type	Constraint	Description
EntryID	Number	Primary key, identity	Identify an entry
Email	Text	Foreign key	References to Blogger table
BlogID	Number	Foreign key	References Blog table
SubjectTitle	Text	Not null	Title of entry
Body	Text	Not null	Content of entry
Timestamp	Date/time	Not null	Posted time

CommentCategory			
Column	Data type	Constraint	Description
CategoryID	Number	Primary key,	Indentify a category
		identity	
Name	Text	Not null	Name of category
Description	Text	Not null	Description of
			category

Comment			
Column	Data type	Constraint	Description
CommentID	Number	Primary key	Primary key
CategoryID	Number	Foreign key	References to
			CommentCategory
			table
Body	Text	Not null	Content of comment
Timestamp	Date/time	Not null	Posted time
Email	Text	Foreign key	Reference to Blogger
			table
isOnEntry	Yes/No	Not null	Determine what
			kind of comment

CommentOnEntry			
Column	Data type	Constraint	Description
COEID	Number	Primary key	
CommentID	Number	Foreign key	Reference to
			Comment Table
EntryID	Number	Foreign key	References to
			Comment table

CommentOnComment			
Column	Data type	Constraint	Description
COCID	Number	Primary key	
CommentID	Number	Foreign key	Reference to Comment
			table
CMID	Number	Foreign key	References to
			Comment table

QuestionCategory			
Column	Data type	Constraint	Description
CategoryID	Number	Primary key,	Primary key
		identity	
Name	Text	Not null	Name of category
Description	Text	Not null	Description of
			category

	Question			
Column	Data Type	Constraint	Description	
QuestionID	Number	Primary key,	Primary key	
		identity		
BlogID	Number	Foreign key	References to Blog	
			table	
CategoryID	Number	Foreign key	References to	
			Category table	
PostedDate	Date/time	Not null	Posted time of	
			question	
Title	Text	Not null	Title of question	
Body	Text	Not null	Content of question	
PosterEmail	Text	Foreign key	Indentify the person	
			who post this	
			question, references	
			to Blogger table	

Answer			
Column	Data type	Constraint	Description
AnswerID	Number	Primary key	Primary key
Question ID	Number	Foreign key	References to
			Question table
Body	Text	Not null	Content of answer
PostedDate	Date/time	Not null	Posted time of
			answer
Email	Text	Foreign key	References to
			Blogger table

CreditCard CreditCard			
Column	Data type	Constraints	Description
CardID	Number	Primary key	Primary key
Email	Text	Foreign key	References to
			Blogger table
CardNumber	Text	Not null	Serial number of
			credit card
ExpirationDate	Date/time	Not null	Expiration Date
isActive	Yes/No	Not null	Determine if the
			card is using

BankCard						
Column	Column Data type Constraint Description					
CardID	Number	Primary key	Primary key			
Email	Text	Foreign key	References to			

			Blogger table
CardNumber	Text	Not null	Serial number of
			bank card
BankName	Text	Not null	Name of bank
IsActive	Yes/No	Not null	The card is using

Price				
Column	Data type	Constraint	Description	
PriceID	Number	Primary key	Primary key	
Price	Number	Not null	Price of payment for	
			each entry	
StartDate	Date/time	Not null	Date are being to	
			apply the price for	
			payment	
EndDate	Date/time	Allow null	End date of price	
IsActive	Yes/No	Not null	Determine what	
			price are using	

Payment				
Column	Column Data type Constraint		Description	
EntryID	Number	Primary key, foreign	Reference to Entry	
		key		
PriceID	Number	Number Foreign key		
			Table	
Date	Date/time	Not null	Date of payment	
IsByBankCard	Yes/no Not null		Determine type of	
			payment	

PaymentByCreditCard						
Column Data type Constraint Description						
<u>EntryID</u>	Primary key, foreign	Reference to				
	Payment table					
CreditCardID	Number	Foreign key	References to			
			CreditCard table			

PaymentByBankCard						
Column Data type Constraints Description						
EntryID Number Primar		Primary key, foreign	References to			
	key					
BankCardID Number		Foreign key	Reference to			
			BankCard table			

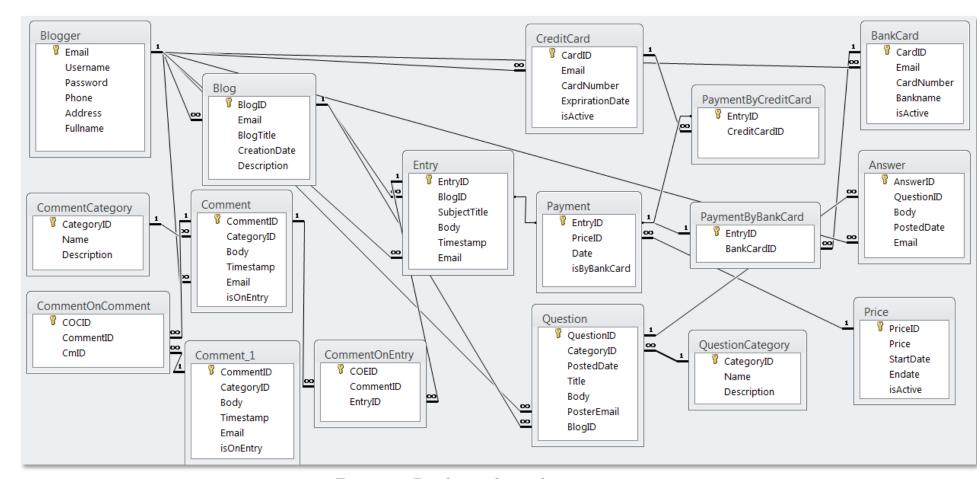


Figure 03: Database relationship

Note: the table Comment 1 in figure 03 is actual the table Comment. Column CmID and COCID in table CommentOnComment references to CommentID in table Comment together. But Access Database Relationship does not support reference like this. So it automatically generates this Comment 1 table to show relationship.

D4 Normalization check

"The Relational Schema satisfies 3NF criteria"

D5 Create Database

Database has been created in MS Access.

D6 SQL Code

A1

"List the titles and creation dates of all Blogs, as well as the total number of Blog entry associated with that blog" (Coursework requirement)

We can deal this requirement by using subquery, and **Count**() function.

SELECT b.BlogTitle, b.CreationDate, (**SELECT COUNT(*) FROM** Entry e **WHERE** e.BlogID=b.BlogID) AS TotalEntry **FROM** Blog AS b;

BlogTitle	CreationDate	TotalEntry	
Blog One	10/14/2011		4
Blog of Duong 2	10/5/2011		O
Blog of hack.wan	10/6/2011		1
Blog 2 of dinhduong.bui@gmail.com	10/12/2011		1

Figure 04: The result of A1 Query

A2

"Provide a list of all Bloggers (i.e. emails) who created entries on a given calendar month along with the total amount that each Blogger paid during that month." (Coursework requirement)

There are some steps to deal with this requirement:

- 1. INNER JOIN all tables related each other's: Blogger, Entry, Payment, Price
- 2. Filter only rows suitable with condition (in a given month-input value).
- 3. Using **Sum()** function for **Price** column and **Group By** blogger email

SELECT bl.Email, bl.Fullname, Sum(pr.price) AS Amount

FROM Price AS pr INNER JOIN (Blogger AS bl INNER JOIN (Entry AS e INNER JOIN Payment AS p ON e.EntryID = p.EntryID) ON bl.Email = e.Email) ON pr.PriceID = p.PriceID

WHERE (((Month([p].[Date]))=[Enter a month]))

GROUP BY bl.Email, bl.Fullname;

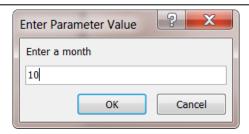


Figure 04a: Input form

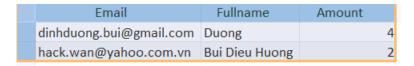


Figure 04b: the result of A2 Query

A3

"Produce, for the first comment made on a given Blog entry, any further comments made on that original comment only. The user should be prompted for the Blog entry's unique identifier" (Coursework requirement)

There are some steps to deal this requirement:

- 1. Find the first **Comment** (get **CommentID**) on a given **Entry**
 - a. **INNER JOIN Comment** and **CommentOnEntry** table, filter only rows with condition (given **EntryID**) then Using **Min**() function with **Timestamp** column to get the **Timestamp** of the **first Comment** for the given **Entry**.
 - b. INNER JOIN Comment and CommentOnEntry table , get the first Comment on Entry by comparing the condition is Timestamp above and filter by EntryID (supplied first time) => got first Comment for given Entry, then Select only CommentID

- 2. Get all CommentOnComment for the first CommentOnEntry
 - a. INNER JOIN Comment and Comment table
 - b. Filter all CommentOnComment with condition is column CMID equals to CommentID above

SELECT Comment.CommentID,Body, Timestamp,Email

FROM Comment INNER JOIN CommentOnComment ON Comment.CommentID = CommentOnComment.CommentID

WHERE CommentOnComment.CMID=

(SELECT CE.CommentID

FROM Comment C INNER JOIN CommentOnEntry CE ON C.CommentID = CE.CommentID

WHERE ((C.timestamp=(**SELECT Min**(timestamp)

FROM Comment AS C INNER JOIN CommentOnEntry AS CE ON C.CommentID = CE.CommentID

WHERE (((CE.EntryId)=[Enter EntryID])))));

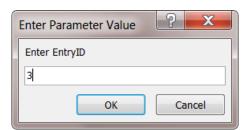


Figure 05a: Input entry ID

CommentID -	Body →	Timestamp -	Email 🕶
4	Comment on Comment 3	10/11/2011	iamduong@yahoo.com
7	Comment for the comment 3, Comn	10/29/2011	dinhduong.bui@gmail.com
8	Comment 3 is a comment for entry ic	10/29/2011	dinhduong.bui@gmail.com

Figure 05b: All the Comments comment on the first Comment of Entry has EntryID=3

A4

"Produce, on demand for a particular date range, a list of all Blog titles, creation date and their creators email addresses, The user should be prompted for the start and end date of the required period" (Coursework requirement)

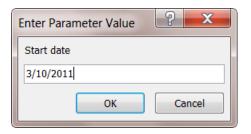
There are some steps:

- 1. Get input value: Start Date and End Date
- 2. Select in Blog table what we need with comparing the condition

SELECT b.BlogTitle, b.CreationDate, b.Email

FROM Blog AS b

WHERE b.CreationDate>=[Start date] And b.CreationDate<=[End date];



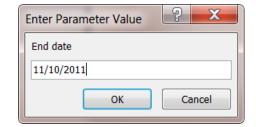


Figure 06a: Input start date

Figure 06b: input end date

BlogTitle	CreationDate	Email
Blog One	10/14/2011	dinhduong.bui@gmail.com
Blog of Duong 2	10/5/2011	duongbdgt00010@fpt.edu.vn
Blog of hack.wan	10/6/2011	hack.wan@yahoo.com.vn
Blog 2 of dinhduong.bui@gmail.com	10/12/2011	dinhduong.bui@gmail.com

Figure 06c: the result of A4 query

D7 Registration Form

D6	Register New Blogger		
	Email: Username: Password: Phone: Address: Fullname:	billgates@yahoc imsuperman ***** 123456789 New York Bill Gates	
	Register	Close form	

Figure 07: Registration Form

The form allow user to register to become a new Blogger.

When user fills full required data into the form, then click on Register button, this data will be inserted into Blogger table.

D8 A5-Form Report

"Given a particular Blogger list in a reverse order of a Blog entry (i.e. most recent entry first), the poster of the Blog entry and the creation time and date of the entry and the subject and the text of the entry for a particular Blog title." (Coursework requirement)

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	Blogger	dinhduong.bui@gmail.com ▼			
Creator	Blog Title	Subject Title	Timestamp	Entry Poster	Body
dinhduong.bui@gma	ail.com				
Blog	g 2 of dinhduong.bui@gn	mail.com Social Network !	10/4/2011	dinhduong.bui@gmail.com	Many peoples are using internet and they often want
Blog	g One				
		Reading Book	10/20/2011	dinhduong.bui@gmail.com	I thinks, a person who like reading book is very good
		A collection of online articles	10/7/2011	dinhduong.bui@gmail.com	I like collecting articles, especialy for the good article
		Change my blog to English	10/5/2011	dinhduong.bui@gmail.com	Change my blog to English , why? English is the most
		English Blog	10/3/2011	dinhduong.bui@gmail.com	English is the most important language because it is used in
Friday, November 04, 2	2011			Page 1 of 1	

Figure 08: Chose a blogger to view report

When user selects a Blogger, the report will show all Entries of the Blogger. All Entries are grouped for each Blog

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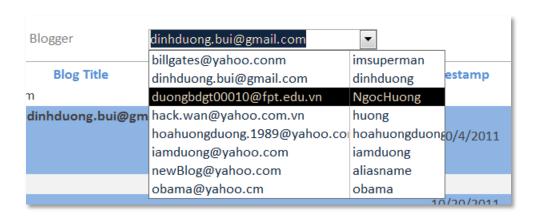


Figure 08b: Drop Down List shows all Bloggers

Figure 08b Description

When user clicks on the Combo Box, A Drop Down List will show all Bloggers. Then User can choose one of the Bloggers.

D9 A6-Master Detail Form

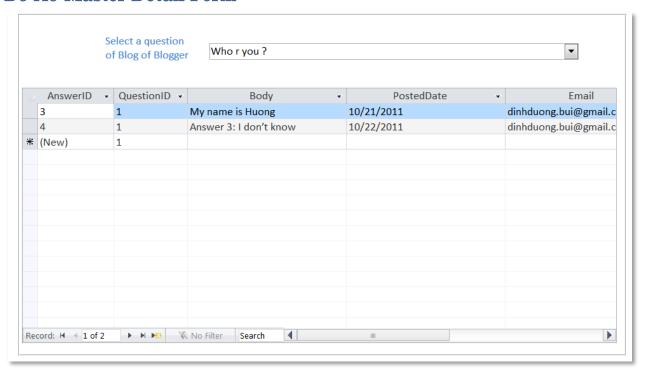


Figure 09 Description

The master-detail form provides a list of all answers made on a given question for a given Blogger

Figure 09: Master-Detail Form

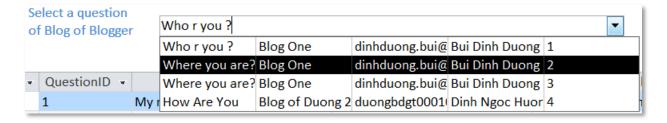


Figure 09b: Drop Down List for user selects a Question group by Blogger and Blog.

Figure 09b Description

When user clicks on the Combo box, A Drop Down List allow user to select a Question for a give Blogger and Blog

References

Coursework Requirement:

https://cms1.gre.ac.uk/collaborativeprogrammes/students/courseworks/coursework%202011-2012/Nov-Dec%202011/CW_COMP1302_190002_ver1_1011.pdf