

$$\nabla_{\theta} J(\theta) = \nabla_{\theta} \frac{1}{2} (X\theta - y)^T (X\theta - y)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \nabla_{\theta} (\theta^T X^T - y^T) (X\theta - y)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \nabla_{\theta} (\theta^T X^T X \theta - y^T X \theta + y^T y)$$

$$\leftarrow \sum (ax - b)(ax - b) = a^2 x^2 - a x b - b a x + b^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} [X^T X \theta + X^T X \theta - X^T y - X^T y]$$

$$= X^T X \theta - X^T y \stackrel{\text{set}}{=} \vec{0}$$

$$\cancel{X^T} X \theta = X^T y$$

NORMAL EQN.

$$\theta = X^T y (X^T X)^{-1}$$