



STUDENT'S BOOK STAGE 1: LESSONS 1–9

2012 ON



Student's Book Stage 1

English in a quarter of the time!

The Callan ® Method was first developed and published in 1960 by R.K. T. Callan.
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Welcome to the Callan Method

Learning English with the Callan™ Method is fast and effective!

The Callan Method is a teaching method created specifically to improve your English in an intensive atmosphere. The teacher is constantly asking questions, so you are hearing and using the language as much as possible. When you speak in the lesson, the teacher corrects your grammar and pronunciation mistakes, and you learn a lot from this correction.

The Callan Method teaches English vocabulary and grammar in a carefully programmed way, with systematic revision and reinforcement. In the lesson, there is a lot of speaking and listening practice, but there is also reading and writing so that you revise and consolidate what you have learned.

With the Callan Method, the teacher speaks quickly so that you learn to understand English when it is spoken at natural speed. This also means that everyone is concentrating hard all the time.

English in a quarter of the time

The Callan Method can teach English in a quarter of the time taken by any other method on the market. Instead of the usual 350 hours necessary to get the average student to the level of the Cambridge Preliminary English Test (PET), the Callan Method can take as little as 80 hours, and only 160 hours for the Cambridge First Certificate in English (FCE).

The method is suitable for students of all nationalities, and ages. It requires no equipment (not even a whiteboard) or other books, and can be used for classes at private schools, state schools and universities. It is also possible for students to use the books to practise with each other when they are not at school.

In addition to this, students can practise their English online using the interactive exercises, which are available to students who study at licensed schools. Ask your school for details.

The Callan Method in practice

A Callan Method English lesson is probably very different from lessons you have done in the past. You do not sit in silence, doing a reading comprehension test or a grammar exercise from a book. You do not have 'free conversation', where you only use the English you already feel comfortable with. Of course, activities like this can help you, but you can do them at home with a book, or in a coffee bar. In a Callan Method lesson, you are busy with important activities that you cannot do outside the classroom. You are listening to English all the time. You are speaking English a lot, and all your mistakes are corrected. You learn quickly because you are always surrounded by English. There is no silence and no time to get bored or lose your concentration. And it is also fun!

So, what exactly happens in a Callan Method lesson, and how does it work?

The teacher asks you questions

The Callan Method books are full of questions. Each question practises a word, an expression, or a piece of grammar. The teacher is standing, and asks the questions to the students one by one. You never know when the teacher will ask you, so you are always concentrating. When one student finishes answering one question, the teacher immediately starts to ask the next question.

The teacher speaks quickly

The teacher in a Callan Method lesson speaks quickly. This is because, in the real world, it is natural to speak quickly. If you want to understand normal English, you must practise listening to quick natural speech and become able to understand English without first translating into your language. This idea of not translating is at the centre of the Callan Method; this method helps you to start thinking in English.

Also, we do not want you to stop and think a lot about the grammar while you are speaking. We want you to speak as a reflex, instinctively. And do not worry about mistakes. You will, naturally, make a lot of mistakes in the lessons, but Callan Method teachers correct your mistakes, and you learn from the corrections. When you go home, of course it will help if you read your book, think about the grammar, study the vocabulary, and do all the things that language students do at home – but the lessons are times to practise your listening and speaking, with your books closed!

The teacher says every question twice, and helps you with the answer

In the lesson, the teacher speaks quickly, so we say the questions twice. This way, you have another chance to listen if you did not understand everything the first time.

The teacher then immediately says the beginning of the answer. This is to help you (and 'push' you) to start speaking immediately. So, for example:

Teacher: "Are there two chairs in this room? Are there two chairs in this room? No, there aren't ..."

Student (immediately): "No, there aren't two chairs in this room; there are twelve chairs in this room."

If the teacher does not 'push' you by giving you the beginning of the answer, you might start to think too much, and translate into your language.

The teacher will speak along with you all the time while you are saying your answer. So, if you forget a word or you are not sure what to say, you will always hear the next word or two from the teacher. You should repeat after the teacher, but immediately try again to continue with the answer yourself. You must always try to continue speaking, and only copy the teacher when you cannot continue alone. That way, you will become more confident and learn more quickly. Never simply wait for help from the teacher and then copy – you will not improve so quickly.

Long answers, with the same grammar as the question

We want you to practise your speaking as much as possible, so you always make complete sentences when you speak in the lesson, using the same grammatical structure as in the question. For example:

Teacher: "About how many pages are there in this book?"

Student: "There are about two hundred pages in that book."

In this way, you are not just answering a question; you are making full sentences with the vocabulary and the grammar that you need to learn.

Correction by imitation

With the Callan Method, the teacher corrects all your mistakes the moment you make them. The teacher corrects you by imitating (copying) your mistake and then saying the correct pronunciation/form of the word. For example, if you say "He come from Spain", the teacher quickly says "not come - comes". This correction by imitation helps you to hear the difference between your mistake and the proper English form. You should immediately repeat the correct word and continue with your sentence. You learn a lot from this correction of your mistakes, and constant correction results in fast progress.

Contracted forms

In the lesson, the teacher uses contractions (e.g. the teacher says "I don't" instead of "I do not"). This is because it is natural to use contractions in spoken English and you must learn to understand them. Also, if you want to sound natural when you speak, you must learn to use contractions.

Lesson structure

Every school is different, but a typical 50-minute Callan lesson will contain about 35 minutes of speaking, a 10-minute period for reading, and a 5-minute dictation. The reading practice and the dictation are often in the middle of the lesson.

In the reading part, you read and speak while the teacher helps you and corrects your mistakes. In the dictation, you practise your writing, but you are also listening to the teacher. So, a 50-minute Callan lesson is 50 minutes of spoken English with no silence!

No chatting

Although the Callan Method emphasises the importance of speaking practice, this does not mean chatting (free conversation). You learn English quickly with the Callan Method partly because the lessons are organised, efficient, fast and busy. There is no time wasted on chatting; this can be done before or after the lesson.

Chatting is not a good way to spend your time in an English lesson. First, only some of the students speak. Second, in a chat, people only use the English that they already know. Third, it is difficult for a teacher to correct mistakes during a conversation.

The Callan Method has none of these problems. All through the lesson, every student is listening and speaking, practising different vocabulary and structures, and learning from the correction of their mistakes. And nobody has time to get bored!

Repeat, repeat!

Systematic revision

In your native language, you sometimes read or hear a word that you do not already know. You usually need to read or hear this new word only once or twice in order to remember it and then use it yourself. However, when you are learning a foreign language, things are very different. You need to hear, see and use words and grammatical structures many times before you really know them properly. So your studies must involve a system of revision (repeating what you have studied before). This is absolutely essential. If there is no system of revision in your studies, you will forget what you have studied and will not be able to speak or understand better than before.

In every Callan Method lesson, of course you learn new English, practise it, and progress through your book. However, you also do a lot of revision so that you can really learn what you have studied. Your teacher can decide how much revision your class needs, but it will always be an important part of your studies.

Also, because there is a lot of revision, it is not important for you to understand everything the first time; it gets easier. The revision with Callan is automatic and systematic. Every day you do a lot of revision and then learn some new English.

Revision in reading and dictation too

The reading and dictation practice in the lessons is part of Callan's systematic revision as well. First, you learn a new word in the speaking part of the lesson; a few lessons later, you meet it again when you are reading; finally, the word appears in a dictation. This is all written into the Callan Method; it happens automatically.

Correcting your dictations

With the Callan Method, there is little or no homework to do, but it is very important that you correct your dictations. These are printed in your book and so you can easily correct them at home, on the bus, or wherever. It is important to do this because it helps you to learn the written forms of the words you have already studied in earlier lessons.

Your first lessons with the Callan Method

During your first lesson with the Callan Method, all of the questions and some of the vocabulary are new for you; you have not done any revision yet. For this reason, the teacher may not ask you many questions. You can sit and listen, and become more familiar with the method - the speed, the questions, the correction etc.

History of the Callan Method – Robin Callan



Robin Callan is the creator of the Callan Method. He owns the Callan School in London's Oxford Street. He also runs Callan Publishing Limited, which supplies Callan Method books to schools all over the world.

Robin Callan grew up in Ely, Cambridgeshire, England. In his early twenties, he went to Italy to teach English

in Salerno. Although he enjoyed teaching, Robin thought that the way in which teachers were expected to teach their lessons was inefficient and boring. He became very interested in the mechanisms of language learning, and was sure that he could radically improve the way English was taught.

He remained in Italy and started to write his own books for teaching English. He used these in his own classes and, over the following ten years, gained an immense amount of practical experience and a reputation for teaching English quickly and effectively.

When he returned to England, he opened his school in Oxford Street. As the method became more and more popular with students, the school grew and moved to larger premises. Robin continued to write his Callan Method books, and today the method is used by schools all over the world.

Robin Callan has always been passionate about English literature, especially poetry. For this reason, he bought The Orchard Tea Garden in Grantchester, near Cambridge, which attracts thousands of tourists each year. Throughout the 20th century, it was a popular meeting place for many famous Cambridge University students and important figures from English literature, such as Rupert Brooke, Virginia Woolf and E.M. Forster. Today, it is also home to the Rupert Brooke Museum.

Mr Callan now lives in Grantchester, but still plays an active role in the management of the Callan School in London.

The Callan School in London's Oxford Street

The largest private school in London

The Callan School in Oxford Street is the largest private school in London teaching English as a foreign language. Depending on the time of year, the school employs between 60 and 100 teachers and has an average of 1600 students passing through its doors every day. This number rises to more than 2000 in the middle of summer, similar to a small university.

Websites

Please visit the following websites for more information:

Callan Method http://www.callan.co.uk

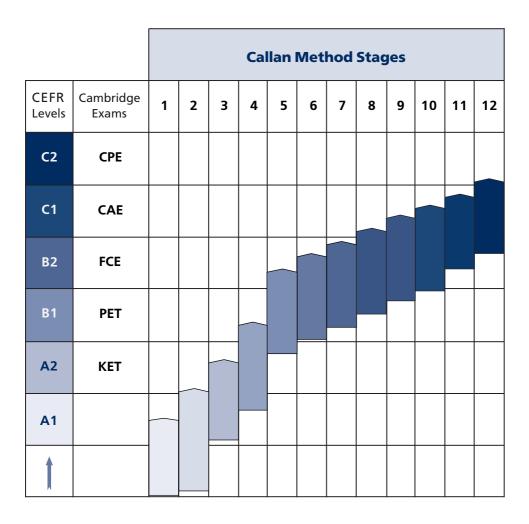
Lots of information, including a list of schools around the world that use the method

Callan School London http://www.callanschoollondon.com/en/callan-school All you need to know about the largest private English language school in London

How Callan Method Stages compare to CEFR* levels and University of Cambridge General English exams

* Common European Framework of Reference

It is difficult to compare the Callan Method books directly with the CEFR levels and Cambridge exams, but below is an approximate guide.



STAGE 1

pen pencil book a
what is (what's) this it is (it's)

What's this? It's a pen



See Chart 1 (at the end of this book)

table	chair	light	wall
floor	room	ceiling	window
door	clock	box	picture
is this?		yes	

Is this a pen?

Yes, it's a pen

no, it is not (isn't)

Is this a pen?

Is this a pencil?

No, it isn't a pen; it's a pencil No, it isn't a pencil; it's a book



See Chart 1

long	short	the	contraction
Is the pen sho	ort?		No, the pen isn't short; it's long
Is the pencil le	ong?		No, the pencil isn't long; it's short
Is the room sh	nort?		No, the room isn't short; it's long

large small	
-------------	--

Is the table small?

Is the box large?

No, the table isn't small; it's large

No, the box isn't large; it's small

4 city town village

London is a city. Windsor is a town. Grantchester is a village.

Is (London) a village?

Is (Windsor) a city?

Is (Grantchester) a town?

No, (London) isn't a village; it's a city

No, (Windsor) isn't a city; it's a town

No, (Grantchester) isn't a town; it's a village

or

Is the table long or short?

Is a city large or small?

The table's ...

A city's large



5

See Chart 1

man	woman	boy	girl
What's this?		It's a man. It's a v	woman. It's a boy. It's a girl.
Is this a girl?			No, it isn't a girl; it's a man
Is this a man?		No,	it isn't a man; it's a woman
Is this a woman	?	No	, it isn't a woman; it's a boy
Is this a boy?			No, it isn't a boy; it's a girl

one	two	three	four	five
1	2	3	4	5

on	under	in
Is the pen in the book?		No, the pen isn't in the book:

Is the pen under the book?

it's under the book No, the pen isn't under the book; it's on the book

See Chart 1

IVIr	IVIrs	Jack	Anna	
Is this Anna	Brown?	No, it isn	't Anna Brown; it's Mr Bro	wn
Is this Mr Bı	rown?	No, it is	sn't Mr Brown; it's Mrs Bro	wn
Is this Mrs E	Brown?	No, it isn	n't Mrs Brown; it's Jack Bro	wn
Is this Jack I	Brown?	No it isn't	t Jack Brown: it's Anna Bro	wn

SEE CHALL	SEE CHALL	See Chart 1	See Chart i				
				JCC CHart I	JCC CHart I	Jee Chart I	Jee Chart I

black	white	green	brown	
what colour?				

What colour's this pencil?

This pencil's black, white etc.

six	seven	eight	nine	ten	
6	7	8	9	10	
where					

Where's the pen?	The pen's on the book
Where's the book?	The book's on the table
Where's the pen?	The pen's under the table
Where's the picture?	The picture's on the wall
Where's the light?	The light's on the ceiling

8

9



l am l'm

you are you're

he is he's

she is she's

it is it's

Am I ...? Yes, you're ...

Are you ...? Yes, I'm ...

Is he Mr Brown? Yes, he's Mr Brown

Is she Mrs Brown?

Yes, she's Mrs Brown

I am not I'm not

you are not you aren't

he is not he isn't

she is not she isn't

it is not it isn't

Am I Mrs Brown? No, you aren't Mrs Brown; you're ...

Are you Mr Brown? No, I'm not Mr Brown; I'm ...

Is he Mr Smith?No, he isn't Mr Smith; he's Mr Brown

Is she Mr Brown?No, she isn't Mr Brown; she's Mrs Brown

in front of	behind	me	you
Where's the table?		The	e table's in front of me
Is the wall in front of	you?	No, th	ne wall isn't in front of me; it's behind me
Is the table behind n	ne?	No, the t	table isn't behind you; it's in front of you
See Chart 1			
him	her	hou	ıse
Where's the house?		Th	e house is behind him
Where's the house?		Th	ne house is behind her
Are you behind her?		No, I'm not behind	her; I'm in front of her

10

1 Am I in front of him?	No, you aren't in front of him; you're behind him
standing	sitting
Are you standing on the flo	oor? No, I'm not standing on the floor; I'm sitting on the chair
Am I sitting on the chair?	No, you aren't sitting on the chair;

	I'm sitting on the chair
Am I sitting on the chair?	No, you aren't sitting on the chair; you're standing on the floor
Are you standing in front of me?	No, I'm not standing in front of you; I'm sitting in front of you
	**1

Are you standing in front of me?	No, I'm not standing in front of you; I'm sitting in front of you
taking from	putting on
Am I putting the book on the floor?	No, you aren't putting the book on the floor; you're taking the book from the table
Am I taking the pen from the table?	No, you aren't taking the pen from the table; you're putting the book on the table

)	opening	closing
---	---------	---------

Am I closing the door?

No, you aren't closing the door; you're opening the book

Am I opening the window?

No, you aren't opening the window; you're closing the book

doing	what am I doing?
What am I doing?	You're taking the book from the table
What am I doing?	You're opening the book
What am I doing?	You're closing the book
What am I doing?	You're putting the book on the table
See Chart 1	

which

12

13 Which pencil's black?

Which pencil's white?

Which pencil's green?

Which pencil's brown?

This pencil's brown

This pencil's brown

open	closed	
Which book's open?		This book's open
Which book's closed?		This book's closed

14 See Chart 1

we are

thisthatchartWhat colour's this pencil?This pencil's blackWhat colour's that pencil?That pencil's whiteWhere's this pencil?This pencil's on the ChartWhere's that pencil?That pencil's on the wall

eleven	twelve	thirteen	fourteen	fifteen
11	12	13	14	15
plural	of		etc.	

The plural of "book"?

What's the plural of "clock"?

The plural of "clock" is "books"

The plural of "clock" is "clocks"

What's the plural of "wall"?

The plural of "wall" is "walls"

Are we sitting?	Yes, we're sitting
Where are we sitting?	We're sitting on the chairs

we're



they are	they're

Are they standing? Yes, they're standing

Where are they standing?

They're standing in front of the house

we are not we aren't

Are we standing? No, we aren't standing; we're sitting

Are we sitting on the floor?

No, we aren't sitting on the floor;

we're sitting on the chairs

16 they are not they aren't

Are they sitting? No, they aren't sitting; they're standing

Are they standing behind the house?

No, they aren't standing behind the house; they're

standing in front of the house

and

red blue yellow grey

those



thoso

17

What colour's this pencil? This pencil's red, blue etc.

	tilese	tilose	allu
	What colour's this pencil?	•	This pencil's black
	What colour's that pencil	?	That pencil's white
	What colour are these pe	ncils?	These pencils are black and green
,	What colour are those pe	ncils?	Those pencils are white and brown
	Where are these pencils?		These pencils are on the Chart

Where are those pencils?

Those pencils are on the wall

What colour are these chairs?

These chairs are ...

What colour are those chairs?

Those chairs are ...

men	women	sav
IIICII	WOITICH	Say

What's the plural of "man"?

The plural of "man" is "men"

What's the plural of "woman"?

The plural of "woman" is "women"

sixteen	seventeen	eighteen	nineteen	twenty
16	17	18	19	20



See Chart 1

clothes

What are these?

These are clothes

18	shoe	boot	sock	trousers	jacket	
	suit	shirt	tie	hat	bag	
	Juit	31111 (tie	Hat	bag	

What's this?

It's a shoe, boot etc.

What are these?

These are trousers



See Chart 2

alphabet	letter

What letter's this?

A, B, etc.

vowel	consonant
-------	-----------

These are the five vowels: A, E, I, O, U.

What are these?

These are the five vowels

What are the five vowels?

The five vowels are A, E, I,O, U

19 The letters B, C, D etc. are consonants.

Is the letter B a vowel?

No, the letter B isn't a vowel;

it's a consonant

before	after	
Which letter's before E?		D's before E
Which letter's after I?		J's after I
Which letter's before Z?		Y's before Z
Which letter's after G?		H's after G

20 **between**

Which letter's between D and F? E's between D and F

Which letter's between H and J?

I's between H and J

Which letter's between Q and S?

R's between Q and S

us

Where's the table? The table's in front of us

Are the walls in front of us?

No, the walls aren't in front of us; they're behind us

Is the table behind us?

No, the table isn't behind us;

it's in front of us



21 them

Where's the house?

Are you behind them?

No, I'm not behind them;
I'm in front of them?

No, you aren't in front of

them; you're behind them

Am I a student?

No, you aren't a student; you're the teacher

Are you the teacher?

No, I'm not the teacher; I'm a student



thirty	forty	fifty	sixty	seventy	eighty
30	40	50	60	70	80
ninety	hundre	d the	ousand	million	number
90	100	1,00	00	1,000,000	

22 What number's this? 30, 40 etc.

What numbers are these? 30–13; 40–14 etc.

What number's this? 313 1,815 1,950,630

plus	equals	2 + 2 = 4

What's this? It's 2 + 2 = 4

how much

How much is 13 plus 5?

13 plus 5 equals 18

How much is	18 + 40	5 + 10
	60 + 19	6 + 3
	16 + 30	20 + 15
	90 + 15	10 + 30

there is there's

Is there a pen on this book?

Is there a light on the ceiling?

Is there a bag in this room?

Yes, there's a pen on this book

Yes, there's a light on the ceiling

Yes, there's a bag in this room

there are	now
Is there a pen on the book?	Yes, there's a pen on the book
Are there two pens on the book now	? Yes, there are two pens on the book now
Are there (12) chairs in this room?	Yes, there are (12) chairs in this room
Are there (2) pictures on these walls?	Yes, there are (2) pictures on these walls
there is not	there isn't
Is there a pen on the book?	No, there isn't a pen on the book
Is there a book on the floor?	No, there isn't a book on the floor
Is there a clock on the table?	No, there isn't a clock on the table
there are not	there aren't
Are there three clocks on that wall?	No, there aren't three clocks on that wall; there's one clock on that wall
Are there a hundred pictures in this ro	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	No, there aren't a hundred pictures in this room; there are pictures in this room
Are there a thousand chairs in this roo	hundred pictures in this room; there are pictures in this room
·	hundred pictures in this room; there are pictures in this room om? No, there aren't a thousand chairs in this room;
Are there a thousand chairs in this roo	hundred pictures in this room; there are pictures in this room No, there aren't a thousand chairs in this room; there are chairs in this room

No, the table isn't high; it's low

24

Is the table high?

25	imperative	take!	put!	open!
	close!	please		

The imperative is "take!", "put!", "open!", "close!" etc.

Take the book, please.

What's he/she doing? He's/She's taking the book

Open the book, please.

What's he/she doing? He's/She's opening the book

Close the book, please.

What's he/she doing? He's/She's closing the book

Put the book on the table, please.

What's he/she doing? He's/She's putting the book on the table

See Chart 1

here	there
Where's the black pencil?	The black pencil's here in front of me
Where's the white pencil?	The white pencil's there on the wall
Are you sitting there?	No, I'm not sitting there; I'm sitting here
Is the white pencil here in front of yo	u? No, the white pencil isn't here in front of me; it's there on the Chart

26

capital	England	Russia	Greece	China
London	Moscow	Athens	5	Beijing
London	IVIOSCOW	Atnens	5	Beijing

What's the capital of England?

What's the capital of Russia?

27 What's the capital of Greece?

What's the capital of China?

London's the capital of England

Moscow's the capital of Russia

Athens's the capital of Greece

Beijing's the capital of China

reading writing

What am I doing?

What am I doing?

Am I writing in the book?

Am I reading the book?

You're reading the book

You're writing in the book

No, you aren't writing in the book; you're reading the book

No, you aren't reading the book; you're writing in the book



See Chart 1

handkerchief

What's this? It's a coat, dress etc.

What are these? These are tights

how many?

28

How many pictures are there on these walls?

How many clocks are there in this room?

There are ... pictures on these walls There's one clock in this room How many chairs are there in this room?

There are ... chairs in this room

How many teachers are there in this room?

There's one teacher in this room

You're going to the door

going to

What am I doing?

What am I doing? You're going to the window

Where am I going? You're going to the wall

Am I going to the door?

No, you aren't going to the door;
you're going to the window

29	Europe	Asia	Italy	France	India
Is Greece in Asia?		ľ	No, Greece isn't in A	asia; it's in Europe	
	Is India in Europe?		No, India isn't in Europe; it's in		

No, France and Italy aren't in Asia;

they're in Europe

See Chart 2

30

Are France and Italy in Asia?

first	second	third	fourth
1st	2nd	3rd	4th
fifth	sixth	twelfth	twentieth
5th	6th	12th	2046
301	oth	iztn	20th

What are the cardinal numbers?	The cardinal numbers are 1, 2, 3, etc.
What are the ordinal numbers?	The ordinal numbers are 1st, 2nd, 3rd, etc.
Which is the first letter of the alphabet?	A's the first letter of the alphabet
Which is the third letter of the alphabet?	C's the third letter of the alphabet
Which is the fifth letter of the alphabet?	E's the fifth letter of the alphabet
Which is the twelfth letter of the alphabet?	L's the twelfth letter of the alphabet
Which is the thirteenth letter of the alphabet?	M's the thirteenth letter of the alphabet

Which is the twentieth letter of the alphabet?

T's the twentieth letter of the alphabet

Which is the twenty-first letter?

U's the twenty-first letter

Which is the twenty-third letter?

W's the twenty-third letter

Y's the twenty-fifth letter

31 **last**

Which's the last letter of the alphabet?

Is A the last letter of the alphabet?

of the alphabet

No, A isn't the last
letter of the alphabet; it's
the first letter of the alphabet

Z's the last letter

give

Take the book, please.

Give me the book, please.

What's he/she doing? He's/She's giving you the book

Take the book, please.

Give him/her the book, please.

What's he/she doing? He's/She's giving him/her the book

32	French	German	Italian	English
	Are you (French) o	r (German)?		No, I'm not (French) or (German); I'm
	Am I (Italian) or (Fi	ench)?		No, you aren't (Italian) or (French); you're (English)
	Are the students (German) or (Eng	lish)?	The students are

my	your
Is this your book?	No, it isn't my book; it's your book
Is that my dress?	No, it isn't your dress; it's my dress
See Chart 1	

his	her
Are these his boots?	No, they aren't his boots; they're her boots
Are these her shoes?	No, they aren't her shoes; they're his shoes
Is this his bag?	No, it isn't his bag; it's her bag
Is this her suit?	No, it isn't her suit; it's his suit
What colour's his suit?	His suit's black

Oui	your	Circii
Are these our sho	es?	No, they aren't our shoes;
		they're their shoes
What colour are t	heir shoes?	Their shoes are black
Are these their bo	ooks?	No, these aren't their books;
		they're our books
Where are our bo	oks?	Our books are on the table(s)

vour

their

34 **all**

our

33

Are all the walls in this room white (or green or blue etc.)?

Yes, all the walls in this room are white

Are all the books in this room English books?

Yes, all the books in this room are English books

Are all the students sitting?

Yes, all the students are sitting

person people

What's the plural of "person"? The plural of "person" is "people"

How many people are there in this room?

There are ... people in

this room

How many people are there in this town?

There are ... people in

this town

coming from

What am I doing? You're coming from the door

Am I coming from the window? No, you aren't coming from the window; you're going to the window

36 **Am I going to the window?** No, you aren't going to the window; you're coming from the window

touch

What am I doing? You're touching the wall

What am I doing? You're touching the picture

Touch your tie (or dress, shoe etc.), please.

What's he/she doing? He's/She's touching his/her ...

See Chart 2

sentence

What's this? It's a sentence

word	verb	use	for	action		
What's this?	?			It's a word		
How many	How many words are there in this sentence? There are seven words in this sentence					
Which's the	first word of t	his sentence?		"Verbs" is the first word of this sentence		
Which's the	third word of	this sentence?	"₩	ords" is the third word of this sentence		
Which's the	fifth word of t	:his sentence?		"Use" is the fifth word of this sentence		
Which's the	sixth word?	ıı	For" is the si	xth word of this sentence		
Which's the	last word?	"Act	ions" is the l	ast word of this sentence		
question	mark ?	fu	ll stop			
comma	•	со	lon	:		
semi-col	on ;					
What's this?	?			It's a question mark		
What's this?	?			It's a full stop		
What's this?	?			It's a comma		
What's this?	?			It's a colon		
What's this?	?			It's a semi-colon		
umbrella						
What word	's this?			It's the word "umbrella"		

No, there isn't an umbrella on the table

37

38

Is there an umbrella on the table?

pronounce

Pronounce this word, please. What

What's he/she doing? He's/She's pronouncing the word "what"

Pronounce this word, please. Colour

What's he/she doing? He's/She's pronouncing the word "colour"

a an the /ðə/ the /ði:/

We say a book, but an umbrella. The book, but the umbrella. Before a consonant we say "a" – a book. Before a vowel we say "an" – an umbrella. Before a consonant we say "the" – the book. Before a vowel we say "the" – the umbrella.

39 Pronounce these words, please.

a book – an umbrella; the book – the umbrella

body

What's this? This is the body

Is this her body?

No, it isn't her body; it's your body

part foot feet	
----------------	--

What part of the body is this?

This part of the body is the foot

What's the plural of "foot"? The plural of "foot" is "feet"

leg	back	arm	wrist
hand	finger	thumb	

What's this? It's a leg, the back, an arm, a wrist etc.

40

2 + 2 = 7: is that right?

The wall's high: is that wrong?

Is it right you're Mr Brown?

No, it isn't right; it's wrong

No, it isn't wrong; it's right

No, it isn't right I'm Mr Brown; it's wrong. I'm ...

41 See Chart 2

questionanswerWhat's this?It's a questionWhat's this?It's an answerIs this an answer?No, it isn't an answer; it's a question

meaning

What's the meaning of the word "use" in ...?

What's the meaning of the word "table" in ...?

What's the meaning of the word "for" in ...?

What's the meaning of the word "chair" in ...?

What's the meaning of the word "action" in ...?

The meaning of the word "use" in ... is "..."

The meaning of the word "table" in ... is "..."

The meaning of the word "for" in ... is "..."

The meaning of the word "chair" in ... is "..."

The meaning of the word "action" in ... is "..."

42 **name**

What's my name?

Your name's ...

What's your name?

My name's ...



What's his name?

His name's Mr Brown

What's her name?

Her name's Mrs Brown

head	face	(chin	mouth
nose	eve	ear	hair	tongue
11036	еуе	Cai	Hall	tongue

What's this? It's the head etc.

43 remaining

What am I doing? You're going to the window

What am I doing? You're coming from the window

Are you going to the window?

No, I'm not going to the window; I'm remaining on the chair

Am I remaining on the chair?

No, you aren't remaining on the chair; you're going to the window

country Spain

What's the name of your country?

... is the name of my country

What's the name of the country between England and Spain?

France's the name of the country between England and Spain

translate into





"Verbs are words we use for actions".

What am I doing? You're translating a sentence from English into ...

Translate this sentence, please: "I am a student".

What's he/she doing?

He's/She's translating a sentence from English into ...

Translate this sentence, please: "The wall's high".

What's he/she doing?

He's/She's translating a sentence from English into ...

Translate this sentence, please: "There are ten chairs in this room".

What's he/she doing?

He's/She's translating a sentence from English into ...

who

Who am I? You're Mr Smith

Who are you? I'm Mr Rossi

Who's he? He's Jack Brown

45 Who's she? She's Anna Brown

Who are they? They're Mr and Mrs Brown

thing

How many things are there on this book?

There are three things on that book

What's the name of this thing?

The name of that thing is a tie

What colour's this thing?

This thing's red



Scandinavia	
No, Mr Brown isn't short; he's tall	
No, Anna Brown isn't tall; she's short	
? No, the people of Scandinavia aren't short; they're tall	

What's the difference between "tall" and "short" and "high" and "low"?

The difference between "tall" and "short" and "high" and "low" is that we use "tall" and "short" for people, whereas we use "high" and "low" for things

47 Dictation 1

46

What's this?/ It's a pen./ Is this/ a pencil/ or a book?/ Is the/ long table/ black?/ No, it isn't;/ it's white./ The short box/ is green./ A city is large/ but a village/ is small./ Is Mr Brown/ a man?/ Yes, he is./ Is Anna Brown/ a boy or a girl?/ She's a girl./ One, two, three,/ four, five./ Is the clock/ on the table/ or under the chair?/ No,/ it's on the wall./ What colour/ is the ceiling?

LESSON 9

What's this?

What am I doing?

You're asking him/her a question

What's this?

It's a pen

You're asking him/her a question

It's a hand

Am I asking him/her a question?

Yes, you're asking him/her a question

What's this?

answering

What's he/she doing? He's/She's answering your question

What's this? It's a mouth

Is he/she answering my question?

Yes, he's/she's answering your question

Ask him/her a question, please.

49 **To have**

asking

48

I have I've

you have you've

he has he's

she has she's

it has it's

we have we've

you have you've

they have they've

What's the meaning of the verb "to have"?

The meaning of the verb "to have" is ...

50 got with generally

With the verb "have", we generally use the word "got" and we say "I've got", "you've got", "he's got" etc. We say "I have a pen" or "I have got a pen".

Have I got two eyes?

Have you got two ears?

Has he got two legs?

Has she got two hands?

Have we got two heads?

Have they got four arms?

Yes, you've got two eyes

Yes, I've got two ears

Yes, he's got two legs

Yes, she's got two hands

Yes, we've got two heads

Yes, they've got four arms



any? yes, some

non-specific no, **not any**

how many? seven

specific thirteen etc.

none

specific non-specific negative

positive for example important

when

51

The meaning of "any" and "some" is "...", but we use "any" in questions and negative sentences, and "some" in positive sentences. For example, we say "Are there any books on the table?" – "Yes, there are some books on the table", and we say "Are there any books on the floor?" – "No, there aren't any books on the floor".

We use "any" in a non-specific question, when the number is not important. For example, "Are there any books on the table?" – "Yes, there are some books on the table", or "No, there aren't any books on the table". If the number is important, we use "How many" and there is a specific answer – "one", "two", "three" etc., or "none".

What is the meaning of the words "any" and "some"?

The meaning of the words "any" and "some" is ...

What's the difference between "any" and "some"?

The difference between "any" and "some" is that we use "any" in questions and negative sentences, whereas we use "some" in positive sentences

any

Are there any books on this table? Yes, there are some

books on this table

Are there any pictures on these walls?

Yes, there are some

pictures on these walls

52 Have you got any shoes on your feet? Yes, I've got some

shoes on my feet

not any

Are there any books on the floor? No, there aren't any

books on the floor

Are there any pictures on that chair? No, there aren't any

pictures on that chair

Are there any chairs on the table? No, there aren't any

chairs on the table

How many books are there on the table?

There are ...
books on the table

How many books are there on the floor?

There are none

How many pictures are there on these walls?There are ... pictures on

these walls

How many pictures are there on that chair?

There are none

How many students are there in this classroom? There are ... students in this classroom

How many students are there sitting on the floor?

There are none



Revision exercises

In your book, you sometimes see 'Do Revision Exercise ...'. These exercises are at the end of each stage, and you can do them at home. This is a good idea because these exercises give you extra practice with the English you are learning at school. With the Callan Method, you learn quickly, but if you want to learn more quickly, you should study with your book, listen to the audio files, and do the revision exercises.

Write long answers to all the questions, like the answers that you say in the lessons. Then correct the exercise by looking at the printed answers in your book. Remember, the exercises are not for class; you do them outside the lesson for extra practice.

Revision Exercise 1 (Lessons 1 – 5)

- 1 Is London a village?
- 2 Is a city large or small?
- 3 Are you standing on the floor?
- 4 What's the plural of "book"?
- 5 What's the plural of "man"?
- 6 What's the plural of "woman"?
- 7 What are the five vowels?
- 8 Is the letter "B" a vowel?
- **9** Which letter's before "E"?
- 10 Which letter's after "G"?
- 11 Which letter's between "H" and "J"?
- **12** Are you the teacher?
- **13** How much is 13 plus 5?
- 14 Is there a light on the ceiling?
- 15 Is there a clock on the table?
- 16 Are there a hundred pictures in this room?
- 17 Is the wall low?
- 18 What's the capital of England?
- 19 What's the capital of Greece?
- 20 How many clocks are there in this room?

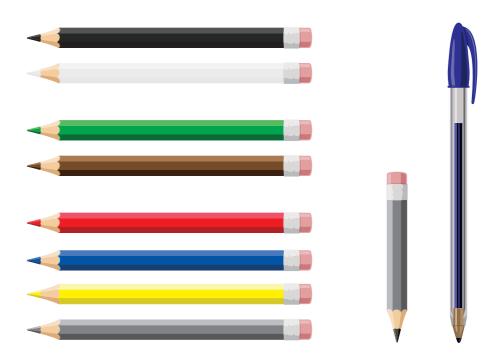
Answers

- 1 No, London isn't a village; it's a city.
- 2 A city's large.
- 3 No, I'm not standing on the floor; I'm sitting on the chair.
- 4 The plural of "book" is "books".
- 5 The plural of "man" is "men".
- 6 The plural of "woman" is "women".

- 7 The five vowels are "A E I O U".
- 8 No, the letter "B" isn't a vowel; it's a consonant.
- **9** D's before E.
- 10 H's after G.
- 11 I's between H and J.
- No, I'm not the teacher; I'm a student.
- 13 13 plus 5 equals 18.
- 14 Yes, there's a light on the ceiling.
- 15 No, there isn't a clock on the table.
- No, there aren't a hundred pictures in this room; there are ... pictures in this room.
- 17 No, the wall isn't low; it's high.
- 18 London's the capital of England.
- **19** Athens's the capital of Greece.
- 20 There's one clock in this room.

Demonstration Charts









Aa Bb Cc Dd Ee Ff Gg

Nn Oo Pp Qq Rr Ss Tt

a e i o u

Verbs are words

What colour is the book?

a bookthe book

we use for actions.

The book is blue

an umbrellathe umbrella

13	30
14	40
15	50
16	60
17	70
18	80
19	90
20	100
	1,000
	1,000,000

non-specific

Any?

specific

How many?

non-specific

Anybody?

specific

Who?

non-specific

Anything?

specific

What?

Yes, some No, not any

Seven etc. None

Yes, somebody No, not anybody

Mrs Brown etc. Nobody

Yes, something No, not anything

A light etc. Nothing

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VOCABULARY BOOKS STAGE 1: LESSONS 1–9

2017/0H





ENGLISH-CHINESE VOCABULARY BOOK

STAGE 1: LESSONS 1-9

2012 ON

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STAGE 1

Chinese vocabulary

LES	SSON 1		
1	pen	 	钢笔
1	pencil	 	铅笔
1	book	 	书本
1	a	 	(不定冠词)
1	what is (what's)		
1	this	 	
1	it is (it's)	 它是	(缩写形式)
2	table	 	桌子
2	chair		
2	light		
2	wall		
2	floor		
2	room		
2	ceiling		
2	window		
2	door		
2	clock		
2	box		
2	picture		
2	is this ?		
2	yes		
2	no, it is not (isn't)	 ウ不旦	(嫁它形式)
3	long		
3	short		
3	the		
3	contraction		
3	large		
3	small		
ა 4	city		
4	town		
4	village		
4	or		
4	man		
4	woman		
4	boy		
4	girl		
5	one		
5	two		
5	three		
5	four		
5	five		
5	on		
5	under		
5	in		
6	Mr	 	先生

6	Mrs		太太
3	black		…黑色
3	white		
6	green		
3	brown		
3	what colour?		
7	six		
7	seven		
7	eight		
7	nine		
7	ten		
, 7	where		
			…哪里
LE:	SSON 2		
3	I am / I'm		
3	you are / you're	. 你是/缩	写形式
3	he is / he's	. 他是/缩	写形式
3	she is / she's		
3	it is / it's		
9	I am not / I'm notI am的否定		
9	you are not / you aren't		
	,you are的否定	定形式/缩	方形式
9	he is not / he isn't /he is的否定		
9	she is not / she isn't she is的否定		
9	it is not / it isn'tit is的否定		
9	in front of		
9	behind		
9	me		
9	you		
10	him		
10	her		
10	house		
11	atanding Tit	(皿大公)	・・・方角
11	standing正站在 sitting正坐在	(現在ガル	リカシエし)
	Sitting上坐仕	(现在分)	可形式)
11	taking from正从拿走	(现在分)	可形式)
11	putting on正放在 opening正打开	(现在分)	可形式)
12	opening止打升	(現在分)	可形式)
12	closing正关上;正合上	(地在分)	可形式)
12	doing正在做(doing	勺现在分i	可形式)
12	what am I doing?		
12	which		
13	open		
13	closed		合上的
LE!	SSON 3		
	this		汝个
	UIML		

1/	chart		21	fifty	50
	eleven			,	60
	twelve			,	70
	thirteen			,	80
	fourteen			0 ,	90
	fifteen			•	100
	plural				
	of				1,000,000
	etc.	• • •			数字
	we are / we're				
	they are / they're			•	等于
	we are not / we aren't			•	
	we	are的否定形式/缩写形式			那儿有/缩写形式
16	they are not / they aren't				there is的复数形式
		,			
16	red				e isn't
16	blue	蓝色			there is的否定形式/缩写形式
16	yellow	黄色	24		ere aren't
	grey				there are的否定形式/缩写形式
	these		24	hiah	
16	those	那些			
16	and	和	24	but	
17	men	man的复数形式	16	SSON 5	
17	women	woman的复数形式			10 H1 T
17	say	说		•	祈使语气
17	sixteen	16			拿!
17	seventeen	17		•	放!
17	eighteen	18		•	打开!
17	nineteen	19			合上! `*
17	twenty	20		F	
17	clothes	衣服			
18	shoe	鞋			那里
18	boot	靴子		•	首都
18	sock	短袜		•	英格兰
18	trousers	裤子			俄罗斯
18	jacket	夹克			
18	suit	套装			中国 伦敦
18	shirt	衬衫			
18	tie	领带			英斯科
18	hat	帽子			雅典
18	bag	书包			
18	alphabet				
		字母			外套
	vowel				
18	consonant	辅音		•	
	before				
19	after	在在后			
LE	SSON 4				女式衬衫
		在之间			套衫
	us				
	them			•	手帕
	student	1,			多少?
	teacher				
	thirty		20	951119 15	
	forty				

	SCON 6	20	foot	
LESSON 6				foot的复数形式
	Europe欧洲			
	Asia亚洲		•	背部
	Italy意大利			
	France法国			
	India印度			手臂
	first 1st第一			手育 手指
	second 2nd第二		•	大拇指
	third 3rd第三			
	fourth 4th第四		-	
	fifth 5th	40	wrong	错误的
	sixth 6th第六		SSON 8	
	twelfth 12th第十二	41	question	
29	twentieth 20th第二十		•	答案
29	cardinal基数	41	meaning	含义
29	ordinal序数			姓名
31	last最后的			
31	give给			
32	French法国人			下巴
32	German德国人			
32	Italian意大利人			量子
32	English英国人			
32	my我的		•	耳朵
32	your你的			头发
	his他的			舌头
32	her她的		•	留在
33	our我们的			
33	your你们的			西班牙
	their他们的		•	
	all全部的			翻译
	SSON 7			
	person			事物
	peopleperson的复数形式			高的
35	coming from正从来			矮的
36	touch			斯堪的纳维亚
36	sentence句子			差别
36	word单词			然而
36	verb动词	46	that	引导宾语从句
36	use使用	LE	SSON 9	
36	for为了	48	asking	正在问
36	action行动			正在回答
37	question mark ?问号?		_	拥有
37	full stop句号.			
	comma逗号,			你有/缩写形式
37	colon:冒号:		,	
	semi-colon;分号;			
	umbrella			
	pronounce发音			它有/缩写形式
	a一(不定冠词)			我们有/缩写形式
	an一(不定冠词)	49	you nave / you've	你们有/缩写形式
	the			他们有/缩写形式
	the			get的过去式和过去分词
	body身体			和一起
	part部分			
55	P~	50	any	一些(用于否定句或疑问句)

50	some	一些(用于肯定句)
50	not any	any的否定形式
50	none	没有
50	specific	具体的
50	non-specific	specific的否定形式
50	negative	否定的
51	positive	肯定的
51	for example	例如
51	important	重要的
	when	
52	class	班级
52	classroom	教室





ENGLISH-CZECH VOCABULARY BOOK

STAGE 1: LESSONS 1-9

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STAGE 1

Czech vocabulary

LE:	SSON 1		6	Mrs
1	pen	pero	6	bla
1	pencil		6	whi
1	book		6	gre
1	a		6	bro
1	what is (what's)	` ,	6	wha
1	this		7	six
1	it is (it's)		7	sev
2	table	•	7	eig
2	chair		7	nin
2	light		7	ten
2	•		7	whe
	wall		-	
2	floor			SSO
2	room		8	I ar
2	ceiling		8	you
2	window		8	he
2	door		8	she
2	clock		8	it is
2	box		9	I ar
2	picture	obrázek	9	you
2	is this ?	je to?	9	he
2	yes	ano	9	she
2	no, it is not (isn't)	ne, to není	9	it is
3	long	dlouhý	9	in
3	short		9	beh
3	the	ten (člen určitý)	9	me
3	contraction		9	you
3	large		10	him
3	small		. •	her
4	city		10	hou
4	town		11	sta
4	village	vesnice	11	sitti
4	or		11	taki
4	man		11	put
4	woman		12	
4	boy			
4	girl			clos
5	one			doi
5	two			wha
5	three			whi
5	four			ope
5			13	clos
5 5	five	•	LE	SSO
5 5	on		14	this
	under	'		tha
5	in			cha
6	Mr	pan	14	CHE

6	Mrs	paní
6	black	černá
6		bílá
6	green	zelená
6	brown	hnědá
3	what colour?	jaká barva?
7	six	šest
7		sedm
7		osm
7		devět
7		deset
7		kde
.E:	SSON 2	
3	I am / I'm	já jsem
3		ty jsi
3		on je
3		ona je
3		to je
9		já nejsem
)	you are not / you aren	'tty nejsi
)	he is not / he isn't /	on není
)		ona není
)		to není
)		před
9		za
)		mnou
)		tebou
0		ním
0		ní
0		dům
11		stát (průběhový čas)
11		sedět (průběhový čas)
11		brát z (průběhový čas)
11	nutting on	pokládat na (průběhový čas)
2		otevírat (průběhový čas)
2		zavírat (průběhový čas)
2	doing	dělat (průběhový čas)
2	what am I doing?	co právě dělám?
2		který
3		otevřený
13		zavřený
_	SSON 3	2aviony
		tento/tato/toto
4		tamten/tamta/tamto
4		tamien/iamia/iamio tabule
4	uiait	เสมนาย

14	elevenjedená	ict 21	forty	čtvřicet
	twelvedvaná		fifty	•
	thirteen třiná			
	fourteen čtrná		seventy	
	fifteenpatná		eighty	
	pluralmnožné čís		ninety	
	of		•	
	etc. a		hundred	
	we are / we'remy jsme (zde pomocné slove		thousand	
			million	
	běhového času)		number	
	they are / they'reoni jsou (zde pomocné slove		plus	
	běhového času)		equals	
	we are not / we aren'tmy nejsme (zde pomoc		how much	
	veso průběhového času)		there is / there's	
	they are not / they aren'toni nejsou (z		there are	
	nocné sloveso průběhového času)		now	•
	redčerve		there is not / there isn't	
	bluemod		there are not / there aren't	-
	yellowžlu		high	vysoký
16	grey	dá 24	low	nízký
16	these tito/ty	rto 24	but	ale
16	thosetamti/tam	^{ity} LE	SSON 5	
16	and	а	imperative	rozkozovací způceh
17	men mu	IZI	•	•
17	womenže	N	take!	
17	sayř	ICI	put!	
17	sixteenšestná	ICI	open!	
17	seventeensedmnå	ICT .	close!	
17	eighteenosmná	ici	please	
	nineteendevatena	ict 26	here	
17	twentydvac		there	
17	clothesobleče		capital	
18	shoebo	na	England	-
	bootholín	ka 26	Russia	v
	sockponož	ka 26	Greece	
	trouserskalho	_{otv} 26	China	
	jacketsa	, 26	London	Londýn
	suitobl	26	Moscow	Moskva
	shirtkoš	26	Athens	Atény
	tievázan	26	Beijing	Peking
	hatklobo	27	reading	číst (průběhový čas)
	bag taš	27	writing	psát (průběhový čas)
	alphabetabece	') /	coat	kabát
	•	27	tights	punčocháče
	· · · · ·	') /	dress	šaty
	vowelsamohlás		skirt	sukně
	consonantsouhlás	27	scarf	šátek/šála
	beforepř	27	blouse	halenka
19	after	oo 27	pullover	svetr
LES	SSON 4		pocket	
20	between me		handkerchief	•
	usná		how many ?	
	themiimi /ni		going to	
	studentstude		30lg 10	, (prabonovy das)
	teacheruči			
21	thirty třic	et		

29 Europe	LE	SSON 6		39	foot	chodidlo
99 Asia			Evropa			
29 Italy		•				
29 France					•	
19 Inidia.		•				
29 first 1st						F
29 second 2nd.						'
29 third 3rd						
29 fourth 4th.			•			
29 fifth 5th.						
29 sixth 6th						
29 twentieth 12th					•	
29 twentieth 20th						
29 cardinal			•		•	
29 ordinal pořadový/řadový 2 name jméno 31 last poslední 42 haad hlava 32 French Francouz 42 face t.vář 42			•			•
1						
31 give						-
French						
32 German Němec 42 mouth ústat		•		42	face	tvář
32 Italian Ital 42 lear uose nos 32 English Angličan 42 eye. oko 32 my můj 42 eye. oko 32 your lvůj 42 hair ucho 32 her její 43 remaining zůstávat (průběhový tvar) 33 our náš 43 country země 33 your váš 35 panělsko 35 panělsko 34 all všechny/všichni 43 into do LESSON 7 44 who kdo 5 person osoba 45 thing všec 35 person osoba 45 thing všec 36 touch dolknout 45 short maly 36 verb sloves sloves kdežto 36 verb sloves použít 46 difference rozdíl 36 use použít 48 answering odpovídat (průběhový tvar) 37 culi steri váteká 49 thave já mám 37 colon došára 49 thave já				42	chin	brada
1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2				42	mouth	ústa
32 my můj 42 ear ucho 32 your tvůj 42 hair uvlasy 32 his jeho 42 tongue jazyk 32 her její 43 remaining zůstávat (průběhový tvar) 33 our náš 43 country země 33 your váš Spain Španělsko 34 all všechny/všichni 43 translate přeložit 44 who kdo kdo 45 person osoba 45 thing všec 35 person osoba 45 thing výšc 36 touch dotknout 45 short malý 36 touch dotknout 45 short malý 36 word slovo 46 whereas kdežto 36 verb slovo 46 whereas kdežto 36 use použít 2ESSON 9 36 for pro pro 48 asking tázat se (průběhový tvar) 37 comma čárka 49 thav / lve já mám 37 comma				42	nose	nos
32 your tvůj 42 háir vlasy 32 his jeho 42 tongue jazyk 32 her její 43 remaining zůstávat (průběhový tvar) 33 our náš 43 country země 33 your váš 43 Spain Španělsko 33 their jejích 43 translate přeložit 34 all všechnylvšichni 43 into do 45 person soba 45 thing věc 35 person soba dithing věc 35 people lidé dithing věc 35 coming from přicházet od dithing všta 36 touch dotknout dithing všta 36 word slove solaniavia skandinávie 36 word sloves solaniavia skandinávie 36 word sloves pužít solaniavia skandinávie 36 word soloves pužít so				42	eye	oko
1				42	ear	ucho
32 her		,	,	42	hair	vlasy
33 our náš 43 country země 33 your váš 3 Spain Španělsko 33 their jejich 43 translate přeložit 44 all všechny/všichni 43 into do 45 people lidé 45 thing věc 35 people lidé 45 tall vysoký 35 coming from přicházet od 45 short malý 36 sentence věta 45 short malý 36 word slovo 46 whereas kdežto 36 verb slovoso 46 whereas kdežto 36 verb slovoso 46 that že 36 use použít LESSON 9 36 for pro 48 asking tázat se (průběhový tvar) 48 answering odpovídat (průběhový tvar) 37 question mark? otazník? 49 toave mít 49 toave mít 37 colon doštrán, 49 volve 49 volve ty máš 38 umbrella deštník 49 toave 49 volve <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td>42</td> <td>tongue</td> <td>jazyk</td>			,	42	tongue	jazyk
33 your váš 43 Spain Španělsko 33 their jejich 43 translate přeložit 34 all všechnylvšichni 43 translate přeložit 43 into do do 45 thing věta 45 thing věto 35 people lidé 45 thing výsoký 36 coming from přicházet od 45 short malý 36 touch dotknout 45 short malý 36 word slovo 46 whereas kdežto 36 verb slovoso 46 whereas kdežto 36 use použít 25 saking tázat se (průběhový tvar) 36 for pro 48 asking tázat se (průběhový tvar) 37 question mark ? otazník? 49 to have mít 37 full stop tečka 49 lhave / l've já mám 37 colon: dvojtečka: 49 to have mít 38 umbrella deštník 49 to have / vou've ty máš 39 pronounce vyslovit				43	remaining	zůstávat (průběhový tvar)
33 their jejich 43 translate přeložit 34 all všechny/všichni 43 into do LESSON 7 44 who kdo 35 person osoba 45 thing věc 35 people lidé 45 tall vysoký 35 coming from přicházet od 45 short malý 36 touch dotknout 45 short malý 36 sentence věta 46 difference rozdíl 36 word slovo 46 whereas kdežto 36 verb sloveso 46 that že 36 instructural semtence prozdíl 46 whereas kdežto 46 that že 46 that že 36 use použít 25 saking tázat se (průběhový tvar) 36 for pro 48 asking tázat se (průběhový tvar) 37 question mark? otazník? 49 to have mít 37 full stop tečka 49 l have / l've já mám 37 colon: dvójtěčka				43	country	země
A all		•		43	Spain	Španělsko
LESSON 7 44 who kdo 35 person osoba 45 thing věc 35 people lidé 45 tall vysoký 35 coming from přicházet od 45 short malý 36 touch dotknout 45 scandinavia Skandinávie 36 touch dotknout 45 scandinavia Skandinávie 36 word sloves 46 whereas kdežto 36 word sloves 46 whereas kdežto 36 verb sloves 46 that že 36 use použít LESSON 9 48 asking tázat se (průběhový tvar) 36 for pro 48 asking tázat se (průběhový tvar) 48 answering odpovídat (průběhový tvar) 37 question mark? otazník? 49 to have mít 37 colon došrka 49 l have / ľve já mám 37 colon doštník 49 you have / you've ty máš 38 umbrella deštník 49 khas / he's ona má 38 pronounce vyslovit 49 we have	33			43	translate	přeložit
35 person osoba 45 thing věc 35 people lidé 45 tall vysoký 35 coming from přicházet od 45 short malý 36 touch dotknout 45 short malý 36 touch dotknout 45 short malý 36 word slovo 46 difference rozdíl 36 verb sloveso 46 that že 36 for pro pro 48 asking tázat se (průběhový tvar) 36 for pro pro 48 asking tázat se (průběhový tvar) 36 for pro pro 48 asking tázat se (průběhový tvar) 37 question mark? otazník? 48 asking tázat se (průběhový tvar) 37 colon dvojtečka 49 thave 49 thas / he's 0na má 49 thas / he's 0na má 49 thave 49 they have / you've 49 they have / th	34	all	.všechny/všichni	43	into	do
35 people	LE:	SSON 7		44	who	kdo
35 people	35	nerson	osoba	45	thing	věc
35 coming from přicházet od touch 45 short malý 36 touch dotknout 45 Scandinavia Skandinávie 36 sentence věta 46 difference rozdíl 36 word slovo 46 whereas kdežto 36 verb sloveso 46 that že LESSON 9 36 for pro 48 asking tázat se (průběhový tvar) 36 action činnost 48 answering odpovídat (průběhový tvar) 37 question mark? otazník? 49 to have mít 37 colon dvojtečka 49 l have / l've já mám 37 colon: dvojtečka 49 l have / you've ty máš 37 semi-colon; středník; 49 she has / she's ona má 38 umbrella deštník 49 she has / she's ona má 38 pronounce vyslovit 49 we have / we've my máme 38 the ten (člen určitý) 49 they have / they've oni mají 38 the ten (člen určitý) 50 got nepřekládá se, <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>45</td><td>tall</td><td>vysoký</td></t<>				45	tall	vysoký
36 touch dotknout 45 Scandinavia Skandinávie 36 sentence věta 46 difference rozdíl 36 word slovo 46 whereas kdežto 36 verb sloveso 46 that že 36 use použít LESSON 9 36 for pro 48 asking tázat se (průběhový tvar) 36 action činnost 48 answering odpovídat (průběhový tvar) 37 question mark? otazník? 49 to have mít 37 colon dvojtečka 49 vou have / vou've ty máš 37 semi-colon; středník; 49 he has / he's ona má 38 umbrella deštník 49 she has / she's ona má 38 pronounce vyslovit 49 we have / we've my máme 38 a (člen neurčitý) 49 vou have / you've vy máte 38 the ten (člen určitý) 50 got nepřekládá se, 38 the ten (člen určitý) 50 with 50 with				45	short	malý
36 sentence věta 36 word slovo 36 verb sloveso 36 use použít 36 for pro 36 action činnost 37 question mark? otazník? 37 full stop tečka 37 colon dvojtečka 37 semi-colon; středník; 38 umbrella deštník 38 pronounce vyslovit 38 an (člen neurčitý) 38 the ten (člen určitý) 39 body tělo 39 body tělo 46 whereas kdežto 46 whereas kdežto 46 whereas kdežto 46 whereas kdežto 46 that že LESSON 9 48 asking tázat se (průběhový tvar) 49 to have mít 49 l have / ľve já mám 49 vou have / you've ty máš 49 he has / he's ona má 49 we have / we've my máme 49 vou have / yo				45	Scandinavia	Skandinávie
36 word slovo 36 verb sloveso 36 use použít 36 for pro 36 action činnost 37 question mark? otazník? 37 full stop tečka 37 comma čárka, 37 colon dvojtečka: 38 umbrella deštník 38 pronounce vyslovit 38 an (člen neurčitý) 38 the ten (člen určitý) 38 the ten (člen určitý) 39 body tělo				46	difference	rozdíl
36 verb sloveso 46 that že 36 use použít LESSON 9 36 for pro 48 asking tázat se (průběhový tvar) 36 action činnost 48 answering odpovídat (průběhový tvar) 37 question mark? otazník? 49 to have mít 37 comma čárka 49 l have / l've já mám 37 colon dvojtečka 49 he has / he's on má 38 umbrella deštník 49 she has / she's ona má 38 pronounce vyslovit 49 we have / we've my máme 38 an (člen neurčitý) 49 we have / we've my máme 38 the ten (člen určitý) 50 got nepřekládá se, 38 the ten (člen určitý) 50 with součást vazby "have got" (mít) 50 with 50 with 50 with součást vazby "have got" (mít)				46	whereas	kdežto
36 use použít LESSON 9 36 for				46	that	že
36 for				1 = 0	S CON O	
36 action						
37 question mark ? otazník? 49 to have mít 37 full stop tečka 49 to have / l've já mám 37 comma Čárka , 49 you have / you've ty máš 37 colon : "dvojtečka : 49 he has / he's on má 38 umbrella "deštník ; 49 she has / she's ona má 38 pronounce "vyslovit ; 49 we have / we've my máme 38 a (člen neurčitý) 49 we have / we've my máme 38 the ten (člen určitý) 49 they have / they've oni mají 38 the ten (člen určitý) 50 got nepřekládá se, 39 body "tělo 50 with součást vazby "have got" (mít)			'			
37 full stop tečka 49 l have / l've já mám 37 comma Čárka 49 you have / you've ty máš 37 colon "dvojtečka 49 he has / he's on má 37 semi-colon "středník 49 she has / she's ona má 38 umbrella "deštník 49 it has / it's ono má 38 pronounce "vyslovit 49 we have / we've my máme 38 a (člen neurčitý) 49 you have / you've vy máte 38 the ten (člen určitý) 49 they have / they've oni mají 38 the ten (člen určitý) 50 got nepřékládá se, 39 body "tělo 50 with součást vazby "have got" (mít)						
37 comma Čárka , 49 you have / you've 14 min 37 colon :		•				
37 colon :						•
37 semi-colon ; středník ; 49 she has / she's ona má 38 umbrella						•
38 umbrella. deštník 49 it has / it's ono má 38 pronounce vyslovit 49 we have / we've my máme 38 a (člen neurčitý) 49 you have / you've vy máte 38 an (člen neurčitý) 49 they have / they've oni mají 38 the ten (člen určitý) 50 got nepřekládá se, 38 the ten (člen určitý) součást vazby "have got" (mít) 39 body télo 50 with s			•			
38 pronounce vyslovit 49 we have / we've my máme 38 a (člen neurčitý) 49 you have / you've vy máte 38 an (člen neurčitý) 49 they have / they've oni mají 38 the ten (člen určitý) 50 got nepřekládá se, 38 the ten (člen určitý) součást vazby "have got" (mít) 39 body tělo 50 with s			,	49	she has / she's	ona má
38 a (člen neurčitý) 49 you have / you've vy máte 38 an (člen neurčitý) 49 they have / they've oni mají 38 the ten (člen určitý) 50 got nepřekládá se, 38 the ten (člen určitý) součást vazby "have got" (mít) 39 body tělo 50 with s						
38 an						•
38 the ten (člen určitý) 50 got nepřekládá se, 38 the ten (člen určitý) součást vazby "have got" (mít) 39 body tělo 50 with součást vazby "have got" (mít)						
38 the						
39 body tělo 50 with s				50		
20 mort						součást vazby "have got" (mít)
39 partobecně				50	with	s
	39	part	cast	50	generally	obecně

50 anynějaký/nějaké (v tázací	větě)
50 somenějaký/nějaké (v kladné	větě)
50 not anyžádný (v záporné	větě)
50 none	žádný
50 specific	určitý
50 non-specificne	eurčitý
50 negativezá	porný
51 positivek	dadný
51 for examplenap	říklad
51 importantdu	ůležitý
51 whenkdy	//když
52 class třída (skupina	žáků)
52 classroomtřída (uč	ebna)





ENGLISH-FRENCH VOCABULARY BOOK

STAGE 1: LESSONS 1-9

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STAGE 1

French vocabulary

LESSON 1

LE:	SSON I	
1	pen	stylo
1	pencil	crayon
1	book	livre
1	a	un / une
1	what is (what's)	qu'est-ce que
1	this	
1	it is (it's)	c'est
2	table	
2	chair	chaise
2	light	lampe
2	wall	mur
2	floor	sol
2	room	chambre
2	ceiling	plafond
2	window	fenêtre
2	door	porte
2	clock	pendule
2	box	
2	picture	
2	is this?	est-ce que c'est?
2	yes	
2	no, it is not (isn't)	non, ce n'est pas
3	long	long
3	short	court
3	the	le/la/les
3	contraction	contraction
3	large	grand
3	small	petit
4	city	grande ville
4	town	ville
4	village	
4	or	ou
4	man	homme
4	woman	femme
4	boy	• •
4	girl	
5	one	
5	two	deux
5	three	trois
5	four	
5	five	
5	on	sur
5	under	
5	in	
6	Mr	M.

6	Mrs	Mme
6		noir
6		blanc
6	green	vert
6	brown	marron
6	what colour?	de quelle couleur ?
7	six	six
7	seven	sept
7	eight	huit
7	nine	neuf
7	ten	dix
7	where	où
LE:	SSON 2	
8	I am / I'm	je suis
8		tu es / vous êtes
8		il est
8		elle est
8		il est / elle est / c'est
9		je ne suis pas
9		n'ttu n'es pas /
0		vous n'êtes pas
9		il n'est pas
9		elle n'est pas
9		il n'est pas / elle n'est pas /
J		ce n'est pas
9		devant
9		devant
9		moi
9		toi
10	,	lui
10		
10		elle
		maison
11		debout
11		assis
11		prendre de
11		mettre sur
12	opening	(en train d')ouvrir
12		(en train de) fermer
12		(en train de) faire
12		qu'est-ce que je fais? /
		que suis-je en train de faire?
12		quel / quelle / quels / quelles
13		ouvert
13	closed	fermé

LES	SSON 3	21	teacherprofesseu	ur
	thisce / cel	04	thirtytrent	
		04	fortyquarant	
	that ce / cei	04	fiftycinquant	
			sixtysoixant	
	elevenon		seventysoixante-di	
	twelve dou		eightyquatre-ving	
	thirteentrei		ninetyquatre-vingt-di	
	fourteenquator		hundredcer	
	fifteenquin		thousandmill	
	pluralplur	04	millionmillio	
	of	04	numbernombr	
	etc	,,,,	2 plusplu	
	we are / we'renous somm		Piuspiu Pequalségal	
	they are / they'reils sont / elles so		how muchcombie	
	we are not / we aren'tnous ne sommes p		there is / there'sil y	
16	they are not / they aren'tils ne sont p	00	there areil y	
	/ elles ne sont p		nowmaintenar	
	redrou	90		
	blueblu		there is not / there isn'til n'y a pa	
	yellowjau	^4	there are not / there aren'til n'y a pa	
	greyg	0.4	highhau	
	thesec	~ 4	lowba	
	thosec	03	but mai	.IS
	and		SSON 5	
	menhomm	25	imperativeimpérat	tif
17	womenfemm		take!prends!/prenez	
17	saydi	re 25	put!mets!/mettez	
	sixteensei	ze 25	open!ouvre!/ouvrez	
17	seventeendix-se	4	close!ferme ! / fermez	
17	eighteendix-h		pleases'il te plaît / s'il vous pla	
17	nineteendix-ne	£	6 hereio	
17	twentyvin	and the same	there	
17	clothesvêtemer	+-	capitalcapital	
18	shoechaussu		England Angleterr	
18	bootbot		RussiaRussi	
	sockchausset	tte 26	GreeceGrèc	
18	trouserspantale		ChinaChin	
18	jacketves		LondonLondre	
18	suitcostun		6 Moscow Mosco	
18	shirtchemi		6 AthensAthène	
18	tiecrava		BeijingPéki	
18	hatchapeau/bonn		reading(en train de) lir	
18	bags		writing(en train d')écrir	
18	alphabetalphab		coatmantea	
18	letterlett		' tightscollar	
18	vowelvoye	ll o	dressrob	
18	consonantconsoni		' skirtiup	
19	beforeava		' scarfécharp	
19	afterapr	ک م	blousechemisie	
15	SSON 4		' pulloverpu	
		07	pocketpoch	
	betweenent		handkerchiefmoucho	
	usno		how many ?combien	
	themeux / ell		B going to(en train d')aller (jusqu')	
21	studentélè	ve ²⁸	going to(en train d)aller (jusqu)	ja

	SCON S	20	foot	min al
	SSON 6			piedpied
	Europe	Larope		pieds
	Asia		-	jambe dos
	Italy	italie		bras
	France	rance		poignet
	India			poignet
	first 1st	ordinier rer / rere		doigt
29	second 2nd	dodxioino Lomo		pouce
	third 3rd	troisierne derne		juste/correct
	fourth 4th.	qualiforno forno	-	faux
	fifth 5th	ciriquicirie serrie	•	Iaux
29	sixth 6th		SSON 8	
	twelfth 12th		question	question
	twentieth 20th	- 71	answer	réponse
	cardinal	71	meaning	signification
	ordinal	44	name	nom
	last	44	head	tête
	give	74	face	visage
	French		chin	menton
	German	72	mouth	bouche
	Italian	42	nose	nez
	English	- 74	eye	œil
	my	44	ear	oreille
	your	44	hair	cheveux
	his	74	tongue	langue
	her	70	remaining	(en train de) rester
	our	70	country	pays
	your	70	Spain	Espagne
33	their	40	translate	traduire
34	all	tous / toutes 43	into	en
LE:	SSON 7			qui
35	person		•	chose
35	people	persornies		grand
35	coming from(en	tianiac, veiniac		petit
36	touch			Scandinavie
36	sentence			différence
36	word			alors que / tandis que
36	verb	verbe 46	that	que
36	use	utiliser LE	SSON 9	
36	for	pour 48	asking	(en train de) demander
36	action			(en train de) répondre
37	question mark ?poin	4 -17:44: O	-	avoir
	full stop	2.25.24		i'ai
37	comma ,	viraula		tu as
37	colon :	daux painta :		il a
37	semi-colon;	point virgula :		elle a
38	umbrella			il a / elle a
	pronounce			nous avons
	a	, ,		vous avez
	an	/		ils ont / elles ont
38	the			I have got = j'ai
38	the	1 /1 /11/1	•	avec
39	body			généralement
39	part	mautia		des / du / de la
		00	~··,······	

50	o some des / du / de la / quelques / qu	ielques-uns
50	not anyauc	un / aucune
50	0 none auc	un / aucune
50	O specific	spécifique
50	non-specificnoi	n spécifique
50	0 negative	négatif
51	1 positive	positif
51	1 for examplep	ar exemple
51	1 important	important
51	1 when	quand
52	2 class	classe
52	2 classroomsall	e de classe





ENGLISH-GERMAN VOCABULARY BOOK

STAGE 1: LESSONS 1-9

2017 ON

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German vocabulary

LE	SSON 1	6	Mrs
1	penStift	6	black
1	pencil Bleistift	6	white
1	bookBuch	6	greer
1	a ein / eine	6	brow
1	what is (what's)was ist	6	what
1	thisdas	7	six
1	it is (it's)das ist	7	seve
2	tableTisch	7	eight
2	chairStuhl	7	nine.
2	lightLicht	7	ten
2	wallWand	7	wher
2	floor	150	SSON
2	roomZimmer		
2	ceilingDecke	8	I am
2	window Fenster	8	you a
2	door	8	he is
2	clock	8	she is
2	box	8	it is /
		9	I am
2	picture	9	you a
2	is this?	9	he is
2	yesja	9	she is
2	no, it is not (isn't)nein, es ist kein / keine	9	it is r
3	longlang	9	in fro
3	short kurz	9	behir
3	theder / die / das	9	me
3	contractionKontraktion	9	you
3	largegroß	10	him .
3	smallklein	10	her .
4	cityGroßstadt	10	hous
4	townKleinstadt	11	stanc
4	village Dorf	11	sitting
4	oroder	11	takin
4	manMann	11	puttir
4	womanFrau	12	open
4	boyJunge	12	closir
4	girlMädchen	12	doing
5	one eins	12	what
5	twozwei	12	which
5	threedrei	13	open
5	fourvier	13	
5	fivefünf		
5	onauf		SSON
5	underunter		this .
5	inin		that.
6	MrHerr	14	chart

6	Mrs	Frau
6	black	schwarz
6	white	weiß
6	green	grün
6	brown	braun
6		welche Farbe?
7	six	sechs
7		sieben
7		acht
7		neun
7		zehn
7		
•	SSON 2	
		ich bin
3		
8		du bist
8		er ist
3		sie ist
3		es ist
9		ich bin nicht
9		n'tdu bist/Sie sind nicht
9		er ist nicht
9		sie ist nicht
9		es ist nicht
9		vor
9		hinter
9		mir
9	you	dir/Ihnen
10	him	ihm
10		ihr
10	house	Haus
11		stehen
11	sitting	sitzen
11	taking from	nehmen von
11	putting on	legen auf
12		öffnen
12		schließen
12		machen
12		was mache ich?
12		welcher / welche / welches
13		geöffnet
13		geschlossen
LE:	SSON 3	· ·
14	this	dieser / diese / dieses (hier)
14		jener / jene / jenes
14		Tafel
	oa	raici

4.4	alayan	alf	0.4	a tarlada .	
	eleven			• •	achtzig
	twelve		21	•	neunzig
	thirteen				hundert
	fourteen				tausend
	fifteen				Millionen
	plural				Zahl
	of			'	plus
	etc.			•	gleich
	we are / we're				wie viel
	they are / they're				da ist
	we are not / we aren't				da sind
	they are not / they aren't				jetzt
	red				:da ist kein / keine
	blue				en'tda sind keine
16	yellow	gelb	24	high	hoch
16	grey	grau	24	low	niedrig
16	these	diese	24	but	aber
16	those	jene	LE	SSON 5	
16	and	und			Imperativ
17	men	Männer			
17	women	Frauen			Nimm!/Nehmen Sie!
17	say	sagen			Leg!/Legen Sie!
17	sixteen	sechzehn		•	Öffne!/Öffnen Sie!
17	seventeen	siebzehn			Schließe!/Schließen Sie!
17	eighteen	achtzehn		•	bitte
	nineteen				hier
	twenty				dort
	clothes	•	26	capital	Hauptstadt
	shoe	•	26	England	England
	boot		26	Russia	Russland
	sock		26	Greece	Griechenland
	trousers		26	China	China
	jacket		26	London	London
	suit		26	Moscow	Moskau
		•	26	Athens	Athen
	shirt		26	Beijing	Peking
	tie				lesen
	hat		27	writing	schreiben
	bag		27	coat	Mantel
	alphabet				Strumpfhose
	letter			•	Kleid
	vowel				Rock
	consonant		27		Schal
	before				Bluse
19	after	nach			Pullover
LE	SSON 4				Tasche
20	between	zwiechen			Taschentuch
	us				vie viele?
	them				gehen zu
	student				genen zu
			LE	SSON 6	
	teacher		29	Europe	Europa
	thirty	-		'	Asien
	forty	-			Italien
	fifty	o o		•	Frankreich
	sixty	-			Indien
	seventy	ciobaia			

29 first 1st	20	first 1 st	orator / orato / oratos 1	20	hand	Hond
29 third 3rd						
29 forth 4th	29	second zna	Zweller / zwelle / zwelles 2.		O .	9
29 fifth 5th						
29					· ·	•
29 twelfith 12th				40	wrong	falscn
29 wentieth 20th				LE	SSON 8	
				41	guestion	Frage
29 cardinal Grund-	29				•	· ·
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2			•			
2					•	9
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1						
2						•
22 Fernch		•	•			
22 Italian						
22 English Engländer / Engländerin 22 eye. Auge 23 my mein 24 ear Ohr 25 hair Haare 42 ear Ohr 26 hair Haare 42 ear Ohr 27 hair Haare 42 hair Haare 42 hair Haare 43 hair Haare 43 hair Haare 43 tongue Zunge 43 dear Junge 25 hair Haare 43 tongue Zunge 43 dear Junge 43 dear Junge 43 dear Junge 44 hair Haare 45 hair Haare Haare 45 hair Haare Haare 45 hair Haare Haar						
2 English						
22 your					•	9
22 your						
12		•				
					-	_
33 your					-	
33 their					•	
1		,			•	•
LESSON 7						
A	34	all	alle			
Person Person Person 45 tall Sqr Sqr Skandinavien 45 skort klein klein Skandinavien 45 skort klein klein Skandinavien 45 skort klein klein Skandinavien 45 skondinavien 45 skort klein	LE:	SSON 7				
35 people	35	person	Person		•	•
35 coming from kommen von 45 Scandinavia Skandinavien 36 touch berühren 46 difference Unterschied 36 sentence Satz 46 whereas wohingegen 36 verb Verb Word 46 that dass 36 verb Verb Lesson 9 Lesson 9 36 use verwenden 46 that dass 36 verb Verb Lesson 9 Lesson 9 36 use verwenden 46 that dass 36 verb Verb Lesson 9 Lesson 9 36 use verwenden 48 asking fragen 48 asking Interveryent antworten 49 to have haben 49 puestion mark? Fragezeichen? 49 to have Joh ave Joh ave 49 to have Joh ave Joh ave Joh ave Joh ave </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>9</td>						9
36 touch berühren 46 difference Unterschied 36 sentence Satz 46 whereas wohingegen 36 word Wort 46 that dass 36 verb Verb Verb 48 asking fragen 36 verb Fragezeichen? 49 answering antworten 49 to have haben 37 cull stop Punkt. 49 vol have / you've du hast/Sie haben 49 she has / he's er hat 37 colon Doppelpunkt: 49 she has / he's sie hat 38 umbrella Regenschirm 49 we have / we've wir haben 38 the der / die / das got betas / it's generally im Allgemeinen						
36 sentence Satz 36 word Wort 36 verb Verb 36 verb Verb 36 use verwenden 36 for "Gir 36 action Tätigkeit 37 question mark? Fragezeichen? 37 full stop Punkt. 37 colon Doppelpunkt: 37 semi-colon Semikolon; 38 umbrella Regenschirm 38 pronounce aussprechen 38 the der / die / das 38 the der / die / das 39 body Körper 39 feet Fuß 39 leg Bein 39 leg Bein 39 back Rücken 39 arm Arm		-				
36 word Wort 46 that dass 36 verb Verb Verb 36 use verwenden 48 asking fragen 36 action Tâtigkeit 48 answering antworten 37 question mark? Fragezeichen? 49 to have haben 37 colon Doppelpunkt 49 you have / you've du hast/Sie haben 37 semi-colon; Semikolon; 49 he has / he's sie hat 38 umbrella Regenschirm 49 we have / we've wir haben 38 an ein / eine 49 we have / we've wir haben 38 the der / die / das 49 we have / you've lir habt/Sie haben 38 the der / die / das 49 we have / we've wir haben 49 you have / you've wir haben 49 we have / we've wir haben 49 you have / you've wir haben 49 we have / we've wir haben 49 you have / you've wir haben 49 we have / we've wir haben 40 you have / you've wir haben 49 we have / we've wir haben 4						
36 verb Verb 36 use						0 0
Second S						
action mark? Fragezeichen? full stop Punkt. comma Komma, Komma, Colon: Doppelpunkt: semi-colon; Semikolon; semi-colon; Semikolon; as an ein / eine as he der / die / das semi body Körper part Teil solody back Rücken semi semi parm Arm semi-colon section mark? Fragezeichen? 49 to have have haben to have haben solow he have have haben solow he has / he's heave / you have / you've du hast/Sie haben he has / he's heave hat she has / she's sein hat she has / she's haben she has / she has / she's haben she has / she has / she's haben she has / she's h						_
question mark? Fragezeichen? full stop Punkt. colon: Doppelpunkt: semi-colon; Semikolon; mubrella. Regenschirm semonounce aussprechen as a ein / eine as the der / die / das sethe der / die / das set	36	for	für			
37 question mark?Fragezeichen?49 to navenaben37 full stopPunkt.49 l have / I'veich habe37 commaKomma,49 you have / you'vedu hast/Sie haben37 colon:Doppelpunkt:49 he has / he'ser hat38 umbrellaRegenschirm38 pronounceaussprechen49 she has / he'ssie hat38 aein / eine49 we have / we'vewir haben38 theder / die / das49 we have / we'vewir haben38 theder / die / das50 gotwithmit39 partTeil50 anyirgendwelche39 feetFüße50 not anywelche39 legBein50 specificbestimmt39 backRücken50 non-specificunbestimmt39 armArm10 non-specificunbestimmt	36	action	Tätigkeit		O .	
37 full stop Punkt. 37 comma Komma, 37 colon: Doppelpunkt: 37 semi-colon; Semikolon; 38 umbrella. Regenschirm 38 pronounce aussprechen 38 an ein / eine 38 the der / die / das 39 body Körper 39 feet Fuße 39 feet Bein 39 back Rücken 39 arm Arm						
37 comma Komma, 49 you have / you've du hast/sle haben 37 colon: Doppelpunkt: 49 he has / he's er hat 37 semi-colon; Semikolon; 49 she has / she's sie hat 38 umbrella Regenschirm 49 we have / we've wit has / it's es hat 38 pronounce aussprechen 49 we have / we've wir haben 38 an ein / eine 49 they have / we've wir haben 38 the der / die / das 50 got we have / you've sir habt/Sie haben 39 body Körper 50 generally we have / you've inr habt/Sie haben 50 generally got keine Übersetzung/in Verbindung mit have with mit 50 generally irgendwelche some mot any irgendwelche 50 none some welche some welche 50 none specific bestimmt 50 non-specific unbestimmt 50 non-specific unbestimmt 50 non-specific unbestimmt						
37 Colon Doppelpunkt 38 semi-colon Semikolon 38 umbrella Regenschirm 38 pronounce aussprechen 38 a						
37 semi-colon; Semikolon; 38 umbrella. Regenschirm 38 pronounce aussprechen 38 an ein / eine 38 the der / die / das 38 the der / die / das 39 body Körper 39 feet Füße 39 leg Bein 39 back Rücken 39 arm Arm	37	colon :	Doppelpunkt:			
38 Umbreila Regenschirm 38 pronounce aussprechen 38 a ein / eine 38 an ein / eine 38 the der / die / das 38 the der / die / das 39 body Körper 39 feet Fuß 39 feet Füße 39 leg Bein 39 back Rücken 39 arm Arm	37	semi-colon;	Semikolon;			
38 pronounce aussprechen 38 a ein / eine 38 an ein / eine 38 the der / die / das 38 the der / die / das 39 body Körper 39 part Teil 39 feet Füße 39 leg Bein 39 back Rücken 39 arm Arm 49 you have / you've ihr habt/Sie haben 49 they have / they've sie haben 49 they have / they've sie haben 50 got keine Übersetzung/in Verbindung mit have with mit Allgemeinen 50 any irgendwelche 50 some welche 50 not any keine 50 not any keine 50 not any keine 50 specific bestimmt 50 non-specific unbestimmt 50 non-specific unbestimmt 50 non-specific non-specific	38	umbrella	Regenschirm			
38 an ein / eine 38 the der / die / das 38 the der / die / das 39 body Körper 39 part Teil 39 feet Füße 39 leg Bein 39 back Rücken 39 arm Arm 49 they have / they've sie haben 50 got keine Übersetzung/in Verbindung mit have with mit 50 any irgendwelche 50 some welche 50 not any keine 50 not any keine 50 non- keine 50 non- specific 50 non- bestimmt 50 non- non-specific 50 non-specific unbestimmt 50 non- non-specific	38	pronounce	aussprechen			
38 an ein / eine 38 the der / die / das 38 the der / die / das 39 body Körper 39 part Teil 39 foot Fuße 39 feet Füße 39 leg Bein 39 back Rücken 39 arm Arm	38	a	ein / eine			
38 the der / die / das 50 with mit 39 body Körper 50 generally im Allgemeinen 39 part Teil 50 any irgendwelche 39 foot Fuß 50 some welche 39 feet Füße 50 not any keine 39 leg Bein 50 specific bestimmt 39 back Rücken 50 non-specific unbestimmt 39 arm Arm 50 nongative verreint	38	an	ein / eine			
38 the der/die/das 39 body Körper 39 part Teil 39 foot Fuß 39 feet Füße 39 leg Bein 39 back Rücken 39 arm Arm 50 generally im Allgemeinen 50 any irgendwelche 50 not any keine 50 none keine 50 some specific 50 non-specific unbestimmt 50 non-specific unbestimmt 50 non-specific portreint	38	the	der / die / das			
39 body Korper 39 part Teil 39 foot Fuß 39 feet Füße 39 leg Bein 39 back Rücken 39 arm Arm 50 any irgendwelche 50 some welche 50 not any keine 50 specific bestimmt 50 non-specific unbestimmt 50 non-specific unbestimmt 50 non-specific porregint	38	the	der / die / das			
39 part Tell 39 foot Fuß 39 feet Füße 39 leg Bein 39 back Rücken 39 arm Arm 50 some welche 50 none keine 50 specific bestimmt 50 non-specific unbestimmt 50 nongative verreint	39	body	Körper			· ·
39 feet Füße 39 leg Bein 39 back Rücken 39 arm Arm 50 not any keine 50 specific bestimmt 50 non-specific unbestimmt 50 nogative verreint					•	_
39 leg. Bein 39 back. Rücken 39 arm. Arm 50 none keine 50 specific bestimmt 50 non-specific unbestimmt 50 noggtive verreint						
39 leg. Bein 39 back Rücken 39 arm Arm 50 specific bestimmt 50 non-specific unbestimmt 50 non-specific vergeint	39	feet	Füße			
39 arm Arm 50 non-specific unbestimmt						
39 arm	39	back	Rücken		•	
39 wristHandgelenk						
	39	wrist	Handgelenk	50		verricint

51	positive	bejaht
	for example	
51	important	wichtig
	when	
52	class	Klasse
52	classroom	Klassenzimmer



English-Italian Vocabulary Book Stage 1

English in a quarter of the time!

Italian vocabulary

SSON 1	5	undersotto
penpenna	5	inin, dentro, nel
·	6	Mrsignore
	6	Mrssignora
	6	blacknero
	6	whitebianco
	6	greenverde
	6	brownmarrone
	6	what colour? che colore?
	7	sixsei
	7	sevensette
-	7	eightotto
	7	ninenove
·	7	ten dieci
	7	wheredove
	1.5	SSON 2
	-	I am / I'mio sono
	_	you are / you'retu sei
	-	he is / he'slui è
	-	she is / she'slei è
	•	it is / it'sè
	_	I am not / I'm notio non sono
	_	you are not / you aren'ttu non sei
	_	he is not / he isn'tlui non è
	_	she is not / she isn'tlei non è
	_	it is not / it isn't non è
	_	in front of davanti, di fronte
	_	behinddietro
	_	meme
	-	youte
		himlui
		herlei
		housecasa
		standingin piedi
		sitting seduto/a
· ·		taking from prendendo da
		putting onmettendo su
		openingaprendo
		closing chiudendo
		doing facendo
		what am I doing?cosa sto facendo?
		which quale
	13	openaperto
	pen	pen

13 closedchiuso	LESSON 4
LESSON 3	20 betweenfra, tra
14 this questo,a	20 usnoi
14 that quello,a	20 themloro
14 chartgrafico	21 studentallievo
14 elevenundici	21 teacher professore
14 twelvedodici	21 thirtytrenta
14 thirteen tredici	21 fortyquaranta
14 fourteenquattordici	21 fifty cinquanta
14 fifteenquindici	21 sixtysessanta
14 plural plurale	21 seventy settanta
14 ofdi	21 eightyottanta
14 etceccetera	21 ninety novanta
15 we are / we'renoi siamo	21 hundredcento
15 they are / they're essi sono	21 thousandmille
15 we are not / we aren'tnoi non siamo	21 million milione
16 they are not / they aren'tessi	21 numbernumero
non sono	22 plus più
16 redrosso	22 equals uguale
16 blue	22 how muchquanto
16 yellowgiallo	23 there is / there's c' è
-	23 there areci sono
16 greygrigio	23 now adesso
16 thesequesti/e 16 thosequelli/e	24 there is not / there isn'tnon c' è
·	24 there are not / there aren'tnon
16 ande 17 menuomini	ci sono
	24 high alto/a
17 womendonne	24 low basso/a
17 say dire	24 but ma, però
17 sixteensedici	•
17 seventeendiciassette	LESSON 5
17 eighteen diciotto	25 imperativeimperativo
17 nineteendiciannove	25 take!prendi!
17 twentyventi	25 put!metti!
17 clothesvestiti	25 open!apri!
18 shoe scarpa	25 close! chiudi!
18 boot stivale	25 pleaseper favore
18 sockcalzino	25 here qui
18 trouserspantaloni	25 therelà/lì
18 jacketgiacca	26 capitalcapitale
18 suitcompleto da uomo	26 England Inghilterra
18 shirtcamicia	26 RussiaRussia
18 tiecravatta	26 Greece Grecia
18 hatcappello	26 China Cina
18 bagborsa	26 London Londra
18 alphabetalfabeto	26 Moscow Mosca
18 letterlettera	26 AthensAtene
18 vowelvocale	26 BeijingPechino
18 consonant consonante	26 readingleggendo
19 before prima	26 writingscrivendo
19 afterdopo	27 coatsoprabito
	27 tightscalze
	3

27 dressvestito	37 question mark ?punto
27 skirtgonna	interrogativo ?
27 scarf sciarpa	37 full stoppunto .
27 blousecamicetta	37 comma ,virgola ,
27 pullover maglione	37 colon :due punti :
27 pockettasca	37 semi-colon;punto virgola;
27 handkerchieffazzoletto	38 umbrellaombrello
28 how many? quanti/e?	38 pronouncepronunciare
28 going to andare a	38 aun, uno, una, un'
LESSON 6	38 anun, uno, una, un'
29 Europe Europa	38 theil, la, i, le, lo, l', gli
29 Asia Asia	38 theil, la, i, le, lo, gli
29 ItalyItalia	39 bodycorpo
29 France Francia	39 partparte
29 IndiaIndia	39 foot piede
29 first 1stprimo 1°	39 feetpiedi
29 second 2ndsecondo 2°	39 leg gamba
29 third 3rdterzo 3°	39 backspalla, dorso
29 fourth 4thquarto 4°	39 armbraccio
29 fifth 5thquinto 5°	39 wristpolso
29 sixth 6th sesto 6°	39 hand mano
29 twelfth 12thdodicesimo 12°	39 fingerdito
29 twentieth 20th ventesimo 20°	39 thumbpollice
29 cardinalcardinale	40 right giusto
29 ordinalordinale	40 wrongsbagliato
31 last ultimo/a	LESSON 8
31 lastultimo/a	
31 givedare	41 questiondomanda
31 givedare 32 FrenchFrancese	41 questiondomanda 41 answerriposta
31 givedare32 FrenchFrancese32 GermanTedesco	41 questiondomanda 41 answerriposta 41 meaningsignificato
31 givedare32 FrenchFrancese32 GermanTedesco32 ItalianItaliano	41 questiondomanda41 answerriposta41 meaningsignificato42 namenome
31 givedare32 FrenchFrancese32 GermanTedesco32 ItalianItaliano32 EnglishInglese	41 questiondomanda41 answerriposta41 meaningsignificato42 namenome42 headtesta
31 givedare32 FrenchFrancese32 GermanTedesco32 ItalianItaliano32 EnglishInglese32 mymio (mia, miei, mie)	41 question domanda 41 answer riposta 41 meaning significato 42 name nome 42 head testa 42 face faccia
31 give dare 32 French Francese 32 German Tedesco 32 Italian Italiano 32 English Inglese 32 my mio (mia, miei, mie) 32 your tuo (tua, tuoi, tue)	41 questiondomanda41 answerriposta41 meaningsignificato42 namenome42 headtesta42 facefaccia42 chinmento
31 give dare 32 French Francese 32 German Tedesco 32 Italian Italiano 32 English Inglese 32 my mio (mia, miei, mie) 32 your tuo (tua, tuoi, tue) 32 his suo (sua, suoi, sue)	41 question domanda 41 answer riposta 41 meaning significato 42 name nome 42 head testa 42 face faccia 42 chin mento 42 mouth bocca
31 give dare 32 French Francese 32 German Tedesco 32 Italian Italiano 32 English Inglese 32 my mio (mia, miei, mie) 32 your tuo (tua, tuoi, tue) 32 his suo (sua, suoi, sue) 32 her suo (sua, suoi, sue)	41 questiondomanda41 answerriposta41 meaningsignificato42 namenome42 headtesta42 facefaccia42 chinmento
31 give dare 32 French Francese 32 German Tedesco 32 Italian Italiano 32 English Inglese 32 my mio (mia, miei, mie) 32 your tuo (tua, tuoi, tue) 32 his suo (sua, suoi, sue) 32 her suo (sua, suoi, sue) 33 our nostro (nostra, nostri, nostre)	41 question domanda 41 answer riposta 41 meaning significato 42 name nome 42 head testa 42 face faccia 42 chin mento 42 mouth bocca 42 nose naso 42 eye occhio
31 give dare 32 French Francese 32 German Tedesco 32 Italian Italiano 32 English Inglese 32 my mio (mia, miei, mie) 32 your tuo (tua, tuoi, tue) 32 his suo (sua, suoi, sue) 32 her suo (sua, suoi, sue) 33 our nostro (nostra, nostri, nostre) 33 your vostro (vostra, vostri, vostre)	41 question domanda 41 answer riposta 41 meaning significato 42 name nome 42 head testa 42 face faccia 42 chin mento 42 mouth bocca 42 nose naso 42 eye occhio 42 ear orecchio
31 give dare 32 French Francese 32 German Tedesco 32 Italian Italiano 32 English Inglese 32 my mio (mia, miei, mie) 32 your tuo (tua, tuoi, tue) 32 his suo (sua, suoi, sue) 32 her suo (sua, suoi, sue) 33 our nostro (nostra, nostri, nostre)	41 question domanda 41 answer riposta 41 meaning significato 42 name nome 42 head testa 42 face faccia 42 chin mento 42 mouth bocca 42 nose naso 42 eye occhio
31 give dare 32 French Francese 32 German Tedesco 32 Italian Italiano 32 English Inglese 32 my mio (mia, miei, mie) 32 your tuo (tua, tuoi, tue) 32 his suo (sua, suoi, sue) 32 her suo (sua, suoi, sue) 33 our nostro (nostra, nostri, nostre) 33 your vostro (vostra, vostri, vostre) 33 their loro (loro, loro, loro) 34 all tutto/a, tutti/e	41 question domanda 41 answer riposta 41 meaning significato 42 name nome 42 head testa 42 face faccia 42 chin mento 42 mouth bocca 42 nose naso 42 eye occhio 42 ear orecchio 42 hair capelli 42 tongue lingua
31 give dare 32 French Francese 32 German Tedesco 32 Italian Italiano 32 English Inglese 32 my mio (mia, miei, mie) 32 your tuo (tua, tuoi, tue) 32 his suo (sua, suoi, sue) 32 her suo (sua, suoi, sue) 33 our nostro (nostra, nostri, nostre) 33 your vostro (vostra, vostri, vostre) 33 their loro (loro, loro, loro) 34 all tutto/a, tutti/e	41 question domanda 41 answer riposta 41 meaning significato 42 name nome 42 head testa 42 face faccia 42 chin mento 42 mouth bocca 42 nose naso 42 eye occhio 42 ear orecchio 42 hair capelli 42 tongue lingua 43 remaining rimanendo
31 give dare 32 French Francese 32 German Tedesco 32 Italian Italiano 32 English Inglese 32 my mio (mia, miei, mie) 32 your tuo (tua, tuoi, tue) 32 his suo (sua, suoi, sue) 32 her suo (sua, suoi, sue) 33 our nostro (nostra, nostri, nostre) 33 your vostro (vostra, vostri, vostre) 33 their loro (loro, loro, loro) 34 all tutto/a, tutti/e LESSON 7 person 35 person persona	41 question domanda 41 answer riposta 41 meaning significato 42 name nome 42 head testa 42 face faccia 42 chin mento 42 mouth bocca 42 nose naso 42 eye occhio 42 ear orecchio 42 hair capelli 42 tongue lingua
31 give dare 32 French Francese 32 German Tedesco 32 Italian Italiano 32 English Inglese 32 my mio (mia, miei, mie) 32 your tuo (tua, tuoi, tue) 32 his suo (sua, suoi, sue) 32 her suo (sua, suoi, sue) 33 our nostro (nostra, nostri, nostre) 33 your vostro (vostra, vostri, vostre) 33 their loro (loro, loro, loro) 34 all tutto/a, tutti/e LESSON 7 person 35 people gente, persone	41 question domanda 41 answer riposta 41 meaning significato 42 name nome 42 head testa 42 face faccia 42 chin mento 42 mouth bocca 42 nose naso 42 eye occhio 42 ear orecchio 42 hair capelli 42 tongue lingua 43 remaining rimanendo 43 country paese, nazione
31 give dare 32 French Francese 32 German Tedesco 32 Italian Italiano 32 English Inglese 32 my mio (mia, miei, mie) 32 your tuo (tua, tuoi, tue) 32 his suo (sua, suoi, sue) 32 her suo (sua, suoi, sue) 33 our nostro (nostra, nostri, nostre) 33 your vostro (vostra, vostri, vostre) 33 their loro (loro, loro, loro) 34 all tutto/a, tutti/e LESSON 7 person 35 people gente, persone 35 coming from venire da	41 question domanda 41 answer riposta 41 meaning significato 42 name nome 42 head testa 42 face faccia 42 chin mento 42 mouth bocca 42 nose naso 42 eye occhio 42 ear orecchio 42 tongue lingua 43 remaining rimanendo 43 country paese, nazione 43 Spain Spagna
31 give dare 32 French Francese 32 German Tedesco 32 Italian Italiano 32 English Inglese 32 my mio (mia, miei, mie) 32 your tuo (tua, tuoi, tue) 32 his suo (sua, suoi, sue) 32 her suo (sua, suoi, sue) 33 our nostro (nostra, nostri, nostre) 33 your vostro (vostra, vostri, vostre) 33 their loro (loro, loro, loro) 34 all tutto/a, tutti/e LESSON 7 person 35 people gente, persone 35 coming from venire da 36 touch toccare	41 question domanda 41 answer riposta 41 meaning significato 42 name nome 42 head testa 42 face faccia 42 chin mento 42 mouth bocca 42 nose naso 42 eye occhio 42 ear orecchio 42 tongue lingua 43 remaining rimanendo 43 country paese, nazione 43 Spain Spagna 43 translate tradurre
31 give dare 32 French Francese 32 German Tedesco 32 Italian Italiano 32 English Inglese 32 my mio (mia, miei, mie) 32 your tuo (tua, tuoi, tue) 32 his suo (sua, suoi, sue) 32 her suo (sua, suoi, sue) 33 our nostro (nostra, nostri, nostre) 33 your vostro (vostra, vostri, vostre) 33 their loro (loro, loro, loro) 34 all tutto/a, tutti/e LESSON 7 person 35 people gente, persone 35 coming from venire da 36 touch toccare 36 sentence frase	41 question domanda 41 answer riposta 41 meaning significato 42 name nome 42 head testa 42 face faccia 42 chin mento 42 mouth bocca 42 nose naso 42 eye occhio 42 ear orecchio 42 tongue lingua 43 remaining rimanendo 43 country paese, nazione 43 Spain Spagna 43 translate tradurre 43 into in
31 give dare 32 French Francese 32 German Tedesco 32 Italian Italiano 32 English Inglese 32 my mio (mia, miei, mie) 32 your tuo (tua, tuoi, tue) 32 his suo (sua, suoi, sue) 33 our nostro (nostra, nostri, nostre) 33 your vostro (vostra, vostri, vostre) 33 their loro (loro, loro, loro) 34 all tutto/a, tutti/e LESSON 7 person 35 people gente, persone 35 coming from venire da 36 touch toccare 36 sentence frase 36 word parola	41 question domanda 41 answer riposta 41 meaning significato 42 name nome 42 head testa 42 face faccia 42 chin mento 42 mouth bocca 42 nose naso 42 eye occhio 42 ear orecchio 42 tongue lingua 43 remaining rimanendo 43 country paese, nazione 43 Spain Spagna 43 translate tradurre 43 into in 44 who chi
31 give dare 32 French Francese 32 German Tedesco 32 Italian Italiano 32 English Inglese 32 my mio (mia, miei, mie) 32 your tuo (tua, tuoi, tue) 32 his suo (sua, suoi, sue) 33 our nostro (nostra, nostri, nostre) 33 your vostro (vostra, vostri, vostre) 33 their loro (loro, loro, loro) 34 all tutto/a, tutti/e LESSON 7 sepson 35 people gente, persone 35 coming from venire da 36 touch toccare 36 sentence frase 36 word parola 36 verb verbo	41 question domanda 41 answer riposta 41 meaning significato 42 name nome 42 head testa 42 face faccia 42 chin mento 42 mouth bocca 42 nose naso 42 eye occhio 42 ear orecchio 42 hair capelli 42 tongue lingua 43 remaining rimanendo 43 country paese, nazione 43 Spain Spagna 43 translate tradurre 43 into in 44 who chi 45 thing cosa 45 tall alto,a 45 short basso,a
31 give dare 32 French Francese 32 German Tedesco 32 Italian Italiano 32 English Inglese 32 my mio (mia, miei, mie) 32 your tuo (tua, tuoi, tue) 32 his suo (sua, suoi, sue) 33 our nostro (nostra, nostri, nostre) 33 your vostro (vostra, vostri, vostre) 33 their loro (loro, loro, loro) 34 all tutto/a, tutti/e LESSON 7 person 35 people gente, persone 35 coming from venire da 36 touch toccare 36 sentence frase 36 word parola 36 verb verbo 36 use usare	41 question domanda 41 answer riposta 41 meaning significato 42 name nome 42 head testa 42 face faccia 42 chin mento 42 mouth bocca 42 nose naso 42 eye occhio 42 ear orecchio 42 hair capelli 42 tongue lingua 43 remaining rimanendo 43 country paese, nazione 43 Spain Spagna 43 translate tradurre 43 into in 44 who chi 45 thing cosa 45 tall alto,a
31 give dare 32 French Francese 32 German Tedesco 32 Italian Italiano 32 English Inglese 32 my mio (mia, miei, mie) 32 your tuo (tua, tuoi, tue) 32 his suo (sua, suoi, sue) 33 our nostro (nostra, nostri, nostre) 33 your vostro (vostra, vostri, vostre) 33 their loro (loro, loro, loro) 34 all tutto/a, tutti/e LESSON 7 sepson 35 people gente, persone 35 coming from venire da 36 touch toccare 36 sentence frase 36 word parola 36 verb verbo	41 question domanda 41 answer riposta 41 meaning significato 42 name nome 42 head testa 42 face faccia 42 chin mento 42 mouth bocca 42 nose naso 42 eye occhio 42 ear orecchio 42 hair capelli 42 tongue lingua 43 remaining rimanendo 43 country paese, nazione 43 Spain Spagna 43 translate tradurre 43 into in 44 who chi 45 thing cosa 45 tall alto,a 45 short basso,a

46 thatche
LESSON 9
48 asking chiedendo
48 answeringrispondendo
49 to haveavere
49 I have / I'veio ho
49 you have / you'vetu hai, lei ha
49 he has / he'slui ha
49 she has / she'slei ha
49 it has / it'sha
49 we have / we'venoi abbiamo
49 you have / you'vevoi avete
49 they have / they'veloro hanno
50 got
50 withcon
50 generallygeneralmente
50 anyqualche
50 some qualche, alcuni
50 not any nessuno
50 nonenessuno
50 specificspecifico
50 non-specificnon specifico
50 negative negativo
51 positivepositivo
51 for example per esempio
51 importantimportante
51 whenquando
52 classclasse
52 classroomaula





ENGLISH-JAPANESE VOCABULARY BOOK

STAGE 1: LESSONS 1-9

2017 ON

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Japanese vocabulary

LE	SSON 1	6	Mr	さん (男性)
1	penペン	6	Mrs			
1	pencil鉛筆	6	black			
1	book本	6	white			_
1	a	6	green			
1	what is (what's)何ですか(短縮形)	6	brown			
1	this	6	what colour?			
1	it is (it's)それはです (短縮形)	7	six			
2	tableテーブル	7	seven			
2	chairイス	7	eight			
2	lightライト	7	nine			9
2	wall 壁	7	ten			
2	floor床	7	where		ど	Z
2	room 部屋	LF	SSON 2			
2	ceiling	8	I am / I'm	#.I+ ブオ/	佐戸 佐戸	II.
2	window窓	8	you are / you're			
2	doorドア	8	he is / he's			
2	clock時計	8	she is / she's			
2	box	8	it is / it's			
2	picture	9	I am not / I'm not			
2	is this?	9	you are not / you aren't			
2	vesはい	9	he is not / he isn't /			
2	no, it is not (isn't)いいえ、それは…ではありませ	9	she is not / she isn't			
h((短縮形)	9	it is not / it isn't			
3	long長い	9	in front of			
3	short短い	9	behind			
3	theその	9	me			
3	contraction短縮形	9	you			
3	large大きい	•	him			
3	small小さい		her			
4	city都市		house			
4	town町		standing			
4	village村		sitting			
4	orまたは		taking from			
4	man男		putting on			
4	woman女	12	opening		てい	る
4	boy少年	12	closing	開めている・閉じ	てい	る
4	girl少女		doing			
5	one1		what am I doing?			
5	two2		which			
5	three3		open		_	-
5	four4		closed	1.15		_
5	five5			IN	ر س	٧
5	onの上に		SSON 3			
5	underの下に		this			
5	inの中に	14	that		あ	の

14	chart	21	sixty
14	eleven11	21	seventy
14	twelve12	21	eighty
14	thirteen13	21	ninety
14	fourteen14	21	hundred10
14	fifteen15	21	thousand1,00
14	plural複数形	21	million
	of	21	number数;数
14	etcなど	22	plus足
15	we are / we're私たちはです/短縮形	22	· equalsと等し
15	they are / they're彼らは…です/短縮形	22	how muchいくつです
	we are not / we aren'twe are の否定形/短縮形		there is / there'sがある(単数のもの) /短縮
16	they are not / they aren't they are の否定形/短縮		there areがある(複数のもの
形			now
16	red赤		there is not / there isn't there is の否定形(一つの
16	blue) /短縮形
	yellow黄色		,//
	grey		のもの) /短縮形
	these		- high
	thoseそれらの		· low
	and		butしか
	menmanの複数形		
	womenwomanの複数形	LE	SSON 5
	say言う		imperative命令
	sixteen	25	take!取
	seventeen	25	put!
	eighteen	25	open!開け
	nineteen	25	close!閉め
	twenty	25	pleaseどう
	clothes	26	here
	shoe	26	thereそこ (に、で
	bootブーツ	26	capital首
	sock	26	England英
	trousersズボン	26	Russiaロシ
	jacketジャケット	26	Greeceギリシ
	suit	26	China中
	shirtシャツ	26	Londonロンド
	tieネクタイ	26	Moscowモスク
	hat帽子	26	Athensアテ
	bagバッグ	26	Beijing北
	alphabetアルファベット	27	reading読んでい
	letter文字	27	ˈwriting書いてい
	vowel	27	coat
	consonant子音		' tightsタイ
	beforeの前に		゙dressドレス;ワンピー
	afterの後に		′skirtスカー
		27	scarfスカーフ, マフラ
LE	SSON 4		blouseブラウ
20	betweenとの間に	27	´ pulloverセーター;プルオーバ
20	us私たち(を、に)		pocketポケッ
21	them彼ら (を、に)	27	handkerchiefハンカ
21	student学生	28	how many?いくつの?;何人の
21	teacher		going toに向かってい
21	thirty30		SSON 6
21	forty40		
	fifty50	29	Europeヨーロッ

29 Asia アジア 39 back 29 Italy イタリア 39 arm 29 France フランス 39 wrist 29 India インド 39 hand 29 first 1st 第1番目 39 finger 29 second 2nd 第2番目 39 thumb 29 third 3rd 第3番目 40 right 正 29 fourth 4th 第4番目 40 wrong 間 29 fifth 5th 第5番目 LESSON 8 29 sixth 6th 第12番目 41 question 29 twelfth 12th 第20番目 41 answer	・…手 ‥ ‥親し・腕首手指指い
29 France フランス 39 wrist 29 India インド 39 hand 29 first 1st 第1番目 39 finger 29 second 2nd 第2番目 39 thumb 29 third 3rd 第3番目 40 right 正 29 fourth 4th 第4番目 40 wrong 間 29 jifth 5th 第5番目 LESSON 8 29 sixth 6th 第12番目 41 question 29 twentieth 20th 第20番目 41 answer	手 … 指 説 説 い に に に に に に に に に に に に に
29 India インド 39 hand 29 first 1st 第1番目 39 finger 29 second 2nd 第2番目 39 thumb 29 third 3rd 第3番目 40 right 正 29 fourth 4th 第4番目 40 wrong 間 29 jifth 5th 第5番目 LESSON 8 29 sixth 6th 第6番目 41 question 29 twelfth 12th 第12番目 41 answer	指 親指 しい
29 first 1st. 第1番目 39 finger 29 second 2nd. 第2番目 39 thumb 29 third 3rd. 第3番目 40 right 正 29 fourth 4th. 第4番目 40 wrong 間 29 fifth 5th. 第5番目 LESSON 8 29 sixth 6th. 第6番目 41 question 29 twelfth 12th. 第12番目 41 answer	指 親指 しい
29 second 2nd. 第2番目 39 thumb 29 third 3rd. 第3番目 40 right 正 29 fourth 4th. 第4番目 40 wrong 間 29 fifth 5th. 第5番目 LESSON 8 29 sixth 6th. 第6番目 41 question 29 twentieth 20th 第2番目 41 answer	親指しい
29 third 3rd 第3番目 40 right 正 29 fourth 4th 第4番目 40 wrong 間 29 fifth 5th 第5番目 LESSON 8 29 sixth 6th 第6番目 41 question 29 twentieth 20th 第20番目 41 answer	しい
29 fourth 4th. 第4番目 40 wrong 間 29 fifth 5th. 第5番目 LESSON 8 29 sixth 6th. 第6番目 29 twelfth 12th. 第12番目 41 question 29 twentieth 20th 第20番目 41 answer	
29 fifth 5th	詳り
29 sixth 6th	_
29 twentieth 20th	66.00
29 tWentieth 20th	
··· -·· -·· - · · · · · · · · · · ·	-
29 cardinal基数 41 meaning	
29 ordinal	
31 last最後の 42 head	
31 give	
32 French	
32 Germanドイツ人 42 mouth	1.1
32 Italian	
32 Englishイギリス人 42 eyeイギリス人 42 eyeイギリス人 42 eyeイギリス人 42 eyeイギリス人 42 eyeイギリス人 42 eyeイギリス人 42 eyeイギリスト	
32 my私の 42 ear	
32 yourあなたの 42 hair 髪	, –
32 his	
32 ner (投立の)	
33 our私たちの 43 country	
33 yourあなたたちの 43 Spain	
33 their彼らの 43 into 43 into	
34 all	
LESSON 7 45 thing	
35 person	
35 peoplepersonの複数形 45 short背の	-
35 coming fromからやって来ている 45 Scandinaviaスカンジナ	ビア
36 touch触る;触れる 46 difference	違い
36 sentence	して
36 word単語 46 thatという	こと
36 verb	
36 use使う 48 asking質問して	1 . Z
36 for	
36 action動作 48 answering 合えて 49 to havehaveの不	
37 question mark ?	
37 full stop	
37 comma ,彼はをもっている/短 49 he has / he's彼はをもっている/短 49 he has / he's彼はをもっている/短	
37 colon:	
37 semi-colon;セミコロン 49 it has / it'sそれはをもっている/短	
38 umbrella	
38 a	C 01
$- \gamma (t)$	なまり かんしょう
38 the	
38 the	
39 body	
39 part	
- 50 some - いくらかの (肯定文	で)
35 leet	
39 leg	

50	none	ーつもでない
50	specific	特定の
50	non-specific	非特定の
50	negative	否定の
51	positive	肯定の
51	for example	例えば
51	important	重要な
51	when	するとき
52	class	クラス
52	classroom	教室



English-Polish Vocabulary Book Stage 1

English in a quarter of the time!

Polish vocabulary

LES	SON 1	5	threetrzy
1	pen długopis	5	fourcztery
1	pencilołówek	5	fivepięć
1	bookksiążka	5	onna
1	arodzajnik niekreślony	5	underpod
1	what is (what's)co(to) jest?	5	inw
1	this to	6	Mr pan
1	it is (it's)to jest	6	Mrs pani
2	tablestół	6	blackczarny
2	chairkrzesło	6	whitebiały
2	lightświatło	6	greenzielony
2	wallściana	6	brownbrązowy
2	floorpodłoga	6	what colour?jakiego koloru
2	roompokój	7	sixsześć
2	ceiling sufit	7	sevensiedem
2	window okno	7	eight osiem
2	doordrzwi	7	nine dziewięć
2	clockzegar	7	tendziesięć
2	boxpudełko	7	wheregdzie
2	picture obraz	LES	SON 2
2	is this ?czy to jest?	8	I am / I'mja jestem
2	yestak	8	you are / you'rety jesteś
2	no, it is not (isn't)nie to nie jest	8	he is / he'son jest
3	long długi	8	she is / she'sona jest
3	shortkrótki	8	it is / it'sto (ono) jest
3	therodzajnik określony	9	I am not / I'm not ja nie jestem
3	contractionskrót	9	you are not / you aren'tty nie jesteś
3	largeduży, wielki	9	he is not / he isn't /on nie jest
3	small mały	9	she is not / she isn't ona nie jest
4	citymiasto	9	it is not / it isn't to (ono) nie jest
4	town miasteczko	9	in front ofprzed, z przodu
4	village wieś	9	behindz tyłu, za kimś, czymś
4	orlub	9	me mnie, mną
4	manmężczyzna	9	youtobie, tobą
4	woman kobieta	10	himjemu, jego, nim
4	boychłopiec	10	herjej, ją, nią
4	girldziewczyna	10	housedom
5	one jeden	11	standing stojący, tu : stać
5	twodwa	11	sitting siedzący, tu: siedzieć

11	taking from biorąc z, tu: brać z,		trousersspodnie
	zabierać z	18	jacket żakiet, marynarka
11	putting on kładący, tu: kłaść	18	suitgarnitur
	openingotwierający, tu: otwierać	18	shirt koszula
	closingzamykający, tu: zamykać	18	tie krawat
12	doingrobiący, tu: robić	18	hat kapelusz
12	what am I doing?co ja robię?	18	bagtorba
12	whichktóry	18	alphabetalfabet
13	openotwarty	18	letterlitera
13	closedzamknięty	18	vowel samogłoska
LES	SON 3	18	consonant spółgłoska
14	thista, ten, to	19	beforeprzed
14		19	afterpo
14		LES	SON 4
14	elevenjedenaście	20	between między
14	twelve dwanaście		(dwoma rzeczami)
14	thirteen trzynaście	20	usnas, nam, nami
14	fourteenczternaście	21	themich, im, nimi
14	fifteen piętnaście	21	studentuczeń, student
14	pluralliczba mnoga	21	teachernauczyciel
14	of służy do tworzenia dopełniacza	21	thirtytrzydzieści
14	etcitd	21	fortyczterdzieści
15	we are / we'remy jesteśmy	21	fiftypięćdziesiąt
15	they are / they're oni są	21	sixtysześćdziesiąt
15	we are not / we aren't my nie	21	seventysiedemdziesiąt
	jesteśmy	21	eightyosiemdziesiąt
16	they are not / they aren'toni	21	ninetydziewięćdziesiąt
	nie są	21	hundredsto
16	redczerwony	21	thousandtysiąc
16	blue niebieski	21	million milion
16	yellowżółty	21	numberliczba, numer
16	grey szary	22	plus plus
16	these te	22	equalsrówna się
16	thosetamte	22	how much ile (dla rzecz. niepol.)
16	andi	23	there is / there'sjest, znajduje się
17	menmężczyźni	23	there aresą, znajdują się
17	women kobiety		now teraz
17	say powiedzieć, mówić	24	there is not / there isn'tnie ma
17	sixteen szesnaście		(l. poj.)
17	seventeensiedemnaście	24	there are not / there aren'tnie ma
17	eighteenosiemnaście		(l. mnoga)
17	nineteendziewiętnaście	24	high wysoki
17	twentydwadzieścia		lowniski
17	clothesubrania	24	butale
18	shoebut	IFS	SON 5
18	bootbut		
18	sockskarpetka		imperativetryb rozkazujący
	·	25	take!weź

25	nutl noló÷	22	German Niemiec, Niemka, niemiecki
25	put!połóż		
25	open!otwórz		Italian Włoch, Włoszka, włoski
25	close!zamknij	32	English Anglik, Angielka, angielski
25	pleaseproszę	32	my mój
26	here tu	32	your twój
26	theretam	32	hisjego
26	capital stolica	32	herjej
26	England Anglia	33	ournasz
26	RussiaRosja	33	yourwasz
26	Greece Grecja	33	theirich
26	ChinaChiny	34	allwszyscy, wszystkie, wszystko
26	LondonLondyn	LES	SSON 7
26	MoscowMoskwa		personosoba
26	Athens Ateny	35	peopleludzie
26	BeijingPekin		·
27	reading czytający, tu: czytać	33	coming from wracający z,
27	writingpiszący, tu: pisać		tu: wracać z,
27	coatplaszcz	2.5	iść od
27	tightspończocha		touchdotykać
27	dress suknia	36	sentencezdanie
27	skirtspódnica	36	wordslowo
27	scarfszalik	36	verbczasownik
27		36	useużyć
	blouse bluzka	36	fordla
27	pulloverbluza, sweter	36	actionczynność
27	pocketkieszeń	37	question mark ?znak zapytania
27	handkerchiefchusteczka do nosa	37	full stopkropka
28	how many?ile (dla rzecz. policz.)	37	comma ,przecinek
28	going toidący do, tu: iść do	37	colon:dwukropek
LES	SSON 6	37	semi-colon;średnik
29	EuropeEuropa	38	umbrellaparasol
29	Asia Azja	38	pronouncewymawiać
29	ItalyWłochy	38	a rodzajnik nieokreślony
29	France Francja	38	anrodzajnik nieokreślony
29	India Indie	38	the /ðə/rodzajnik określony
29	first 1st pierwszy	38	the /ði:/rodzajnik określony
29	second 2nddrugi		bodyciało
	third 3rdtrzeci		partczęść
29	fourth 4thczwarty		footstopa
29	fifth 5thpiąty	39	feetstopa
29	sixth 6thszósty	39	legnoga
29	twelfth 12thdwunasty	39	backplecy
29	twentieth 20thdwudziesty	39	armręka
29	cardinalgłówny	39	wristnadgarstek
29	ordinal porządkowy	39	hand dłoń
31	lastostatni	39	fingerpalec
31	givedać	39	thumbkciuk
32	French Francuz, Francuzka, francuski	40	rightdobrze

40 v	wrong	źle		
LESS	LESSON 8			
41 (question	pytanie		
41 a	answer	odpowiedź		
41 ı	meaning	znaczenie		
42 ı	name	imię, nazwa		
		głowa		
		twarz		
		podbródek		
		usta		
		nos		
		oko		
		ucho		
		włosy		
		język		
	-	pozostający,		
	-	tu: pozostayący,		
		-		
		kraj		
		Hiszpania		
		tłumaczyć		
		na		
		kto		
	-	rzecz		
		wysoki		
		niski		
		Skandynawia		
		różnica		
		podczas, gdy		
		tamten		
	SON 9			
		pytający, tu: pytać,		
		zadawać pytanie		
	-	odpowiadający,		
		tu: odpowiadać		
		mieć		
		ja mam		
49 y	you have / you've	ty masz		
49 l	he has / he's	on ma		
49	she has / she's	ona ma		
49 i	it has / it's	to (ono) ma		
49 v	we have / we've	my mamy		
		wy macie		
		oni mają		
	got			
50 v		z, ze		
	with	z, ze ogólnie, zazwyczaj		

50	specific	określony
50	non-specific	ogólny
50	negative	przeczący
51	positive	twierdzący
51	for example	na przykład
51	important	
51	when	kiedy
51	any	
52	not any	żaden
52	none	żaden
52	class	klasa (grupa ludzi)
52	classroomkla	sa-pomieszczenie



English-Portuguese Vocabulary BookStage 1

English in a quarter of the time!

Portuguese vocabulary

LES	SSON 1	5	onsobre
1	pencaneta	5	underembaixo
1	pencil lápis	5	indentro
1	booklivro	6	Mrsenhor
1	auma/um	6	Mrssenhora
1	what is (what's)o que é	6	blackpreto
1	thisisto	6	white branco
1	it is (it's)isto é	6	greenverde
2	table mesa	6	brownmarrom
2	chaircadeira	6	what colour?que cor ?
2	lightluz	7	sixseis
2	wallparede	7	sevensete
2	floorchão	7	eight oito
2	roomsala	7	ninenove
2	ceilingteto	7	tendez
2	windowjanela	7	where onde
2	doorporta	1.50	SSON 2
2	clockrelógio de parede		
2	boxcaixa	8	l am / l'meu sou / estou
2	picturequadro	8	you are / you'revocê é / está
2	is this ?isto é ?	8	he is / he'sele é / está
2	yessim	8	she is / she'sela é / está
2	no, it is not (isn't)não, isto não é	8	it is / it'sele/ela é / está
3	longcomprido	9	I am not / I'm noteu não sou
3	short curto	_	/ estou
3	theo / a	9	you are not / you aren't você não é
3	contractioncontração	_	/ está
3	largegrande	9	he is not / he isn't ele não é / está
3	smallpequeno	9	she is not/she isn't ela não é/está
4	citycidade (grande)	9	it is not / it isn'tele/ ela não é
4	towncidade	_	/ não está
4	villagevilarejo	9	in front ofem frente de
4	or ou	9	behindatrás
4	manhomem	9	memim
4	woman mulher	9	youvocê
4	boy menino	10	himdele
4	girl menina	10	herdela
5	oneum	10	housecasa
5	twodois	11	standingem pé
5	threetrês	11	sitting sentado
5	fourquatro	11	taking frompegando de
5	fivecinco	11	putting oncolocando
ر	TIVECITICO	12	openingabrindo

12	closing fechando	18	bagbolsa
12		18	alphabetalfabeto
	what am I doing? o que eu	18	letter carta / letra
	estou fazendo?	18	vowelvogal
12		18	consonantconsoante
13	openaberto	19	beforeantes
13		19	afterdepois
IEC	SON 3		SON 4
			betweenentre
14	thiseste (a) thataquele (a)	20	_
	chart gráfico	21	usnós themdeles
14	elevenonze	21	student aluno (a)
14	twelvedoze	21	teacher professor (a)
14	thirteen treze	21	thirtytrinta
14	fourteencatorze	21	fortyquarenta
14	fifteenquinze	21	fiftycinquenta
14	plural plural	21	sixtysessenta
14	ofde	21	seventysetenta
14	etcetc	21	eightyoitenta
15	we are / we're nós somos / estamos	21	ninety noventa
15	they are / they're eles são / estão	21	hundredcem
	we are not / we aren'tnós não	21	thousandmil
13	somos / estamos	21	million milhão
16	they are not / they aren't eles não	21	numbernúmero
	são / estão	22	plus mais
16	redvermelho	22	equalsigual a
16	blueazul	22	how muchquanto
16	yellowamarelo		there is / there'shá (existe)
16	grey cinza	23	there arehá (existem)
16	theseestes (as)	23	nowagora
16	those aqueles (as)	24	there is not / there isn't não há
16	ande		(não existe)
17	menhomens	24	there are not / there aren't não há
17	womenmulheres		(existem)
17	saydizer	24	high alto
17	sixteendezesseis	24	lowbaixo
17	seventeendezessete	24	but mas
17	eighteendezoito	LES	SON 5
17	nineteendezenove		
17	twentyvinte		imperative imperative take!pegue!
17	clothes roupas	25	put!coloque!
18	shoesapato	25	open!abra!
18	bootbota	25	close! feche!
18	sockmeia	25	pleasepor favor
18	trousers calças	26	here aqui
18	jacket jaqueta	26	thereali (lá)
18	suitterno	26	capitalcapital
18	shirtcamisa	26	EnglandInglaterra
18	tiegravata		RussiaRússia
18	hatchapéu		Greece Grécia
		_0	2. 2230 mmmmmm Greeta

26	China China	35	peoplepessoas
26	LondonLondres	35	coming from vindo de
26	Moscow Moscou	36	touch tocar
26	Athens Atenas	36	sentence sentença (frase)
	Beijing Beijing	36	wordpalavra
26 27	, ,	36	verb verbo
	readinglendo	36	useusar
27	writingescrevendo	36	for para
27	coatcasaco	36	•
27	tights meia calça		actionação
27	dressvestido	37	question mark ?ponto de
27	skirtsaia	27	interrogação
27	scarflenço	37	full stop ponto final
27	blouseblusa	37	comma ,vírgula
27	pullover pulôver	37	colon:dois pontos
27	pocketbolso	37	semi-colon;ponto e vírgula
27	handkerchieflenço	38	umbrellaguarda-chuva
28	how many ?quantos (as)	38	pronouncepronunciar
28	going toindo para	38	aum (a)
LES	SON 6	38	anum (a)
29	EuropeEuropa	38	the /ðə/ o / a
29	AsiaÁsia	38	the /ði:/ os / as
29	ItalyItália	39	bodycorpo
29	France França	39	partparte
29	India India	39	footpé
29	first 1stprimeiro	39	feet pés
29	second 2ndsegundo	39	legperna
29	third 3rdterceiro	39	backcostas
29	fourth 4thquarto	39	armbraço
29	fifth 5thquinto	39	wristpulso
29	sixth 6thsexto	39	hand mão
29	twelfth 12thdécimo-segundo	39	fingerdedo
29	twentieth 20thvigésimo	39	thumbpolegar
29	cardinalcardinal	40	rightcerto
29	ordinal ordinal	40	wrongerrado
31	lastúltimo (a)	LES	SON 8
31	givedar	41	questionquestão (pergunta)
32	FrenchFrancês	41	answerresposta
32	German Alemão	41	meaningsignificado
	Italian Italiano		namenome
	EnglishInglês	42	
32	-		headcabeça
32	my meu	42	faceface/rosto
32	yourseu	42	chinqueixo
32	hisdele	42	mouthboca
32	herdela	42	nosenariz
33	ournosso (a)	42	eyeolho
33	yourseus / suas	42	ear orelha
33	theirdeles / delas	42	haircabelo
34	alltodo (a) (s)	42	tonguelíngua
LES	SON 7	43	remainingpermanecendo
35	person pessoa	43	country país
	person		

43	SpainEspanha
43	translatetraduzir
43	intoem
44	who quem
45	thingcoisa
45	tall alto
45	shortbaixo
45	ScandinaviaEscandinávia
46	difference diferença
46	whereas enquanto que
46	thatque
LES	SSON 9
48	asking perguntando
48	answeringrespondendo
49	to haveter
49	I have / I'veEu tenho
49	you have / you'vevocê tem
49	he has / he'sele tem
49	she has / she'sela tem
49	it has / it'sele/ela tem
49	we have / we'venos temos
49	you have / you've vocês tem
49	they have / they'veeles tem
50 50	got.usado com have – sem significado withcom
50 50	generallygeralmente
50	specificespecifico
50	non-specific não específico
50	negative negativo
51	positiveafirmativo
51	for examplepor exemplo
51	importantimportante
51	whenquando
51	anyalgum
52	not anynenhum
52	nonenenhum
52	classclasse
52	classroom sala de aula





ENGLISH RUSSIAN VOCABULARY BOOK

STAGE 1: LESSONS 1-9

2017 ON

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Russian vocabulary

LES	SSON 1	
1	pen	ручка
1	pencil	карандаш
1	book	книга
1	a	(неопределенный артикль)
1		что такое
1		это
1	it is (it's)	это
2		стол
2		СТУЛ
2		Свет
2		стена
2		пол
2		комната
2		ПОТОЛОК
2		окно
2		дверь
2		дверь
2		ящик
2		картина
2		это?
2		да
2		нет, это не
3		длинный
3	short	короткий
3		(определенный артикль)
3		сокращение
3		большой
3		маленький
4	city	большой город
4	town	городок
4	village	деревня
4	or	или
4	man	мужчина
4	woman	женщина
4	boy	мальчик
4		девочка
5		один
5		два
5		три
5		четыре
5		пять
5		Ha
5		ПОД
5		В
6		MUCTED

3	Mrsмиссис
3	blackчерный
3	whiteбелый
3	greenзеленый
3	brownкоричневый
3	what colour?какого цвета?
7	sixшесть
7	sevenceмь
7	eight восемь
7	nineдевять
7	tenдесять
7	whereгде
E:	SSON 2
3	I am / I'mя
3	you are / you'reты/вы
3	he is / he'sон
3	she is / she'soнa
3	it is / it'sэто
9	I am not / I'm notя не
9	you are not / you aren't ты/вы не
9	he is not / he isn't /он не
9	she is not / she isn'tона не
9	it is not / it isn't оно не
9	in front ofперед
9	behindсзади
9	темной меня
9	уоитобой тебя\вас
0	himним его
0	herней ее
0	houseдом
1	standing стоять (стоящий)причастие настоящего
зре	емени
1	sittingсидеть (сидящий)
1	taking from брать с (берущий)
1	putting onкласть на (кладущий)
2	openingоткрывать (открывающий)
2	closing закрывать (закрывающий)
2	doingделать (делающий)
2	what am I doing?что я делаю?
2	whichкоторый
3	орепоткрыт
3	closed закрыт
E:	SSON 3
4	thisэтот
	thatтот

семьдеся	seventy		chart	
восемьдеся	l eighty		eleven	
девяност	I ninety	двенадцать	twelve	14
ст	I hundred	тринадцать	thirteen	14
ТЫСЯЧ	thousand	четырнадцать	fourteen	14
Миллио	l million	пятнадцать	fifteen	14
числ	I number	иножественное число	plural	14
плю	2 plus	яжательный предлог)	оf (при	14
равн		и т. д.	etc	14
скольк		МЫ	we are / we're	15
secт		ОНИ	they are / they're	15
есть (множественное число			we are not / we aren't	
сейча			they are not / they aren't	
ere isn'tнет, не имеето			red	
here aren'tнет (множественно		· .	blue	
nere arentner (множественно	т теге аге пот / те сло)	•	yellow	
Высоки			grey	
	•	·		
Низки			these	
Н	1 Dut		those	
	ESSON 5		and	
повелительное наклонени	imperative	,	men	
ВОЗЬМІ			women	
положі		говорить	say	17
открої	•	шестнадцать	sixteen	17
закрої		семнадцать	seventeen	17
· ·		восемнадцать	eighteen	17
пожалуйст	•	девятнадцать	nineteen	17
здес		двадцать	twenty	17
та		одежда		
столиц	capital		shoe	
Англи	England	, ,	boot	
Росси	Russia		sock	
Греци	Greece		trousers	
Кита	China		jacket	
Лондо	S London	* 1	suit	
Москв	Moscow			
Афин	3 Athens		shirt	
Пеки	Beijing	,	tie	
читать (читающий			hat	
писать (пишущий		,	bag	
пальт		·	alphabet	18
колготк		буква		-
плать	0	гласная	vowel	18
юбк		согласная	consonant	18
		перед	before	19
шар		после	after	19
блуз			SSON 4	E
пулове	•			
карма	•	между		
носовой плато		нас		
Сколько	,	их		
идти к (идущий	going to	учащийся	student	21
	SSON 6	учитель	teacher	21
F		тридцать	thirty	21
Европ	•	•	forty	
Ази			fifty	
Итали	9 Italy		sixty	

29	France	Франция	39	wrist	запястье
29	India	Индия	39	hand	кисть руки
29	first 1st	первый, 1-й	39	finger	палец
29	second 2nd	второй, 2-й	39	thumb	большой палец
					верно
29	fourth 4th		40	wrong	неверно
29	fifth 5th	пятый, 5-й	LF	SSON 8	
29	sixth 6th	шестой 6-й			вопрос
29	twelfth 12th	Венадцатый. 12-и			
29	twentieth 20th	лвалнатый 20-й			ответ
29	cardinal	количественное		0	
29	ordinal	порядковое			RMN
31	last	последнии			голова
31	give	лавать			лицо
32	French	Француз			подбородок
32	German	немец			рот
32	Italian	итальянец			HOC
32	English	англичанин		•	глаз
32	my	МОИ			yxo
32	your	твои. ваш			Волосы
32	his	ALU.		-	ЯЗЫК
32	her	66		•	оставаться
33	our	Halli		•	страна
		твой ваш		•	Испания
		их			переводить
34	all	BCe			на
1 =	SSON 7				Кто
				•	вещь, предмет
	•				высокий
					низкий
		, ,			Скандинавия
		·			разница
		•			в то время как
			46	that	то, что
		глагол	LE:	SSON 9	
		использовать	48	asking	спрашивать
		Для		•	отвечать
		деиствие		•	иметь
	•	знак вопроса ?	49	I have / I've	у меня есть
	· ·	точка .			у тебя/вас есть
	·	запятая ,			у него есть
		двоеточие.			у нее есть
	•	точка с запятои ;			у него есть
		ЗОНТИК			у нас есть
	•	произносить			у тебя/вас есть
		(неопределенный артикль)			у них есть
		(неопределенный артикль)			используется только в связке
		(определенныи артикль)		ŭ	с глаголом have
		(определенный артикль)	50		C
	•	тело			обычно
	•	часть			какой-либо
		нога, ступня		•	Несколько
		ноги, ступни			ни одного
	-	нога		•	ни одного нисколько
		спина			определенный
39	arm	рука	- •	- I. = ==	опродоления

50	negative	неопределенныйотрицательныйутвердительный
51 51	for exampleimportant	например важный
52	class	когда класс, урок классная комната





ENGLISH SLOVAK VOCABULARY BOOK

STAGE 1: LESSONS 1-9

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STAGE 1

Slovak vocabulary

LES	SSON 1	
1	pen	perd
1	pencil	ceruzka
1	book	kniha
1	aneurčitý člen	, nejaký (jednotné číslo
1	what is (what's)	čo je
1	this	
1	it is (it's)	to je
2	table	stô
2	chair	
2	light	
2	wall	
2	floor	
2	room	
2	ceiling	
2	window	
2	door	
2	clock	
2	box	
2	picture	
2	is this ?	
2	yes	
2	no, it is not (isn't)	
3	long	
3	short	
3	the určitý člen stojí p	
3	contraction	
3	large	
3		maly
4	city	•
4	town	
4	village	
4	or	
4	man	
4	woman	zena
4	boy	
4	girl	dievca
5	one	jeder
5	two	
5	three	
5	four	
5	five	
5	on	na (predložka
5	underpod (predlo	
5	in	
6	Mr	nár

6	Mrs	pani
6	black	
6	white	biela
6	green	zelená
6	brown	
6	what colour?	
7	six	šesť
7	seven	sedem
7	eight	osem
7	nine	deväť
7	ten	desať
7	where	kde
LES	SSON 2	
8	I am / I'm	(ja) som
8	you are / you're	(ty) si
8	he is / he's	(on) je
8	she is / she's	(ona) je
8	it is / it's	
9	I am not / I'm not	(ja) nie som
9	you are not / you aren't	
9	he is not / he isn't /	(on) nie je
9	she is not / she isn't	
9	it is not / it isn't	
9	in front ofvpi	
9	behind	
9	me	.mnou (mňa, mne)
9	you	
10	him	
10	her	ňou (jej)
10	house	
11	standing stojací (priebehov	
11	sittingsediaci (priebehový t	
11	taking from	
	(priebehovy	
11	putting on pokladať na (prieb	ehový tvar slovesa
	ožiť)	
	openingotvárať (priebehový t	
12	closingzatvárať (prieb	ehový tvar slovesa
	voriť)	
	doingrobiaci (priebehový	
	what am I doing?	
	which	•
13	open	•
13	closed	zatvorený
LES	SSON 3	

	thistoto, táto	21	fiftypäťdesiat
	thattamto, tamtá	21	sixtysestdesiat
	chartnákres		seventysedemdesiat
	elevenjedenásť		eightyosemdesiat
	twelve		ninetydeväťdesiat
	thirteen trinásť fourteen štrnásť		hundred sto
			thousandtisíc
	fifteenpätnásť pluralmnožné číslo		millionmilión
	ofz, zo (predložka s genitívom)		numberčíslo
	etcatď.		plusplus equalsrovná sa
	we are / we're(my) sme		how muchkoľko /nepočítateľné slová/
	they are / they're(oni/-y) sú		
	we are not / we aren't (my) nie sme		there is / there'sje (tu, tam)
	they are not / they aren't(my) rile sine		there aresú (tu, tam)
	redčervená		nowteraz there is not / there isn'tnie je (tu, tam)
	bluemodrá		, (, ,
			there are not / there aren'tnie sú (tu, tam)
	yellowžltá		highvysoký lownízky
	greysivá thesetíto, tieto		,
	those		butale
	anda	LE	SSON 5
	men muži	25	imperativerozkazovací spôsob
	womenženy	25	take!vezmi!
	saypovedať	25	put!polož!
	sixteen šestnásť	25	open!otvor!
	seventeen sedemnásť	25	close!zatvor!
	eighteenosemnásť	25	pleaseprosím
	nineteendevätnásť	26	heretu
	twenty	26	theretam
	clothesoblečenie	26	capitalhlavné mesto
	shoetopánka	26	England Anglicko
	bootčižma	26	RussiaRusko
	sockponožka	26	GreeceGrécko
	trousersnohavice		ChinaČína
	jacketsako	26	LondonLondýn
	suit	26	MoscowMoskva
	shirtkošeľa	26	AthensAtény
	tiekravata		BeijingPeking
	hat klobúk	27	readingčítajúci (priebehový tvar slovesa čítať)
	bag taška, kabelka		writing píšúci (priebehový tvar slovesa písať)
	alphabetabeceda		coatkabát
	letter písmeno	27	tightspančuchy
	vowelsamohláska	27	dress
	consonantspoluhláska	27	skirt sukňa
	beforepred	27	scarfšatka, šál
	afterpo	27	blouseblúzka
	'		pulloverpulóver
	SSON 4		pocketvrecko
	between medzi		handkerchiefvreckovka
	usnami (nás, nám)		how many ?koľko? /počítateľné slová/
	themnimi (nich, im)	28	going toidúci k (priebehový tvar slovesa ísť)
	student	LE	SSON 6
	teacher		Europe Európa
	thirtytridsať		AsiaÁzia
21	forty štyridsať	_0	, university to the control of the c

20	Italy Talianaka	20	Your Your
	ItalyTaliansko		partčasť
	France Francúzsko		foot
	India India		feetchodidlá
	first 1stprvý 1.		legnoha
	second 2nddruhý 2.		backchrbát
	third 3rdtretí 3.		arm celá ruka
	fourth 4th		wristzápästie
	fifth 5thpiaty 5.		handruka (dlaň a prsty)
	sixth 6th		fingerprst
	twelfth 12thdvanásty 12.		thumbpalec
	twentieth 20thdvadsiaty 20.		rightsprávny, správne
	cardinalzákladná (číslovka)	40	wrongnesprávny, nesprávne
	ordinalradová (číslovka)	LE	SSON 8
	lastposledný	41	questionotázka
	givedat		answerodpoveď
	FrenchFrancúz		meaningvýznam
	GermanNemec		namemeno
	ItalianTalian		headhlava
	EnglishAngličan		facetvár
	my môj		chinbrada
	your tvoj		mouthústa
	hisjeho		nosenos
	herjej		eyeoko
	ournáš		earucho
	yourváš		hairvlasy
33	theirich		tonguejazyk (časť tela)
34	allvšetci, všetky		remainingzostávajúci
LE:	SSON 7	40	(priebehový tvar slovesa zostať)
35	personosoba	13	countrykrajina
	people		SpainŠpanielsko
	coming fromprichádzajúci od		translatepreložiť
00	(priebehový tvar slovesa prichádzať)		intodo (predložka)
36	touchdotýkť sa		whokto
	sentence veta		thingvec
	wordslovo		tallvysoký
	verbsloveso		short malý, nízky
	usepoužiť		ScandinaviaŠkandinávia
	forna, pre		differencerozdiel
	actiončinnosť		whereas zatial čo
	question mark ?otáznik ?		thatže
	full stopbodka .		
	commačiarka ,	LE	SSON 9
	colon :		askingpýtať sa (priebehový tvar slovesa)
	semi-colon;bodkočiarka;	48	answering .odpovedať (priebehový tvar slovesa)
	umbrelladáždnik		to havemať
	pronouncevysloviť	49	I have / I've(ja) mám
	aneurčitý člen, nejaký (jednotné číslo)		you have / you'vety máš
	antvar neurčitého člena		he has / he's(on) má
50	pred podstatným menom		she has / she's(ona) má
	začínajúcim na samohlásku		it has / it's(to) má
38	the určitý člen s touto výslovnosťou stojí pred		we have / we've(my) máme
00	podstatným menom začínajúcim na spoluhlásku		you have / you've(vy) máte
32	the určitý člen s touto výslovnosťou stojí pred	49	they have / they've(oni/ony) majú
50	podstatným menom začínajúcim na samohlásku	50	gotdoplnok pripájaný k slovesu mať
30	bodytelo		(have – have got)
00	1610		

50 withs, so
50 generallyvšeobecne, vo všeobecnosti
50 anynejakí/-é (v otázke a zápore)
50 somenejakí/-é (v kladnej vete)
50 not anyžiadni/-e (v otázke a zápore)
50 none žiadni/-e
(nenasleduje po ňom podstatné meno, stojí
samostatne)
50 specifickonkrétny, určitý
50 non-specific neurčitý
50 negativezáporný
51 positivekladný
51 for examplenapríklad
51 importantdôležitý
51 whenkeď
52 classtrieda
52 classroom trieda /miestnosť



English-Spanish Vocabulary Book Stage 1

English in a quarter of the time!

STAGE 1

Spanish vocabulary

LES	SSON 1	5	fivecinco
1	penun bolígrafo	5	onencima, sobre
1	pencilun lápiz	5	under debajo
1	bookun libro	5	inen, dentro
1	aun, una	6	Mrseñor
1	what is (what's)¿qué es?	6	Mrsseñora
1	thisesto	6	blacknegro/a/os/as
1	it is (it's) (esto) es	6	whiteblanco/a/os/as
2	table mesa	6	greenverde/s
2	chairsilla	6	brownmarrón/marrones
2	lightluz	6	what colour?¿de qué color?
2	wallpared	7	sixseis
2	floorsuelo	7	sevensiete
2	roomhabitación, sala	7	eightocho
2	ceiling techo	7	ninenueve
2	window ventana	7	tendiez
2	doorpuerta	7	where dónde (en una pregunta)
2	clockreloj de pared	LES	SSON 2
2	box caja	8	I am / I'm (yo) soy/estoy
2	picture cuadro	8	you are / you're (tú) eres/estás
2	is this ?¿es esto?	8	he is / he's (él) es/está
2	yessí	8	she is / she's(ella) es/está
2	no, it is not (isn't)no, no es	8	it is / it's (esto) es/está
3	longlargo/a/os/as	9	I am not / I'm not (yo) no soy/estoy
3	shortcorto/a/os/as	9	you are not / you aren't (tú) no eres/
3	theel, la, los, las, lo		estás
3	contractioncontracción	9	he is not / he isn't (él) no es/está
3	large grande/s	9	she is not / she isn't (ella) no es/está
3	smallpequeño/a/os/as	9	it is not / it isn't (esto) no es/está
4	cityciudad	9	in front of delante de, en frente de
4	townpueblo grande,	9	behinddetrás
4	ciudad pequeña	9	memí
4	village pueblo, aldea	9	youti
4	oro/u	10	himél
4 4	manhombre	10	herella
4	woman mujer boy niño, chico, muchacho	10	housecasa
4	girlniña, chica, muchacha	11	standingde pie
5	one uno/a, un	11	sitting sentado/a/os/as
5	twodos	11	taking fromcogiendo de
5	threetres	11	putting onponiendo en
5	fourcuatro	12	openingabriendo
ر	ioui cuatro	12	closingcerrando

12	doinghaciendo	18	hatsombrero
12		18	bag bolsa, bolso
12	haciendo?	18	alphabet abecedario, alfabeto
12	whichcuál/es	18	letter letra, carta
13	openabierto/a/os/as	18	vowelvocal
13	closedcerrado/a/os/as	18	consonant consonante
		19	before delante de, antes de
LES	SON 3	19	after detrás de, después de
14	thiseste/a		·
14	that ese/a	LES	SSON 4
14	chart gráfico, tabla	20	between entre
14	elevenonce	20	usnosotros/as
14	twelvedoce	21	themellos/as
14	thirteentrece	21	student alumno/a
14	fourteencatorce	21	teacherprofesor/a
14	fifteenquince	21	thirtytreinta
14	plural plural	21	fortycuarenta
14	ofde	21	fiftycincuenta
14	etc etc (etcétera)	21	sixty sesenta
15	we are / we're(nosotros/as)	21	seventysetenta
	somos/estamos	21	eighty ochenta
	they are / they're (ellos/as) son/están	21	ninety noventa
15	we are not / we aren't(nosotros/as)	21	hundredcien
	no somos/estamos	21	thousand mil
16	they are not / they aren't (ellos/as)	21	million millón
	no son/están	21	numbernúmero
16	redrojo/a/os/as	22	plus más
16	blue azúl/es	22	equalsigual a
16	yellow amarillo/a/os/as	22	how much cuánto
16	grey gris/es	23	there is / there's hay (singular)
16	theseestos/as	23	there arehay (plural)
16	those esos/as	23	nowahora
16	and y / e	24	there is not / there isn'tno hay
17	men hombres		(singular)
17	womenmujeres	24	there are not / there aren'tno hay
17	saydecir		(plural)
17	sixteen dieciséis	24	high alto/a/os/as
17	seventeen diecisiete	24	low bajo/a/os/as
17	eighteendieciocho	24	butpero
17	nineteen diecinueve	LES	SON 5
17	twentyveinte	25	imperativeimperativo
17	clothesropa	25	take!itoma!, icoge!
18	shoe zapato	25	put!ipon!
18	bootbota	25	open!iabre!
18	sock calcetín	25	close!icierra!
18	trousers pantalón/pantalones	25	pleasepor favor
18	jacket cazadora,	26	here aquí, acá
	americana, chaqueta de traje	26	thereallí, allá
18	suittraje	26	capitalcapital
18	shirtcamisa	26	EnglandInglaterra
18	tiecorbata		RussiaRusia
		20	NassiaNusia

26	Greece Grecia	LES	SSON 7
26	China China	35	person persona
26	LondonLondres	35	people personas, gente
26	MoscowMoscú	35	coming fromvenir de/desde
26	Athens Atenas	36	touch tocar
26	BeijingPekín	36	sentencefrase
27	readingleyendo	36	word palabra
27	writingescribiendo	36	verbverbo
27	coatabrigo	36	useusar
27	tights medias	36	forpara
27	dressvestido	36	action acción
27	skirtfalda	37	question mark ?signo de
27	scarfbufanda		interrogación
27	blouseblusa	37	full stoppunto
27	pullover jersey	37	comma ,coma
27	pocketbolsillo	37	colon:dos puntos
27	handkerchief pañuelo	37	semi-colon; punto y coma
28	how many?¿cuántos/as?	38	umbrella paraguas
28	going toir a/hacia	38	pronouncepronunciar
LES	SON 6	38	aun, una
29	EuropeEuropa	38	an un, una
29	AsiaAsia	38	the /ðə/el, la, los, las, lo
29	ItalyItalia	38	the /ði:/el, la, los, las, lo
29	France Francia	39	body cuerpo
29	India India	39	partparte
29	first 1stprimero/a	39	footpie
29	second 2ndsegundo/a	39	feet pies
29	third 3rdtercero/a	39	legpierna
29	fourth 4thcuarto/a	39	back espalda
29	fifth 5thquinto/a	39	arm brazo
29	sixth 6thsexto/a	39	wristmuñeca
29	twelfth 12th duodécimo/a	39	hand mano
29	twentieth 20th vigésimo/a	39	fingerdedo
29	cardinalcardinal	39	thumbpulgar
29	ordinal ordinal	40	rightcorrecto/a/os/as,
31	lastúltimo/a/os/as		exacto/a/os/as
31	give dar	40	wrongincorrecto/a/os/as,
32	French francés/francesa/es/as		equivocado/a/os/as
	German alemán/alemana/es/as	LES	SON 8
	Italianitaliano/a/os/as		question pregunta
32	Englishinglés/inglesa/es/as	41	
32	my mi, mis	41	answerrespuesta meaningsignificado
32	your tu, tus	41	5
32	hissu, sus (de él)	42	namenombre headcabeza
32	hersu, sus (de ella)	42	facecara
33	ournuestro/a/os/as	42	chinbarbilla
33	your vuestro/a/os/as	42	
33	theirsu, sus (de ellos/as)	42	mouthboca nosenariz
34	alltodo/a/os/as		
J4	uiitouo/a/os/as	42	eye ojo ear oreja, oído
		42	eai oreja, oldo

42	hair pelo, cabello
42	tonguelengua
42	remaining quedarse, permanecer
43	country país
43	SpainEspaña
43	translatetraducir
43	into al (translate
43	into>traducir al + language)
44	who
44	•
45	thingcosa
45	short bajo/a/os/as, corto/a/os/as
45	
	ScandinaviaEscandinavia
46	difference diferencia
46	whereas mientras que, en tanto que
46	thatque
LES	SON 9
48	askingpreguntando
48	answering contestando,
	respondiendo
49	To havetener
49	I have / I've(yo) tengo
49	you have / you've (tú) tienes
49	he has / he's (él) tiene
49	she has / she's (ella) tiene
49	it has / it's (esto/eso) tiene
49	we have / we've(nosotros/as)
	tenemos
49	you have / you've (vosotros/as)
	tenéis
49	they have / they've (ellos/as)
	tienen
50	gotpartícula que se añade a
	veces tras el verbo "to have"
	sin cambiar el significado
50	withcon
50	generally en general, por lo general,
	generalmente
50	somealgún/alguno/a/as/os;
50	cualquier/a
50	specific específico/a/os/as
50	non-specific no específico/a/os/as
50	negative negativo/a/os/as
51	positivepositivo/a/os/as,
۱ ر	afirmativo/a/os/as
51	for examplepor ejemplo
51	importantimportante/s
51	when cuando
51	anyalgún/alguno/a/as/os;
וכ	cualquier/a

..... cualquier/a

52	not any ningún, ninguno/a/os/as;
	no cualquier/a
52	noneninguno/a/os/as;
52	classclase (grupo de estudiantes),
	lección
52	classroom aula, clase (sala de)





ENGLISH-TURKISH VOCABULARY BOOK

STAGE 1: LESSONS 1-9

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STAGE 1

Turkish vocabulary

LE:	SSON I	
1	pen	
1	pencil	kursun kalem
1	book	
1	a	bir
1	what is (what's)	
1	this	bu
1	it is (it's)	
2	table	
2	chair	sandalye
2	light	
2	wall	
2	floor	
2	room	
2	ceiling	
2	window	
2	door	
2	clock	
2	box	
2	picture	
2	is this ?	
2	yes	
2	no, it is not (isn't)	
3	long	
ა 3		
	short(belli bir objeyi/kişiyi/	
3		
2		
3	contraction	
3	large	
3	small	,
4	city	
4	town	
4	village	
4	or	
4	man	
4	woman	
4	boy	erkek çocuk
4	girl	
5	one	
5	two	
5	three	
5	four	
5	five	
5	on	
5	under	altında
5	in	icinde

6	Mr	Bay
6		Bayan (Evli)
3	black	siyah
6	white	beyaz
6		yeşil
3		kahverengi
3		ne renk?
7		altı
7	seven	yedi
7		sekiz
7		dokuz
7		on
7		nerede
E:	SSON 2	
3	I am / I'm	ben 'im
3	you are / you're	sen'sin
3	he is / he's	o (erkek)'dur.
3	she is / she's	o (bayan)'dur.
3	it is / it's	o (hayvan/nesne)'dur.
9		Ben değilim.
9	you are not / you aren'	tSen değilsin.
9	he is not / he isn't /	O (erkek) değil.
9	she is not / she isn't	O (bayan) değil.
9	it is not / it isn't	.O (hayvan/nesne) değil.
9	in front of	'in önünde
9	behind	arkasında
9	me	benim
9	you	senin
0		onun (erkek)
0	her	onun (bayan)
0	house	ev
1	standing	ayakta duruyor
1	sitting	oturuyor
1	taking from	'dan alıyor
1		üzerine koyuyor
2	opening	açıyor
2		kapatıyor
2	doing	yapıyor
2	what am I doing?	ne yapıyorum?
2	which	hangi
3	open	açık
3	closed	kapalı
	SSON 3	
		bu
4	that	o/şu

14	charttablo	21	seventy	vetmis
	elevenon bir		eighty	, ,
	twelveon iki		ninety	
	thirteen on üç		hundred	
	fourteenon dört		thousand	,
	fifteen on bes		million	
	pluralçoğul		number	,
	of'ın,'un,'ün,'in		plus	,
	etcvb. (ve benzeri)		equals	
15	we are / we'rebiz'iz.	22	how much	ne kadar
15	they are / they'reonlar'lar.	23	there is / there's	var (tekil)
	we are not / we aren'tbiz değiliz.		there are	
16	they are not / they aren'tonlar değiller.		now	
16	redkırmızı	24	there is not / there isn't	yok (tekil)
16	blue mavi	24	there are not / there aren't	yok (çoğul)
16	yellowsarı	24	high	yüksek
16	greygri	24	low	alçak
16	thesebunlar	24	but	fakat
16	thoseonlar/şunlar	LE	SSON 5	
16	andve			a main Islani
17	men erkekler		imperativetake !	•
17	womenkadınlar			
17	saysöylemek		put!	•
17	sixteenon altı		open!	,
17	seventeenon yedi		close!please	
17	eighteenon sekiz		here	
17	nineteen on dokuz		there	
17	twenty yirmi		capital	
17	clothesgiysiler		England	,
18	shoeayakkabi		Russia	0
	bootçizme	26	Greece	•
	sockçorap	26	China	
	trouserspantolon	26	London	,
	jacketceket	26	Moscow	
	suittakim elbise	26	Athens	
	shirtgömlek	26	Beijing	
	tiekravat	27	reading	
	hatşapka	0.7	writing	•
	bagçanta	0.7	coat	
	alphabetalfabe	27	tights	
	letterharf	27	dress	•
	vowelsesli harf	27	skirt	
	consonantsessiz harf	27	scarf	
	beforeönce	27	blouse	3 . 1
19	aftersonra		pullover	
LE:	SSON 4		pocket	
20	betweenarasinda		handkerchief	
	usbiz		how many ?	
21	themonlar		going to	
21	studentöğrenci			•
	teacheröğretmen	LE	SSON 6	
21	thirtyotuz		Europe	•
21	fortykırk		Asia	. *
	fiftyelli	29	Italy	
21	sixty altmış	29	France	Fransa

29	IndiaHindi	stan 39	hand	el
	first 1stbirin			parmak
	second 2ndikin		•	baş parmak
	third 3rdüçünd			doğru
	fourth 4thdördünd		•	yanlış
	fifth 5thbeşin	-: E	SSON 8	,
	sixth 6thaltını	cı 6		
	twelfth 12thon ikinc	12 41		soru
	twentieth 20thyirminc	20. 41		cevap
	cardinalasal(say	ılar) 41	0	anlam
	ordinalsıra(sayı	ları) 42		isim
	lasten	con 42		baş
31	givever	HEK		yüz
	FrenchFra	nsız 42		çene
	GermanAlı	man 42		ağız
	Italianİta	lvan 42		burun
	Englishİn	ailiz 42	•	göz
	mybe		ear	kulak
	yours	enin 42		saç
	hisonun (er	kek) 42	-	dil
	heronun (ba	/an) 43	-	kalıyor
	ourb	izim 43		ülke
	your	sizin 43		İspanya
	theironl	arın 43		tercüme etmek
	alltam	amı 43		ye
		44	who	kim
	SSON 7			şey
	person kişi /ş.			uzun
	peopleinsa			kısa
	coming from'dan ge	-		İskandinavya
	touchdokun			farklılık
	sentencecü			oysa
	wordke		that	ki
	verb	LL.	SSON 9	
	usekullan	mak 18		soru soruyor
36	for	icin		cevap veriyor
36	actioney			sahip olmak
	question mark ? soru işar	eti?		sahibim
	full stopno	κta. να		sahipsin
	comma ,vir	gui, 10		o sahip (erkek)
	colon :iki nokta üst ü	sie. _{/α}		o sahip (kadin)
	semi-colon;noktalı vir	gui, 10		o sahip (hayvan /nesne)
	umbrellasem	siye		sahibiz
	pronouncetelaffuz et	mek /a		sahipsiniz
38	abir (sessizlerden ö			sahipler
	anbir (seslilerden ö	50		sahip olmak
	the belli bir objeyi/kisiyi/yeri nitelemek için kulla	50		ile
38	the belli bir objeyi/kisiyi/yeri nitelemek için kulla	nilir		genel olarak
39	,	ucut 50	,	herhangi bir
	partbö	num 50	•	bazı
39	foot			hiçbir
39	feet aya	ıkıar	•	hiç
39		acak _{En}		özel
39	back	SILL	•	özel olmayan
39	arm	KΩI	•	•
39	wrist	oilek 50	negative	olumsuz

51	positive	olumlu
51	for example	örneğin
51	important	önemli
	when	
52	class	sınıf
52	classroom	derslik