

Description

Solution

Submissions

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## 13. Roman to Integer

Easy

1370

2778

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Roman numerals are represented by seven different symbols: **I**, **V**, **X**, **L**, **C**, **D** and **M**.

Symbol	Value
I	1
V	5
X	10
L	50
C	100
D	500
M	1000

For example, two is written as **II** in Roman numeral, just two one's added together. Twelve is written as, **XII**, which is **X** + **II**. Seven is written as **XXVII**, which is **XX** + **V** + **II**.

Roman numerals are usually written largest to smallest from left to right. However, the numeral for four is not **IIII**. Because the one is before the five we subtract it making four. The same principle applies to the number nine, which is **IX**, where subtraction is used:

- **I** can be placed before **V** (5) and **X** (10) to make 4 and 9.
- **X** can be placed before **L** (50) and **C** (100) to make 40 and 90.
- **C** can be placed before **D** (500) and **M** (1000) to make 400 and 900.

Given a roman numeral, convert it to an integer. Input is guaranteed to be within the range from 1 to 3999.

### Example 1:

Input: "III"

Output: 3

### Example 2:

Input: "IV"

Output: 4

### Example 3: