Additional HTML Elements: HTML <fieldset> and <legend>

Estimated time needed: 35 minutes

Special HTML Elements

In this section, you will explore two tags found within the <form> tag, namely the <fieldset> and <legend> tags.

Objectives

After completing this reading section, you will be able to:

- 1. Use the <fieldset> tag appropriately in HTML pages
- 2. Use the <legend> tag to decorate your fieldset

HTML fieldset tag

- The HTML <fieldset> tag is found within the <form> tag and is used to group related elements in an HTML form, often by enclosing them within a box.
- There is no restriction to the kind of elements that can be inside a fieldset, but they are mostly used to group related input type of elements, as shown in the example below.
- The fieldset element is especially useful in large forms, where readability and ease of access can be improved with segmentation. Browsers will most likely render a frame around the grouped controls.

Syntax

<fieldset> Contents... </fieldset>

Attributes

- 1. disabled: It specifies that the elements belonging to the fieldset should be disabled.
- 2. **form**: It specifies the id of the form that the fieldset is to be considered a part of.
- 3. name: It specifies the name for the fieldset.

Example

In the first example we will create a form with two fieldsets separating personal and professional details:

```
<html>
   <body>
        <h1>The fieldset element</h1>
        <form>
            <fieldset name="personal_details">
                <label for="fname">First name:</label>
                <input type="text" id="fname" name="fname"><br>
                <label for="lname">Last name:</label>
                <input type="text" id="lname" name="lname"><br>
                <label for="email">Email:</label>
                <input type="email" id="email" name="email"><br>
                <label for="phone">Phone Number:</label>
                <input type="tel" id="phone" name="phone"><br>
            </fieldset>
            <br>
            <fieldset name="professional details">
                <label for="occupation">Occupation:</label>
                <input type="text" id="occupation" name="occupation"><br>
                <label for="company">Company:</label>
                <input type="text" id="company" name="company"><br>
                <label for="start">Start Date:</label>
                <input type="date" id="start" name="start"><br>
                <label for="end">End Date:</label>
                <input type="date" id="end" name="end"><br>
            </fieldset>
            <br>
            <input type="submit" value="Submit">
        </form>
   </body>
</html>
```

Output

The fieldset element

First name: Last name: Email: Phone Number:
Occupation: Company: Start Date: yyyy-mm-dd End Date: yyyy-mm-dd

Submit

HTML legend tag

A **fieldset** can additionally have a title or name, which can be provided by **legend**. The **legend** tag is used with the **fieldset** element as a first child (the first inner tag) to define the caption for the grouped related fields By using the **legend** tag with **fieldset** elements, it is easy to understand the purpose of grouped form elements.

Example

To understand the <legend> tag, let's add this tag to the above example and see the output:

```
<input type="email" id="email" name="email"><br>
                <label for="phone">Phone Number:</label>
                <input type="tel" id="phone" name="phone"><br>
            </fieldset>
            <br>
            <fieldset name="professional_details">
                <legend>Professional Details</legend>
                <label for="occupation">Occupation:</label>
                <input type="text" id="occupation" name="occupation"><br>
                <label for="company">Company:</label>
                <input type="text" id="company" name="company"><br>
                <label for="start">Start Date:</label>
                <input type="date" id="start" name="start"><br>
                <label for="end">End Date:</label>
                <input type="date" id="end" name="end"><br>
            </fieldset>
            <br>
            <input type="submit" value="Submit">
        </form>
    </body>
</html>
```

Output

The netaset element

Personal Details
First name:
Last name:
Email:
Phone Number:
Professional Details
Occupation:
Company:
Start Date: yyyy-mm-dd 🗂
End Date: yyyy-mm-dd
Submit
Congratulational You have completed the eversion
Congratulations! You have completed the exercise.
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