

OS Lab

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Section: D

Question 1: Write a program to create a child process which lists all the executing user processes

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
#include <unistd.h>

int main() {
    pid_t child = fork();
    if (child == -1)
        return 1;
    if (child) {
        int status;
        waitpid(child, &status, 0);
        return 0;
    } else {
        execl("/usr/bin/ps", "/usr/bin/ps", (char *)NULL);
    }
}
```

Output:

```
~/Documents/Stuff/PES/sem4/os/lab/week1 on main 1309 ?10 ...
> make q1
cc      q1.c      -o q1

~/Documents/Stuff/PES/sem4/os/lab/week1 on main 1310 ?10 ...
> ./q1
  PID TTY          TIME CMD
  9106 pts/2        00:00:02 zsh
  9124 pts/2        00:00:00 zsh
  9126 pts/2        00:00:00 zsh
  9128 pts/2        00:00:00 zsh
  9133 pts/2        00:00:00 gitstatusd
 29398 pts/2        00:00:00 q1
 29399 pts/2        00:00:00 ps
```

Question 2: Create a global array with values [1,6,2,4,5,8,9,0]. Sort the same within the child process and display the values in the parent process. Are the displayed values in sorted order? If not, why

C

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
#include <unistd.h>
int arr[] = {1, 6, 2, 4, 5, 8, 9, 0};
void sort_array() {
    int n = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
    int temp;
    for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < n - i - 1; j++) {
            if (arr[j] > arr[j + 1]) {
                temp = arr[j];
                arr[j] = arr[j + 1];
                arr[j + 1] = temp;
            }
        }
    }
}
void display_array() {
    int n = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        printf("%d ", arr[i]);
    }
    printf("\n");
}
int main() {
    pid_t pid = fork();
    if (pid == -1) {
        fprintf(stderr, "Failed to fork.\n");
        return 1;
    }
    if (pid == 0) {
        sort_array();
        _exit(0);
    } else {
        wait(NULL);
        display_array();
    }
    return 0;
}
```

Output:

```
~/Documents/Stuff/PES/sem4/os/lab/week1 on main !311 ?10 ...  
$ make q2  
cc      q2.c      -o q2  
  
~/Documents/Stuff/PES/sem4/os/lab/week1 on main !311 ?10 ...  
$ ./q2  
1 6 2 4 5 8 9 0
```

Answer: The elements in the array are sorted by the child process which can not be accessed by the parent process.

Question 3: Write a program which accepts 2 integers x and y. Now use exec to execute another user defined program that prints the product of x and y.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
#include <unistd.h>

int main() {
    int x, y;
    printf("Enter x and y: ");
    scanf("%d %d", &x, &y);
    pid_t child = fork();
    if (child == -1)
        return 1;
    if (child) {
        int status;
        waitpid(child, &status, 0);
        return 0;
    } else {
        char x_str[10], y_str[10];
        sprintf(x_str, "%d", x);
        sprintf(y_str, "%d", y);
        execl("./q3_helper", "./q3_helper", x_str, y_str, (char *)NULL);
    }
}
```

Helper Function:


C

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    int x = atoi(argv[1]);
    int y = atoi(argv[2]);
    printf("Product: %d\n", x * y);

    return 0;
}
```

Output:



```
~/Documents/Stuff/PES/sem4/os/lab/week1 on main !313 ?10 ...
> make q3
cc      q3.c      -o q3

~/Documents/Stuff/PES/sem4/os/lab/week1 on main !313 ?10 ...
> ./q3
Enter x and y: 4 5
Product: 20
```