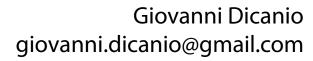
Images, Resources and Surfaces







Topics

- Loading and displaying images
 - Loading from files (including assets)
 - Loading from resources
- Surface vs. Texture
 - Accessing surface pixels
- Demos

Images: From File to Screen



Images: From File to Screen

- Create a gl::Texture object
- Load the image from file to the gl::Texture object
- Draw the gl::Texture to the screen using OpenGL

The gl::Texture Class

- Represents an OpenGL texture
- A block of bitmap data on the GPU
- Image on the graphics card



Photo by Advanced Micro Devices, Inc. (AMD) http://bit.ly/1s4MXIH

Creating the Texture Object

- Add a gl::Texture data member
 - cinder/gl/Texture.h header

```
class DemoApp : public AppNative
{
public:
    void setup();
    void draw();

private:
    // This texture will contain the image loaded
    gl::Texture mTexture;
};
```

Loading the Image into Texture

- Call loadImage()
 - cinder/Imagelo.h header

```
void DemoApp::setup()
{
    // Load the image into the gl::Texture object
    mTexture = loadImage("Bellevue.png");
}
```

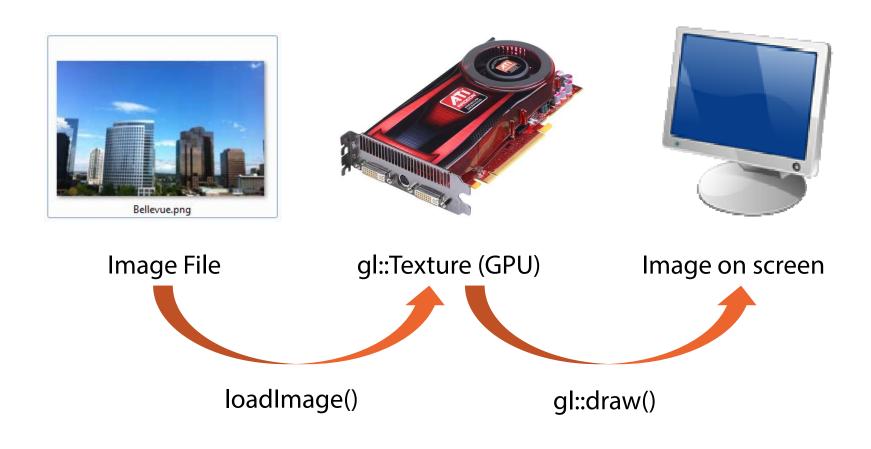
Drawing the Texture to the Screen

Call gl::draw()

```
void DemoApp::draw()
{
    // Show the image
    gl::draw(mTexture);
}
```



Images: From File to Screen (Recap)



Cinder's Design: Division of Labor

- No gl::Texture::loadImage() method
- No gl::Texture::draw() method

```
mTexture coadImage("Bellevue.png");
mTexture craw();
```

Cinder's Design: Division of Labor

- loadImage() is a standalone function
- gl::draw() is a standalone function

```
void DemoApp::setup()
{
    // Load the image into the gl::Texture object
    mTexture = loadImage("Bellevue.png");
}

    void DemoApp::draw()
    {
        // Show the image
        gl::draw(mTexture);
}
```

Cinder's Design: Division of Labor

Reuse the same image loading function for different classes

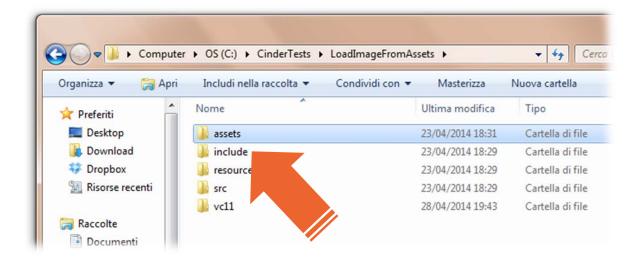
Assets

Works for

any file!

- Place images into the assets folder -
- Call loadAsset()

// Load the test image from assets
mTexture = loadImage(loadAsset("Bellevue.jpg"));



Demo: Loading Images From Assets

Assets: Pros and Cons

- Assets Pros
 - Very easy
- Assets Cons
 - Must redistribute the assets folder alongside the .EXE



Resources

- Apps entirely self-contained
- Resources are baked into the .EXE

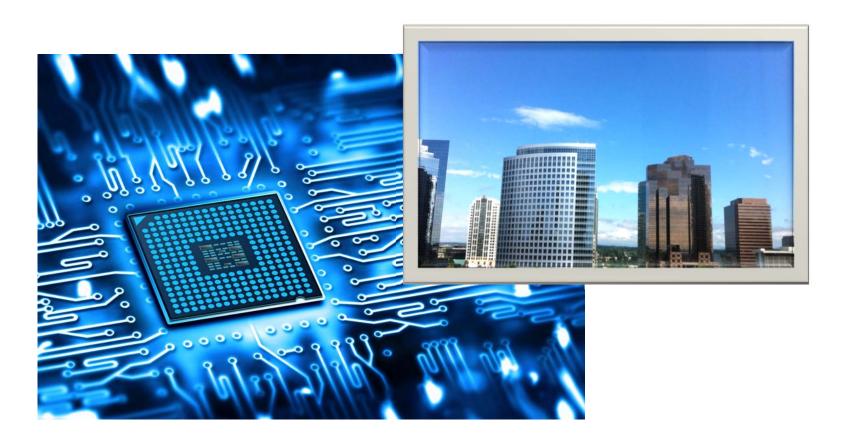




Demo: Loading Images From Resources

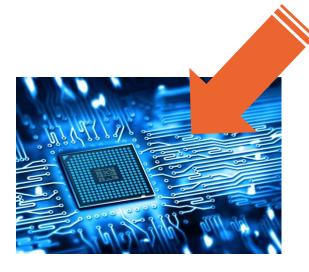
The Surface Class

Block of bitmap data on the CPU



Surface vs. gl::Texture





CPU → Surface

Block of bitmap data

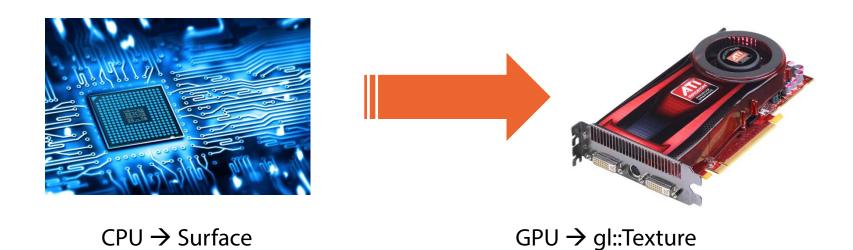


GPU → gl::Texture

Surface to Texture

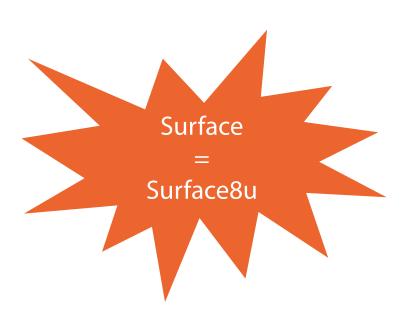
```
Surface mySurface;
// Init mySurface with some bitmap data...

// Convert surface to texture
gl::Texture myTexture(mySurface);
```



Surface's «Flavors»

- SurfaceT<T> class template
- T = uint8_t → Surface8u
 - 8-bit unsigned integer version
 - R,G,B(,A) are uint8_t
 - Used the majority of the time
- $T = float \rightarrow Surface 32f$
 - 32-bit float
 - □ R,G,B(,A) are 32-bit float
 - Used for advanced image processing



Creating Surfaces

```
Surface mySurface;

Creates an empty surface

Surface mySurface( 800, 600, true );

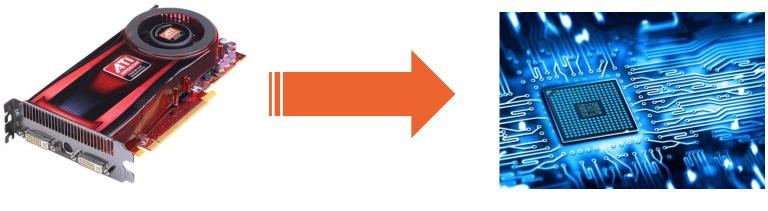
Creates a surface of 800x600 (width x height) pixels with an alpha channel

Surface picture = loadImage("Bellevue.png");

Creates a surface with the content of an image file
```

Surface From Texture

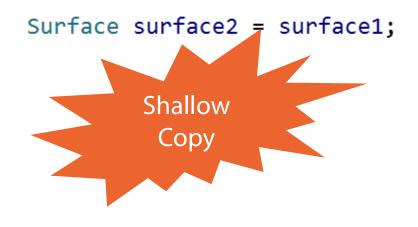
```
gl::Texture myTexture;
// ... bitmap data written somewhere else in the texture
Surface surfaceFromTexture(myTexture);
```



GPU → gl::Texture CPU → Surface

Copying Surfaces





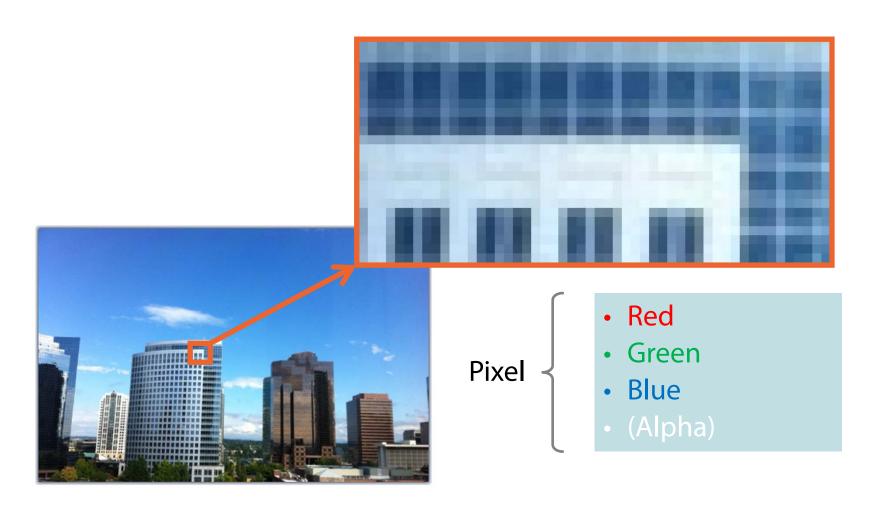
Copying Surfaces (Deep Copy)



Surface surface2 = surface1.clone();



Accessing Pixels in Surfaces



Surface in Memory



Surface Iterators

Iterating the Pixels of a Surface's Area

```
Area

// Define an area inside the surface
// (X1, Y1, X2, Y2)

Area area(0, 0, 200, 200);

// Access pixels inside that area
Surface::Iter iter = surface.getIter(area);
```

Demo: Surface R,G,B Components

Demo: Texture R,G,B Components

Demo: Slideshow

Summary

- Loading and displaying images
 - gl::Texture
 - loadImage()
- Resources
- The Surface class
 - Surface vs. gl::Texture
 - Surface manipulation