

# Equations of Motion for 1111.1655v2

*Cosmological Solutions in Bimetric Gravity and their Observational Tests*

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Notebook by Mikica Kocic, created 2015-11-07, last modified 2016-05-12

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## Initialization

```
Get[NotebookDirectory[] <> $PathnameSeparator <> "xAct-B1.m"]
```

```
-----  
Loading xAct adapted to bimetric theory...
```

```
Copyright (C) 2014-2015 by Mikica B. Kocic, under GPL.  
-----
```

```
Package xAct`xPerm` version 1.2.3, {2015, 8, 23}
```

```
Copyright (C) 2003-2015, Jose M. Martin-Garcia, under the General Public License.
```

```
Connecting to external MinGW executable...
```

```
Connection established.  
-----
```

```
Package xAct`xTensor` version 1.1.2, {2015, 8, 23}
```

```
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-----
```

```
Package xAct`xCoba` version 0.8.3, {2015, 8, 23}
```

```
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```

```
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-----
```

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it under certain conditions. See the General Public License for details.  
-----  
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```

```
Package xAct`TexAct` version 0.3.7, {2015, 8, 23}
```

```
Copyright (C) 2008-2015, Thomas Bäckdahl, Jose M.
```

```
Martin-Garcia and Barry Wardell, under the General Public License.  
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it under certain conditions. See the General Public License for details.  
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```

```
Context path: {xAct`Bim`, xAct`xCoba`, xAct`TexAct`, System`}
```

```
Memory in use: 15488280
```

```
Time used: 1.513  
-----
```

## Manifold and the accompanying abstract indices

```
DefManifold[M, 4, {a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}]
```

```

** DefManifold: Defining manifold  $\mathcal{M}$ .
** DefVBundle: Defining vbundle  $\text{Tangent}\mathcal{M}$ .

```

## Chart $\mathcal{B}$ on $\mathcal{M}$ with the coordinate fields Scalars $\mathcal{B}$

```

Scalars $\mathcal{B}$  = Sequence[  $t$ [],  $r$ [],  $\theta$ [],  $\phi$ [] ];

assumeReal[  $t$ [],  $t$ [] > 0 ]
assumeReal[  $r$ [],  $r$ [] > 0 ]

DefChart[  $\mathcal{B}$ ,  $\mathcal{M}$ , Range[0, 3], {Scalars $\mathcal{B}$ } ]

** DefChart: Defining chart  $\mathcal{B}$ .
** DefTensor: Defining coordinate scalar  $t$  [].
** DefTensor: Defining coordinate scalar  $r$  [].
** DefTensor: Defining coordinate scalar  $\theta$  [].
** DefTensor: Defining coordinate scalar  $\phi$  [].
** DefMapping: Defining mapping  $\mathcal{B}$ .
** DefMapping: Defining inverse mapping  $i\mathcal{B}$ .
** DefTensor: Defining mapping differential tensor  $di\mathcal{B}[-a, i\mathcal{B}a]$ .
** DefTensor: Defining mapping differential tensor  $d\mathcal{B}[-a, \mathcal{B}\hat{a}]$ .
** DefBasis: Defining basis  $\mathcal{B}$ . Coordinated basis.
** DefCovD: Defining parallel derivative  $PD\mathcal{B}[-a]$ .
** DefTensor: Defining vanishing torsion tensor  $\text{Torsion}PD\mathcal{B}[a, -b, -c]$ .
** DefTensor: Defining symmetric Christoffel tensor  $\text{Christoffel}PD\mathcal{B}[a, -b, -c]$ .
** DefTensor: Defining vanishing Riemann tensor  $\text{Riemann}PD\mathcal{B}[-a, -b, -c, d]$ .
** DefTensor: Defining vanishing Ricci tensor  $\text{Ricci}PD\mathcal{B}[-a, -b]$ .
** DefTensor: Defining antisymmetric +1 density  $\text{etaUp}\mathcal{B}[a, b, c, d]$ .
** DefTensor: Defining antisymmetric -1 density  $\text{etaDown}\mathcal{B}[-a, -b, -c, -d]$ .

```

## Fields (metric components)

Define fields (functions of coordinates) to be used as metric components.

Underscore operator denotes functions of  $\Phi$ field variables.

```

 $\Phi$ field = Sequence[  $t$ [] ];

defineField /@ {  $a$ ,  $X$ ,  $Y$ ,  $\Upsilon$  };

** DefScalarFunction: Defining scalar function  $a$ .
** DefScalarFunction: Defining scalar function  $X$ .
** DefScalarFunction: Defining scalar function  $Y$ .
** DefScalarFunction: Defining scalar function  $\Upsilon$ .

assumeReal[  $\underline{a}$ ,  $\underline{a}$  > 0 ]
assumeReal[  $\underline{X}$ ,  $\underline{X}$  > 0 ]
assumeReal[  $\underline{Y}$ ,  $\underline{Y}$  > 0 ]

```

## Constants

```

DefConstantSymbol[  $\kappa$  ]
assumeReal[  $\kappa$  ]

** DefConstantSymbol: Defining constant symbol  $\kappa$ .

```

```

DefConstantSymbol[ m ]
assumeReal[ m, m > 0 ]

** DefConstantSymbol: Defining constant symbol m.

DefConstantSymbol[ M★, PrintAs → "M★" ]
assumeReal[ M★, M★ > 0 ]

** DefConstantSymbol: Defining constant symbol M★.

DefConstantSymbol[ ρ★, PrintAs → "ρ★" ]
assumeReal[ ρ★, ρ★ > 0 ]

** DefConstantSymbol: Defining constant symbol ρ★.

```

## Beta parameters

```

DefInertHead[β]
DefConstantSymbol[ β[0] = β0, PrintAs → "β0" ];
DefConstantSymbol[ β[1] = β1, PrintAs → "β1" ];
DefConstantSymbol[ β[2] = β2, PrintAs → "β2" ];
DefConstantSymbol[ β[3] = β3, PrintAs → "β3" ];
DefConstantSymbol[ β[4] = β4, PrintAs → "β4" ];

** DefInertHead: Defining inert head β.

** DefConstantSymbol: Defining constant symbol β0.
** DefConstantSymbol: Defining constant symbol β1.
** DefConstantSymbol: Defining constant symbol β2.
** DefConstantSymbol: Defining constant symbol β3.
** DefConstantSymbol: Defining constant symbol β4.

assumeReal@{ β0, β1, β2, β3, β4 }

```

## Define metric $g = E^* \eta$ through a vielbein $E$

$$E_{\mu}^{\alpha} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{\underline{a}}{\sqrt{1-\kappa r[]^2}} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \underline{a} r[] & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \underline{a} r[] \sin[\theta[]] \end{pmatrix};$$

## Define metric $f = L^* \eta$ through a vielbein $L$

$$L_{\mu}^{\alpha} = \begin{pmatrix} \underline{X} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{\underline{Y}}{\sqrt{1-\kappa r[]^2}} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \underline{Y} r[] & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \underline{Y} r[] \sin[\theta[]] \end{pmatrix};$$

## Complete the initialization

```

Get[NotebookDirectory[] <> $PathnameSeparator <> "xAct-B2.m"]

-----

** DefTensor: Defining symmetric metric tensor g#[-a, -b].
** DefTensor: Defining antisymmetric tensor epsilong#[-a, -b, -c, -d].
** DefTensor: Defining tetrametric Tetrag#[-a, -b, -c, -d].
** DefTensor: Defining tetrametric Tetrag#†[-a, -b, -c, -d].
** DefCovD: Defining covariant derivative CD[-a].

```

```

** DefTensor: Defining vanishing torsion tensor TorsionCD[a, -b, -c].
** DefTensor: Defining symmetric Christoffel tensor ChristoffelCD[a, -b, -c].
** DefTensor: Defining Riemann tensor RiemannCD[-a, -b, -c, -d].
** DefTensor: Defining symmetric Ricci tensor RicciCD[-a, -b].
** DefCovD: Contractions of Riemann automatically replaced by Ricci.
** DefTensor: Defining Ricci scalar RicciScalarCD[].
** DefCovD: Contractions of Ricci automatically replaced by RicciScalar.
** DefTensor: Defining symmetric Einstein tensor EinsteinCD[-a, -b].
** DefTensor: Defining Weyl tensor WeylCD[-a, -b, -c, -d].
** DefTensor: Defining symmetric TFRicci tensor TFRicciCD[-a, -b].
** DefTensor: Defining Kretschmann scalar KretschmannCD[].
** DefCovD: Computing RiemannToWeylRules for dim 4
** DefCovD: Computing RicciToTFRicci for dim 4
** DefCovD: Computing RicciToEinsteinRules for dim 4
** DefTensor: Defining weight +2 density Detg#[] . Determinant.
** DefTensor: Defining weight +2 density Detg#B[] . Determinant.
-----
** DefTensor: Defining symmetric metric tensor f#[-a, -b].
** DefTensor: Defining inverse metric tensor Invf#[a, b]. Metric is frozen!
** DefTensor: Defining antisymmetric tensor epsilonf#[-a, -b, -c, -d].
** DefTensor: Defining tetrametric Tetraf#[-a, -b, -c, -d].
** DefTensor: Defining tetrametric Tetraf#†[-a, -b, -c, -d].
** DefCovD: Defining covariant derivative CDf[-a].
** DefTensor: Defining vanishing torsion tensor TorsionCDf[a, -b, -c].
** DefTensor: Defining symmetric Christoffel tensor ChristoffelCDf[a, -b, -c].
** DefTensor: Defining Riemann tensor RiemannDownCDf[-a, -b, -c, -d].
** DefTensor: Defining Riemann tensor
    RiemannCDf[-a, -b, -c, d]. Antisymmetric only in the first pair.
** DefTensor: Defining symmetric Ricci tensor RicciCDf[-a, -b].
** DefCovD: Contractions of Riemann automatically replaced by Ricci.
** DefTensor: Defining Ricci scalar RicciScalarCDf[].
** DefCovD: Contractions of Ricci automatically replaced by RicciScalar.
** DefTensor: Defining symmetric Einstein tensor EinsteinCDf[-a, -b].
** DefTensor: Defining Weyl tensor WeylCDf[-a, -b, -c, -d].
** DefTensor: Defining symmetric TFRicci tensor TFRicciCDf[-a, -b].
** DefTensor: Defining Kretschmann scalar KretschmannCDf[].
** DefCovD: Computing RiemannToWeylRules for dim 4
** DefCovD: Computing RicciToEinsteinRules for dim 4
** DefTensor: Defining weight +2 density Detf#[] . Determinant.
-----
** DefTensor: Defining tensor A[a, -b].
** DefTensor: Defining tensor S[a, -b].
** DefTensor: Defining tensor iS[a, -b].
-----

```

```

** MetricCompute g: Metric[-1, -1]
** MetricCompute g: Metric[1, 1]
** MetricCompute g: DetMetric[]
** MetricCompute g: Christoffel[-1, -1, -1]
** DefTensor: Defining tensor ChristoffelCDPD $\mathcal{B}[a, -b, -c]$ .
** MetricCompute g: Christoffel[1, -1, -1]
** MetricCompute g: Riemann[-1, -1, -1, -1]
** MetricCompute g: Riemann[-1, -1, -1, 1]
** MetricCompute g: Riemann[-1, -1, 1, 1]
** MetricCompute g: Ricci[-1, -1]
** MetricCompute g: RicciScalar[]
** MetricCompute g: Einstein[-1, -1]
** MetricCompute g: DMetric[-1, -1, -1]
** MetricCompute g: DDMetric[-1, -1, -1, -1]
** MetricCompute g: Weyl[-1, -1, -1, -1]
** MetricCompute g: Kretschmann[]
** MetricCompute g: CDRiemann[-1, -1, -1, -1, -1]

-----

** MetricCompute f: Metric[-1, -1]
** MetricCompute f: Metric[1, 1]
** MetricCompute f: DetMetric[]
** DefTensor: Defining weight +2 density Detf $\mathcal{B}[]$ . Determinant.
** MetricCompute f: Christoffel[-1, -1, -1]
** DefTensor: Defining tensor ChristoffelCDfPD $\mathcal{B}[a, -b, -c]$ .
** MetricCompute f: Christoffel[1, -1, -1]
** MetricCompute f: Riemann[-1, -1, -1, -1]
** MetricCompute f: Riemann[-1, -1, -1, 1]
** MetricCompute f: Riemann[-1, -1, 1, 1]
** MetricCompute f: Ricci[-1, -1]
** MetricCompute f: RicciScalar[]
** MetricCompute f: Einstein[-1, -1]
** MetricCompute f: DMetric[-1, -1, -1]
** MetricCompute f: DDMetric[-1, -1, -1, -1]
** MetricCompute f: Weyl[-1, -1, -1, -1]
** MetricCompute f: Kretschmann[]
** MetricCompute f: CDRiemann[-1, -1, -1, -1, -1]

-----

** DefTensor: Defining tensor Vg[-a, -b].
** DefTensor: Defining tensor Vf[-a, -b].

-----

```

## Consistency check for elementary symmetric polynomials

```

 $\varepsilon[S[a, -b], 0] == 1;$ 
 $\varepsilon[S[a, -b], 1] == S[a, -a] // \text{ToCanonical};$ 
 $\varepsilon[S[a, -b], 2] == \frac{1}{2} (S[a, -a] S[b, -b] - S[a, -b] S[b, -a]) // \text{ToCanonical};$ 
 $\varepsilon[S[a, -b], 3] ==$ 
 $\frac{1}{6} (S[a, -a] S[b, -b] S[c, -c] - 3 S[a, -a] S[b, -c] S[c, -b] + 2 S[a, -b] S[b, -c] S[c, -a]) //$ 
 $\text{ToCanonical};$ 
%  $\wedge$ 
%%  $\wedge$ 
%%%  $\wedge$ 
%%%%
True

 $\mathcal{Y}[S[a, -b], 0] == g^{\#}[a, -b] // \text{ToCanonical};$ 
 $\mathcal{Y}[S[a, -b], 1] == S[a, -b] - S[c, -c] g^{\#}[a, -b] // \text{ToCanonical};$ 
 $\mathcal{Y}[S[a, -b], 2] == S[a, -c] S[c, -b] - S[a, -b] S[c, -c] +$ 
 $\frac{1}{2} g^{\#}[a, -b] (S[c, -c] S[d, -d] - S[c, -d] S[d, -c]) // \text{ToCanonical};$ 
 $\mathcal{Y}[S[a, -b], 3] == S[a, -c] S[c, -d] S[d, -b] - S[a, -c] S[c, -b] S[d, -d] +$ 
 $\frac{1}{2} S[a, -b] (S[c, -c] S[d, -d] - S[c, -d] S[d, -c]) - \frac{1}{6} g^{\#}[a, -b] (S[d, -d] S[e, -e] S[c, -c] -$ 
 $3 S[d, -d] S[e, -c] S[c, -e] + 2 S[d, -e] S[e, -c] S[c, -d]) // \text{ToCanonical};$ 
%  $\wedge$ 
%%  $\wedge$ 
%%%  $\wedge$ 
%%%%
True

```

## Consistency check for the square root

```

A■ == S■.S■ // Simplify
True

S■ == Inverse@E■.L■ // Simplify
True

```

# Display calculated variables

## Paramater ranges

**\$Assumptions /. And → List // Column**

```
t ∈ Reals
t > 0
r ∈ Reals
r > 0
a[t] ∈ Reals
a[t] > 0
X[t] ∈ Reals
X[t] > 0
Y[t] ∈ Reals
Y[t] > 0
κ ∈ Reals
m ∈ Reals
m > 0
M★ ∈ Reals
M★ > 0
ρ★ ∈ Reals
ρ★ > 0
(β0 | β1 | β2 | β3 | β4) ∈ Reals
```

## Metric g

**g<sub>ab</sub>[-a, -b] // printMatrixComponents[B]**

$$\gg \quad g_{ab} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{a^2}{1-\kappa r^2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & a^2 r^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & a^2 r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$g_{ab} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{a^2}{1-\kappa r^2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & a^2 r^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & a^2 r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

**{"g = ", ({d# & /@ {ScalarsB}}).g<sub>ab</sub>.Transpose@{d# & /@ {ScalarsB}})[[1, 1]] // printNice // Row**

$$g = -(\mathrm{d}t)^2 + a^2 (\mathrm{d}\theta)^2 r^2 + \frac{a^2 (\mathrm{d}r)^2}{1 - \kappa r^2} + a^2 (\mathrm{d}\phi)^2 r^2 \sin[\theta]^2$$

## Metric f

**f<sub>ab</sub>[-a, -b] // printMatrixComponents[B]**

$$\gg \quad f_{ab} = \begin{pmatrix} -X^2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{Y^2}{1-\kappa r^2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & Y^2 r^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & Y^2 r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$f_{ab} = \begin{pmatrix} -X^2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{Y^2}{1-\kappa r^2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & Y^2 r^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & Y^2 r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

**{"f = ", ({d# & /@ {ScalarsB}}).f<sub>ab</sub>.Transpose@{d# & /@ {ScalarsB}})[[1, 1]] // printNice // Row**

$$f = -X^2 (\mathrm{d}t)^2 + Y^2 (\mathrm{d}\theta)^2 r^2 + \frac{Y^2 (\mathrm{d}r)^2}{1 - \kappa r^2} + Y^2 (\mathrm{d}\phi)^2 r^2 \sin[\theta]^2$$

## Square root

**A[a, -b] // printMatrixComponents[B]**

$$\gg \text{A}^a_b = \begin{pmatrix} X^2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{Y^2}{a^2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{Y^2}{a^2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{Y^2}{a^2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{A}^a_b = \begin{pmatrix} X^2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{Y^2}{a^2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{Y^2}{a^2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{Y^2}{a^2} \end{pmatrix}$$

**S[a, -b] // printMatrixComponents[B]**

$$\gg \text{S}^a_b = \begin{pmatrix} X & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{Y}{a} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{Y}{a} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{Y}{a} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{S}^a_b = \begin{pmatrix} X & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{Y}{a} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{Y}{a} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{Y}{a} \end{pmatrix}$$

**iS[a, -b] // printMatrixComponents[B]**

$$\gg \llbracket S^{-1} \rrbracket^a_b = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{X} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{a}{Y} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{a}{Y} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{a}{Y} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\llbracket S^{-1} \rrbracket^a_b = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{X} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{a}{Y} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{a}{Y} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{a}{Y} \end{pmatrix}$$

**g<sup>#</sup>[-a, -c] S[c, -b] // printComponents[B, MatrixForm]**

$$\gg g_{ac} S^c_b \doteq \begin{pmatrix} -X & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{aY}{1-\kappa r^2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & aYr^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & aYr^2 \sin[\theta]^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$g_{ac} S^c_b \doteq \begin{pmatrix} -X & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{aY}{1-\kappa r^2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & aYr^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & aYr^2 \sin[\theta]^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

## Christoffel Symbols for g

**ChristoffelCDPD[B[a, -b, -c] // printNonZeroComponents[B]**



$$\begin{aligned}
\gg \Gamma[\nabla g, \mathcal{D}]^0_{11} &\doteq \frac{a \dot{a}}{1 - \kappa r^2} \\
\gg \Gamma[\nabla g, \mathcal{D}]^0_{22} &\doteq a r^2 \dot{a} \\
\gg \Gamma[\nabla g, \mathcal{D}]^0_{33} &\doteq a r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 \dot{a} \\
\gg \Gamma[\nabla g, \mathcal{D}]^1_{01} &\doteq \frac{\dot{a}}{a} \\
\gg \Gamma[\nabla g, \mathcal{D}]^1_{10} &\doteq \frac{\dot{a}}{a} \\
\gg \Gamma[\nabla g, \mathcal{D}]^1_{11} &\doteq \frac{\kappa r}{1 - \kappa r^2} \\
\gg \Gamma[\nabla g, \mathcal{D}]^1_{22} &\doteq r (-1 + \kappa r^2) \\
\gg \Gamma[\nabla g, \mathcal{D}]^1_{33} &\doteq r (-1 + \kappa r^2) \sin[\theta]^2 \\
\gg \Gamma[\nabla g, \mathcal{D}]^2_{02} &\doteq \frac{\dot{a}}{a} \\
\gg \Gamma[\nabla g, \mathcal{D}]^2_{12} &\doteq \frac{1}{r} \\
\gg \Gamma[\nabla g, \mathcal{D}]^2_{20} &\doteq \frac{\dot{a}}{a} \\
\gg \Gamma[\nabla g, \mathcal{D}]^2_{21} &\doteq \frac{1}{r} \\
\gg \Gamma[\nabla g, \mathcal{D}]^2_{33} &\doteq -\cos[\theta] \sin[\theta] \\
\gg \Gamma[\nabla g, \mathcal{D}]^3_{03} &\doteq \frac{\dot{a}}{a} \\
\gg \Gamma[\nabla g, \mathcal{D}]^3_{13} &\doteq \frac{1}{r} \\
\gg \Gamma[\nabla g, \mathcal{D}]^3_{23} &\doteq \cot[\theta] \\
\gg \Gamma[\nabla g, \mathcal{D}]^3_{30} &\doteq \frac{\dot{a}}{a} \\
\gg \Gamma[\nabla g, \mathcal{D}]^3_{31} &\doteq \frac{1}{r} \\
\gg \Gamma[\nabla g, \mathcal{D}]^3_{32} &\doteq \cot[\theta]
\end{aligned}$$

## Ricci Scalar for $g$

**RicciScalarCD[] // printComponents[B, Expand]**

$$\begin{aligned}
\gg R[\nabla g] &\doteq \frac{6 \kappa}{a^2} + \frac{6 \dot{a}^2}{a^2} + \frac{6 \ddot{a}}{a} \\
R[\nabla g] &\doteq \frac{6 \kappa}{a^2} + \frac{6 \dot{a}^2}{a^2} + \frac{6 \ddot{a}}{a}
\end{aligned}$$

## Kretschmann for $g$

**KretschmannCD[] // printComponents[B, Expand]**

$$\begin{aligned}
\gg K[\nabla g] &\doteq \frac{12 \kappa^2}{a^4} + \frac{24 \kappa \dot{a}^2}{a^4} + \frac{12 \dot{a}^4}{a^4} + \frac{12 \ddot{a}^2}{a^2} \\
K[\nabla g] &\doteq \frac{12 \kappa^2}{a^4} + \frac{24 \kappa \dot{a}^2}{a^4} + \frac{12 \dot{a}^4}{a^4} + \frac{12 \ddot{a}^2}{a^2}
\end{aligned}$$

## Einsten Tensor for $g$

**EinsteinCD[-a, -b] // printNonZeroComponents[B]**

$$\begin{aligned}
 \gg \quad G[\nabla g]_{00} &\doteq \frac{3 \left( \kappa + \dot{a}^2 \right)}{a^2} \\
 \gg \quad G[\nabla g]_{11} &\doteq \frac{\kappa + \dot{a}^2 + 2 a \ddot{a}}{-1 + \kappa r^2} \\
 \gg \quad G[\nabla g]_{22} &\doteq -r^2 \left( \kappa + \dot{a}^2 + 2 a \ddot{a} \right) \\
 \gg \quad G[\nabla g]_{33} &\doteq -r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 \left( \kappa + \dot{a}^2 + 2 a \ddot{a} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

## Christoffel Symbols for $f$

**ChristoffelCDfPD $\mathcal{B}[a, -b, -c]$  // printNonZeroComponents[ $\mathcal{B}$ ]**

$$\begin{aligned}
 \gg \quad \Gamma[\nabla f, \mathcal{D}]^0_{00} &\doteq \frac{\dot{X}}{X} \\
 \gg \quad \Gamma[\nabla f, \mathcal{D}]^0_{11} &\doteq -\frac{Y \dot{Y}}{X^2 (-1 + \kappa r^2)} \\
 \gg \quad \Gamma[\nabla f, \mathcal{D}]^0_{22} &\doteq \frac{Y r^2 \dot{Y}}{X^2} \\
 \gg \quad \Gamma[\nabla f, \mathcal{D}]^0_{33} &\doteq \frac{Y r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 \dot{Y}}{X^2} \\
 \gg \quad \Gamma[\nabla f, \mathcal{D}]^1_{01} &\doteq \frac{\dot{Y}}{Y} \\
 \gg \quad \Gamma[\nabla f, \mathcal{D}]^1_{10} &\doteq \frac{\dot{Y}}{Y} \\
 \gg \quad \Gamma[\nabla f, \mathcal{D}]^1_{11} &\doteq \frac{\kappa r}{1 - \kappa r^2} \\
 \gg \quad \Gamma[\nabla f, \mathcal{D}]^1_{22} &\doteq r (-1 + \kappa r^2) \\
 \gg \quad \Gamma[\nabla f, \mathcal{D}]^1_{33} &\doteq r (-1 + \kappa r^2) \sin[\theta]^2 \\
 \gg \quad \Gamma[\nabla f, \mathcal{D}]^2_{02} &\doteq \frac{\dot{Y}}{Y} \\
 \gg \quad \Gamma[\nabla f, \mathcal{D}]^2_{12} &\doteq \frac{1}{r} \\
 \gg \quad \Gamma[\nabla f, \mathcal{D}]^2_{20} &\doteq \frac{\dot{Y}}{Y} \\
 \gg \quad \Gamma[\nabla f, \mathcal{D}]^2_{21} &\doteq \frac{1}{r} \\
 \gg \quad \Gamma[\nabla f, \mathcal{D}]^2_{33} &\doteq -\cos[\theta] \sin[\theta] \\
 \gg \quad \Gamma[\nabla f, \mathcal{D}]^3_{03} &\doteq \frac{\dot{Y}}{Y} \\
 \gg \quad \Gamma[\nabla f, \mathcal{D}]^3_{13} &\doteq \frac{1}{r} \\
 \gg \quad \Gamma[\nabla f, \mathcal{D}]^3_{23} &\doteq \cot[\theta] \\
 \gg \quad \Gamma[\nabla f, \mathcal{D}]^3_{30} &\doteq \frac{\dot{Y}}{Y} \\
 \gg \quad \Gamma[\nabla f, \mathcal{D}]^3_{31} &\doteq \frac{1}{r} \\
 \gg \quad \Gamma[\nabla f, \mathcal{D}]^3_{32} &\doteq \cot[\theta]
 \end{aligned}$$

## Ricci Scalar for $f$

**RicciScalarCdf[] // printComponents[B, Expand]**

$$\begin{aligned} \gg \text{R}[\nabla f] &\doteq \frac{6 \kappa}{Y^2} - \frac{6 \dot{X} \dot{Y}}{X^3 Y} + \frac{6 \ddot{Y}^2}{X^2 Y^2} + \frac{6 \ddot{Y}}{X^2 Y} \\ \text{R}[\nabla f] &\doteq \frac{6 \kappa}{Y^2} - \frac{6 \dot{X} \dot{Y}}{X^3 Y} + \frac{6 \ddot{Y}^2}{X^2 Y^2} + \frac{6 \ddot{Y}}{X^2 Y} \end{aligned}$$

## Kretschmann for $f$

**KretschmannCdf[] // printComponents[B, Expand]**

$$\begin{aligned} \gg \text{K}[\nabla f] &\doteq \frac{12 \kappa^2}{Y^4} + \frac{24 \kappa \ddot{Y}^2}{X^2 Y^4} + \frac{12 \ddot{X}^2 \ddot{Y}^2}{X^6 Y^2} + \frac{12 \ddot{Y}^4}{X^4 Y^4} - \frac{24 \dot{X} \dot{Y} \ddot{Y}}{X^5 Y^2} + \frac{12 \ddot{Y}^2}{X^4 Y^2} \\ \text{K}[\nabla f] &\doteq \frac{12 \kappa^2}{Y^4} + \frac{24 \kappa \ddot{Y}^2}{X^2 Y^4} + \frac{12 \ddot{X}^2 \ddot{Y}^2}{X^6 Y^2} + \frac{12 \ddot{Y}^4}{X^4 Y^4} - \frac{24 \dot{X} \dot{Y} \ddot{Y}}{X^5 Y^2} + \frac{12 \ddot{Y}^2}{X^4 Y^2} \end{aligned}$$

**ToValues@KretschmannCdf[] /. Y' -> X a';**

**%/12 // Simplify // printNice**

$$\frac{X^4 (\kappa + \dot{a}^2)^2 + Y^2 (-\dot{a} \dot{X} + \ddot{Y})^2}{X^4 Y^4}$$

## Einsten Tensor for $f$

**EinsteinCdf[-a, -b] // printNonZeroComponents[B, Expand]**

$$\begin{aligned} \gg \text{G}[\nabla f]_{00} &\doteq \frac{3 X^2 \kappa}{Y^2} + \frac{3 \ddot{Y}^2}{Y^2} \\ \gg \text{G}[\nabla f]_{11} &\doteq \frac{\kappa}{-1 + \kappa r^2} - \frac{2 Y \dot{X} \dot{Y}}{X^3 (-1 + \kappa r^2)} + \frac{\ddot{Y}^2}{X^2 (-1 + \kappa r^2)} + \frac{2 Y \ddot{Y}}{X^2 (-1 + \kappa r^2)} \\ \gg \text{G}[\nabla f]_{22} &\doteq -\kappa r^2 + \frac{2 Y r^2 \dot{X} \dot{Y}}{X^3} - \frac{r^2 \ddot{Y}^2}{X^2} - \frac{2 Y r^2 \ddot{Y}}{X^2} \\ \gg \text{G}[\nabla f]_{33} &\doteq -\kappa r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 + \frac{2 Y r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 \dot{X} \dot{Y}}{X^3} - \frac{r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 \ddot{Y}^2}{X^2} - \frac{2 Y r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 \ddot{Y}}{X^2} \end{aligned}$$

# Equations of Motion

## Equations of Motion, 3+1 decomposition

Equations

$$G^{(g)}_{ab} + \frac{m^d}{m_g^{d-2}} V^{(g)}_{ab} = \frac{1}{m_g^{d-2}} T^{(g)}_{ab}$$

$$V^{(g)}_{ab} := \sum_{n=0}^{d-1} (-1)^n \beta_n g_{ac} [Y^n(S)]^c_b$$

$$[Y^n(S)]^a_b = \sum_{k=0}^n (-1)^k \mathcal{E}_n(S) [S^{n-k}]^c_b$$

$$[Y^n(S)]^a_b = \frac{2}{\sqrt{-g}} g^{ac} \frac{\delta}{\delta g^{cb}} \left( \sqrt{-g} \mathcal{E}_n(S) \right)$$

$$\text{where } S = \sqrt{g^{-1} f}$$

After decomposition, we get the 3+1 Einstein system consisting of:

- The evolution equations

$$\partial_t \gamma_{ij} = -2 N K_{ij} + \mathcal{L}_\beta \gamma_{ij} = -2 N K_{ij} + D_i \beta_j + D_j \beta_i$$

$$\partial_t K_{ij} = -D_i D_j N + N (R_{ij} + K K_{ij} - 2 K_{ik} K^k_j) + \mathcal{L}_\beta K_{ij} + \kappa \left( \frac{1}{2} \gamma_{ij} (S - \rho) - S_{ij} \right)$$

■ The constraint equations

$$R + K^2 - K_{ij} K^{ij} = 2 \kappa \rho \quad (\text{Hamiltonian constraint})$$

$$D_i (K^{ij} - \gamma^{ij} K) = \kappa p^j \quad (\text{momentum constraint})$$

where

$$\rho := n^a n^b T_{ab} \quad (\text{energy density; aka } E)$$

$$p^j := -\gamma^{jc} n^d T_{cd} \quad (\text{momentum density; aka } j^j \text{ or } S^j)$$

$$S_{ij} := \gamma_i^c \gamma_j^d T_{cd} \quad (\text{stress tensor})$$

Here we have  $S := \gamma^{ij} S_{ij}$ , and  $S - \rho = T = g^{ab} T_{ab}$ .

Compare to (2.4), (2.5):

$$R_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{2} g_{\mu\nu} R + \frac{m^2}{2} \sum_{n=0}^3 (-1)^n \beta_n \left[ g_{\mu\lambda} Y_{(n)\nu}^\lambda (\sqrt{g^{-1}} f) + g_{\nu\lambda} Y_{(n)\mu}^\lambda (\sqrt{g^{-1}} f) \right] = \frac{1}{M_g^2} T_{\mu\nu}, \quad (2.4)$$

$$\bar{R}_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{2} f_{\mu\nu} \bar{R} + \frac{m^2}{2 M_\star^2} \sum_{n=0}^3 (-1)^n \beta_{4-n} \left[ f_{\mu\lambda} Y_{(n)\nu}^\lambda (\sqrt{f^{-1}} g) + f_{\nu\lambda} Y_{(n)\mu}^\lambda (\sqrt{f^{-1}} g) \right] = 0, \quad (2.5)$$

## EoM for $g$

$$R_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{2} g_{\mu\nu} R + \frac{m^2}{2} \sum_{n=0}^3 (-1)^n \beta_n \left[ g_{\mu\lambda} Y_{(n)\nu}^\lambda (\sqrt{g^{-1}} f) + g_{\nu\lambda} Y_{(n)\mu}^\lambda (\sqrt{g^{-1}} f) \right] = \frac{1}{M_g^2} T_{\mu\nu}, \quad (2.4)$$

**EinsteinCD[-a, -b] // printNonZeroComponents[B]**

$$\begin{aligned} \gg \text{G}[\nabla g]_{00} &\doteq \frac{3(\kappa + \dot{a}^2)}{a^2} \\ \gg \text{G}[\nabla g]_{11} &\doteq \frac{\kappa + \dot{a}^2 + 2a\ddot{a}}{-1 + \kappa r^2} \\ \gg \text{G}[\nabla g]_{22} &\doteq -r^2(\kappa + \dot{a}^2 + 2a\ddot{a}) \\ \gg \text{G}[\nabla g]_{33} &\doteq -r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 (\kappa + \dot{a}^2 + 2a\ddot{a}) \end{aligned}$$

**Vg[-a, -b] // printNonZeroComponents[B, Expand]**

$$\begin{aligned} \gg \left[ \frac{V}{(g)} \right]_{00} &\doteq -\beta_0 - \frac{3Y\beta_1}{a} - \frac{3Y^2\beta_2}{a^2} - \frac{Y^3\beta_3}{a^3} \\ \gg \left[ \frac{V}{(g)} \right]_{11} &\doteq -\frac{a^2\beta_0}{-1 + \kappa r^2} - \frac{a^2XY\beta_1}{-1 + \kappa r^2} - \frac{2aY\beta_1}{-1 + \kappa r^2} - \frac{2aXY\beta_2}{-1 + \kappa r^2} - \frac{Y^2\beta_2}{-1 + \kappa r^2} - \frac{XY^2\beta_3}{-1 + \kappa r^2} \\ \gg \left[ \frac{V}{(g)} \right]_{22} &\doteq a^2\beta_0 r^2 + a^2XY\beta_1 r^2 + 2aY\beta_1 r^2 + 2aXY\beta_2 r^2 + Y^2\beta_2 r^2 + XY^2\beta_3 r^2 \\ \gg \left[ \frac{V}{(g)} \right]_{33} &\doteq a^2\beta_0 r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 + a^2XY\beta_1 r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 + \\ &\quad 2aY\beta_1 r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 + 2aXY\beta_2 r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 + Y^2\beta_2 r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 + XY^2\beta_3 r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 \end{aligned}$$

**EinsteinCD[-a, -b] + m^2 Vg[-a, -b] // printNonZeroComponents[B, Expand]**

$$\begin{aligned} \gg \text{G}[\nabla g]_{00} + m^2 \left[ \frac{V}{(g)} \right]_{00} &\doteq -m^2\beta_0 - \frac{3m^2Y\beta_1}{a} - \frac{3m^2Y^2\beta_2}{a^2} - \frac{m^2Y^3\beta_3}{a^3} + \frac{3\kappa}{a^2} + \frac{3\dot{a}^2}{a^2} \\ \gg \text{G}[\nabla g]_{11} + m^2 \left[ \frac{V}{(g)} \right]_{11} &\doteq \\ &\quad -\frac{a^2m^2\beta_0}{-1 + \kappa r^2} - \frac{a^2m^2XY\beta_1}{-1 + \kappa r^2} - \frac{2am^2Y\beta_1}{-1 + \kappa r^2} - \frac{2am^2XY\beta_2}{-1 + \kappa r^2} - \frac{m^2Y^2\beta_2}{-1 + \kappa r^2} - \frac{m^2XY^2\beta_3}{-1 + \kappa r^2} + \frac{\kappa}{-1 + \kappa r^2} + \frac{\dot{a}^2}{-1 + \kappa r^2} + \frac{2a\ddot{a}}{-1 + \kappa r^2} \\ \gg \text{G}[\nabla g]_{22} + m^2 \left[ \frac{V}{(g)} \right]_{22} &\doteq \\ &\quad a^2m^2\beta_0 r^2 + a^2m^2XY\beta_1 r^2 + 2am^2Y\beta_1 r^2 + 2am^2XY\beta_2 r^2 + m^2Y^2\beta_2 r^2 + m^2XY^2\beta_3 r^2 - \kappa r^2 - r^2\dot{a}^2 - 2a r^2\ddot{a} \\ \gg \text{G}[\nabla g]_{33} + m^2 \left[ \frac{V}{(g)} \right]_{33} &\doteq \\ &\quad a^2m^2\beta_0 r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 + a^2m^2XY\beta_1 r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 + 2am^2Y\beta_1 r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 + 2am^2XY\beta_2 r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 + \\ &\quad m^2Y^2\beta_2 r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 + m^2XY^2\beta_3 r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 - \kappa r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 - r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 \dot{a}^2 - 2a r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 \ddot{a} \end{aligned}$$

**EinsteinCD[{0, -B}, {0, -B}] + m^2 Vg[{0, -B}, {0, -B}] // printComponents[B, Expand]**

$$\begin{aligned} \gg \quad G[\nabla g]_{00} + m^2 \left[ \left[ \frac{V}{(g)} \right] \right]_{00} &\doteq -m^2 \beta_0 - \frac{3 m^2 Y \beta_1}{a} - \frac{3 m^2 Y^2 \beta_2}{a^2} - \frac{m^2 Y^3 \beta_3}{a^3} + \frac{3 \kappa}{a^2} + \frac{3 \dot{a}^2}{a^2} \\ G[\nabla g]_{00} + m^2 \left[ \left[ \frac{V}{(g)} \right] \right]_{00} &\doteq -m^2 \beta_0 - \frac{3 m^2 Y \beta_1}{a} - \frac{3 m^2 Y^2 \beta_2}{a^2} - \frac{m^2 Y^3 \beta_3}{a^3} + \frac{3 \kappa}{a^2} + \frac{3 \dot{a}^2}{a^2} \end{aligned}$$

**RicciScalarCD[] // printComponents[B, Expand]**

$$\begin{aligned} \gg \quad R[\nabla g] &\doteq \frac{6 \kappa}{a^2} + \frac{6 \dot{a}^2}{a^2} + \frac{6 \ddot{a}}{a} \\ R[\nabla g] &\doteq \frac{6 \kappa}{a^2} + \frac{6 \dot{a}^2}{a^2} + \frac{6 \ddot{a}}{a} \end{aligned}$$

Compare to (2.14), (2.15):

$$-3 \left( \frac{\dot{a}}{a} \right)^2 - 3 \frac{k}{a^2} + m^2 \left[ \beta_0 + 3 \beta_1 \frac{Y}{a} + 3 \beta_2 \frac{Y^2}{a^2} + \beta_3 \frac{Y^3}{a^3} \right] = \frac{1}{M_g^2} T_0^0, \quad (2.14)$$

$$\begin{aligned} -2 \frac{\ddot{a}}{a} - \left( \frac{\dot{a}}{a} \right)^2 - \frac{k}{a^2} + m^2 \left[ \beta_0 + 2 \beta_1 \left( \frac{Y}{a} + \frac{\dot{Y}}{\dot{a}} \right) \right. \\ \left. + \beta_2 \left( \frac{Y^2}{a^2} + 2 \frac{Y \dot{Y}}{a \dot{a}} \right) + \beta_3 \frac{Y^2 \dot{Y}}{a^2 \dot{a}} \right] = \frac{1}{M_g^2} T_1^1. \end{aligned} \quad (2.15)$$

## EoM for $f$

$$\bar{R}_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{2} f_{\mu\nu} \bar{R} + \frac{m^2}{2 M_\star^2} \sum_{n=0}^3 (-1)^n \beta_{4-n} \left[ f_{\mu\lambda} Y_{(n)\nu}^\lambda (\sqrt{f^{-1}g}) + f_{\nu\lambda} Y_{(n)\mu}^\lambda (\sqrt{f^{-1}g}) \right] = 0, \quad (2.5)$$

**EinsteinCDf[-a, -b] // printNonZeroComponents[B, Expand]**

$$\begin{aligned} \gg \quad G[\nabla f]_{00} &\doteq \frac{3 X^2 \kappa}{Y^2} + \frac{3 \dot{Y}^2}{Y^2} \\ \gg \quad G[\nabla f]_{11} &\doteq \frac{\kappa}{-1 + \kappa r^2} - \frac{2 Y \dot{X} \dot{Y}}{X^3 (-1 + \kappa r^2)} + \frac{\dot{Y}^2}{X^2 (-1 + \kappa r^2)} + \frac{2 Y \ddot{Y}}{X^2 (-1 + \kappa r^2)} \\ \gg \quad G[\nabla f]_{22} &\doteq -\kappa r^2 + \frac{2 Y r^2 \dot{X} \dot{Y}}{X^3} - \frac{r^2 \dot{Y}^2}{X^2} - \frac{2 Y r^2 \ddot{Y}}{X^2} \\ \gg \quad G[\nabla f]_{33} &\doteq -\kappa r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 + \frac{2 Y r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 \dot{X} \dot{Y}}{X^3} - \frac{r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 \dot{Y}^2}{X^2} - \frac{2 Y r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 \ddot{Y}}{X^2} \end{aligned}$$

Compare to (A.8):

$$\begin{aligned} R_{00} - \frac{1}{2} f_{00} R &= 3 \frac{\dot{Y}^2}{Y^2} + 3 \frac{k X^2}{Y^2}, \\ R_{11} - \frac{1}{2} f_{11} R &= -\frac{1}{X^2 (1 - \kappa r^2)} \left( 2 \ddot{Y} - 2 \frac{Y \dot{Y} \dot{X}}{X} + \dot{Y}^2 + k X^2 \right), \\ R_{22} - \frac{1}{2} f_{22} R &= -\frac{r^2}{X^2} \left( 2 \ddot{Y} - 2 \frac{Y \dot{Y} \dot{X}}{X} + \dot{Y}^2 + k X^2 \right), \\ R_{33} - \frac{1}{2} f_{33} R &= -\frac{r^2 \sin^2 \theta}{X^2} \left( 2 \ddot{Y} - 2 \frac{Y \dot{Y} \dot{X}}{X} + \dot{Y}^2 + k X^2 \right). \end{aligned} \quad (A.8)$$

**Vf[-a, -b] // printNonZeroComponents[B, Expand]**

$$\begin{aligned}
\gg \left[ \left[ \begin{matrix} \mathbf{V} \\ \mathbf{f} \end{matrix} \right] \right]_{00} &\doteq -\frac{a^3 X^2 \beta_1}{Y^3} - \frac{3 a^2 X^2 \beta_2}{Y^2} - \frac{3 a X^2 \beta_3}{Y} - X^2 \beta_4 \\
\gg \left[ \left[ \begin{matrix} \mathbf{V} \\ \mathbf{f} \end{matrix} \right] \right]_{11} &\doteq -\frac{a^2 \beta_1}{X (-1 + \kappa r^2)} - \frac{a^2 \beta_2}{-1 + \kappa r^2} - \frac{2 a Y \beta_2}{X (-1 + \kappa r^2)} - \frac{2 a Y \beta_3}{-1 + \kappa r^2} - \frac{Y^2 \beta_3}{X (-1 + \kappa r^2)} - \frac{Y^2 \beta_4}{-1 + \kappa r^2} \\
\gg \left[ \left[ \begin{matrix} \mathbf{V} \\ \mathbf{f} \end{matrix} \right] \right]_{22} &\doteq \frac{a^2 \beta_1 r^2}{X} + a^2 \beta_2 r^2 + \frac{2 a Y \beta_2 r^2}{X} + 2 a Y \beta_3 r^2 + \frac{Y^2 \beta_3 r^2}{X} + Y^2 \beta_4 r^2 \\
\gg \left[ \left[ \begin{matrix} \mathbf{V} \\ \mathbf{f} \end{matrix} \right] \right]_{33} &\doteq \frac{a^2 \beta_1 r^2 \sin[\theta]^2}{X} + a^2 \beta_2 r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 + \\
&\quad \frac{2 a Y \beta_2 r^2 \sin[\theta]^2}{X} + 2 a Y \beta_3 r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 + \frac{Y^2 \beta_3 r^2 \sin[\theta]^2}{X} + Y^2 \beta_4 r^2 \sin[\theta]^2
\end{aligned}$$

**(EinsteinCdf[-a, -b] +  $\mu^2$  Vf[-a, -b] // printNonZeroComponents[B, Expand]) /.**

$$\mu^2 \rightarrow \text{HoldForm} @ \frac{m^2}{M_{\star}^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\gg G[\nabla f]_{00} + \mu^2 \left[ \left[ \begin{matrix} \mathbf{V} \\ \mathbf{f} \end{matrix} \right] \right]_{00} &\doteq \frac{3 X^2 \kappa}{Y^2} - \frac{a^3 X^2 \beta_1 \mu^2}{Y^3} - \frac{3 a^2 X^2 \beta_2 \mu^2}{Y^2} - \frac{3 a X^2 \beta_3 \mu^2}{Y} - X^2 \beta_4 \mu^2 + \frac{3 \dot{Y}^2}{Y^2} \\
\gg G[\nabla f]_{11} + \mu^2 \left[ \left[ \begin{matrix} \mathbf{V} \\ \mathbf{f} \end{matrix} \right] \right]_{11} &\doteq \frac{\kappa}{-1 + \kappa r^2} - \frac{a^2 \beta_1 \mu^2}{X (-1 + \kappa r^2)} - \frac{a^2 \beta_2 \mu^2}{-1 + \kappa r^2} - \frac{2 a Y \beta_2 \mu^2}{X (-1 + \kappa r^2)} - \\
&\quad \frac{2 a Y \beta_3 \mu^2}{-1 + \kappa r^2} - \frac{Y^2 \beta_3 \mu^2}{X (-1 + \kappa r^2)} - \frac{Y^2 \beta_4 \mu^2}{-1 + \kappa r^2} - \frac{2 Y \dot{X} \dot{Y}}{X^3 (-1 + \kappa r^2)} + \frac{\dot{Y}^2}{X^2 (-1 + \kappa r^2)} + \frac{2 Y \ddot{Y}}{X^2 (-1 + \kappa r^2)} \\
\gg G[\nabla f]_{22} + \mu^2 \left[ \left[ \begin{matrix} \mathbf{V} \\ \mathbf{f} \end{matrix} \right] \right]_{22} &\doteq -\kappa r^2 + \frac{a^2 \beta_1 \mu^2 r^2}{X} + a^2 \beta_2 \mu^2 r^2 + \\
&\quad \frac{2 a Y \beta_2 \mu^2 r^2}{X} + 2 a Y \beta_3 \mu^2 r^2 + \frac{Y^2 \beta_3 \mu^2 r^2}{X} + Y^2 \beta_4 \mu^2 r^2 + \frac{2 Y r^2 \dot{X} \dot{Y}}{X^3} - \frac{r^2 \dot{Y}^2}{X^2} - \frac{2 Y r^2 \ddot{Y}}{X^2} \\
\gg G[\nabla f]_{33} + \mu^2 \left[ \left[ \begin{matrix} \mathbf{V} \\ \mathbf{f} \end{matrix} \right] \right]_{33} &\doteq \\
&\quad -\kappa r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 + \frac{a^2 \beta_1 \mu^2 r^2 \sin[\theta]^2}{X} + a^2 \beta_2 \mu^2 r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 + \frac{2 a Y \beta_2 \mu^2 r^2 \sin[\theta]^2}{X} + 2 a Y \beta_3 \mu^2 r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 + \\
&\quad \frac{Y^2 \beta_3 \mu^2 r^2 \sin[\theta]^2}{X} + Y^2 \beta_4 \mu^2 r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 + \frac{2 Y r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 \dot{X} \dot{Y}}{X^3} - \frac{r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 \dot{Y}^2}{X^2} - \frac{2 Y r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 \ddot{Y}}{X^2}
\end{aligned}$$

Note from the text p. 20:

"For the equations of motion, we raise one index with  $f^{\mu\nu}$  and consider the 00- as well as the 11-component ."

$$\mathbf{f}^{\#}[\{0, \mathcal{B}\}, \{a, \mathcal{B}\}] \left( \mathbf{EinsteinCdf}[\{-a, -\mathcal{B}\}, \{0, -\mathcal{B}\}] + \text{HoldForm} @ \frac{m^2}{M_{\star}^2} \mathbf{Vf}[\{-a, -\mathcal{B}\}, \{0, -\mathcal{B}\}] \right) // \\
\text{printComponents}[\mathcal{B}, \text{Expand}]$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\gg f^{0a} \left( G[\nabla f]_{a0} + \frac{m^2}{M_{\star}^2} \left[ \left[ \begin{matrix} \mathbf{V} \\ \mathbf{f} \end{matrix} \right] \right]_{a0} \right) &\doteq -\frac{3 \kappa}{Y^2} + \frac{a^3 \beta_1 \frac{m^2}{M_{\star}^2}}{Y^3} + \frac{3 a^2 \beta_2 \frac{m^2}{M_{\star}^2}}{Y^2} + \frac{3 a \beta_3 \frac{m^2}{M_{\star}^2}}{Y} + \beta_4 \frac{m^2}{M_{\star}^2} - \frac{3 \dot{Y}^2}{X^2 Y^2} \\
f^{0a} \left( G[\nabla f]_{a0} + \frac{m^2}{M_{\star}^2} \left[ \left[ \begin{matrix} \mathbf{V} \\ \mathbf{f} \end{matrix} \right] \right]_{a0} \right) &\doteq -\frac{3 \kappa}{Y^2} + \frac{a^3 \beta_1 \frac{m^2}{M_{\star}^2}}{Y^3} + \frac{3 a^2 \beta_2 \frac{m^2}{M_{\star}^2}}{Y^2} + \frac{3 a \beta_3 \frac{m^2}{M_{\star}^2}}{Y} + \beta_4 \frac{m^2}{M_{\star}^2} - \frac{3 \dot{Y}^2}{X^2 Y^2}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\mathbf{f}^{\#}[\{1, \mathcal{B}\}, \{a, \mathcal{B}\}] \left( \mathbf{EinsteinCdf}[\{-a, -\mathcal{B}\}, \{1, -\mathcal{B}\}] + \text{HoldForm} @ \frac{m^2}{M_{\star}^2} \mathbf{Vf}[\{-a, -\mathcal{B}\}, \{1, -\mathcal{B}\}] \right) // \\
\text{printComponents}[\mathcal{B}, \text{Expand}]$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\gg f^{1a} \left( G[\nabla f]_{a1} + \frac{m^2}{M_{\star}^2} \left[ \left[ \begin{matrix} \mathbf{V} \\ \mathbf{f} \end{matrix} \right] \right]_{a1} \right) &\doteq \\
&\quad -\frac{\kappa}{Y^2} + \frac{a^2 \beta_1 \frac{m^2}{M_{\star}^2}}{X Y^2} + \frac{a^2 \beta_2 \frac{m^2}{M_{\star}^2}}{Y^2} + \frac{2 a \beta_2 \frac{m^2}{M_{\star}^2}}{X Y} + \frac{\beta_3 \frac{m^2}{M_{\star}^2}}{X} + \frac{2 a \beta_3 \frac{m^2}{M_{\star}^2}}{Y} + \beta_4 \frac{m^2}{M_{\star}^2} + \frac{2 \dot{X} \dot{Y}}{X^3 Y} - \frac{\dot{Y}^2}{X^2 Y^2} - \frac{2 \ddot{Y}}{X^2 Y} \\
f^{1a} \left( G[\nabla f]_{a1} + \frac{m^2}{M_{\star}^2} \left[ \left[ \begin{matrix} \mathbf{V} \\ \mathbf{f} \end{matrix} \right] \right]_{a1} \right) &\doteq \\
&\quad -\frac{\kappa}{Y^2} + \frac{a^2 \beta_1 \frac{m^2}{M_{\star}^2}}{X Y^2} + \frac{a^2 \beta_2 \frac{m^2}{M_{\star}^2}}{Y^2} + \frac{2 a \beta_2 \frac{m^2}{M_{\star}^2}}{X Y} + \frac{\beta_3 \frac{m^2}{M_{\star}^2}}{X} + \frac{2 a \beta_3 \frac{m^2}{M_{\star}^2}}{Y} + \beta_4 \frac{m^2}{M_{\star}^2} + \frac{2 \dot{X} \dot{Y}}{X^3 Y} - \frac{\dot{Y}^2}{X^2 Y^2} - \frac{2 \ddot{Y}}{X^2 Y}
\end{aligned}$$

Compare to (A.9), (A.10):

$$-3 \frac{\dot{Y}^2}{X^2 Y^2} - 3 \frac{k}{Y^2} + \frac{m^2}{M_*^2} \left[ \frac{a^3}{Y^3} \beta_1 + 3 \frac{a^2}{Y^2} \beta_2 + 3 \frac{a}{Y} \beta_3 + \beta_4 \right] = 0, \quad (\text{A.9})$$

$$0 = -\frac{1}{X^2} \left( 2 \frac{\ddot{Y}}{Y} - 2 \frac{\dot{Y} \dot{X}}{Y X} + \frac{\dot{Y}^2}{Y^2} \right) - \frac{k}{Y^2} + \frac{m^2}{M_*^2} \left[ \frac{a^2}{X Y^2} \beta_1 + \left( \frac{a^2}{Y^2} + \frac{2a}{X Y} \right) \beta_2 + \left( 2 \frac{a}{Y} + \frac{1}{X} \right) \beta_3 + \beta_4 \right]. \quad (\text{A.10})$$

### Notes on X

Imposing that f EoM (A.9) and (A.10) are not independent (related by the operator  $1 + \frac{Y}{3X} \partial_t$ ) is equivalent to imposing the Bianchi constraint ( $X = Y' / a'$ )

```
eq$ff$00 =
  f#[{0, B}, {a, B}] (EinsteinCDF[{-a, -B}, {0, -B}] + μ^2 Vf[{-a, -B}, {0, -B}]) // ToBasis[
    B] // ToBasis[B] // TraceBasisDummy // ComponentArray // ToValues // FullSimplify
  1
  X[t]^2 Y[t]^3
  (X[t]^2 (-3 κ Y[t] + μ^2 (β1 a[t]^3 + 3 β2 a[t]^2 Y[t] + 3 β3 a[t] Y[t]^2 + β4 Y[t]^3)) - 3 Y[t] Y'[t]^2)

eq$ff$11 = (1 / (-1 + κ r^2))^(1 - 1) f#[{1, B}, {a, B}]
  (EinsteinCDF[{-a, -B}, {1, -B}] + μ^2 Vf[{-a, -B}, {1, -B}]) // ToBasis[B] //
  ToBasis[B] // TraceBasisDummy // ComponentArray // ToValues // FullSimplify
  1
  X[t]^3 Y[t]^2
  (-μ^2 a[t]^2 X[t]^2 (β1 + β2 X[t]) - 2 μ^2 a[t] X[t]^2 (β2 + β3 X[t]) Y[t] -
    β3 μ^2 X[t]^2 Y[t]^2 + X[t]^3 (κ - β4 μ^2 Y[t]^2) - 2 Y[t] X'[t] Y'[t] + X[t] (Y'[t]^2 + 2 Y[t] Y''[t]))
```

Now, use X from the Bianchi  $X[t] a'[t] - Y'[t] = 0$

```
Block[{X},
  X[t_] := D[Y[t], t] / D[a[t], t];
  eq$a11 = eq$ff$00 /. X[t_] -> D[Y[t], t] / D[a[t], t] // FullSimplify // Expand //
    Collect[#, μ^2] &;
  eq$a12 = eq$ff$11 /. X[t_] -> D[Y[t], t] / D[a[t], t] // FullSimplify // Expand //
    Collect[#, μ^2] &;
]
```

Compare (A.11) and (A.12) to what we obtained

$$0 = -3 \frac{\dot{a}^2}{Y^2} - 3 \frac{k}{Y^2} + \frac{m^2}{M_*^2} \left[ \frac{a^3}{Y^3} \beta_1 + 3 \frac{a^2}{Y^2} \beta_2 + 3 \frac{a}{Y} \beta_3 + \beta_4 \right], \quad (\text{A.11})$$

$$0 = -2 \frac{\dot{a} \ddot{a}}{Y \dot{Y}} - \frac{\dot{a}^2}{Y^2} - \frac{k}{Y^2} + \frac{m^2}{M_*^2} \left[ \frac{a^2 \dot{a}}{Y \dot{Y}^2} \beta_1 + \left( \frac{a^2}{Y^2} + \frac{2a \dot{a}}{Y \dot{Y}} \right) \beta_2 + \left( 2 \frac{a}{Y} + \frac{\dot{a}}{\dot{Y}} \right) \beta_3 + \beta_4 \right]. \quad (\text{A.12})$$

eq\$a11

eq\$a12

$$\mu^2 \left( \beta_4 + \frac{\beta_1 a[t]^3}{Y[t]^3} + \frac{3 \beta_2 a[t]^2}{Y[t]^2} + \frac{3 \beta_3 a[t]}{Y[t]} \right) - \frac{3 \kappa}{Y[t]^2} - \frac{3 a'[t]^2}{Y[t]^2} + \frac{\kappa}{Y[t]^2} + \frac{a'[t]^2}{Y[t]^2} + \mu^2 \left( -\beta_4 - \frac{\beta_2 a[t]^2}{Y[t]^2} - \frac{2 \beta_3 a[t]}{Y[t]} - \frac{\beta_3 a'[t]}{Y'[t]} - \frac{\beta_1 a[t]^2 a'[t]}{Y[t]^2 Y'[t]} - \frac{2 \beta_2 a[t] a'[t]}{Y[t] Y'[t]} \right) + \frac{2 a'[t] a''[t]}{Y[t] Y'[t]}$$

Verify that these are the same applying  $(3 + (Y/\dot{Y})\partial_t)/3$  on EoM 00,

```
eq$a11$a1t =
  (eq$a11 +  $\frac{Y[t[]]}{3 D[Y[t[]], t[]]} D[eq$a11, t[]]$ ) // FullSimplify // Expand // Collect[#,  $\mu^2$ ] &
  -  $\frac{\kappa}{Y[t]^2} - \frac{a'[t]^2}{Y[t]^2} +$ 
   $\mu^2 \left( \beta_4 + \frac{\beta_2 a[t]^2}{Y[t]^2} + \frac{2 \beta_3 a[t]}{Y[t]} + \frac{\beta_3 a'[t]}{Y'[t]} + \frac{\beta_1 a[t]^2 a'[t]}{Y[t]^2 Y'[t]} + \frac{2 \beta_2 a[t] a'[t]}{Y[t] Y'[t]} \right) - \frac{2 a'[t] a''[t]}{Y[t] Y'[t]}$ 

eq$a11$a1t + eq$a12 // FullSimplify
0
```

What happens without the Bianchi?

```
(eq$f$00 +  $\frac{Y[t[]]}{3 D[Y[t[]], t[]]} D[eq$f$00, t[]]$ ) + eq$f$11 // FullSimplify
( $\mu^2 (\beta_1 a[t]^2 + 2 \beta_2 a[t] Y[t] + \beta_3 Y[t]^2) (X[t] a'[t] - Y'[t])$ ) / ( $X[t] Y[t]^2 Y'[t]$ )
```

The two equations are not the same. They imply  $X[t] a'[t] - Y'[t] = 0$  (the same condition that comes from the Bianchi).

In conclusion, imposing that  $(3 + (Y/\dot{Y})\partial_t)/3$  on EoM (A.9) to get (A.10) has the same effect as using the Bianchi.

## Bianchi constraint for $g$

```
CD[-a] [m^2 g[a, c] Vg[-c, -b]] // HoldForm;
% // ReleaseHold // ToBasis[B] // ToBasis[B] // TraceBasisDummy // ComponentArray //
  ToValues // printNice // FullSimplify // Part[#, 1] &;
{%%, " = ", %, " = ", 0} // Row

 $\nabla g_a [m^2 g^{ac} \left[ \left[ \frac{V}{(g)} \right]_{cb} \right] = \frac{3 m^2 (a^2 \beta_1 + 2 a Y \beta_2 + Y^2 \beta_3) (-X \dot{a} + \dot{Y})}{a^3} = 0$ 
```

Compare to (2.12):

$$\frac{3m^2}{a} \left[ \beta_1 + 2 \frac{Y}{a} \beta_2 + \frac{Y^2}{a^2} \beta_3 \right] (\dot{Y} - \dot{a} X) = 0. \quad (2.12)$$

## Bianchi constraint for $f$

```
CDf[-a] [ $\frac{m^2}{M_\star} f[a, c] Vf[-c, -b]$ ] // HoldForm;
% // ReleaseHold // ToBasis[B] // ToBasis[B] // TraceBasisDummy // ComponentArray //
  ToValues // printNice // FullSimplify // Part[#, 1] &;
{%%, " = ", %, " = ", 0} // Row

 $\nabla f_a \left[ \frac{m^2 f^{ac} \left[ \left[ \frac{V}{(f)} \right]_{cb} \right]}{M_\star} \right] = \frac{3 m^2 (a^2 \beta_1 + 2 a Y \beta_2 + Y^2 \beta_3) (X \dot{a} - \dot{Y})}{M_\star X Y^3} = 0$ 

withBianchi[e_] := Block[{X}, X[t_] := D[Y[t], t] / D[a[t], t]; e]

RicciScalarCDf[] // ToBasis[B] // ToValues // withBianchi // Simplify // Expand // printNice
 $\frac{6 \kappa}{Y^2} + \frac{6 \dot{a}^2}{Y^2} + \frac{6 \dot{a} \ddot{a}}{Y \dot{Y}}$ 
```

The Bianchi constraint (2.12), when calculated for  $f$ , has  $X Y$  in the denominator.

Hence, we get (2.13) (i.e.  $X = \frac{dY}{da}$ ) as a solution provided that  $X \neq 0$  and  $Y \neq 0$ .



## 3+1 Decomposition of $g$ and $f$

Define manifold  $\Sigma_t$  and chart  $\Sigma_B$  on  $\Sigma_t$  with the coordinate fields  $\{r, \theta, \phi\}$

```
DefManifold[ $\Sigma_t$ , 3, {i, j, k, l}]
** DefManifold: Defining manifold  $\Sigma_t$ .
** DefVBundle: Defining vbundle Tangent $\Sigma_t$ .

DefChart[ $\Sigma_B$ ,  $\Sigma_t$ , Range[1, 3], {Scalars $\mathcal{B}$ }[[2;;]], ChartColor  $\rightarrow$  RGBColor[0, 0.7, 0]]
** DefChart: Defining chart  $\Sigma_B$ .
** DefMapping: Defining mapping  $\Sigma_B$ .
** DefMapping: Defining inverse mapping i $\Sigma_B$ .
** DefTensor: Defining mapping differential tensor di $\Sigma_B[-\phi, i\Sigma_B]$ .
** DefTensor: Defining mapping differential tensor d $\Sigma_B[-i, \Sigma_B\phi]$ .
** DefBasis: Defining basis  $\Sigma_B$ . Coordinated basis.
** DefCovD: Defining parallel derivative PD $\Sigma_B[-i]$ .
** DefTensor: Defining vanishing torsion tensor TorsionPD $\Sigma_B[i, -j, -k]$ .
** DefTensor: Defining symmetric Christoffel tensor ChristoffelPD $\Sigma_B[i, -j, -k]$ .
** DefTensor: Defining vanishing Riemann tensor RiemannPD $\Sigma_B[-i, -j, -k, l]$ .
** DefTensor: Defining vanishing Ricci tensor RicciPD $\Sigma_B[-i, -j]$ .
** DefTensor: Defining antisymmetric +1 density etaUp $\Sigma_B[i, j, k]$ .
** DefTensor: Defining antisymmetric -1 density etaDown $\Sigma_B[-i, -j, -k]$ .
```

Define the  $\gamma$  as the induced metric of  $g$  on  $\Sigma_t$  (i.e., the spatial part of  $g$ )

```
DefMetric[1,  $\gamma$ [[ $[-i, -j]$ ]], cd $\gamma$ , SymbolOfCovD  $\rightarrow$  {"|", " $\frac{D}{(g)}$ "}, PrintAs  $\rightarrow$  " $\gamma$ "];
** DefTensor: Defining symmetric metric tensor  $\gamma$ [[ $[-i, -j]$ ]].
** DefTensor: Defining antisymmetric tensor epsilon $\gamma$ [[ $[-i, -j, -k]$ ]].
** DefCovD: Defining covariant derivative cd $\gamma[-i]$ .
** DefTensor: Defining vanishing torsion tensor Torsioncd $\gamma[i, -j, -k]$ .
** DefTensor: Defining symmetric Christoffel tensor Christoffelcd $\gamma[i, -j, -k]$ .
** DefTensor: Defining Riemann tensor Riemanncd $\gamma[-i, -j, -k, -l]$ .
** DefTensor: Defining symmetric Ricci tensor Riccicd $\gamma[-i, -j]$ .
** DefCovD: Contractions of Riemann automatically replaced by Ricci.
** DefTensor: Defining Ricci scalar RicciScalarcd $\gamma[]$ .
** DefCovD: Contractions of Ricci automatically replaced by RicciScalar.
** DefTensor: Defining symmetric Einstein tensor Einsteincd $\gamma[-i, -j]$ .
** DefTensor: Defining vanishing Weyl tensor Weylcd $\gamma[-i, -j, -k, -l]$ .
** DefTensor: Defining symmetric TFRicci tensor TFRiccicd $\gamma[-i, -j]$ .
** DefTensor: Defining Kretschmann scalar Kretschmanncd $\gamma[]$ .
** DefCovD: Computing RiemannToWeylRules for dim 3
** DefCovD: Computing RicciToTFRicci for dim 3
** DefCovD: Computing RicciToEinsteinRules for dim 3
** DefTensor: Defining weight +2 density Det $\gamma$ [[ $]$ ]]. Determinant.
```

```
MetricInBasis[γμ, -ΣB, gμν[[2;;,2;;]]];
```

```
γμ[-i, -j] // printMatrixComponents[ΣB]
```

```
** DefTensor: Defining weight +2 density DetγμΣB[]. Determinant.
```

$$\gamma_{ij} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{a^2}{1-\kappa r^2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & a^2 r^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & a^2 r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\gamma_{ij} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{a^2}{1-\kappa r^2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & a^2 r^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & a^2 r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

```
MetricCompute[γμ, ΣB, All, Cvsimplify → Simplify]
```

```
** DefTensor: Defining tensor ChristoffelcdγPDΣB[i, -j, -k].
```

## The Ricci scalar for γ

```
RicciScalarcdγ[] // printComponents[ΣB, Expand]
```

$$R\left[\begin{smallmatrix} D \\ (g) \end{smallmatrix}\right] \doteq \frac{6\kappa}{a^2}$$

$$R\left[\begin{smallmatrix} D \\ (g) \end{smallmatrix}\right] \doteq \frac{6\kappa}{a^2}$$

## The Ricci tensor for γ

```
Riccicdγ[-i, -j] // printMatrixComponents[ΣB]
```

$$R\left[\begin{smallmatrix} D \\ (g) \end{smallmatrix}\right]_{ij} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{2\kappa}{1-\kappa r^2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2\kappa r^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2\kappa r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$R\left[\begin{smallmatrix} D \\ (g) \end{smallmatrix}\right]_{ij} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{2\kappa}{1-\kappa r^2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2\kappa r^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2\kappa r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

The extrinsic curvature  $K^{(g)}_{ij} = -\frac{1}{2N} (\partial_t - \mathcal{L}_\beta) \gamma_{ij}$  for γ where  $N = 1$ ,  $\beta = 0$ .

Here we have simply  $K_{ij} = -\frac{1}{2} \partial_t \gamma_{ij}$  since the shift vector is 0.

```
Quiet@UndefTensor[Kγμ]
```

```
DefTensor[Kγμ[-i, -j], Σt, Symmetric[{-i, -j}]]
```

```
** DefTensor: Defining tensor Kγμ[-i, -j].
```

```
γμ[-i, -j] // ToBasis[ΣB] // ToBasis[ΣB] // TraceBasisDummy // ComponentArray // ToValues;
```

$$K\gamma_{\mu} = -\frac{1}{2} D[\%, t[]] // Simplify;$$

```
AllComponentValues[Kγμ[-{i, ΣB}, -{j, ΣB}], Kγμ];
```

```
Kγμ[-i, -j] // printMatrixComponents[ΣB]
```

$$K\gamma_{ij}^{\mu} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{a \dot{a}}{-1+\kappa r^2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -a r^2 \dot{a} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -a r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 \dot{a} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$K\gamma_{ij}^{\mu} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{a \dot{a}}{-1+\kappa r^2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -a r^2 \dot{a} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -a r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 \dot{a} \end{pmatrix}$$

## Define the $\varphi$ as the induced metric of $f$ on $\Sigma_t$ (i.e., the spatial part of $f$ )

```
DefMetric[1,  $\varphi_{\#}[-i, -j]$ , cd $\varphi$ , SymbolOfCovD -> {"|", "D", " "}, PrintAs -> " $\varphi$ "];
```

DefMetric::old: There are already metrics  $\{\varphi_{\#}\}$  in vbundle  $\mathbb{T}\Sigma_t$ .

```
** DefTensor: Defining symmetric metric tensor  $\varphi_{\#}[-i, -j]$ .
** DefTensor: Defining inverse metric tensor  $\text{Inv}\varphi_{\#}[i, j]$ . Metric is frozen!
** DefTensor: Defining antisymmetric tensor  $\text{epsilon}\varphi_{\#}[-i, -j, -k]$ .
** DefCovD: Defining covariant derivative  $\text{cd}\varphi[-i]$ .
** DefTensor: Defining vanishing torsion tensor  $\text{Torsion}\text{cd}\varphi[i, -j, -k]$ .
** DefTensor: Defining symmetric Christoffel tensor  $\text{Christoffel}\text{cd}\varphi[i, -j, -k]$ .
** DefTensor: Defining Riemann tensor  $\text{Riemann}\text{Down}\text{cd}\varphi[-i, -j, -k, -l]$ .
** DefTensor: Defining Riemann tensor
   $\text{Riemann}\text{cd}\varphi[-i, -j, -k, l]$ . Antisymmetric only in the first pair.
** DefTensor: Defining symmetric Ricci tensor  $\text{Ricci}\text{cd}\varphi[-i, -j]$ .
** DefCovD: Contractions of Riemann automatically replaced by Ricci.
** DefTensor: Defining Ricci scalar  $\text{Ricci}\text{Scalar}\text{cd}\varphi[]$ .
** DefCovD: Contractions of Ricci automatically replaced by RicciScalar.
** DefTensor: Defining symmetric Einstein tensor  $\text{Einstein}\text{cd}\varphi[-i, -j]$ .
** DefTensor: Defining vanishing Weyl tensor  $\text{Weyl}\text{cd}\varphi[-i, -j, -k, -l]$ .
** DefTensor: Defining symmetric TFRicci tensor  $\text{TFRicci}\text{cd}\varphi[-i, -j]$ .
** DefTensor: Defining Kretschmann scalar  $\text{Kretschmann}\text{cd}\varphi[]$ .
** DefCovD: Computing RiemannToWeylRules for dim 3
** DefCovD: Computing RicciToEinsteinRules for dim 3
** DefTensor: Defining weight +2 density  $\text{Det}\varphi_{\#}[]$ . Determinant.
```

```
MetricInBasis[ $\varphi_{\#}$ , - $\Sigma B$ , f $\blacksquare_{[2;;,2;;]}$ ];
```

```
 $\varphi_{\#}[-i, -j]$  // printMatrixComponents[ $\Sigma B$ ]
```

```
** DefTensor: Defining weight +2 density  $\text{Det}\varphi_{\#}\Sigma B[]$ . Determinant.
```

$$\gg \varphi_{ij} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{Y^2}{1-\kappa r^2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & Y^2 r^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & Y^2 r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\varphi_{ij} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{Y^2}{1-\kappa r^2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & Y^2 r^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & Y^2 r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

```
MetricCompute[ $\varphi_{\#}$ ,  $\Sigma B$ , All, CVSimplify -> Simplify]
```

```
** DefTensor: Defining tensor  $\text{Christoffel}\text{cd}\varphi\text{PD}\Sigma B[i, -j, -k]$ .
```

## The Ricci scalar for $\varphi$

```
RicciScalarcd $\varphi[]$  // printComponents[ $\Sigma B$ , Expand]
```

$$\gg R\left[\frac{D}{(\mathbb{E})}\right] \doteq \frac{6\kappa}{Y^2}$$

$$R\left[\frac{D}{(\mathbb{F})}\right] \doteq \frac{6\kappa}{Y^2}$$

## The Ricci tensor for $\varphi$

```
RicciD $\varphi$ [-i, -j] // printMatrixComponents[ $\Sigma B$ ]
```

$$\gg \quad R \left[ \begin{smallmatrix} D \\ (f) \end{smallmatrix} \right]_{ij} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{2\kappa}{1-\kappa r^2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2\kappa r^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2\kappa r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$R \left[ \begin{smallmatrix} D \\ (f) \end{smallmatrix} \right]_{ij} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{2\kappa}{1-\kappa r^2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2\kappa r^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2\kappa r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

The extrinsic curvature  $K^{(f)}_{ij} = -\frac{1}{2N} (\partial_t - \mathcal{L}_\beta) \varphi_{ij}$  for  $\varphi$  where  $N = X$ ,  $\beta = 0$ .

Here we have simply  $K_{ij} = -\frac{1}{2X} \partial_t \varphi_{ij}$  since the shift vector is 0.

```
Quiet@UndefTensor[K $\varphi$ ]
```

```
DefTensor[K $\varphi$ [-i, -j],  $\Sigma t$ , Symmetric[{-i, -j}]]
```

```
** DefTensor: Defining tensor K $\varphi$ [-i, -j].
```

```
 $\varphi$ [-i, -j] // ToBasis[ $\Sigma B$ ] // ToBasis[ $\Sigma B$ ] // TraceBasisDummy // ComponentArray // ToValues;
```

$$K\varphi = -\frac{1}{2X} D[\%, t] // Simplify;$$

```
AllComponentValues[K $\varphi$ [-{i,  $\Sigma B$ }, -{j,  $\Sigma B$ }], K $\varphi$ ];
```

```
K $\varphi$ [-i, -j] // printMatrixComponents[ $\Sigma B$ ]
```

$$\gg \quad K\varphi_{ij} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{Y \dot{Y}}{X (-1+\kappa r^2)} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{Y r^2 \dot{Y}}{X} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{Y r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 \dot{Y}}{X} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$K\varphi_{ij} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{Y \dot{Y}}{X (-1+\kappa r^2)} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{Y r^2 \dot{Y}}{X} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{Y r^2 \sin[\theta]^2 \dot{Y}}{X} \end{pmatrix}$$

## Hamiltonian Constraints

### The Hamiltonian constraint for g

Hamiltonian constraint:  $(R + K^2 - K_{ij} K^{ij} + 2\kappa V_\rho)_{(g)} = 0 = \frac{2}{M_g^2} \rho_g^{\text{matter}}$ .

```
RicciScalarcd $\gamma$ [] +  $\gamma$ [[i, k] K $\gamma$ [-i, -k]  $\gamma$ [[j, l] K $\gamma$ [-j, -l] -
```

```
 $\gamma$ [[i, k]  $\gamma$ [[j, l] K $\gamma$ [-i, -j] K $\gamma$ [-k, -l]
```

```
% // ToBasis[ $\Sigma B$ ] // ToBasis[ $\Sigma B$ ] // TraceBasisDummy // ComponentArray // ToValues;
```

```
% /. BasisValues[- $\Sigma B$ ,  $\mathcal{B}$ ];
```

```
%/2 // Simplify // Expand // printNice
```

$$R \left[ \begin{smallmatrix} D \\ (g) \end{smallmatrix} \right] + K\gamma_{ik} K\gamma_{jl} \gamma^{ik} \gamma^{jl} - K\gamma_{ij} K\gamma_{kl} \gamma^{ik} \gamma^{jl}$$

$$\frac{3\kappa}{a^2} + \frac{3\dot{a}^2}{a^2}$$

```
 $g$ [[{0,  $\mathcal{B}$ }, a]  $g$ [[{0,  $\mathcal{B}$ }, b] m2 Vg[-a, -b] // ToBasis[ $\mathcal{B}$ ] // TraceBasisDummy // ToValues //
```

```
Simplify // Expand // printNice
```

$$-m^2 \beta_0 - \frac{3m^2 Y \beta_1}{a} - \frac{3m^2 Y^2 \beta_2}{a^2} - \frac{m^2 Y^3 \beta_3}{a^3}$$

-% - %%

$$m^2 \beta_0 + \frac{3 m^2 Y \beta_1}{a} + \frac{3 m^2 Y^2 \beta_2}{a^2} + \frac{m^2 Y^3 \beta_3}{a^3} - \frac{3 \kappa}{a^2} - \frac{3 \dot{a}^2}{a^2}$$

**g**[[{0, B}, {a, B}]] (EinsteinCD[{-a, -B}, {0, -B}] + m^2 Vg[{-a, -B}, {0, -B}])

**eq214** = % // ToBasis[B] // TraceBasisDummy // ToValues // Simplify // Expand;

% // printNice

$$g^{0a} \left( G[\nabla g]_{a0} + m^2 \left[ \left[ \begin{smallmatrix} V \\ g \end{smallmatrix} \right] \right]_{a0} \right)$$

$$m^2 \beta_0 + \frac{3 m^2 Y \beta_1}{a} + \frac{3 m^2 Y^2 \beta_2}{a^2} + \frac{m^2 Y^3 \beta_3}{a^3} - \frac{3 \kappa}{a^2} - \frac{3 \dot{a}^2}{a^2}$$

$$-3 \left( \frac{\dot{a}}{a} \right)^2 - 3 \frac{k}{a^2} + m^2 \left[ \beta_0 + 3\beta_1 \frac{Y}{a} + 3\beta_2 \frac{Y^2}{a^2} + \beta_3 \frac{Y^3}{a^3} \right] = \frac{1}{M_g^2} T_0^0, \quad (2.14)$$

## The Hamiltonian constraint for f

Hamiltonian constraint:  $(R + K^2 - K_{ij} K^{ij} + 2 \kappa V_\rho)_{(f)} = 0$ .

**RicciScalarcd**φ[[ + φ[[[i, k] Kφ[[[-i, -k] φ[[[j, l] Kφ[[[-j, -l] -

φ[[[i, k] φ[[[j, l] Kφ[[[-i, -j] Kφ[[[-k, -l]

% // ToBasis[ΣB] // ToBasis[ΣB] // TraceBasisDummy // ComponentArray // ToValues;

% /. BasisValues[-ΣB, B];

% / 2 // Simplify // Expand // printNice

$$R \left[ \begin{smallmatrix} D \\ f \end{smallmatrix} \right] + K \varphi_{ik} K \varphi_{jl} \varphi^{ik} \varphi^{jl} - K \varphi_{ij} K \varphi_{kl} \varphi^{ik} \varphi^{jl}$$

$$\frac{3 \kappa}{Y^2} + \frac{3 \dot{Y}^2}{X^2 Y^2}$$

**x**^2 f[[{0, B}, a] f[[{0, B}, b]  $\frac{m^2}{M_\star^2}$  Vf[-a, -b] // ToBasis[B] // TraceBasisDummy // ToValues //

**Simplify // Expand // printNice**

$$-\frac{a^3 m^2 \beta_1}{M_\star^2 Y^3} - \frac{3 a^2 m^2 \beta_2}{M_\star^2 Y^2} - \frac{3 a m^2 \beta_3}{M_\star^2 Y} - \frac{m^2 \beta_4}{M_\star^2}$$

-% - %%

$$\frac{a^3 m^2 \beta_1}{M_\star^2 Y^3} + \frac{3 a^2 m^2 \beta_2}{M_\star^2 Y^2} + \frac{3 a m^2 \beta_3}{M_\star^2 Y} + \frac{m^2 \beta_4}{M_\star^2} - \frac{3 \kappa}{Y^2} - \frac{3 \dot{Y}^2}{X^2 Y^2}$$

**f**[[{0, B}, {a, B}]] (EinsteinCDF[{-a, -B}, {0, -B}] + HoldForm@  $\frac{m^2}{M_\star^2}$  Vf[{-a, -B}, {0, -B}])

**eq216** = % // ReleaseHold // ToBasis[B] // TraceBasisDummy // ToValues // Simplify // Expand

% // withBianchi // printNice

$$f^{0a} \left( G[\nabla f]_{a0} + \frac{m^2}{M_\star^2} \left[ \left[ \begin{smallmatrix} V \\ f \end{smallmatrix} \right] \right]_{a0} \right)$$

$$\frac{m^2 \beta_4}{M_\star^2} + \frac{m^2 \beta_1 a[t]^3}{M_\star^2 Y[t]^3} - \frac{3 \kappa}{Y[t]^2} + \frac{3 m^2 \beta_2 a[t]^2}{M_\star^2 Y[t]^2} + \frac{3 m^2 \beta_3 a[t]}{M_\star^2 Y[t]} - \frac{3 Y'[t]^2}{X[t]^2 Y[t]^2}$$

$$\frac{a^3 m^2 \beta_1}{M_\star^2 Y^3} + \frac{3 a^2 m^2 \beta_2}{M_\star^2 Y^2} + \frac{3 a m^2 \beta_3}{M_\star^2 Y} + \frac{m^2 \beta_4}{M_\star^2} - \frac{3 \kappa}{Y^2} - \frac{3 \dot{a}^2}{Y^2}$$

$$-3 \left( \frac{\dot{a}}{Y} \right)^2 - 3 \frac{k}{Y^2} + \frac{m^2}{M_\star^2} \left( \beta_4 + 3\beta_3 \frac{a}{Y} + 3\beta_2 \frac{a^2}{Y^2} + \beta_1 \frac{a^3}{Y^3} \right) = 0, \quad (2.16)$$

## Relation between f/g extrinsic curvatures

$$\kappa \varphi \equiv \frac{\underline{\Upsilon}}{\underline{a}} \kappa \gamma \quad // \text{ with Bianchi}$$

True

## Quartic Equation

Introduce:  $\Upsilon = \underline{\Upsilon} / \underline{a}$

$$\Upsilon \equiv \frac{Y}{a}, \quad \rho_{\star} \equiv \rho / 3M_g^2 m^2. \quad (3.1)$$

```
eq32 = Block[{Y},
  1
  3 m^2 eq214 + rhoStar /. {D[t[_] a -> H a, Y[t_] := Y[t] a[t]}
] // Expand;
% // printNice
```

$$\frac{\beta_0}{3} - \frac{\kappa}{a^2 m^2} + \rho_{\star} + \beta_1 \Upsilon + \beta_2 \Upsilon^2 + \frac{\beta_3 \Upsilon^3}{3} - \frac{H[t]^2}{m^2}$$

$$\frac{\beta_3}{3} \Upsilon^3 + \beta_2 \Upsilon^2 + \beta_1 \Upsilon + \frac{\beta_0}{3} + \rho_{\star} - \frac{H^2}{m^2} - \frac{k}{m^2 a^2} = 0 \quad (3.2)$$

We assumed  $\underline{a} \neq 0$ , hence  $\Upsilon = \underline{\Upsilon} / \underline{a} \neq 0$  so we can multiply Eq. (2.16) by  $\Upsilon^2$ .

```
eq33 = Block[{Y},
  Y^2
  3 m^2 a^2 eq216 /. {D[t[_] Y -> X H a, Y[t_] := Y[t] a[t]}
] // Expand;
% // printNice
```

$$\frac{\beta_2}{M_{\star}^2} - \frac{\kappa}{a^2 m^2} + \frac{\beta_1}{3 M_{\star}^2 \Upsilon} + \frac{\beta_3 \Upsilon}{M_{\star}^2} + \frac{\beta_4 \Upsilon^2}{3 M_{\star}^2} - \frac{H[t]^2}{m^2}$$

$$\frac{\beta_4}{3M_{\star}^2} \Upsilon^2 + \frac{\beta_3}{M_{\star}^2} \Upsilon + \frac{\beta_1}{3M_{\star}^2} \frac{1}{\Upsilon} + \frac{\beta_2}{M_{\star}^2} - \frac{H^2}{m^2} - \frac{k}{m^2 a^2} = 0. \quad (3.3)$$

Eqs. (3.2) and (3.3) combined gives the quartic equation (3.4):

```
eq34 = Y (eq32 - eq33);
Replace[Apart[%, Y], Plus -> List, {1}, Heads -> True] // FullSimplify // Total;
% // printNice
```

$$-\frac{\beta_1}{3 M_{\star}^2} + \frac{1}{3} \left( \beta_0 - \frac{3 \beta_2}{M_{\star}^2} + 3 \rho_{\star} \right) \Upsilon + \left( \beta_1 - \frac{\beta_3}{M_{\star}^2} \right) \Upsilon^2 + \frac{1}{3} \left( 3 \beta_2 - \frac{\beta_4}{M_{\star}^2} \right) \Upsilon^3 + \frac{\beta_3 \Upsilon^4}{3}$$

$$\frac{\beta_3}{3} \Upsilon^4 + \left( \beta_2 - \frac{\beta_4}{3M_{\star}^2} \right) \Upsilon^3 + \left( \beta_1 - \frac{\beta_3}{M_{\star}^2} \right) \Upsilon^2 + \left( \rho_{\star} + \frac{\beta_0}{3} - \frac{\beta_2}{M_{\star}^2} \right) \Upsilon - \frac{\beta_1}{3M_{\star}^2} = 0. \quad (3.4)$$

From the paper: “This determines  $\Upsilon$  as a function of  $\rho_{\star}$ . The analytic solutions are straightforward to derive but lengthy to display. For generic values of parameters there is the further complexity that in some cases one has to match different branches of solutions in order to keep  $\Upsilon$  real for all  $\rho$ , although a real solution always exists. In order to keep the discussion transparent we simply state some generic properties here and then consider a few special cases in more detail.”

## Notes regarding singularities

We have two possible genuine singularities (where Ricci/Kretschmann scalars degenerate):

- $g$ : at  $a = 0$ ,
- $f$ : at  $X = 0$ , or at  $Y = 0$  (where  $Y = 0$  is equivalent to  $\Upsilon = Y / a = 0$ ).

These singularities correspond to a diverging expansion scalar (see the section below on the Raychaudhuri equation), that is, they are a Big Bang / GnaB Gib for the respective metric.

The evolution of the coupled PDE for  $g$  and  $f$  **stop** at the singularity.

The eventual matching of two branches across  $\Upsilon = 0$  would be a splicing of two different  $f$  spacetimes (two “ $f$  universes” at the crossover big bang / gnaB gib). If the lapse  $X$  changes the sign, then the branch of the square root dictates the change of sign of  $Y$  too.

When matching:  $a^2$ ,  $X^2$  and  $Y^2$  are part of the metric so they must be continuously differentiable.

## Raychaudhuri equation

The Raychaudhuri equation:

$$\dot{\Theta} + \frac{1}{3} \Theta + \frac{\kappa}{2} [\rho + 3 p] = 0$$

$$\frac{\ddot{a}}{a} + \frac{\kappa}{2} \frac{1}{3} (\rho + 3 p) = H^2 + \dot{H} + \frac{\kappa}{2} \frac{1}{3} (\rho + 3 p) = 0$$

obtained from  $R_{00}$  in the locally comoving frame  $u^a u_a = -1$ :

```
DefTensor[u[-a], M]
```

```
** DefTensor: Defining tensor u[-a].
```

### The expansion scalar $\Theta$ for $g$

```
AllComponentValues[u[{-a, -B}], {-1, 0, 0, 0}];
```

```
u[-a] // printNonZeroComponents[B]
```

```
» u_0 ≐ -1
```

```
gab[a, b] u[-a] u[-b] // printComponents[B]
```

```
» ga b u_a u_b ≐ -1
```

```
ga b u_a u_b ≐ -1
```

```
gab[a, b] CD[-a]@u[-b] // printComponents[B]
```

```
» ga b (∇g_a u_b) ≐  $\frac{3 \dot{a}}{a}$ 
```

```
ga b (∇g_a u_b) ≐  $\frac{3 \dot{a}}{a}$ 
```

### The expansion scalar $\Theta$ for $f$

```
AllComponentValues[u[{-a, -B}], {-X, 0, 0, 0}];
```

```
u[-a] // printNonZeroComponents[B]
```

```
» u_0 ≐ -X
```

```
fab[a, b] u[-a] u[-b] // printComponents[B]
```

```
» fa b u_a u_b ≐ -1
```

```
fa b u_a u_b ≐ -1
```

```
f{{a, b} CDF[-a]@u[-b] // printComponents[B]
```

$$\gg \quad f^{a\,b} \left( \nabla f_a u_b \right) \doteq \frac{3 \dot{Y}}{X Y}$$

$$f^{a\,b} \left( \nabla f_a u_b \right) \doteq \frac{3 \dot{Y}}{X Y}$$

## TODO

Analyze the phase space  $a, \dot{a}, Y, \dot{Y}, X, \dot{X}$

we know from the Bianchi constraint  $X = \frac{\dot{Y}}{\dot{a}}$

and also  $Y = \frac{Y}{a}$ ,

$$\dot{Y} = \dot{Y} / a - Y \dot{a} / a^2 = \left( \dot{Y} / \dot{a} \right) \left( \dot{a} / a \right) - Y \dot{a} / a^2 = X H - Y H = (X - Y) \frac{\dot{a}}{a}$$

```
eq34$pn = eq34 // Simplify // printNice
```

$$\frac{1}{3 M_\star^2} \left( -\beta_1 + \left( -3 \beta_2 + M_\star^2 (\beta_0 + 3 \rho_\star) \right) Y + 3 \left( M_\star^2 \beta_1 - \beta_3 \right) Y^2 + \left( 3 M_\star^2 \beta_2 - \beta_4 \right) Y^3 + M_\star^2 \beta_3 Y^4 \right)$$

```
∂t[] eq34 // Simplify // Expand
```

```
% // Simplify // Apart
```

```
% / ∂t[] Y
```

```
% /. ∂t[] Y → (X - Y) \frac{\partial_t[] a}{a}
```

```
eq34d$pn = % // printNice
```

$$\frac{1}{3} \beta_0 Y' [t] - \frac{\beta_2 Y' [t]}{M_\star^2} + \rho_\star Y' [t] + 2 \beta_1 Y [t] Y' [t] -$$

$$\frac{2 \beta_3 Y [t] Y' [t]}{M_\star^2} + 3 \beta_2 Y [t]^2 Y' [t] - \frac{\beta_4 Y [t]^2 Y' [t]}{M_\star^2} + \frac{4}{3} \beta_3 Y [t]^3 Y' [t]$$

$$\frac{1}{3 M_\star^2} \left( M_\star^2 \beta_0 - 3 \beta_2 + 3 M_\star^2 \rho_\star + 6 M_\star^2 \beta_1 Y [t] - 6 \beta_3 Y [t] + 9 M_\star^2 \beta_2 Y [t]^2 - 3 \beta_4 Y [t]^2 + 4 M_\star^2 \beta_3 Y [t]^3 \right) Y' [t]$$

$$\frac{1}{3 M_\star^2} \left( M_\star^2 \beta_0 - 3 \beta_2 + 3 M_\star^2 \rho_\star + 6 M_\star^2 \beta_1 Y [t] - 6 \beta_3 Y [t] + 9 M_\star^2 \beta_2 Y [t]^2 - 3 \beta_4 Y [t]^2 + 4 M_\star^2 \beta_3 Y [t]^3 \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3 M_\star^2} \left( M_\star^2 \beta_0 - 3 \beta_2 + 3 M_\star^2 \rho_\star + 6 M_\star^2 \beta_1 Y [t] - 6 \beta_3 Y [t] + 9 M_\star^2 \beta_2 Y [t]^2 - 3 \beta_4 Y [t]^2 + 4 M_\star^2 \beta_3 Y [t]^3 \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3 M_\star^2} \left( M_\star^2 \beta_0 - 3 \beta_2 + 3 M_\star^2 \rho_\star + 6 M_\star^2 \beta_1 Y - 6 \beta_3 Y + 9 M_\star^2 \beta_2 Y^2 - 3 \beta_4 Y^2 + 4 M_\star^2 \beta_3 Y^3 \right)$$

```
eq34$pn // printNice
```

$$\frac{1}{3 M_\star^2} \left( -\beta_1 + \left( -3 \beta_2 + M_\star^2 (\beta_0 + 3 \rho_\star) \right) Y + 3 \left( M_\star^2 \beta_1 - \beta_3 \right) Y^2 + \left( 3 M_\star^2 \beta_2 - \beta_4 \right) Y^3 + M_\star^2 \beta_3 Y^4 \right)$$



```

With[
{
  p1 = eq34$pn,
  p214 = eq214,
  p216 = eq216
},
Manipulate[
  Plot[
    {Sign@p1 Log10@Abs[102 p1] / 2},
    {Y, -10, 10}, AspectRatio → 0.5, ImageSize → 500,
    PlotRange → {-5, 5},
    Exclusions → {p1 == 0}, ExclusionsStyle → Red,
    AxesLabel → {Y, "sgn log10 Eq. (3.4)"},
    AxesStyle → Directive[FontFamily → "Times", Medium]
  ],
  {
    {
      {"ρ*", Control[{{ρ*, 0.1, ""}, -10, 10}]},
      {"M*", Control[{{M*, 0.1, ""}, 0.01, 3}]},
      {"m", Control[{{m, 0.1, ""}, 0.01, 3}]},
      {"κ", Control[{{κ, 0, ""}, {-1, 0, 1}]}},
      {},
      {Button[" Setup Eqs ",
        Print["Eq 2.14"]; Print[p214 == 0 /. {t[] → t}];
        Print["Eq 2.16"]; Print[p216 == 0 /. {t[] → t}];
        Print["Eq 3.4"]; Print[p1 == 0];
        Print[(Y[t] → Ya[t]) /. Solve[p1 == 0, Y]];
        ], SpanFromLeft}
      } // Grid[#, Alignment → Left] &,
    Spacer[20],
    {
      {"β0", Control[{{β0, 0, ""}, -3, 3]}},
      {"β1", Control[{{β1, -0.5, ""}, -3, 3]}},
      {"β2", Control[{{β2, 0, ""}, -3, 3]}},
      {"β3", Control[{{β3, 0.5, ""}, -3, 3]}},
      {"β4", Control[{{β4, 0.5, ""}, -3, 3]}}
    } // Grid
  } // Row
]]

```

## Used Resources

```

Print[ xAct`xCore`Private`bars ]
Print[ "Memory in use: ", Style[ MemoryInUse[] - mem$1, Blue ],
  " + ", Style[ mem$1 - mem$0, Blue ] ]
Print[ "Time used: ", Style[ TimeUsed[] - cpu$1, Blue ],
  " + ", Style[ cpu$1 - cpu$0, Blue ] ]
Print[ xAct`xCore`Private`bars ]

```

-----  
Memory in use: 40 568 304 + 15 488 280

Time used: 36.44 + 1.513  
-----