bunsanweb and decentralized web

Decentralize Web Summit 2018

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Our view of the Web

A Network of User-Agents(browsers) and hyperlinked Resources

• Not a network of servers for their clients

Resource is a hyperlink collection with its URI to GET/PUT/POST/...

• Web-server is a HTTP protocol handing proxy for the Resources

Web of something

Web of document: a browser communicates to document resources

Hyperlink can directly link resources across their Web servers

Web of person: a browser communicates to person resources?

- Web Service as a **proxy** of multiple person resources with systems Browser just **provides** a personal information to POST as a resource on

Web Service as intermediary between person and person

Views toward decentralization

Decentralization of universal or monopolistic systems

- · Decentralized incentive/motivation systems
- Decentralized persistent storage systems
 Fare contract systems for conflicted resources; such as name registry

Endpoint enhancement for decentralize

- Web browser enhanced with decentralizing features
 Programming functionalities provided for decentralized architectures

Our view of decentralizing the Web

Return to end-to-end principle

• => reducing intermediary centric factors from endpoints

Web endpoint should also become an endpoint of inter-person systems

- Browser could become a resource of myself
 Browser could perform endpoint-scripts for functions of the systems broken into decentralized manner

Web of Programs with User-Agent

- Run programs on each User-Agent (browser)
 mix add-ons in a browser
- Programs for \
 - o process data from remote Resource
 - o privide as Resource
- (communicate to other program as a Resource) Share mixed/mixable programs written from your w
 same as documents on the Web

What "bunsanweb" tackles

Endpoint-scripting

• mix server-side scripting features into client-side for both accessing and producing as Web reso

Universal event stream

Endpoint-relative hyperlinked space

- each endpoint views resources from each local linked to the universal on
 - $\circ~$ e.g. the "personal data" is also relative resource for each person. it may link to "friends" on universal.

What we've made

anatta-engine

- Prototype JavaScript package of runtime environments for endpointscripting
- Features
 - Endpoint-scripting
 - Endpoint-relative hyperlinked space
- · Runtime: node.js
 - $\circ~$ Emulating browser window/document environment for JS runtime
- grp: successor as reverse proxy for scripts on vanilla browsers

- Prototype JavaScript package of peer network for universal event stream
- Universal event stream
 Runtime: node.js and electron
- o Console UI and demo with electron app
- Event as ES6 Proxy wrapped DOM Element

bunsanweb: endpoint-scripting

Run programs on vanilla modern browsers

- Program as JavaScript codes within HTML
 Programming with the standard JavaScript APIs in Web browsers
 Implementations are hidden behind the standards as much; such as DOM Events or fetch()

Scripts directly respond as Web Resource via "general reverse proxy"

- · With non-conflicted URI based on public key hash identity
- Responding with a standard FetchEvent of ServiceWorker

Scripts handles remote resources with loosely-coupled way

- HTML as primary format for href
 Document as abstract hyperlink container: URI links are special from other
- Today, HTML DOM can be wrapped with ES6 Proxy

bunsanweb: universal event stream

Content-based event stream

- For open network, event streams should not be limited by upper-side
- Event is filtered by its content at the endpoint
 Event is ordered when it embeds parent events as hyperlink

Sharing immutable event document into universal

- Identity (part of URI) as content hash
- Signed with actor's elliptic-curve crypto(ECC) key

Peer network to expand their universal

- Each peer has own universal space of events even if non-connected peers
 Federated peers make an union universal space with fetching event lists (as resource) each other

bunsanweb: universal event stream (cont)

"contexts" axes to make a space of events

- Each tag in the "contexts" denotes some of events property structure
- · Existence of tags puts these event
- at the position of a universal sphere

 It also locates a region of events such as streams or actors

bunsanweb: endpoint-relative hyperlinked space

Endpoint-script itself is same everywhere

- But its behavior is different with local data values where it runs
 For scripts being available anywhere, data locations should be same

- It is similar as "start page" of web browser
 Processing hyperlink relations started from the relative top resource

Initial local resources

- · Key-pairs: for identity of universal event stream
- · Personal profiles: as event actor
- Script URIs: to run for local resources

Change with bunsanweb: open systems built on peer relations

- Decompose a system as person-based features and aggregated data features
- Add new peers for aggregated data from existing peers
 Make each features as endpoint-scripts to run on each p
- int-scripts to run on each peer for sharing Make each reaches a elegion to the activities of the control of the
- it also accepts events on universal event stream

Connect to decentralized technologies

Decentralized Incentive system; such as crypto token systems

- For sustainability of network
 We think only a best-effort way of peers and reverse proxies
- To be applying crypto token systems for them

 o proof of burn, or self blockchain

- · For universal fairness on whole of network
- We think it is enough with peers for separated aggregated data
 - $\circ\;$ Accepting aggregated data peers is depends on judgment of each
- Replacing these aggregating peer with smart contracts between peers

Connect to decentralized technologies (cont)

Decentralized persistent storage; such as IPFS, Dat

- On universal event stream, peer primary manages event list as URLs of
- We think event data is also stored in peers (as they made there)
- It can use decentralized storages to sharing event data

Blockchain itself

- For strict ordering of transactions/events
 We think events are just bunch of events or partially ordered enough; such as git branches/forks
- But there is head of each local peer as one of branches/forks
- Blockchain for events may be required for realizing smart contracts
 It may use proof of burn, or local votes with event actor ids

Info

Project

- ://bunsanweb.github.io/ (work in progress)
- - Documentations: https://github.com/bunsanweb/bunsar

Repos

- anatta-engine: https://github.com/bunsanweb/anatta-engine
 hashnet: https://github.com/bunsanweb/hashnet
 grp: https://github.com/bunsanweb/grp

A1: Features behind the standard APIs

```
<head><script type="module">
import ReverseTarget from "./grp.m.js";
(async function main() {
  const target = await ReverseTarget.connect("http://localhost:3000/");
  target.addEventListener("fetch", ev => {
    ev.respondWith((async () => {
      const body = 'Hello World! from a Browser Tab: ${ev.request.url};
    }
}
              return new Response(body, {status: 200, headers: {
    "content-type": "text/plain;charset=utf-8",
    "access-control-allow-origin": "*",
         })();
const a = document.quertSelector("#link");
a.href = `${proxyUrl}${target.ident.id}/`;
a.innerHTML = `open proxy page: ${a.href}`;
})().catch(console.error);
     </script></head>
    <body><a id="link" target="_blank"></a></body>
</html>
```

With Response, body also accepts standard File, Blob, and ReadableStream

A2: Universal event content between peers with grp



A3: endpoint relative link space from local "me:" to universal

