

bunsanweb and decentralized web

Decentralized Web Summit 2018

Our view of the Web

A Network of **User-Agents**(browsers) and hyperlinked **Resources**

- Not a network of servers for their clients

Resource is a **hyperlink collection** with its **URI** to GET/PUT/POST/...

- Web-server is a HTTP protocol handing **proxy** for the Resources

Web of something

Web of document: a browser communicates to document resources

- Hyperlink can **directly link** resources **across** their Web servers

Web of person: a browser communicates to person resources?

- Web Service as a **proxy** of multiple person resources with systems
- Browser just **provides** a personal information to POST as a resource on Web Servers

Web Service as **intermediary** between person and person

- => a **central of inter person** network

Views toward decentralization

Decentralization of universal or monopolistic **systems**

- Decentralized incentive/motivation systems
- Decentralized persistent storage systems
- Fair contract systems for conflicted resources; such as name registry

Endpoint enhancement for decentralize

- Web browser enhanced with decentralizing features
- Programming functionalities provided for decentralized architectures

Our view of decentralizing the Web

Return to **end-to-end** principle

- => reducing intermediary centric factors from endpoints

Web endpoint should also become an **endpoint of inter-person** systems

- Browser could become a **resource of myself**
- Browser could perform **endpoint-scripts for functions of the systems** broken into decentralized manner

Web of Programs with User-Agent

- Run programs **on each User-Agent** (browser)
 - mix add-ons in a browser
 - mix modules in a HTML you write
- Programs **for Web Resources**
 - process data from remote Resource
 - provide as Resource
 - (communicate to other program as a Resource)
- Share mixed/mixable programs **written from your wish**
 - same as documents on the Web

What "bunsanweb" tackles

Endpoint-scripting

- mix server-side scripting features into client-side for **both accessing and producing as Web resources**

Universal event stream

- for communicating unspecified endpoint scripts **without depending specific centric channels**

Endpoint-relative hyperlinked space

- each endpoint views resources **from each local linked to the universal** on Web
 - e.g. the "personal data" is also relative resource for each person. it may link to "friends" on universal.

What we've made

anatta-engine

- Prototype JavaScript package of **runtime environments** for endpoint-scripting
- Features:
 - Endpoint-scripting
 - Endpoint-relative hyperlinked space
- Runtime: node.js
 - Emulating browser window/document environment for JS runtime
- grp: successor as reverse proxy for scripts on vanilla browsers

hashnet

- Prototype JavaScript package of **peer network** for universal event stream
- Features:
 - Universal event stream
- Runtime: node.js and electron
 - Console UI and demo with electron app
 - Event as ES6 Proxy wrapped DOM Element

bunsanweb: endpoint-scripting

Run programs on **vanilla** modern browsers

- Program as JavaScript codes **within HTML**
- Programming with the **standard JavaScript APIs** in Web browsers
- Implementations are **hidden** behind the standards as much;
such as DOM Events or `fetch()`

Scripts **directly respond** as Web Resource via "general reverse proxy"

- With non-conflicted URI based on **public key hash** identity
- Responding with a standard **FetchEvent** of ServiceWorker
(and Request, Response, Blob, ...)

Scripts handles remote resources with **loosely-coupled** way

- **HTML** as primary format for `href`
- Document as abstract hyperlink container: **URI links are special** from other property data
- Today, HTML DOM can be wrapped with **ES6 Proxy**

bunsanweb: universal event stream

Content-based event stream

- For open network, event streams should **not be limited by upper-side** such as its publisher or published queue
- Event is **filtered by its content** at the endpoint
- Event is ordered when it **embeds parent events** as hyperlink

Sharing **immutable** event document into universal

- Identity (part of URI) as **content hash**
- **Signed with actor's** elliptic-curve crypto(ECC) key

Peer network to expand their universal

- Each peer has **own universal space** of events even if non-connected peers
- Federated **peers make an union** universal space with fetching event lists (as resource) each other

bunsanweb:

universal event stream (cont)

"contexts" **axes** to make a space of events

- Each tag in the "contexts" denotes some of events property structure **for filtering** or **for data processing**
- Existence of tags puts these event at the **position of a universal sphere**
- It also locates a **region of events** such as streams or actors

bunsanweb: endpoint-relative hyperlinked space

Endpoint-script itself is same **everywhere**

- But its behavior is **different with local data values** where it runs
- For scripts being available anywhere, data **locations should be same**

Standard structure for local resources

- It is similar as "start page" of web browser
- Processing hyperlink relations **started from the relative top** resource

Initial local resources

- Key-pairs: for identity of universal event stream
- Personal profiles: as event actor
- Script URIs: to run for local resources

Change with bunsanweb: open systems built on peer relations

- Decompose a system as person-based features and aggregated data features
with these data ownership
- Add new **peers for aggregated data** from existing peers
- Make each **features as endpoint-scripts** to run on each peer for sharing their data as privacy protected way; signed or encrypted with ECC
- Open some of features to others, **share events** on universal event stream
- Or apply existing open features of other systems for enhancing, it also **accepts events** on universal event stream

Connect to decentralized technologies

Decentralized Incentive system; such as crypto token systems

- For **sustainability** of network
- We think only a best-effort way of peers and reverse proxies
- To be applying crypto token systems for them
 - proof of burn, or self blockchain

Smart contracts; such as Ethereum, chainspace

- For **universal fairness** on whole of network
- We think it is enough with peers for separated aggregated data
 - Accepting aggregated data peers is depends on judgment of each peer
- Replacing these aggregating peer with smart contracts between peers

Connect to decentralized technologies (cont)

Decentralized persistent storage; such as IPFS, Dat

- For **sharing content data**, not URI
- On universal event stream, peer primary manages event list as URLs of events
- We think event data is also stored in peers (as they made there)
- It can use decentralized storages to sharing event data

Blockchain itself

- For **strict ordering** of transactions/events
- We think events are just bunch of events or partially ordered enough; such as git branches/forks
- But there is head of each local peer as one of branches/forks
- Blockchain for events may be required for realizing smart contracts
- It may use proof of burn, or local votes with event actor ids

Info

Project

- <https://bunsanweb.github.io/> (work in progress)
- <https://github.com/bunsanweb/>
 - Documentations: <https://github.com/bunsanweb/bunsanweb/>

Repos

- anatta-engine: <https://github.com/bunsanweb/anatta-engine>
- hashnet: <https://github.com/bunsanweb/hashnet>
- grp: <https://github.com/bunsanweb/grp>

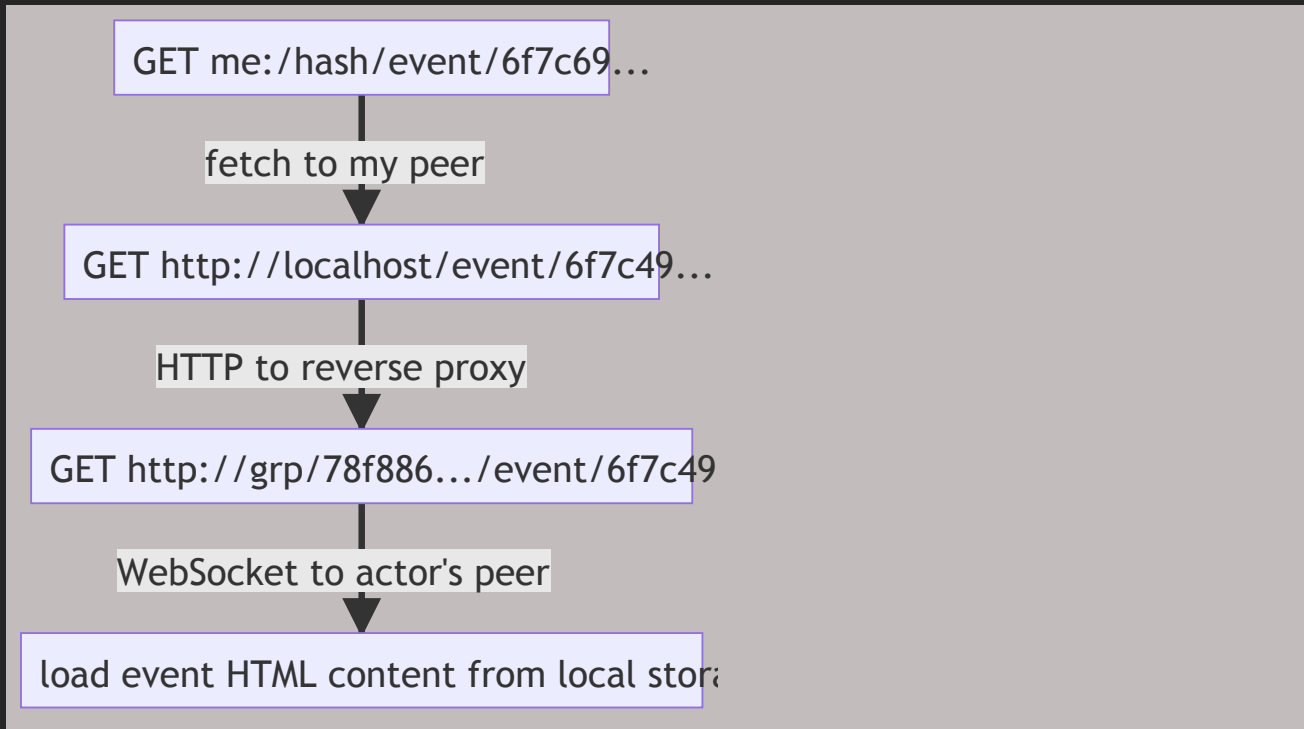
A1: Features behind the standard APIs

```
<html>
  <head><script type="module">
import ReverseTarget from "../grp.m.js";
(async function main() {
  const target = await ReverseTarget.connect("http://localhost:3000/");
  target.addEventListener("fetch", ev => {
    ev.respondWith((async () => {
      const body = `Hello World! from a Browser Tab: ${ev.request.url}`;
      return new Response(body, {status: 200, headers: {
        "content-type": "text/plain;charset=utf-8",
        "access-control-allow-origin": "*",
      }});
    })());
  }, false);

  const a = document.querySelector("#link");
  a.href = `${proxyUrl}${target.ident.id}/`;
  a.innerHTML = `open proxy page: ${a.href}`;
})();
</script></head>
  <body><a id="link" target="_blank"></a></body>
</html>
```

With Response, body also accepts standard File, Blob , and ReadableStream

A2: Universal event content between peers with grp



A3: endpoint relative link space from local "me:" to universal

