You Only Look Once: Unified, Real-Time Object Detection

BURAK BOZDAĞ - 504211552

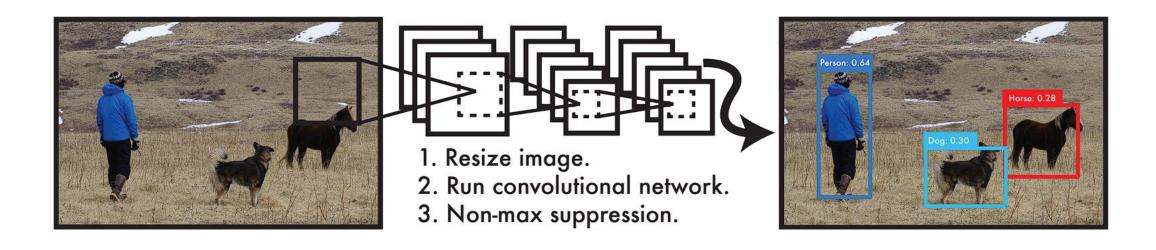
Introduction

- •Humans glance at an image and instantly know what it is
- •YOLO: Fast, generalizable, maintains accuracy



Introduction

- •Resizing to 448 x 448
- Running single CNN
- Thresholding by the model's confidence

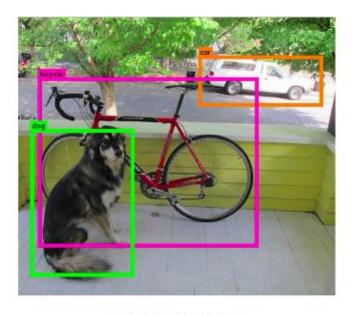


Non-Maximal Suppression

- •Intersection Over Union (IOU) = Area of Overlap / Area of Union
- Selecting the right bounding box
- Eliminating redundant ones



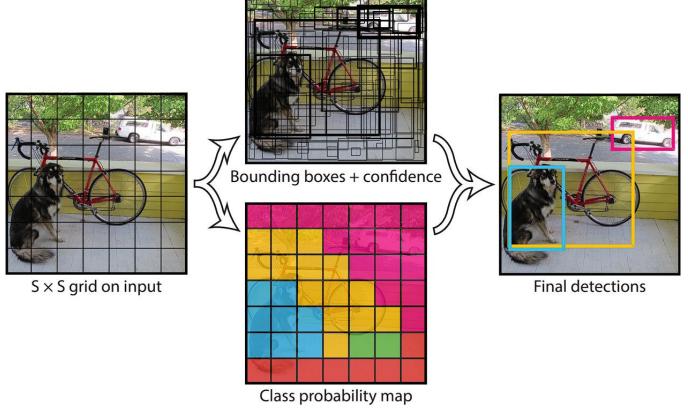
Multiple Bounding Boxes



Final Bounding Boxes

Unified Detection

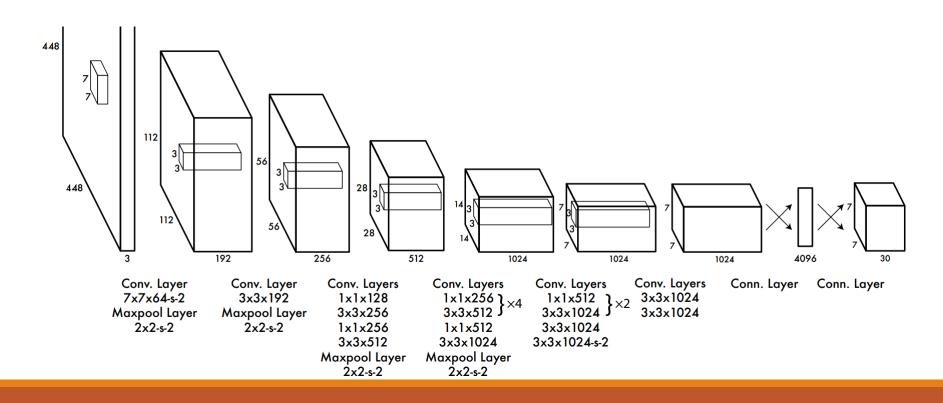
- Detection as a regression problem
- •Predicting for each cell:
 - Bounding boxes
 - Confidences
 - Class probabilities
- •S x S x (B * 5 + C) tensor



Network Design

- Inspired by the GoogLeNet [2]
- •24 convolutional, 2 FC

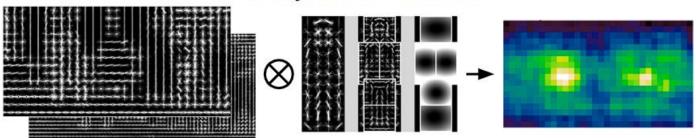
- •Inception modules
- •1x1 reduction + 3x3 convolutional



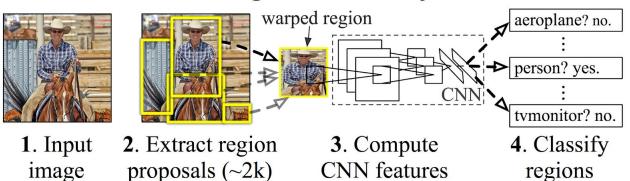
Comparison to Other Detection Systems

DPM: Deformable Part Models

Sliding window
DPM
R-CNN
All train region-based classifiers to perform detection



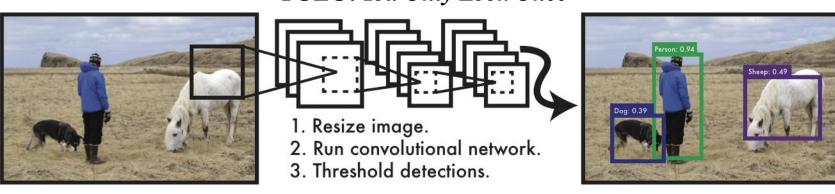
R-CNN: Regions with CNN features



Comparison to Other Detection Systems

With YOLO, you only look once at an image to perform detection





Experiments

- •Test bench specs:
 - NVIDIA GeForce Titan X
- No batch processing
- Base network: 45 FPS
- •Fast network: >150 FPS (<25 ms latency)



Datasets

- PASCAL VOC 2007 Challenge [4]
- •20 classes:
 - Person
 - Animal: bird, cat, cow, dog, horse, sheep
 - Vehicle: aeroplane, bicycle, boat, bus, car, motorbike, train
 - Indoor: bottle, chair, dining table, potted plant, sofa, tv/monitor
- •9963 images containing 24640 annotated objects





Datasets

- PASCAL VOC 2012 Challenge
- •20 classes
- •11530 images
- •27450 annotated objects





PASCAL VOC 2007

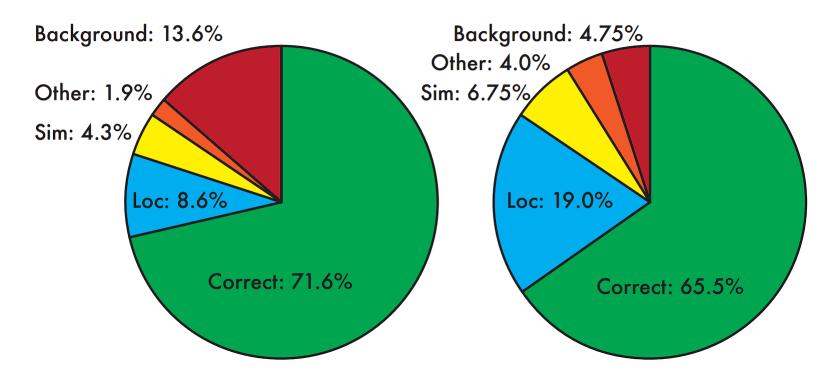
| Real-Time Detectors | Train | mAP | FPS |
|---------------------|-----------|------|-----|
| 100Hz DPM | 2007 | 16.0 | 100 |
| 30Hz DPM | 2007 | 26.1 | 30 |
| Fast YOLO | 2007+2012 | 52.7 | 155 |
| YOLO | 2007+2012 | 63.4 | 45 |
| Less Than Real-Time | | | |
| Fastest DPM | 2007 | 30.4 | 15 |
| R-CNN Minus R | 2007 | 53.5 | 6 |
| Fast R-CNN | 2007+2012 | 70.0 | 0.5 |
| Faster R-CNN VGG-16 | 2007+2012 | 73.2 | 7 |
| Faster R-CNN ZF | 2007+2012 | 62.1 | 18 |
| YOLO VGG-16 | 2007+2012 | 66.4 | 21 |

PASCAL VOC 2007 Error Analysis

- Correct:
 - Correct class
 - IOU > .5
- Localization:
 - Correct class
 - .1 < IOU < .5
- Similar:
 - Class is similar
 - IOU > .1
- Other:
 - Class is wrong
 - IOU > .1
- Background:
 - For any object
 - IOU < .1

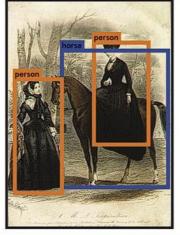




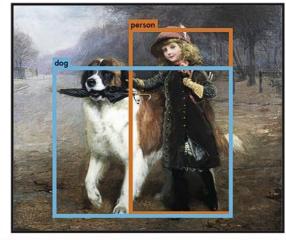


Real-Time Detection in the Wild

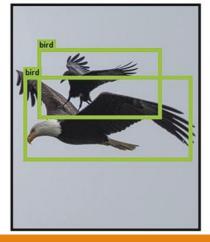


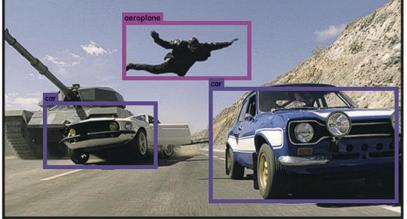




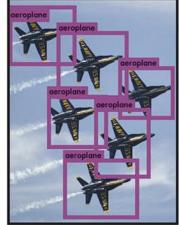












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Conclusion

- Simple to construct
- •Can be trained directly on full images
- •Unlike classifier-based approaches, YOLO is trained on a loss function that directly corresponds to detection performance and the entire model is trained jointly

References

- [1] J. Redmon et al., "You Only Look Once: Unified, Real-Time Object Detection«, arXiv.org, 2016. [Online]. Available: https://arxiv.org/abs/1506.02640.
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- [3] P. F. Felzenszwalb et al., "Object detection with discriminatively trained part based models", IEEE Transactions on Pattern Analysis and Machine Intelligence, 32(9):1627–1645, 2010.
- [4] M. Everingham et al., "International Journal of Computer Vision", 88(2):303-338, 2010.