

IBM Watson Chatbots



IBM Watson

Conversation

Add a natural language interface to your application

Developer Friendly

Easy to begin, easy to use. Get faster time to value, and integrate across channels, networks and environments.

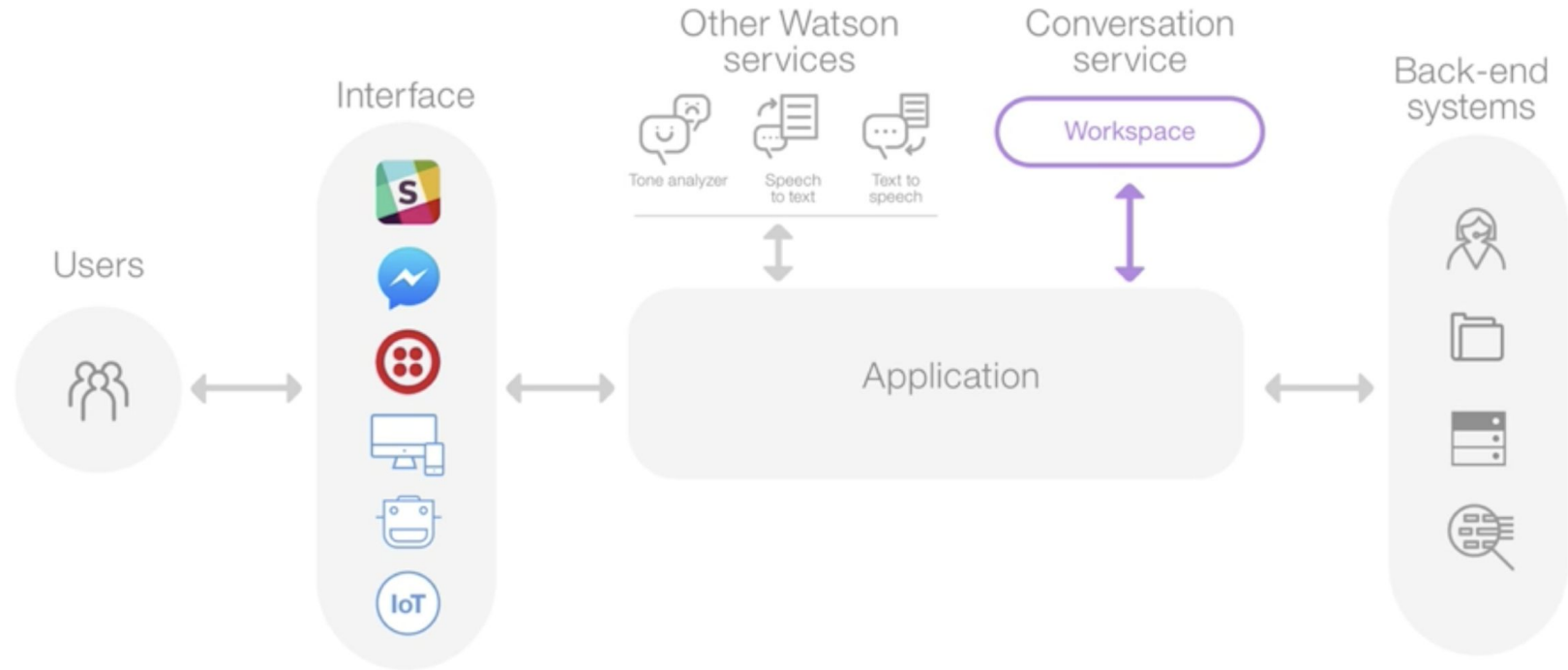
Enterprise Grade

Conversation features a reliable infrastructure that scales with individual use cases.

Chatbots made easy

Understands natural-language, connect to messaging channels, web environments

How does IBM Watson work?



IBM Watson Interface

The screenshot displays the IBM Watson Conversation interface in a web browser. The browser's address bar shows `ibmwatsonconversation.com`. The page has a dark header with the title "Insurance English copy" and navigation tabs for "Intents", "Entities", and "Dialog".

The main workspace shows a dialog flow. It begins with a node labeled "Conversation starts" which points to a "conversation_start" node. This node leads to a dark-themed node containing the intent `#policy-information` and the entity `@policy`. Below this, a text box displays the response: "I can help you. What is your policy number?".

From the bottom of this node, a green line with a plus sign connects to a "Watson Response" node. This node contains the JSON output:


```
{ "output": {} }
```

. A context menu is open over this node, showing options: "Continue from...", "Move", "Delete", and "Watson Response". The "Watson Response" option has sub-toggles for "Simple" and "Advanced", with "Advanced" currently selected.


Below the first node, there are three more intent nodes in a list: `#claim-information or @claim`, `#offer-information or @offers`, and `Anything else`.

In the bottom right corner, there is a "Show help" button.


Example: Reservation Bot

 Hey Giuliano 😊 Can I help you with a reservation?


Hey

 Hey welcome to Stamplay restaurant, how can I help you?


sure, where is your place?

 You can find us at 814 Mission st, 94103 San Francisco.

I want a table


 Ok let's get a table for you, many guests?

3


 Perfect table for 3. When should I reserve this?

for tomorrow 8pm please


Hey man how can you help me?

 You can ask me info about opening hours, location and table reservation.

When are you open?

 We are open Tuesday to Sunday from 3pm-11.30pm.

Cool and how can I get there?

 You can find us at 814 Mission st, 94103 San Francisco.



IBM Watson Concepts

Intents

Things that the chat users are looking to do: change passwords, get status updates, etc

Example

#greetings



Add a new user example...

☐ 'Ello Miss

☐ Hello

☐ Hello?

☐ hey there!

☐ Hi!

☐ Howdy

IBM Watson Concepts

Entities

Specific pieces of information to extract from a user response.

Example

@returnItems

 Add a new value

<input type="checkbox"/> book	text	tome
<input type="checkbox"/> parrot	bird	macaw Norwegian Blue
<input type="checkbox"/> video cassette	movie	tape

IBM Watson Concepts

Dialog Flow

When entities and intents are specified, you can move on to constructing the dialog flow.

Example

The screenshot displays the IBM Watson Dialog Flow interface for configuring a 'Greeting response'. At the top, the title 'Greeting response' is followed by a 'Customize' button and a close icon. The configuration is divided into two main sections: 'If bot recognizes:' and 'Then respond with:'. In the 'If bot recognizes:' section, the entity '#greetings' is entered, with minus and plus icons for editing. The 'Then respond with:' section contains a list of response conditions, with the first one being '1. Nice to meet you. What can I do?'. To the left of this list is a plus icon and the text 'Add response condition'. To the right is a vertical ellipsis menu. Below the list, there is a text input field labeled 'Add a variation to this response'.

Greeting response Customize ✕

If bot recognizes:

#greetings ⊖ ⊕

Then **respond** with:

⊕ Add response condition ⋮

1. Nice to meet you. What can I do? ⊖

Add a variation to this response

IBM Watson Concepts

Testing

Space to test your bot in action.

Example

Try it out

Clear

Hi there!


#greetings ⋮

Hello!

Anybody there?

#greetings ⋮

Hello!



**Let's build an iOS and
Android app**

Integrating Watson on iOS



1. Create IBM Cloud account for free
2. Create an iOS app on the cloud and download the source code
3. Inject Watson dependencies with cocoapods
4. Update workspaceID with your newly created Watson Assistant
5. Use Watson chatbot to create a customer service app
6. Create Intents, Entities and Dialogs on IBM Cloud
7. Demo live working app



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Let's talk

Apple Development

Overview

Starter Kits

Services

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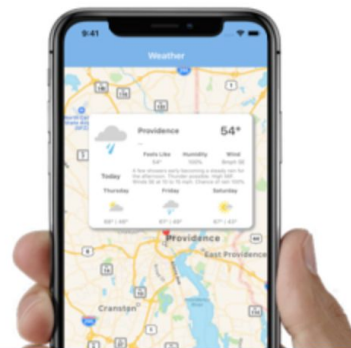
Developer Resources

[Documentation](#)
[SDKs](#)
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Production-ready applications in minutes



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Virtual Assistant for iOS with Watson

Add a natural language interface to your iOS app with Watson Assistant

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FEEDBACK



Virtual Assistant for iOS with Watson

[Create app](#)

Mobile App

Details

AUTHOR	IBM
UPDATED	1/16/2019
TYPE	Starter Kit

Source Code

[iOS Swift](#)

Overview

Quickly build a virtual assistant across a variety of channels using the Apple platform developer tools. This starter kit automatically allows you to get started building a natural language interface with the trusted Apple platform. You can be talking with Watson within minutes.

This starter kit will help you

- Get started quickly and easily. Get faster time to value, and integrate across channels, networks and environments.
- Utilize Watson Assistant's reliable infrastructure that scales with individual use cases. Platform support from IBM gives you the backing you need.
- Own your data. IBM protects your privacy, allowing you to opt out of data sharing. Built on IBM Cloud and featuring reliable tooling with industry-leading security.

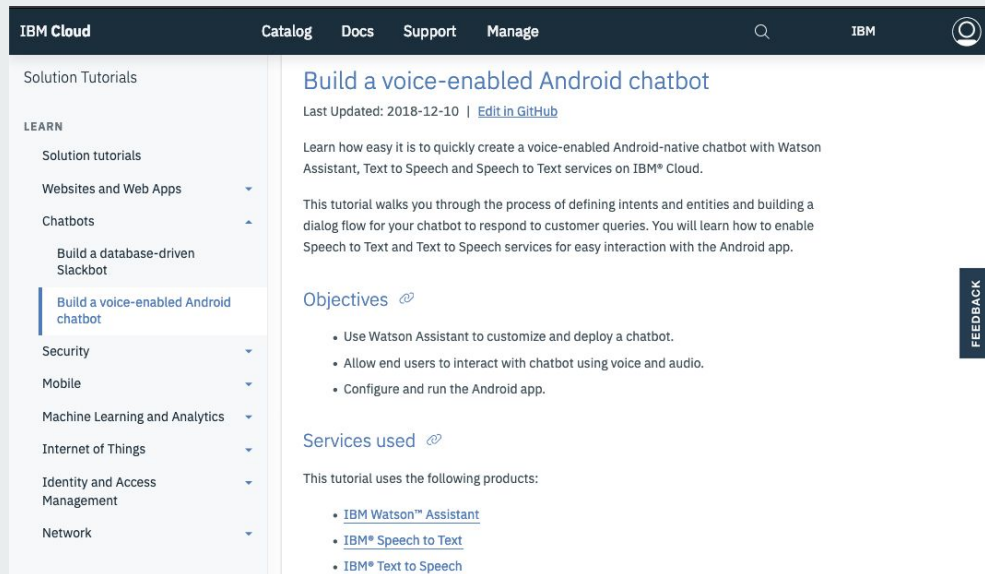
Integrating Watson on Android



1. (Optional) Use the Sample!
2. Import Watson dependencies.
3. Request manifest permissions.
4. Link to IBM Cloud Services
5. Use watson speech to text to record and transcribe audio.
6. Use watson text to speech to talk to the user.
7. Use watson assistant to interact with the user.

Watson Android Sample App

- Premade example using Assistant, TTS and STT
- Detailed step by step instructions available at:
bluemix.net/docs/tutorials/android-watson-chatbot.html#build-a-voice-enabled-android-chatbot



The screenshot shows the IBM Cloud documentation page for the tutorial 'Build a voice-enabled Android chatbot'. The page is part of the 'Solution Tutorials' section under 'LEARN'. The left sidebar lists various categories like 'Solution tutorials', 'Websites and Web Apps', 'Chatbots', 'Security', 'Mobile', 'Machine Learning and Analytics', 'Internet of Things', 'Identity and Access Management', and 'Network'. The main content area includes the title 'Build a voice-enabled Android chatbot', a 'Last Updated' date of 2018-12-10, and a link to 'Edit in GitHub'. The tutorial description states: 'Learn how easy it is to quickly create a voice-enabled Android-native chatbot with Watson Assistant, Text to Speech and Speech to Text services on IBM® Cloud. This tutorial walks you through the process of defining intents and entities and building a dialog flow for your chatbot to respond to customer queries. You will learn how to enable Speech to Text and Text to Speech services for easy interaction with the Android app.' Below this, the 'Objectives' section lists three goals: using Watson Assistant to customize and deploy a chatbot, allowing end users to interact with the chatbot using voice and audio, and configuring and running the Android app. The 'Services used' section lists three products: IBM Watson™ Assistant, IBM® Speech to Text, and IBM® Text to Speech. A 'FEEDBACK' button is visible on the right side of the page.

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Network

Build a voice-enabled Android chatbot

Last Updated: 2018-12-10 | [Edit in GitHub](#)

Learn how easy it is to quickly create a voice-enabled Android-native chatbot with Watson Assistant, Text to Speech and Speech to Text services on IBM® Cloud.

This tutorial walks you through the process of defining intents and entities and building a dialog flow for your chatbot to respond to customer queries. You will learn how to enable Speech to Text and Text to Speech services for easy interaction with the Android app.

Objectives

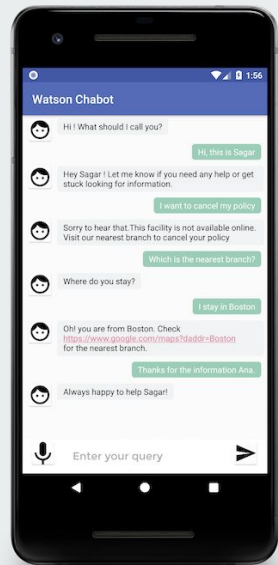
- Use Watson Assistant to customize and deploy a chatbot.
- Allow end users to interact with chatbot using voice and audio.
- Configure and run the Android app.

Services used

This tutorial uses the following products:

- [IBM Watson™ Assistant](#)
- [IBM® Speech to Text](#)
- [IBM® Text to Speech](#)

FEEDBACK



Importing Watson

- Allows use of the watson developer sdk, and useful libraries for Watson Assistant, SST and TTS.

```
dependencies {  
    implementation fileTree(dir: 'libs', include: ['*.jar'])  
    androidTestImplementation('com.android.support.test.espresso:espresso-core:2.2.2', {  
        exclude group: 'com.android.support', module: 'support-annotations'  
    })  
    implementation 'com.android.support:appcompat-v7:26.0.0'  
    implementation 'com.android.support:recyclerview-v7:26.0.0'  
    implementation 'com.android.support:design:26.0.0'  
    implementation 'com.squareup.okhttp3:okhttp:3.10.0'  
    implementation 'com.google.code.gson:gson:2.8.0'  
    implementation 'com.ibm.watson.developer_cloud:assistant:6.11.0'  
    implementation 'com.ibm.watson.developer_cloud:text-to-speech:6.11.0'  
    implementation 'com.ibm.watson.developer_cloud:speech-to-text:6.11.0'  
    implementation 'com.ibm.watson.developer_cloud:android-sdk:0.5.0'  
    testImplementation 'junit:junit:4.12'  
    implementation 'com.google.android.gms:play-services:10.0.1'  
    implementation 'com.android.support:multidex:1.0.1'  
}
```

Request Manifest Permissions



- The app needs access to Internet and Network to talk to the IBM Cloud.
- External Storage is needed to hold recordings.
- Record Audio is needed for Speech to Text to record the user.

```
<manifest xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    package="com.example.vmac.WatBot">

    <uses-permission android:name="android.permission.INTERNET" />
    <uses-permission android:name="android.permission.WRITE_EXTERNAL_STORAGE" />
    <uses-permission android:name="android.permission.ACCESS_WIFI_STATE" />
    <uses-permission android:name="android.permission.CHANGE_WIFI_STATE" />
    <uses-permission android:name="android.permission.CHANGE_NETWORK_STATE" />
    <uses-permission android:name="android.permission.ACCESS_NETWORK_STATE" />
    <uses-permission android:name="android.permission.RECORD_AUDIO"/>
```

Link to IBM Cloud

- Create a config.xml file.
- Run createServices() in onCreate()

```
<resources>

<!-- Watson Assistant service credentials -->
<!-- REPLACE `ASSISTANT_ID_HERE` with ID of the Assistant to use -->
<string name="assistant_id">1260da1d-8273-4195-8e01-eaad44084bee</string>

<!-- REPLACE `ASSISTANT_API_KEY_HERE` with Watson Assistant service API Key -->
<string name="assistant_apikey">a18yLLA02IBny4KTMtB0Mut6ucmZYfsfaFiaSmHl-j9</string>

<!-- REPLACE `ASSISTANT_URL_HERE` with Watson Assistant service URL -->
<string name="assistant_url">https://gateway.watsonplatform.net/assistant/api</string>

<!-- Watson Speech To Text (STT) service credentials -->
<!-- REPLACE `STT_API_KEY_HERE` with Watson Speech to Text service API Key -->
<string name="STT_apikey">HVCXd96lkHUx1Fr56ltxy31iE3lxyC1U6JHwWfZiQzFd</string>

<!-- REPLACE `STT_URL_HERE` with Watson Speech to Text service URL -->
<string name="STT_url">https://gateway-wdc.watsonplatform.net/speech-to-text/api</string>

<!-- Watson Text To Speech (TTS) service credentials -->
<!-- REPLACE `TTS_API_KEY_HERE` with Watson Text to Speech service API Key -->
<string name="TTS_apikey">aBzpqxbaZ2ex72m4U5ecedsXD_OmfZ30mZQ8bqJuSrV5</string>

<!-- REPLACE `TTS_URL_HERE` with Watson Text to Speech service URL -->
<string name="TTS_url">https://stream.watsonplatform.net/text-to-speech/api</string>

</resources>
```

```
private void createServices() {
    watsonAssistant = new Assistant( versionDate: "2018-11-08", new IAMOptions.Builder()
        .apiKey("a18yLLA02IBny4KTMtB0Mut6ucmZYfsfaFiaSmHl-j9")
        .build());
    watsonAssistant.setEndPoint("https://gateway.watsonplatform.net/assistant/api");

    textToSpeech = new TextToSpeech();
    textToSpeech.setIAMCredentials(new IAMOptions.Builder()
        .apiKey("aBzpqxbaZ2ex72m4U5ecedsXD_OmfZ30mZQ8bqJuSrV5")
        .build());
    textToSpeech.setEndPoint("https://stream.watsonplatform.net/text-to-speech/api");

    speechService = new SpeechToText();
    speechService.setIAMCredentials(new IAMOptions.Builder()
        .apiKey("HVCXd96lkHUx1Fr56ltxy31iE3lxyC1U6JHwWfZiQzFd")
        .build());
    speechService.setEndPoint("https://gateway-wdc.watsonplatform.net/speech-to-text/api");
}
```

Using Watson STT

- Record Audio using the microphoneHelper.
- Send the audio to the IBM Cloud using speechService.
- Use the onTranscription hook to parse the results.
- Use RecognizeOptions to change any settings.

```
//Record a message via Watson Speech to Text
private void recordMessage() {
    if (listening != true) {
        capture = microphoneHelper.getInputStream( opusEncoded: true);
        new Thread((Runnable) () -> {
            try {
                speechService.recognizeUsingWebSocket(getRecognizeOptions(capture), new MicrophoneRecognizeDelegate());
            } catch (Exception e) {
                showError(e);
            }
        }).start();
        listening = true;
    } else {
        try {
            microphoneHelper.closeInputStream();
            listening = false;
        } catch (Exception e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
    }
}
```

```
//Private Methods – Speech to Text
private RecognizeOptions getRecognizeOptions(InputStream audio) {
    return new RecognizeOptions.Builder()
        .audio(audio)
        .contentType(ContentType.OPUS.toString())
        .model("en-US_BroadbandModel")
        .interimResults(true)
        .inactivityTimeout(2000)
        .build();
}

//Watson Speech to Text Methods.
private class MicrophoneRecognizeDelegate extends BaseRecognizeCallback {
    @Override
    public void onTranscription(SpeechRecognitionResults speechResults) {
        if (speechResults.getResults() != null && !speechResults.getResults().isEmpty()) {
            String text = speechResults.getResults().get(0).getAlternatives().get(0).getTranscript();
            showMicText(text);
        }
    }
}
```

Using Watson TTS



- Use `textToSpeech.synthesize` on your string.
- Use `SynthesizeOptions.Builder()` to change the voice or output.

```
private class SayTask extends AsyncTask<String, Void, String> {
    @Override
    protected String doInBackground(String... params) {
        streamPlayer.playStream(textToSpeech.synthesize(new SynthesizeOptions.Builder()
            .text(params[0])
            .voice(SynthesizeOptions.Voice.EN_GB_KATEVOICE)
            .accept(SynthesizeOptions.Accept.AUDIO_WAV)
            .build()).execute());
        return "Did synthesize";
    }
}
```

Using Watson Assistant 1

- Use the message class to format the user input.

```
// Sending a message to Watson Assistant Service
private void sendMessage() {

    final String inputmessage = this.inputMessage.getText().toString().trim();
    if (!this.initialRequest) {
        Message inputMessage = new Message();
        inputMessage.setMessage(inputmessage);
        inputMessage.setId("1");
        messageArrayList.add(inputMessage);
    } else {
        Message inputMessage = new Message();
        inputMessage.setMessage(inputmessage);
        inputMessage.setId("100");
        this.initialRequest = false;
        Toast.makeText(getApplicationContext(), text: "Tap on the message for Voice", Toast.LENGTH_LONG).show();
    }

    this.inputMessage.setText("");
    mAdapter.notifyDataSetChanged();
}
```

Using Watson Assistant 2

- Create a thread to handle requests.
- Create a new Assistant session.
- Send the inputMessage to be processed in the cloud.

```
Thread thread = new Thread((Runnable) () -> {
    try {
        if (watsonAssistantSession == null) {
            ServiceCall<SessionResponse> call = watsonAssistant.createSession(new CreateSessionOptions.Builder().assistantId("1260da1d-8273-4195-8e01-eaad44084bee").build());
            watsonAssistantSession = call.execute();
        }

        MessageInput input = new MessageInput.Builder()
            .text(inputmessage)
            .build();
        MessageOptions options = new MessageOptions.Builder()
            .assistantId("1260da1d-8273-4195-8e01-eaad44084bee")
            .input(input)
            .sessionId(watsonAssistantSession.getSessionId())
            .build();
        MessageResponse response = watsonAssistant.message(options).execute();
        Log.i(TAG, "msg: " + response);
        final Message outMessage = new Message();
    }
});
```


Using Watson Assistant 3

- If the response isn't null or empty we want to print it to the user.
- Send our response message to TTS.
- Make sure our app scrolls if there are too many messages.

```
if (response != null &&
    response.getOutput() != null &&
    !response.getOutput().getGeneric().isEmpty() &&
    "text".equals(response.getOutput().getGeneric().get(0).getResponseTypes())) {
    outMessage.setMessage(response.getOutput().getGeneric().get(0).getText());
    outMessage.setId("2");

    messageArrayList.add(outMessage);

    // speak the message
    new SayTask().execute(outMessage.getMessage());

    runOnUiThread() → {
        mAdapter.notifyDataSetChanged();
        if (mAdapter.getItemCount() > 1) {
            recyclerView.getLayoutManager().smoothScrollToPosition(recyclerView, state: null, position: mAdapter.getItemCount() - 1);
        }
    }
}
```