

# Finite satisfiability

October 20, 2024

**Lemma 1.** *Every finitely satisfiable set  $\Gamma$  can be extended to a complete and finitely satisfiable set  $\Gamma^*$ .*

*Proof.* Fix an arbitrary enumeration of formulas. Define  $\Gamma^*$  as follows.

$$\Gamma_0 = \Gamma \quad \Gamma_{n+1} = \begin{cases} \Gamma_n \cup \{\varphi_n\} & \text{if the resulting set is finitely satisfiable,} \\ \Gamma_n \cup \{\neg\varphi_n\} & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

$$\Gamma^* = \bigcup \Gamma_n$$

Complete: every formula  $\varphi$  is named by a natural number  $n$ , so either  $\varphi$  or  $\neg\varphi$  is added at step  $n + 1$ .

Finitely satisfiable: by induction on  $n$ , we show that each  $\Gamma_n$  is finitely satisfiable. In the base case, we have  $\Gamma_0 = \Gamma$ , which is finitely satisfiable by hypothesis. In the induction step, the induction hypothesis tells us that  $\Gamma_n$  is finitely satisfiable. It remains to verify that  $\Gamma_{n+1}$  is also finitely satisfiable. There are 2 cases. If  $\Gamma_{n+1} = \Gamma_n \cup \{\varphi_n\}$ , then  $\Gamma_{n+1}$  is finitely satisfiable by construction. If  $\Gamma_{n+1} = \Gamma_n \cup \{\neg\varphi_n\}$ , then  $\Gamma_n \cup \{\varphi_n\}$  is not finitely satisfiable. Suppose that  $\Gamma_n \cup \{\neg\varphi_n\}$  is not finitely satisfiable either. Then consider any two unsatisfiable finite subsets  $\Delta \subseteq \Gamma_n \cup \{\varphi_n\}$  and  $\Xi \subseteq \Gamma_n \cup \{\neg\varphi_n\}$ . Note that  $\varphi_n \in \Delta$  and  $\neg\varphi_n \in \Xi$  since any finite subset of  $\Gamma_n$  is satisfiable.

We claim that  $\Pi := (\Delta \setminus \{\varphi_n\}) \cup (\Xi \setminus \{\neg\varphi_n\})$  is an unsatisfiable subset of  $\Gamma_n$ . Suppose the contrary. Then there is a structure  $M$  such that  $M \models \Pi$ . Then we have  $M \models \Delta \setminus \{\varphi_n\}$  and  $M \models \Xi \setminus \{\neg\varphi_n\}$ . Since  $\Delta$  is unsatisfiable, we must have that  $M \not\models \varphi_n$ , but this means that  $M \models \neg\varphi_n$ , so  $M \models \Xi$ . This is a contradiction. Thus, we have found an unsatisfiable finite subset  $\Pi$  of  $\Gamma_n$ , contradicting the induction hypothesis.

It remains to show that  $\Gamma^*$  is finitely satisfiable. To this end, let  $A \subseteq \Gamma^*$  be an unsatisfiable finite subset. By construction  $\Gamma_n \subseteq \Gamma_{n+1}$  for all  $n$ , so  $A$  must lie in  $\Gamma_k$  for some  $k$ , but this means that  $\Gamma_k$  is not finitely satisfiable, which is a contradiction.  $\square$