algorithm Design to EHonework 2=

1 Film, 2. Danyo Savasilado Almonyo va Britanyo knollizi arosinda olan savasin masabasinda kasanilmosini anlahiyar. Matematik dohisi olan Alan Turing Britanya krallisi ram; Mositerin sous) à kullandioi enignal gizli mesajlarin sifreleines. ve teknor adquilmesi amoci ile kullanilan bir sifre mokimesi) molinesi Losormini adizmet icin orduso girdi. Sifre adizme élibi ile balarda iyi degildi; acinku Turing inson ilipliternde pele iyi degildi. Daha sonna ekip birlik olup Turng'in tasaladgi moliney: bitirditer. Almonlar anlamourn dige direk kullanmodilar. Ve 2 sene rainde Britanya Krollivi sovos, Lagardi, turing Lorotteri geregi escinsel bir mondi ve sovatton sonna Limposol tedout gord". 41 youndo ise intohor etti. Turing Soyernde tohumlere gove 14 milyon insonin hoyati kurluldu ve bilgisayor biliminin ancusu Labul edildi

 $x_2 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_1 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_1 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_2 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_1 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_2 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_1 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_2 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_1 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_2 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_1 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_2 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_1 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_2 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_1 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_2 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_1 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_2 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_1 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_2 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_1 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_2 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_1 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_2 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_1 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_2 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_1 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_2 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_1 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_2 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_1 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_2 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_1 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_2 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_1 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_2 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_1 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_2 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_1 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_2 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_1 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_2 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_1 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_2 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_1 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_2 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_1 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_2 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_1 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_2 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_1 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_2 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_1 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_2 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_1 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_2 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_1 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_2 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_1 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_2 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_1 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_1 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_2 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlogn$ $x_1 ram; a=3, b=4, f(n)=nlog$

 $43 \text{ rcm}; a=3, b=3, f(n)=\frac{1}{2}$ $1^{109}b^{9} = n = f(n)$ f(n)=0(n)=n

 $f(n) = O(n) = > T(n) = O(n^{\log_3 3} \log n)$ $= O(n \log n)$

1/10969 = n/0936 L n2/09n f(n) = 0 (n/0936-6) = The

 $f(n) = O(n^{\log_3 k} - \epsilon) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} O(n^{\log_3 k})$ $f(n) = O(n^{\log_3 k})$ $f(n) = O(n^{\log_3 k})$

 $f(n) = \mathcal{N}(n^{\log_b a + \epsilon}) = T(n) = O(f(n))$

 $=\Theta\left(\frac{\eta}{\log(n)}\right)$

(a7=1,671, E70, CL1 (a(n)0969), f(n)=0(n)969-E,

T(n)= (n/mbalogn), f(n)= O(n/mba)

O(f(n)), f(n)=N(nlowate) ve af(n/b) Lcf(n)

> 46 ra, η, α=2, b=2, f(n)= η, ηθες η = f(n) f(n)= Θ(ηθες)=> T(n)=Θ(ηθες) (30)

Burol Bedenn 14/06/1027

(3) a)
$$n > 0$$
 $\forall (n) = \begin{cases} 1 \\ (x(n-1)+2n-1) & \text{diger}; \end{cases}$

$$\begin{cases} (1) = 1 \\ (2) = x(1) + 2 \cdot 2 - 1 = 4 \\ (3) = x(2) + 2 \cdot 3 - 1 = 9 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} (n) = n^2 \implies x(n+1) = (n+1)^2 & \text{soglaroli}; \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} (n) = n^2 \implies x(n+1) = (n+1)^2 & \text{soglaroli}; \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} (n) = n^2 \implies x(n+1) = (n+1)^2 & \text{soglaroli}; \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} (n) = n^2 \implies x(n+1) = (n+1)^2 & \text{soglaroli}; \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} (x(n) = n) & \text{for } (n+1) = (n+1) = (n+1)^2 \\ (x(n) = x(n) + 1 = 2 \\ (x(n) = x(n) + 1 = 2 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} (x(n-1)+1) = x(n+1) = (n+1) = (n+1) = (n+1)^2 \\ (x(n) = x(n) + 1 = 2 \\ (x(n-1)+2) = x(n+1) = x(n+1)$$

Burde dedonn

(5) b). Algoritmanin base case durinlari

site in 2 veya 3 almo durandur. Base case e gelince compare sodes fontsiyon bularat indist return eder. Base case e gelene hadar da size i 2 ye belevet fontsiyon tetrar coginin.

$$T(n) = T(n/2) + 1$$

 $T(n/2) = T(n/4) + 1$

$$T(n) = 1+1+1 - - + T(1) = T(n) = T(1) + logn$$

$$= T(n) = O(logn)$$

worst cose: Alagoritma ortadoki elemani deperlendirne divi izin bose cose e bodor gitmesi gerek. Siroli reya konsik almosi faketmez. O yutden Olloga)

base case: monst case the agril derem var. Algorithme da size 3 vego 2 olona badar forksigan teknar agrinlin. O golfden Millign)

(1) a) tiln=3Tiln-1) for n71, til1=4 7(n-1)= 3T(n-2)

Birak bedenn 141044027

$$T(n-1)=3T(n-2)$$

 $T(n-2)=3T(n-3)$

$$T(n) = 3.3.3....3^n \cdot T(n-k) \Rightarrow n-k=1 \Rightarrow 3^n \cdot T(n) = T(n)$$

$$k = n-1 \Rightarrow 3^n \cdot T(n-k) = T(n)$$

 $T(n) = O(3^n)$

$$T(n-1)=(n-1)+t(n-2)$$

 $T(n-2)=(n-2)+T(n-3)$

$$T(n) = \ln + (n-1) + (n-2) + (n-3) - (n-k) + T(n-(k+1)) =) n - (k+1) = 0$$

$$=) n + (n-1) - \cdots (n-(n-1)) + T(0)$$

$$=) n \cdot (n+1)$$

$$=) 0 \cdot (n^2)$$

$$t_3(n) = t_3(n/2) + n$$

 $t(2n) = t(n) + 2n$
 $t(4n) = t(2n) + (4n)$

$$T(n) = n+2n+ln - - n2k + T(n/2k)$$

$$\frac{2k+1-1}{2-1} = 2n-2 = T(n) \pm O(n)$$

Burde dicenir

(6b)
$$T_{1}(n) = 6T_{1}(n-1) - 9T_{1}(n-2)$$
, $T_{1}(0) = 1$, $T_{1}(1) = 6$
 $T_{1}(n) = 6T_{1}(n-1) - 9T_{1}(n-2)$ homogeneous

 $T_{1}(n) = 6T_{1}(n-1) + 9T_{1}(n-2) = 0 = 0$ $1 + 2 - 6 + 9 = 0$ (chareforthing)

 $T_{2}(n) = 6T_{1}(n-1) - 9T_{1}(n-2)$ homogeneous

 $T_{2}(n) = 6T_{1}(n-2) - 9T_{2}(n-2)$ homogeneous

 $T_{2}(n) = 6T_{1}(n-2)$ homogeneous

 $T_{2}(n) = 6T_{1}(n-2)$ homogeneous

 $T_{2}(n) = 6T_{1}(n-2)$ homogeneous

 $T_{2}(n) = 6T_{2}(n-2)$ homogeneous

 $T_{2}(n) = 6T_{2}(n-2)$

$$t_{2}(n) = 5 + t_{2}(n-1) - 6t_{2}(n-2) + 7^{n}$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-1) + 6 + t_{2}(n-2) + 7^{n}$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-1) + 6 + t_{2}(n-2) + 7^{n}$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-1) + 6 + t_{2}(n-2) + 7^{n}$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-1) + 6 + t_{2}(n-2) + 7^{n}$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-1) + 6 + t_{2}(n-2) + 7^{n}$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-1) + 6 + t_{2}(n-2) + 7^{n}$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-1) + 6 + t_{2}(n-2) + 7^{n}$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-1) + 6 + t_{2}(n-2) + 7^{n}$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-1) + 6 + t_{2}(n-2) + 7^{n}$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-1) + 6 + t_{2}(n-2) + 7^{n}$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-1) + t_{2}(n-2) + 7^{n}$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-1) + t_{2}(n-2) + 7^{n}$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-1) + t_{2}(n-2) + 7^{n}$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-1) + t_{2}(n-2) + 7^{n}$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-1) + t_{2}(n-2) + 7^{n}$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-1) + t_{2}(n-2) + 7^{n}$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-1) + t_{2}(n-2) + 7^{n}$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-1) + t_{2}(n-2) + 7^{n}$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-1) + t_{2}(n-2) + 7^{n}$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-1) + t_{2}(n-2) + 7^{n}$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-1) + t_{2}(n-2) + 7^{n}$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-1) + t_{2}(n-2) + 7^{n}$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-1) + t_{2}(n-2) + 7^{n}$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-1) + t_{2}(n-2) + 7^{n}$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-1) + t_{2}(n-2) + 7^{n}$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-1) + t_{2}(n-2) + 7^{n}$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-1) + t_{2}(n-2) + 7^{n}$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-1) + t_{2}(n-2) + 7^{n}$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-1) + t_{2}(n-2) + 7^{n}$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-1) + t_{2}(n-2) + 7^{n}$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-1) + t_{2}(n-2) + 7^{n}$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-1) + t_{2}(n-2) + 7^{n}$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-1) + t_{2}(n-2) + 7^{n}$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-1) + t_{2}(n-2) + 7^{n}$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-1) + t_{2}(n-2) + t_{2}(n-2) + t_{2}(n-2) + t_{2}(n-2)$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-2) + t_{2}(n-2) + t_{2}(n-2) + t_{2}(n-2)$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-2) + t_{2}(n-2) + t_{2}(n-2)$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-2) + t_{2}(n-2) + t_{2}(n-2)$$

$$t(n) - 5 + t_{2}(n-2) + t_{2}(n-2)$$