

Gold Ounce Price Prediction Trials

Data Preparation

In this self-developed study, my aim was to forecast gold ounce prices in terms of USD by using Gold ounce prices daily history data from 29.12.1978 to 28.02.2020 and it obtained from (Gold.org) <https://www.gold.org/download/file/8369/Prices.xlsx> (<https://www.gold.org/download/file/8369/Prices.xlsx>) (the webpage may require membership to download the dataset)

(This content is for informal purposes only, NO INVESTMENT ADVICE!)

Note : I learned theory of these content below from several MOOCs but especially from Practical Time Series Analysis by The State University of New York provided from COURSERA <https://www.coursera.org/learn/practical-time-series-analysis> (<https://www.coursera.org/learn/practical-time-series-analysis>)

```
library(tidyverse)
library(readxl)
library(astsa)
library(forecast)
library(zoo)
```

```
df <- read_excel("prices.xlsx", skip = 8, sheet = "Daily")
```

```
## New names:
## * `US dollar` -> `US dollar...2`
## * Euro -> Euro...3
## * `Canadian dollar` -> `Canadian dollar...6`
## * `Chinese renmimbi` -> `Chinese renmimbi...9`
## * `US dollar` -> `US dollar...10`
## * ... and 4 more problems
```

```
df <- df[1:2]
colnames(df) <- c("dates", "Ounce_Price")
str(df)
```

```
## Classes 'tbl_df', 'tbl' and 'data.frame': 10741 obs. of 2 variables:
## $ dates      : POSIXct, format: "1978-12-29" "1979-01-01" ...
## $ Ounce_Price: num  226 226 227 219 223 ...
```

```
head(df)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 2
##   dates           Ounce_Price
##   <dttm>          <dbl>
## 1 1978-12-29 00:00:00     226
## 2 1979-01-01 00:00:00     226
## 3 1979-01-02 00:00:00     227.
## 4 1979-01-03 00:00:00     219.
## 5 1979-01-04 00:00:00     223.
## 6 1979-01-05 00:00:00     226.
```

```
tail(df)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 2
##   dates           Ounce_Price
##   <dttm>          <dbl>
## 1 2020-02-21 00:00:00    1643.
## 2 2020-02-24 00:00:00    1672.
## 3 2020-02-25 00:00:00    1650.
## 4 2020-02-26 00:00:00    1635.
## 5 2020-02-27 00:00:00    1652
## 6 2020-02-28 00:00:00    1610.
```

It seems that the dataset does not include financial holidays, like weekends etc. So I first planned to complete missing dates with the Ounce Price values of previous days of filled ones. So I used `complete()` function to add missing dates and when the missing dates filled, Ounce Prices corresponds to filled dates filled with NA values. So I used `na.locf()` fuction from `zoo` package to fill **NA** values with previous values.

```

df1 <- df %>%
  complete(dates = seq(dates[1], as.POSIXct(strptime("2020-02-29", "%Y-%m-%d")), by = "1 day"),
           fill = list(Ounce_Price = NA))

df1 <- na.locf(df1)

df1$dates <- as.Date(df1$dates)

```

Linear Regression

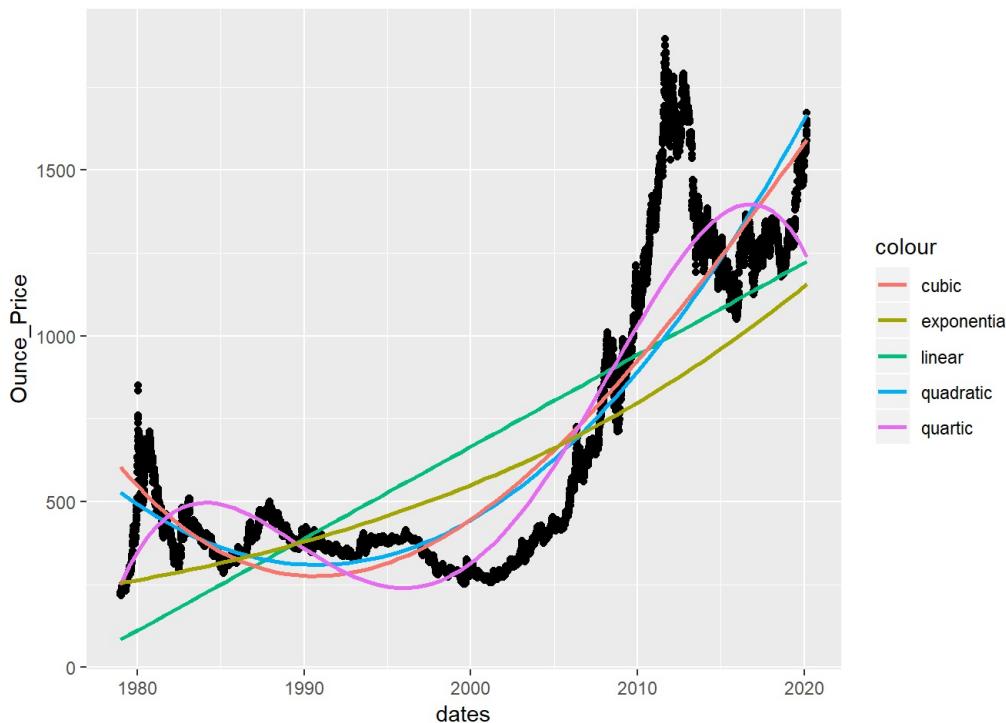
Under this topic, I first tried Linear Regression. I set my model by taking logarithm of Ounce_Price as my target variable and using dates as predictors.

```

exp.model <- lm(log(Ounce_Price)~dates,data = df1)
exp.model.df <- data.frame(x=df1$dates,
                            y=exp(fitted(exp.model)))

ggplot(df1, aes(x = dates, y = Ounce_Price)) + geom_point() +
  stat_smooth(method = 'lm', aes(colour = 'linear'), se = FALSE) +
  stat_smooth(method = 'lm', formula = y ~ poly(x,2), aes(colour = 'quadratic'), se= FALSE) +
  stat_smooth(method = 'lm', formula = y ~ poly(x,3), aes(colour = 'cubic'), se = FALSE) +
  stat_smooth(method = 'lm', formula = y ~ poly(x,4), aes(colour = 'quartic'), se = FALSE) +
  stat_smooth(data=exp.model.df, method = 'loess',aes(x,y,colour = 'exponential'), se = FALSE)

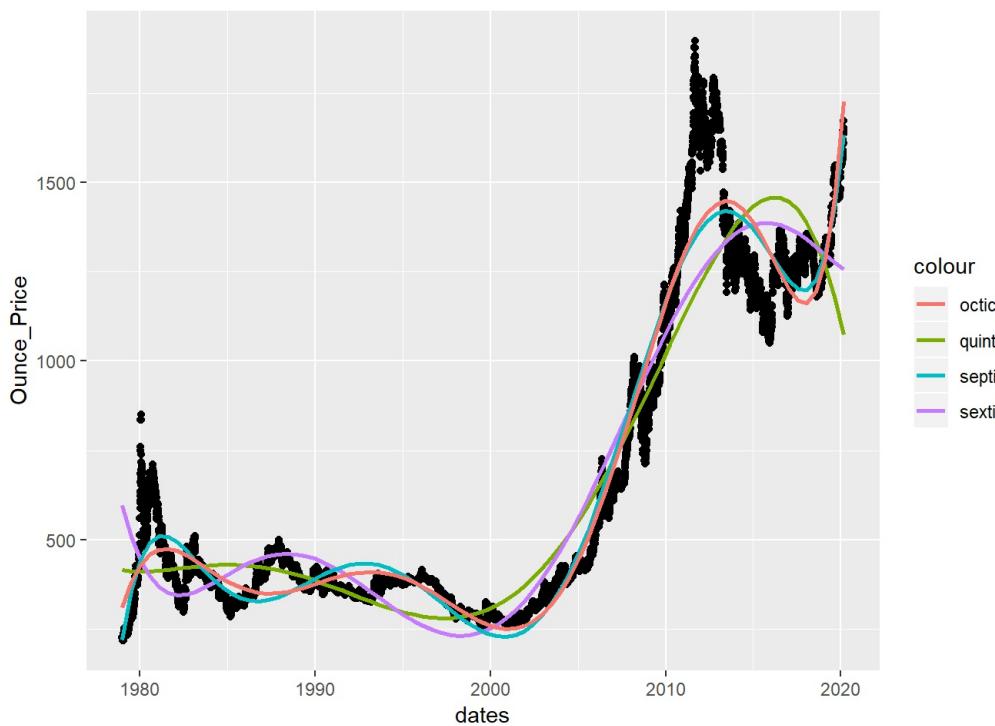
```



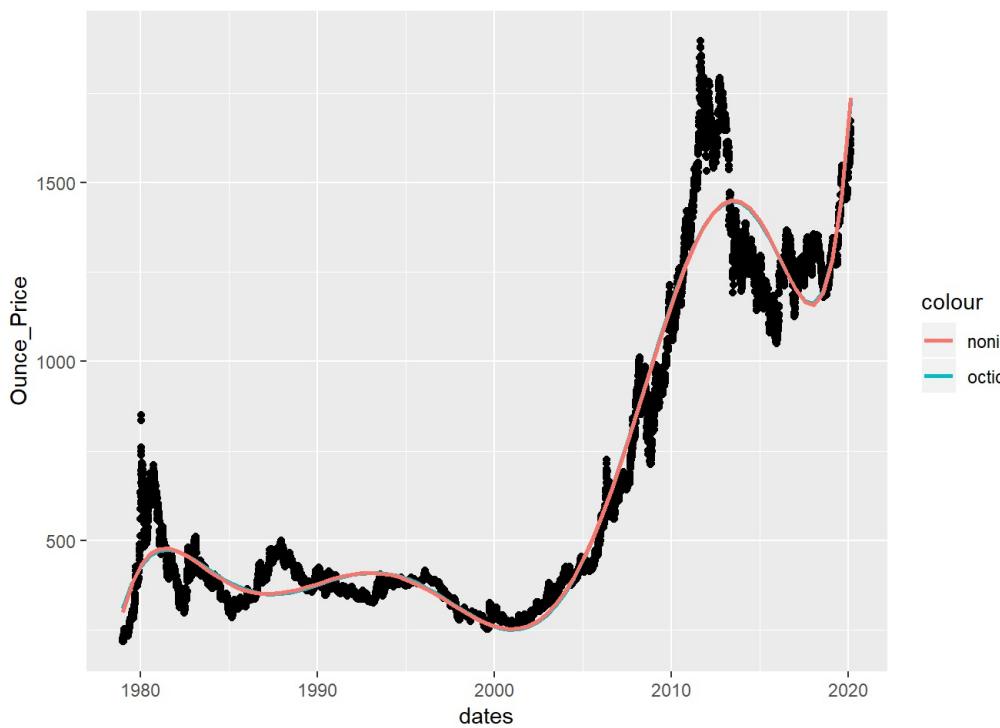
```

ggplot(df1, aes(x = dates, y = Ounce_Price)) + geom_point() +
  stat_smooth(method = 'lm', formula = y ~ poly(x,5), aes(colour = 'quintic'), se = FALSE) +
  stat_smooth(method = 'lm', formula = y ~ poly(x,6), aes(colour = 'sextic'), se = FALSE) +
  stat_smooth(method = 'lm', formula = y ~ poly(x,7), aes(colour = 'septic'), se = FALSE) +
  stat_smooth(method = 'lm', formula = y ~ poly(x,8), aes(colour = 'octic'), se = FALSE)

```



```
ggplot(df1, aes(x = dates, y = Ounce_Price)) + geom_point() +
  stat_smooth(method = 'lm', formula = y ~ poly(x,8), aes(colour = 'octic'), se = FALSE) +
  stat_smooth(method = 'lm', formula = y ~ poly(x,9), aes(colour = 'nonic'), se = FALSE)
```



From generated graphs, best fitted line seems to be generated from taking into account octic polynomial degree of dates. So I fitted model by taking octic polynomial degree of dates as suggested.

```
model_octic <- lm(data = df1, Ounce_Price~poly(dates,8))
summary(model_octic)
```

```

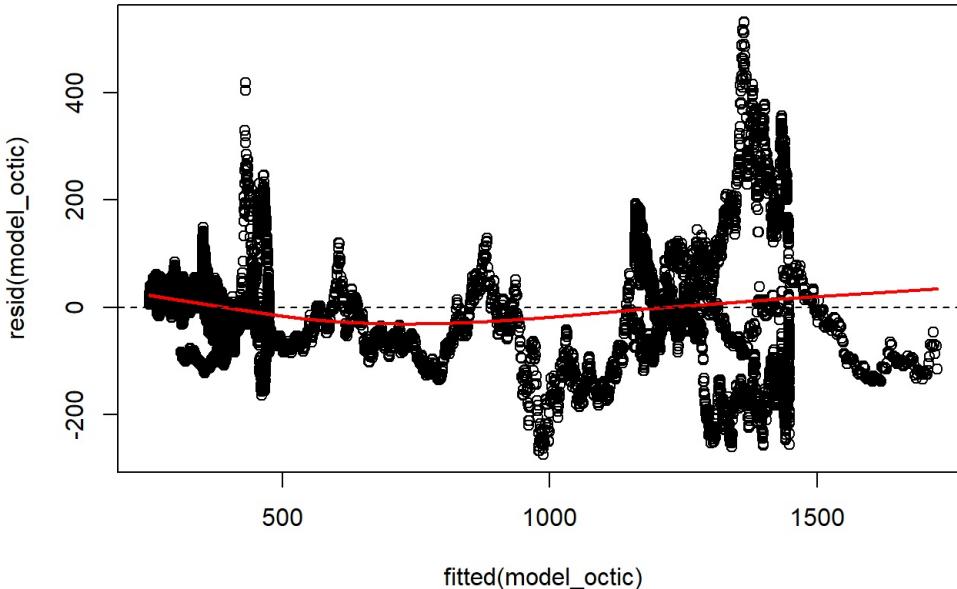
## 
## Call:
## lm(formula = Ounce_Price ~ poly(dates, 8), data = df1)
## 
## Residuals:
##    Min      1Q  Median      3Q     Max 
## -274.55  -50.30   -4.55   35.37  531.36 
## 
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)    
## (Intercept) 6.544e+02 7.877e-01 830.81 <2e-16 ***
## poly(dates, 8)1 4.041e+04 9.659e+01 418.36 <2e-16 ***
## poly(dates, 8)2 2.434e+04 9.659e+01 252.02 <2e-16 ***
## poly(dates, 8)3 -3.552e+03 9.659e+01 -36.78 <2e-16 ***
## poly(dates, 8)4 -1.447e+04 9.659e+01 -149.84 <2e-16 ***
## poly(dates, 8)5 -6.099e+03 9.659e+01 -63.15 <2e-16 ***
## poly(dates, 8)6 6.196e+03 9.659e+01  64.15 <2e-16 ***
## poly(dates, 8)7 1.199e+04 9.659e+01 124.18 <2e-16 ***
## poly(dates, 8)8 2.722e+03 9.659e+01  28.18 <2e-16 *** 
## --- 
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1 
## 
## Residual standard error: 96.59 on 15028 degrees of freedom 
## Multiple R-squared:  0.9502, Adjusted R-squared:  0.9502 
## F-statistic: 3.583e+04 on 8 and 15028 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16

```

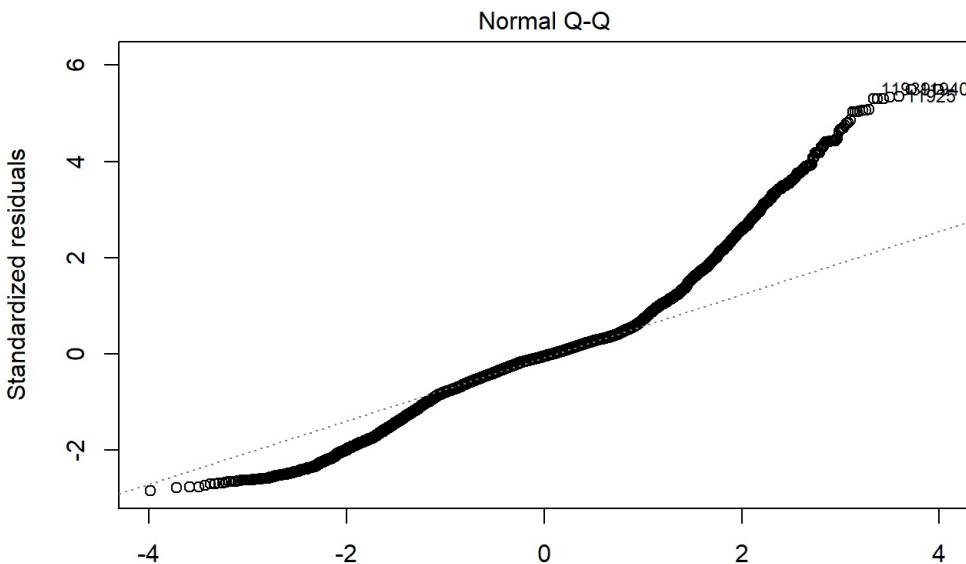
```

lo <- loess(resid(model_octic) ~ fitted(model_octic), degree = 1, span=0.8)
plot(fitted(model_octic),resid(model_octic))
lines(fitted(model_octic),predict(lo), col='red', lwd=2)
abline(a=0, b=0, lty=2)

```



```
plot(model_octic, which =2)
```



Although model coefficients are statistically significant, yet the model assumptions still does not met in terms of Normality and homoscedasticity of variances among residuals.

So I skip this model and proceed with some other methods.

ARIMA & SARIMA

In this section, I tried to fit an (S)ARIMA model to forecast.

But before fitting models I wanted to see and to try to understand if there is a trend or seasonality in data;

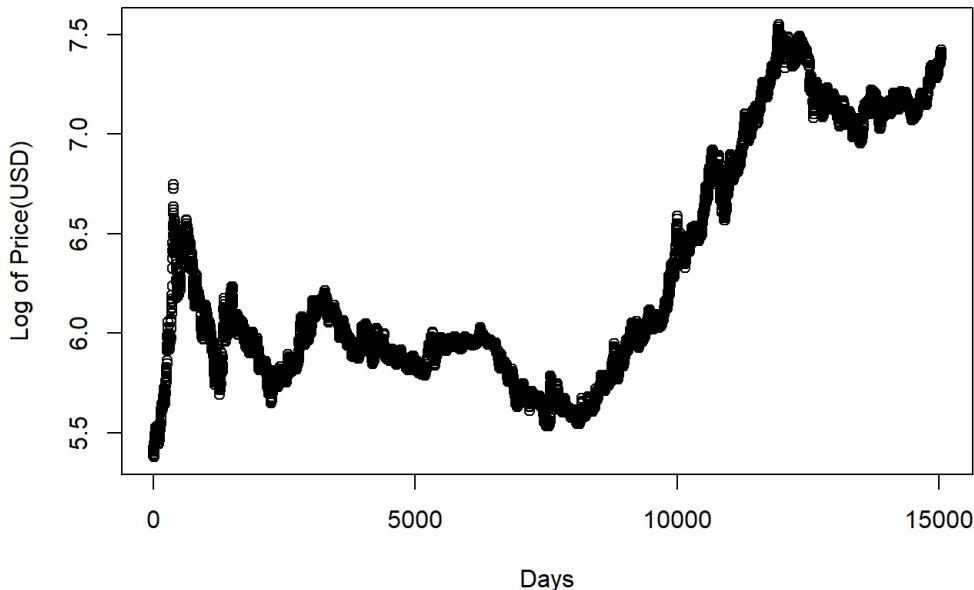
```
plot(df1, main="Daily Gold Prices by ounce, 12.29.1978 to 02.28.2020",
     ylab = "Price(USD)", xlab = "Date", type="l")
```



It seems there is instability in variance and a clear upward trend on data so first I will take logarithm to stabilize variance.

```
plot(log(df1$Ounce_Price), main = "Log of Daily Gold Prices by ounce",
     ylab = "Log of Price(USD)", xlab = "Days")
```

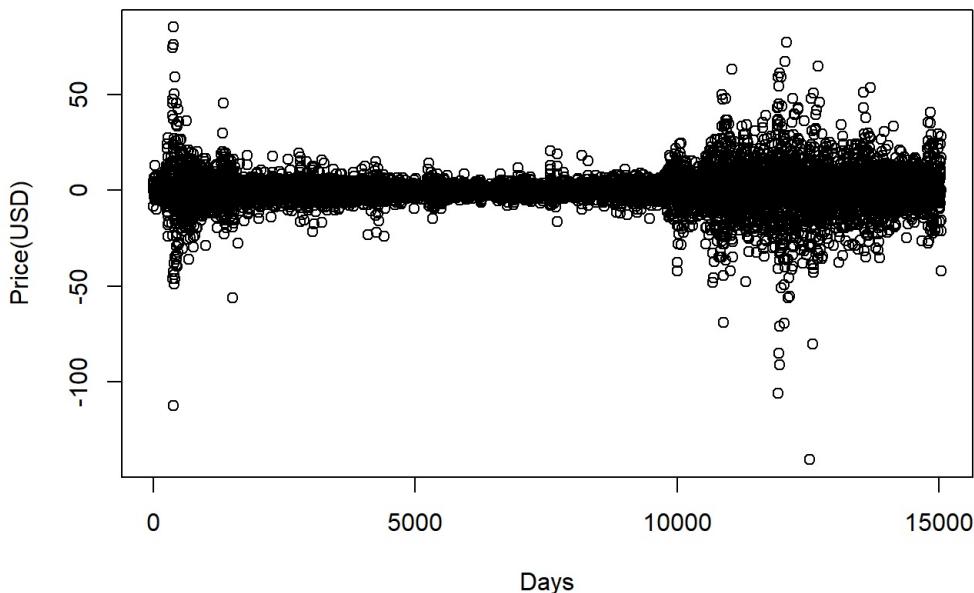
Log of Daily Gold Prices by ounce



This time I tried to remove seasonality by taking difference of data.

```
plot(diff(df1$Ounce_Price), main = "Differences of Daily Gold Prices by ounce",
     ylab = "Price(USD)", xlab = "Days")
```

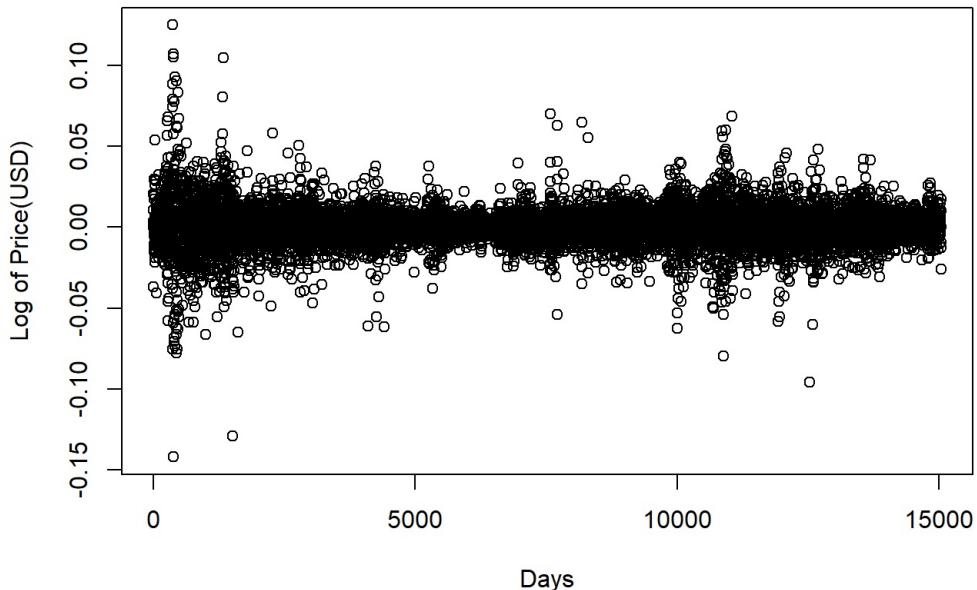
Differences of Daily Gold Prices by ounce



After trials, I took log-return of the dataset to take care of both seasonality and trend.

```
plot(diff(log(df1$Ounce_Price)), main = "Log return of Daily Gold Prices by ounce", ylab = "Log of Price(USD)", xl
ab = "Days")
```

Log return of Daily Gold Prices by ounce

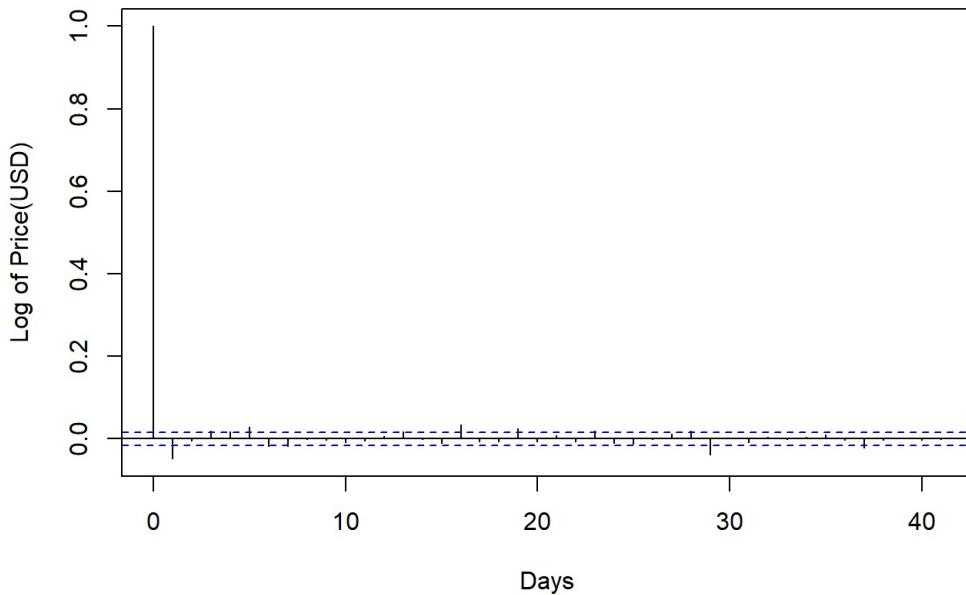


I also added several other transformation trials but this last graph gives the best result so far.

So, I decided to use log-return as my final transformation method. After this decision, I drew Autocorrelation Function(ACF) and Partial Autocorrelation Function (PACF) to see if there are spikes jump over alpha level, which will help me to decide my AR and MA levels in my ARIMA model and also SAR and SMA levels as well for my Seasonal ARIMA models.

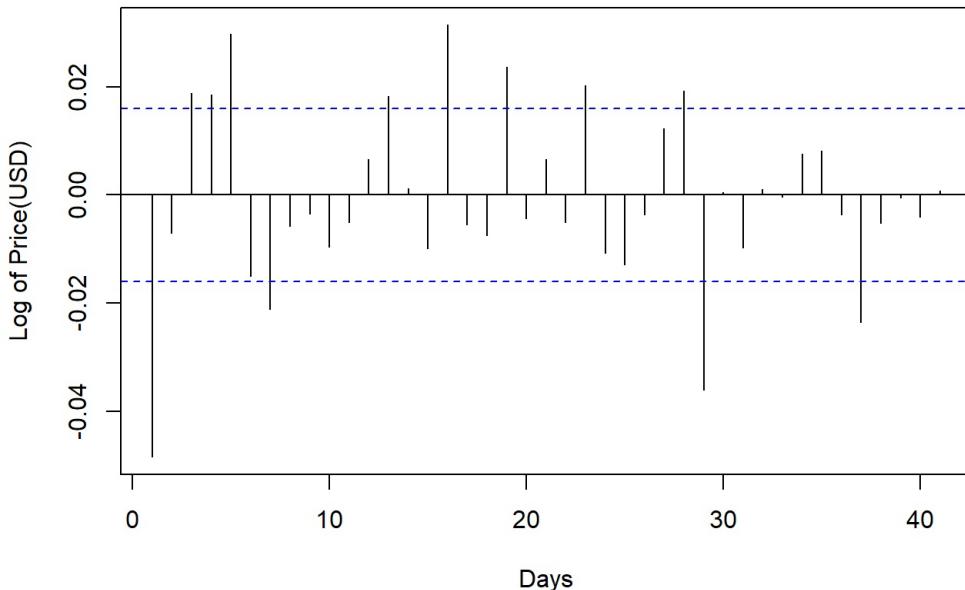
```
acf(diff(log(df1$Ounce_Price)), main = "ACF of Log return of Daily Gold Prices by ounce",
     ylab = "Log of Price(USD)", xlab = "Days")
```

ACF of Log return of Daily Gold Prices by ounce



```
pacf(diff(log(df1$Ounce_Price)), main = "PACF of Log return of Daily Gold Prices by ounce",
      ylab = "Log of Price(USD)", xlab = "Days")
```

PACF of Log return of Daily Gold Prices by ounce



There are clear cyclic trends in both graphs. As I mentioned above ACF suggests order of MA process(q), Seasonal MA process(Q) and PACF suggests order of AR process (p) and Seasonal AR process (P) for ARIMA and SARIMA.

As more clear explanation, for example when taking into account ACF plot, if there is a clear spike(s) in beginning lags it refers to the order of MA(q) and if there is a clear spike(s) after several lags from beginning it gives an idea about the order of Seasonal MA(Q) process.

This approach also works same with PACF plot to determine order of AR(p) and SAR(P) process.

After all, I tried to find best fitted model in the light of these informations. I created a for loop and since I took non-seasonal difference but not seasonal difference of observations, I manually wrote down d=1 and D=0 when creating the loop and tried best options for both AR(p), MA(q) and Seasonal-AR(P),Seasonal-MA(Q). And I also added if condition to keep sum of processes ($p+q+d+P+Q+D$) equal to or under 6, I put that condition to find simpler fitted model rather than complex ones in other words aim to obey parsimony principle rule.

```
d=1
D=0

for(p in 0:5){
  for(q in 0:4){
    for(P in 0:6){
      for(Q in 0:5){
        if( p+q+P+Q+d+D <= 6){ # parsimony principle
          model <- arima(x= log(df1$Ounce_Price), order=c(p,d,q),
                           seasonal = list(order=c(P,D,Q), frequency = 1))
          sse <- sum(resid(model)^2)
          order <- paste(p,d,q,P,D,Q)
          pval<-Box.test(model$residuals, lag=log(length(model$residuals)))
          cat(p,d,q,P,D,Q,365, 'AIC=', model$aic, ' SSE=',sse,' p-VALUE=',
               pval$p.value,'\n')
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

```
## 0 1 0 0 0 0 365 AIC= -95803.35 SSE= 1.50473 p-VALUE= 1.01415e-10
## 0 1 0 0 0 1 365 AIC= -95836.84 SSE= 1.501183 p-VALUE= 0.0001377116
## 0 1 0 0 0 2 365 AIC= -95834.92 SSE= 1.501175 p-VALUE= 0.0001460444
## 0 1 0 0 0 3 365 AIC= -95840.22 SSE= 1.500446 p-VALUE= 0.001781602
## 0 1 0 0 0 4 365 AIC= -95844.41 SSE= 1.499829 p-VALUE= 0.0153521
## 0 1 0 0 0 5 365 AIC= -95853.12 SSE= 1.49876 p-VALUE= 0.3057976
## 0 1 0 1 0 0 365 AIC= -95836.5 SSE= 1.501216 p-VALUE= 0.0001190374
## 0 1 0 1 0 1 365 AIC= -95834.71 SSE= 1.501196 p-VALUE= 0.0001300751
## 0 1 0 1 0 2 365 AIC= -95832.96 SSE= 1.501171 p-VALUE= 0.0001488464
## 0 1 0 1 0 3 365 AIC= -95844.54 SSE= 1.499816 p-VALUE= 0.01542154
## 0 1 0 1 0 4 365 AIC= -95845.47 SSE= 1.499523 p-VALUE= 0.0388503
## 0 1 0 2 0 0 365 AIC= -95835.21 SSE= 1.501146 p-VALUE= 0.000163732
## 0 1 0 2 0 1 365 AIC= -95833.11 SSE= 1.501156 p-VALUE= 0.0001582938
## 0 1 0 2 0 2 365 AIC= -95834.33 SSE= 1.500835 p-VALUE= 0.0004937969
## 0 1 0 2 0 3 365 AIC= -95840.28 SSE= 1.500041 p-VALUE= 0.006696673
## 0 1 0 3 0 0 365 AIC= -95838.64 SSE= 1.500604 p-VALUE= 0.001008024
## 0 1 0 3 0 1 365 AIC= -95842.97 SSE= 1.499972 p-VALUE= 0.00898936
```

```

## 0 1 0 3 0 2 365 AIC= -95838.68 SSE= 1.500201 p-VALUE= 0.003833601
## 0 1 0 4 0 0 365 AIC= -95841.92 SSE= 1.500077 p-VALUE= 0.006556447
## 0 1 0 4 0 1 365 AIC= -95843.82 SSE= 1.499688 p-VALUE= 0.0232791
## 0 1 0 5 0 0 365 AIC= -95853.45 SSE= 1.498727 p-VALUE= 0.3437408
## 0 1 1 0 0 0 365 AIC= -95836.84 SSE= 1.501183 p-VALUE= 0.0001377116
## 0 1 1 0 0 1 365 AIC= -95834.79 SSE= 1.501188 p-VALUE= 0.0001343345
## 0 1 1 0 0 2 365 AIC= -95832.97 SSE= 1.50117 p-VALUE= 0.0001494055
## 0 1 1 0 0 3 365 AIC= -95839.9 SSE= 1.500279 p-VALUE= 0.003256196
## 0 1 1 0 0 4 365 AIC= -95853.12 SSE= 1.49876 p-VALUE= 0.3051371
## 0 1 1 1 0 0 365 AIC= -95834.71 SSE= 1.501196 p-VALUE= 0.0001300751
## 0 1 1 1 0 1 365 AIC= -95832.73 SSE= 1.501194 p-VALUE= 0.0001311456
## 0 1 1 1 0 2 365 AIC= -95830.99 SSE= 1.501168 p-VALUE= 0.0001504628
## 0 1 1 1 0 3 365 AIC= -95843.4 SSE= 1.499729 p-VALUE= 0.02045031
## 0 1 1 2 0 0 365 AIC= -95833.11 SSE= 1.501156 p-VALUE= 0.0001582938
## 0 1 1 2 0 1 365 AIC= -95831.09 SSE= 1.501158 p-VALUE= 0.0001568134
## 0 1 1 2 0 2 365 AIC= -95843.85 SSE= 1.499685 p-VALUE= 0.0252771
## 0 1 1 3 0 0 365 AIC= -95842.97 SSE= 1.499972 p-VALUE= 0.00898936
## 0 1 1 3 0 1 365 AIC= -95842.95 SSE= 1.499775 p-VALUE= 0.01746349
## 0 1 1 4 0 0 365 AIC= -95843.82 SSE= 1.499688 p-VALUE= 0.0232791
## 0 1 2 0 0 0 365 AIC= -95834.92 SSE= 1.501175 p-VALUE= 0.0001460444
## 0 1 2 0 0 1 365 AIC= -95832.97 SSE= 1.50117 p-VALUE= 0.0001494055
## 0 1 2 0 0 2 365 AIC= -95830.98 SSE= 1.501169 p-VALUE= 0.0001492919
## 0 1 2 0 0 3 365 AIC= -95853.11 SSE= 1.498761 p-VALUE= 0.3053882
## 0 1 2 1 0 0 365 AIC= -95832.96 SSE= 1.501171 p-VALUE= 0.0001488464
## 0 1 2 1 0 1 365 AIC= -95830.99 SSE= 1.501168 p-VALUE= 0.0001504628
## 0 1 2 1 0 2 365 AIC= -95828.99 SSE= 1.501168 p-VALUE= 0.0001505077
## 0 1 2 2 0 0 365 AIC= -95834.33 SSE= 1.500835 p-VALUE= 0.0004937969
## 0 1 2 2 0 1 365 AIC= -95843.85 SSE= 1.499685 p-VALUE= 0.02527748
## 0 1 2 3 0 0 365 AIC= -95838.68 SSE= 1.500201 p-VALUE= 0.003833601
## 0 1 3 0 0 0 365 AIC= -95840.22 SSE= 1.500446 p-VALUE= 0.001781602
## 0 1 3 0 0 1 365 AIC= -95839.9 SSE= 1.500279 p-VALUE= 0.003256196
## 0 1 3 0 0 2 365 AIC= -95853.11 SSE= 1.498761 p-VALUE= 0.3053882
## 0 1 3 1 0 0 365 AIC= -95844.54 SSE= 1.499816 p-VALUE= 0.01542154
## 0 1 3 1 0 1 365 AIC= -95843.4 SSE= 1.499729 p-VALUE= 0.02045031
## 0 1 3 2 0 0 365 AIC= -95840.28 SSE= 1.500041 p-VALUE= 0.006696673
## 0 1 4 0 0 0 365 AIC= -95844.41 SSE= 1.499829 p-VALUE= 0.0153521
## 0 1 4 0 0 1 365 AIC= -95853.12 SSE= 1.49876 p-VALUE= 0.3051381
## 0 1 4 1 0 0 365 AIC= -95845.47 SSE= 1.499523 p-VALUE= 0.0388503
## 1 1 0 0 0 0 365 AIC= -95836.5 SSE= 1.501216 p-VALUE= 0.0001190374
## 1 1 0 0 0 1 365 AIC= -95834.71 SSE= 1.501196 p-VALUE= 0.0001300751
## 1 1 0 0 0 2 365 AIC= -95832.96 SSE= 1.501171 p-VALUE= 0.0001488464
## 1 1 0 0 0 3 365 AIC= -95844.54 SSE= 1.499816 p-VALUE= 0.01542154
## 1 1 0 0 0 4 365 AIC= -95845.47 SSE= 1.499523 p-VALUE= 0.0388503
## 1 1 0 1 0 0 365 AIC= -95834.62 SSE= 1.501205 p-VALUE= 0.0001248563
## 1 1 0 1 0 1 365 AIC= -95832.69 SSE= 1.501197 p-VALUE= 0.0001290157
## 1 1 0 1 0 2 365 AIC= -95830.99 SSE= 1.501168 p-VALUE= 0.0001502445
## 1 1 0 1 0 3 365 AIC= -95844.25 SSE= 1.499645 p-VALUE= 0.0269792
## 1 1 0 2 0 0 365 AIC= -95833.12 SSE= 1.501155 p-VALUE= 0.0001587021
## 1 1 0 2 0 1 365 AIC= -95831.09 SSE= 1.501158 p-VALUE= 0.000156941
## 1 1 0 2 0 2 365 AIC= -95845.03 SSE= 1.499567 p-VALUE= 0.03482763
## 1 1 0 3 0 0 365 AIC= -95841.91 SSE= 1.500078 p-VALUE= 0.006551328
## 1 1 0 3 0 1 365 AIC= -95843.78 SSE= 1.499692 p-VALUE= 0.02308623
## 1 1 0 4 0 0 365 AIC= -95842.72 SSE= 1.499798 p-VALUE= 0.01665575
## 1 1 1 0 0 0 365 AIC= -95834.71 SSE= 1.501196 p-VALUE= 0.0001300751
## 1 1 1 0 0 1 365 AIC= -95832.73 SSE= 1.501194 p-VALUE= 0.0001311456
## 1 1 1 0 0 2 365 AIC= -95830.99 SSE= 1.501168 p-VALUE= 0.0001504628
## 1 1 1 0 0 3 365 AIC= -95843.4 SSE= 1.499729 p-VALUE= 0.02045031
## 1 1 1 1 0 0 365 AIC= -95832.69 SSE= 1.501197 p-VALUE= 0.0001290157
## 1 1 1 1 0 1 365 AIC= -95830.71 SSE= 1.501196 p-VALUE= 0.000130047
## 1 1 1 1 0 2 365 AIC= -95829 SSE= 1.501167 p-VALUE= 0.0001510066
## 1 1 1 2 0 0 365 AIC= -95831.09 SSE= 1.501158 p-VALUE= 0.000156941
## 1 1 1 2 0 1 365 AIC= -95829.08 SSE= 1.501159 p-VALUE= 0.0001560564
## 1 1 1 3 0 0 365 AIC= -95843.78 SSE= 1.499692 p-VALUE= 0.02308623
## 1 1 2 0 0 0 365 AIC= -95832.96 SSE= 1.501171 p-VALUE= 0.0001488464
## 1 1 2 0 0 1 365 AIC= -95830.99 SSE= 1.501168 p-VALUE= 0.0001504628
## 1 1 2 0 0 2 365 AIC= -95828.99 SSE= 1.501168 p-VALUE= 0.0001505077
## 1 1 2 1 0 0 365 AIC= -95830.99 SSE= 1.501168 p-VALUE= 0.0001502445
## 1 1 2 1 0 1 365 AIC= -95829 SSE= 1.501167 p-VALUE= 0.0001510066
## 1 1 2 2 0 0 365 AIC= -95845.03 SSE= 1.499567 p-VALUE= 0.03479756
## 1 1 3 0 0 0 365 AIC= -95844.54 SSE= 1.499816 p-VALUE= 0.01542154
## 1 1 3 0 0 1 365 AIC= -95843.4 SSE= 1.499729 p-VALUE= 0.02045031
## 1 1 3 1 0 0 365 AIC= -95844.25 SSE= 1.499645 p-VALUE= 0.0269792
## 1 1 4 0 0 0 365 AIC= -95845.47 SSE= 1.499523 p-VALUE= 0.0388503
## 2 1 0 0 0 0 365 AIC= -95835.21 SSE= 1.501146 p-VALUE= 0.000163732
## 2 1 0 0 0 1 365 AIC= -95833.11 SSE= 1.501156 p-VALUE= 0.0001582938
## 2 1 0 0 0 2 365 AIC= -95834.33 SSE= 1.500835 p-VALUE= 0.0004937969
## 2 1 0 0 0 3 365 AIC= -95840.28 SSE= 1.500041 p-VALUE= 0.006696673
## 2 1 0 1 0 0 365 AIC= -95833.12 SSE= 1.501155 p-VALUE= 0.0001587021
## 2 1 0 1 0 1 365 AIC= -95831.09 SSE= 1.501158 p-VALUE= 0.000156941

```

```

## 2 1 0 1 0 2 365 AIC= -95845.03 SSE= 1.499567 p-VALUE= 0.03478656
## 2 1 0 2 0 0 365 AIC= -95831.12 SSE= 1.501155 p-VALUE= 0.0001582195
## 2 1 0 2 0 1 365 AIC= -95829.09 SSE= 1.501158 p-VALUE= 0.0001567065
## 2 1 0 3 0 0 365 AIC= -95853.45 SSE= 1.498727 p-VALUE= 0.3436824
## 2 1 1 0 0 0 365 AIC= -95833.11 SSE= 1.501156 p-VALUE= 0.0001582938
## 2 1 1 0 0 1 365 AIC= -95831.09 SSE= 1.501158 p-VALUE= 0.0001568134
## 2 1 1 0 0 2 365 AIC= -95843.85 SSE= 1.499685 p-VALUE= 0.02530235
## 2 1 1 1 0 0 365 AIC= -95831.09 SSE= 1.501158 p-VALUE= 0.000156941
## 2 1 1 1 0 1 365 AIC= -95829.08 SSE= 1.501159 p-VALUE= 0.0001560564
## 2 1 1 2 0 0 365 AIC= -95829.09 SSE= 1.501158 p-VALUE= 0.0001567065
## 2 1 2 0 0 0 365 AIC= -95834.33 SSE= 1.500835 p-VALUE= 0.0004937969
## 2 1 2 0 0 1 365 AIC= -95843.85 SSE= 1.499685 p-VALUE= 0.02529395
## 2 1 2 1 0 0 365 AIC= -95845.03 SSE= 1.499568 p-VALUE= 0.03473531
## 2 1 3 0 0 0 365 AIC= -95840.28 SSE= 1.500041 p-VALUE= 0.006696673
## 3 1 0 0 0 0 365 AIC= -95838.64 SSE= 1.500604 p-VALUE= 0.001008024
## 3 1 0 0 0 1 365 AIC= -95842.97 SSE= 1.499972 p-VALUE= 0.00898936
## 3 1 0 0 0 2 365 AIC= -95838.68 SSE= 1.500201 p-VALUE= 0.003833601
## 3 1 0 1 0 0 365 AIC= -95841.91 SSE= 1.500078 p-VALUE= 0.006551328
## 3 1 0 1 0 1 365 AIC= -95843.78 SSE= 1.499692 p-VALUE= 0.02308623
## 3 1 0 2 0 0 365 AIC= -95853.45 SSE= 1.498727 p-VALUE= 0.3436823
## 3 1 1 0 0 0 365 AIC= -95842.97 SSE= 1.499972 p-VALUE= 0.00898936
## 3 1 1 0 0 1 365 AIC= -95842.95 SSE= 1.499775 p-VALUE= 0.01746349
## 3 1 1 1 0 0 365 AIC= -95843.78 SSE= 1.499692 p-VALUE= 0.02308623
## 3 1 2 0 0 0 365 AIC= -95838.68 SSE= 1.500201 p-VALUE= 0.003833601
## 4 1 0 0 0 0 365 AIC= -95841.92 SSE= 1.500077 p-VALUE= 0.006556447
## 4 1 0 0 0 1 365 AIC= -95843.82 SSE= 1.499688 p-VALUE= 0.0232791
## 4 1 0 1 0 0 365 AIC= -95842.72 SSE= 1.499798 p-VALUE= 0.01665575
## 4 1 1 0 0 0 365 AIC= -95843.82 SSE= 1.499688 p-VALUE= 0.0232791
## 5 1 0 0 0 0 365 AIC= -95853.45 SSE= 1.498727 p-VALUE= 0.3437408

```

From printed results it can be seen that (0 1 0 5 0 0 1) model gives lowest AIC score among others with AIC= -95853.45 and SSE= 1.498727 and also p-VALUE= 0.3437408. This high P-value refers to the Ljung-Box statistic and allow me to reject null hypothesis in which proves that there is no any significant autocorrelation left in residuals. Same AIC level also occurred in (2,1,0,3,0,0) level, but I will use first was because it is simpler.

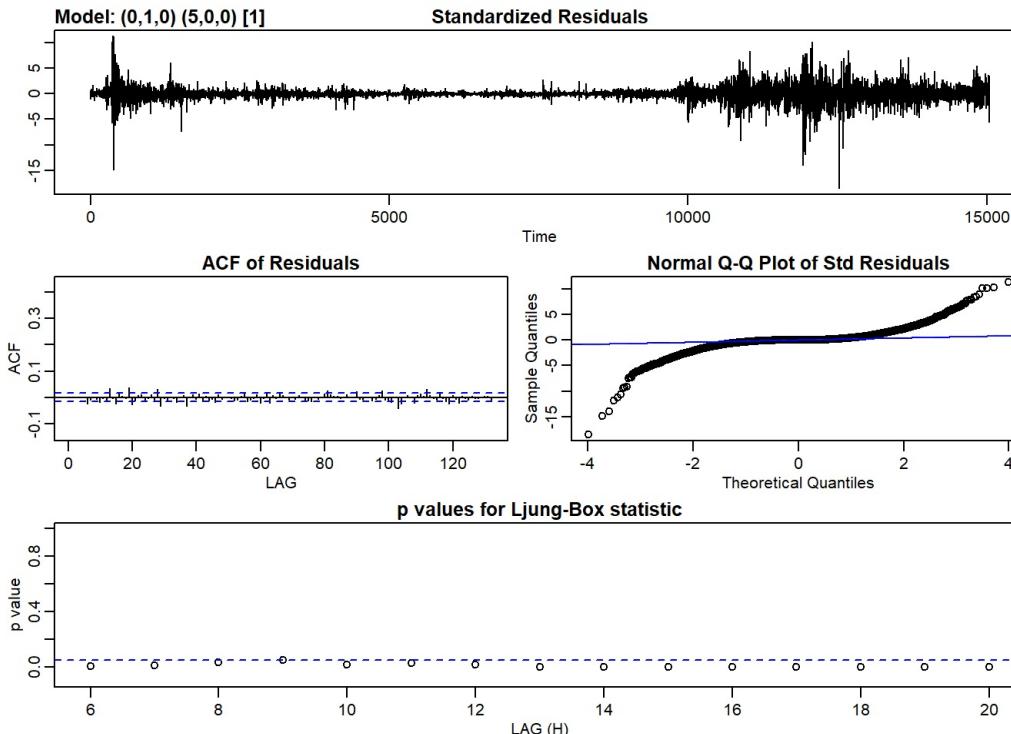
This time I will use `sarima()` function to check if the assumptions met with this AR and MA values.

```
 sarima(df1$Ounce_Price, 0,1,0,5,0,0,1)
```

```

## initial value 2.023502
## iter 2 value 2.022654
## iter 3 value 2.022652
## iter 3 value 2.022652
## iter 3 value 2.022652
## final value 2.022652
## converged
## initial value 2.022526
## iter 1 value 2.022526
## final value 2.022526
## converged

```



```

## $fit
##
## Call:
## stats::arima(x = xdata, order = c(p, d, q), seasonal = list(order = c(P, D,
##     Q), period = S), xreg = constant, transform.pars = trans, fixed = fixed,
##     optim.control = list(trace = trc, REPORT = 1, reltol = tol))
##
## Coefficients:
##             sar1      sar2      sar3      sar4      sar5  constant
##             -0.0261   -0.0128   0.0283   0.0053   0.0058    0.0920
## s.e.       0.0082   0.0082   0.0082   0.0082   0.0082    0.0617
## 
## sigma^2 estimated as 57.11:  log likelihood = -51745.87,  aic = 103505.7
## 
## $degrees_of_freedom
## [1] 15030
## 
## $tttable
##             Estimate      SE t.value p.value
## sar1      -0.0261 0.0082 -3.1990  0.0014
## sar2      -0.0128 0.0082 -1.5617  0.1184
## sar3       0.0283 0.0082  3.4625  0.0005
## sar4       0.0053 0.0082  0.6525  0.5141
## sar5       0.0058 0.0082  0.7126  0.4761
## constant    0.0920 0.0617  1.4927  0.1355
## 
## $AIC
## [1] 6.883861
## 
## $AICc
## [1] 6.883861
## 
## $BIC
## [1] 6.887407

```

From produced graphs above, although I expected a white noise in Residual distribution, it did not seem that way. Also from QQ plot I cannot say that residuals distributed normally. Lastly from ACF of residuals I can still observe some spikes above alpha and p values mostly positioned below alpha, so I rejected null hypothesis that there is no any significant autocorrelation left in the residuals.

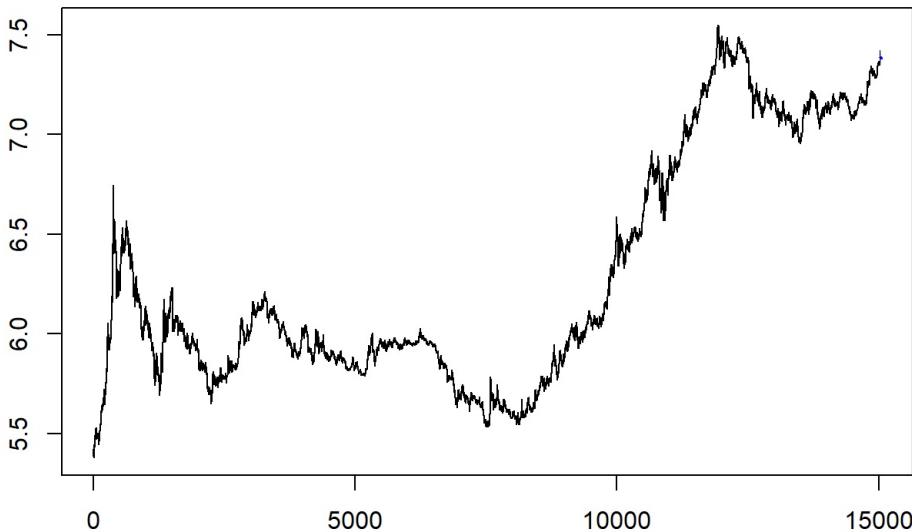
Long story short, this is not a good fitted model to this data. But I also wanted to see how this model forecasts. So I fitted a model generated with the (2 1 0 0 2) values and forecast 50 day by using this model. However the results was not enlightening as expected. It predicts same price for all 50 of predicted days. The forecast graph and results can be seen below.

```

modelx <- arima(x=log(df1$Ounce_Price), order = c(0,1,0),
                  seasonal = list(order=c(0,0,5), period=1))
plot(forecast(modelx))

```

Forecasts from ARIMA(0,1,0)



```
forecast(modelx, 50)
```

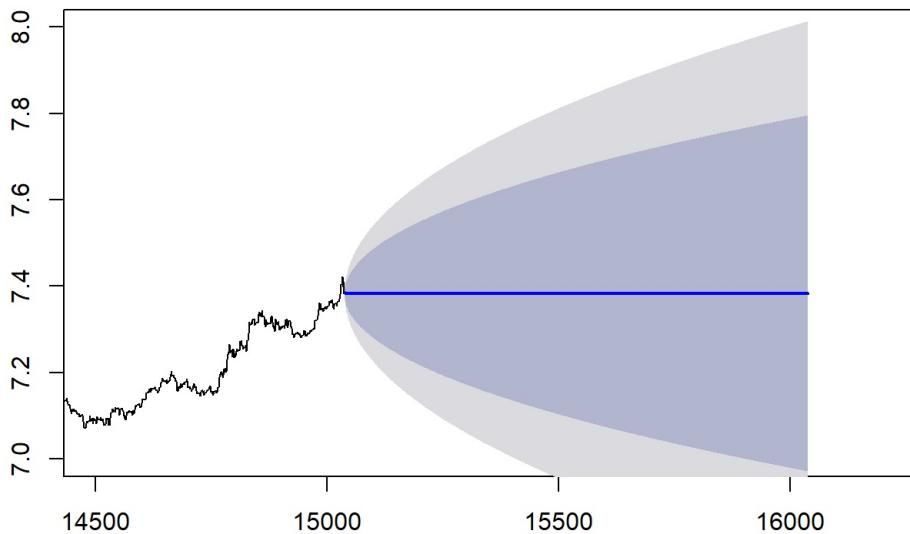
```

##      Point Forecast   Lo 80    Hi 80    Lo 95    Hi 95
## 15038     7.385075 7.372281 7.397870 7.365508 7.404643
## 15039     7.384802 7.367141 7.402463 7.357792 7.411812
## 15040     7.384138 7.362704 7.405572 7.351358 7.416918
## 15041     7.383904 7.359126 7.408681 7.346010 7.421798
## 15042     7.383215 7.355383 7.411048 7.340649 7.425781
## 15043     7.383215 7.352486 7.413944 7.336219 7.430211
## 15044     7.383215 7.349840 7.416591 7.332172 7.434258
## 15045     7.383215 7.347389 7.419042 7.328424 7.438007
## 15046     7.383215 7.345095 7.421336 7.324915 7.441515
## 15047     7.383215 7.342932 7.423499 7.321607 7.444824
## 15048     7.383215 7.340878 7.425552 7.318467 7.4447964
## 15049     7.383215 7.338920 7.427510 7.315472 7.450959
## 15050     7.383215 7.337045 7.429386 7.312604 7.453826
## 15051     7.383215 7.335243 7.431187 7.309849 7.456582
## 15052     7.383215 7.333507 7.432924 7.307193 7.459238
## 15053     7.383215 7.331829 7.434602 7.304627 7.461804
## 15054     7.383215 7.330204 7.436227 7.302142 7.464289
## 15055     7.383215 7.328628 7.437803 7.299731 7.466700
## 15056     7.383215 7.327095 7.439335 7.297387 7.469044
## 15057     7.383215 7.325604 7.440827 7.295106 7.471325
## 15058     7.383215 7.324150 7.442281 7.292883 7.473548
## 15059     7.383215 7.322731 7.443700 7.290713 7.475718
## 15060     7.383215 7.321345 7.445086 7.288592 7.477838
## 15061     7.383215 7.319989 7.446442 7.286519 7.479912
## 15062     7.383215 7.318661 7.447769 7.284488 7.481942
## 15063     7.383215 7.317361 7.449070 7.282499 7.483932
## 15064     7.383215 7.316085 7.450346 7.280548 7.485882
## 15065     7.383215 7.314833 7.451598 7.278634 7.487797
## 15066     7.383215 7.313604 7.452827 7.276754 7.489677
## 15067     7.383215 7.312396 7.454035 7.274907 7.491524
## 15068     7.383215 7.311208 7.455222 7.273090 7.493341
## 15069     7.383215 7.310040 7.456391 7.271303 7.495127
## 15070     7.383215 7.308890 7.457541 7.269545 7.496886
## 15071     7.383215 7.307757 7.458673 7.267812 7.498618
## 15072     7.383215 7.306642 7.459789 7.266106 7.500325
## 15073     7.383215 7.305542 7.460889 7.264424 7.502007
## 15074     7.383215 7.304458 7.461973 7.262766 7.503665
## 15075     7.383215 7.303388 7.463043 7.261130 7.505301
## 15076     7.383215 7.302333 7.464098 7.259516 7.506915
## 15077     7.383215 7.301291 7.465140 7.257922 7.508509
## 15078     7.383215 7.300262 7.466169 7.256349 7.510082
## 15079     7.383215 7.299246 7.467185 7.254795 7.511636
## 15080     7.383215 7.298242 7.468189 7.253259 7.513172
## 15081     7.383215 7.297249 7.469182 7.251741 7.514689
## 15082     7.383215 7.296268 7.470163 7.250241 7.516190
## 15083     7.383215 7.295298 7.471133 7.248758 7.517673
## 15084     7.383215 7.294339 7.472092 7.247290 7.519141
## 15085     7.383215 7.293389 7.473041 7.245838 7.520592
## 15086     7.383215 7.292450 7.473981 7.244402 7.522029
## 15087     7.383215 7.291520 7.474910 7.242980 7.523451

```

```
plot(forecast(modelx ,1000),xlim=c(14500,16200),ylim=c(7,8))
```

Forecasts from ARIMA(0,1,0)



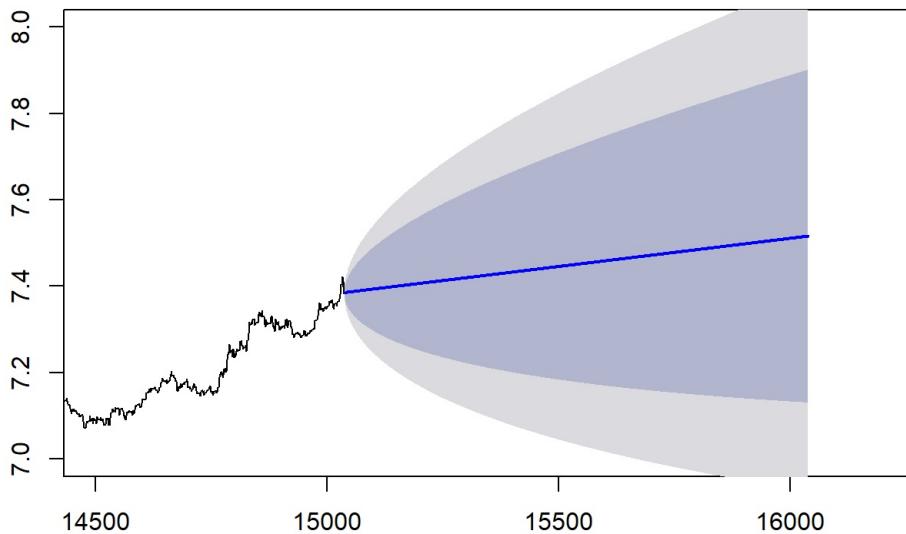
And then I tried `auto.arima()` function to forecast with the codes below;

```
summary(forecast(auto.arima(log(df1$Ounce_Price), seasonal = TRUE)))
```

```
## 
## Forecast method: ARIMA(0,1,1) with drift
## 
## Model Information:
## Series: log(df1$Ounce_Price)
## ARIMA(0,1,1) with drift
## 
## Coefficients:
##          ma1   drift
##        -0.0489  1e-04
##  s.e.    0.0082  1e-04
## 
## sigma^2 estimated as 9.983e-05:  log likelihood=47921.84
## AIC=-95837.68  AICc=-95837.68  BIC=-95814.82
## 
## Error measures:
##               ME      RMSE      MAE      MPE      MAPE
## Training set 4.458047e-07 0.009990684 0.005445101 -0.0001622851 0.08671057
##             MASE      ACF1
## Training set 1.011046 0.0001251136
## 
## Forecasts:
##       Point Forecast    Lo 80     Hi 80    Lo 95     Hi 95
## 15038    7.385275 7.372470 7.398079 7.365691 7.404858
## 15039    7.385405 7.367734 7.403076 7.358379 7.412431
## 15040    7.385536 7.364075 7.406997 7.352714 7.418358
## 15041    7.385666 7.360991 7.410342 7.347928 7.423405
## 15042    7.385797 7.358280 7.413314 7.343713 7.427881
## 15043    7.385928 7.355836 7.416019 7.339906 7.431949
## 15044    7.386058 7.353596 7.418521 7.336411 7.435705
## 15045    7.386189 7.351517 7.420860 7.333163 7.439215
## 15046    7.386319 7.349571 7.423068 7.330118 7.442521
## 15047    7.386450 7.347736 7.425164 7.327242 7.445657
```

```
plot(forecast(auto.arima(log(df1$Ounce_Price), seasonal = TRUE), 1000)
,xlim=c(14500,16200),ylim=c(7,8))
```

Forecasts from ARIMA(0,1,1) with drift



Auto arima function provides ARIMA(0,1,1) model with seasonal drift. But it provides AIC=-96073.66 , which is higher than my first model, which means worse produced results expected with this model. However its forecast results tend to increase constantly this time.

ARIMA & SARIMA with less data

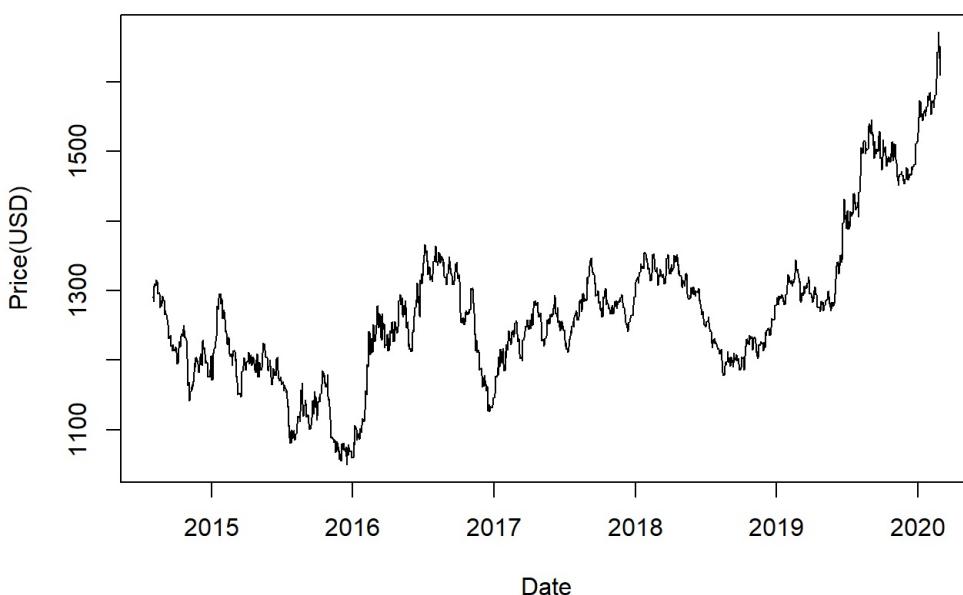
I thought this mess in my forecasts and model might be occurred because of the length of dataset. So I decided to cut the dataset and took into account some part of it when fitting model and making predictions.

I cut data beginning from 2014 August till 2020 Feb just randomly. And did some visualizations again to understand data and decide the seasonality and trend.

```
df2 <- df1[13000:nrow(df1),]

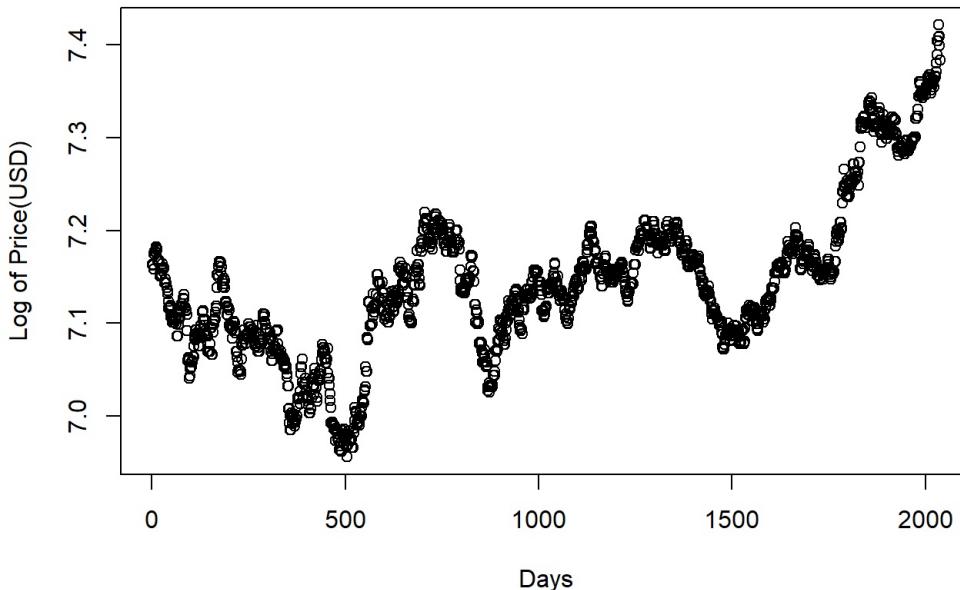
plot(df2, main="Daily Gold Prices by ounce, 01.08.2014 to 02.28.2020",
     ylab = "Price(USD)", xlab = "Date", type="l")
```

Daily Gold Prices by ounce, 01.08.2014 to 02.28.2020



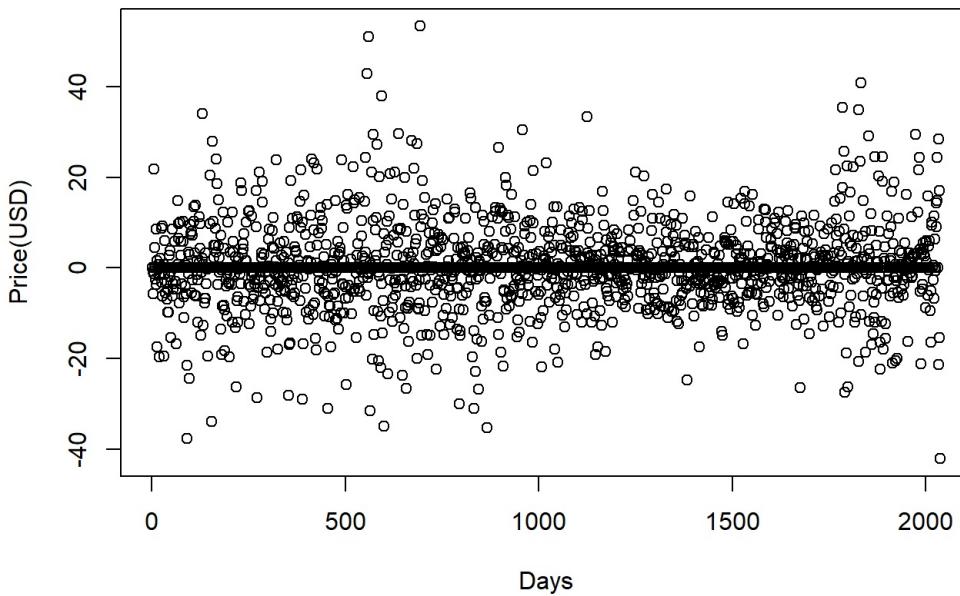
```
# it seems there is instability in variance and a clear upward trend on data
# so first I will take logarithm to stabilize variance
plot(log(df2$Ounce_Price), main = "Log of Daily Gold Prices by ounce",
     ylab = "Log of Price(USD)", xlab = "Days")
```

Log of Daily Gold Prices by ounce



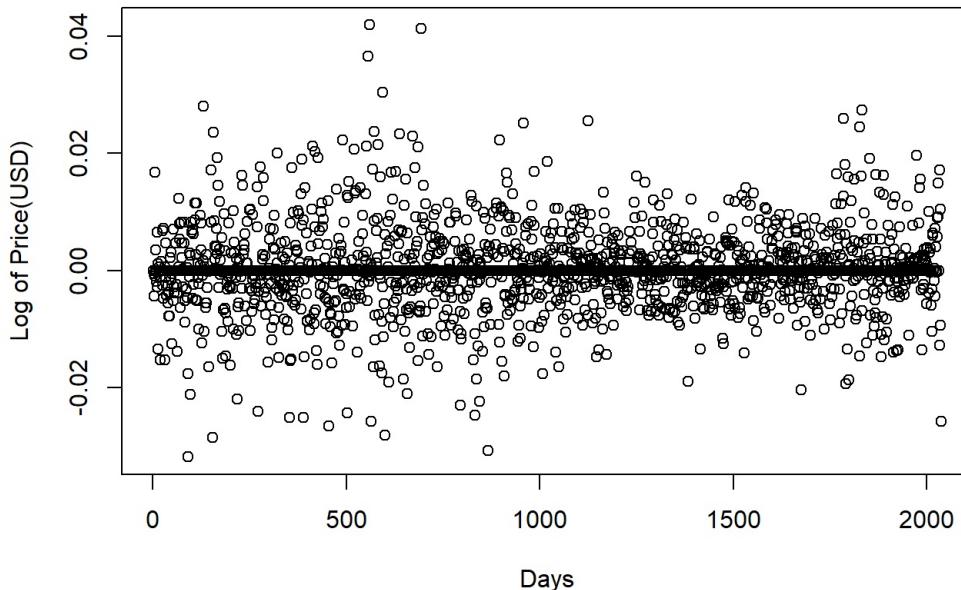
```
# now I will try to remove trend by taking difference of data
plot(diff(df2$Ounce_Price), main = "Differences of Daily Gold Prices by ounce",
     ylab = "Price(USD)", xlab = "Days")
```

Differences of Daily Gold Prices by ounce



```
# it helped to remove trend as expected.
# Now I will take log-return of data
plot(diff(log(df2$Ounce_Price)), main = "Log return of Daily Gold Prices by ounce",
     ylab = "Log of Price(USD)", xlab = "Days")
```

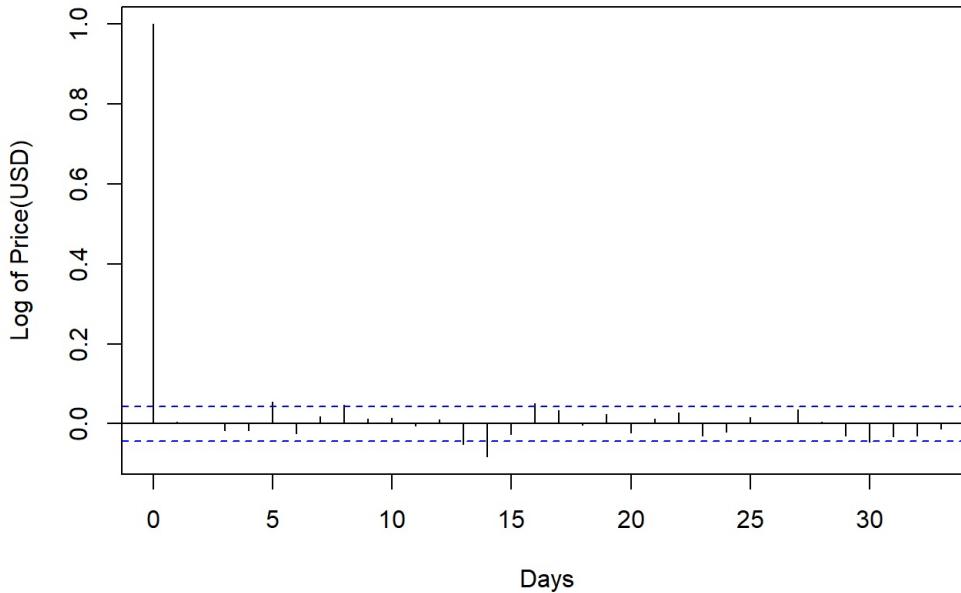
Log return of Daily Gold Prices by ounce



There is still an upward trend observed and also seasonality. So again I decided to proceed with implementing log return.

```
acf(diff(log(df2$Ounce_Price)), main = "ACF of Log return of Daily Gold Prices by ounce",
     ylab = "Log of Price(USD)", xlab = "Days")
```

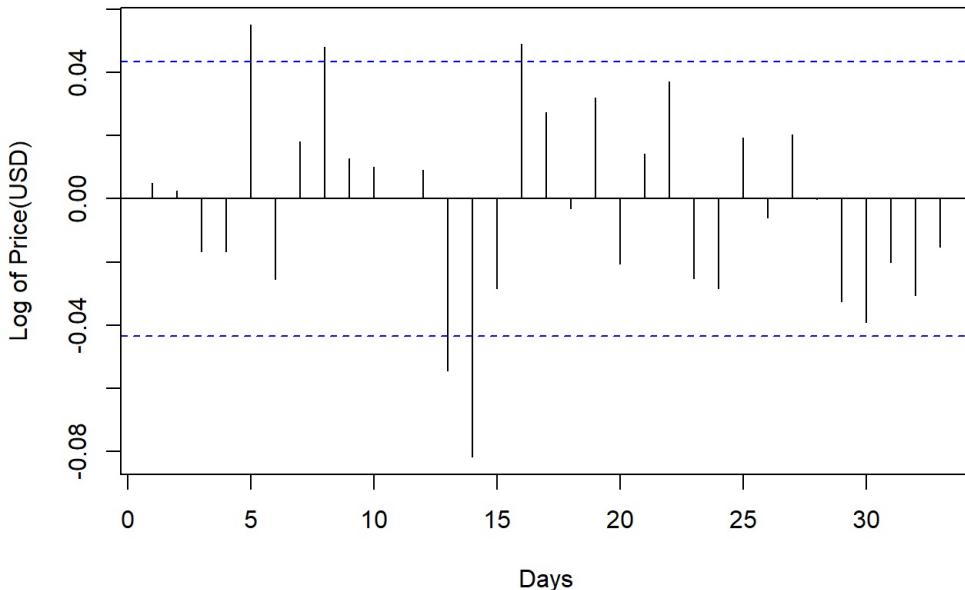
ACF of Log return of Daily Gold Prices by ounce



```
#ø it seems there is a cyclic seasonality in the dataset fro ACF plot.
```

```
pacf(diff(log(df2$Ounce_Price)), main = "PACF of Log return of Daily Gold Prices by ounce",
      ylab = "Log of Price(USD)", xlab = "Days")
```

PACF of Log return of Daily Gold Prices by ounce



The ACF plot suggests MA(0) because there is not any spikes at the beginning and SMA(≥ 2) due to the spikes after several lag. The PACF refers that AR(0) again because there is not any spikes at the beginning but SAR(≥ 2) due to the spikes after several lag.

So as I decided to take non seasonal difference but not seasonal, d becomes 1 and D=0. Again I looped several options for $p \leq 1$ $q \leq 1$ and $P \leq 4$ $Q \leq 5$ with if condition to keep their sum below 7. But this time I also determined frequency to the week with value of 7 instead of day as 1.

```
d=1
D=0

for(p in 0:1){
  for(q in 0:1){
    for(P in 0:4){
      for(Q in 0:5){
        if( p+q+P+Q+d+D <= 6){ # parsimony principle
          model <- arima(x= log(df2$Ounce_Price), order=c(p,d,q),
                           seasonal = list(order=c(P,D,Q), frequency = 7))
          sse <- sum(resid(model)^2)
          order <- paste(p,d,q,P,D,Q)
          pval<-Box.test(model$residuals, lag=log(length(model$residuals)))
          cat(p,d,q,P,D,Q,7, 'AIC=', model$aic, ' SSE=',sse,' p-VALUE=',
               pval$p.value,'\n')
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

```

## 0 1 0 0 0 0 7 AIC= -14617.12 SSE= 0.09118448 p-VALUE= 0.2608558
## 0 1 0 0 1 7 AIC= -14615.18 SSE= 0.09118186 p-VALUE= 0.2584731
## 0 1 0 0 2 7 AIC= -14613.2 SSE= 0.09118105 p-VALUE= 0.2590366
## 0 1 0 0 3 7 AIC= -14611.8 SSE= 0.09115392 p-VALUE= 0.2925342
## 0 1 0 0 4 7 AIC= -14610.3 SSE= 0.09113158 p-VALUE= 0.3348895
## 0 1 0 0 5 7 AIC= -14615.1 SSE= 0.09082744 p-VALUE= 0.9784605
## 0 1 0 1 0 0 7 AIC= -14615.18 SSE= 0.09118185 p-VALUE= 0.258453
## 0 1 0 1 0 1 7 AIC= -14613.18 SSE= 0.09118186 p-VALUE= 0.2584664
## 0 1 0 1 0 2 7 AIC= -14611.2 SSE= 0.09118107 p-VALUE= 0.2590509
## 0 1 0 1 0 3 7 AIC= -14609.81 SSE= 0.09115376 p-VALUE= 0.2926626
## 0 1 0 1 0 4 7 AIC= -14611.88 SSE= 0.09097124 p-VALUE= 0.8552784
## 0 1 0 2 0 0 7 AIC= -14613.19 SSE= 0.09118117 p-VALUE= 0.25904
## 0 1 0 2 0 1 7 AIC= -14611.2 SSE= 0.09118115 p-VALUE= 0.2590383
## 0 1 0 2 0 2 7 AIC= -14609.2 SSE= 0.09118111 p-VALUE= 0.2590801
## 0 1 0 2 0 3 7 AIC= -14615.66 SSE= 0.09080153 p-VALUE= 0.5245891
## 0 1 0 3 0 0 7 AIC= -14611.75 SSE= 0.0911562 p-VALUE= 0.2876077
## 0 1 0 3 0 1 7 AIC= -14609.75 SSE= 0.0911563 p-VALUE= 0.2877375
## 0 1 0 3 0 2 7 AIC= -14615.68 SSE= 0.09080062 p-VALUE= 0.5201874
## 0 1 0 4 0 0 7 AIC= -14610.3 SSE= 0.09113154 p-VALUE= 0.3329942
## 0 1 0 4 0 1 7 AIC= -14610.03 SSE= 0.09105315 p-VALUE= 0.5986666
## 0 1 1 0 0 0 7 AIC= -14615.18 SSE= 0.09118186 p-VALUE= 0.2584731
## 0 1 1 0 0 1 7 AIC= -14613.18 SSE= 0.09118186 p-VALUE= 0.2584658
## 0 1 1 0 0 2 7 AIC= -14611.2 SSE= 0.09118107 p-VALUE= 0.2590495
## 0 1 1 0 0 3 7 AIC= -14609.81 SSE= 0.09115376 p-VALUE= 0.2926666
## 0 1 1 0 0 4 7 AIC= -14609.62 SSE= 0.09107263 p-VALUE= 0.4582706
## 0 1 1 1 0 0 7 AIC= -14613.18 SSE= 0.09118186 p-VALUE= 0.2584664
## 0 1 1 1 0 1 7 AIC= -14611.18 SSE= 0.09118186 p-VALUE= 0.2584693
## 0 1 1 1 0 2 7 AIC= -14609.2 SSE= 0.09118108 p-VALUE= 0.2590807
## 0 1 1 1 0 3 7 AIC= -14607.81 SSE= 0.09115369 p-VALUE= 0.2923721
## 0 1 1 2 0 0 7 AIC= -14611.2 SSE= 0.09118115 p-VALUE= 0.2590383
## 0 1 1 2 0 1 7 AIC= -14609.2 SSE= 0.09118114 p-VALUE= 0.2590515
## 0 1 1 2 0 2 7 AIC= -14607.2 SSE= 0.09118111 p-VALUE= 0.2591639
## 0 1 1 3 0 0 7 AIC= -14609.75 SSE= 0.0911563 p-VALUE= 0.2877375
## 0 1 1 3 0 1 7 AIC= -14607.75 SSE= 0.09115633 p-VALUE= 0.287212
## 0 1 1 4 0 0 7 AIC= -14610.03 SSE= 0.09105315 p-VALUE= 0.5986665
## 1 1 0 0 0 0 7 AIC= -14615.18 SSE= 0.09118185 p-VALUE= 0.258453
## 1 1 0 0 0 1 7 AIC= -14613.18 SSE= 0.09118186 p-VALUE= 0.2584664
## 1 1 0 0 0 2 7 AIC= -14611.2 SSE= 0.09118107 p-VALUE= 0.2590509
## 1 1 0 0 0 3 7 AIC= -14609.81 SSE= 0.09115376 p-VALUE= 0.2926626
## 1 1 0 0 0 4 7 AIC= -14611.88 SSE= 0.09097124 p-VALUE= 0.8552784
## 1 1 0 1 0 0 7 AIC= -14613.18 SSE= 0.09118185 p-VALUE= 0.2584609
## 1 1 0 1 0 1 7 AIC= -14611.18 SSE= 0.09118185 p-VALUE= 0.2584674
## 1 1 0 1 0 2 7 AIC= -14609.2 SSE= 0.09118108 p-VALUE= 0.2590283
## 1 1 0 1 0 3 7 AIC= -14607.81 SSE= 0.0911537 p-VALUE= 0.2923719
## 1 1 0 2 0 0 7 AIC= -14611.2 SSE= 0.09118114 p-VALUE= 0.2590442
## 1 1 0 2 0 1 7 AIC= -14609.2 SSE= 0.09118114 p-VALUE= 0.2590278
## 1 1 0 2 0 2 7 AIC= -14607.2 SSE= 0.09118111 p-VALUE= 0.259058
## 1 1 0 3 0 0 7 AIC= -14609.75 SSE= 0.0911563 p-VALUE= 0.2877021
## 1 1 0 3 0 1 7 AIC= -14611.58 SSE= 0.09098498 p-VALUE= 0.8699916
## 1 1 0 4 0 0 7 AIC= -14614.67 SSE= 0.09084671 p-VALUE= 0.9746426
## 1 1 1 0 0 0 7 AIC= -14613.18 SSE= 0.09118186 p-VALUE= 0.2584664
## 1 1 1 0 0 1 7 AIC= -14611.18 SSE= 0.09118186 p-VALUE= 0.2584693
## 1 1 1 0 0 2 7 AIC= -14609.2 SSE= 0.09118108 p-VALUE= 0.2590807
## 1 1 1 0 0 3 7 AIC= -14607.81 SSE= 0.09115369 p-VALUE= 0.2923721
## 1 1 1 1 0 0 7 AIC= -14611.18 SSE= 0.09118185 p-VALUE= 0.2584674
## 1 1 1 1 0 1 7 AIC= -14609.18 SSE= 0.09118186 p-VALUE= 0.2584718
## 1 1 1 1 0 2 7 AIC= -14607.2 SSE= 0.09118108 p-VALUE= 0.2590396
## 1 1 1 2 0 0 7 AIC= -14609.2 SSE= 0.09118114 p-VALUE= 0.2590278
## 1 1 1 2 0 1 7 AIC= -14607.2 SSE= 0.09118113 p-VALUE= 0.259003
## 1 1 1 3 0 0 7 AIC= -14611.58 SSE= 0.09098498 p-VALUE= 0.8699916

```

This time for loop provides ARIMA(0 1 0 0 0) as my best option with lowest AIC= -14617.12 and SSE= 0.09118448. And (0 1 0 2 0 3) as my second best option with AIC= -14615.66 SSE= 0.09080153.

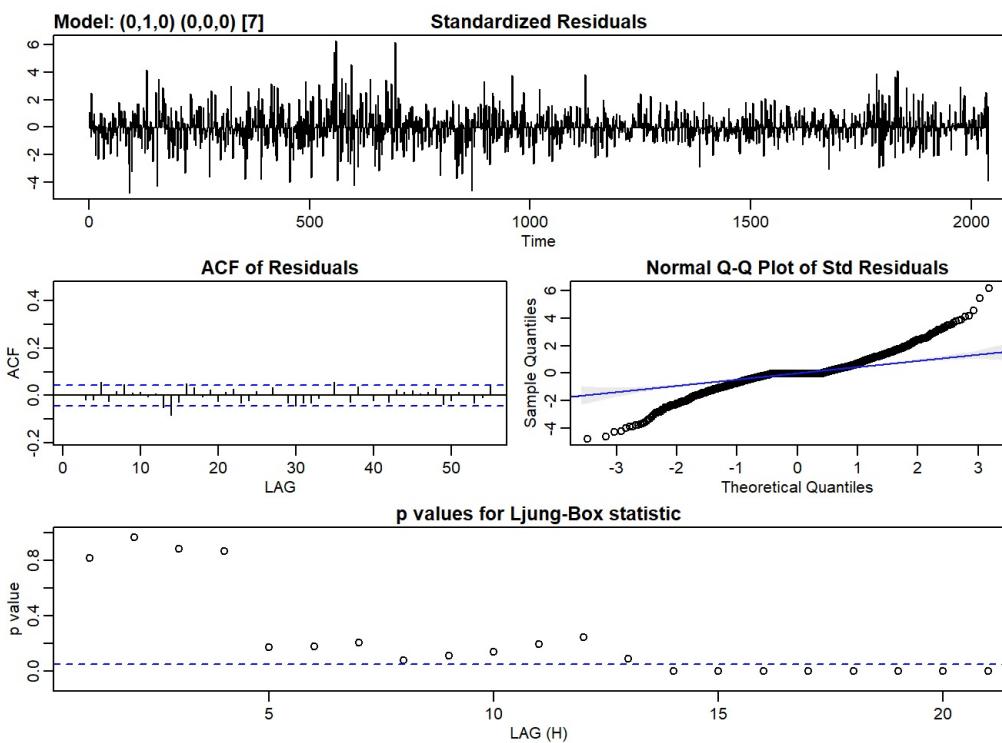
I tried both to see if the assumptions are met.

```
sarima(log(df2$Ounce_Price), 0,1,0,0,0,0,7)
```

```

## initial value -5.007464
## iter 1 value -5.007464
## final value -5.007464
## converged
## initial value -5.007464
## iter 1 value -5.007464
## final value -5.007464
## converged

```



```

## $fit
##
## Call:
## stats::arima(x = xdata, order = c(p, d, q), seasonal = list(order = c(P, D,
##   Q), period = S), xreg = constant, transform.pars = trans, fixed = fixed,
##   optim.control = list(trace = trc, REPORT = 1, reltol = tol))
##
## Coefficients:
##           Estimate      SE t.value p.value
## constant    1e-04  1e-04  0.7226   0.47
## 
## $AIC
## [1] -7.175088
## 
## $AICc
## [1] -7.175087
## 
## $BIC
## [1] -7.169571

```

From plots drawn residuals did not quite normally distributed, inspite of their distribution seems white. And also from p-values generated from Ljung-Box statistic there are still significant autocorrelation left in residuals.

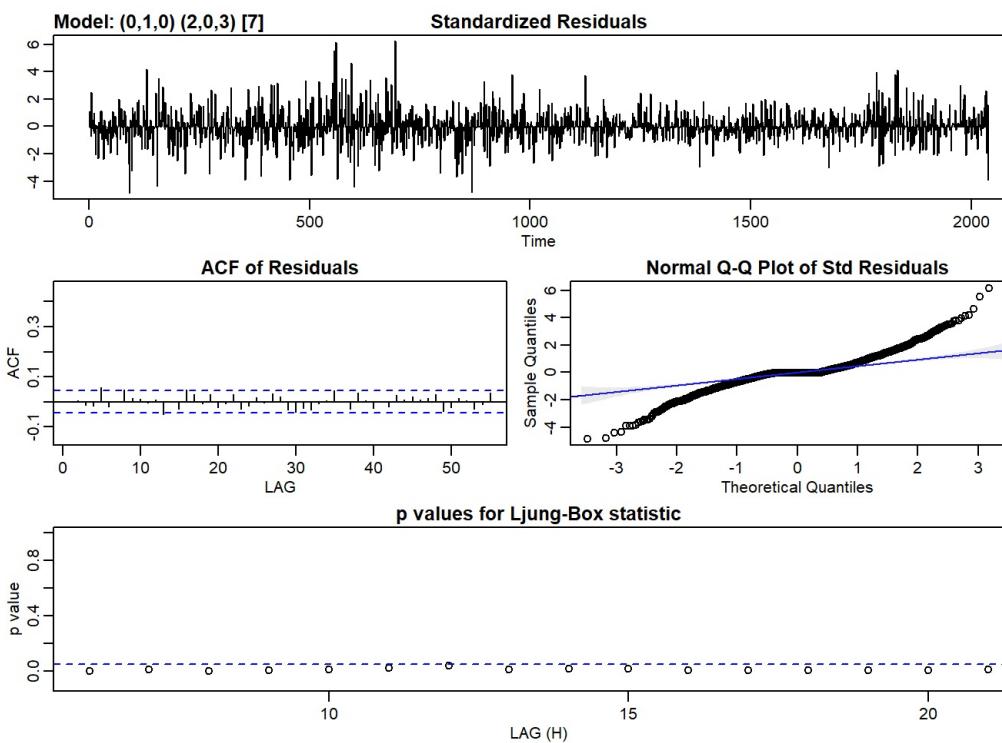
```
 sarima(log(df2$Ounce_Price), 0,1,0,2,0,3,7)
```

```

## initial value -5.007039
## iter  2 value -5.008007
## iter  3 value -5.011251
## iter  4 value -5.011262
## iter  5 value -5.011274
## iter  6 value -5.011312
## iter  7 value -5.011394
## iter  8 value -5.011545
## iter  9 value -5.011738
## iter 10 value -5.011972
## iter 11 value -5.012013
## iter 12 value -5.012015
## iter 13 value -5.012016
## iter 14 value -5.012017
## iter 15 value -5.012017

```

```
## iter 16 value -5.012017
## iter 17 value -5.012017
## iter 18 value -5.012018
## iter 19 value -5.012019
## iter 20 value -5.012019
## iter 21 value -5.012019
## iter 22 value -5.012020
## iter 23 value -5.012020
## iter 24 value -5.012022
## iter 25 value -5.012027
## iter 26 value -5.012036
## iter 27 value -5.012044
## iter 28 value -5.012052
## iter 29 value -5.012056
## iter 30 value -5.012059
## iter 31 value -5.012060
## iter 32 value -5.012064
## iter 33 value -5.012071
## iter 34 value -5.012079
## iter 35 value -5.012084
## iter 36 value -5.012085
## iter 37 value -5.012086
## iter 38 value -5.012086
## iter 39 value -5.012087
## iter 40 value -5.012089
## iter 41 value -5.012090
## iter 42 value -5.012090
## iter 43 value -5.012090
## iter 44 value -5.012091
## iter 45 value -5.012093
## iter 46 value -5.012096
## iter 47 value -5.012100
## iter 48 value -5.012102
## iter 49 value -5.012104
## iter 50 value -5.012108
## iter 51 value -5.012116
## iter 52 value -5.012130
## iter 53 value -5.012144
## iter 54 value -5.012149
## iter 55 value -5.012151
## iter 56 value -5.012152
## iter 57 value -5.012154
## iter 58 value -5.012157
## iter 59 value -5.012160
## iter 60 value -5.012161
## iter 61 value -5.012161
## iter 61 value -5.012161
## iter 61 value -5.012161
## final value -5.012161
## converged
## initial value -5.011804
## iter 2 value -5.011816
## iter 3 value -5.011819
## iter 4 value -5.011819
## iter 5 value -5.011820
## iter 6 value -5.011823
## iter 7 value -5.011824
## iter 8 value -5.011824
## iter 9 value -5.011825
## iter 10 value -5.011826
## iter 11 value -5.011827
## iter 12 value -5.011829
## iter 13 value -5.011830
## iter 14 value -5.011830
## iter 14 value -5.011830
## final value -5.011830
## converged
```



```

## $fit
##
## Call:
## stats::arima(x = xdata, order = c(p, d, q), seasonal = list(order = c(P, D,
##   Q), period = S), xreg = constant, transform.pars = trans, fixed = fixed,
##   optim.control = list(trace = trc, REPORT = 1, reltol = tol))
##
## Coefficients:
##             sar1     sar2     smal     sma2     sma3   constant
##             -0.3802   0.1040   0.4046  -0.1807  -0.0109    1e-04
## s.e.      0.7035   0.2826   0.7034   0.2940   0.0638    1e-04
## 
## sigma^2 estimated as 4.434e-05: log likelihood = 7318.72,  aic = -14623.44
##
## $degrees_of_freedom
## [1] 2031
##
## $tttable
##             Estimate     SE t.value p.value
## sar1      -0.3802  0.7035 -0.5403  0.5890
## sar2       0.1040  0.2826  0.3681  0.7128
## smal       0.4046  0.7034  0.5752  0.5652
## sma2      -0.1807  0.2940 -0.6147  0.5388
## sma3      -0.0109  0.0638 -0.1713  0.8640
## constant    0.0001  0.0001  0.7461  0.4557
## 
## $AIC
## [1] -7.17891
##
## $AICc
## [1] -7.17889
##
## $BIC
## [1] -7.1596

```

Again from plots drawn, results seems not changed that much.

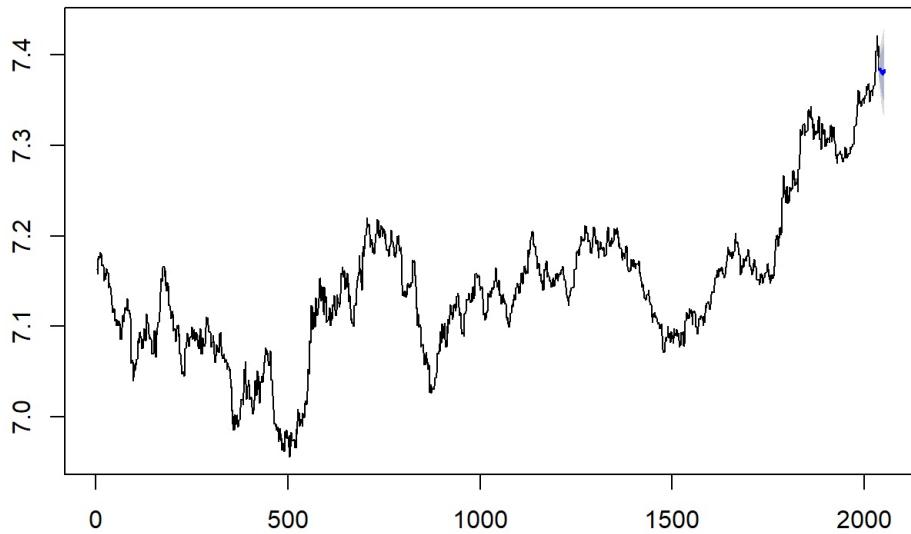
I also wanted to see their forecast capabilities, so I drew plots below for second model. It has a little fluctuation on forecasted prices.

```

modelx <- arima(x=log(df2$Ounce_Price), order = c(0,1,0),
                  seasonal = list(order=c(2,0,3), period=7))
plot(forecast(modelx))

```

Forecasts from ARIMA(0,1,0)(2,0,3)[7]



```
forecast(modelx, 50)
```

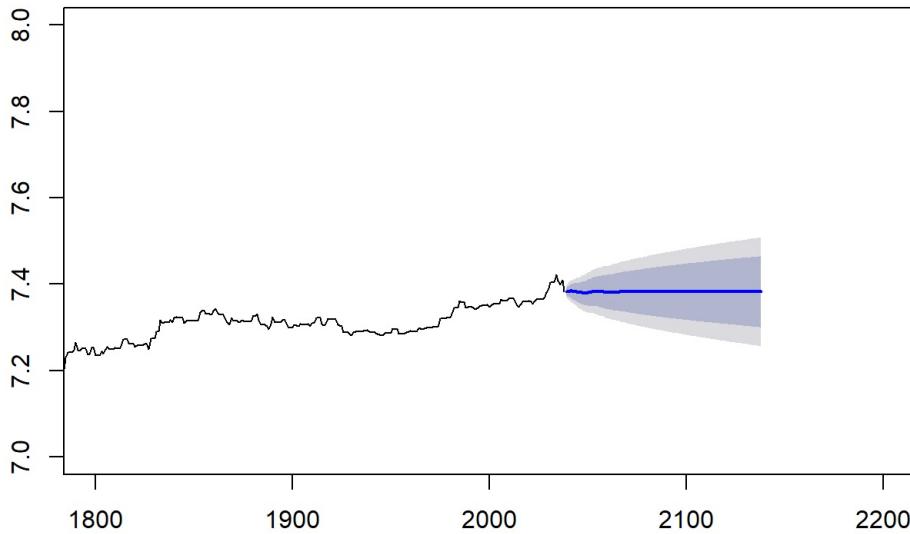
```

##      Point Forecast    Lo 80     Hi 80     Lo 95     Hi 95
## 2039      7.383896 7.375361 7.392432 7.370843 7.396950
## 2040      7.383896 7.371825 7.395967 7.365435 7.402357
## 2041      7.384580 7.369796 7.399364 7.361970 7.407190
## 2042      7.384013 7.366943 7.401084 7.357906 7.410121
## 2043      7.382932 7.363846 7.402018 7.353743 7.412121
## 2044      7.382563 7.361656 7.403471 7.350588 7.414538
## 2045      7.380698 7.358116 7.403281 7.346161 7.415235
## 2046      7.380698 7.356482 7.404914 7.343663 7.417733
## 2047      7.380698 7.354953 7.406444 7.341324 7.420073
## 2048      7.379114 7.351925 7.406304 7.337532 7.420697
## 2049      7.380298 7.351737 7.408858 7.336618 7.423977
## 2050      7.381462 7.351593 7.411330 7.335781 7.427142
## 2051      7.380717 7.349595 7.411839 7.333120 7.428314
## 2052      7.383291 7.350965 7.415618 7.333852 7.432730
## 2053      7.383291 7.349983 7.416600 7.332350 7.434232
## 2054      7.383291 7.349029 7.417553 7.330892 7.435691
## 2055      7.383872 7.348682 7.419062 7.330054 7.437691
## 2056      7.383432 7.347338 7.419526 7.328231 7.438633
## 2057      7.382948 7.345972 7.419924 7.326398 7.439498
## 2058      7.383130 7.345293 7.420967 7.325263 7.440997
## 2059      7.382081 7.343401 7.420760 7.322925 7.441236
## 2060      7.382081 7.342524 7.421637 7.321584 7.442577
## 2061      7.382081 7.341667 7.422495 7.320273 7.443889
## 2062      7.381727 7.340473 7.422981 7.318634 7.444820
## 2063      7.381991 7.339914 7.424069 7.317640 7.446343
## 2064      7.382253 7.339368 7.425137 7.316666 7.447839
## 2065      7.382089 7.338412 7.425766 7.315290 7.448887
## 2066      7.382666 7.338211 7.427122 7.314677 7.450655
## 2067      7.382666 7.337475 7.427858 7.313552 7.451781
## 2068      7.382666 7.336750 7.428582 7.312444 7.452888
## 2069      7.382799 7.336171 7.429428 7.311487 7.454112
## 2070      7.382699 7.335368 7.430030 7.310312 7.455085
## 2071      7.382588 7.334565 7.430611 7.309144 7.456033
## 2072      7.382631 7.333926 7.431337 7.308143 7.457120
## 2073      7.382392 7.333015 7.431770 7.306875 7.457909
## 2074      7.382392 7.332341 7.432443 7.305846 7.458939
## 2075      7.382392 7.331677 7.433108 7.304830 7.459955
## 2076      7.382313 7.330942 7.433684 7.303748 7.460879
## 2077      7.382372 7.330354 7.434391 7.302817 7.461928
## 2078      7.382431 7.329773 7.435089 7.301898 7.462964
## 2079      7.382395 7.329105 7.435685 7.300895 7.463895
## 2080      7.382525 7.328610 7.436439 7.300070 7.464979
## 2081      7.382525 7.327999 7.437051 7.299134 7.465915
## 2082      7.382525 7.327393 7.437656 7.298209 7.466840
## 2083      7.382555 7.326825 7.438285 7.297324 7.467786
## 2084      7.382532 7.326210 7.438854 7.296395 7.468669
## 2085      7.382507 7.325599 7.439415 7.295474 7.469540
## 2086      7.382517 7.325029 7.440005 7.294597 7.470437
## 2087      7.382463 7.324400 7.440525 7.293664 7.471261
## 2088      7.382463 7.323830 7.441095 7.292792 7.472134

```

```
plot(forecast(modelx ,100),xlim=c(1800,2200),ylim=c(7,8))
```

Forecasts from ARIMA(0,1,0)(2,0,3)[7]



I also tried auto arima function again, at first it provides ARIMA(0,1,0) with AIC=-14617.12.

```
auto.arima(log(df2$Ounce_Price), seasonal = TRUE)
```

```
## Series: log(df2$Ounce_Price)
## ARIMA(0,1,0)
##
## sigma^2 estimated as 4.476e-05:  log likelihood=7309.56
## AIC=-14617.12  AICc=-14617.12  BIC=-14611.5
```

Then I pushed it to see if there is a better option, so it provides ARIMA(4,1,1) with higher AIC=-14610.03 which is worse than its first production according to AIC levels.

```
auto.arima(log(df2$Ounce_Price), start.P = 2, start.Q = 2, max.order = 6,
d=1, ic="aic", trace=TRUE, stepwise = FALSE)
```

```

## 
## Fitting models using approximations to speed things up...
##
## ARIMA(0,1,0) : -14607.11
## ARIMA(0,1,0) with drift : -14605.64
## ARIMA(0,1,1) : -14605.16
## ARIMA(0,1,1) with drift : -14603.69
## ARIMA(0,1,2) : -14603.18
## ARIMA(0,1,2) with drift : -14601.71
## ARIMA(0,1,3) : -14601.79
## ARIMA(0,1,3) with drift : -14600.33
## ARIMA(0,1,4) : -14600.29
## ARIMA(0,1,4) with drift : -14598.85
## ARIMA(0,1,5) : -14605.07
## ARIMA(0,1,5) with drift : -14603.58
## ARIMA(1,1,0) : -14604.16
## ARIMA(1,1,0) with drift : -14602.69
## ARIMA(1,1,1) : -14602.16
## ARIMA(1,1,1) with drift : -14600.69
## ARIMA(1,1,2) : -14600.18
## ARIMA(1,1,2) with drift : -14598.71
## ARIMA(1,1,3) : -14598.79
## ARIMA(1,1,3) with drift : -14597.34
## ARIMA(1,1,4) : -14600.86
## ARIMA(1,1,4) with drift : -14599.42
## ARIMA(1,1,5) : -14603.07
## ARIMA(1,1,5) with drift : -14601.59
## ARIMA(2,1,0) : -14601.18
## ARIMA(2,1,0) with drift : -14599.7
## ARIMA(2,1,1) : -14599.18
## ARIMA(2,1,1) with drift : -14597.7
## ARIMA(2,1,2) : -14597.18
## ARIMA(2,1,2) with drift : -14595.71
## ARIMA(2,1,3) : -14603.66
## ARIMA(2,1,3) with drift : -14601.98
## ARIMA(2,1,4) : -14603.74
## ARIMA(2,1,4) with drift : -14602.3
## ARIMA(3,1,0) : -14598.74
## ARIMA(3,1,0) with drift : -14597.29
## ARIMA(3,1,1) : -14596.74
## ARIMA(3,1,1) with drift : -14595.29
## ARIMA(3,1,2) : -14603.05
## ARIMA(3,1,2) with drift : -14601.67
## ARIMA(3,1,3) : -14600.81
## ARIMA(3,1,3) with drift : -14599.14
## ARIMA(4,1,0) : -14596.74
## ARIMA(4,1,0) with drift : -14595.33
## ARIMA(4,1,1) : -14607.79
## ARIMA(4,1,1) with drift : -14606.42
## ARIMA(4,1,2) : -14606.14
## ARIMA(4,1,2) with drift : -14604.73
## ARIMA(5,1,0) : -14606.45
## ARIMA(5,1,0) with drift : -14604.9
## ARIMA(5,1,1) : -14605.57
## ARIMA(5,1,1) with drift : -14604.04
##
## Now re-fitting the best model(s) without approximations...
##
##
##
##
## Best model: ARIMA(4,1,1)

```

```

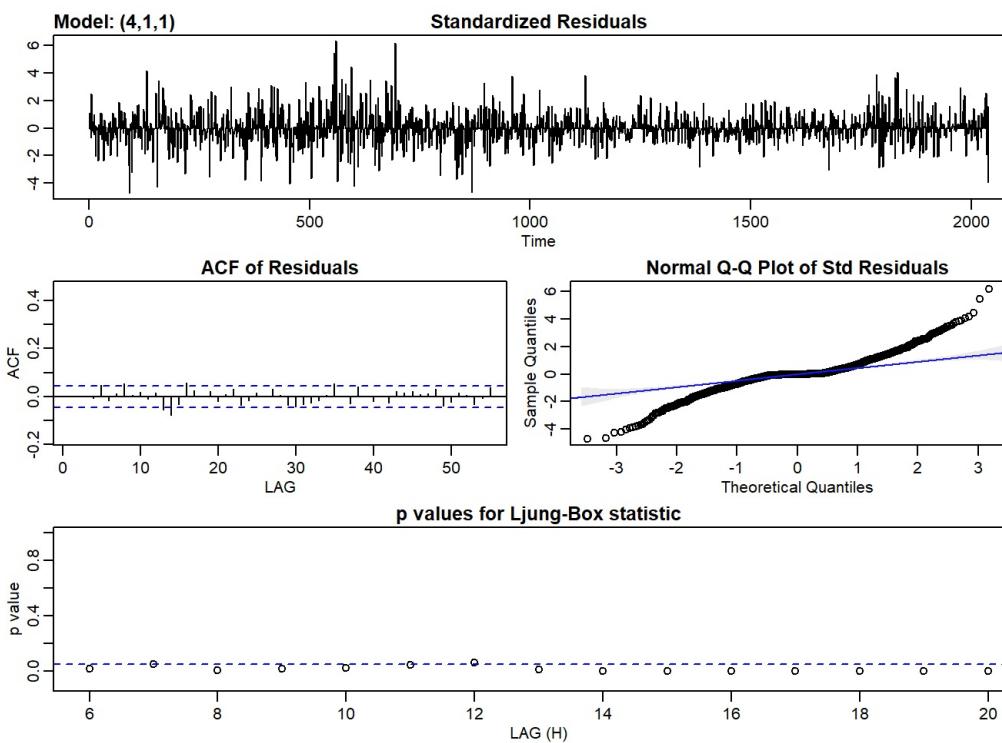
## Series: log(df2$Ounce_Price)
## ARIMA(4,1,1)
##
## Coefficients:
##          ar1     ar2     ar3     ar4     ma1
##         -0.9690  0.0081 -0.0137 -0.0241  0.9751
## s.e.    0.0295  0.0309  0.0309  0.0225  0.0194
## 
## sigma^2 estimated as 4.481e-05: log likelihood=7311.02
## AIC=-14610.03   AICc=-14609.99   BIC=-14576.32

```

I also checked its assumptions but still they did not met.

```
sarima(log(df2$Ounce_Price), 4,1,1)
```

```
## initial value -5.006599
## iter 2 value -5.006889
## iter 3 value -5.006896
## iter 4 value -5.006906
## iter 5 value -5.006908
## iter 6 value -5.006940
## iter 7 value -5.007005
## iter 8 value -5.007269
## iter 9 value -5.007386
## iter 10 value -5.007516
## iter 11 value -5.007931
## iter 12 value -5.008030
## iter 13 value -5.008367
## iter 14 value -5.009311
## iter 15 value -5.009517
## iter 16 value -5.009796
## iter 17 value -5.009974
## iter 18 value -5.010028
## iter 19 value -5.010038
## iter 20 value -5.010070
## iter 21 value -5.010099
## iter 22 value -5.010106
## iter 23 value -5.010109
## iter 24 value -5.010109
## iter 25 value -5.010110
## iter 25 value -5.010110
## iter 25 value -5.010110
## final value -5.010110
## converged
## initial value -5.007928
## iter 2 value -5.008181
## iter 3 value -5.008184
## iter 4 value -5.008184
## iter 5 value -5.008184
## iter 6 value -5.008185
## iter 7 value -5.008185
## iter 8 value -5.008185
## iter 9 value -5.008185
## iter 10 value -5.008186
## iter 11 value -5.008186
## iter 12 value -5.008186
## iter 13 value -5.008187
## iter 14 value -5.008188
## iter 15 value -5.008188
## iter 16 value -5.008188
## iter 16 value -5.008188
## iter 16 value -5.008188
## final value -5.008188
## converged
```



```

## $fit
##
## Call:
## stats::arima(x = xdata, order = c(p, d, q), seasonal = list(order = c(P, D,
##   Q), period = S), xreg = constant, transform.pars = trans, fixed = fixed,
##   optim.control = list(trace = trc, REPORT = 1, reltol = tol))
##
## Coefficients:
##             ar1      ar2      ar3      ar4      ma1  constant
##           -0.9658  0.0075 -0.0143 -0.0248  0.9718    1e-04
## s.e.       0.0322  0.0309  0.0309  0.0225  0.0234    1e-04
##
## sigma^2 estimated as 4.466e-05: log likelihood = 7311.3,  aic = -14608.6
##
## $degrees_of_freedom
## [1] 2031
##
## $tttable
##             Estimate      SE  t.value p.value
## ar1      -0.9658 0.0322 -30.0001  0.0000
## ar2       0.0075 0.0309   0.2445  0.8069
## ar3      -0.0143 0.0309  -0.4633  0.6432
## ar4      -0.0248 0.0225  -1.1053  0.2692
## ma1       0.9718 0.0234  41.5568  0.0000
## constant  0.0001 0.0001    0.7272  0.4672
##
## $AIC
## [1] -7.171627
##
## $AICc
## [1] -7.171607
##
## $BIC
## [1] -7.152317

```

ARIMA & SARIMA after decomposition

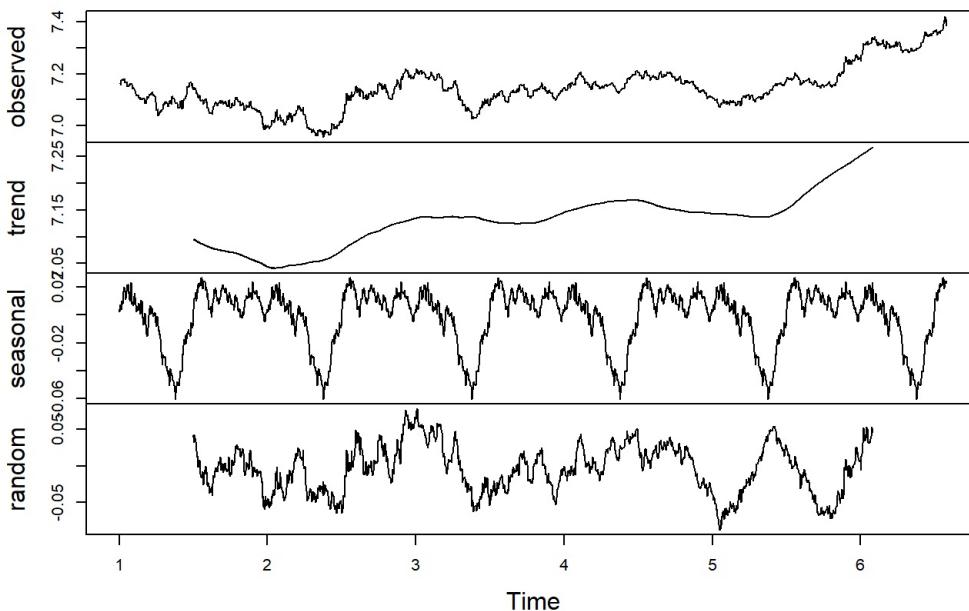
I thought there is still something is missing or wrong in my model trials. So I decided to decompose the dataset to see a better picture about trend and seasonality.

```

comps <- decompose(ts(log(df2$Ounce_Price), deltat= 1/365))
plot(comps)

```

Decomposition of additive time series

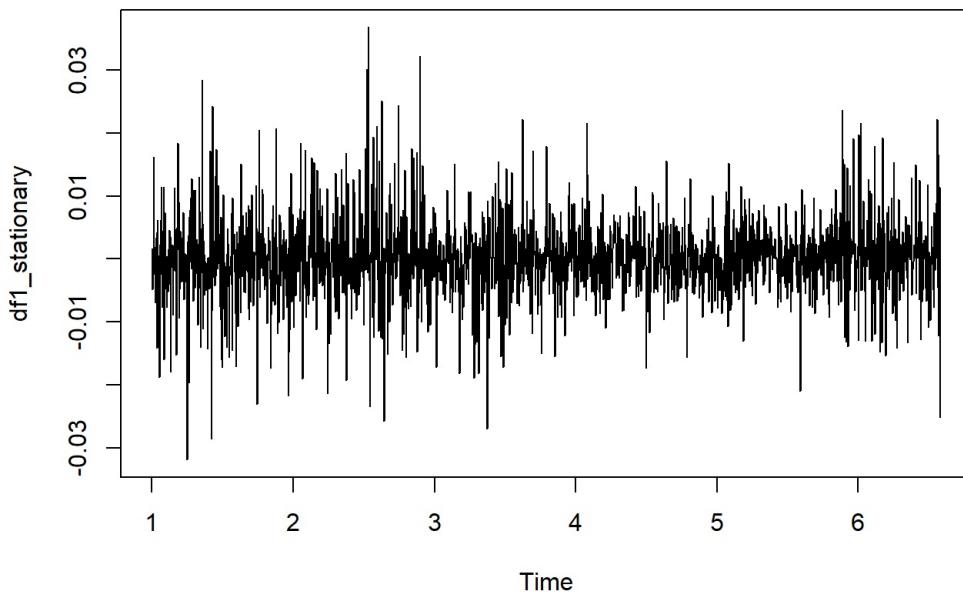


```
summary(comps)
```

```
##          Length Class  Mode
## x         2038   ts   numeric
## seasonal 2038   ts   numeric
## trend     2038   ts   numeric
## random    2038   ts   numeric
## figure    365    -none- numeric
## type      1      -none- character
```

I removed seasonality and took the difference to make my dataset stationary with the codes below.

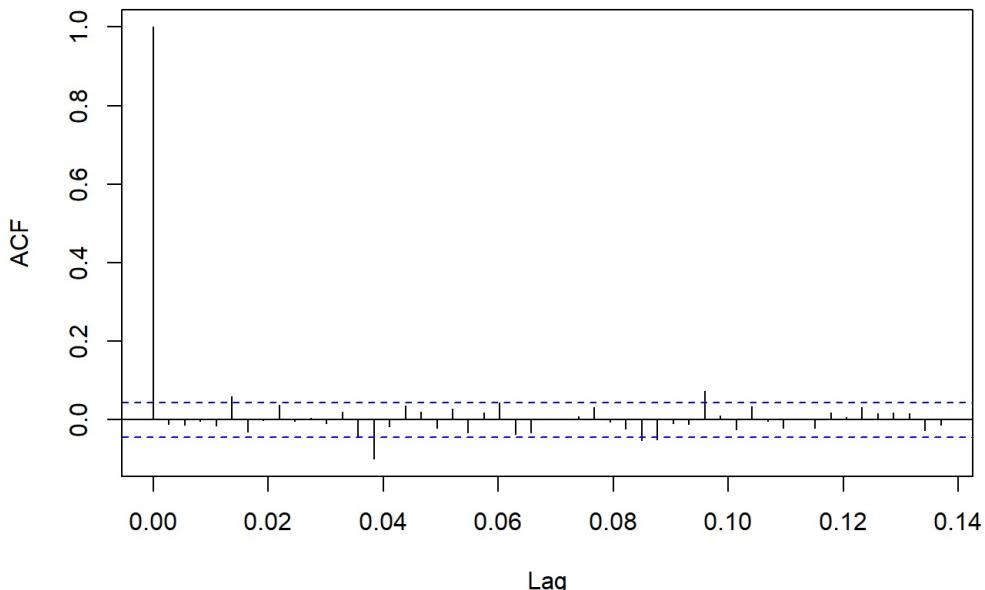
```
x <- log(df2$Ounce_Price) - comps$seasonal
df1_stationary <- diff(x, differences = 1)
plot(df1_stationary)
```



It is ready to fit a model now, but first I will check ACF and PACF to determine AR and MA processes.

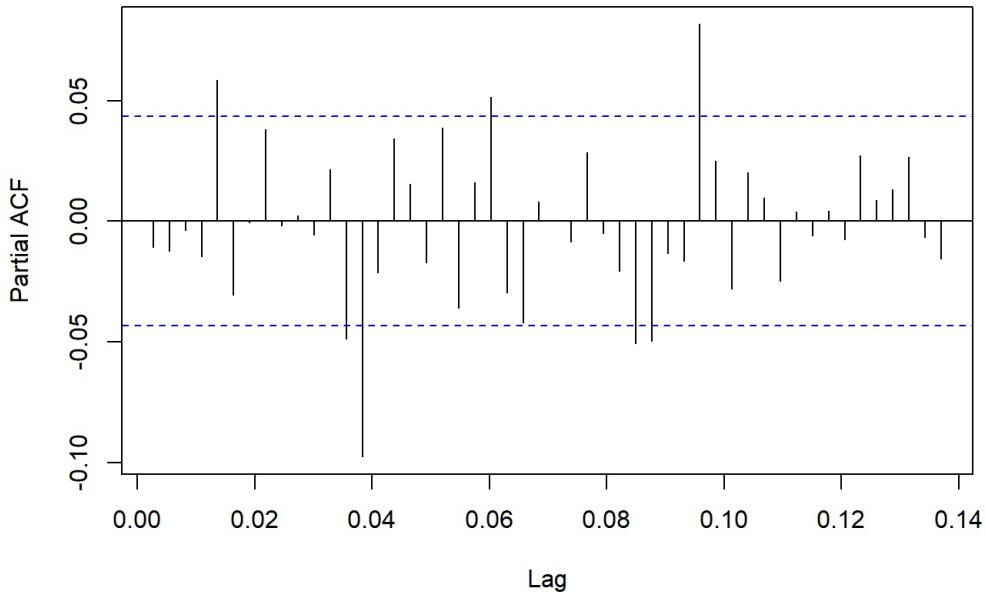
```
acf(df1_stationary, lag.max = 50)
```

Series df1_stationary



```
pacf(df1_stationary, lag.max = 50)
```

Series df1_stationary



As it can be seen, it is clear that there are more than 1 seasonal spikes in both ACF and PACF plots.

SO I again generated a for loop with this time frequency level 5 and for $p \leq 1$ $q \leq 1$ and $P \leq 5$ $Q \leq 4$ with if condition to keep their sum below 7.

```
d=1
D=0

for(p in 0:1){
  for(q in 0:1){
    for(P in 0:5){
      for(Q in 0:4){
        if( p+q+P+Q+d+D <= 6){ # parsimony principle
          model <- arima(x= log(df2$Ounce_Price), order=c(p,d,q),
                           seasonal = list(order=c(P,D,Q), frequency = 5))
          sse <- sum(resid(model)^2)
          order <- paste(p,d,q,P,D,Q)
          pval<-Box.test(model$residuals, lag=log(length(model$residuals)))
          cat(p,d,q,P,D,Q,5, 'AIC=', model$aic, ' SSE=',sse,' p-VALUE=',
              pval$p.value,'\n')
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

```

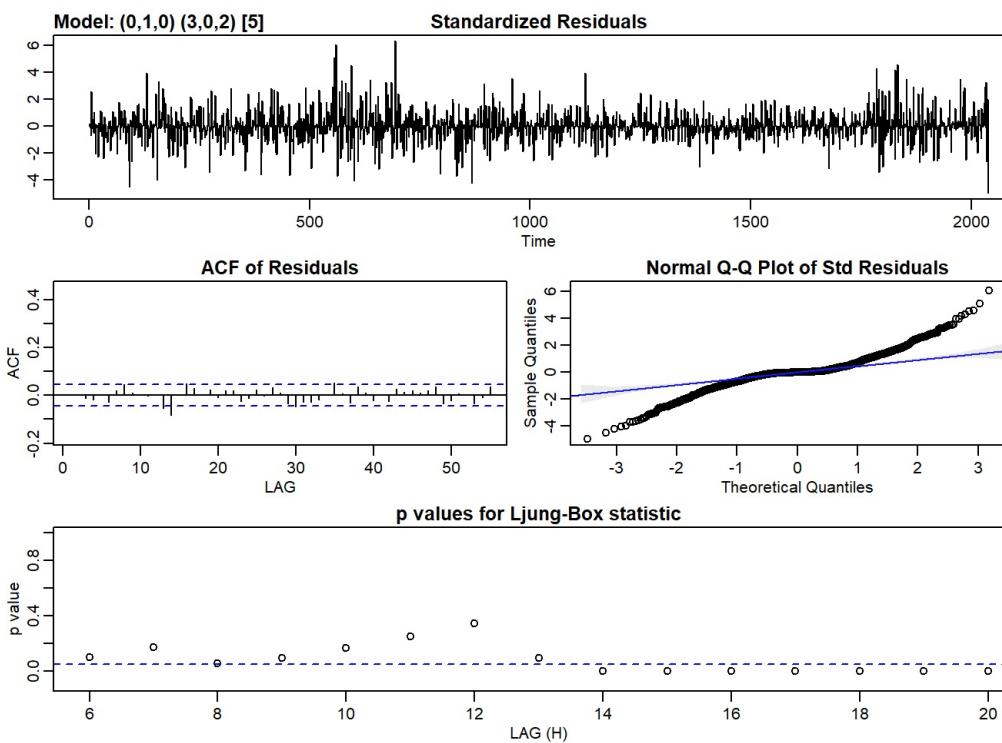
## 0 1 0 0 0 0 5 AIC= -14617.12 SSE= 0.09118448 p-VALUE= 0.2608558
## 0 1 0 0 0 1 5 AIC= -14615.18 SSE= 0.09118186 p-VALUE= 0.2584731
## 0 1 0 0 0 2 5 AIC= -14613.2 SSE= 0.09118105 p-VALUE= 0.2590366
## 0 1 0 0 0 3 5 AIC= -14611.8 SSE= 0.09115392 p-VALUE= 0.2925342
## 0 1 0 0 0 4 5 AIC= -14610.3 SSE= 0.09113158 p-VALUE= 0.3348895
## 0 1 0 1 0 0 5 AIC= -14615.18 SSE= 0.09118185 p-VALUE= 0.258453
## 0 1 0 1 0 1 5 AIC= -14613.18 SSE= 0.09118186 p-VALUE= 0.2584664
## 0 1 0 1 0 2 5 AIC= -14611.2 SSE= 0.09118107 p-VALUE= 0.2590509
## 0 1 0 1 0 3 5 AIC= -14609.81 SSE= 0.09115376 p-VALUE= 0.2926626
## 0 1 0 1 0 4 5 AIC= -14611.88 SSE= 0.09097124 p-VALUE= 0.8552784
## 0 1 0 2 0 0 5 AIC= -14613.19 SSE= 0.09118117 p-VALUE= 0.25904
## 0 1 0 2 0 1 5 AIC= -14611.2 SSE= 0.09118115 p-VALUE= 0.2590383
## 0 1 0 2 0 2 5 AIC= -14609.2 SSE= 0.0911811 p-VALUE= 0.2590801
## 0 1 0 2 0 3 5 AIC= -14615.66 SSE= 0.09080153 p-VALUE= 0.5245891
## 0 1 0 3 0 0 5 AIC= -14611.75 SSE= 0.0911562 p-VALUE= 0.2876077
## 0 1 0 3 0 1 5 AIC= -14609.75 SSE= 0.0911563 p-VALUE= 0.2877375
## 0 1 0 3 0 2 5 AIC= -14615.68 SSE= 0.09080062 p-VALUE= 0.5201874
## 0 1 0 4 0 0 5 AIC= -14610.3 SSE= 0.09113154 p-VALUE= 0.3329942
## 0 1 0 4 0 1 5 AIC= -14610.03 SSE= 0.09105315 p-VALUE= 0.5986666
## 0 1 0 5 0 0 5 AIC= -14614.67 SSE= 0.09084665 p-VALUE= 0.9745169
## 0 1 1 0 0 0 5 AIC= -14615.18 SSE= 0.09118186 p-VALUE= 0.2584731
## 0 1 1 0 0 1 5 AIC= -14613.18 SSE= 0.09118186 p-VALUE= 0.2584658
## 0 1 1 0 0 2 5 AIC= -14611.2 SSE= 0.09118107 p-VALUE= 0.2590495
## 0 1 1 0 0 3 5 AIC= -14609.81 SSE= 0.09115376 p-VALUE= 0.2926666
## 0 1 1 0 0 4 5 AIC= -14609.62 SSE= 0.09107263 p-VALUE= 0.4582706
## 0 1 1 1 0 0 5 AIC= -14613.18 SSE= 0.09118186 p-VALUE= 0.2584664
## 0 1 1 1 0 1 5 AIC= -14611.18 SSE= 0.09118186 p-VALUE= 0.2584693
## 0 1 1 1 0 2 5 AIC= -14609.2 SSE= 0.09118108 p-VALUE= 0.2590807
## 0 1 1 1 0 3 5 AIC= -14607.81 SSE= 0.09115369 p-VALUE= 0.2923721
## 0 1 1 2 0 0 5 AIC= -14611.2 SSE= 0.09118115 p-VALUE= 0.2590383
## 0 1 1 2 0 1 5 AIC= -14609.2 SSE= 0.09118114 p-VALUE= 0.2590515
## 0 1 1 2 0 2 5 AIC= -14607.2 SSE= 0.0911811 p-VALUE= 0.2591639
## 0 1 1 3 0 0 5 AIC= -14609.75 SSE= 0.0911563 p-VALUE= 0.2877375
## 0 1 1 3 0 1 5 AIC= -14607.75 SSE= 0.09115633 p-VALUE= 0.287212
## 0 1 1 4 0 0 5 AIC= -14610.03 SSE= 0.09105315 p-VALUE= 0.5986665
## 1 1 0 0 0 0 5 AIC= -14615.18 SSE= 0.09118185 p-VALUE= 0.258453
## 1 1 0 0 0 1 5 AIC= -14613.18 SSE= 0.09118186 p-VALUE= 0.2584664
## 1 1 0 0 0 2 5 AIC= -14611.2 SSE= 0.09118107 p-VALUE= 0.2590509
## 1 1 0 0 0 3 5 AIC= -14609.81 SSE= 0.09115376 p-VALUE= 0.2926626
## 1 1 0 0 0 4 5 AIC= -14611.88 SSE= 0.09097124 p-VALUE= 0.8552784
## 1 1 0 1 0 0 5 AIC= -14613.18 SSE= 0.09118185 p-VALUE= 0.2584609
## 1 1 0 1 0 1 5 AIC= -14611.18 SSE= 0.09118185 p-VALUE= 0.2584674
## 1 1 0 1 0 2 5 AIC= -14609.2 SSE= 0.09118108 p-VALUE= 0.2590283
## 1 1 0 1 0 3 5 AIC= -14607.81 SSE= 0.0911537 p-VALUE= 0.2923719
## 1 1 0 2 0 0 5 AIC= -14611.2 SSE= 0.09118114 p-VALUE= 0.2590442
## 1 1 0 2 0 1 5 AIC= -14609.2 SSE= 0.09118114 p-VALUE= 0.2590278
## 1 1 0 2 0 2 5 AIC= -14607.2 SSE= 0.0911811 p-VALUE= 0.259058
## 1 1 0 3 0 0 5 AIC= -14609.75 SSE= 0.0911563 p-VALUE= 0.2877021
## 1 1 0 3 0 1 5 AIC= -14611.58 SSE= 0.09098498 p-VALUE= 0.8699916
## 1 1 0 4 0 0 5 AIC= -14614.67 SSE= 0.09084671 p-VALUE= 0.9746426
## 1 1 1 0 0 0 5 AIC= -14613.18 SSE= 0.09118186 p-VALUE= 0.2584664
## 1 1 1 0 0 1 5 AIC= -14611.18 SSE= 0.09118186 p-VALUE= 0.2584693
## 1 1 1 0 0 2 5 AIC= -14609.2 SSE= 0.09118108 p-VALUE= 0.2590807
## 1 1 1 0 0 3 5 AIC= -14607.81 SSE= 0.09115369 p-VALUE= 0.2923721
## 1 1 1 1 0 0 5 AIC= -14611.18 SSE= 0.09118185 p-VALUE= 0.2584674
## 1 1 1 1 0 1 5 AIC= -14609.18 SSE= 0.09118186 p-VALUE= 0.2584718
## 1 1 1 1 0 2 5 AIC= -14607.2 SSE= 0.09118108 p-VALUE= 0.2590396
## 1 1 1 2 0 0 5 AIC= -14609.2 SSE= 0.09118114 p-VALUE= 0.2590278
## 1 1 1 2 0 1 5 AIC= -14607.2 SSE= 0.09118113 p-VALUE= 0.259003
## 1 1 1 3 0 0 5 AIC= -14611.58 SSE= 0.09098498 p-VALUE= 0.8699916

```

Again best model occurred in (0 1 0 0 0 0) with lowest AIC= -14617.12 and SSE= 0.09118448 and second best became (0 1 0 2 0 3) with AIC= -14615.68 lower SSE= 0.09080062.

```
sarima(df2$Ounce_Price, 0,1,0,3,0,2,5)
```

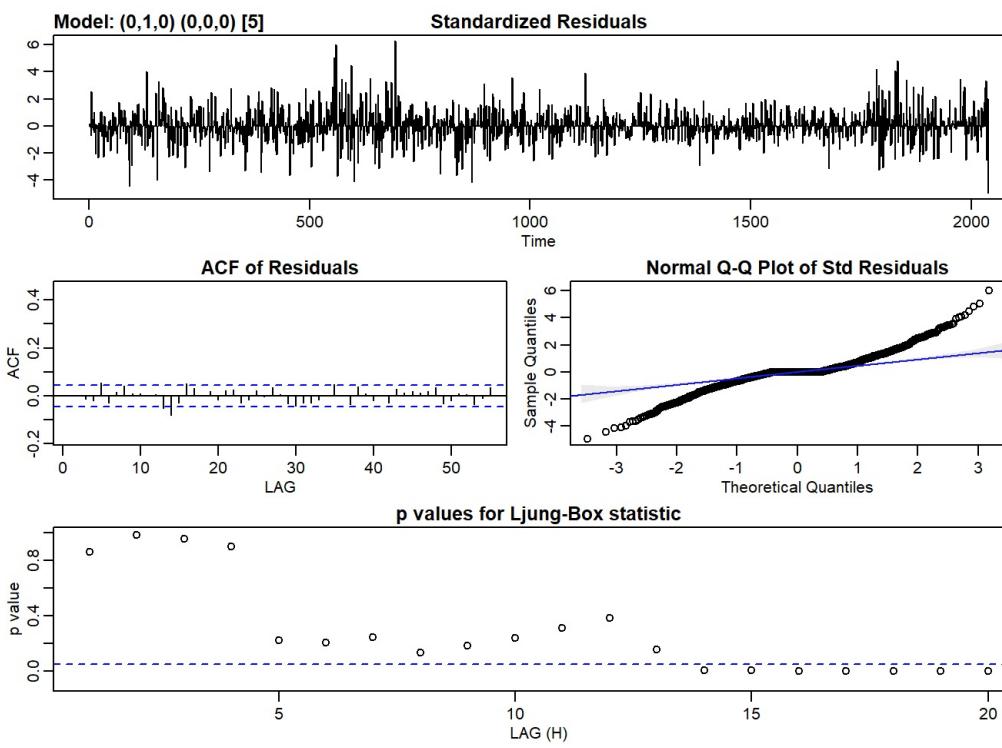
```
## initial value 2.136140
## iter 2 value 2.135539
## iter 3 value 2.134132
## iter 4 value 2.134132
## iter 5 value 2.134131
## iter 6 value 2.134131
## iter 7 value 2.134128
## iter 8 value 2.134124
## iter 9 value 2.134115
## iter 10 value 2.134107
## iter 11 value 2.134102
## iter 12 value 2.134101
## iter 13 value 2.134101
## iter 14 value 2.134100
## iter 15 value 2.134099
## iter 16 value 2.134099
## iter 17 value 2.134099
## iter 18 value 2.134098
## iter 19 value 2.134097
## iter 20 value 2.134097
## iter 21 value 2.134097
## iter 22 value 2.134097
## iter 23 value 2.134097
## iter 24 value 2.134097
## iter 25 value 2.134096
## iter 26 value 2.134095
## iter 27 value 2.134094
## iter 28 value 2.134094
## iter 29 value 2.134094
## iter 29 value 2.134094
## iter 29 value 2.134094
## final value 2.134094
## converged
## initial value 2.133622
## iter 2 value 2.133622
## iter 3 value 2.133621
## iter 4 value 2.133621
## iter 5 value 2.133619
## iter 6 value 2.133616
## iter 7 value 2.133609
## iter 8 value 2.133600
## iter 9 value 2.133591
## iter 10 value 2.133589
## iter 11 value 2.133589
## iter 12 value 2.133589
## iter 13 value 2.133588
## iter 14 value 2.133588
## iter 15 value 2.133588
## iter 16 value 2.133588
## iter 16 value 2.133588
## iter 16 value 2.133588
## final value 2.133588
## converged
```



```
## $fit
##
## Call:
## stats::arima(x = xdata, order = c(p, d, q), seasonal = list(order = c(P, D,
##   Q), period = S), xreg = constant, transform.pars = trans, fixed = fixed,
##   optim.control = list(trace = trc, REPORT = 1, reltol = tol))
##
## Coefficients:
##           sar1      sar2      sar3      smal      sma2  constant
##           0.1746   -0.1154   -0.0277  -0.1200   0.1181   0.1580
## s.e.    1.4105    0.4901    0.0413   1.4116   0.5535   0.1929
## 
## sigma^2 estimated as 71.32:  log likelihood = -7236.5,  aic = 14486.99
##
## $degrees_of_freedom
## [1] 2031
##
## $tttable
##             Estimate     SE t.value p.value
## sar1      0.1746 1.4105  0.1237  0.9015
## sar2     -0.1154 0.4901 -0.2354  0.8139
## sar3     -0.0277 0.0413 -0.6707  0.5025
## smal     -0.1200 1.4116 -0.0850  0.9323
## sma2      0.1181 0.5535  0.2134  0.8310
## constant   0.1580 0.1929  0.8195  0.4126
## 
## $AIC
## [1] 7.111925
##
## $AICc
## [1] 7.111946
##
## $BIC
## [1] 7.131235
```

```
sarima(df2$Ounce_Price, 0,1,0,0,0,0,5)
```

```
## initial value 2.135637
## iter 1 value 2.135637
## final value 2.135637
## converged
## initial value 2.135637
## iter 1 value 2.135637
## final value 2.135637
## converged
```



```

## $fit
##
## Call:
## stats::arima(x = xdata, order = c(p, d, q), seasonal = list(order = c(P, D,
##   Q), period = S), xreg = constant, transform.pars = trans, fixed = fixed,
##   optim.control = list(trace = trc, REPORT = 1, reltol = tol))
##
## Coefficients:
##   constant      0.1564
##   s.e.        0.1875
##
## sigma^2 estimated as 71.61:  log likelihood = -7240.67,  aic = 14485.34
##
## $degrees_of_freedom
## [1] 2036
##
## $tttable
##             Estimate     SE t.value p.value
## constant    0.1564 0.1875  0.8342  0.4043
##
## $AIC
## [1] 7.111115
##
## $AICc
## [1] 7.111116
##
## $BIC
## [1] 7.116632

```

Well, as it can be seen from both models, there are still some autocorrelation remain in residuals according to Ljung-Box Statistic.

At last I generated a model manually by only taking into account insights from ACF and PACF plots. I determined (0,1,0,4,0,3) for this model and surprisingly it provides better AIC score with AIC= -14637.75

```
model2 <- arima(x=log(df2$Ounce_Price), order = c(0,1,0),
                 seasonal = list(order=c(4,0,3), period=5), method = "ML")
```

```
## Warning in arima(x = log(df2$Ounce_Price), order = c(0, 1, 0), seasonal =
## list(order = c(4, : possible convergence problem: optim gave code = 1
```

```
summary(model2)
```

```

## 
## Call:
## arima(x = log(df2$Ounce_Price), order = c(0, 1, 0), seasonal = list(order = c(4,
##     0, 3), period = 5), method = "ML")
##
## Coefficients:
##             sar1    sar2    sar3    sar4    sma1    sma2    sma3
##             -0.6836  0.9956  0.7410 -0.0867  0.7442 -0.9451 -0.7986
## s.e.      0.0708  0.0241  0.0649  0.0248  0.0686  0.0202  0.0649
## 
## sigma^2 estimated as 4.386e-05:  log likelihood = 7326.88,  aic = -14637.75
##
## Training set error measures:
##               ME        RMSE       MAE       MPE       MAPE
## Training set 0.0001323388 0.006622678 0.004209449 0.001769646 0.05896055
##               MASE      ACF1
## Training set 1.046328 0.007499686

```

```
sarima(log(df2$Ounce_Price), 0,1,0,4,0,3,5)
```

```

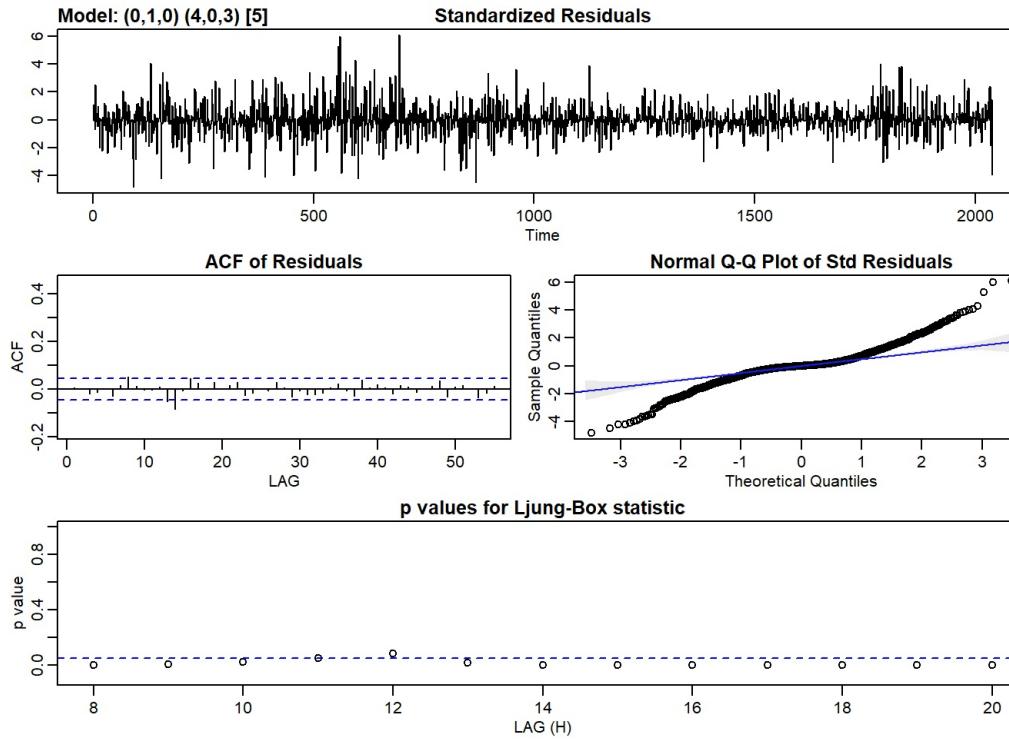
## initial value -5.006889
## iter  2 value -5.007239
## iter  3 value -5.009099
## iter  4 value -5.009102
## iter  5 value -5.009105
## iter  6 value -5.009115
## iter  7 value -5.009150
## iter  8 value -5.009221
## iter  9 value -5.009411
## iter 10 value -5.009772
## iter 11 value -5.010773
## iter 12 value -5.010909
## iter 13 value -5.011299
## iter 14 value -5.011364
## iter 15 value -5.011919
## iter 16 value -5.012235
## iter 17 value -5.012385
## iter 18 value -5.012461
## iter 19 value -5.012494
## iter 20 value -5.012496
## iter 21 value -5.012498
## iter 22 value -5.012502
## iter 23 value -5.012508
## iter 24 value -5.012512
## iter 25 value -5.012514
## iter 26 value -5.012515
## iter 27 value -5.012518
## iter 28 value -5.012518
## iter 29 value -5.012521
## iter 30 value -5.012522
## iter 31 value -5.012524
## iter 32 value -5.012525
## iter 33 value -5.012529
## iter 34 value -5.012533
## iter 35 value -5.012536
## iter 36 value -5.012538
## iter 37 value -5.012539
## iter 38 value -5.012543
## iter 39 value -5.012550
## iter 40 value -5.012559
## iter 41 value -5.012566
## iter 42 value -5.012568
## iter 43 value -5.012568
## iter 43 value -5.012568
## iter 43 value -5.012568
## final value -5.012568
## converged
## initial value -5.013299
## iter  2 value -5.013312
## iter  3 value -5.013327
## iter  4 value -5.013373
## iter  5 value -5.013431
## iter  6 value -5.013500
## iter  7 value -5.013567
## iter  8 value -5.013586
## iter  9 value -5.013598
## iter 10 value -5.013631

```

```

## iter 11 value -5.013706
## iter 12 value -5.013823
## iter 13 value -5.013945
## iter 14 value -5.014327
## iter 15 value -5.014762
## iter 16 value -5.014799
## iter 17 value -5.014858
## iter 18 value -5.014920
## iter 19 value -5.014923
## iter 20 value -5.014931
## iter 21 value -5.014933
## iter 22 value -5.014945
## iter 23 value -5.014953
## iter 24 value -5.014957
## iter 25 value -5.014958
## iter 26 value -5.014960
## iter 27 value -5.014966
## iter 28 value -5.014978
## iter 29 value -5.015003
## iter 30 value -5.015025
## iter 31 value -5.015033
## iter 32 value -5.015037
## iter 33 value -5.015038
## iter 34 value -5.015039
## iter 35 value -5.015041
## iter 35 value -5.015041
## final value -5.015041
## converged

```



```

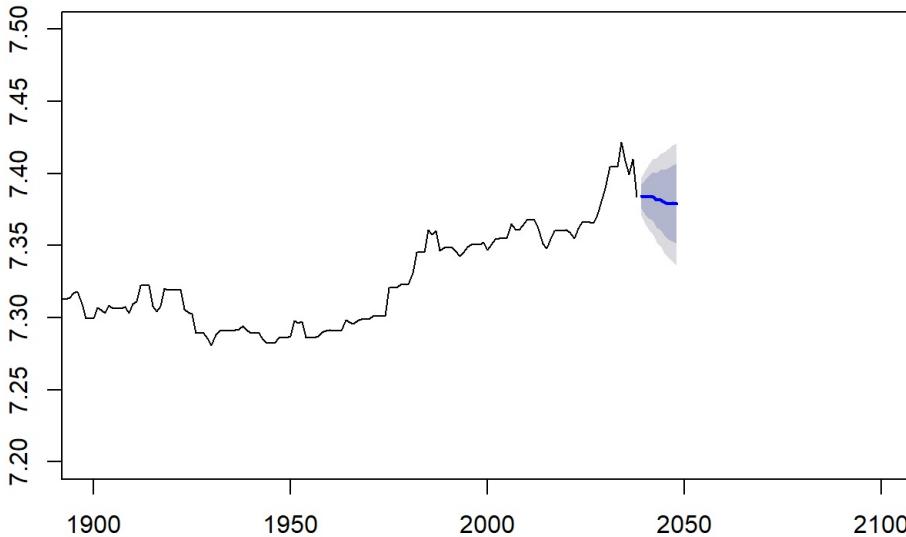
## $fit
##
## Call:
## stats::arima(x = xdata, order = c(p, d, q), seasonal = list(order = c(P, D,
##     Q), period = S), xreg = constant, transform.pars = trans, fixed = fixed,
##     optim.control = list(trace = trc, REPORT = 1, reltol = tol))
##
## Coefficients:
##             sar1    sar2    sar3    sar4    sma1    sma2    sma3  constant
##             -0.9235  0.4855  0.4643 -0.0807  0.9904 -0.4151 -0.5015   1e-04
## s.e.      0.5389  1.0090  0.4956  0.0285  0.5401  1.0314  0.5260   2e-04
## 
## sigma^2 estimated as 4.404e-05:  log likelihood = 7325.26,  aic = -14632.52
## 
## $degrees_of_freedoms
## [1] 2029
## 
## $tttable
##             Estimate      SE t.value p.value
## sar1      -0.9235 0.5389 -1.7137 0.0867
## sar2       0.4855 1.0090  0.4812 0.6304
## sar3       0.4643 0.4956  0.9369 0.3489
## sar4      -0.0807 0.0285 -2.8364 0.0046
## sma1       0.9904 0.5401  1.8336 0.0669
## sma2      -0.4151 1.0314 -0.4024 0.6874
## sma3      -0.5015 0.5260 -0.9534 0.3405
## constant   0.0001 0.0002  0.7081 0.4790
## 
## $AIC
## [1] -7.183368
## 
## $AICc
## [1] -7.183333
## 
## $BIC
## [1] -7.158541

```

But still I cannot drop autocorrelation in residuals.I did forecast by using this last model anyway.

```
plot(forecast(model2),xlim=c(1900,2100),ylim=c(7.2,7.5))
```

Forecasts from ARIMA(0,1,0)(4,0,3)[5]



```
Box.test(model2$residuals)
```

```

## 
## Box-Pierce test
## 
## data: model2$residuals
## X-squared = 0.11463, df = 1, p-value = 0.7349

```

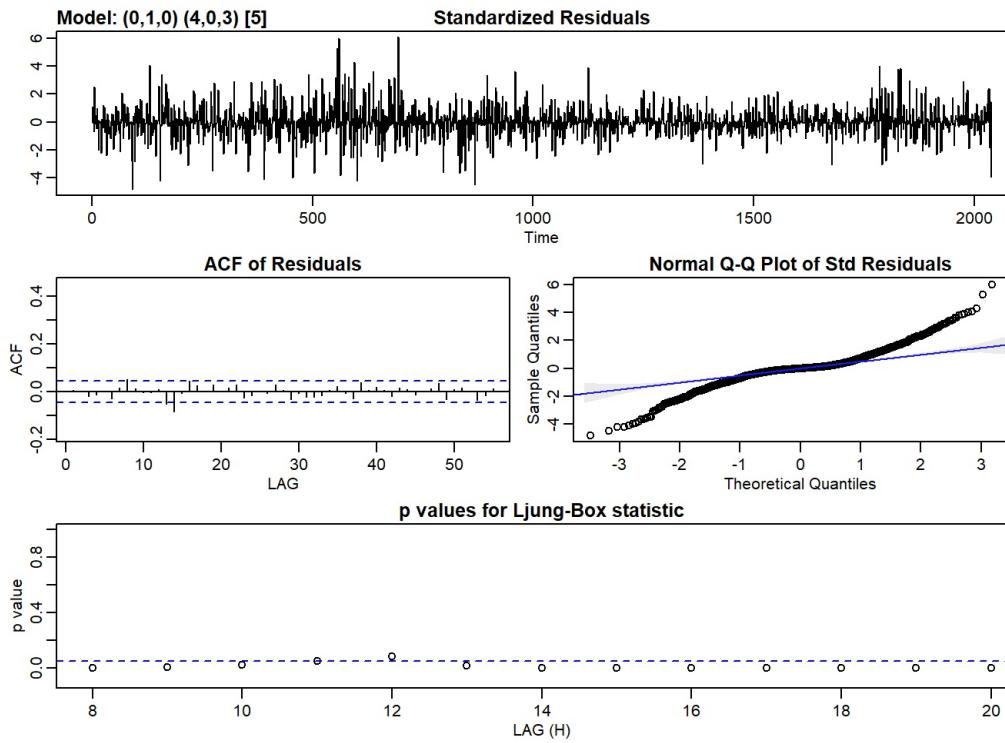
```
sarima(log(df2$Ounce_Price), 0,1,0,4,0,3,5)
```

```
## initial value -5.006889
## iter  2 value -5.007239
## iter  3 value -5.009099
## iter  4 value -5.009102
## iter  5 value -5.009105
## iter  6 value -5.009115
## iter  7 value -5.009150
## iter  8 value -5.009221
## iter  9 value -5.009411
## iter 10 value -5.009772
## iter 11 value -5.010773
## iter 12 value -5.010909
## iter 13 value -5.011299
## iter 14 value -5.011364
## iter 15 value -5.011919
## iter 16 value -5.012235
## iter 17 value -5.012385
## iter 18 value -5.012461
## iter 19 value -5.012494
## iter 20 value -5.012496
## iter 21 value -5.012498
## iter 22 value -5.012502
## iter 23 value -5.012508
## iter 24 value -5.012512
## iter 25 value -5.012514
## iter 26 value -5.012515
## iter 27 value -5.012518
## iter 28 value -5.012518
## iter 29 value -5.012521
## iter 30 value -5.012522
## iter 31 value -5.012524
## iter 32 value -5.012525
## iter 33 value -5.012529
## iter 34 value -5.012533
## iter 35 value -5.012536
## iter 36 value -5.012538
## iter 37 value -5.012539
## iter 38 value -5.012543
## iter 39 value -5.012550
## iter 40 value -5.012559
## iter 41 value -5.012566
## iter 42 value -5.012568
## iter 43 value -5.012568
## iter 43 value -5.012568
## iter 43 value -5.012568
## final value -5.012568
## converged
## initial value -5.013299
## iter  2 value -5.013312
## iter  3 value -5.013327
## iter  4 value -5.013373
## iter  5 value -5.013431
## iter  6 value -5.013500
## iter  7 value -5.013567
## iter  8 value -5.013586
## iter  9 value -5.013598
## iter 10 value -5.013631
## iter 11 value -5.013706
## iter 12 value -5.013823
## iter 13 value -5.013945
## iter 14 value -5.014327
## iter 15 value -5.014762
## iter 16 value -5.014799
## iter 17 value -5.014858
## iter 18 value -5.014920
## iter 19 value -5.014923
## iter 20 value -5.014931
## iter 21 value -5.014933
## iter 22 value -5.014945
## iter 23 value -5.014953
## iter 24 value -5.014957
## iter 25 value -5.014958
## iter 26 value -5.014960
## iter 27 value -5.014966
## iter 28 value -5.014978
```

```

## iter 29 value -5.015003
## iter 30 value -5.015025
## iter 31 value -5.015033
## iter 32 value -5.015037
## iter 33 value -5.015038
## iter 34 value -5.015039
## iter 35 value -5.015041
## final value -5.015041
## converged

```



```

## $fit
##
## Call:
## stats::arima(x = xdata, order = c(p, d, q), seasonal = list(order = c(P, D,
##   Q), period = S), xreg = constant, transform.pars = trans, fixed = fixed,
##   optim.control = list(trace = trc, REPORT = 1, reltol = tol))
##
## Coefficients:
##             sar1     sar2     sar3     sar4     sma1     sma2     sma3 constant
##             -0.9235  0.4855  0.4643 -0.0807  0.9904 -0.4151 -0.5015    1e-04
## s.e.      0.5389  1.0090  0.4956  0.0285  0.5401  1.0314  0.5260    2e-04
## 
## sigma^2 estimated as 4.404e-05: log likelihood = 7325.26,  aic = -14632.52
## 
## $degrees_of_freedom
## [1] 2029
## 
## $ttable
##            Estimate     SE t.value p.value
## sar1      -0.9235  0.5389 -1.7137  0.0867
## sar2       0.4855  1.0090  0.4812  0.6304
## sar3       0.4643  0.4956  0.9369  0.3489
## sar4      -0.0807  0.0285 -2.8364  0.0046
## sma1       0.9904  0.5401  1.8336  0.0669
## sma2      -0.4151  1.0314 -0.4024  0.6874
## sma3      -0.5015  0.5260 -0.9534  0.3405
## constant    0.0001  0.0002  0.7081  0.4790
## 
## $AIC
## [1] -7.183368
## 
## $AICc
## [1] -7.183333
## 
## $BIC
## [1] -7.158541

```

Afterall I leave this approach in here and proceed to the next approach.

TES - Triple Exponential Smoothing

In my last approach I will use Exponential Smoothing method to forecast future gold prices. since the dataset has both trend and seasonality I used Triple Exponential Smoothing method to forecast. If the dataset have not any trend or seasonality it would be enough to use Simple Exponential Smoothing and use `HoltWinters(beta=F, gama=F)` , but if the dataset has only trend but not seasonality I should use Double Exponential Smoothing and `HoltWinters(`gama=F`)` , but now I will determine these parameters to TRUE.

```
hw <- HoltWinters(ts(df2$Ounce_Price, frequency = 7))
hw

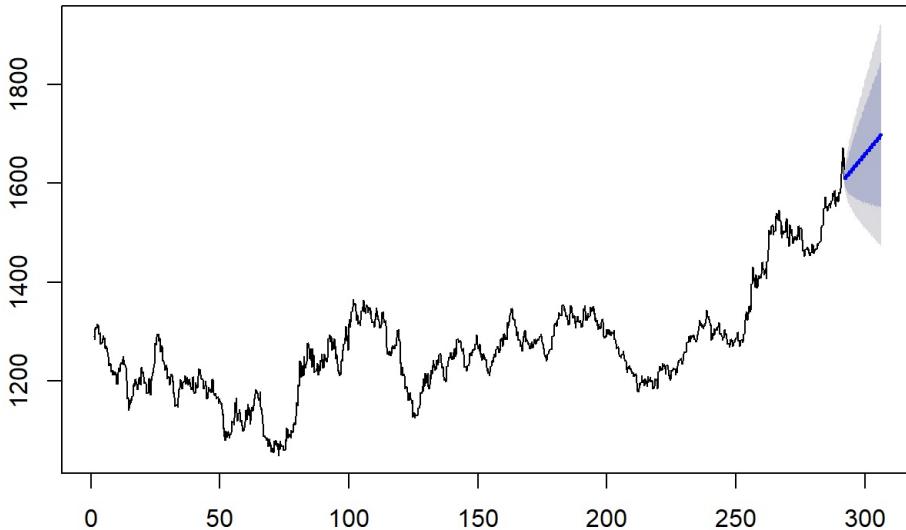
## Holt-Winters exponential smoothing with trend and additive seasonal component.
##
## Call:
## HoltWinters(x = ts(df2$Ounce_Price, frequency = 7))
##
## Smoothing parameters:
##   alpha: 0.9630005
##   beta : 0.006773294
##   gamma: 1
##
## Coefficients:
##      [,1]
## a  1610.2717875
## b    0.8984085
## s1  -1.6637352
## s2  -2.2344399
## s3  -0.6778132
## s4  -4.6473507
## s5  -1.2615616
## s6   1.6698324
## s7  -0.4217875
```

Well done! It fitted a model with beta, gama and 5 seasonal values as coefficients. I can see from this result that which month has greatest ridership by finding highest s level among periods.

Now I used this model to forecast prices of next 100 days.

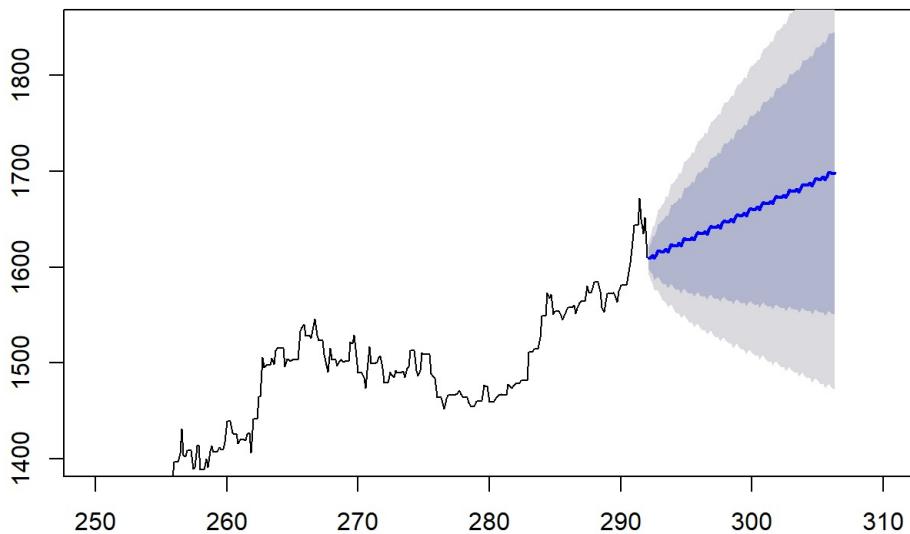
```
plot(forecast(hw,100))
```

Forecasts from HoltWinters



```
plot(forecast(hw,100),xlim=c(250,310),ylim=c(1400,1850))
```

Forecasts from HoltWinters



From forecasts, it seems that the

model predicts prices with an upward trend with small seasonality.

Now I can use this fitted model to forecast any specific time. Lets say, I want to forecast price of 1st of June 2020.

```
nrow(df2)

## [1] 2038

alpha <- hw$alpha
beta <- hw$beta
gamma <- hw$gamma
as.POSIXct(strptime(max(df2$dates), "%Y-%m-%d"))-as.POSIXct(strptime("2020-06-01", "%Y-%m-%d"))

## Time difference of -94 days
```

Now my dataset has prices for 2038 days. And I want to forecast 1st of June 2020, which is 94 days later from the last day of the dataset.

```
2038+94

## [1] 2132

94%%7

## [1] 3
```

So I can manually calculate it by using model coefficients above. Price at day 2132(2038+94) = Coef(a) + forecast_day*coef(b) + coef(s3)

I took into account coef of s3 by calculating the result of 94's modulo at base 7 that is 3. Since I determined 7 as the frequency of time series, it generates a circle of 7 day periods, so I just tried to find exact location of day 94 in that 7 day period process.

```
fc2132 <- 1610.2717875 + (94*0.8984085) + (-0.6778132)
```

Forecast of my fitted model will become 1694.044 USD for Ounce price at 1st of June 2020. I also checked it by running `forecast(hw,94)` and by looking the last prediction corresponds to day 94.

```
forecast(hw,94)

##          Point Forecast     Lo 80      Hi 80      Lo 95      Hi 95
## 292.1429    1609.506 1598.202 1620.811 1592.218 1626.795
## 292.2857    1609.834 1594.090 1625.579 1585.755 1633.914
## 292.4286    1612.289 1593.064 1631.515 1582.886 1641.692
## 292.5714    1609.218 1587.015 1631.422 1575.261 1643.175
## 292.7143    1613.502 1588.643 1638.362 1575.483 1651.522
## 292.8571    1617.332 1590.044 1644.621 1575.598 1659.066
## 293.0000    1616.139 1586.592 1645.685 1570.951 1661.326
## 293.1429    1615.795 1583.972 1647.618 1567.126 1664.465
```

## 293.2857	1616.123	1582.294	1649.952	1564.386	1667.860
## 293.4286	1618.578	1582.832	1654.324	1563.909	1673.247
## 293.5714	1615.507	1577.919	1653.095	1558.020	1672.993
## 293.7143	1619.791	1580.425	1659.157	1559.586	1679.997
## 293.8571	1623.621	1582.533	1664.709	1560.782	1686.460
## 294.0000	1622.428	1579.666	1665.189	1557.030	1687.826
## 294.1429	1622.084	1577.579	1666.590	1554.019	1690.149
## 294.2857	1622.412	1576.319	1668.505	1551.919	1692.904
## 294.4286	1624.867	1577.221	1672.513	1551.999	1697.735
## 294.5714	1621.796	1572.628	1670.964	1546.600	1696.991
## 294.7143	1626.080	1575.418	1676.742	1548.599	1703.561
## 294.8571	1629.910	1577.779	1682.040	1550.183	1709.637
## 295.0000	1628.717	1575.141	1682.292	1546.779	1710.654
## 295.1429	1628.373	1573.277	1683.469	1544.111	1712.635
## 295.2857	1628.701	1572.203	1685.199	1542.295	1715.107
## 295.4286	1631.156	1573.274	1689.038	1542.633	1719.678
## 295.5714	1628.085	1568.835	1687.334	1537.471	1718.698
## 295.7143	1632.369	1571.768	1692.970	1539.687	1725.050
## 295.8571	1636.199	1574.260	1698.137	1541.472	1730.926
## 296.0000	1635.005	1571.742	1698.269	1538.253	1731.758
## 296.1429	1634.662	1570.002	1699.322	1535.773	1733.551
## 296.2857	1634.990	1569.031	1700.948	1534.114	1735.865
## 296.4286	1637.445	1570.198	1704.691	1534.600	1740.290
## 296.5714	1634.374	1565.849	1702.898	1529.574	1739.173
## 296.7143	1638.658	1568.865	1708.451	1531.919	1745.397
## 296.8571	1642.488	1571.435	1713.540	1533.822	1751.153
## 297.0000	1641.294	1568.991	1713.598	1530.716	1751.873
## 297.1429	1640.951	1567.326	1714.575	1528.352	1753.550
## 297.2857	1641.278	1566.419	1716.138	1526.791	1755.766
## 297.4286	1643.733	1567.646	1719.821	1527.368	1760.099
## 297.5714	1640.662	1563.354	1717.971	1522.429	1758.896
## 297.7143	1644.947	1566.423	1723.470	1524.855	1765.038
## 297.8571	1648.776	1569.043	1728.510	1526.835	1770.718
## 298.0000	1647.583	1566.646	1728.521	1523.800	1771.366
## 298.1429	1647.240	1565.031	1729.448	1521.513	1772.967
## 298.2857	1647.567	1564.166	1730.969	1520.016	1775.119
## 298.4286	1650.022	1565.432	1734.612	1520.653	1779.392
## 298.5714	1646.951	1561.177	1732.726	1515.771	1778.132
## 298.7143	1651.235	1564.281	1738.190	1518.250	1784.221
## 298.8571	1655.065	1566.934	1743.196	1520.281	1789.850
## 299.0000	1653.872	1564.569	1743.176	1517.294	1790.450
## 299.1429	1653.528	1562.988	1744.069	1515.058	1791.999
## 299.2857	1653.856	1562.150	1745.562	1513.604	1794.108
## 299.4286	1656.311	1563.443	1749.179	1514.282	1798.341
## 299.5714	1653.240	1559.213	1747.268	1509.437	1797.043
## 299.7143	1657.524	1562.340	1752.708	1511.953	1803.096
## 299.8571	1661.354	1565.016	1757.692	1514.017	1808.691
## 300.0000	1660.161	1562.671	1757.651	1511.063	1809.259
## 300.1429	1659.817	1561.113	1758.521	1508.863	1810.772
## 300.2857	1660.145	1560.294	1759.996	1507.437	1812.853
## 300.4286	1662.600	1561.605	1763.595	1508.141	1817.059
## 300.5714	1659.529	1557.391	1761.667	1503.322	1815.736
## 300.7143	1663.813	1560.534	1767.092	1505.861	1821.765
## 300.8571	1667.643	1563.224	1772.061	1507.949	1827.337
## 301.0000	1666.450	1560.893	1772.006	1505.015	1827.884
## 301.1429	1666.106	1559.352	1772.861	1502.839	1829.373
## 301.2857	1666.434	1558.545	1774.323	1501.432	1831.436
## 301.4286	1668.889	1559.867	1777.911	1502.154	1835.624
## 301.5714	1665.818	1555.663	1775.972	1497.351	1834.284
## 301.7143	1670.102	1558.817	1781.387	1499.906	1840.298
## 301.8571	1673.932	1561.516	1786.347	1502.007	1845.856
## 302.0000	1672.739	1559.194	1786.283	1499.087	1846.390
## 302.1429	1672.395	1557.663	1787.127	1496.927	1847.863
## 302.2857	1672.723	1556.863	1788.582	1495.531	1849.914
## 302.4286	1675.178	1558.192	1792.163	1496.264	1854.092
## 302.5714	1672.107	1553.995	1790.218	1491.471	1852.742
## 302.7143	1676.391	1557.154	1795.627	1494.034	1858.748
## 302.8571	1680.221	1559.859	1800.582	1496.144	1864.297
## 303.0000	1679.027	1557.542	1800.513	1493.231	1864.824
## 303.1429	1678.684	1556.017	1801.351	1491.081	1866.286
## 303.2857	1679.012	1555.222	1802.801	1489.691	1868.332
## 303.4286	1681.467	1556.554	1806.379	1490.429	1872.504
## 303.5714	1678.396	1552.360	1804.431	1485.641	1871.150
## 303.7143	1682.680	1555.522	1809.837	1488.209	1877.151
## 303.8571	1686.510	1558.230	1814.790	1490.322	1882.697
## 304.0000	1685.316	1555.914	1814.719	1487.413	1883.220
## 304.1429	1684.973	1554.393	1815.553	1485.268	1884.678
## 304.2857	1685.300	1553.599	1817.002	1483.880	1886.721
## 304.4286	1687.756	1554.932	1820.579	1484.619	1890.892

```
## 304.5714    1684.684 1550.739 1818.630 1479.832 1889.537
## 304.7143    1688.969 1553.901 1824.036 1482.400 1895.537
## 304.8571    1692.798 1556.608 1828.988 1484.514 1901.083
## 305.0000    1691.605 1554.293 1828.918 1481.604 1901.607
## 305.1429    1691.262 1552.773 1829.751 1479.461 1903.062
## 305.2857    1691.589 1551.978 1831.201 1478.072 1905.107
## 305.4286    1694.044 1553.310 1834.779 1478.809 1909.279
```

The result is same as calculated. This proves my manual calculation.

Lastly I would like to thank who reads this report and all kinds of suggestions/corrections/additions will be appreciated. And as Legal Disclaimer, this content is for informal purposes only, NO INVESTMENT ADVICE.

THANK YOU!