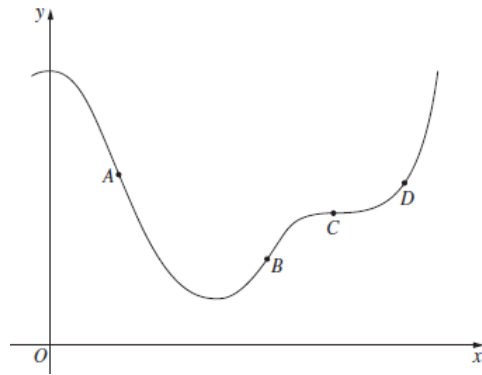


2013 8 The diagram shows the points A , B , C and D on the graph $y = f(x)$.

At which point is $f'(x) > 0$ and $f''(x) = 0$.

- (A) A
- (B) B
- (C) C
- (D) D

**1****B**

At B : increasing ($f'(x) > 0$), and point of inflexion ($f''(x) = 0$)

State Mean:
0.48

* These solutions have been provided by [projectmaths](#) and are not supplied or endorsed by BOSTES.