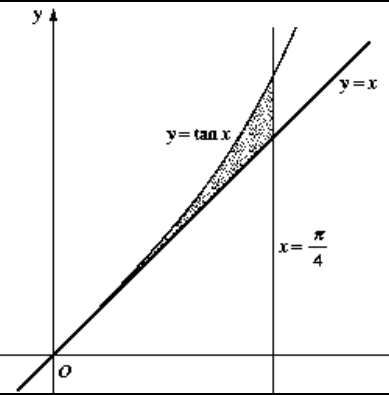


06	5b	<p>(i) Show that $\frac{d}{dx} \log_e(\cos x) = -\tan x$.</p> <p>(ii) The shaded region in the diagram is bounded by the curve $y = \tan x$ and the lines $y = x$ and $x = \frac{\pi}{4}$.</p> <p>Using the result of part (i), or otherwise, find the area of the shaded region.</p>		1 3
		<p>(i) $\frac{d}{dx} \log_e(\cos x) = \frac{-\sin x}{\cos x} = -\tan x$</p> <p>(ii) Area = $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \tan x - x \, dx$</p> <p style="margin-left: 150px;"> $= \left[-\log_e(\cos x) - \frac{x^2}{2} \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}}$ $= -\log_e(\cos \frac{\pi}{4}) - ((\frac{\pi}{4})^2) \div 2 - (-\log_e(\cos 0) - 0)$ $= -\log_e \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\pi^2}{32} - (-\log 1 - 0)$ $= \frac{1}{2} \log_e 2 - \frac{\pi^2}{32}$ $= 0.038148452 \dots$ $= 0.038 \text{ (3 dec pl)}$ </p> <p style="text-align: right; margin-right: 50px;">From (i), $\int \tan x \, dx = -\log_e(\cos x) + c$</p> <p style="text-align: right;">∴ area of 0.038 m²</p>		

* These solutions have been provided by *projectmaths* and are not supplied or endorsed by the Board of Studies

Board of Studies: Notes from the Marking Centre

- (i) The majority of candidates were successful in this part.
- (ii) This part was not done well. Successful candidates recognised the connection between parts (i) and (ii) and were able to place the negative sign correctly.

Source: http://www.boardofstudies.nsw.edu.au/hsc_exams/