Portfolio 3

PA 606: Seminar in Quantitative Techniques (Spring 2020)

25 points

Due: Saturday, April 25, 2020

Topics:

Bivariate Relationships – Analyzing the Strength of the Relationship: Chi Square (X^2) , Correlation (r)

Data Sources:

GSS2014 (2014 General Social Survey data set located in the vannstats package)

• variable names and descriptions, as well as the codebook (linked), can also be found in the vannstats package information

Overview:

In this assignment, you'll be examining the strength of the relationship between two variables. Specifically, levels (values or groups) of one variable differ by the levels (values or groups) of another variable.

Answer each of the questions below, **in full sentences/paragraphs**, and show your tables/plots (if necessary) inline (interspersed within the text). For full credit, you must append (copy and paste) your R Script at the end of this portfolio as the final page(s).

Problems

Data Set Information

• Describe the data set, including the <u>name</u> and <u>who administered</u> the data/survey (e.g. which survey research firm), year administered, the <u>unit</u> of analysis, and the number of observations.

Chi Square

In this test, you'll be examining the association between the **highest degree** a respondent completed (degree) by their belief about whether people should have police **permits** to purchase a gun (gunlaw).

• Describe the variables. Using the codebook and the list of variable descriptions for the GSS2014 data set, for each variable, describe its <u>text</u> (e.g. the question asked for each variable), the <u>level of</u> measurement, and the values/categories within the variable.

- Define a research question for the variables (e.g. "Is variation in X related to/associated with variation in Y; Is there a mean difference in Y by categories of X").
- Define the null hypothesis (H_0) and the alternative hypothesis (H_1) for this test.
- Describe the various <u>assumptions</u> of the Chi Square (X²) test and how you would assess them. Next, <u>show all necessary tables/plots</u> that demonstrate your assessment of whether or not you've met the <u>assumptions</u> of the test. (Note: if showing tables, create them, do not simply copy and paste from your output.)
- Run the test. <u>Fully and correctly report the test</u>. If you find significance, describe how the <u>attributes</u> of one variable align with attributes of the other.

Correlation

In this test, you'll be examining the relationship between **level of education** (educ) a respondent's belief about whether American culture is undermined by immigrants (immcult).

- Describe the variables. Using the codebook and the list of variable descriptions for the GSS2014 data set, for each variable, describe its <u>text</u> (e.g. the question asked for each variable), the <u>level of</u> measurement, and the values/categories within the variable.
- Define a research question for the variables (e.g. "Is variation in X related to/associated with variation in Y; Is there a mean difference in Y by categories of X").
- Define the null hypothesis (H_0) and the alternative hypothesis (H_1) for this test.
- Describe the various <u>assumptions</u> of the Correlation (r) and how you would assess them. Next, <u>show all necessary tables/plots</u> that demonstrate your assessment of whether or not you've met the assumptions of the test. (Note: if showing tables, create them, do not simply copy and paste from your output.)
- Run the test. Fully and correctly report the test. If you find significance, also describe the strength and direction of relationship and the effect size (e.g. where you explain how much variation in Y is explained by variation in X).

Extra Credit: Bivariate Tests and Variables of Your Choice

- Select <u>two variables</u> from the data set for which you are able to test a bivariate relationship. These variables must be distinct from the variables used in the tests above.
- Describe the variables. Using the codebook and the list of variable descriptions for the GSS2014 data set, for each variable, describe its <u>text</u> (e.g. the question asked for each variable), the <u>level of measurement</u>, and the values/categories within the variable.
- Define a research question for the variables (e.g. "Is variation in X related to/associated with variation in Y; Is there a mean difference in Y by categories of X").
- Given the level of measurement, describe the kind of bivariate test you **WOULD** run.