



# spring-security-ldap - Reference Documentation

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# 1. Introduction

The LDAP plugin adds support for LDAP and Active Directory authentication to a Grails application that uses Spring Security. It depends on the [Spring Security Core plugin](#).

Once you have configured your Grails application as an LDAP client you can delegate authentication to LDAP and not have to manage users' authentication information in your application. By default roles are inferred from LDAP group membership and you can store additional application-specific roles in your database.

Please refer to the [Spring Security LDAP documentation](#) for details of the underlying implementation.

## 1.1 History

- Version 0.1
  - released 06/18/2010

## 2. Usage



Configuring your LDAP server is beyond the scope of this document. There are many different approaches and this will most likely be done by IT staff. It's assumed here that you already have a running LDAP or Active Directory server.

There isn't much that you need to do in your application to use LDAP. Just install this plugin, and configure any required parameters and whatever optional parameters you want in `Config.groovy`. These are described in detail in [Chapter 3](#) but typically you only need to set these properties

```
grails.plugins.springsecurity.ldap.context.managerDn = 'uid=admin,ou=system'
grails.plugins.springsecurity.ldap.context.managerPassword = 'secret'
grails.plugins.springsecurity.ldap.context.server = 'ldap://localhost:10389'
grails.plugins.springsecurity.ldap.authorities.groupSearchBase = 'ou=groups,dc=yourcompany,dc=com'
grails.plugins.springsecurity.ldap.search.base = 'dc=yourcompany,dc=com'
```

Often all role information will be stored in LDAP, but if you want to also assign application-specific roles to users in the database, then add this

```
grails.plugins.springsecurity.ldap.authorities.retrieveDatabaseRoles = true
```

to do an extra database lookup after the LDAP lookup.

Depending on how passwords are encrypted in LDAP you may also need to configure the encryption algorithm, e.g.

```
grails.plugins.springsecurity.password.algorithm = 'SHA-256'
```

### Custom `UserDetailsContextMapper`

There are three options for mapping LDAP attributes to `UserDetails` data (as specified by the `grails.plugins.springsecurity.ldap.mapper.userDetailsClass` config attribute) and hopefully one of those will be sufficient for your needs. If not, it's easy to implement [UserDetailsContextMapper](#) yourself.

Create a class in `src/groovy` or `src/java` that implements [UserDetailsContextMapper](#) and register it in `grails-app/conf/spring/resources.groovy`:

```
import com.mycompany.myapp.MyUserDetailsContextMapper
beans = {
    ldapUserDetailsMapper(MyUserDetailsContextMapper) {
        // bean attributes
    }
}
```

### 3. Configuration



Any property overrides must be specified in `grails-app/conf/Config.groovy` using the `grails.plugins.springsecurity` suffix, for example

```
grails.plugins.springsecurity.ldap.search.searchSubtree = true
```

There are several configuration options for the LDAP plugin. In practice the defaults are fine and only a few will need to be overridden.

Name	Default	Meaning
<code>ldap.search.searchSubtree</code>	<code>true</code>	If <code>true</code> then search identified by context then only searches context.
<code>ldap.search.base</code>	<code>"</code>	Context name to search of the configured Context, e.g. <code>'dc=example,dc=com'</code> or <code>'ou=users,dc=example'</code>
<code>ldap.search.filter</code>	<code>'(uid={0})'</code>	The filter expression
<code>ldap.search.derefLink</code>	<code>false</code>	Enables/disables link search
<code>ldap.search.timeLimit</code>	<code>0 (unlimited)</code>	The time to wait before giving up
<code>ldap.search.attributesToReturn</code>	<code>null (all)</code>	The attributes to return
<code>ldap.authenticator.useBind</code>	<code>true</code>	if <code>true</code> uses a Bind as the authenticator, a <code>PasswordComparator</code> to lookup the user and passwords
<code>ldap.authenticator.attributesToReturn</code>	<code>null (all)</code>	names of attributes to return all and an error
<code>ldap.authenticator.dnPatterns</code>	<code>null (none)</code>	optional pattern(s) for matching dn patterns, e.g. <code>"cn={0}"</code>
<code>ldap.authenticator.passwordAttributeName</code>	<code>'userPassword'</code>	the name of the password attribute when <code>useBind = true</code>
<code>ldap.mapper.convertToUpperCase</code>	<code>true</code>	whether to uppercase the username (will also be prefix)
<code>ldap.mapper.passwordAttributeName</code>	<code>'userPassword'</code>	password attribute name in the <code>UserDetails</code> implementation
<code>ldap.mapper.userDetailsClass</code>	<code>null (create an LdapUserDetailsImpl)</code>	use <code>'person'</code> to create a <code>InetOrgPerson</code> or <code>'inetOrgPerson'</code> to create an <code>LdapUserDetailsImpl</code>
<code>ldap.mapper.roleAttributes</code>	<code>null</code>	optional names of role attributes

ldap.auth.hideUserNotFoundExceptions	true	if true throw a new BadCredentialException, otherwise throw the original UsernameNotFoundException
ldap.auth.useAuthPassword	true	If true use the supplied credentials in the authentication, otherwise obtain the UserDetails object and read the password from it
ldap.context.managerDn	'cn=admin,dc=example,dc=com'	DN to authenticate
ldap.context.managerPassword	'secret'	password to authenticate
ldap.context.server	'ldap://localhost:389'	address of the LDAP server
ldap.context.contextFactoryClassName	'com.sun.jndi.ldap.LdapCtxFactory'	class name of the InitialContextFactory
ldap.context.dirObjectFactoryClassName	<a href="#">DefaultDirObjectFactory</a>	class name of the DirObjectFactory
ldap.context.baseEnvironmentProperties	none	extra context properties
ldap.context.cacheEnvironmentProperties	true	whether environment properties are cached between requests
ldap.context.anonymousReadOnly	false	whether an anonymous user can be used for read-only access
ldap.context.referral	null ('ignore')	the method to handle referrals: 'ignore' or 'follow' to be automatically followed
ldap.authorities.retrieveGroupRoles	true	whether to infer roles from group membership
ldap.authorities.retrieveDatabaseRoles	false	whether to retrieve roles from the database using the group name
ldap.authorities.groupRoleAttribute	'cn'	The ID of the attribute used to store the role name for a group
ldap.authorities.groupSearchFilter	'uniquemember={0}'	The pattern to be used to search for the user's DN
ldap.authorities.searchSubtree	true	If true a subtree search is performed, otherwise a simple search is used
ldap.authorities.groupSearchBase	'ou=groups,dc=example,dc=com'	The base DN from which the search for group membership should start
ldap.authorities.ignorePartialResultException	false	Whether PartialResultException should be ignored in the context of Active Directory, where it can happen if a user has a problem with one of their groups
ldap.authorities.defaultRole	none	An optional default role for users who are not in any group