Frames | No Frames





SPRING-SECURITY-LDAP

spring-security-ldap - Reference Documentation

Authors: Burt Beckwith

Version: 1.0.5

Table of Contents

1. Introduction	,
1.1 History	
2. Usage	
3. Configuration	

1. Introduction

The LDAP plugin adds support for LDAP and Active Directory authentication to a Grails application that uses Spring Security. It depends on the <u>Spring Security Core plugin</u>.

Once you have configured your Grails application as an LDAP client you can delegate authentication to LDAP and not have to manage users' authentication information in your application. By default roles are inferred from LDAP group membership and you can store additional application-specific roles in your database.

Please refer to the Spring Security LDAP documentation for details of the underlying implementation.

1.1 History

- Version 1.0.4
 - o released April 19, 2011
- Version 1.0.3
 - o released March 12, 2011
- Version 1.0.2
 - o released February 14, 2011
- Version 1.0.1
 - o released August 01, 2010
- Version 1.0
 - o released July 27, 2010
- Version 0.1
 - o released June 18, 2010

2. Usage



Configuring your LDAP server is beyond the scope of this document. There are many different approaches and this will most likely be done by IT staff. It's assumed here that you already have a running LDAP or Active Directory server.

There isn't much that you need to do in your application to use LDAP. Just install this plugin, and configure any required parameters and whatever optional parameters you want in Config.groovy. These are described in detail in Chapter 3 but typically you only need to set these properties

```
grails.plugins.springsecurity.ldap.context.managerDn = 'uid=admin,ou=system'
grails.plugins.springsecurity.ldap.context.managerPassword = 'secret'
grails.plugins.springsecurity.ldap.context.server = 'ldap://localhost:10389'
grails.plugins.springsecurity.ldap.authorities.groupSearchBase =
    'ou=groups,dc=yourcompany,dc=com'
grails.plugins.springsecurity.ldap.search.base = 'dc=yourcompany,dc=com'
```

Often all role information will be stored in LDAP, but if you want to also assign application-specific roles to users in the database, then add this

```
grails.plugins.springsecurity.ldap.authorities.retrieveDatabaseRoles = true
```

to do an extra database lookup after the LDAP lookup.

Depending on how passwords are encrypted in LDAP you may also need to configure the encryption algorithm, e.g.

```
grails.plugins.springsecurity.password.algorithm = 'SHA-256'
```

Sample Config.groovy settings for Active Directory

Active directory is somewhat different although still relatively painless if you know what you are doing. Use these example configuration options to get started (tested in Windows Server 2008):



Replace the placeholders inside brackets with appropriate values and remove the chars

```
// LDAP config grails.plugins.springsecurity.ldap.context.managerDn = '[distinguishedName]' grails.plugins.springsecurity.ldap.context.managerPassword = '[password]' grails.plugins.springsecurity.ldap.context.server = 'ldap://[ip]:[port]/' grails.plugins.springsecurity.ldap.authorities.ignorePartialResultException = true // typica grails.plugins.springsecurity.ldap.search.base = '[the base directory to start the search. grails.plugins.springsecurity.ldap.search.filter="sAMAccountName={0}" // for Active Director grails.plugins.springsecurity.ldap.search.searchSubtree = true grails.plugins.springsecurity.ldap.search.attributesToReturn = ['mail', 'displayName'] // ex grails.plugins.springsecurity.providerNames = ['ldapAuthProvider', 'anonymousAuthenticationP // role-specific LDAP config grails.plugins.springsecurity.ldap.useRememberMe = false grails.plugins.springsecurity.ldap.authorities.retrieveGroupRoles = true grails.plugins.springsecurity.ldap.authorities.retrieveGroupRoles = true grails.plugins.springsecurity.ldap.authorities.groupSearchBase = '[the base directory to star grails.plugins.springsecurity.ldap.authorities.groupSearchFilter = 'member={0}' // Active Di
```

Custom UserDetailsContextMapper

There are three options for mapping LDAP attributes to UserDetails data (as specified by the

grails.plugins.springsecurity.ldap.mapper.userDetailsClass config attribute) and hopefully one of those will be sufficient for your needs. If not, it's easy to implement UserDetailsContextMapper yourself.

Create a class in src/groovy or src/java that implements <u>UserDetailsContextMapper</u> and register it in grails-app/conf/spring/resources.groovy:

```
import com.mycompany.myapp.MyUserDetailsContextMapper
beans = {
   ldapUserDetailsMapper(MyUserDetailsContextMapper) {
        // bean attributes
   }
}
```

For example, here's a custom UserDetailsContextMapper that extracts three additional fields from LDAP (fullname, email, and title)

and a custom UserDetails class to hold the extra fields:

```
package com.mycompany.myapp
import org.springframework.security.core.GrantedAuthority
import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.User
class MyUserDetails extends User {
  // extra instance variables
  final String fullname
  final String email
  final String title
  MyUserDetails(String username, String password, boolean enabled, boolean accountNonExpire
        boolean credentialsNonExpired, boolean accountNonLocked,
         Collection < Granted Authority > authorities, String fullname,
        String email, String title) {
     super(username, password, enabled, accountNonExpired, credentialsNonExpired,
           accountNonLocked, authorities)
     this.fullname = fullname
     this.email = email
     this.title = title
}
```

Here we extend the standard Spring Security User class for convenience, but you could also directly implement the interface or use a different base class.

3. Configuration



Any property overrides must be specified in grails-app/conf/Config.groovy using the grails.plugins.springsecurity suffix, for example

grails.plugins.springsecurity.ldap.search.searchSubtree = true

There are several configuration options for the LDAP plugin. In practice the defaults are fine and only a few will need to be overridden.

Name	Default	Meaning
ldap.search.searchSubtree	true	If true then searches the entire subtree as identified by context, if false (the default) then only searches the level identified by the context.
ldap.search.base	"	Context name to search in, relative to the base of the configured ContextSource, e.g. 'dc=example,dc=com', 'ou=users,dc=example,dc=com'
ldap.search.filter	'(uid={0})'	The filter expression used in the user search
ldap.search.derefLink	false	Enables/disables link dereferencing during the search
ldap.search.timeLimit	0 (unlimited)	The time to wait before the search fails
ldap.search. attributesToReturn	null (all)	The attributes to return as part of the search
ldap.authenticator.useBind	true	if true uses a BindAuthenticator to bind as the authenticating user, if false uses a PasswordComparisonAuthenticator to lookup the user login name and compare passwords
ldap.authenticator. attributesToReturn	null (all)	names of attribute ids to return; use null to return all and an empty list to return none
ldap.authenticator.dnPatterns	null (none)	optional pattern(s) used to create DN search patterns, e.g. ["cn={0},ou=people"]
ldap.authenticator. passwordAttributeName	'userPassword'	the name of the password attribute to use when useBind = false
ldap.mapper. convertToUpperCase	true	whether to uppercase retrieved role names (will also be prefixed with "ROLE_")
ldap.mapper. passwordAttributeName	'userPassword'	password attribute name to use when building the UserDetails
ldap.mapper. userDetailsClass	null (create an LdapUserDetailsImpl)	use 'person' to create a Person, 'inetOrgPerson' to create an InetOrgPerson, or null to create an LdapUserDetailsImpl
ldap.mapper.roleAttributes	null	optional names of role attributes
ldap.auth. hideUserNotFoundExceptions	true	if true throw a new BadCredentialsException, otherwise throw the original UsernameNotFoundException

ldap.auth.useAuthPassword	true	If true use the supplied password as the credentials in the authenticationtoken, otherwise obtain the password from the UserDetails object (it may not be possible to read the password from the directory)	
ldap.context.managerDn	'cn=admin,dc=example, dc=com'	DN to authenticate with	
ldap.context. managerPassword	'secret'	username to authenticate with	
ldap.context.server	'ldap://localhost:389'	address of the LDAP server	
ldap.context. contextFactoryClassName	com.sun.jndi.ldap. LdapCtxFactory	class name of the ${\tt InitialContextFactory}$ to use	
ldap.context. dirObjectFactoryClassName	<u>DefaultDirObjectFactory</u>	class name of the DirObjectFactory to use	
ldap.context. baseEnvironmentProperties	none	extra context properties	
ldap.context. cacheEnvironmentProperties	true	whether environment properties should be cached between requsts	
ldap.context. anonymousReadOnly	false	whether an anonymous environment should be used for read-only operations	
ldap.context.referral	null ('ignore')	the method to handle referrals. Can be 'ignore' or 'follow' to enable referrals to be automatically followed	
ldap.authorities. retrieveGroupRoles	true	whether to infer roles based on group membership	
ldap.authorities. retrieveDatabaseRoles	false	whether to retrieve additional roles from the database using the User/Role many-to-many	
ldap.authorities. groupRoleAttribute	'cn'	The ID of the attribute which contains the role name for a group	
ldap.authorities. groupSearchFilter	'uniquemember={0}'	The pattern to be used for the user search. {0} is the user's DN	
ldap.authorities. searchSubtree	true	If true a subtree scope search will be performed, otherwise a single-level search is used	
ldap.authorities. groupSearchBase	'ou=groups,dc=example,dc=com'	The base DN from which the search for group membership should be performed	
ldap.authorities. ignorePartialResultException	false	Whether PartialResultExceptions should be ignored in searches, typically used with Active Directory since AD servers often have a problem with referrals.	
ldap.authorities.defaultRole	none	An optional default role to be assigned to all users	

Persistent Logins
To use cookies for persistent logins, configure these properties:



Just like with non-LDAP persistent tokens, you need to run the s2-create-persistent-token script to create a persistent login domain class and enable the feature.

Name	Default	Meaning
ldap.useRememberMe	false	Whether to use persistent logins
ldap.rememberMe.detailsManager.attributesToRetrieve	null (all)	The attributes to return as part of the search
ldap. remember Me. details Manager. group Member Attribute Name	'uniquemember'	The attribute which contains members of a group
ldap.rememberMe.detailsManager.groupRoleAttributeName	'cn'	The attribute which corresponds to the role name of a group
ldap.rememberMe.detailsManager.groupSearchBase	'ou=groups,dc=example,dc=com'	The DN under which groups are stored
ldap.rememberMe.detailsManager.passwordAttributeName	'userPassword'	Password attribute name
ldap.rememberMe.usernameMapper.userDnBase	none, must be set, e.g. 'dc=example,dc=com', 'ou=users,dc=example,dc=com'	The base name of the DN
ldap.rememberMe.usernameMapper.usernameAttribute	none, must be set, e.g. 'cn'	the attribute to append for the username component