Final Project on **Emotion Detector**

Submitted by: Bushra Khatoon

```
In [1]: from google.colab import files
         files.upload()
                         # upload kaggle.json from your computer
       Choose Files No file chosen
                                            Upload widget is only available when the cell has been executed in the
       current browser session. Please rerun this cell to enable.
        Saving kaggle.json to kaggle.json
Out[1]: {'kaggle.json': b'{"username":"bushrakhatoon","key":"17a83efd40bfd25d5e5f5157cbde8078"}'}
In [2]: !mkdir -p ~/.kaggle
         !mv kaggle.json ~/.kaggle/
         !chmod 600 ~/.kaggle/kaggle.json
In [3]: !pip -q install kaggle
         import kaggle
         !kaggle --version
        Kaggle API 1.7.4.5
In [10]: # Download the file from Kaggle link
         # Use the dataset slug from your link
         slug = "ananthu017/emotion-detection-fer"
         # Choose a target folder
         DATA_DIR = "/content/data/emotion_fer"
         !mkdir -p "$DATA_DIR"
         # Download and unzip (if --unzip fails on some setups, we unzip manually below)
         !kaggle datasets download -d $slug -p "$DATA_DIR" --unzip
        Dataset URL: https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/ananthu017/emotion-detection-fer
        License(s): CC0-1.0
        Downloading emotion-detection-fer.zip to /content/data/emotion_fer
          0% 0.00/65.2M [00:00<?, ?B/s]
        100% 65.2M/65.2M [00:00<00:00, 1.21GB/s]
In [22]: import numpy as np
         import pandas as pd
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import seaborn as sns
         import os
         import glob
         import cv2
         from PIL import Image
         from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
         import tensorflow as tf
         from tensorflow import keras
         from keras import Sequential
         from keras.layers import Dense, Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, Flatten, Activation, BatchNormalization, Drop
         from tensorflow.keras import models, layers
         from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
         from sklearn.utils import class_weight
         import warnings
         warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

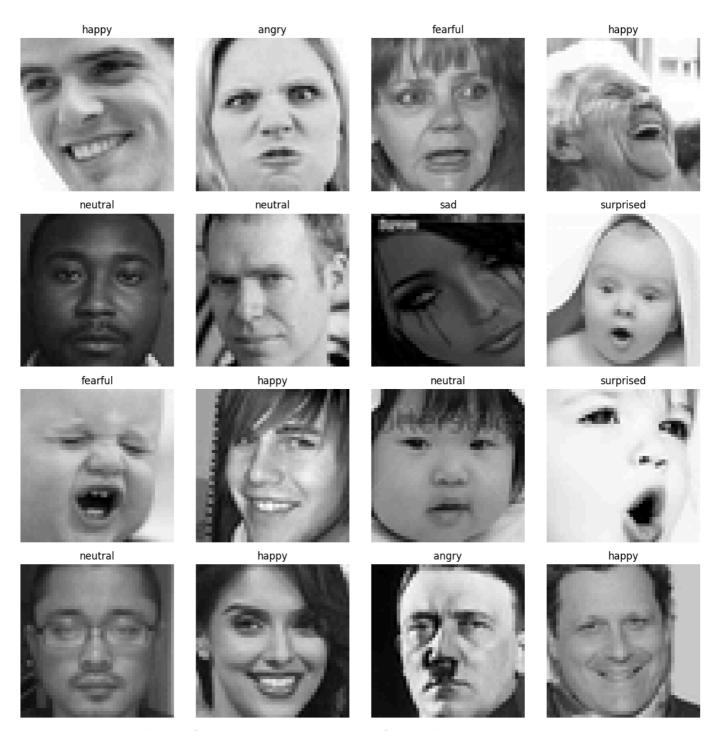
```
In [6]: # Inspect the directory structure
         for dirpath, dirnames, filenames in os.walk("/content/data"):
             print(f"Directory: {dirpath}, Files: {len(filenames)}")
        Directory: /content/data, Files: 0
        Directory: /content/data/emotion_fer, Files: 0
        Directory: /content/data/emotion_fer/test, Files: 0
        Directory: /content/data/emotion_fer/test/surprised, Files: 831
        Directory: /content/data/emotion_fer/test/disgusted, Files: 111
        Directory: /content/data/emotion_fer/test/angry, Files: 958
        Directory: /content/data/emotion_fer/test/sad, Files: 1247
        Directory: /content/data/emotion_fer/test/fearful, Files: 1024
       Directory: /content/data/emotion_fer/test/neutral, Files: 1233
       Directory: /content/data/emotion_fer/test/happy, Files: 1774
        Directory: /content/data/emotion fer/train, Files: 0
        Directory: /content/data/emotion_fer/train/surprised, Files: 3171
        Directory: /content/data/emotion_fer/train/disgusted, Files: 436
        Directory: /content/data/emotion_fer/train/angry, Files: 3995
        Directory: /content/data/emotion_fer/train/sad, Files: 4830
        Directory: /content/data/emotion_fer/train/fearful, Files: 4097
        Directory: /content/data/emotion_fer/train/neutral, Files: 4965
        Directory: /content/data/emotion_fer/train/happy, Files: 7215
In [17]: # Total number of images in train and test folders
         total_train_images = sum(train_counts.values())
         total_test_images = sum(test_counts.values())
         print(f"Total images in train folder: {total train images}")
         print(f"Total images in test folder: {total_test_images}")
        Total images in train folder: 28709
        Total images in test folder: 7178
In [15]: # Total number of images for all 7-categories in train and test directories.
         train_counts = {}
         test_counts = {}
         train_dir = os.path.join(DATA_DIR, "train")
         test_dir = os.path.join(DATA_DIR, "test")
         if os.path.isdir(train_dir):
             for emotion_folder in os.listdir(train_dir):
                 emotion_path = os.path.join(train_dir, emotion_folder)
                 if os.path.isdir(emotion_path):
                     train_counts[emotion_folder] = len(glob.glob(os.path.join(emotion_path, "*")))
         if os.path.isdir(test dir):
             for emotion_folder in os.listdir(test_dir):
                 emotion_path = os.path.join(test_dir, emotion_folder)
                 if os.path.isdir(emotion_path):
                     test_counts[emotion_folder] = len(glob.glob(os.path.join(emotion_path, "*")))
         print("Train counts:")
         for emotion, count in train_counts.items():
             print(f"{emotion}: {count}")
         print("\nTest counts:")
         for emotion, count in test_counts.items():
             print(f"{emotion}: {count}")
```

```
sad: 4830
        fearful: 4097
        neutral: 4965
        happy: 7215
        Test counts:
        surprised: 831
        disgusted: 111
        angry: 958
        sad: 1247
        fearful: 1024
        neutral: 1233
        happy: 1774
In [13]: # ✓ Show random images from the emotion_fer dataset
         import glob, random, math
         from PIL import Image
         # 👇 Change this if your dataset lives elsewhere
         DATA_DIR = "/content/data/emotion_fer" # e.g., where you unzipped ananthu017/emotion-detection-fe
         # Pick a split folder if it exists; otherwise search the root
         base = None
         for split in ["train", "validation", "val", "test"]:
             p = os.path.join(DATA_DIR, split)
             if os.path.isdir(p):
                 base = p
                 break
         if base is None:
             base = DATA_DIR # fallback to root
         # Collect image paths
         exts = ("*.jpg", "*.jpeg", "*.png", "*.bmp", "*.tif", "*.tiff")
         paths = []
         # common structure: base/<class>/*.jpg
         class_dirs = [d for d in os.listdir(base) if os.path.isdir(os.path.join(base, d))]
         if class_dirs:
             for cls in sorted(class_dirs):
                 for e in exts:
                     paths.extend(glob.glob(os.path.join(base, cls, e)))
         # fallback: recursive search (in case the structure is different)
         if not paths:
             for e in exts:
                 paths.extend(glob.glob(os.path.join(DATA_DIR, "**", e), recursive=True))
         if not paths:
             raise FileNotFoundError(f"No images found under {DATA_DIR}. Check your dataset path/folders.")
         # Show a class balance snapshot (top 10)
         labels = [os.path.basename(os.path.dirname(p)) for p in paths]
         class counts = pd.Series(labels).value counts().head(10)
         display(class_counts.to_frame("images"))
```

Train counts: surprised: 3171 disgusted: 436 angry: 3995

```
happy 7215
neutral 4965
sad 4830
fearful 4097
angry 3995
surprised 3171
disgusted 436
```

```
In [18]: # Sample & plot
         K = 16 # number of images to show
         sample = random.sample(paths, min(K, len(paths)))
         cols = 4
         rows = math.ceil(len(sample) / cols)
         plt.figure(figsize=(cols * 3, rows * 3))
         for i, p in enumerate(sample, 1):
             with Image.open(p) as img:
                 img = img.convert("RGB")
             plt.subplot(rows, cols, i)
             plt.imshow(img)
             title = os.path.basename(os.path.dirname(p))
             plt.title(title[:16])
             plt.axis("off")
         plt.tight_layout()
         plt.show()
         print(f"Showing {len(sample)} random images from: {base}")
```



Showing 16 random images from: /content/data/emotion_fer/train

Data preparation for CNN model with Tensorflow

Data generation and data normalization

```
'class_mode' : 'categorical',
                      'batch_size': batch_size,
                      'shuffle': False}
         train = train_idg.flow_from_directory(directory=train_dir, subset='training', **arg_train)
         valid = train_idg.flow_from_directory(directory=train_dir, subset='validation', **arg_train)
         test = test_idg.flow_from_directory(directory=test_dir, **arg_test)
        Found 21535 images belonging to 7 classes.
        Found 7174 images belonging to 7 classes.
        Found 7178 images belonging to 7 classes.
In [42]: ### Creat CNN Model
         model=Sequential()
         model.add(Conv2D(32,kernel_size=(3,3),padding='valid',activation='relu',input_shape=(100,100,1)))
         model.add(BatchNormalization())
         model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2),strides=2,padding='valid'))
         model.add(Conv2D(64,kernel_size=(3,3),padding='valid',activation='relu'))
         model.add(BatchNormalization())
         model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2),strides=2,padding='valid'))
         model.add(Conv2D(128,kernel_size=(3,3),padding='valid',activation='relu'))
         model.add(BatchNormalization())
         model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2),strides=2,padding='valid'))
         model.add(Flatten())
In [43]: model.add(Dense(128,activation='relu'))
         model.add(Dropout(0.1))
         model.add(Dense(64,activation='relu'))
         model.add(Dropout(0.1))
         model.add(Dense(7,activation='softmax')) # Changed activation to softmax
         model.summary()
```

Model: "sequential_6"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_19 (Conv2D)	(None, 98, 98, 32)	320
batch_normalization_19 (BatchNormalization)	(None, 98, 98, 32)	128
max_pooling2d_19 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 49, 49, 32)	0
conv2d_20 (Conv2D)	(None, 47, 47, 64)	18,496
<pre>batch_normalization_20 (BatchNormalization)</pre>	(None, 47, 47, 64)	256
max_pooling2d_20 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 23, 23, 64)	0
conv2d_21 (Conv2D)	(None, 21, 21, 128)	73,856
batch_normalization_21 (BatchNormalization)	(None, 21, 21, 128)	512
max_pooling2d_21 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 10, 10, 128)	0
flatten_6 (Flatten)	(None, 12800)	0
dense_18 (Dense)	(None, 128)	1,638,528
dropout_12 (Dropout)	(None, 128)	0
dense_19 (Dense)	(None, 64)	8,256
dropout_13 (Dropout)	(None, 64)	0
dense_20 (Dense)	(None, 7)	455

Total params: 1,740,807 (6.64 MB)

Trainable params: 1,740,359 (6.64 MB)

Non-trainable params: 448 (1.75 KB)

```
In [44]: ### To train the model
model.compile(optimizer='adam',loss='categorical_crossentropy',metrics=['accuracy'])
history=model.fit(train,epochs=50,validation_data=valid)
```

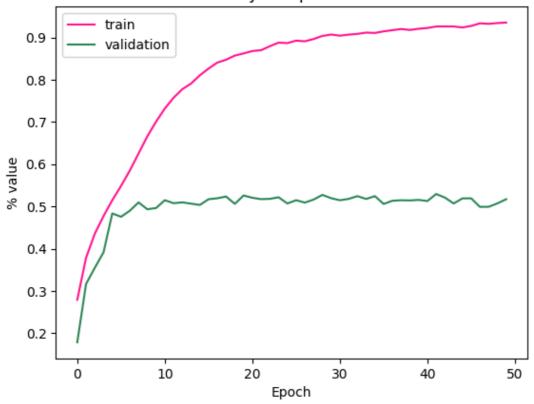
```
Epoch 1/50
337/337
                            - 27s 58ms/step - accuracy: 0.2387 - loss: 2.1775 - val_accuracy: 0.1781
- val loss: 4.8952
Epoch 2/50
337/337 •
                            - 14s 42ms/step - accuracy: 0.3672 - loss: 1.5993 - val_accuracy: 0.3163
- val_loss: 1.6647
Epoch 3/50
337/337
                             15s 45ms/step - accuracy: 0.4331 - loss: 1.4534 - val accuracy: 0.3545
- val loss: 1.6969
Epoch 4/50
337/337
                            - 17s 49ms/step - accuracy: 0.4727 - loss: 1.3406 - val_accuracy: 0.3914
- val_loss: 1.5253
Epoch 5/50
337/337
                            - 15s 44ms/step - accuracy: 0.5109 - loss: 1.2656 - val_accuracy: 0.4834
- val_loss: 1.3692
Epoch 6/50
337/337 •
                            - 18s 54ms/step - accuracy: 0.5606 - loss: 1.1455 - val_accuracy: 0.4755
- val loss: 1.3738
Epoch 7/50
337/337 -
                            - 14s 42ms/step - accuracy: 0.5876 - loss: 1.0743 - val_accuracy: 0.4898
- val loss: 1.3684
Epoch 8/50
337/337 -
                            - 17s 50ms/step - accuracy: 0.6323 - loss: 0.9636 - val_accuracy: 0.5095
- val_loss: 1.3732
Epoch 9/50
337/337 -
                            - 14s 42ms/step - accuracy: 0.6721 - loss: 0.8669 - val_accuracy: 0.4933
- val loss: 1.4446
Epoch 10/50
337/337
                            - 18s 54ms/step - accuracy: 0.7080 - loss: 0.7710 - val_accuracy: 0.4962
- val_loss: 1.4794
Epoch 11/50
337/337
                            - 17s 49ms/step - accuracy: 0.7448 - loss: 0.6882 - val_accuracy: 0.5148
- val_loss: 1.5206
Epoch 12/50
337/337
                            - 15s 43ms/step - accuracy: 0.7640 - loss: 0.6243 - val_accuracy: 0.5077
- val_loss: 1.5753
Epoch 13/50
337/337
                            - 21s 46ms/step - accuracy: 0.7833 - loss: 0.5811 - val accuracy: 0.5096
- val_loss: 1.7648
Epoch 14/50
337/337
                            - 15s 45ms/step - accuracy: 0.7972 - loss: 0.5419 - val_accuracy: 0.5066
- val_loss: 1.7592
Epoch 15/50
                            - 17s 49ms/step - accuracy: 0.8140 - loss: 0.5063 - val_accuracy: 0.5035
337/337 •
- val loss: 1.7623
Epoch 16/50
337/337
                            - 17s 49ms/step - accuracy: 0.8330 - loss: 0.4551 - val accuracy: 0.5171
- val_loss: 1.8615
Epoch 17/50
337/337
                            - 22s 66ms/step - accuracy: 0.8504 - loss: 0.4152 - val_accuracy: 0.5194
- val_loss: 1.8980
Epoch 18/50
337/337
                            - 18s 52ms/step - accuracy: 0.8524 - loss: 0.4085 - val_accuracy: 0.5234
- val loss: 1.9531
Epoch 19/50
337/337 •
                            - 19s 55ms/step - accuracy: 0.8634 - loss: 0.3752 - val_accuracy: 0.5061
- val loss: 1.9956
Epoch 20/50
337/337
                             15s 46ms/step - accuracy: 0.8658 - loss: 0.3751 - val_accuracy: 0.5259
- val_loss: 1.9560
Epoch 21/50
337/337
                            • 14s 42ms/step - accuracy: 0.8767 - loss: 0.3456 - val_accuracy: 0.5205
- val_loss: 2.1393
Epoch 22/50
337/337
                            - 15s 45ms/step - accuracy: 0.8724 - loss: 0.3566 - val_accuracy: 0.5173
- val loss: 2.1757
```

Epoch 23/50

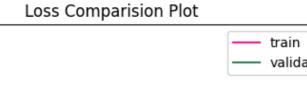
```
- 20s 45ms/step - accuracy: 0.8789 - loss: 0.3385 - val_accuracy: 0.5180
337/337 -
- val_loss: 2.1820
Epoch 24/50
337/337 •
                            - 18s 54ms/step - accuracy: 0.8892 - loss: 0.3176 - val_accuracy: 0.5217
- val_loss: 2.1070
Epoch 25/50
337/337 •
                            - 16s 48ms/step - accuracy: 0.8954 - loss: 0.3084 - val_accuracy: 0.5070
- val loss: 2.2813
Epoch 26/50
337/337
                            - 21s 63ms/step - accuracy: 0.8944 - loss: 0.3048 - val_accuracy: 0.5148
- val_loss: 2.3842
Epoch 27/50
337/337
                            - 17s 49ms/step - accuracy: 0.8924 - loss: 0.3041 - val_accuracy: 0.5091
- val_loss: 2.3611
Epoch 28/50
337/337
                            - 18s 53ms/step - accuracy: 0.8979 - loss: 0.2827 - val_accuracy: 0.5163
- val_loss: 2.3067
Epoch 29/50
                            - 18s 53ms/step - accuracy: 0.9057 - loss: 0.2754 - val_accuracy: 0.5273
337/337
- val_loss: 2.3673
Epoch 30/50
                            - 17s 50ms/step - accuracy: 0.9082 - loss: 0.2697 - val_accuracy: 0.5195
337/337
- val_loss: 2.2697
Epoch 31/50
337/337
                            - 19s 57ms/step - accuracy: 0.9058 - loss: 0.2664 - val_accuracy: 0.5146
- val_loss: 2.5771
Epoch 32/50
337/337
                            - 16s 49ms/step - accuracy: 0.9105 - loss: 0.2596 - val accuracy: 0.5178
- val_loss: 2.4784
Epoch 33/50
337/337 -
                            - 19s 55ms/step - accuracy: 0.9093 - loss: 0.2615 - val_accuracy: 0.5244
- val_loss: 2.4651
Epoch 34/50
337/337
                             19s 50ms/step - accuracy: 0.9141 - loss: 0.2460 - val_accuracy: 0.5177
- val_loss: 2.6008
Epoch 35/50
337/337 •
                            - 18s 53ms/step - accuracy: 0.9153 - loss: 0.2445 - val_accuracy: 0.5244
- val loss: 2.5011
Epoch 36/50
337/337
                             18s 52ms/step - accuracy: 0.9190 - loss: 0.2270 - val_accuracy: 0.5059
- val_loss: 2.5088
Epoch 37/50
                            • 16s 48ms/step - accuracy: 0.9216 - loss: 0.2332 - val_accuracy: 0.5135
337/337 •
- val_loss: 2.6316
Epoch 38/50
337/337
                            - 19s 55ms/step - accuracy: 0.9207 - loss: 0.2367 - val accuracy: 0.5146
- val loss: 2.4045
Epoch 39/50
337/337
                             17s 50ms/step - accuracy: 0.9182 - loss: 0.2387 - val_accuracy: 0.5142
- val_loss: 2.4557
Epoch 40/50
337/337
                            - 17s 51ms/step - accuracy: 0.9210 - loss: 0.2424 - val_accuracy: 0.5155
- val_loss: 2.8644
Epoch 41/50
337/337
                            - 18s 53ms/step - accuracy: 0.9260 - loss: 0.2145 - val_accuracy: 0.5128
- val_loss: 2.2657
Epoch 42/50
337/337 •
                             18s 52ms/step - accuracy: 0.9243 - loss: 0.2157 - val_accuracy: 0.5294
- val_loss: 2.7794
Epoch 43/50
337/337 •
                            - 20s 59ms/step - accuracy: 0.9280 - loss: 0.2054 - val_accuracy: 0.5209
- val_loss: 2.6579
Epoch 44/50
337/337 -
                            - 17s 51ms/step - accuracy: 0.9261 - loss: 0.2087 - val_accuracy: 0.5070
- val loss: 2.5789
Epoch 45/50
337/337 -
                            - 16s 48ms/step - accuracy: 0.9293 - loss: 0.2076 - val_accuracy: 0.5191
```

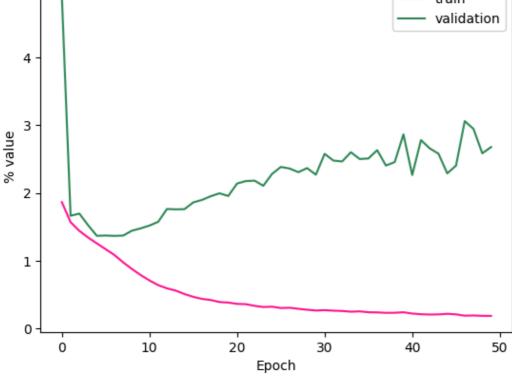
```
- val_loss: 2.2895
        Epoch 46/50
        337/337
                                     18s 54ms/step - accuracy: 0.9295 - loss: 0.2159 - val_accuracy: 0.5192
        - val_loss: 2.4035
        Epoch 47/50
        337/337
                                     17s 50ms/step - accuracy: 0.9336 - loss: 0.1988 - val_accuracy: 0.4989
        - val_loss: 3.0592
        Epoch 48/50
        337/337
                                     14s 43ms/step - accuracy: 0.9360 - loss: 0.1870 - val accuracy: 0.4992
        - val_loss: 2.9436
        Epoch 49/50
        337/337 •
                                     14s 42ms/step - accuracy: 0.9330 - loss: 0.1968 - val_accuracy: 0.5072
        - val_loss: 2.5851
        Epoch 50/50
        337/337
                                     14s 43ms/step - accuracy: 0.9388 - loss: 0.1843 - val_accuracy: 0.5171
        - val_loss: 2.6766
In [51]: # Accuracy comparison chart
         plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'],color='deeppink',label='train')
         plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'],color='seagreen',label='validation')
         plt.title('Accuracy Comparision Plot')
         plt.ylabel('% value')
         plt.xlabel('Epoch')
         plt.legend()
         plt.show()
```

Accuracy Comparision Plot



```
In [52]: # Loss comparison chart
    plt.plot(history.history['loss'],color='deeppink',label='train')
    plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'],color='seagreen',label='validation')
    plt.title('Loss Comparision Plot')
    plt.ylabel('% value')
    plt.xlabel('Epoch')
    plt.legend()
    plt.show()
```

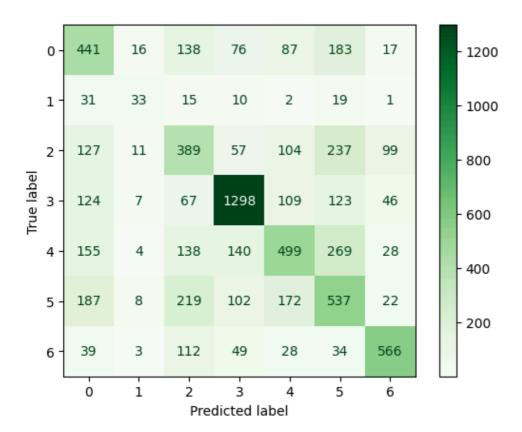




```
# Testing and evaluation
In [56]:
         from sklearn import metrics # Import metrics module
         y_pred = model.predict(test)
         y_pred_labels = []
         for i in y_pred:
             y_pred_labels.append(np.argmax(i))
         y_actual = test.classes[test.index_array]
         cm = metrics.confusion_matrix(y_actual, y_pred_labels)
         disp = metrics.ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion_matrix=cm)
         disp.plot(cmap=plt.cm.Greens)
         plt.show()
```

113/113 -**- 5s** 47ms/step

5



```
In [58]: from sklearn.metrics import classification_report # Import classification_report
print(classification_report(y_actual, y_pred_labels, digits=4))
```

```
precision
                             recall f1-score
                                                 support
           0
                  0.3995
                            0.4603
                                       0.4277
                                                     958
           1
                  0.4024
                             0.2973
                                       0.3420
                                                     111
           2
                             0.3799
                  0.3609
                                       0.3701
                                                    1024
           3
                             0.7317
                                                    1774
                  0.7494
                                       0.7404
           4
                  0.4985
                             0.4047
                                       0.4467
                                                    1233
           5
                  0.3830
                             0.4306
                                       0.4054
                                                    1247
                                       0.7031
                                                     831
           6
                  0.7266
                             0.6811
                                       0.5242
                                                    7178
    accuracy
                  0.5029
                             0.4837
                                       0.4908
                                                    7178
   macro avg
weighted avg
                  0.5325
                             0.5242
                                       0.5267
                                                    7178
```

```
Found 28709 images belonging to 7 classes. {\'angry\': 0, \'disgusted\': 1, \'fearful\': 2, \'happy\': 3, \'neutral\': 4, \'sad\': 5, \'surprised\': 6}
```

Found 28709 images belonging to 7 classes.

{'angry': 0, 'disgusted': 1, 'fearful': 2, 'happy': 3, 'neutral': 4, 'sad': 5, 'surprised': 6}

Prediction-1

```
In [162...
          import cv2
          from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
 In [84]: #reading the original image
          test_img2 = cv2.imread('/content/2_fearful_face.jpeg')
          #converting the image into grayscale
          grey_img2 = rgb2gray(test_img2)
          fig, axes = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(8, 4))
          ax = axes.ravel()
          #setting the axes of the image
          ax[0].imshow(test_img2) # Use test_img1 for the original image
          ax[0].set_title("Original image")
          ax[1].imshow(grey_img2, cmap=plt.cm.gray) # Use grey_img1 for the grayscale image
          ax[1].set_title("Processed image")
          #display the processed image
          fig.tight layout()
          plt.show()
                            Original image
                                                                              Processed image
           0
                                                               0
          50
                                                              50
         100
                                                             100
         150
                                                             150
                            100
                                    150
                                            200
                                                   250
                                                                               100
                                                                                               200
                                                                                                       250
 In [85]: grey_img2_resized = cv2.resize(grey_img2, (100, 100))
          test_input2 = grey_img2_resized.reshape(1, 100, 100, 1)
          test_input2.shape
Out[85]: (1, 100, 100, 1)
 In [86]: model.predict(test_input2)
```

1/1 ---- 0s 34ms/step

Out[86]: array([[0.12131992, 0.13538785, 0.6299236 , 0.04644792, 0.00874567, 0.04605708, 0.01211797]], dtype=float32)

Prediction-2

```
In [175... #reading the original image
    test_img02 = cv2.imread('/content/surprised_face2.jpeg')
    #converting the image into grayscale
    grey_img02 = rgb2gray(test_img02)
    fig, axes = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(8, 4))
    ax = axes.ravel()
    #setting the axes of the image
    ax[0].imshow(test_img02) # Use test_img1 for the original image
    ax[0].set_title("Original image")
    ax[1].imshow(grey_img02, cmap=plt.cm.gray) # Use grey_img1 for the grayscale image
    ax[1].set_title("Processed image")
    #display the processed image
```

```
fig.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

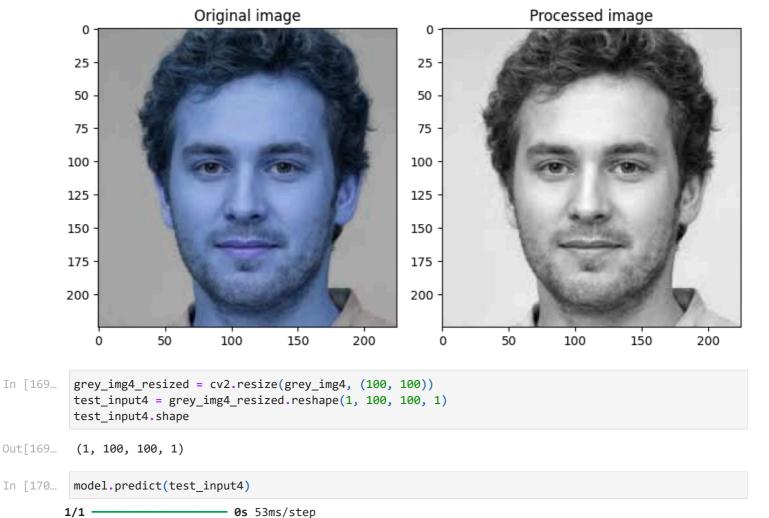




1.5343505e-06, 1.6526741e-04, 1.0397012e-03]], dtype=float32)

Prediction-3

```
In [166... #reading the original image
    test_img4 = cv2.imread('/content/nuteral_face2.jpeg')
    #converting the image into grayscale
    grey_img4 = rgb2gray(test_img4)
    fig, axes = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(8, 4))
    ax = axes.ravel()
    #setting the axes of the image
    ax[0].imshow(test_img4) # Use test_img1 for the original image
    ax[0].set_title("Original image")
    ax[1].imshow(grey_img4, cmap=plt.cm.gray) # Use grey_img1 for the grayscale image
    ax[1].set_title("Processed image")
    #display the processed image
    fig.tight_layout()
    plt.show()
```



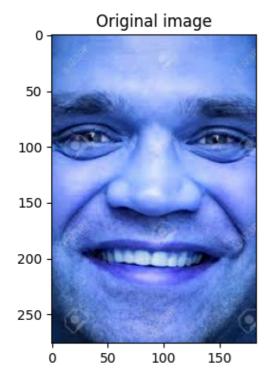
Prediction-4

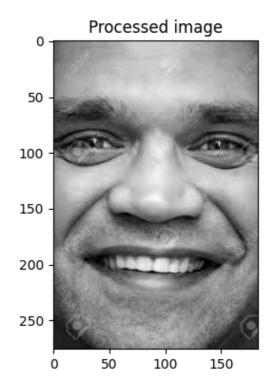
Out[170...

```
In [178... #reading the original image
    test_img5 = cv2.imread('/content/happy_face4.jpeg')
    #converting the image into grayscale
    grey_img5 = rgb2gray(test_img5)
    fig, axes = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(8, 4))
    ax = axes.ravel()
    #setting the axes of the image
    ax[0].imshow(test_img5) # Use test_img1 for the original image
    ax[0].set_title("Original image")
    ax[1].imshow(grey_img5, cmap=plt.cm.gray) # Use grey_img1 for the grayscale image
    ax[1].set_title("Processed image")
    #display the processed image
    fig.tight_layout()
    plt.show()
```

array([[6.9924456e-04, 2.5507687e-14, 6.6499088e-06, 5.0905120e-04,

9.9419051e-01, 4.0052142e-03, 5.8924936e-04]], dtype=float32)





```
In [179...
          grey_img5_resized = cv2.resize(grey_img5, (100, 100))
          test_input5 = grey_img5_resized.reshape(1, 100, 100, 1)
          test_input5.shape
```

Out[179... (1, 100, 100, 1)

1/1

model.predict(test_input5) In [180...

- 0s 36ms/step array([[7.3643422e-01, 5.7453119e-11, 1.4249649e-06, 4.0472839e-02, Out[180... 6.7381113e-04, 2.2227617e-01, 1.4158608e-04]], dtype=float32)