

Collaborative Wiki Development: Security Frameworks

Q1. Which of the frameworks do you think would be applicable to the following organisations:

- **International bank.**
- **Large hospital.**
- **Large food manufacturing factory.**

For the organizations mentioned:

a. International Bank:

- The ISO 27001 standard would be highly relevant for an international bank due to its comprehensive approach to information security management systems (ISMS) .
- COBIT could also be beneficial for the bank to ensure compliance with regulations like the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (SOX).
- NIST CSF can help the bank focus on cybersecurity risk analysis and management, which is crucial for financial institutions.

b. Large Hospital:

- The HITRUST Common Security Framework (CSF) is specifically designed for healthcare organizations and includes risk analysis, risk management, and operational requirements.
- NIST CSF can also be valuable for the hospital to enhance cybersecurity preparedness and resilience.
- ISO 27001 can help the hospital establish robust information security practices to protect patient data and comply with healthcare regulations.

c. Large Food Manufacturing Factory:

- The ISO 27001 standard can assist the food manufacturing factory in implementing information security best practices to safeguard sensitive data related to recipes, supply chain, and customer information.
- CIS Controls may be beneficial for the factory to enhance technical security controls and resilience in its operational environment.
- NIST SP 1800 series guides can provide practical insights on implementing cybersecurity technologies in real-world applications, which could be useful for the factory's unique operational requirements.

These recommendations are based on the specific industry focus and requirements of each organization. It's important for organizations to assess their individual needs and compliance obligations when selecting the most suitable frameworks and standards.

Q2. Summarise the tests and recommendations you would make to the owners/ managers for each of the above businesses to help them use the frameworks and comply with industry standards.

For the owners/managers of the mentioned businesses:

1. International Bank:

Recommendations:

- Implement ISO 27001 to establish a robust ISMS for information security management.
- Utilize COBIT to ensure compliance with regulations like the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (SOX).
- Focus on cybersecurity risk analysis and management using NIST CSF.

Tests:

- Conduct regular audits to assess compliance with ISO 27001 requirements.
- Evaluate the alignment of IT processes with COBIT guidelines.
- Test the effectiveness of cybersecurity controls based on NIST CSF recommendations.

2. Large Hospital:

Recommendations:

- Adopt the HITRUST Common Security Framework (CSF) tailored for healthcare organizations.
- Consider implementing NIST CSF for enhanced cybersecurity preparedness.
- Ensure compliance with healthcare regulations through frameworks like ISO 27001.

Tests:

- Conduct a comprehensive security assessment based on HITRUST CSF control categories.
- Evaluate the hospital's cybersecurity posture against NIST CSF's risk management phases.
- Perform audits to verify adherence to ISO 27001 standards for information security management.

3. Large Food Manufacturing Factory:

Recommendations:

- Implement ISO 27001 to establish information security best practices for protecting sensitive data.
- Enhance technical security controls using CIS Controls tailored for operational environments.
- Consider insights from NIST SP 1800 series guides for implementing cybersecurity technologies.

Tests:

- Assess the factory's compliance with ISO 27001 requirements through regular audits.
- Evaluate the effectiveness of technical security controls based on CIS Controls.
- Implement cybersecurity technologies following the guidance provided in NIST SP 1800 series publications.

By following these recommendations and conducting the suggested tests, the owners/managers of the businesses can effectively leverage the frameworks and standards to enhance their cybersecurity posture, ensure compliance with industry regulations, and protect their critical assets and data.