

Lab 02: Variables, Arrays and Scripts

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1 SCRIPT FILE

```
1 % Math 3341, Fall 2021
2 % Lab 02: Variables, Arrays and Scripts
3 % Author: Melissa Butler
4 % Date: 08/30/2021
5
6 clc           % clear command window
7 clear         % clear variables workspace
8 format compact % show results in compact format
9
10 %% 1 1-D Array: Vector
11 % 1(a)
12 vec1 = linspace(1, 9, 9)
13 vec2 = 18:-2:1
14 vec1Length = length(vec1)
15 vec2Length = length(vec2)
16 % 1(b)
17 vec1Product = prod(vec1)
18 vecProduct = vec1 .* vec2
19 dotProduct1 = dot(vec1, vec2)
20 dotProduct2 = vec1 * vec2'
21 dotProduct3 = sum(vec1 .* vec2)
22
23 %% 2 2-D Array: Matrix
24 % 2(a)
25 mat1 = magic(3)
26 mat1ColSum = sum(mat1, 1)
27 mat1RowSum = sum(mat1, 2)
28 mat1DiagSum = sum(diag(mat1))
29 % 2(b)
30 mat2 = reshape(vec1, 3, 3)'
31 matProduct1 = mat1 * mat2
32 matProduct2 = mat1 .* mat2
33 % 2(c)
34 mat3 = [matProduct1;matProduct2]
35 sumAll = sum(mat3, 'all')
36 mat3ColMin = min(mat3, [], 1)
37 mat3RowMax = max(mat3, [], 2)
38 [rowIndex, colIndex] = find(mat3 <= 20)
39 % 2(d)
40 mat3(:, 4) = mat3(:, 2)
```

```
41 mat3(:, end + 1) = int8(rand(6, 1) * 255)
42 mat3 = [mat3, colon(0,36,200)']
43 mat3Size = size(mat3)
44
45 %% 3 Array: Char Array vs. String Array
46 % 3(a)
47 helloChar = 'hello '
48 worldChar = 'world'
49 helloString = "hello "
50 worldString = "world"
51 helloWorldChar1 = [helloChar, worldChar]
52 helloWorldString1 = [helloString, worldString]
53 helloWorldChar2 = strcat(helloChar, worldChar)
54 helloWorldString2 = strcat(helloString, worldString)
55 % 3(b)
56 helloWorldChar1Class = class(helloWorldChar1)
57 helloWorldChar2Class = class(helloWorldChar2)
58 helloWorldString1Class = class(helloWorldString1)
59 helloWorldString2Class = class(helloWorldString2)
60 helloWorldChar1Length = length(helloWorldChar1)
61 helloWorldChar2Length = length(helloWorldChar2)
62 helloWorldString1Length = length(helloWorldString1)
63 helloWorldString2Length = length(helloWorldString2)
64
65 %% 4 Application: Image Processing
66 % 4(a)
67 uwGray = imread('UW_gray.png');
68 uwGraySize = size(uwGray)
69 [V, D] = eig(double(uwGray));
70 maxEigenvalue = max(D, [], 'all')
71 % 4(b)
72 imshow(uwGray)
73 steamboatLeft = uwGray(1:650, 171:650);
74 steamboatRight = fliplr(steamboatLeft);
75 steamboat = [steamboatLeft, steamboatRight];
76 % 4(c)
77 uwName = uwGray(651:960, :);
78 uwGrayNew = [steamboat; uwName];
79 imshow(uwGrayNew)
80 imwrite(uwGrayNew, 'UW_gray_new.png')
81 uwGrayNewSize = size(uwGrayNew)
82 whos
```

2 OUTPUT FILE

```
1 lab_02_script
2 vec1 =
3     1     2     3     4     5     6     7     8     9
4 vec2 =
5     18    16    14    12    10     8     6     4     2
6 vec1Length =
7     9
8 vec2Length =
9     9
10 vec1Product =
11     362880
12 vecProduct =
13     18    32    42    48    50    48    42    32    18
14 dotProduct1 =
15     330
16 dotProduct2 =
17     330
18 dotProduct3 =
19     330
20 mat1 =
21     8     1     6
22     3     5     7
23     4     9     2
24 mat1ColSum =
25     15    15    15
26 mat1RowSum =
27     15
28     15
29     15
30 mat1DiagSum =
31     15
32 mat2 =
33     1     2     3
34     4     5     6
35     7     8     9
36 matProduct1 =
37     54    69    84
38     72    87   102
39     54    69    84
40 matProduct2 =
41     8     2    18
42    12    25    42
43    28    72    18
44 mat3 =
45    54    69    84
```

```
46     72     87    102
47     54     69     84
48      8      2     18
49     12     25     42
50     28     72     18
51 sumAll =
52     900
53 mat3ColMin =
54      8      2     18
55 mat3RowMax =
56     84
57    102
58     84
59     18
60     42
61     72
62 rowIndex =
63      4
64      5
65      4
66      4
67      6
68 colIndex =
69      1
70      1
71      2
72      3
73      3
74 mat3 =
75     54     69     84     69
76     72     87    102     87
77     54     69     84     69
78      8      2     18      2
79     12     25     42     25
80     28     72     18     72
81 mat3 =
82     54     69     84     69    127
83     72     87    102     87    127
84     54     69     84     69    124
85      8      2     18      2    127
86     12     25     42     25     36
87     28     72     18     72    108
88 mat3 =
89     54     69     84     69    127      0
90     72     87    102     87    127     36
91     54     69     84     69    124     72
92      8      2     18      2    127    108
93     12     25     42     25     36    144
```

```

94      28    72    18    72   108   180
95  mat3Size =
96      6     6
97  helloChar =
98      'hello '
99  worldChar =
100     'world'
101  helloString =
102     "hello "
103  worldString =
104     "world"
105  helloWorldChar1 =
106     'hello world'
107  helloWorldString1 =
108     1x2 <a href="matlab:helpPopup string" style="font-weight:bold">string</a> array
109     "hello "    "world"
110  helloWorldChar2 =
111     'helloworld'
112  helloWorldString2 =
113     "hello world"
114  helloWorldChar1Class =
115     'char'
116  helloWorldChar2Class =
117     'char'
118  helloWorldString1Class =
119     'string'
120  helloWorldString2Class =
121     'string'
122  helloWorldChar1Length =
123     11
124  helloWorldChar2Length =
125     10
126  helloWorldString1Length =
127     2
128  helloWorldString2Length =
129     1
130  uwGraySize =
131     960   960
132  maxEigenvalue =
133     2.2850e+05
134  uwGrayNewSize =
135     960   960
136  Name                Size                Bytes  Class      Attributes
137
138  D                    960x960            14745600  double    complex
139  V                    960x960            14745600  double    complex
140  colIndex              5x1                 40  double
141  dotProduct1           1x1                  8  double

```

142	dotProduct2	1x1	8	double
143	dotProduct3	1x1	8	double
144	helloChar	1x6	12	char
145	helloString	1x1	150	string
146	helloWorldChar1	1x11	22	char
147	helloWorldChar1Class	1x4	8	char
148	helloWorldChar1Length	1x1	8	double
149	helloWorldChar2	1x10	20	char
150	helloWorldChar2Class	1x4	8	char
151	helloWorldChar2Length	1x1	8	double
152	helloWorldString1	1x2	204	string
153	helloWorldString1Class	1x6	12	char
154	helloWorldString1Length	1x1	8	double
155	helloWorldString2	1x1	166	string
156	helloWorldString2Class	1x6	12	char
157	helloWorldString2Length	1x1	8	double
158	mat1	3x3	72	double
159	mat1ColSum	1x3	24	double
160	mat1DiagSum	1x1	8	double
161	mat1RowSum	3x1	24	double
162	mat2	3x3	72	double
163	mat3	6x6	288	double
164	mat3ColMin	1x3	24	double
165	mat3RowMax	6x1	48	double
166	mat3Size	1x2	16	double
167	matProduct1	3x3	72	double
168	matProduct2	3x3	72	double
169	maxEigenvalue	1x1	8	double
170	rowIndex	5x1	40	double
171	steamboat	650x960	624000	uint8
172	steamboatLeft	650x480	312000	uint8
173	steamboatRight	650x480	312000	uint8
174	sumAll	1x1	8	double
175	uwGray	960x960	921600	uint8
176	uwGrayNew	960x960	921600	uint8
177	uwGrayNewSize	1x2	16	double
178	uwGraySize	1x2	16	double
179	uwName	310x960	297600	uint8
180	vec1	1x9	72	double
181	vec1Length	1x1	8	double
182	vec1Product	1x1	8	double
183	vec2	1x9	72	double
184	vec2Length	1x1	8	double
185	vecProduct	1x9	72	double
186	worldChar	1x5	10	char
187	worldString	1x1	150	string
188				
189	diary off			

3 FIGURE FILE



Figure 1: UWyo Logo

4 BASICS OF L^AT_EX

`\subsection{Sine functions}`

For given $x \in [0, 2\pi]$ with step size $\pi/12$, we can obtain the evaluations of `\eqref{eq:sine}` at x (see Table `\ref{tab:sine}`), and the corresponding plot (see Figure `\ref{fig:sine}`).

```
\begin{equation}
  \label{eq:sine}
  \begin{cases}
    y_1 = \sin(x/2) \\
    y_2 = \sin(x) \\
    y_3 = \sin(2x)
  \end{cases}
\end{equation}
\begin{table}[!hbt]
\centering
\caption{Sine functions}
\label{tab:sine}
\begin{tabular}{ccrr}
\toprule
   $x$  &  $\sin(x/2)$  &  $\sin(x)$  &  $\sin(2x)$  \\
\midrule
  0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
   $\pi/2$  &  $\sqrt{2}/2$  & 1 & 0 \\
   $\pi$  & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
   $3\pi/2$  &  $\sqrt{2}/2$  & -1 & 0 \\
   $2\pi$  & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
\bottomrule
\end{tabular}
\end{table}
\begin{figure}[!hbt]
\centering
\includegraphics[width=0.3\textwidth]{./fig/sine.pdf}
\caption{Sine functions}
\label{fig:sine}
\end{figure}
```

`\subsection{Goldbach's Conjecture}`

Pursuing this type of analysis more carefully, Hardy and Littlewood in 1923 conjectured (as part of their famous `\textsl{Hardy–Littlewood prime tuple conjecture}`) that for any fixed $c \geq 2$, the number of representations of a large integer n as the sum of c primes $n = p_1 + \cdots + p_c$ with $p_1 \leq \cdots \leq p_c$ should be asymptotically equal to

```
\begin{equation}
  \label{eq:hardy}
  \left( \prod_p \frac{p \gamma_{c,p}(n)}{(p-1)^c} \right)
  \int_2^{\infty} \mathbf{1}_{x_1 \leq \cdots \leq x_c: x_1 + \cdots + x_c = n}

```

$$\frac{d x_1 \cdots d x_{c-1}}{\ln x_1 \cdots \ln x_c},$$

where the product is over all primes p , and $\gamma_{c,p}(n)$ is the number of solutions to the equation $n = q_1 + \cdots + q_c \pmod p$ in modular arithmetic, subject to the constraints $q_1, \ldots, q_c \not\equiv 0 \pmod p$. This formula [\eqref{eq:hardy}](#) has been rigorously proven to be asymptotically valid for $c \geq 3$ from the work of Vinogradov, but is still only a conjecture when $c = 2$. In the latter case, the above formula simplifies to 0 when n is odd, and to

$$2 \pi_2 \left(\prod_{p|n; p \geq 3} \frac{p-1}{p-2} \right) \int_2^n \frac{dx}{(\ln x)^2} \approx 2 \pi_2 \left(\prod_{p|n; p \geq 3} \frac{p-1}{p-2} \right) \frac{n}{(\ln n)^2},$$

when n is even, where π_2 is Hardy-Littlewood's twin prime constant

$$\pi_2 := \prod_{p \geq 3} \left(1 - \frac{1}{(p-1)^2} \right) = 0.6601618158 \ldots$$

This is sometimes known as the [extended Goldbach conjecture](#).

Reference: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Goldbach's_conjecture.