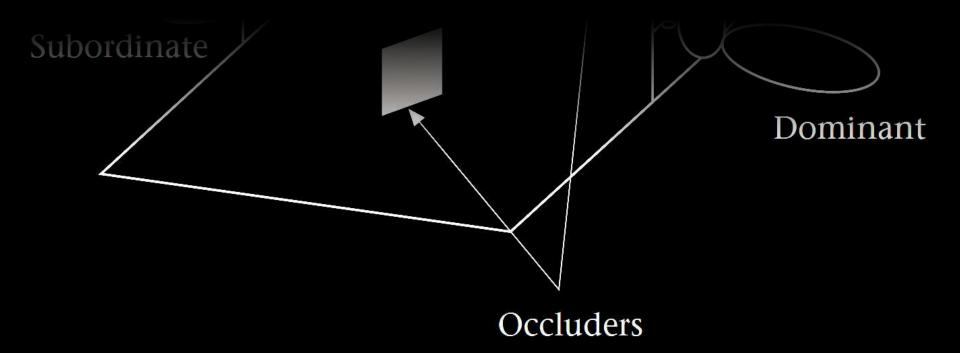


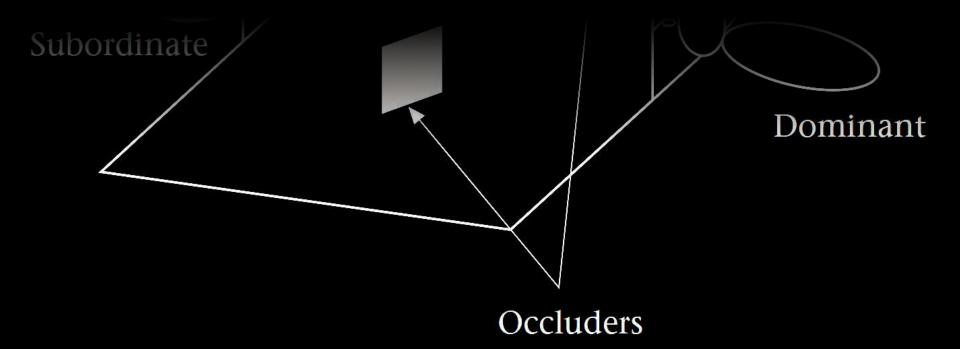
'chimpanzees understand ... intentions ...
perception and knowledge ... Moreover, they
understand how these psychological states
work together to produce intentional action'
(Call & Tomasello 2008:191)





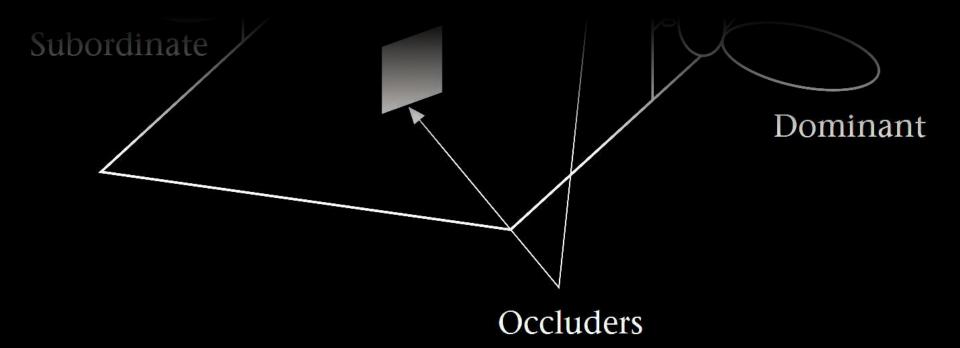
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'our fundamental conception of what it is to know that P is itself an explanatory conception [...] we think of S's knowledge that P as something that can properly be explained by reference to what S has perceived or remembered or proved or ...' (Cassam 2007: 356)



Ayesha will cycle up Hármashatár hill desires
Henry

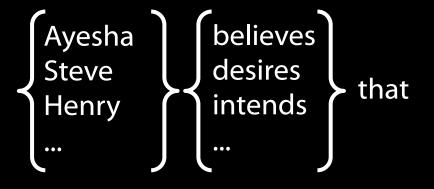
Ayesha will cycle up Hármashatár hill desires
Henry

Ayesha Steve Henry ... Ayesha will cycle up Hármashatár hill

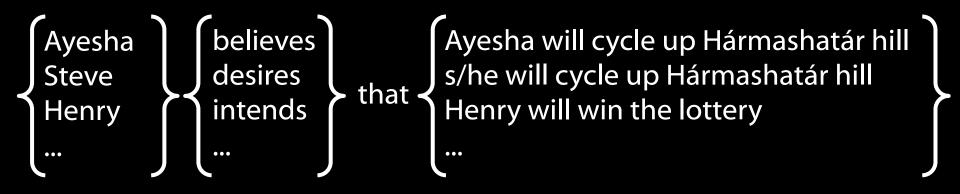
Content

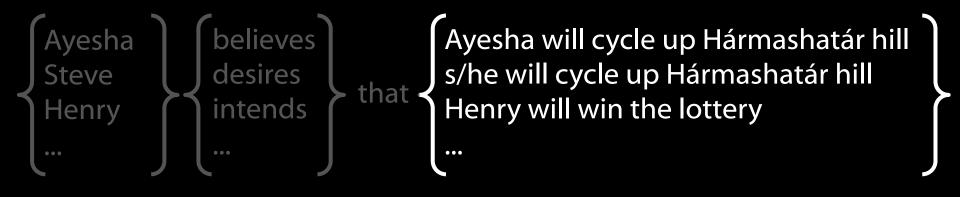
Subject

Attitude

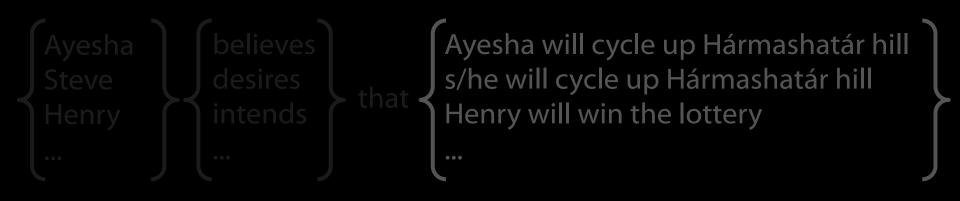


Ayesha will cycle up Hármashatár hill





'Propositions ... are the sharable objects of the attitudes and the primary bearers of truth and falsity' (McGrath 2012)



'Proposition's ... are the sharable objects of the attitudes and the primary bearers of truth and falsity' (McGrath 2012)

Ayesha Steve Henry

believes desires intends ...

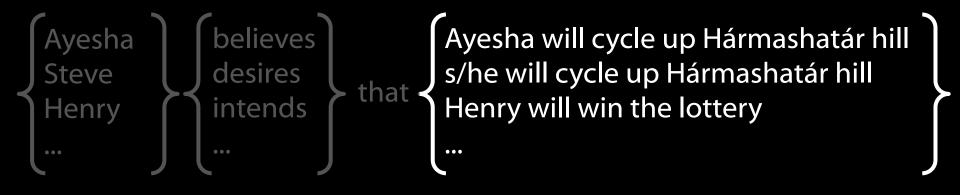
that

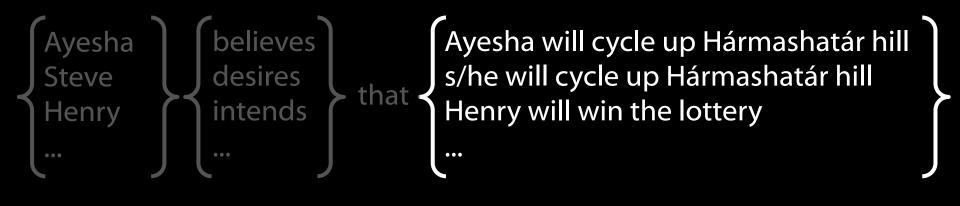
Ayesha will cycle up Hármashatár hill s/he will cycle up Hármashatár hill Henry will win the lottery

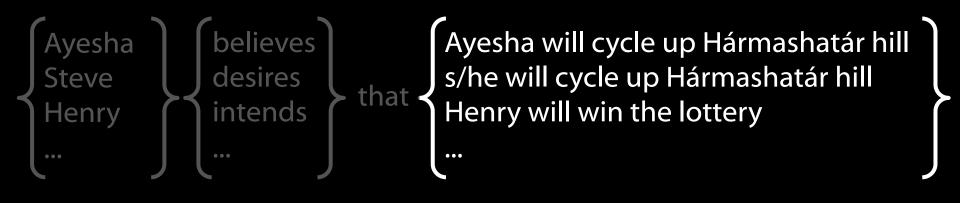
Subject Attitude

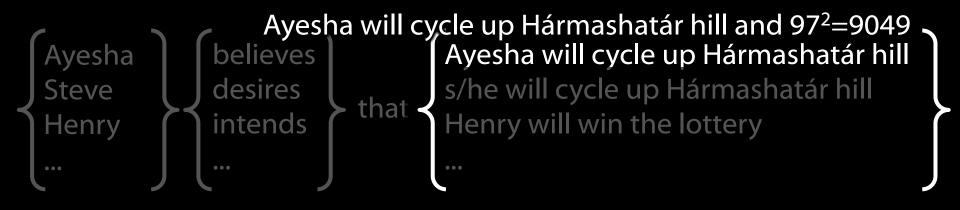
Content

'Proposition's ... are the sharable objects of the attitudes and the primary bearers of truth and falsity' (McGrath 2012)

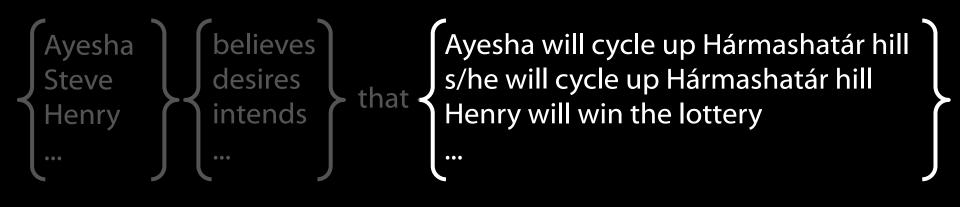






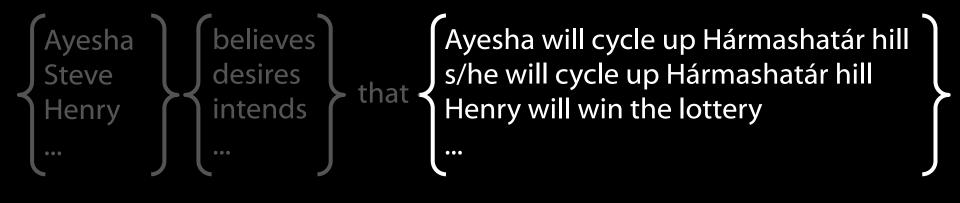


proposition-2: a (nested) sequence of objects and properties



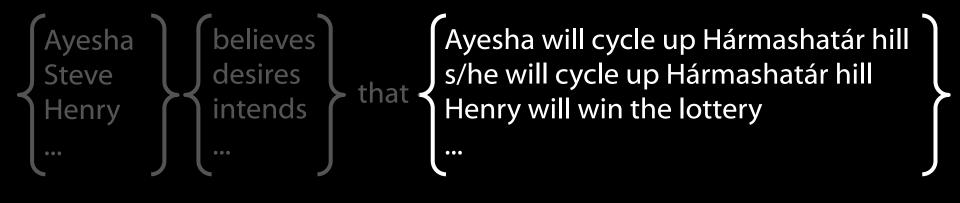
proposition-2: a (nested) sequence of objects and properties

< < Ayesha , Hármashatár hill >, cycle >



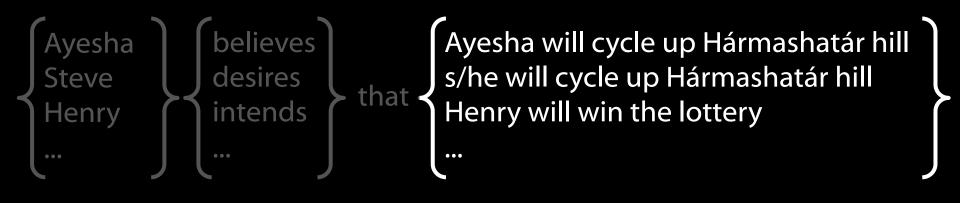
proposition-2: a (nested) sequence of objects and properties

- < < Ayesha, Hármashatár hill >, cycle >
- < < Steve , Hármashatár hill >, cycle >



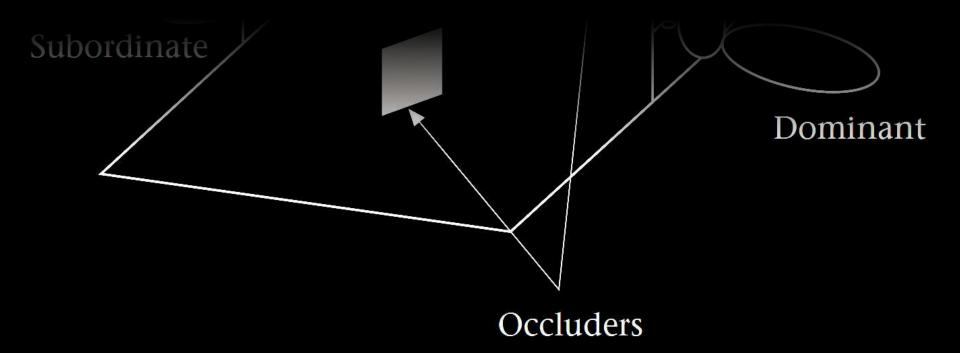
proposition-2: a (nested) sequence of objects and properties

proposition-3: a (nested) sequence of modes of presentations of objects and properties



'chimpanzees understand ... intentions ...
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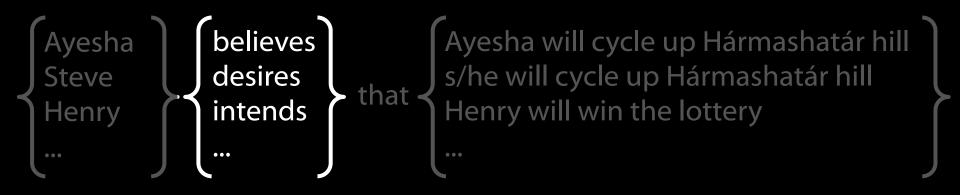


'chimpanzees understand ... intentions ... perception and knowledge ... Moreover, they understand how these psychological states work together to produce intentional action' (Call & Tomasello 2008:191)



'from 7 months on ... humans automatically compute other's beliefs and seem to hold them in mind as alternative representations of the environment.'

(Kovács et al 2010: 1834)



'(4) For any p: One ought to believe that p only if p.

'the holding of this norm is one of the defining features of the notion of belief [...] That [...] is what makes it the state that it is.'

(Boghossian 2003: 37, 38-9)

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'the holding of this norm is one of the defining features of the notion of belief [...] That [...] is what makes it the state that it is.'

(Boghossian 2003: 37, 38-9)

'Aside from our purposes in forming beliefs or in using beliefs as guides to action, there is nothing they should or shouldn't be. ... The only fault with fallacious reasoning, the only thing wrong or bad about mistaken judgements, is that, generally speaking, we don't like them. We do our best to avoid them. They do not—most of the time at least—serve our purposes' (Dretske 2000: 247-8)

'Rational intentions should be agglomerative. If at one and the same time I rationally intend to A and rationally intend to B then it should be both possible and rational for me, at the same time, to intend to A and B.'

(Bratman 1999: 220)

'chimpanzees understand ... intentions ... perception and knowledge ... Moreover, they understand how these psychological states work together to produce intentional action' (Call & Tomasello 2008:191)



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