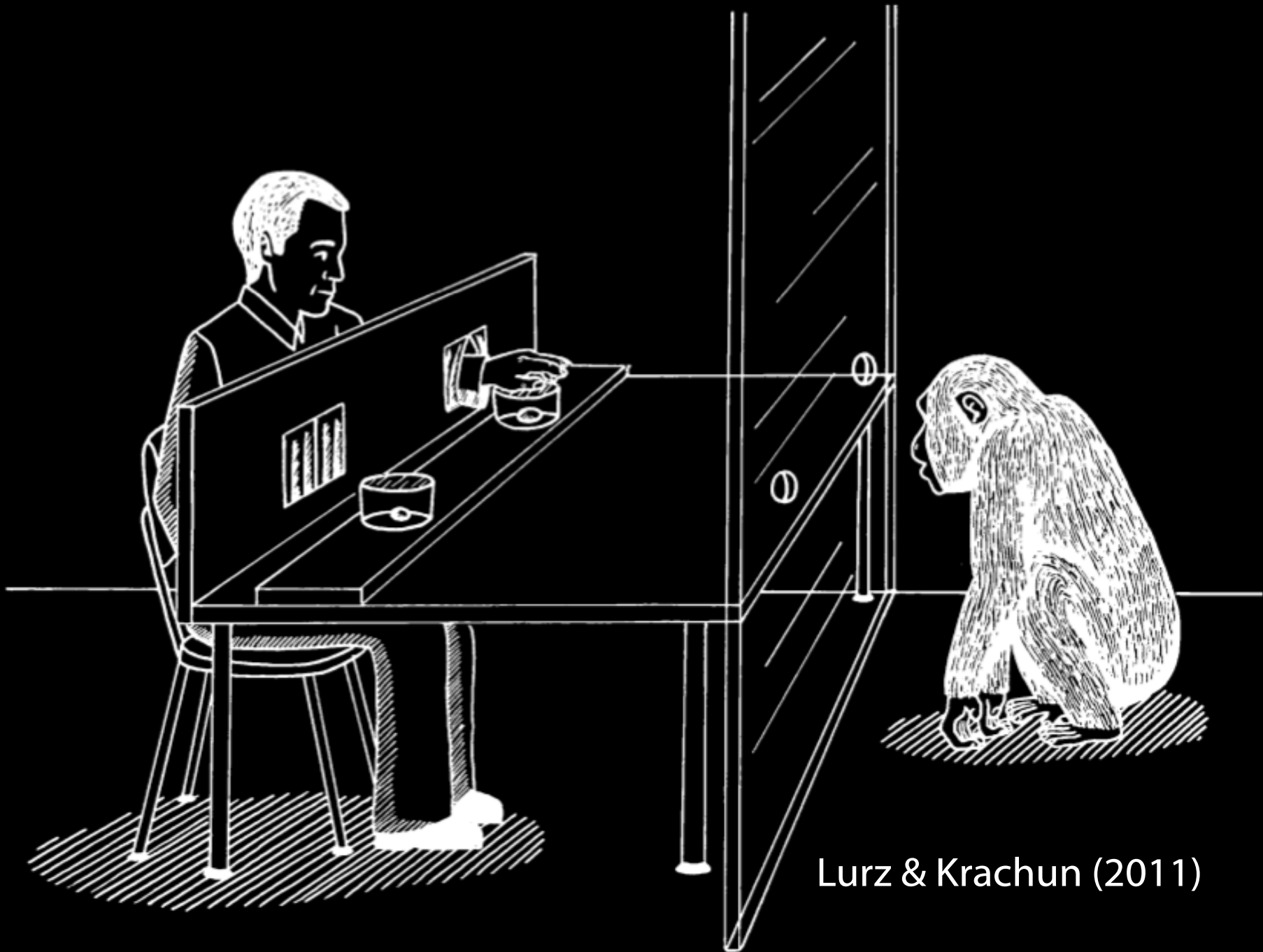
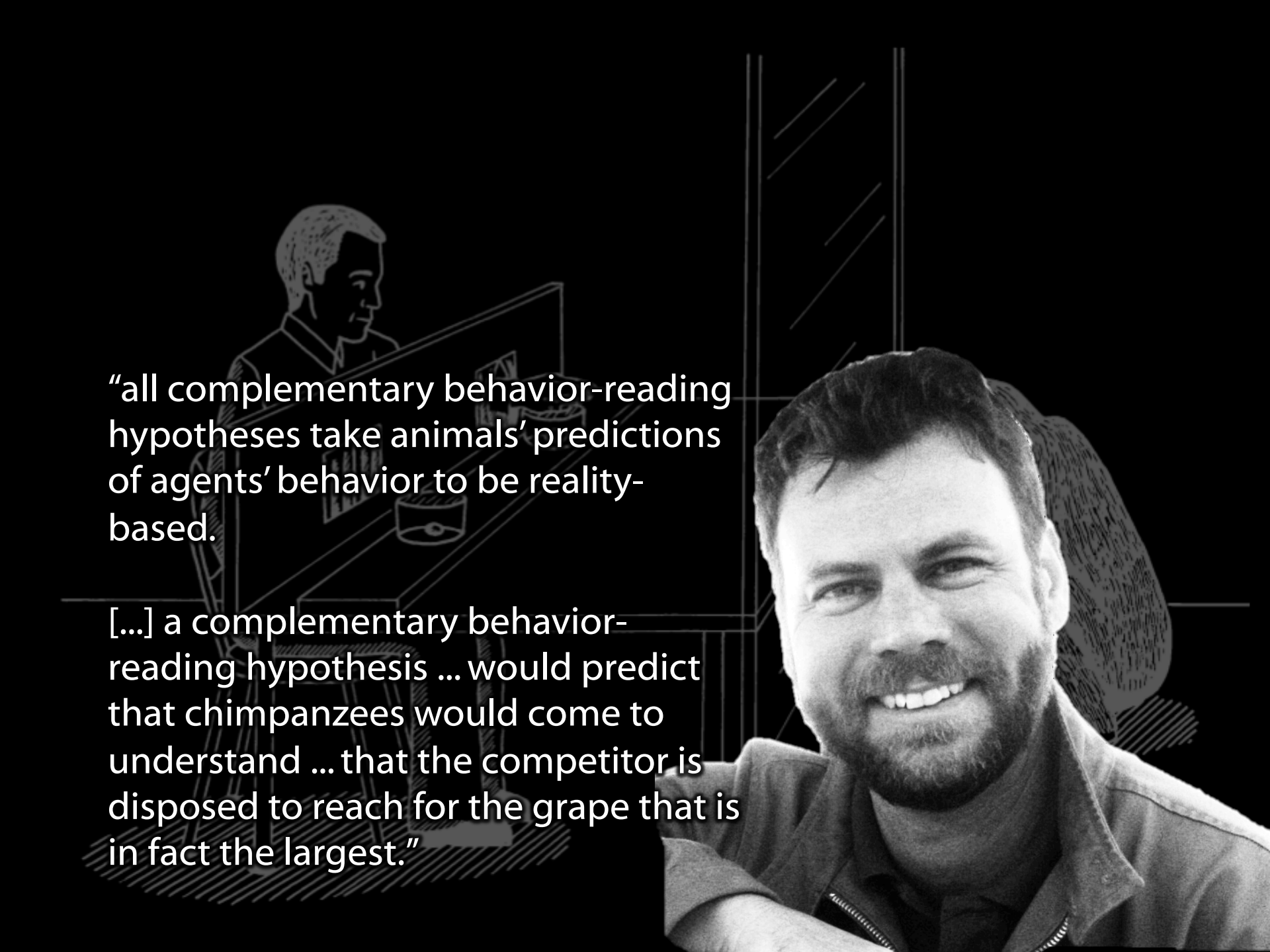


Lurz & Krachun (2011)



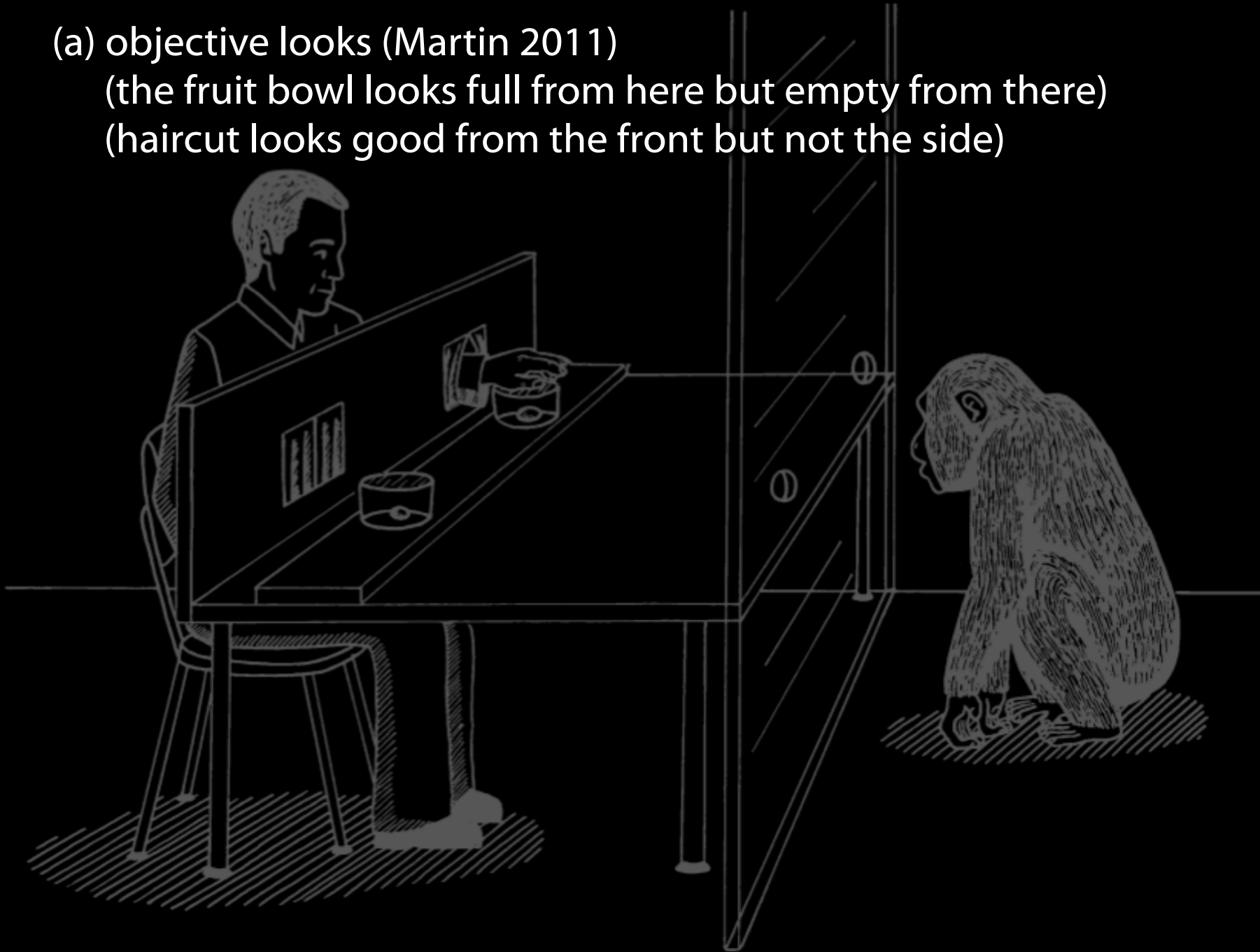
Lurz & Krachun (2011)



"all complementary behavior-reading hypotheses take animals' predictions of agents' behavior to be reality-based.

[...] a complementary behavior-reading hypothesis ... would predict that chimpanzees would come to understand ... that the competitor is disposed to reach for the grape that is in fact the largest."

(a) objective looks (Martin 2011)
(the fruit bowl looks full from here but empty from there)
(haircut looks good from the front but not the side)

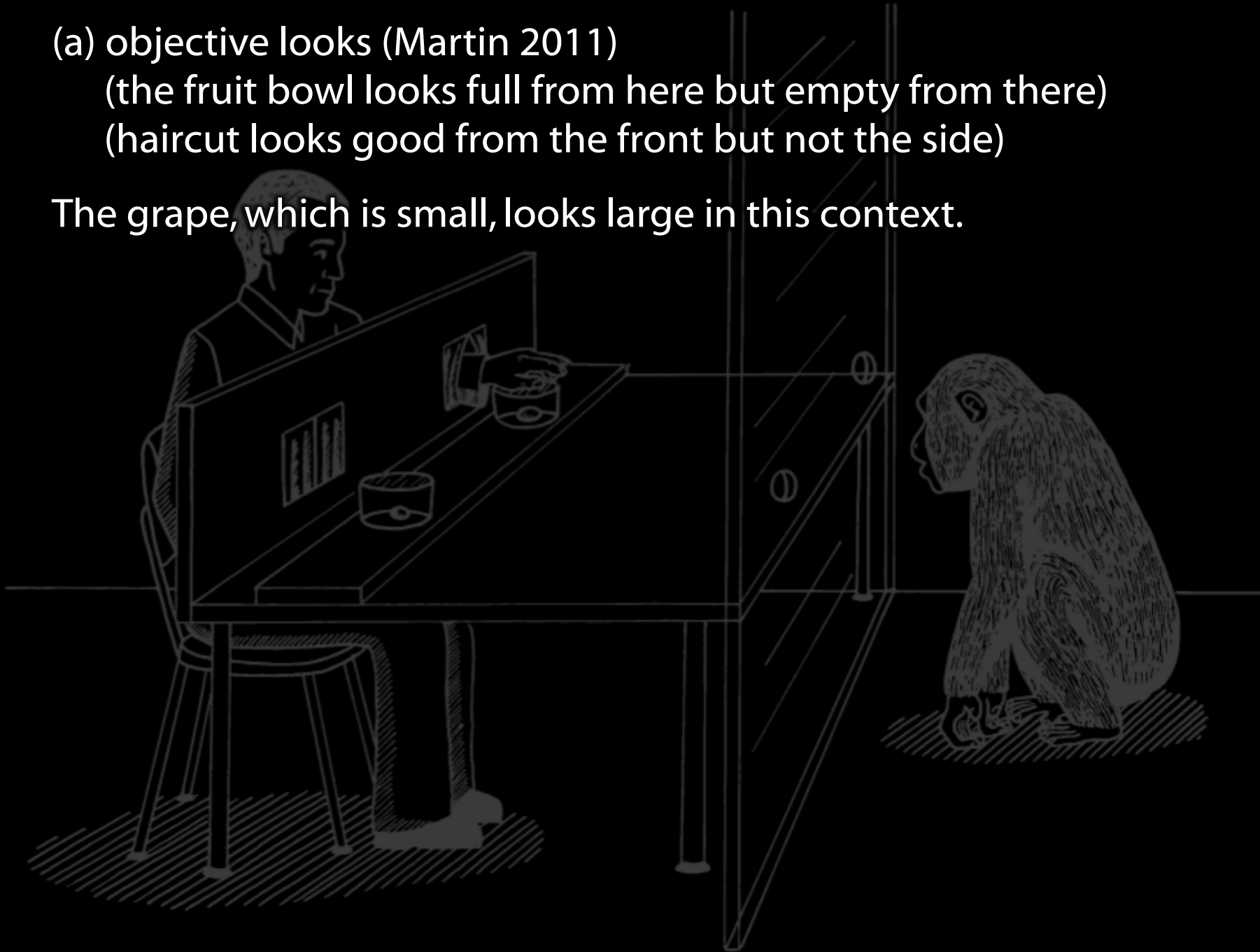


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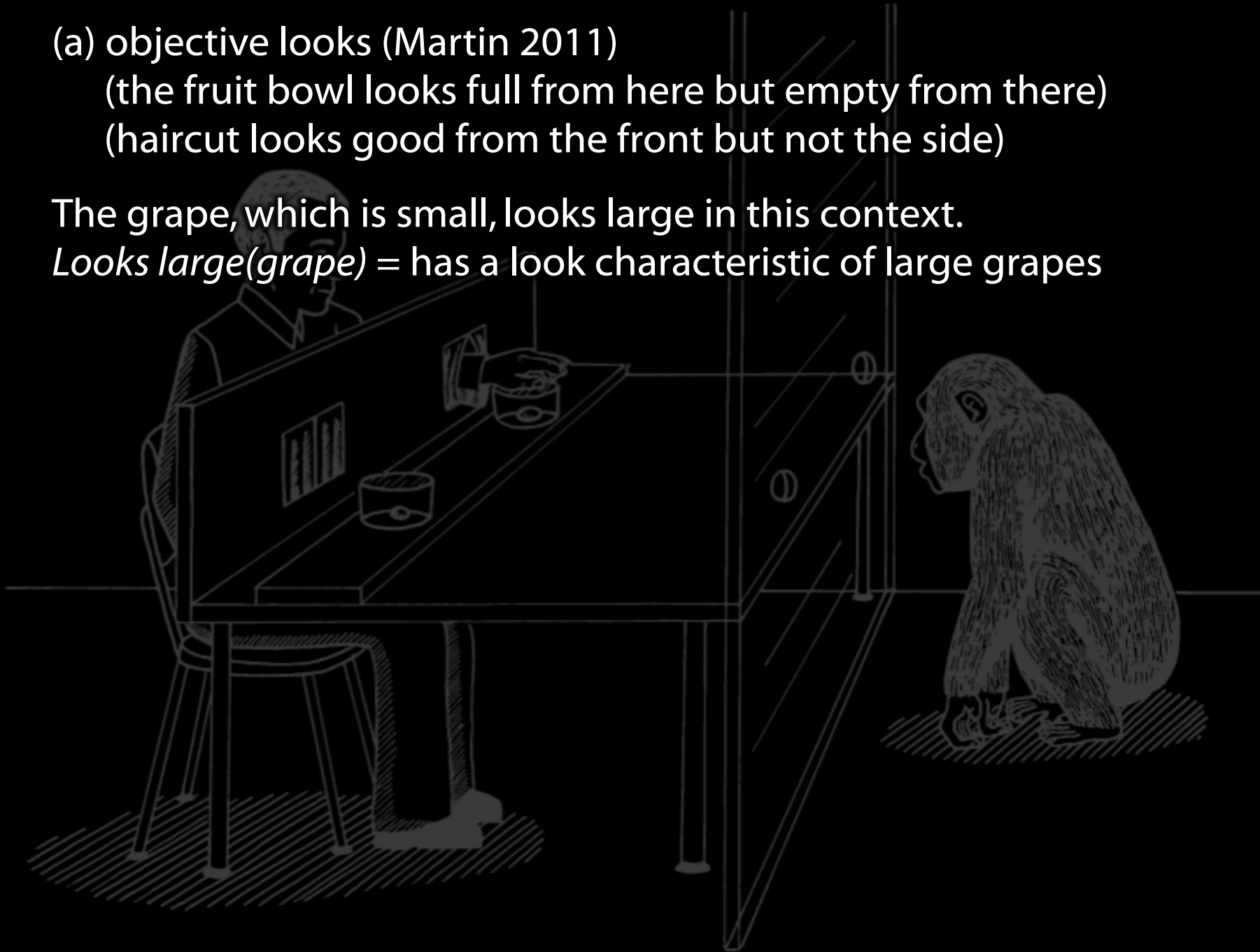
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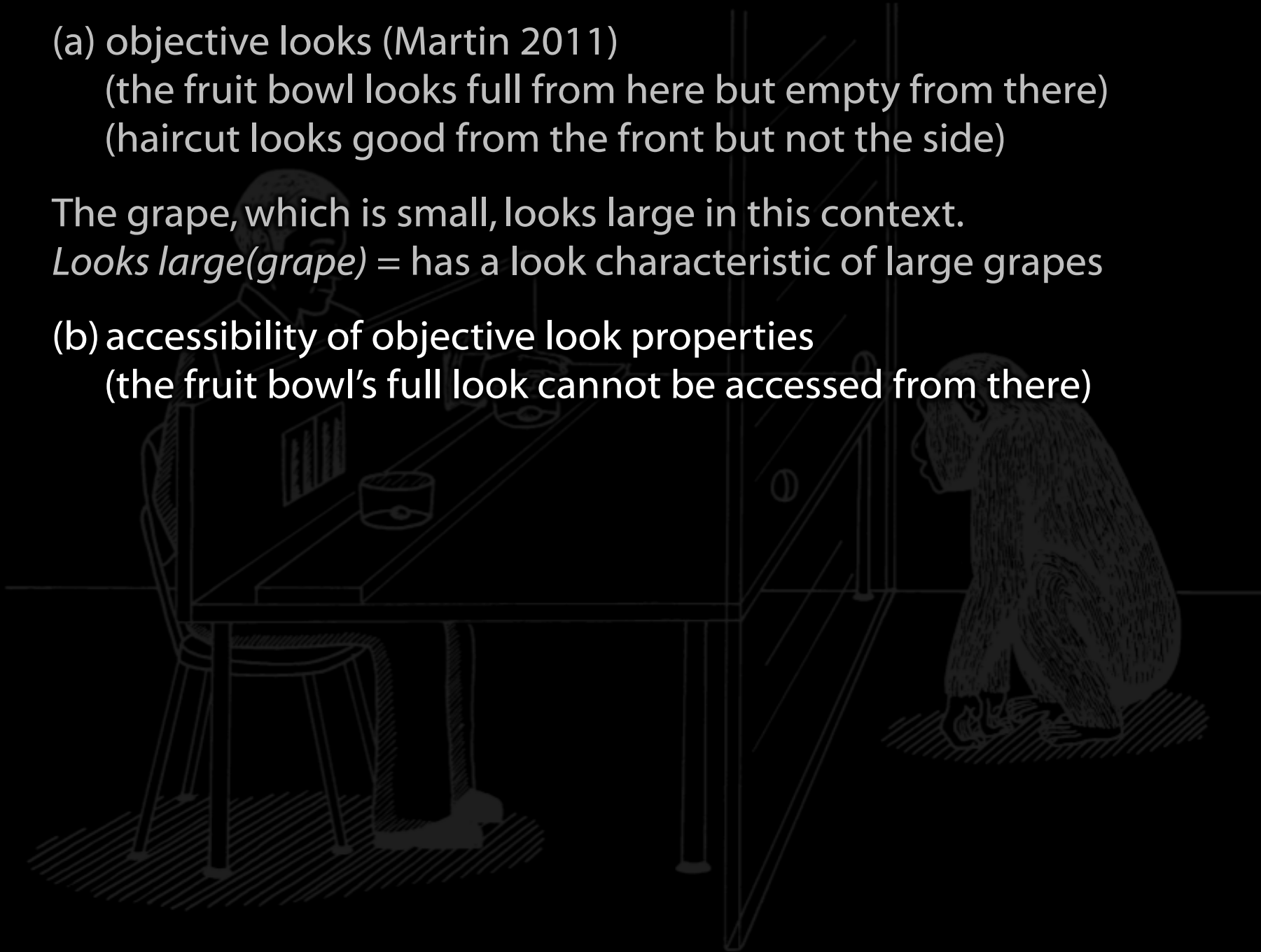
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(b) accessibility of objective look properties

(the fruit bowl's full look cannot be accessed from there)



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