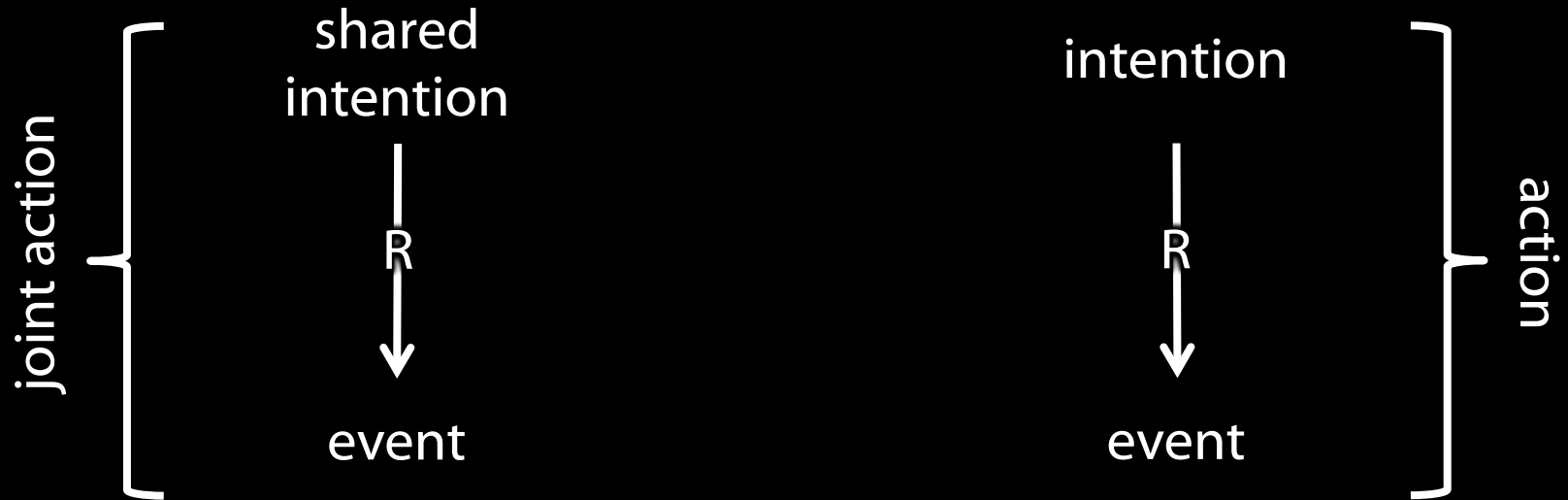


Motor Representation and Shared Intention

s.butterfill@warwick.ac.uk

Which events are joint actions?



Which events are joint actions?



premise:

Some joint actions are facilitated by

reciprocal,

agent-neutral

motor

representations

of outcomes

whose obtaining would normally involve action

on the part of each agent

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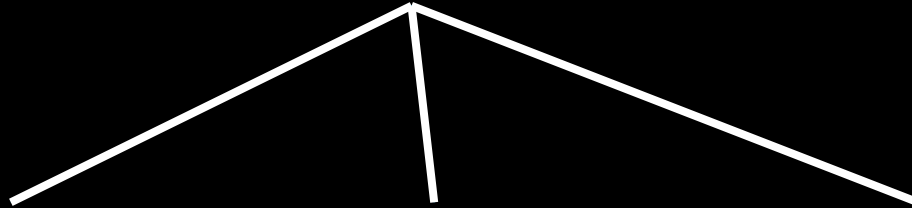
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of outcomes

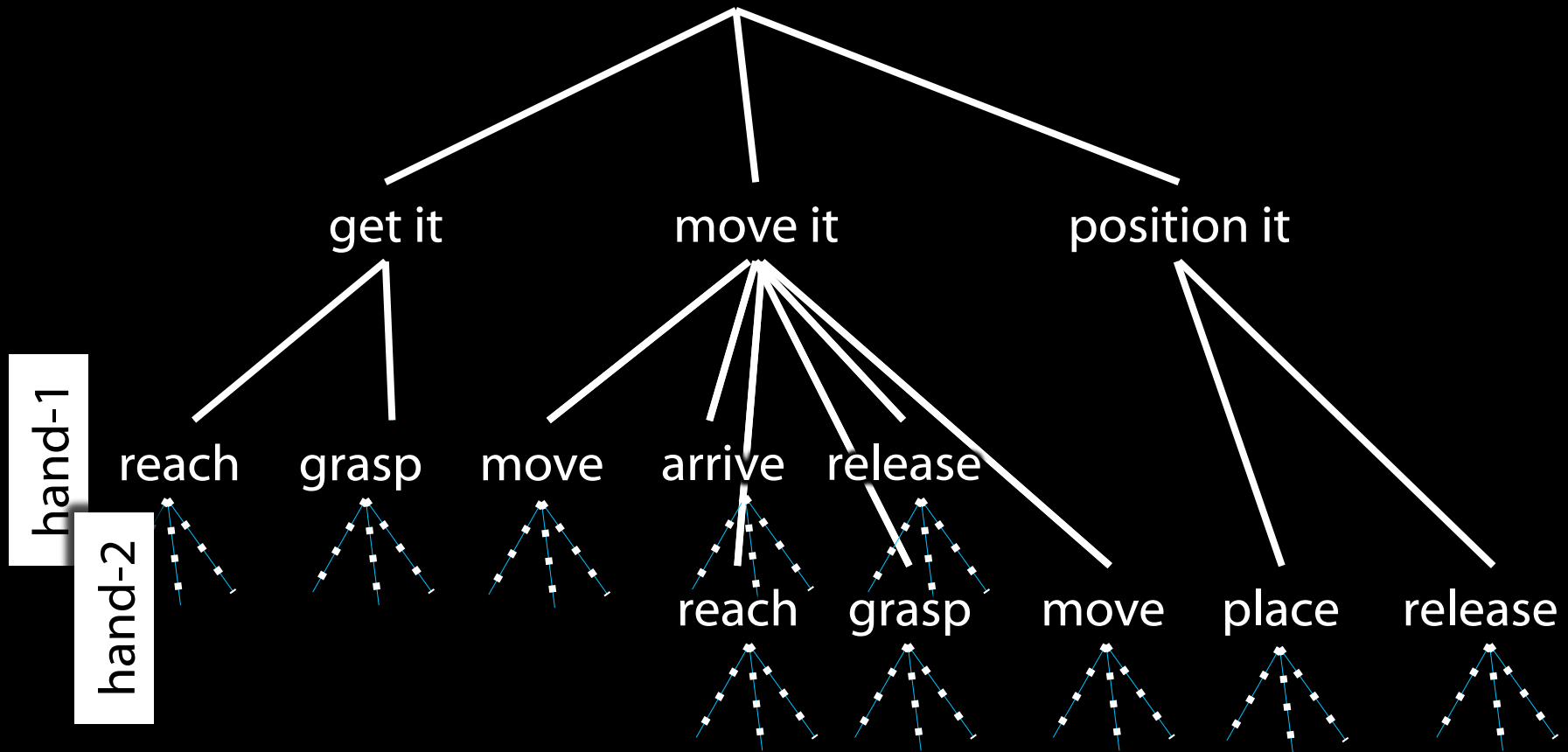
whose obtaining would normally involve action
on the part of each agent

How could social motor representation
facilitate any joint action?

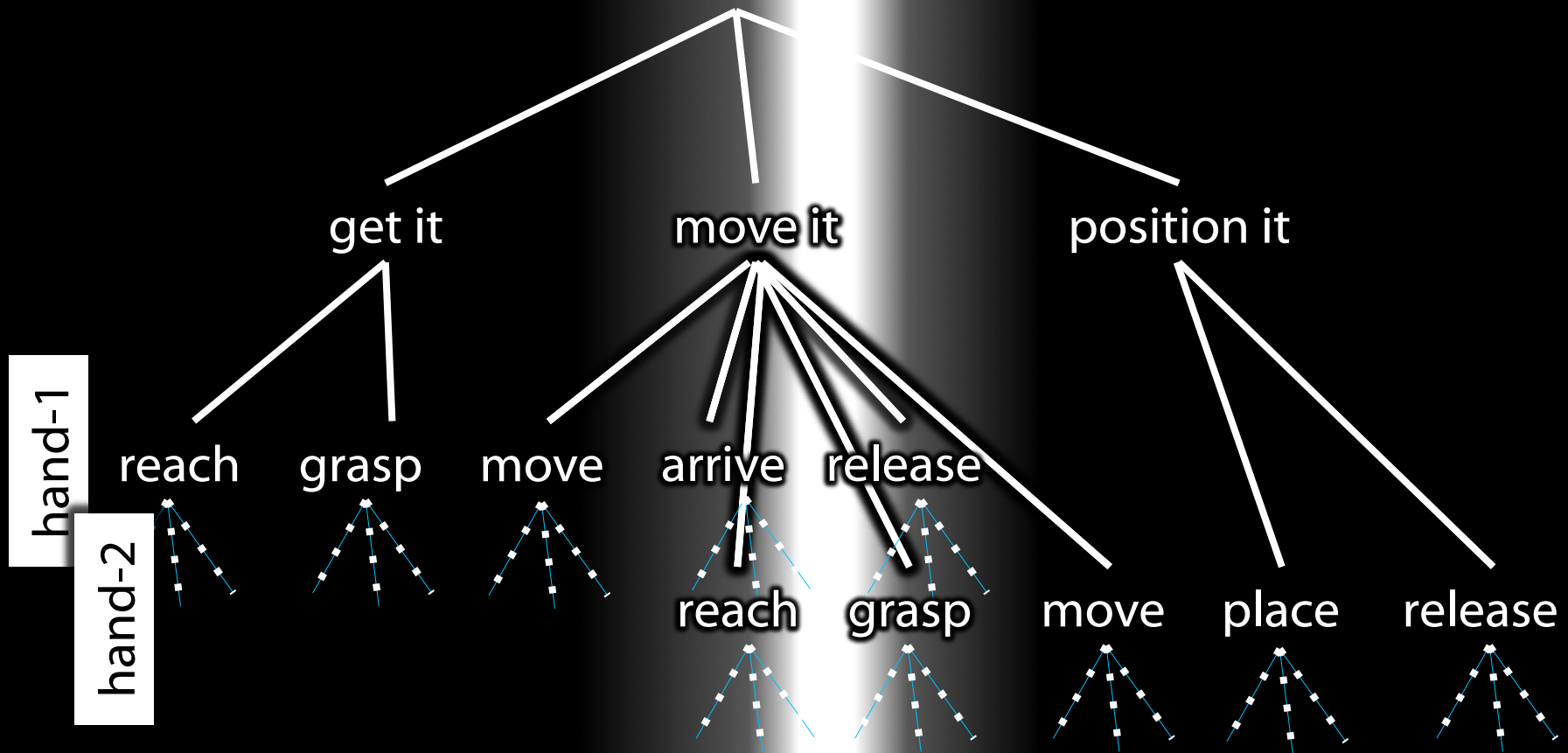
Move it from there to here



Move it from there to here

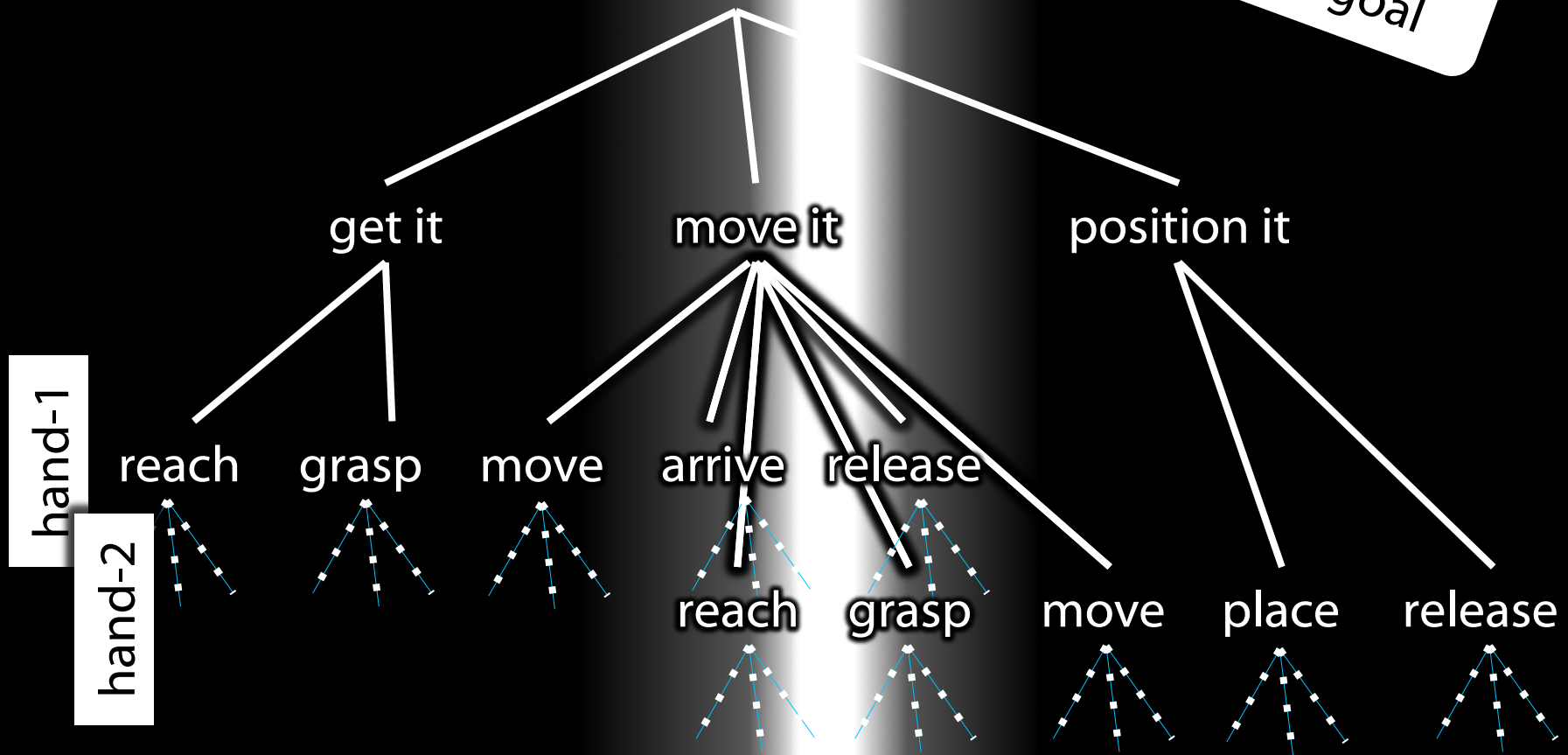


Move it from there to here



Move it from there to here

joint action:
same goal



Move it from there to here

joint action:
same goal

get it

move it

position it

reach

grasp

move

arrive

release

reach

grasp

move

place

release

similar timing
problem

hand-1

hand-2

Move it from there to here

joint action:
same goal

get it

move it

position it

same
planning

hand-1

hand-2

reach

grasp

move

arrive

release

reach

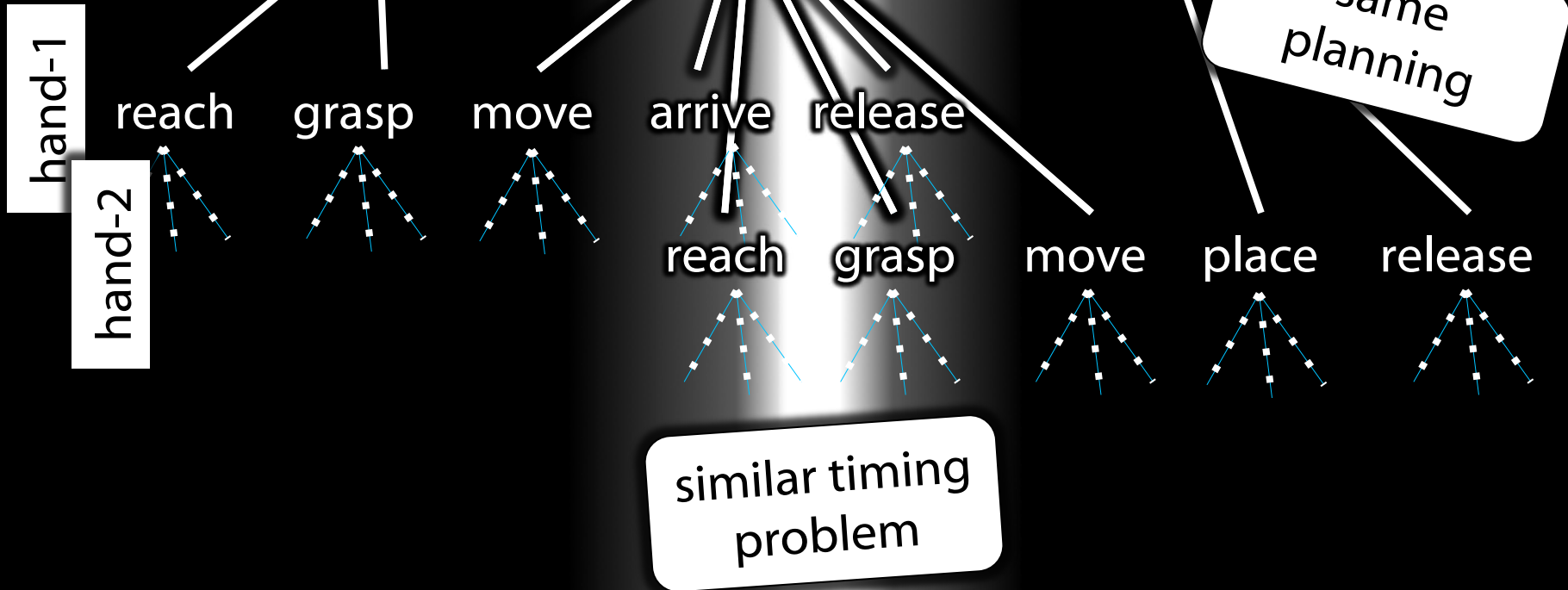
grasp

move

place

release

similar timing
problem



Move it from there to here

joint action:
same goal

get it

move it

position it

same
planning

hand-1

hand-2

reach

grasp

move

arrive

release

reach

grasp

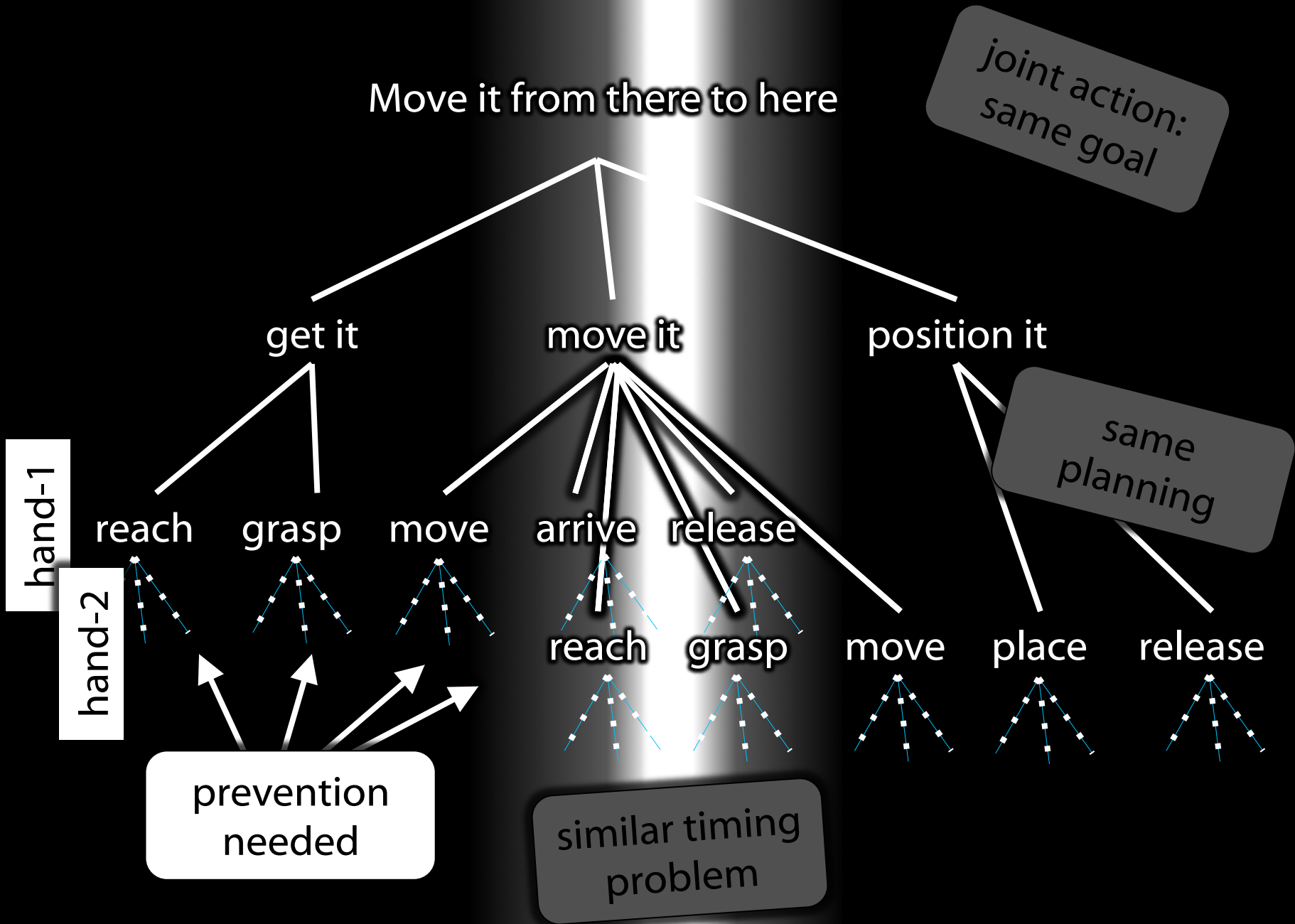
move

place

release

prevention
needed

similar timing
problem



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whose obtaining would normally involve action

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question:

Does reciprocal agent-

neutral motor

representation also play a

role in explaining what

joint action is? [Yes]

challenge:

How could social motor

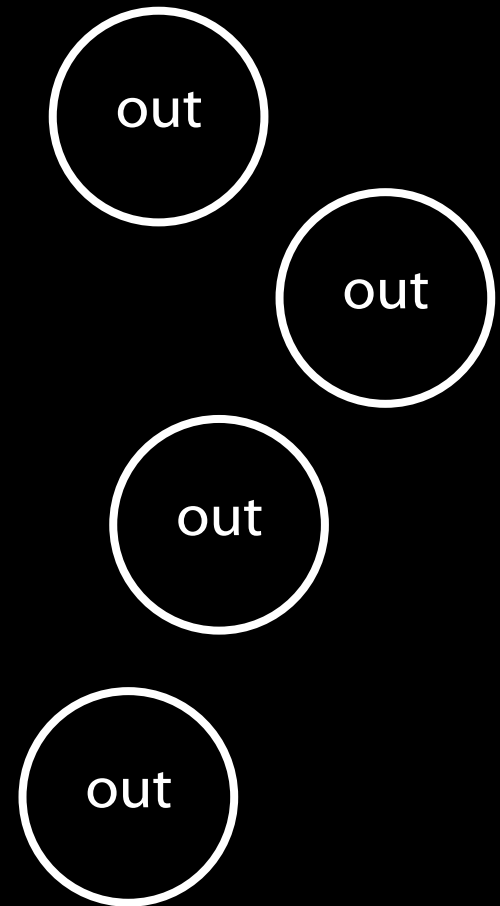
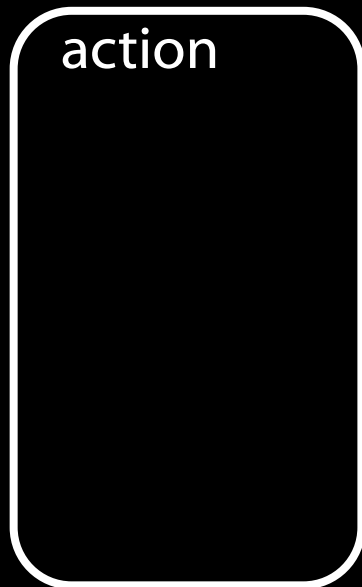
representation and

shared intention

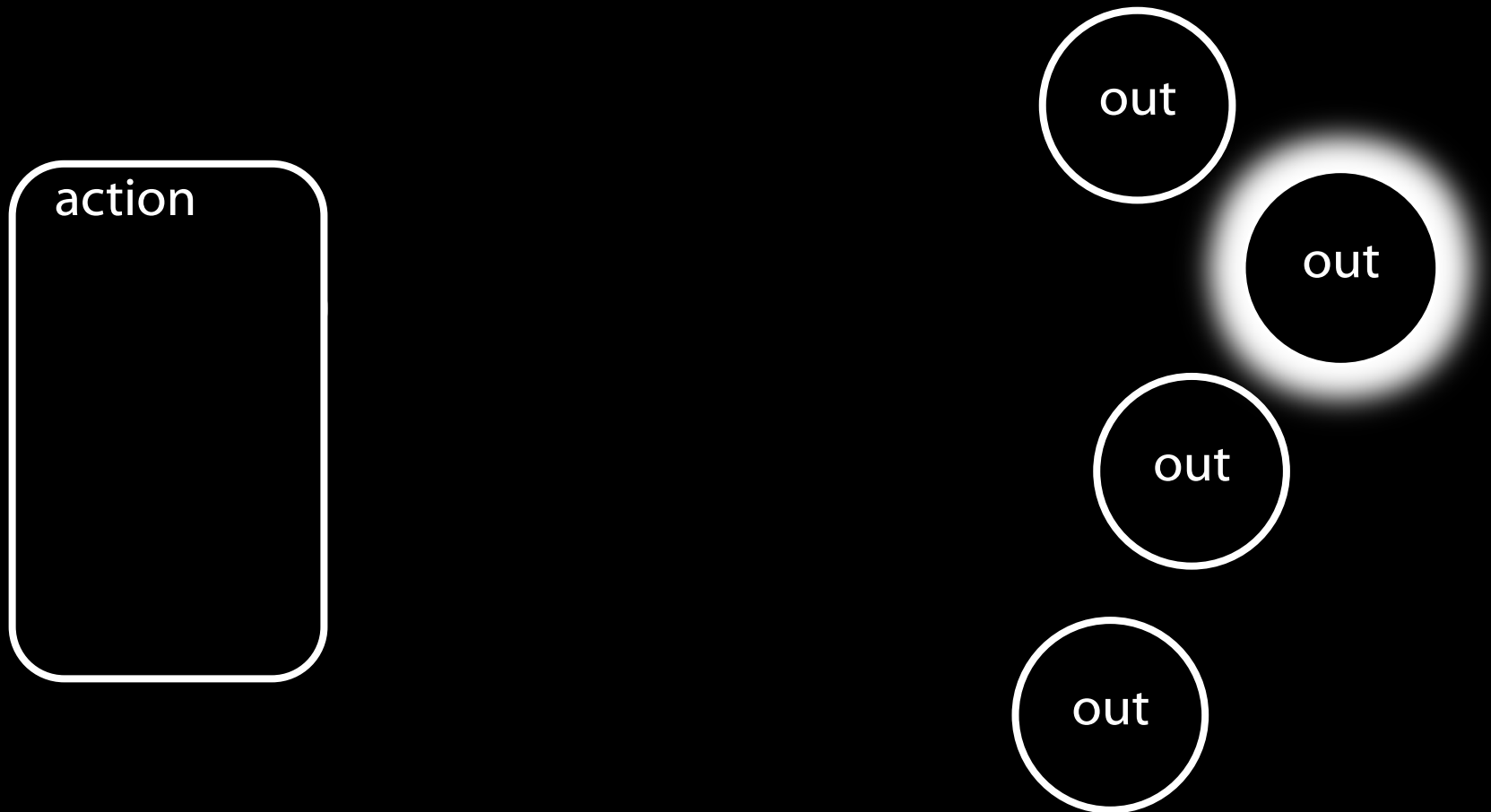
harmoniously contribute

to joint action?

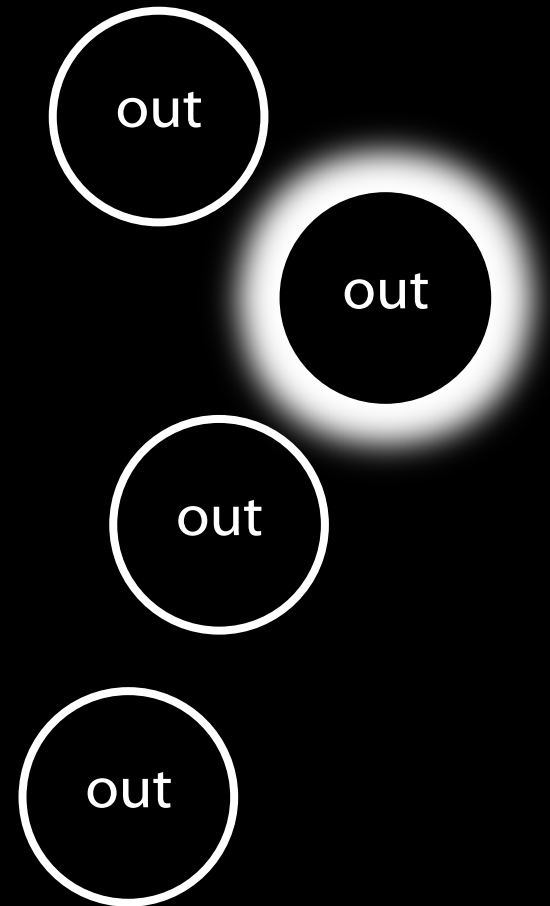
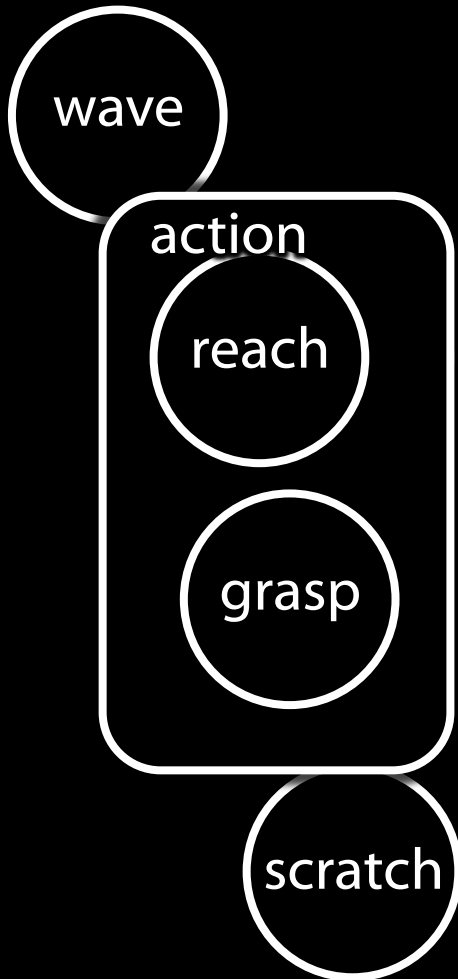
What is the relation between a purposive action and the outcome or outcomes to which it is directed?



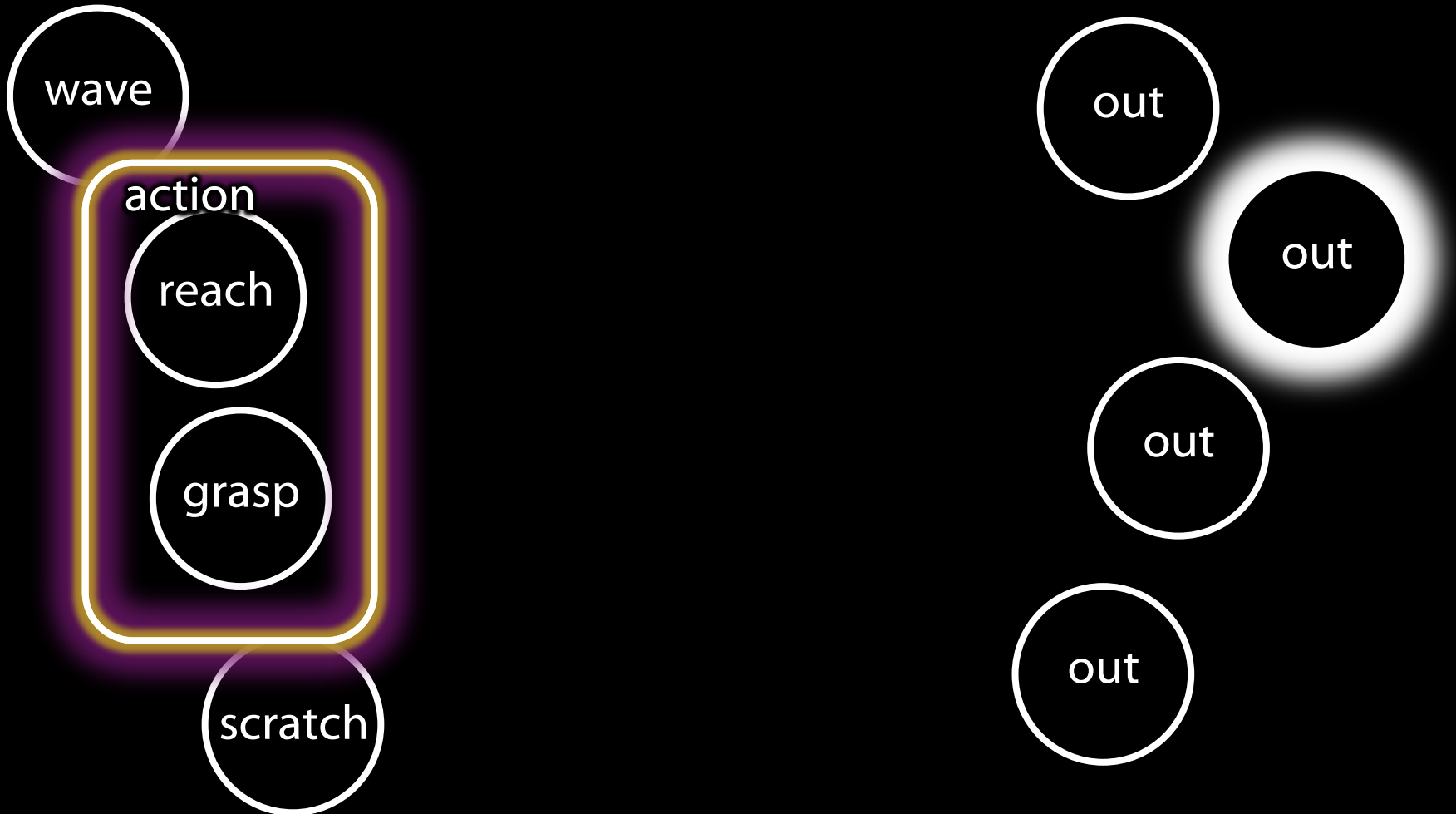
What is the relation between a purposive action and the outcome or outcomes to which it is directed?



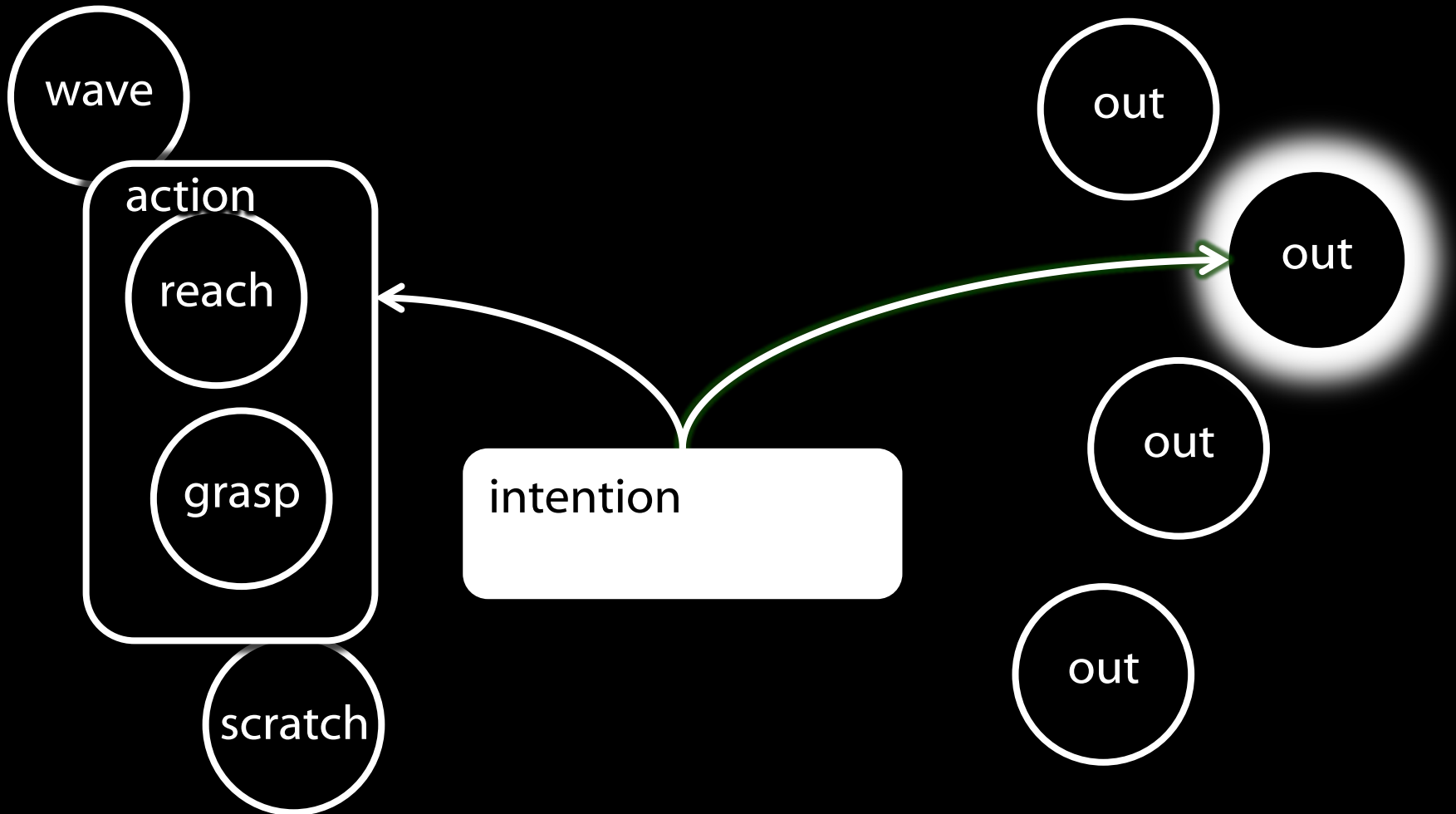
What is the relation between a purposive action and the outcome or outcomes to which it is directed?



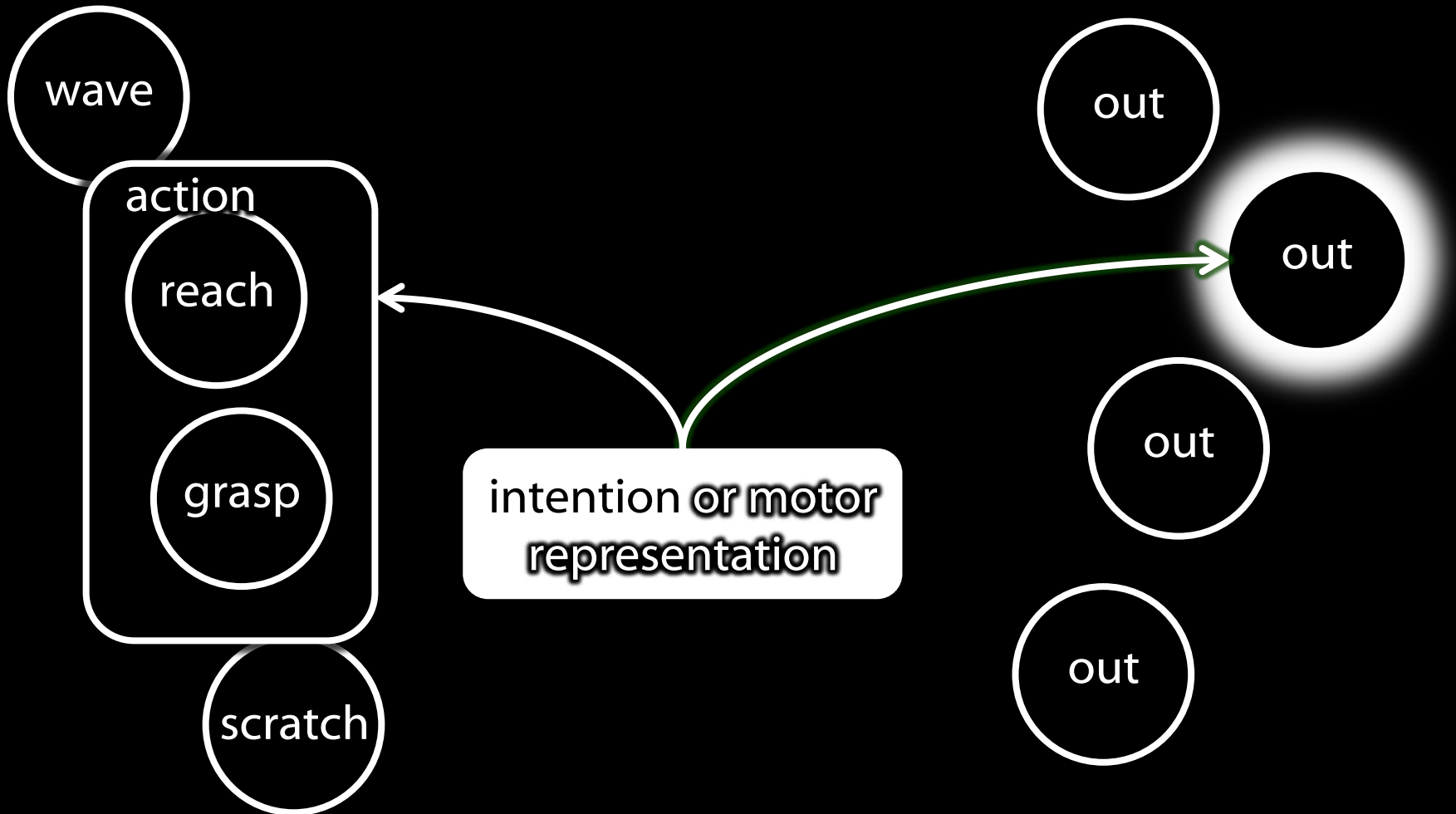
What is the relation between a purposive action and the outcome or outcomes to which it is directed?



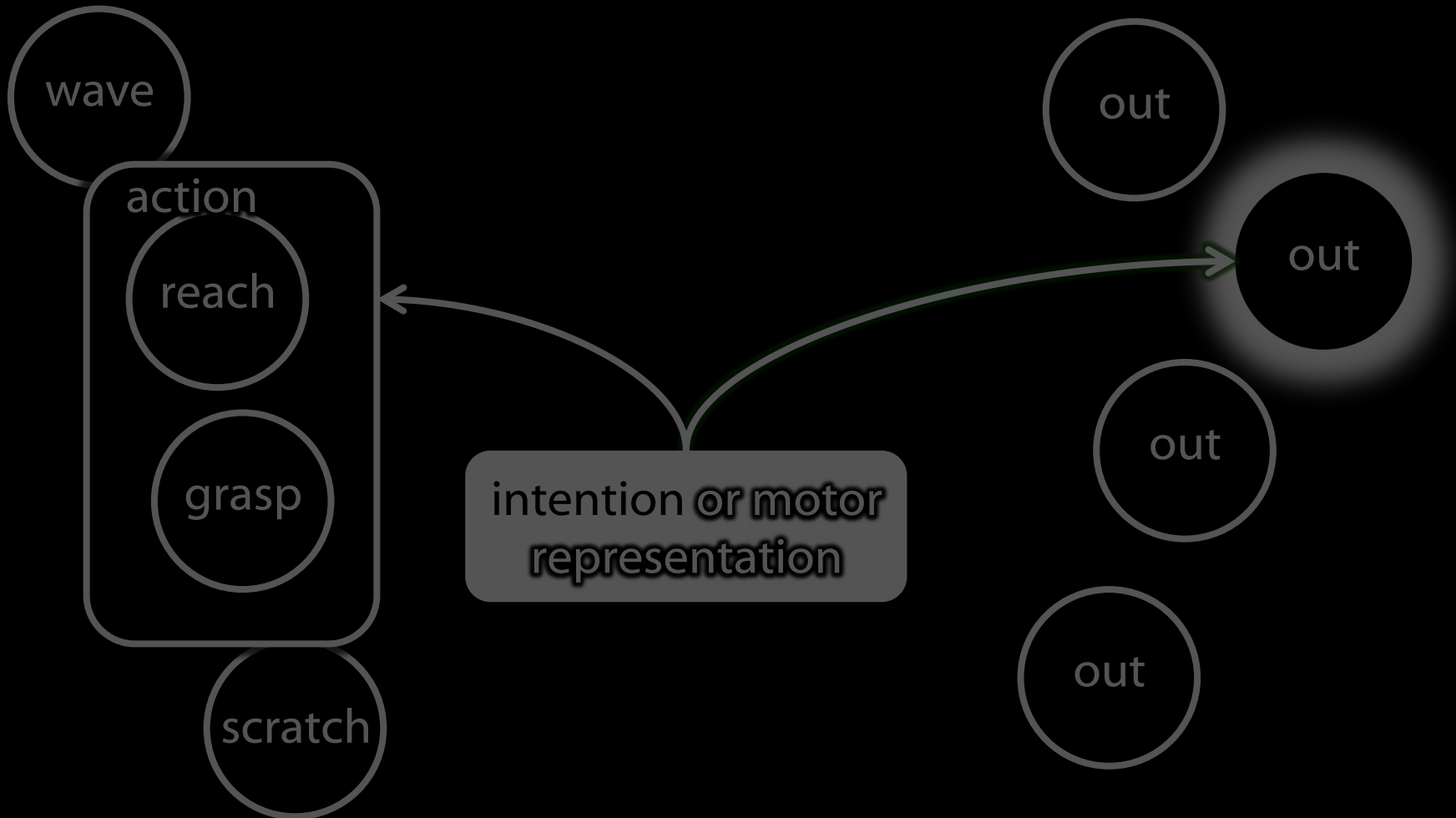
What is the relation between a purposive action and the outcome or outcomes to which it is directed?



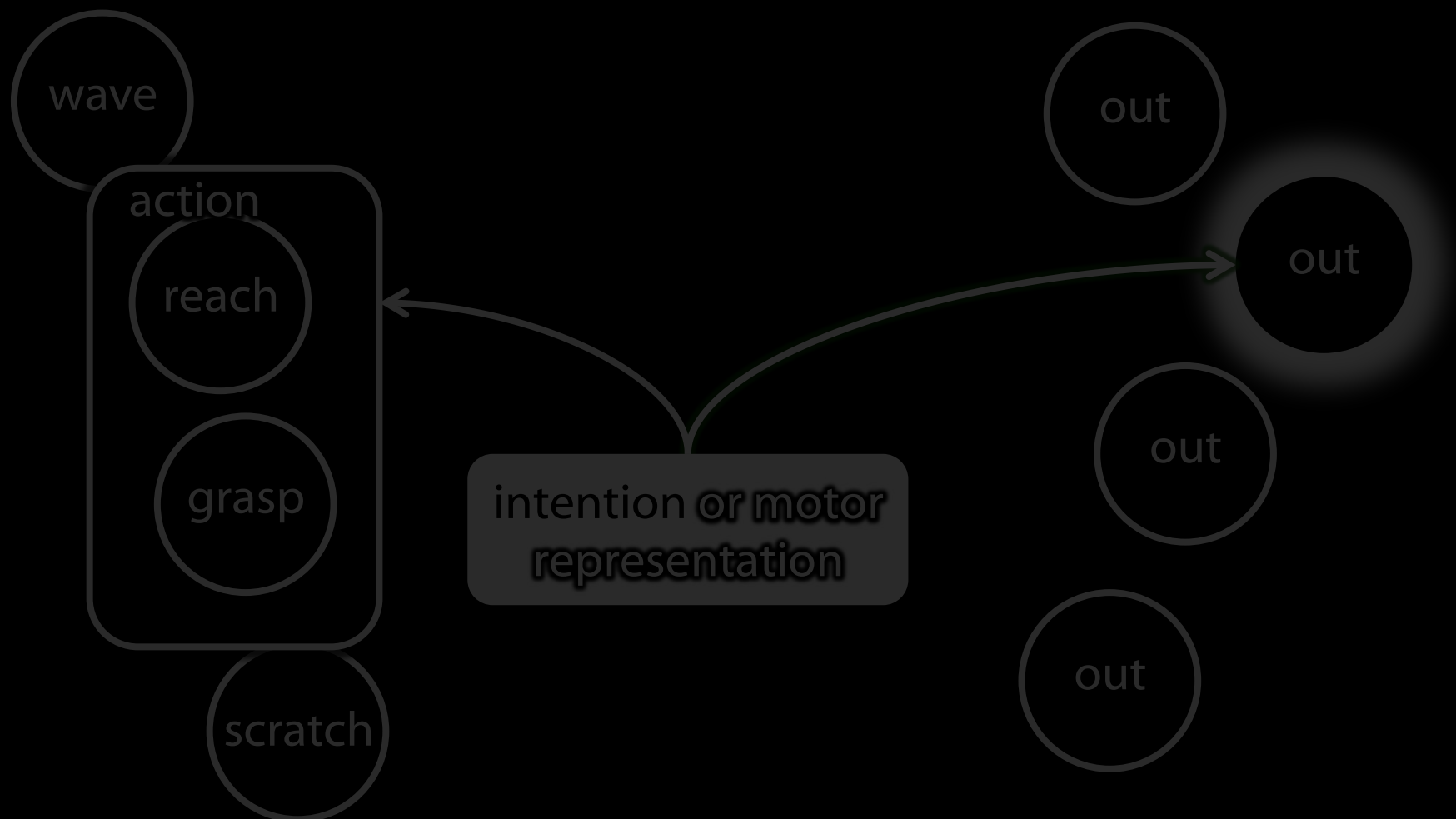
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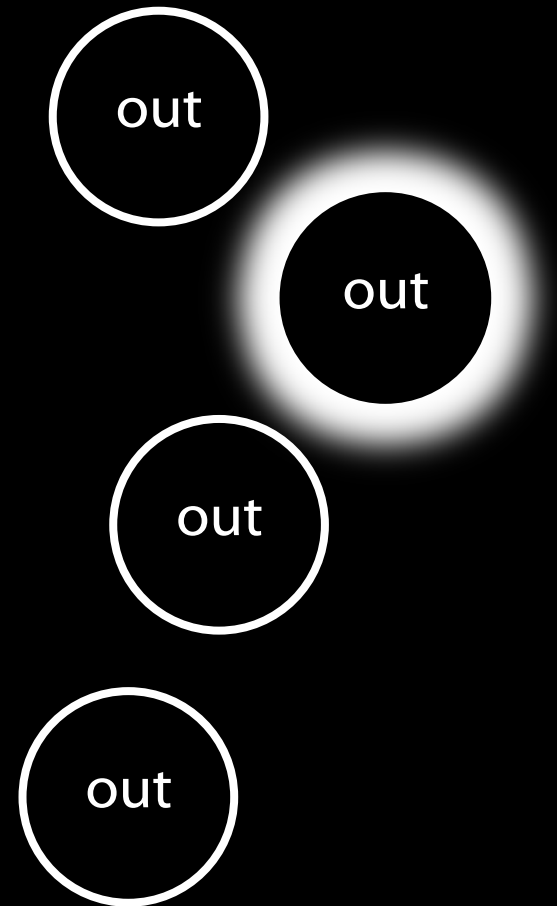
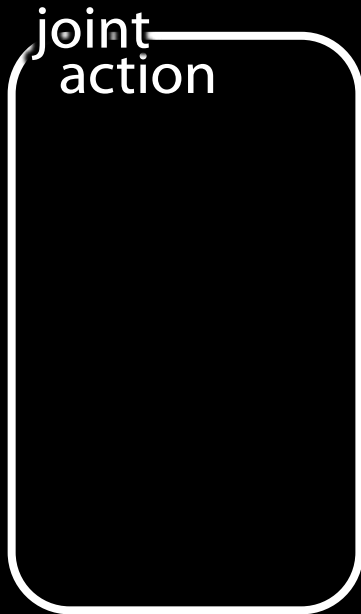
What is the relation between a purposive action and the outcome or outcomes to which it is directed?



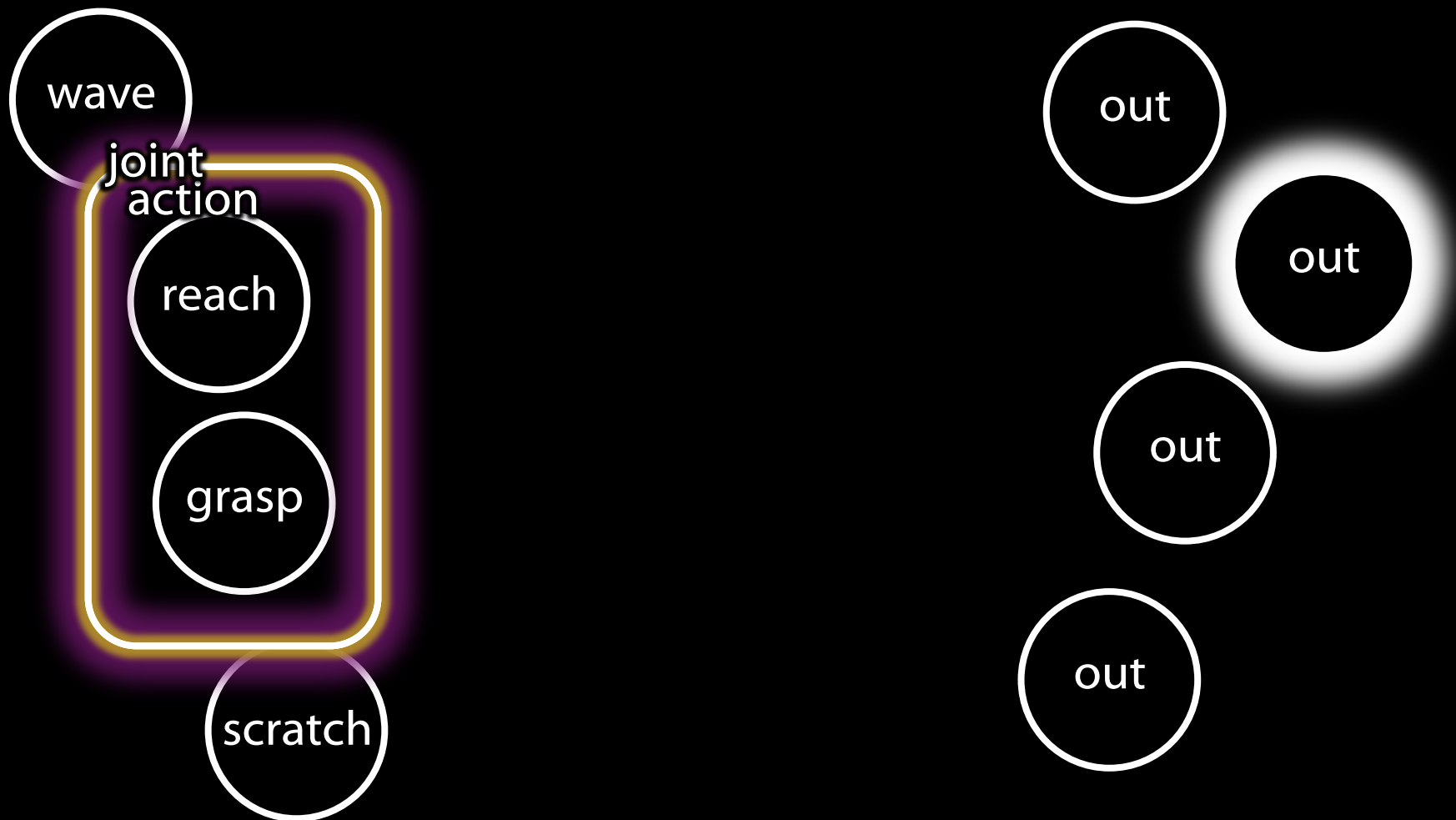
What is the relation between a purposive^{joint} action and the outcome or outcomes to which it is directed?



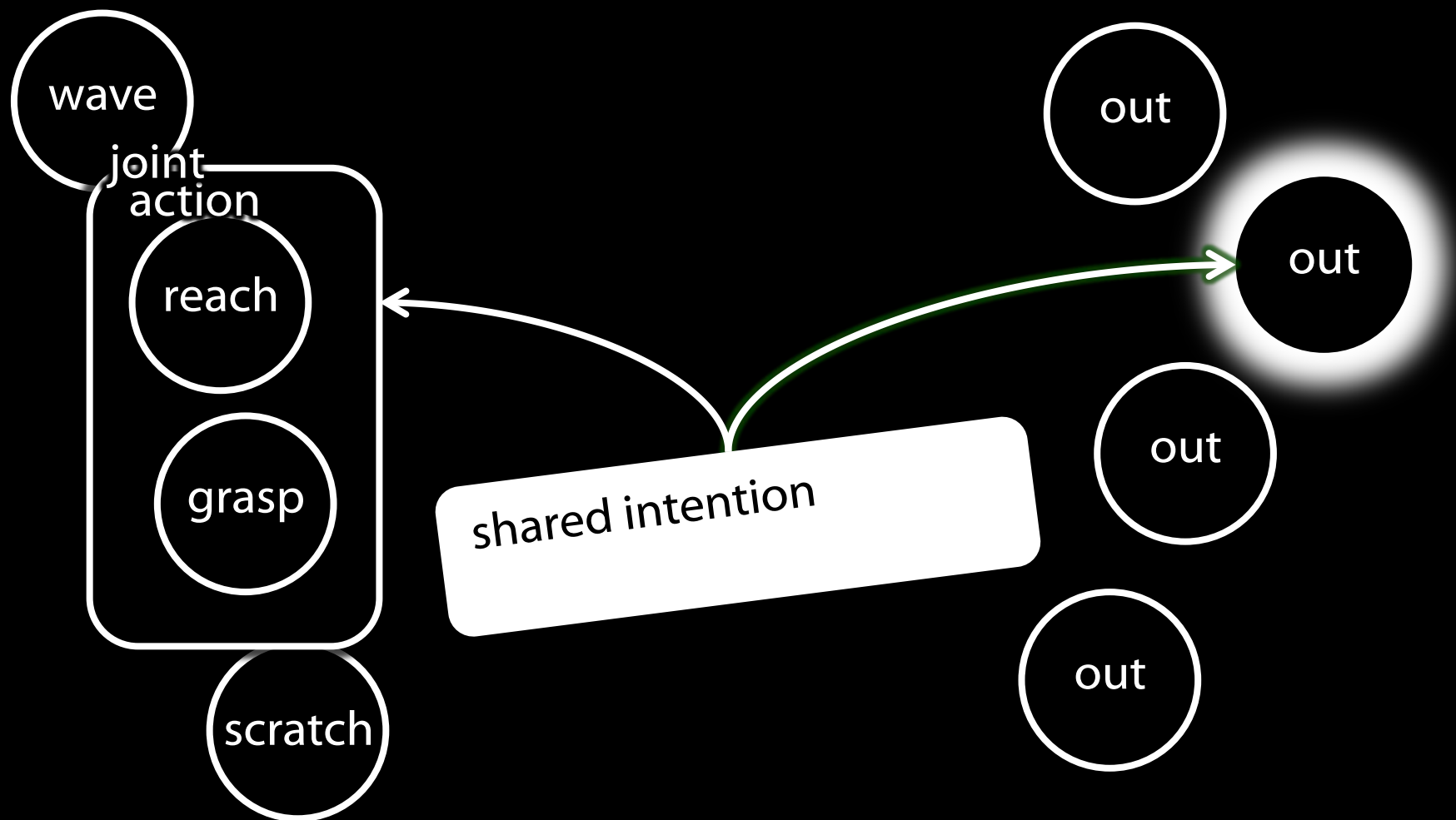
What is the relation between a purposive^{joint} action and the outcome or outcomes to which it is directed?



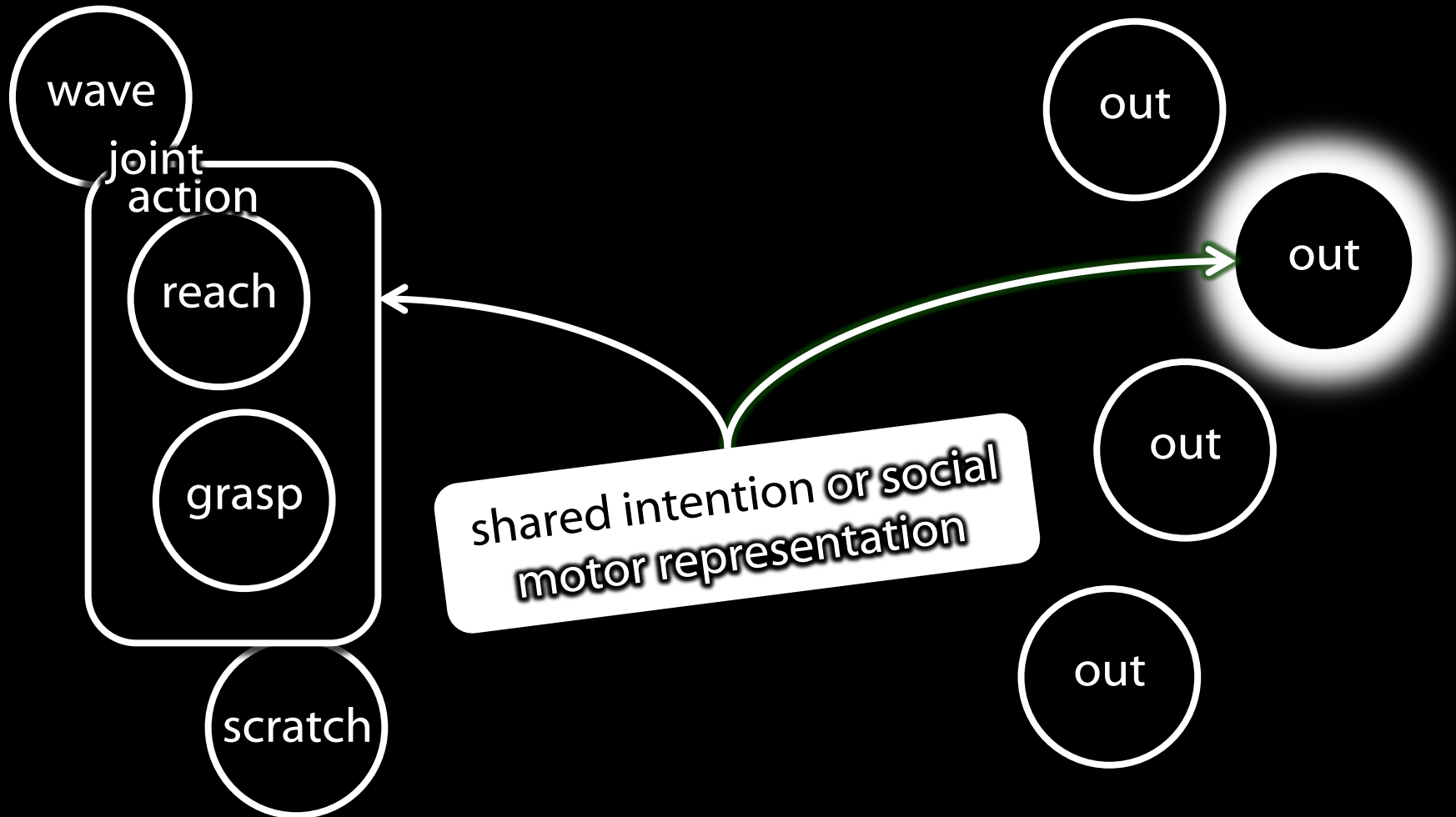
What is the relation between a purposive^{joint} action and the outcome or outcomes to which it is directed?



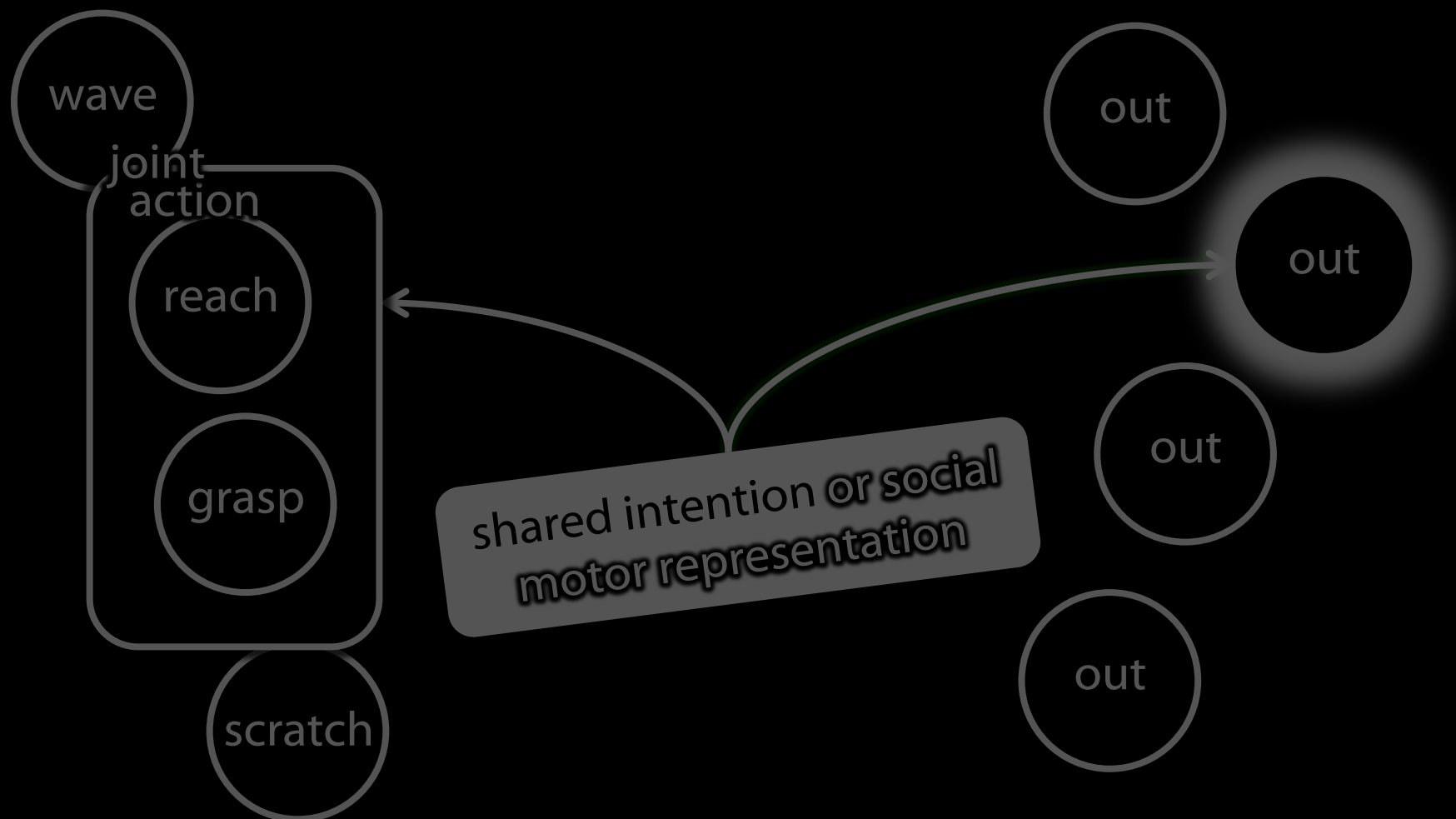
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What is the relation between a purposive ^{joint} action and the outcome or outcomes to which it is directed?



Sufficient conditions

We have a shared intention
that we J if

“1. (a) I intend that we J and
(b) you intend that we J

“2. I intend that we J in
accordance with and
because of Ia, Ib, and
meshing subplans of Ia and
Ib; you intend [likewise] ...

“3. 1 and 2 are common
knowledge between us”

(Bratman 1993:View 4)



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premise:

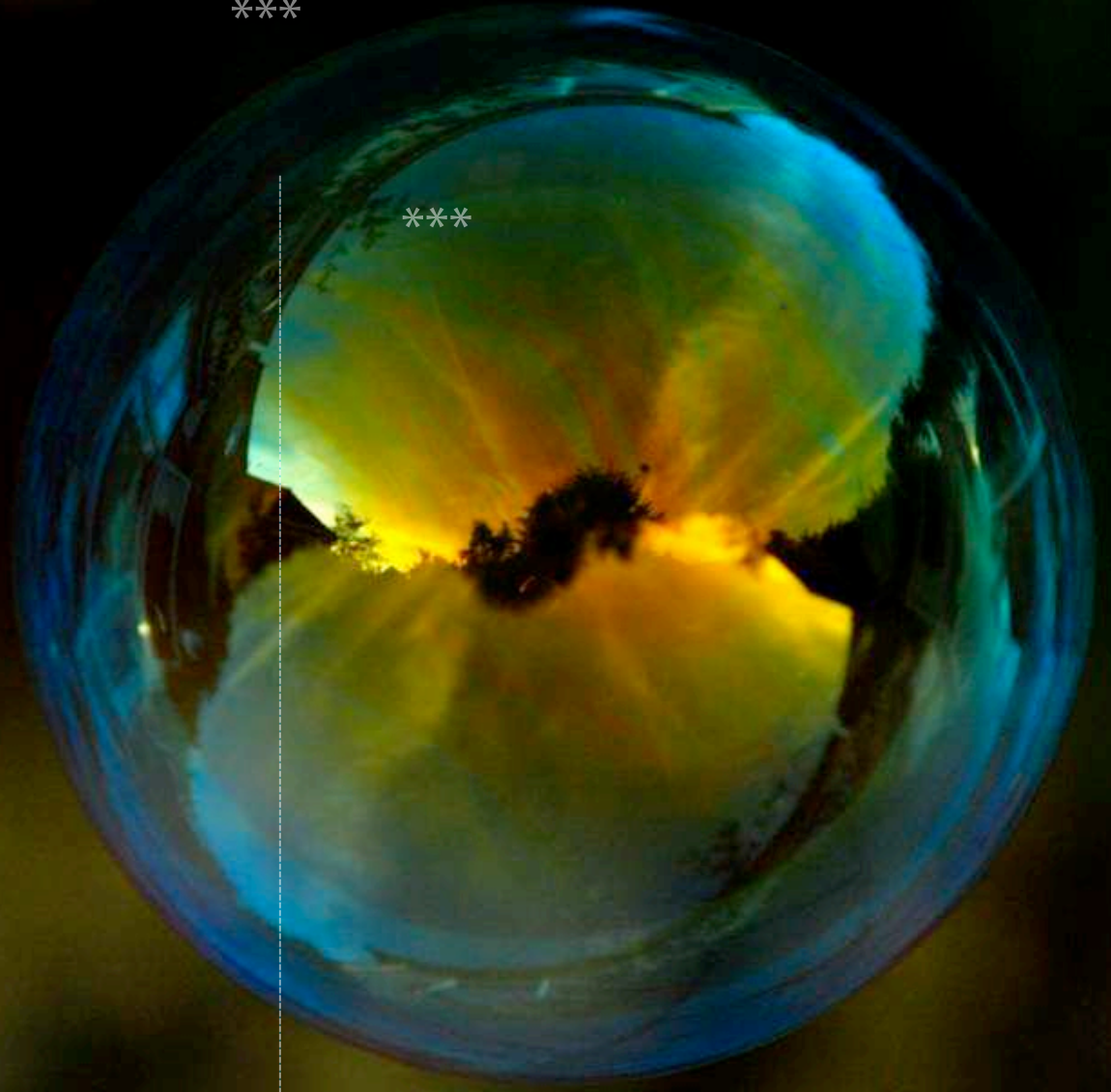
Reciprocal agent-neutral motor representation
enables some joint actions

question:

Does reciprocal agent-
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challenge:

How could social motor
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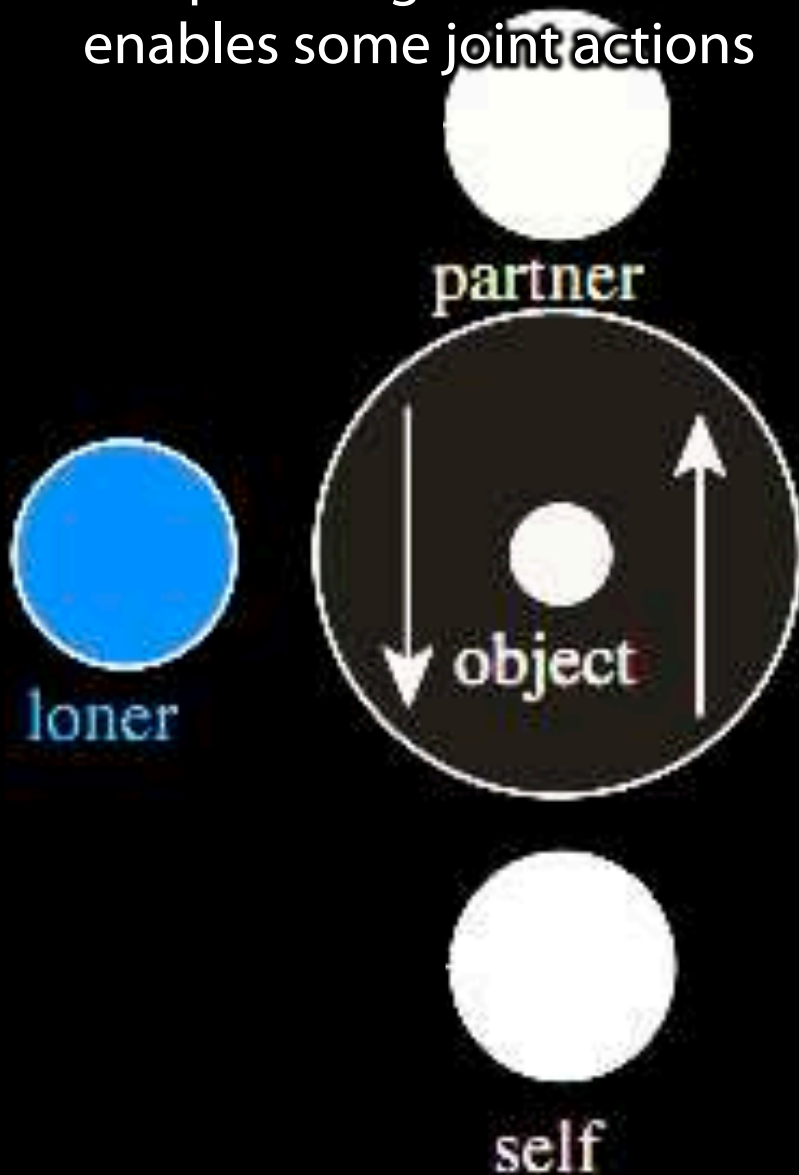
“Simulation of another person’s action, as reflected
in the activation of motor cortices, gets stronger the
more the other is perceived as an interaction
partner.”

--- Kourti, Sebanz & Knoblich (2010, p. 4)



premise:

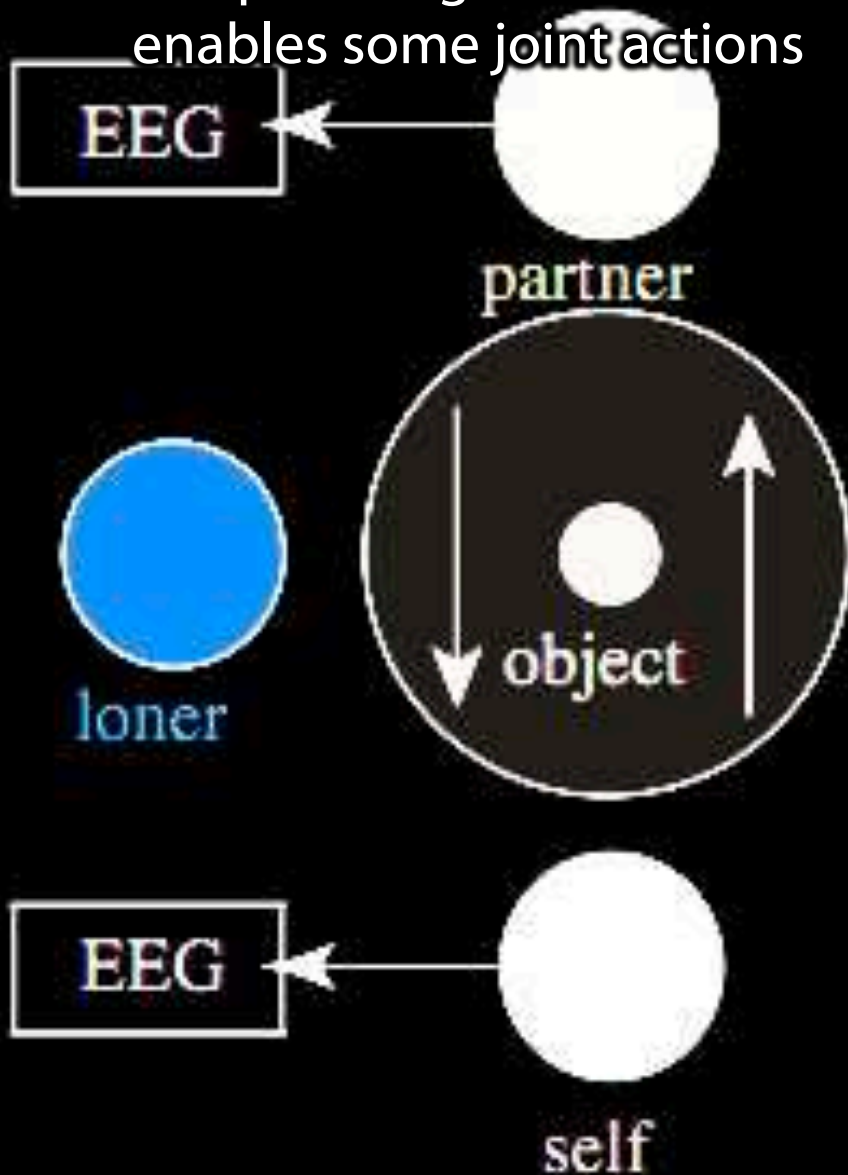
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Kourtis, Sebanz & Knoblich (2010)

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Kourtis, Sebanz & Knoblich (2010)

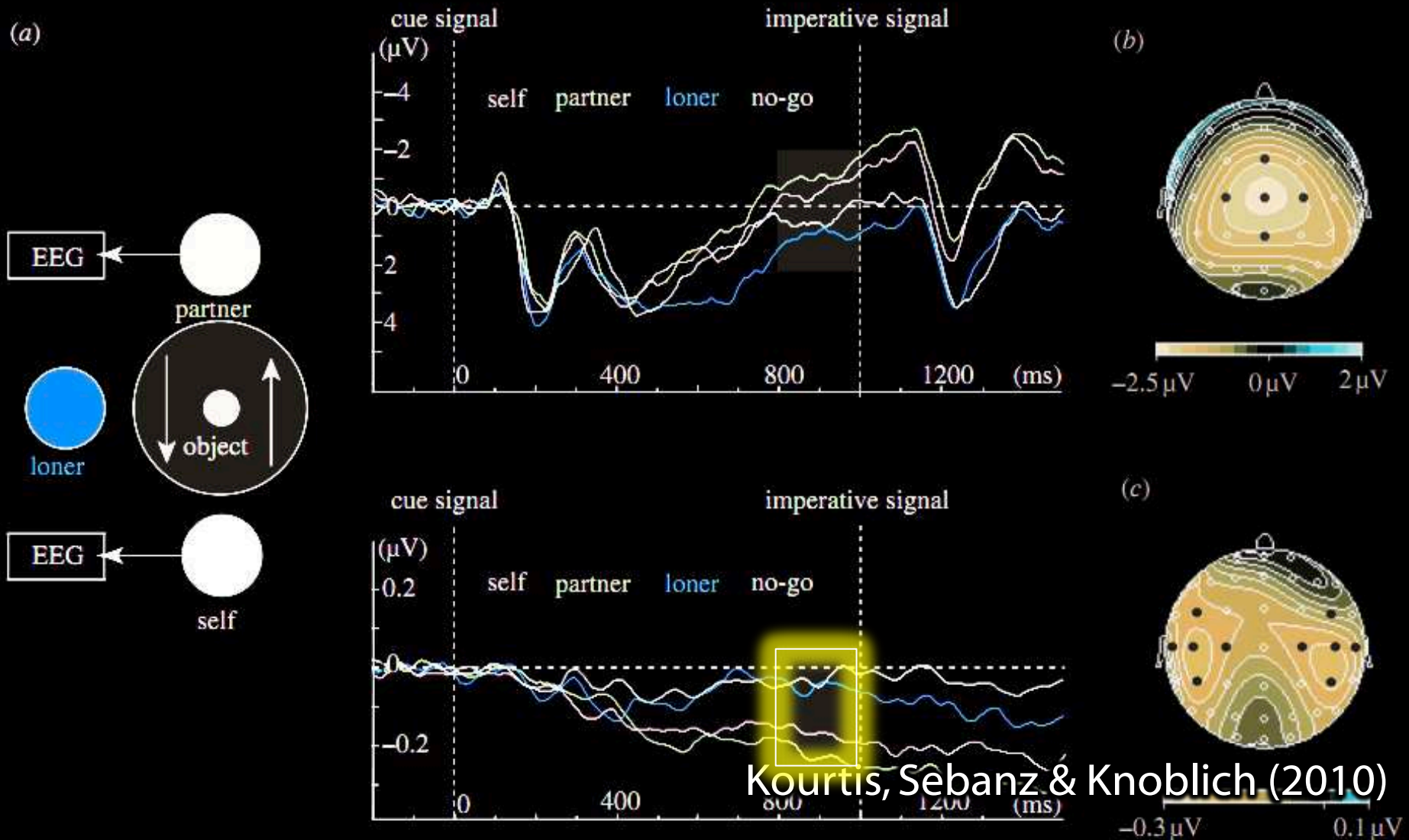
(a)



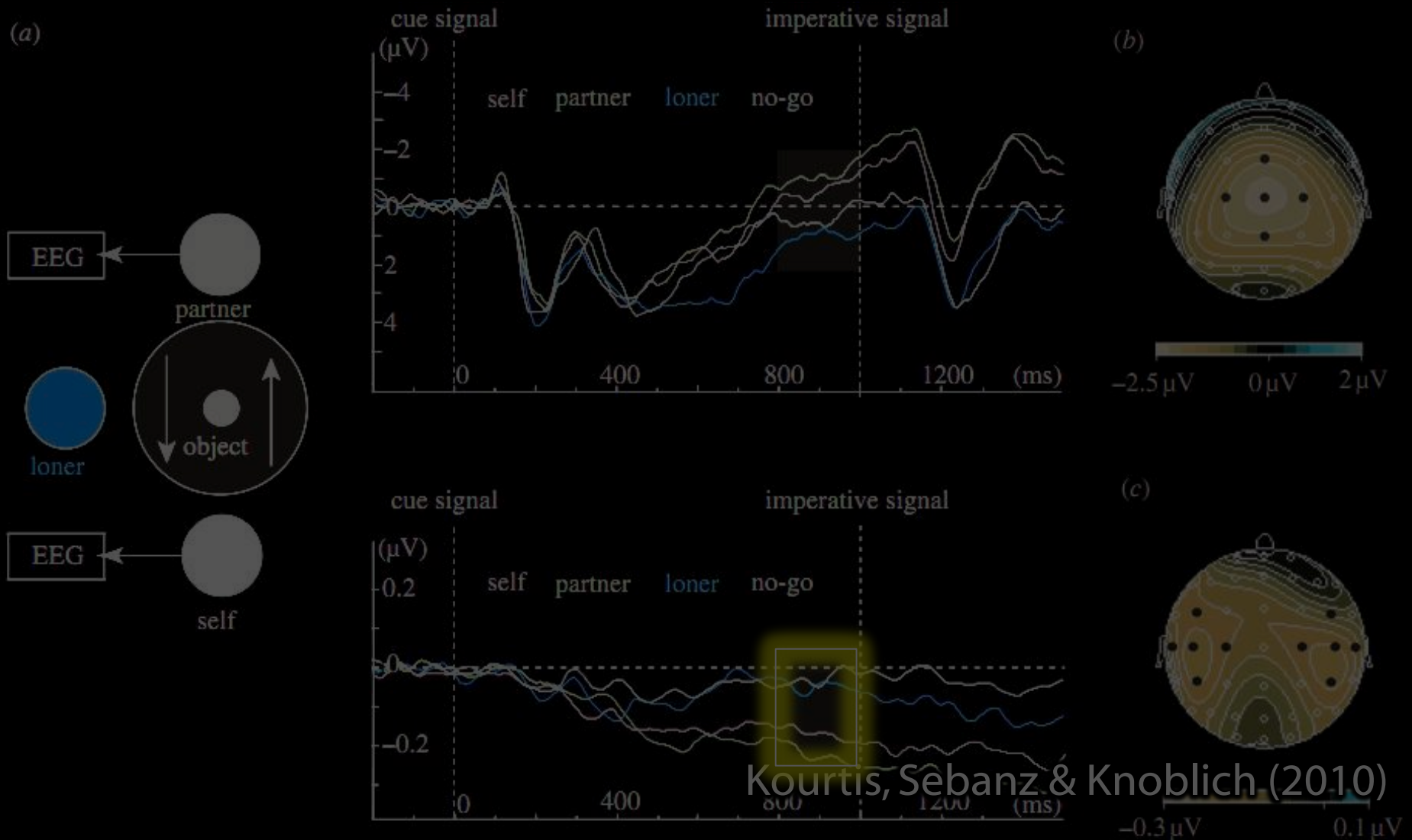
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Kourtis et al., subm.

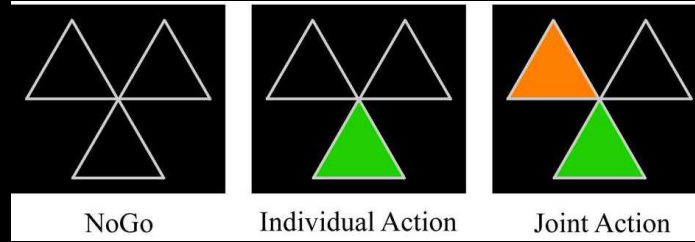


Kourtis et al., subm.



Joint Planning

Kourtis et al., subm.



Cue Stimulus



200 ms

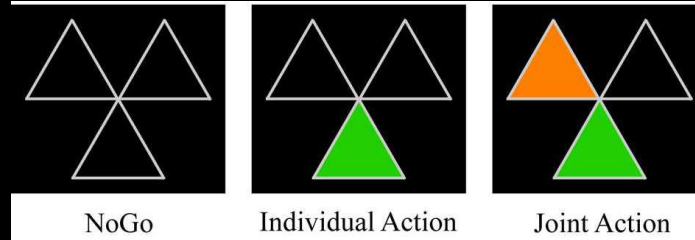


1000 ms

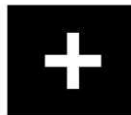


Joint Planning

Kourtis et al., subm.



Cue Stimulus



200 ms



1000 ms



1000 ms



Foreperiod
No Action

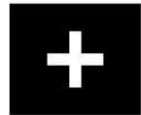
Joint Planning

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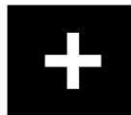


Cue Stimulus

Imperative Stimulus



200 ms



200 ms



1000 ms

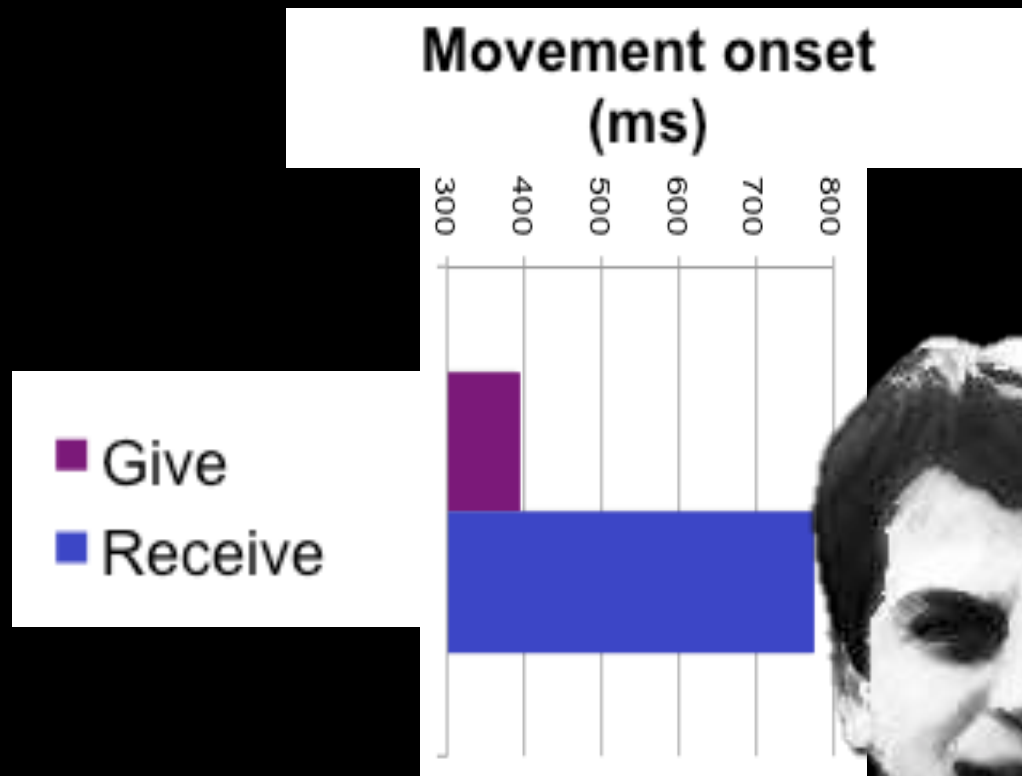
1000 ms

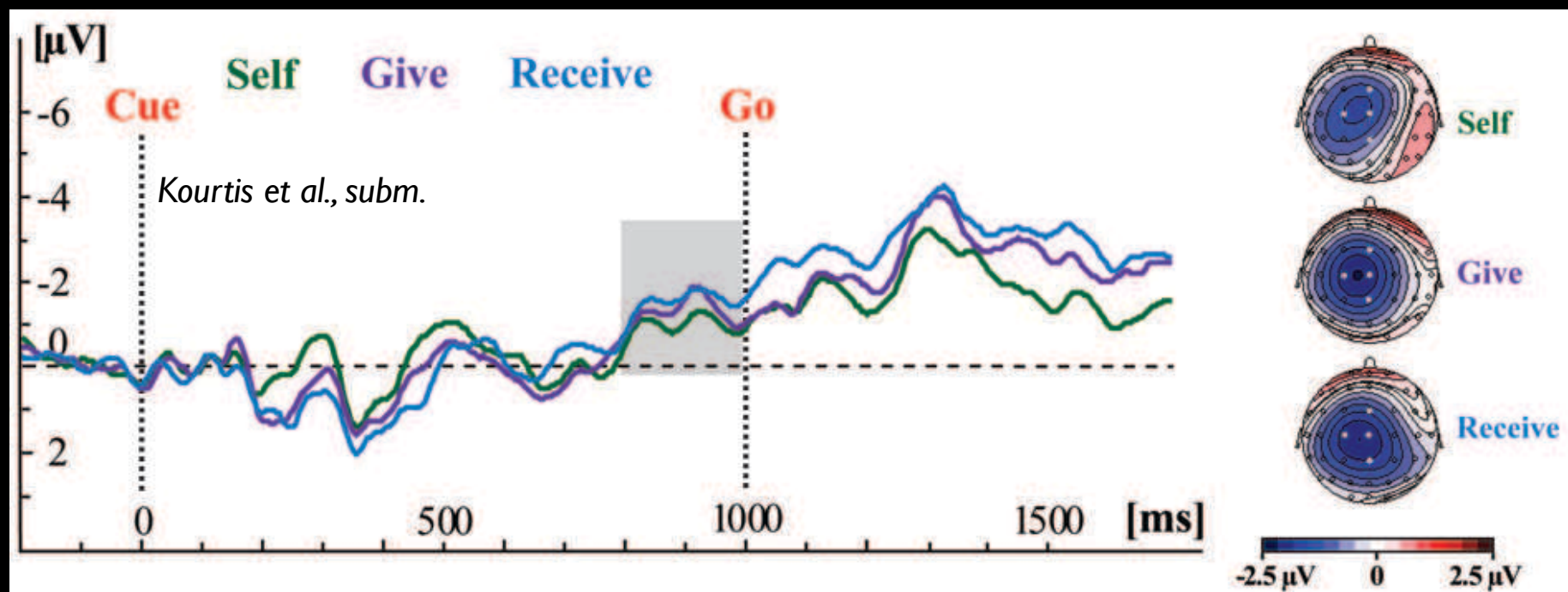
**Foreperiod
No Action**

Response



Kourtis et al., subm.





■ Give

■ Receive

