Started on	Monday, 17 March 2025, 3:33 PM
State	Finished
Completed on	Monday, 17 March 2025, 3:38 PM
Time taken	5 mins 35 secs
Marks	14.00/15.00
Grade	**93.33** out of 100.00

Question 1

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Given the following vulnerable code, what type of attack can be performed?
exec(`ping ${req.body.host}`, (error, stdout, stderr) => { ... });

- a. CSRF Attack
- b. Command Injection
- c. SQL Injection
- d. Cross-Site Scripting (XSS)

Question 2

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

How can Broken Access Control be exploited?

- a. By modifying JWT tokens or accessing restricted APIs
- b. By making too many API requests
- c. By logging in with the wrong password
- d. By using a strong password

Question 3

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

How can the following function be exploited?

```
app.post('/track-vehicle', (req, res) => {
    const { plateNumber } = req.body;
    exec(`echo Tracking vehicle ${plateNumber}`, (error, stdout, stderr) => { ... });
});
```

- a. By using a VPN
- b. By sending an empty request body
- c. By making multiple requests at the same time
- d. By injecting shell commands in the plateNumber field

Question 4

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

If a user inputs `ABC123 && rm -rf /`, what will happen on a Linux server?

- a. Nothing will happen
- b. The entire file system could be deleted
- c. The server will shut down immediately
- d. The vehicle tracking system will show an error

Question 5

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What command could an attacker enter in the `/track-vehicle` endpoint to delete files on a Windows system?

- a. ABC123 && del C:\Windows\System32
- b. ABC123 && mv /etc/passwd /dev/null
- c. ABC123 && shutdown -h now
- d. ABC123; rm -rf /

Question 6

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What is the best way to prevent command injection attacks?

- a. Use an insecure API to execute shell commands
- b. Allow user input directly in system commands
- c. Use parameterized queries and sanitize input
- d. Use eval() to process user input

Question 7

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What is the correct way to restrict access to admin users only?

- a. if (!decoded.role) return res.status(403).json({ error: 'Forbidden' });
- b. if (decoded.role !== 'user') return res.status(403).json({ error: 'Forbidden' });
- c. if (decoded.id === 1) return res.status(403).json({ error: 'Forbidden' });
- d. if (decoded.role !== 'admin') return res.status(403).json({ error: 'Forbidden' });

Question 8

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What is the impact of Broken Access Control on an application?

- a. Attackers can execute arbitrary commands on the server
- b. It allows Cross-Site Scripting (XSS)
- c. Unauthorized users can access restricted information or perform admin actions
- d. The database gets automatically deleted

Question 9

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What is the primary cause of command injection vulnerabilities in applications?

- a. Poor network security configuration
- b. Lack of input validation when executing system commands
- c. Using HTTPS instead of HTTP
- d. Incorrect use of loops in JavaScript

Question 10

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What is the safest way to execute system commands in Node.js?

- a. Concatenating user input into system commands
- b. Using eval()
- c. Using execFile() with sanitized input
- d. Using exec() with user input

Question 11

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What security flaw exists in the following `/users` endpoint?

```
app.get('/users', (req, res) => {
    const token = req.headers.authorization;
    jwt.verify(token, SECRET_KEY, (err, decoded) => {
        db.query('SELECT id, username, role FROM users', (err, results) => {
            res.json({ users: results });
        });
    });
});
```

- a. It does not store passwords securely
- b. It does not verify the user's role before returning data
- c. It is vulnerable to SQL injection
- d. It does not return JSON data

Question 12

Complete

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

What would happen if an attacker modified a JWT token to escalate their privileges?

- a. The token would expire immediately
- b. They could access admin-only features
- c. The server would detect the modification and reject the request
- d. They would get logged out

Question 13

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Which function is the most dangerous when handling user input in Node.js?

- a. parseInt()
- b. exec()
- c. JSON.stringify()
- d. console.log()

Question 14

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Which of the following is an effective way to prevent Broken Access Control?

- a. Validate user roles and permissions before processing requests
- b. Allow users to modify their own JWT tokens
- c. Remove authentication from sensitive endpoints
- d. Store JWT tokens in Local Storage without encryption

Question 15

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Why is the following endpoint a security risk?

```
app.get('/users', (req, res) => {
    db.query('SELECT id, username, role FROM users', (err, results) => {
        res.json({ users: results });
    });
});
```

- a. It uses HTTPS instead of HTTP
- b. It is vulnerable to CSRF
- c. It allows SQL Injection
- d. It exposes all users' details without authentication