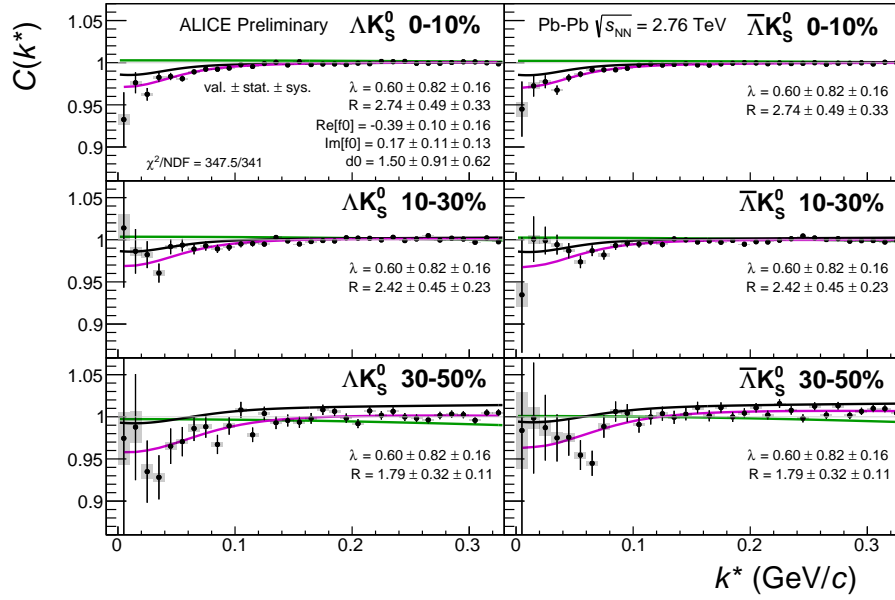


### 0.0.1 Results: $\Lambda K_S^0$ and $\Lambda K^\pm$ : 3 Residual Correlations Included in Fit

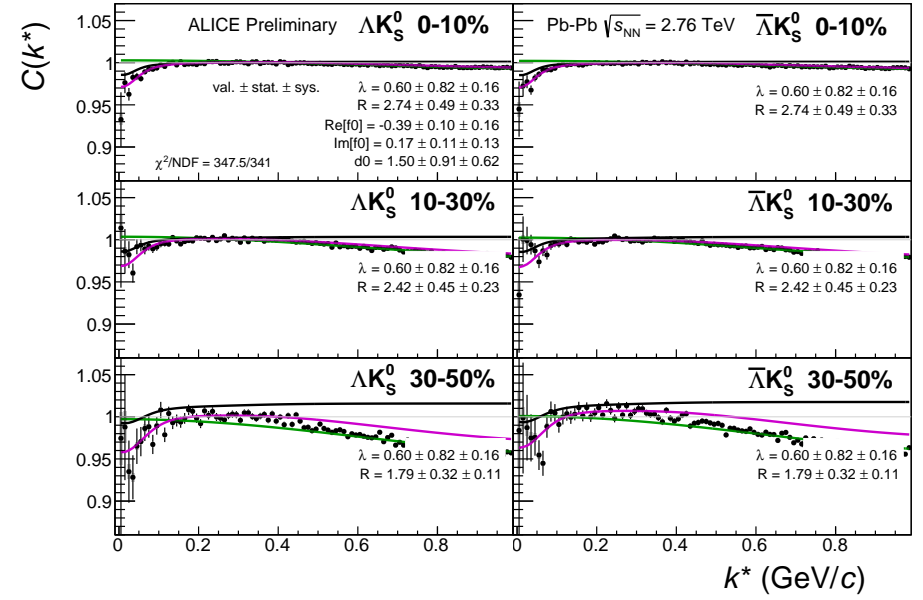
Figures 1, 2, and 3 (Section ??) show experimental data with fits for all studied centralities for  $\Lambda K_S^0$  with  $\bar{\Lambda} K_S^0$ ,  $\Lambda K^+$  with  $\bar{\Lambda} K^-$ , and  $\Lambda K^-$  with  $\bar{\Lambda} K^+$ , respectively. The parameter sets extracted from the fits can be found in Tables 1 and 2. All correlation functions were normalized in the range  $0.32 < k^* < 0.40$  GeV/c, and fit in the range  $0.0 < k^* < 0.30$  GeV/c. For the  $\Lambda K^-$  and  $\bar{\Lambda} K^+$  analyses, the region  $0.19 < k^* < 0.23$  GeV/c was excluded from the fit to exclude the bump caused by the  $\Omega^-$  resonance. The non-flat background was fit with a linear form from  $0.6 < k^* < 0.9$  GeV/c. The theoretical fit function was then multiplied by this background during the fitting process.

In the figures (1, 2, and 3), the black solid line represents the “raw” fit, i.e. not corrected for momentum resolution effects nor non-flat background. The green line shows the fit to the non-flat background. The purple points show the fit after momentum resolution and non-flat background corrections have been applied. The initial values of the parameters is listed, as well as the final fit values with uncertainties.

For the  $\Lambda K_S^0$  fits without residuals,  $\lambda$  was restricted to  $[0.4, 0.6]$ .

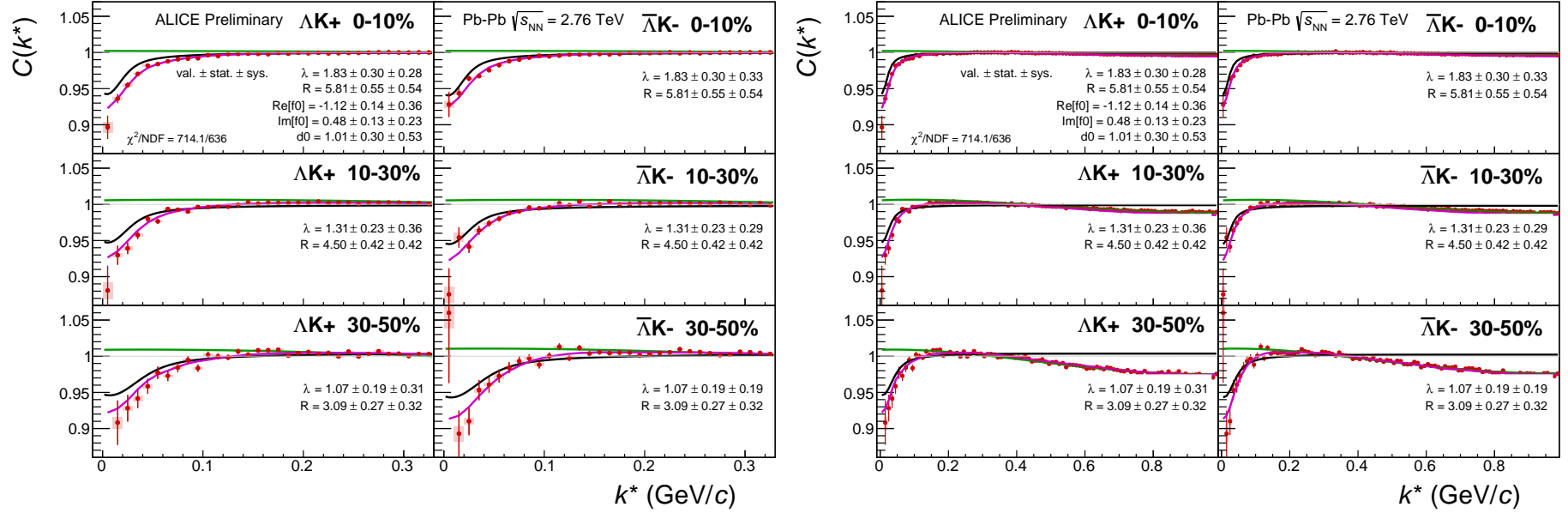


(a) Signal region view ( $k^* \lesssim 0.3$  GeV/c)

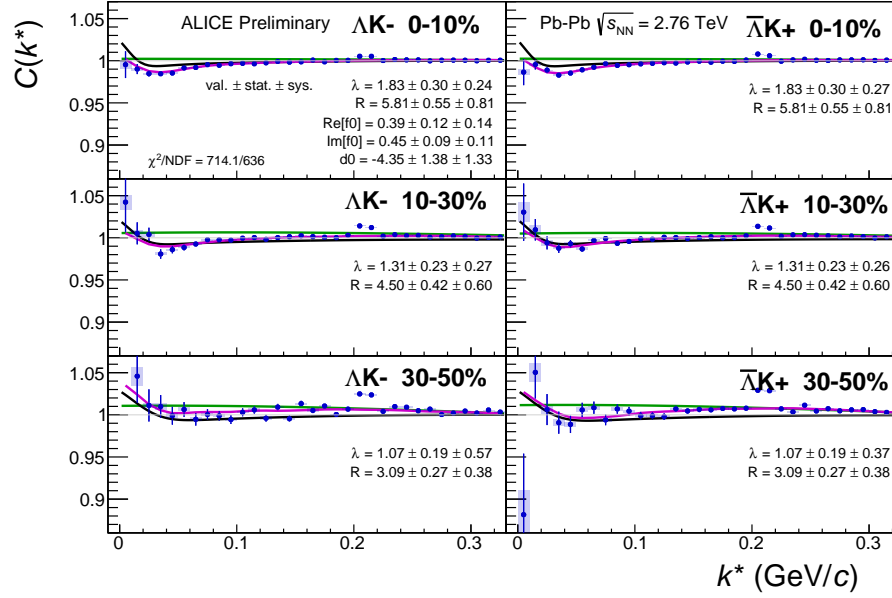


(b) Wide view ( $k^* \lesssim 1.0$  GeV/c)

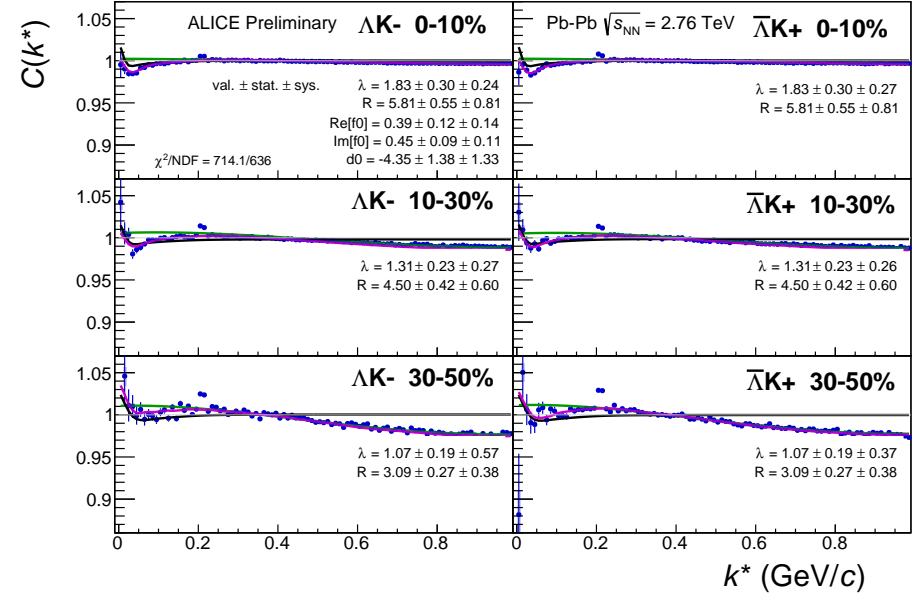
**Fig. 1:** Fits, with 3 residual correlations included, to the  $\Lambda K_S^0$  (left) and  $\bar{\Lambda} K_S^0$  (right) data for the centralities 0-10% (top), 10-30% (middle), and 30-50% (bottom). The lines represent the statistical errors, while the boxes represent the systematic errors. Each has unique  $\lambda$  and normalization parameters. The radii are shared amongst like centralities; the scattering parameters ( $\Re f_0$ ,  $\Im f_0$ ,  $d_0$ ) are shared amongst all. The black solid line represents the “raw” fit, i.e. not corrected for momentum resolution effects nor non-flat background. The green line shows the fit to the non-flat background. The purple points show the fit after momentum resolution and non-flat background corrections have been applied. The initial values of the parameters is listed, as well as the final fit values with uncertainties. Here,  $R$  was restricted to  $[2., 10.]$  and  $\lambda$  was restricted to  $[0.1, 0.8]$ .



**Fig. 2:** Fits, with 3 residual correlations included, to the  $\Lambda K^+$  (left) and  $\bar{\Lambda} K^-$  (right) data for the centralities 0-10% (top), 10-30% (middle), and 30-50% (bottom). The lines represent the statistical errors, while the boxes represent the systematic errors. Each has unique  $\lambda$  and normalization parameters. The radii are shared amongst like centralities; the scattering parameters ( $\Re f_0$ ,  $\Im f_0$ ,  $d_0$ ) are shared amongst all. The black solid line represents the “raw” fit, i.e. not corrected for momentum resolution effects nor non-flat background. The green line shows the fit to the non-flat background. The purple points show the fit after momentum resolution and non-flat background corrections have been applied. The initial values of the parameters is listed, as well as the final fit values with uncertainties.

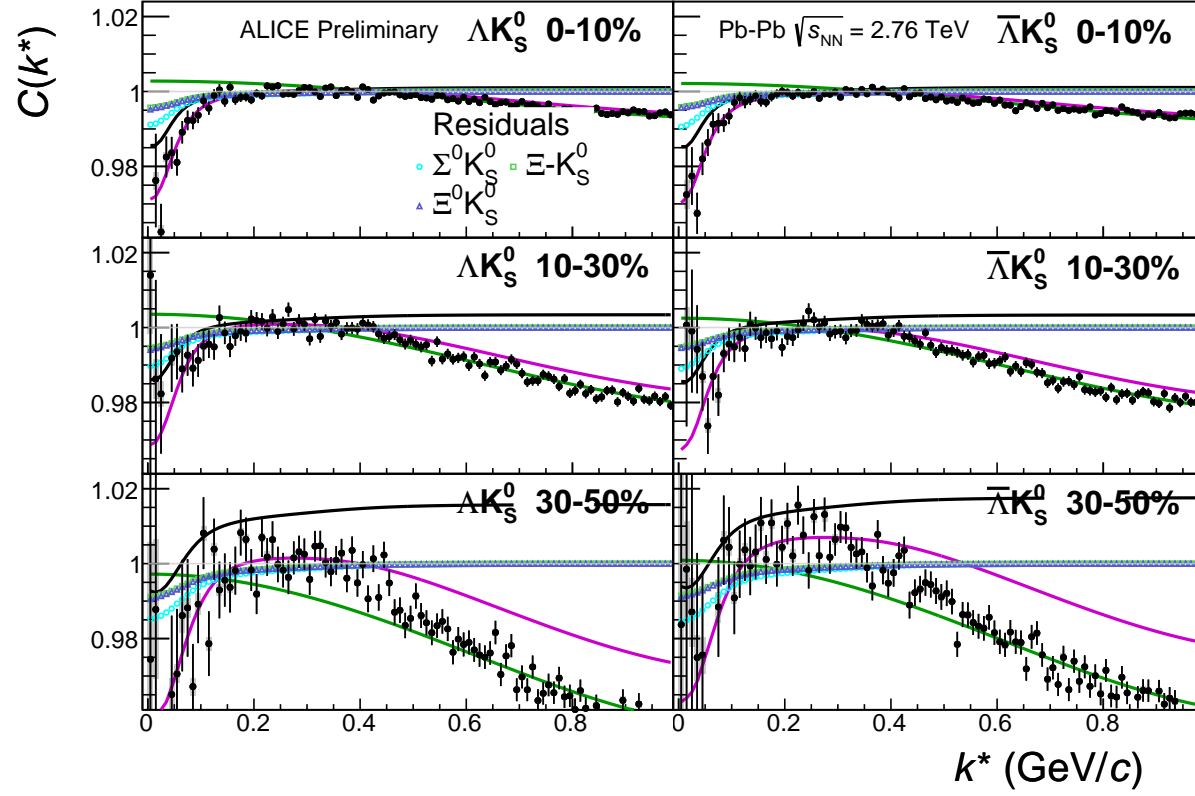


(a) Signal region view ( $k^* \lesssim 0.3$  GeV/c)

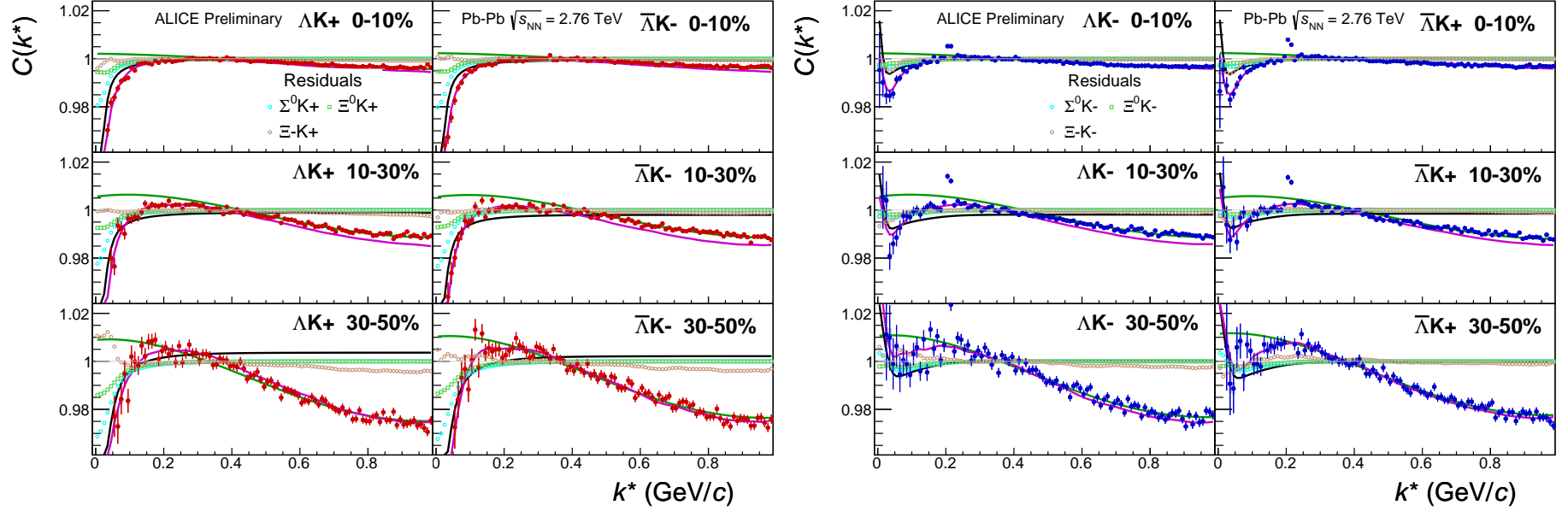


(b) Wide view ( $k^* \lesssim 1.0$  GeV/c)

**Fig. 3:** Fits, with 3 residual correlations included, to the  $\Lambda K^-$  (left) with  $\bar{\Lambda} K^+$  (right) data for the centralities 0-10% (top), 10-30% (middle), and 30-50% (bottom). The lines represent the statistical errors, while the boxes represent the systematic errors. Each has unique  $\lambda$  and normalization parameters. The radii are shared amongst like centralities; the scattering parameters ( $\Re f_0$ ,  $\Im f_0$ ,  $d_0$ ) are shared amongst all. The black solid line represents the “raw” fit, i.e. not corrected for momentum resolution effects nor non-flat background. The green line shows the fit to the non-flat background. The purple points show the fit after momentum resolution and non-flat background corrections have been applied. The initial values of the parameters is listed, as well as the final fit values with uncertainties.



**Fig. 4:** Fits, with 3 residual correlations included and shown, to the  $\Lambda K_S^0$  (left) and  $\bar{\Lambda} K_S^0$  (right) data for the centralities 0-10% (top), 10-30% (middle), and 30-50% (bottom). The three parent pairs used for the residual correction to the  $\Lambda K_S^0$  ( $\bar{\Lambda} K_S^0$ ) fit are  $\Sigma^0 K_S^0$ ,  $\Xi^- K_S^0$ , and  $\Xi^- K_S^0$  ( $\bar{\Sigma}^0 K_S^0$ ,  $\bar{\Xi}^- K_S^0$ , and  $\bar{\Xi}^- K_S^0$ ).



(a)  $\Lambda K^+$  ( $\bar{\Lambda} K^-$ ) fits with residual contributions shown for the centralities 0-10% (top), 10-30% (middle), and 30-50% (bottom)

(b)  $\Lambda K^-$  ( $\bar{\Lambda} K^+$ ) fits with residual contributions shown for the centralities 0-10% (top), 10-30% (middle), and 30-50% (bottom)

**Fig. 5:** Fits, with 3 residual correlations included and shown, to the  $\Lambda K^+$  &  $\bar{\Lambda} K^-$  (left) and  $\Lambda K^-$  &  $\bar{\Lambda} K^+$  (right) data for the centralities 0-10% (top), 10-30% (middle), and 30-50% (bottom). The three parent pairs used for the residual correction to the  $\Lambda K^+$  ( $\bar{\Lambda} K^-$ ) fit are  $\Sigma^0 K^+$ ,  $\Xi^0 K^+$ , and  $\Xi^- K^+$  ( $\bar{\Sigma}^0 K^-$ ,  $\bar{\Xi}^0 K^-$ , and  $\bar{\Xi}^- K^-$ ).

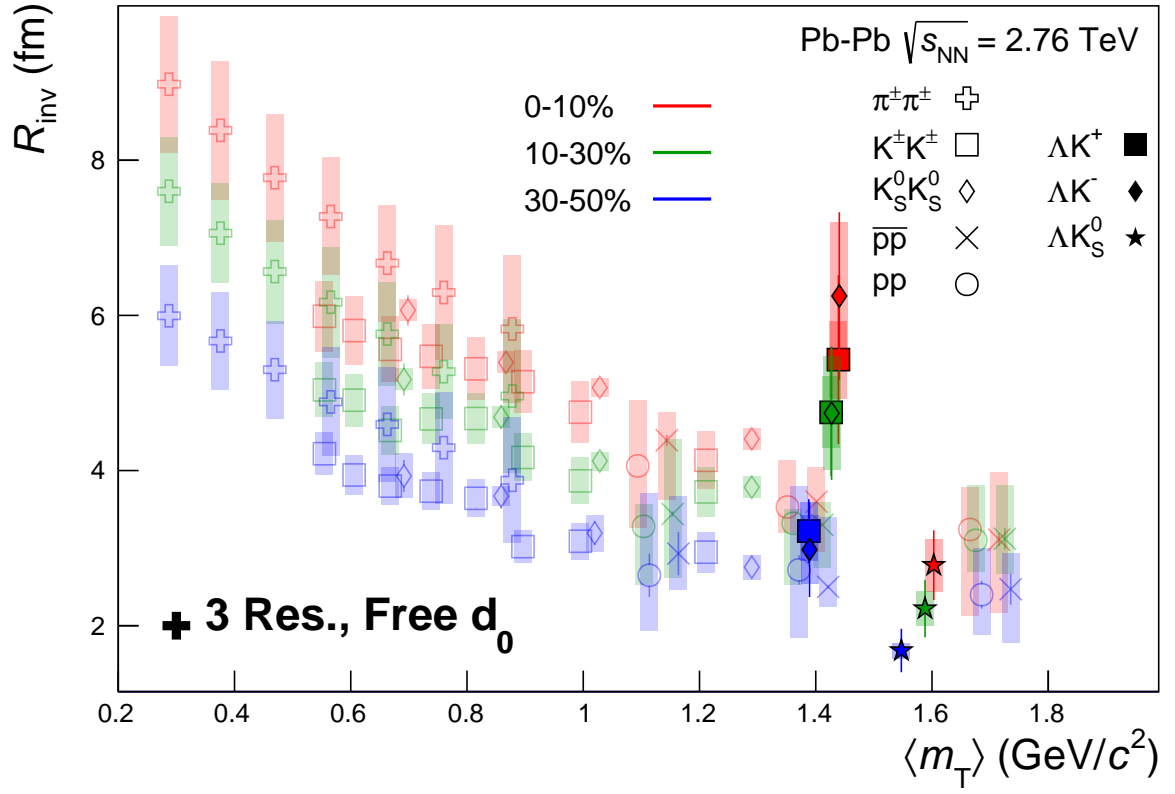
Fit Results $\Lambda(\bar{\Lambda})K_S^0$						
System	Centrality	Fit Parameters				
		$\lambda$	$R$	$\Re f_0$	$\Im f_0$	$d_0$
$\Lambda K_S^0$ & $\bar{\Lambda} K_S^0$	0-10%		$2.88 \pm 0.56$ (stat.) $\pm 0.33$ (sys.)			
	10-30%	$0.60 \pm 0.74$ (stat.) $\pm 0.16$ (sys.)	$2.30 \pm 0.46$ (stat.) $\pm 0.23$ (sys.)	$-0.39 \pm 0.10$ (stat.) $\pm 0.16$ (sys.)	$0.25 \pm 0.16$ (stat.) $\pm 0.13$ (sys.)	$1.96 \pm 0.46$ (stat.) $\pm 0.62$ (sys.)
	30-50%		$1.69 \pm 0.32$ (stat.) $\pm 0.11$ (sys.)			

**Table 1:** Fit Results  $\Lambda(\bar{\Lambda})K_S^0$ , with 3 residual correlations included. Each pair is fit simultaneously with its conjugate (ie.  $\Lambda K_S^0$  with  $\bar{\Lambda} K_S^0$ ) across all centralities (0-10%, 10-30%, 30-50%), for a total of 6 simultaneous analyses in the fit. Each analysis has a unique  $\lambda$  and normalization parameter. The radii are shared between analyses of like centrality, as these should have similar source sizes. The scattering parameters ( $\Re f_0$ ,  $\Im f_0$ ,  $d_0$ ) are shared amongst all. The fit is done on the data with only statistical error bars. The errors marked as “stat.” are those returned by MINUIT. The errors marked as “sys.” are those which result from my systematic analysis (as outlined in Section ??).

Fit Results $\Lambda(\bar{\Lambda})K^\pm$						
System	Centrality	Fit Parameters				
		$\lambda$	$R$	$\Re f_0$	$\Im f_0$	$d_0$
$\Lambda K^+ \text{ \& } \bar{\Lambda} K^-$	0-10%	$1.83 \pm 0.30 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.28 \text{ (sys.)}$	$5.81 \pm 0.55 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.54 \text{ (sys.)}$	$-1.12 \pm 0.14 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.36 \text{ (sys.)}$	$0.48 \pm 0.13 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.23 \text{ (sys.)}$	$1.01 \pm 0.30 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.53 \text{ (sys.)}$
	10-30%	$1.31 \pm 0.23 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.36 \text{ (sys.)}$	$4.50 \pm 0.42 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.42 \text{ (sys.)}$			
$\Lambda K^+ \text{ \& } \bar{\Lambda} K^-$	30-50%	$1.07 \pm 0.19 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.31 \text{ (sys.)}$	$3.09 \pm 0.27 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.32 \text{ (sys.)}$	$0.39 \pm 0.12 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.14 \text{ (sys.)}$	$0.45 \pm 0.09 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.11 \text{ (sys.)}$	$-4.35 \pm 1.38 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 1.33 \text{ (sys.)}$

**Table 2:** Fit Results  $\Lambda(\bar{\Lambda})K^\pm$ , with 3 residual correlations included. Each pair is fit simultaneously with its conjugate (ie.  $\Lambda K^+$  with  $\bar{\Lambda} K^-$  and  $\Lambda K^-$  with  $\bar{\Lambda} K^+$ ) across all centralities (0-10%, 10-30%, 30-50%), for a total of 6 simultaneous analyses in the fit. Each analysis has a unique  $\lambda$  and normalization parameter. The radii are shared between analyses of like centrality, as these should have similar source sizes. The scattering parameters ( $\Re f_0$ ,  $\Im f_0$ ,  $d_0$ ) are shared amongst all. The fit is done on the data with only statistical error bars. The errors marked as “stat.” are those returned by MINUIT. The errors marked as “sys.” are those which result from my systematic analysis (as outlined in Section ??).





**Fig. 6:** 3 residual correlations in  $\Lambda K$  fits. Extracted fit  $R_{inv}$  parameters as a function of pair transverse mass ( $m_T$ ) for various pair systems over several centralities. The ALICE published data [?] is shown with transparent, open symbols. The new  $\Lambda K$  results are shown with opaque, filled symbols. In the left, the  $\Lambda K^+$  (with it's conjugate pair) results are shown separately from the  $\Lambda K^-$  (with it's conjugate pair) results. In the right, all  $\Lambda K^\pm$  results are averaged.