demo_notebook_Summer18-Copy1

June 10, 2018

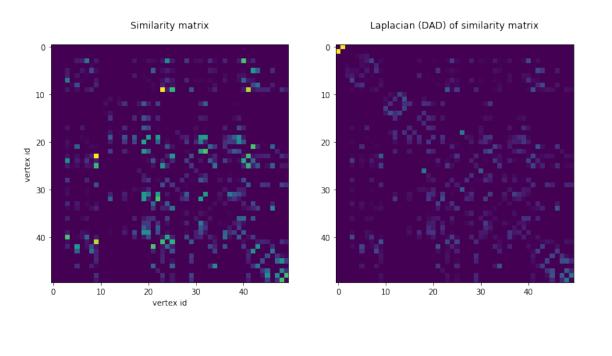
Below is a demo of jhu_primitives. The data set we use is DS01876 = datasetID (as defined by d3m). In particular, for visualization purposes, we use the induced subgraph of the first 50 vertices, as defined by their node ID.

```
In [1]: %pylab inline
Populating the interactive namespace from numpy and matplotlib
In [2]: import d3m
        from d3m.container import pandas as pd
        from d3m.container import dataset as ds
        from d3m.metadata import hyperparams
        import jhu_primitives
        import os
        from urllib import parse as url_parse
        import numpy as np
        import networkx as nx
        from rpy2.robjects import r
        import rpy2.robjects.numpy2ri
        import rpy2.robjects as ro
In [6]: def data_file_path_conversion(abs_file_path, uri= "", datasetDoc = False):
            local_drive, file_path = abs_file_path.split(':')[0], abs_file_path.split(':')[1]
            path_sep = file_path[0]
            file_path = file_path[1:] # Remove initial separator
            if len(file_path) == 0:
                print("Invalid file path: len(file_path) == 0")
                return
            valid_type = False
            while not valid_type:
                type_ = input("Enter \n 0: exit \n 1: seed_datasets_current \n 2: training_date
                                  + " 3: if already in the data folder \n")
                if type_ == '0':
```

```
return
    elif type_ == '1':
        data_dir = "datasets/seed_datasets_current"
        valid_type = True
    elif type_ == '2':
        data_dir = "datasets/training_datasets"
        valid_type = True
    elif type_ == '3':
        data_dir = ""
        valid_type = True
    else:
        print("Please enter 0, 1 or 2")
valid_folder = False
while not valid_folder:
    folder = input("Enter \n 0: exit \n Name of the data folder (case sensitive; m
    if folder == "0":
        return
    if type_ == '3':
        if os.path.isdir(folder):
            data_dir += folder
            valid_folder= True
    else:
        if os.path.isdir(data_dir + "/" + folder):
            data_dir += "/" + folder
            valid_folder = True
s = ""
if path_sep == "/":
    splits = file_path.split("/")
    #data_folder = splits[-1]
elif path_sep == "\\":
    splits = file_path.split("\\")
    #data_folder = splits[-1]
    for i in splits:
        if i != "":
            s += "/" + i
else:
    print("Unsupported path separator!")
    return
if datasetDoc:
    s = s + "/" + data_dir + "/" + "datasetDoc.json"#+ folder + "_dataset/datasetD
if uri == "file":
    return "file://localhost" + s
else:
```

```
return local_drive + ":" + s
In [7]: abs_file_path = os.path.abspath(os.getcwd())
        dataset_uri = data_file_path_conversion(abs_file_path, uri = "file", datasetDoc = True
Enter
0: exit
1: seed_datasets_current
2: training_datasets
3: if already in the data folder
Enter
0: exit
Name of the data folder (case sensitive; must be in )
DS01876_datset
Enter
0: exit
Name of the data folder (case sensitive; must be in )
DS01876_dataset
In [8]: data = ds.D3MDatasetLoader().load(dataset_uri = dataset_uri)
In [57]: G = data['0'] # Load the first data object
         G = G.subgraph(np.arange(50)).copy() # Induced subgraph on the first 50 vertices (for
         A = nx.to_numpy_array(G)
         n = A.shape[0] # Find the number of vertices/nodes
         D = np.linalg.pinv(np.diag(A.sum(axis=1))**(1/2))
        L = D @ A @ D
         n, A.shape, D.shape, L.shape
Out[57]: (50, (50, 50), (50, 50), (50, 50))
In [58]: fig, (ax1, ax2) = subplots(1, 2, figsize = (12,8))
         ax1.matshow(A)
         ax1.set_ylabel('vertex id')
         ax1.set_xlabel('vertex id')
         ax1.set_title('Similarity matrix')
         ax1.xaxis.tick_bottom()
         plt.colorbar
         ax2.matshow(L)
         ax2.set_title('Laplacian (DAD) of similarity matrix')
         ax2.xaxis.tick_bottom()
         plt.colorbar
```

Out[58]: <function matplotlib.pyplot.colorbar>



```
In [8]: A = ro.Matrix(A)
        ro.r.assign("A", A)
        L = ro.Matrix(L)
        ro.r.assign("L", L)
Out[8]: R object with classes: ('matrix',) mapped to:
        <Matrix - Python:0x0000026D7B6F4C08 / R:0x0000026D7B3D0010>
        [0.000000, 1.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000, ..., 0.000000, 0.099684, 0.376517, 0.000000]
In [67]: # ASE
         d_{max} = 40
         hp = jhu_primitives.ase.ase.Hyperparams
         hp = hp({'max_dimension' : d_max}) # ASE hyperparameter(s) are:
                                              # 'max_dimension' = maximum embedding dimension (
         ASE = jhu_primitives.AdjacencySpectralEmbedding(hyperparams = hp)
         SVD = ASE.produce(inputs=A)
         V = SVD.value[0]
         U = SVD.value[1]
         fig, (ax1, ax2, ax3) = plt.subplots(1, 3, figsize = (20, 8))
         ax1.matshow(V)
         ax1.set_xlabel('spectral dimension')
```

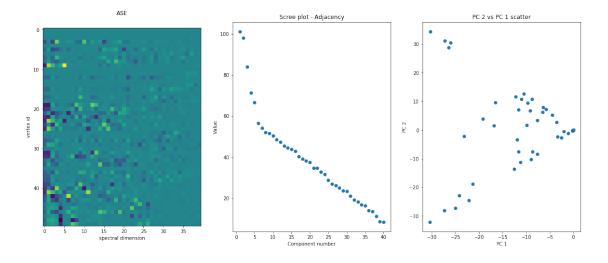
ax1.set_ylabel('vertex id')

```
ax1.set_title('ASE')
ax1.xaxis.tick_bottom()

#fig, ax2 = plt.subplots(1, 1, figsize = (8, 6))
ax2.scatter(arange(1,len(U) + 1), U**(1/2))
ax2.set_xlabel('Component number')
ax2.set_ylabel('Value')
ax2.set_title('Scree plot - Adjacency')
ax1.xaxis.tick_bottom()

#fig, ax3 = plt.subplots(1, 1, figsize = (8, 6))
ax3.scatter(V[:,0], V[:,1])
ax3.set_xlabel('PC 1')
ax3.set_ylabel('PC 2')
ax3.set_title('PC 2 vs PC 1 scatter')
```

Out[67]: <matplotlib.text.Text at 0x26d7bca7ba8>



```
ax.axvline(elbow, c = 'r')
ax.set_xlabel('Component number')
ax.set_ylabel('Value')
ax.set_title('Scree plot - Adjacency')
```

Out[68]: <matplotlib.text.Text at 0x26d7bf05128>



```
In [69]: # ASE - first elbow

fig, (ax1, ax2, ax3) = subplots(1, 3, figsize = (12, 8))
ax1.matshow(V[:,:d_hat[0]])
ax1.set_xlabel('spectral dimension')
ax1.set_ylabel('vertex id')
ax1.set_title('Adjacency: First elbow')
plt.colorbar
ax1.xaxis.tick_bottom()

# ASE - second elbow

ax2.matshow(V[:,:d_hat[1]])
ax2.set_xlabel('spectral dimension')
#ax2.set_ylabel('vertex id')
ax2.set_title('Adjacency: Second elbow')
plt.colorbar
```

```
ax2.xaxis.tick_bottom()
     # ASE - third elbow
     ax3.matshow(V[:,:d_hat[2]])
     ax3.set_xlabel('spectral dimension')
     #ax3.set_ylabel('vertex id')
     ax3.set_title('Adjacency: Third elbow')
     plt.colorbar
     ax3.xaxis.tick_bottom()
Adjacency: First elbow
                               Adjacency: Second elbow
                                                                 Adjacency: Third elbow
    10
                             10
                                                          10
                             20
                                                          20
  vertex id
                                                          30
    30
                                                                       10
                                                                             15
                                                                                  20
                                                                    spectral dimension
       0123
                                       6 8 10 12 14 16
  spectral dimension
                                   spectral dimension
```

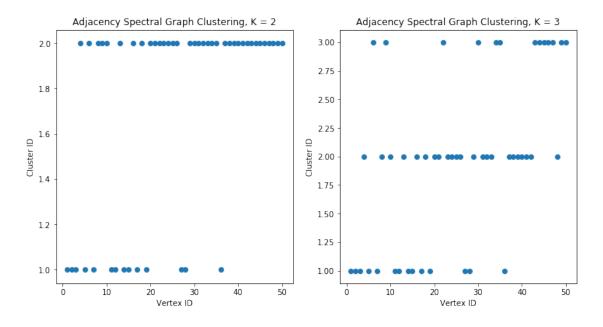
gc = jhu_primitives.GaussianClustering(hyperparams = hp)

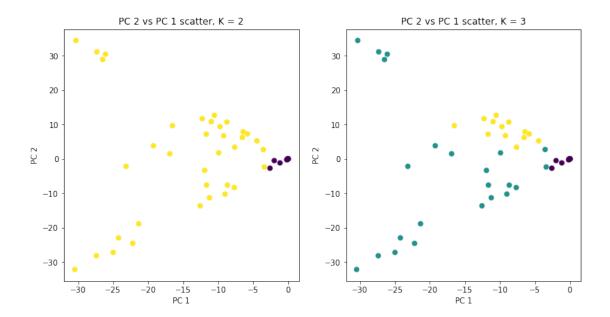
hp = jhu_primitives.gclust.gclust.Hyperparams({'max_clusters': 3})

In [70]: # GaussianClustering - ASE - First Elbow

```
ASEclustering_k3 = gc.produce(inputs = V[:,:int(d_hat[0])]).value
fig, (ax1, ax2) = subplots(1, 2, figsize = (12, 6))
ax1.scatter(arange(1, len(ASEclustering_k2) + 1), ASEclustering_k2)
ax1.set ylabel('Cluster ID')
ax1.set_xlabel('Vertex ID')
ax1.set title('Adjacency Spectral Graph Clustering, K = 2')
ax2.scatter(arange(1, len(ASEclustering_k3) + 1), ASEclustering_k3)
ax2.set_ylabel('Cluster ID')
ax2.set_xlabel('Vertex ID')
ax2.set_title('Adjacency Spectral Graph Clustering, K = 3')
fig, (ax1, ax2) = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize = (12, 6))
ax1.scatter(V[:,0], V[:, 1], c = ASEclustering_k2)
ax1.set_xlabel('PC 1')
ax1.set_ylabel('PC 2')
ax1.set_title('PC 2 vs PC 1 scatter, K = 2')
ax2.scatter(V[:,0], V[:, 1], c = ASEclustering_k3)
ax2.set_xlabel('PC 1')
ax2.set ylabel('PC 2')
ax2.set_title('PC 2 vs PC 1 scatter, K = 3')
```

Out[70]: <matplotlib.text.Text at 0x26d7b991550>



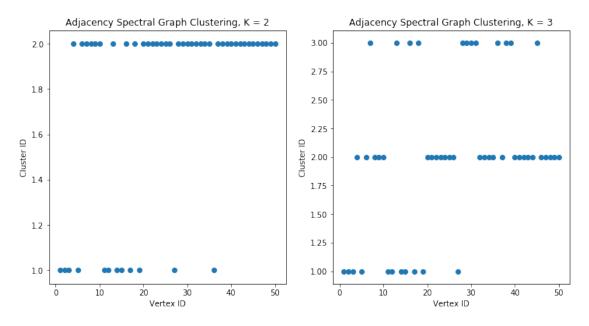


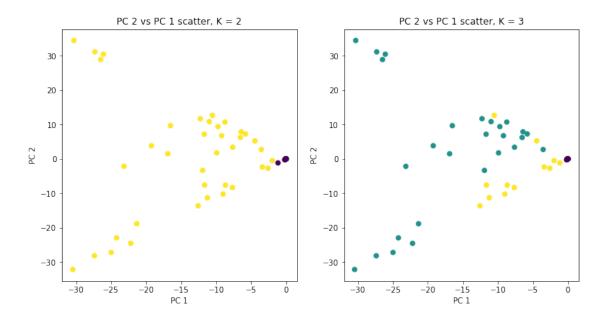
In [71]: # GaussianClustering - ASE - Second Elbow

```
hp = jhu_primitives.gclust.gclust.Hyperparams({'max_clusters': 2}) # gclust hyperpara
                                                                    # 'max clusters' =
gc = jhu_primitives.GaussianClustering(hyperparams = hp)
ASEclustering_k2 = gc.produce(inputs = V[:,:int(d_hat[1])]).value
hp = jhu_primitives.gclust.gclust.Hyperparams({'max_clusters': 3})
gc = jhu_primitives.GaussianClustering(hyperparams = hp)
ASEclustering_k3 = gc.produce(inputs = V[:,:int(d_hat[1])]).value
fig, (ax1, ax2) = subplots(1, 2, figsize = (12, 6))
ax1.scatter(arange(1, len(ASEclustering_k2) + 1), ASEclustering_k2)
ax1.set_ylabel('Cluster ID')
ax1.set xlabel('Vertex ID')
ax1.set_title('Adjacency Spectral Graph Clustering, K = 2')
ax2.scatter(arange(1, len(ASEclustering_k3) + 1), ASEclustering_k3)
ax2.set_ylabel('Cluster ID')
ax2.set_xlabel('Vertex ID')
ax2.set_title('Adjacency Spectral Graph Clustering, K = 3')
fig, (ax1, ax2) = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize = (12, 6))
ax1.scatter(V[:,0], V[:, 1], c = ASEclustering_k2)
ax1.set_xlabel('PC 1')
ax1.set_ylabel('PC 2')
ax1.set_title('PC 2 vs PC 1 scatter, K = 2')
```

```
ax2.scatter(V[:,0], V[:, 1], c = ASEclustering_k3)
ax2.set_xlabel('PC 1')
ax2.set_ylabel('PC 2')
ax2.set_title('PC 2 vs PC 1 scatter, K = 3')
```

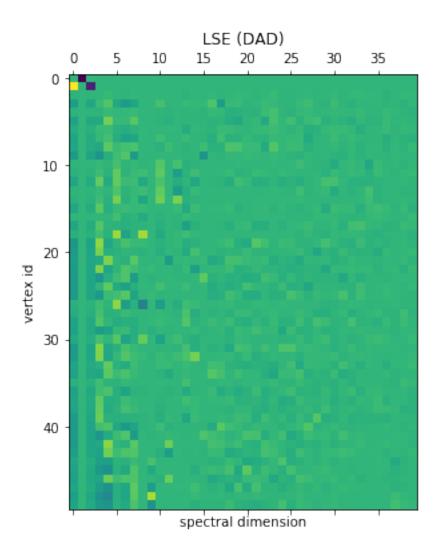
Out[71]: <matplotlib.text.Text at 0x26d7b88e198>

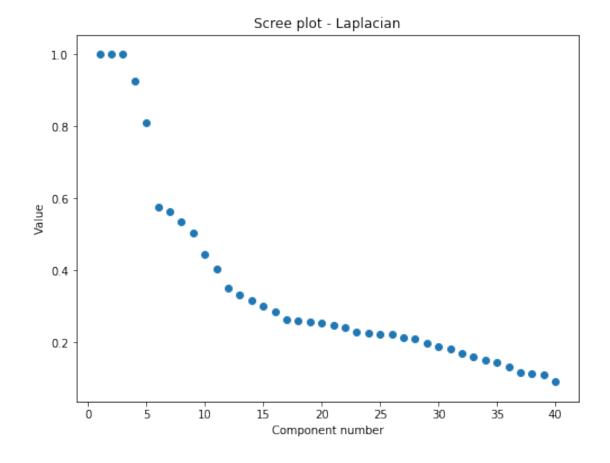




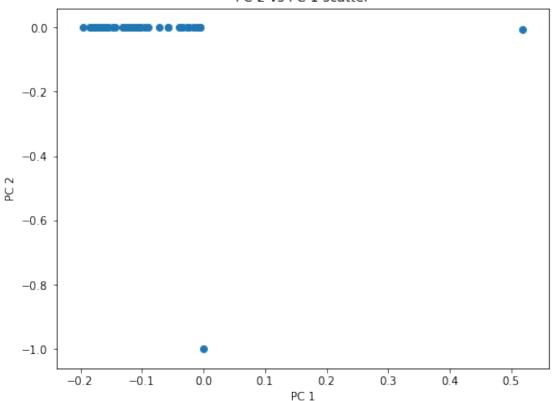
In [72]: gclustering == gclustering2 # including more/less dimensions can yield different clus

```
Out[72]: ndarray([ True,
                         True,
                                                     True, False, True,
                                True,
                                       True,
                                              True,
                                                                          True,
                  True,
                         True,
                                True,
                                       True,
                                              True,
                                                     True,
                                                            True,
                                                                   True,
                                                                          True,
                         True,
                                True,
                                              True,
                                                     True,
                                                            True,
                                                                   True, True,
                  True,
                                       True,
                         True,
                                True, True,
                                              True,
                                                     True,
                                                            True,
                                                                   True,
                 False,
                                                                          True,
                   True, True,
                                True, True,
                                              True,
                                                     True,
                                                            True, True, True,
                   True, True,
                                True, True,
                                              True])
In [73]: #LSE
        d \max = 40
        hp = jhu_primitives.lse.lse.Hyperparams
        hp = hp({'max_dimension' : d_max})
                                            # LSE hyperparameter(s) are:
                                             # 'max_dimension' = maximum embedding dimension (
        LSE = jhu_primitives.LaplacianSpectralEmbedding(hyperparams = hp)
        SVD = LSE.produce(inputs=A) # Uses the 'DAD' Laplacian
        V_L = SVD.value[0]
        U_L = SVD.value[1]
In [74]: fig, ax1 = plt.subplots(1, 1, figsize = (8, 6))
         ax1.matshow(V_L)
        ax1.set_xlabel('spectral dimension')
        ax1.set_ylabel('vertex id')
        ax1.set_title('LSE (DAD)')
        fig, ax2 = plt.subplots(1, 1, figsize = (8, 6))
        ax2.scatter(arange(1,len(U_L) + 1), U_L**(1/2))
        ax2.set_xlabel('Component number')
        ax2.set_ylabel('Value')
         ax2.set_title('Scree plot - Laplacian')
        fig, ax3 = plt.subplots(1, 1, figsize = (8, 6))
         ax3.scatter(V_L[:,0], V_L[:, 1])
        ax3.set_xlabel('PC 1')
         ax3.set_ylabel('PC 2')
         ax3.set_title('PC 2 vs PC 1 scatter')
Out[74]: <matplotlib.text.Text at 0x26d160277f0>
```









```
In [75]: # DimensionSelection - Laplacian

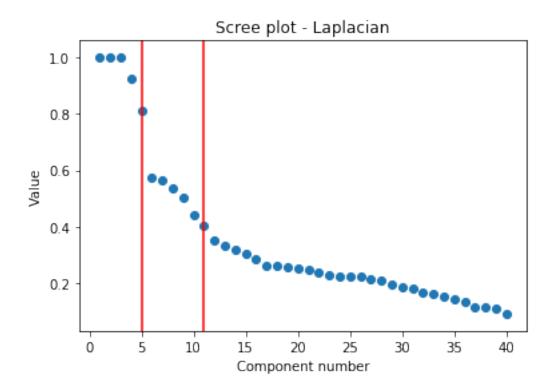
fig, ax = plt.subplots(1, 1, figsize = (6, 4))
    #V, U, _ = np.linalg.svd(A2)

hp = jhu_primitives.dimselect.Hyperparams # dimselect hyperparameters are:
    # 'n_elbows': the number of elbow
hp = hp({'n_elbows': 2})

dimselector = jhu_primitives.DimensionSelection(hyperparams = hp)
d_hat_L = dimselector.produce(inputs = U_L).value

ax.scatter(arange(1,len(U_L) + 1), U_L**(1/2))
for elbow in d_hat_L:
    ax.axvline(elbow, c = 'r')
ax.set_xlabel('Component number')
ax.set_ylabel('Value')
ax.set_title('Scree plot - Laplacian')
```

Out[75]: <matplotlib.text.Text at 0x26d15f9af28>



```
In [76]: # LSE - first elbow

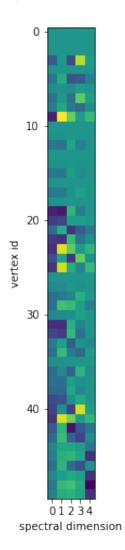
fig, (ax1, ax2) = subplots(1, 2, figsize = (12, 8))
    ax1.matshow(V[:,:d_hat_L[0]])
    ax1.set_xlabel('spectral dimension')
    ax1.set_ylabel('vertex id')
    ax1.set_title('Laplacian: First elbow')
    plt.colorbar
    ax1.xaxis.tick_bottom()

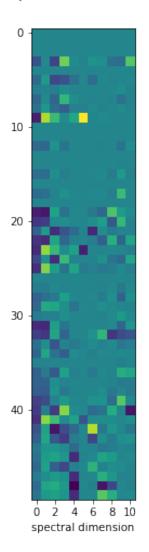
# LSE - second elbow

ax2.matshow(V[:,:d_hat_L[1]])
    ax2.set_xlabel('spectral dimension')
    ax2.set_title('Laplacian: Second elbow')
    plt.colorbar
    ax2.xaxis.tick_bottom()
```

Laplacian: First elbow







In [77]: # GaussianClustering - LSE - Second Elbow

```
hp = jhu_primitives.gclust.gclust.Hyperparams({'max_clusters': 2}) # gclust hyperparam
gc = jhu_primitives.GaussianClustering(hyperparams = hp)
LSEclustering_k2 = gc.produce(inputs = V_L[:,:int(d_hat_L[1])]).value
hp = jhu_primitives.gclust.gclust.Hyperparams({'max_clusters': 3})
gc = jhu_primitives.GaussianClustering(hyperparams = hp)
LSEclustering_k3 = gc.produce(inputs = V_L[:,:int(d_hat_L[1])]).value
fig, (ax1, ax2) = subplots(1, 2, figsize = (12, 6))
ax1.scatter(arange(1, len(LSEclustering_k2) + 1), LSEclustering_k2)
ax1.set_ylabel('Cluster ID')
```

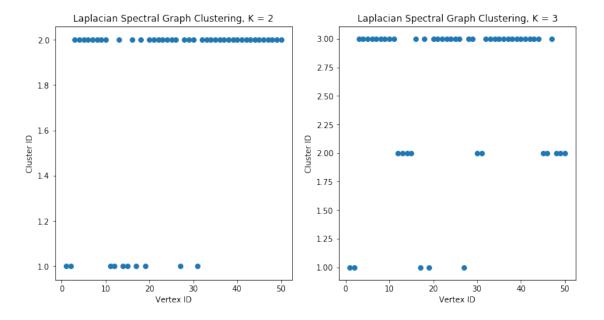
```
ax1.set_xlabel('Vertex ID')
ax1.set_title('Laplacian Spectral Graph Clustering, K = 2')

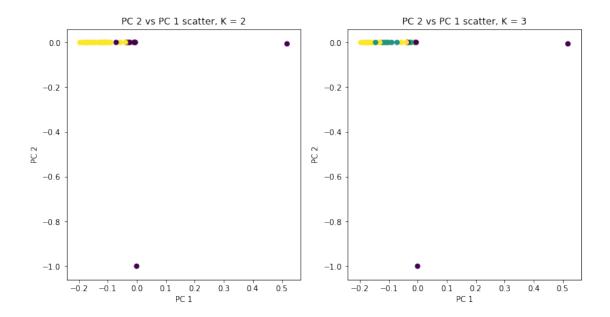
ax2.scatter(arange(1, len(LSEclustering_k3) + 1), LSEclustering_k3)
ax2.set_ylabel('Cluster ID')
ax2.set_xlabel('Vertex ID')
ax2.set_title('Laplacian Spectral Graph Clustering, K = 3')

fig, (ax1, ax2) = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize = (12, 6))
ax1.scatter(V_L[:,0], V_L[:, 1], c = LSEclustering_k2)
ax1.set_xlabel('PC 1')
ax1.set_ylabel('PC 2')
ax1.set_title('PC 2 vs PC 1 scatter, K = 2')

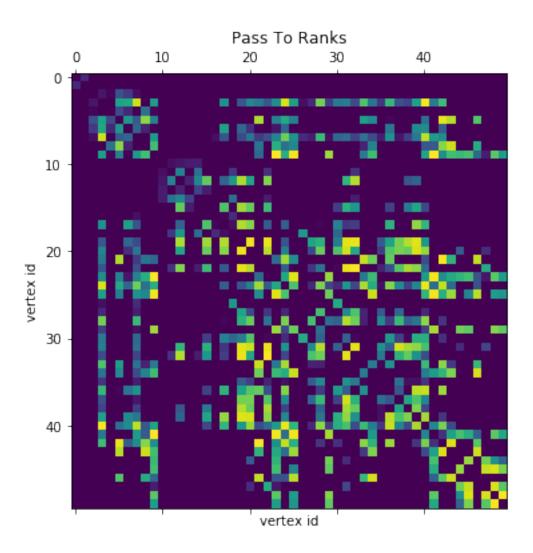
ax2.scatter(V_L[:,0], V_L[:, 1], c = LSEclustering_k3)
ax2.set_xlabel('PC 1')
ax2.set_ylabel('PC 2')
ax2.set_ylabel('PC 2')
ax2.set_title('PC 2 vs PC 1 scatter, K = 3')
```

Out[77]: <matplotlib.text.Text at 0x26d7ba8a128>





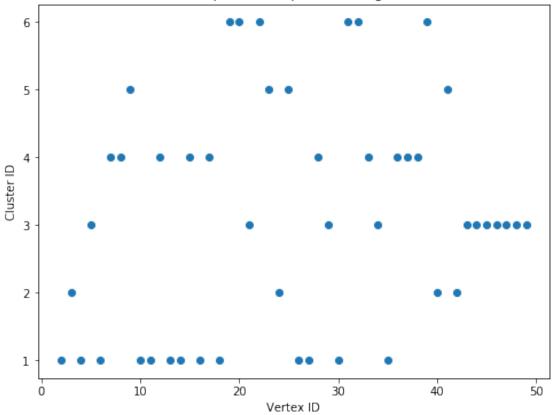
Out[78]: <function matplotlib.pyplot.colorbar>



```
print(len(clusters))

fig, ax3 = plt.subplots(1, 1, figsize = (8, 6))
ax3.scatter(V[2:, 0], V[2:, 1], c = clusters)
ax3.set_xlabel('PC 1')
ax3.set_ylabel('PC 2')
ax3.set_title('PC 2 vs PC 1 scatter')
```

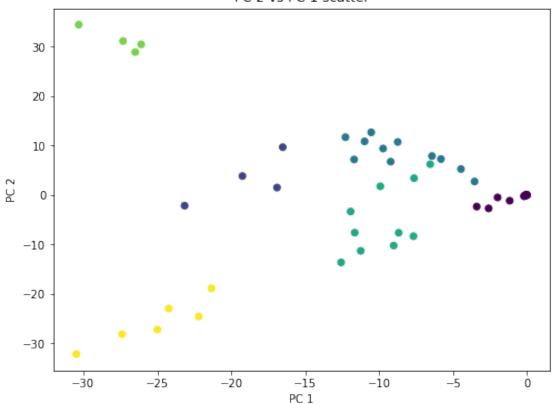
Spectral Graph Clustering



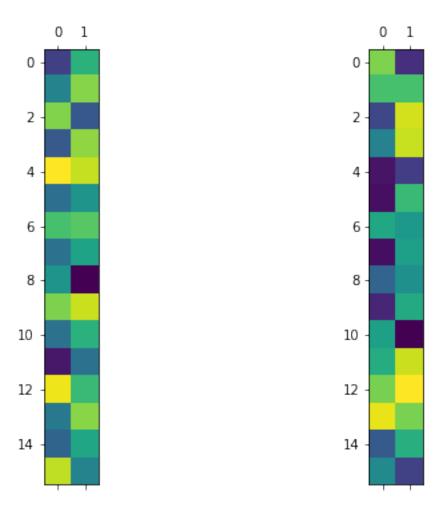
48

Out[79]: <matplotlib.text.Text at 0x26d15f2ca20>





In [80]: # NonParametricCLustering



```
In [2]: graph1 = "C://Users/joshu/Documents/Research/d3m_summer/DS01876/DS01876_dataset/graphs
       graph2 = "C://Users/joshu/Documents/Research/d3m_summer/DS01876/DS01876_dataset/graphs
       g1 = nx.read_edgelist(graph1,nodetype=int, data=(('weight',float),))
       g2 = nx.read_edgelist(graph2,nodetype=int, data=(('weight',float),))
       g1 = g1.subgraph(np.arange(50)).copy()
       g2 = g2.subgraph(np.arange(50)).copy()
       g1 = nx.to_numpy_array(g1)
       nr,nc = g1.shape
        g1 = ro.r.matrix(g1, nrow=nr, ncol=nc)
       ro.r.assign("g1", g1)
        g2 = nx.to_numpy_array(g2)
       nr,nc = g2.shape
        g2 = ro.r.matrix(g2, nrow=nr, ncol=nc)
       ro.r.assign("g2", g2)
        data = np.array([g1,g2])
       hp = jhu_primitives.sgm.Hyperparams
        SGM = jhu_primitives.SeededGraphMatching(hyperparams=hp.defaults())
```

```
sgm_result = SGM.produce(inputs=data) #returns a permutation matrix
        sgm_result.value
Out[2]: ndarray([[1., 0., 0., ..., 0., 0., 0.],
                 [0., 0., 0., ..., 0., 0., 0.]
                 [0., 0., 0., ..., 0., 0., 0.]
                 [0., 0., 0., ..., 0., 0., 0.]
                 [0., 0., 0., ..., 0., 0., 0.],
                 [0., 0., 0., ..., 0., 0., 0.]
In [13]: # VNSGM -- in progress
         #hp = jhu_primitives.vnsqm.vnsqm.Hyperparams
         \#VNSGM = jhu\_primitives.VertexNominationSeededGraphMatching(hyperparams=hp.defaults())
         #seeds = np.matrix([[2],[ 3]])
         #nr,nc = seeds.shape
         #seeds = ro.r.matrix(seeds,nrow=nr,ncol=nc)
         #ro.r.assign("seeds",seeds)
         \#data = np.array([g1,g2,[1],seeds]) \#1  is the vertex of interest, no seeds
         #VNSGM_result = VNSGM.produce(inputs = data)
         # TODO
```